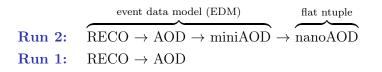


nanoAOD(plus) validation from comparison to 2010 MuMonitor and MuOnia Open Data examples

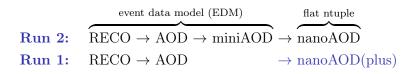
Fabian Stäger 2 September 2019

Supervisors: Achim Geiser, Josry Metwally









- introduce nanoAOD(plus) for Run 1
- same variables as nanoAOD for Run 2 (where possible)
- (plus) some useful additional variables



- analyzing the nanoAOD(plus) data is much simpler and faster
- independence from CMSSW
 - \rightarrow higher accessibility (no need for virtual machines)
- Run 2 nanoAOD-based analyses can be run on Run 1 and vice versa with the same code
 - \rightarrow identical variable names
 - $\rightarrow\,$ same variable content (where possible)

Validation of nanoAOD(plus)

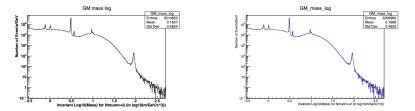


- nanoAOD for Run 2 is created from miniAOD
 Run 2: AOD → miniAOD → nanoAOD
- nanoAOD(plus) for Run 1 has to be created from AOD
 Run 1: AOD → nanoAOD(plus)

Validation of nanoAOD(plus)



- nanoAOD for Run 2 is created from miniAOD
 Run 2: AOD → miniAOD → nanoAOD
- nanoAOD(plus) for Run 1 has to be created from AOD
 Run 1: AOD → nanoAOD(plus)
- direct validation by comparing variable distributions \rightarrow only possible for Run 2
- indirect validation by reproducing known Run 1 physics distributions from nanoAOD(plus) ntuple



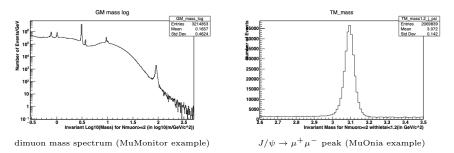
CMS Open Data



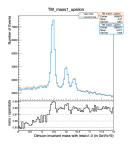
- CMS Open Data is original data from CMS that is made available to the public via CERN Open Data portal (http://opendata.cern.ch/docs/about-cms)
 - $\rightarrow\,$ for research and educational purposes



- CMS Open Data is original data from CMS that is made available to the public via CERN Open Data portal (http://opendata.cern.ch/docs/about-cms)
 - $\rightarrow\,$ for research and educational purposes
- indirect validation using Open Data MuMonitor and MuOnia examples with 2010 Muon, MuOnia, and Electron datasets

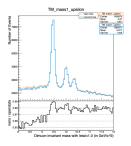






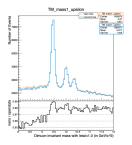
1) pick histogram from Open Data example (e.g. $\Upsilon \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ in 2010 Muon dataset)





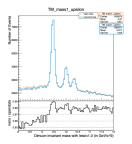
- 1) pick histogram from Open Data example (e.g. $\Upsilon \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ in 2010 Muon dataset)
- 2) read the code to see which cuts were made





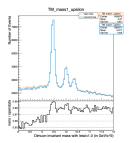
- 1) pick histogram from Open Data example (e.g. $\Upsilon \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ in 2010 Muon dataset)
- 2) read the code to see which cuts were made
- 3) make same cuts on nanoAOD(plus) variables



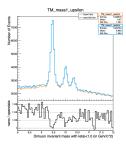


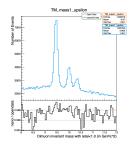
- 1) pick histogram from Open Data example (e.g. $\Upsilon \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ in 2010 Muon dataset)
- 2) read the code to see which cuts were made
- 3) make same cuts on nanoAOD(plus) variables
- 4) think about why there is still a difference 🤔

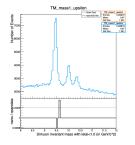




- 1) pick histogram from Open Data example (e.g. $\Upsilon \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ in 2010 Muon dataset)
- 2) read the code to see which cuts were made
- 3) make same cuts on nanoAOD(plus) variables
- 4) think about why there is still a difference $\stackrel{(4)}{>}$
- 5) make some changes on the ntuple and repeat steps 2) to 4)

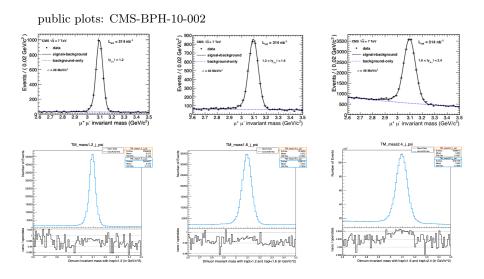






Validation: $J/\psi \to \mu^+\mu^-$





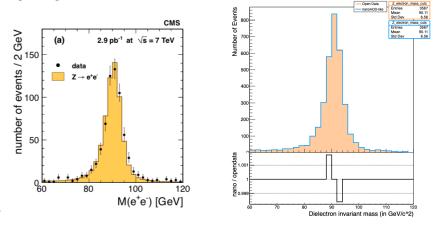
• $\sim 2\%$ difference remaining

Validation: $Z \rightarrow e^+e^-$



Electron_mass_Z_cuts

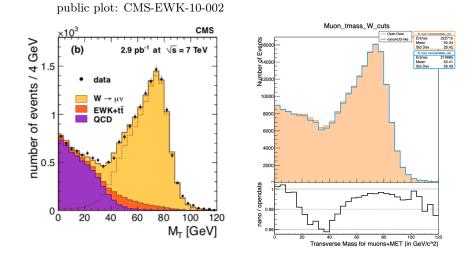
public plot: CMS-EWK-10-002



[•] exactly reproduced

Validation: $W \to \mu \nu_{\mu}$



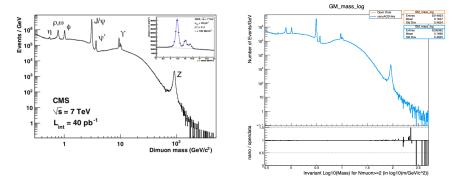


• $\sim 1\%$ difference remaining

Validation: dimuon spectrum

DESY.

public plot: CMS-MUO-10-004



• $\sim 2\%_0$ difference remaining

Conclusion



- electron histograms in MuOnia example reproduced exactly \rightarrow all tested electron variables validated on 2010 data
- muon histograms reproduced exactly or very close
 - $\rightarrow\,$ all tested muon variables at least partially validated
 - $\rightarrow\,$ another iteration needed to eliminate the remaining differences
- found some bugs in (not yet public) MuOnia example
- next: try to reproduce some of the histograms using only official nanoAOD variables
 - $\rightarrow\,$ see which of the introduced (plus) variables are needed
 - $\rightarrow\,$ get one step closer to the goal of analyzing Run 1 and Run 2 data using the same nanoAOD algorithms







