
FERMI@Elettra FEL 1 Commissioning

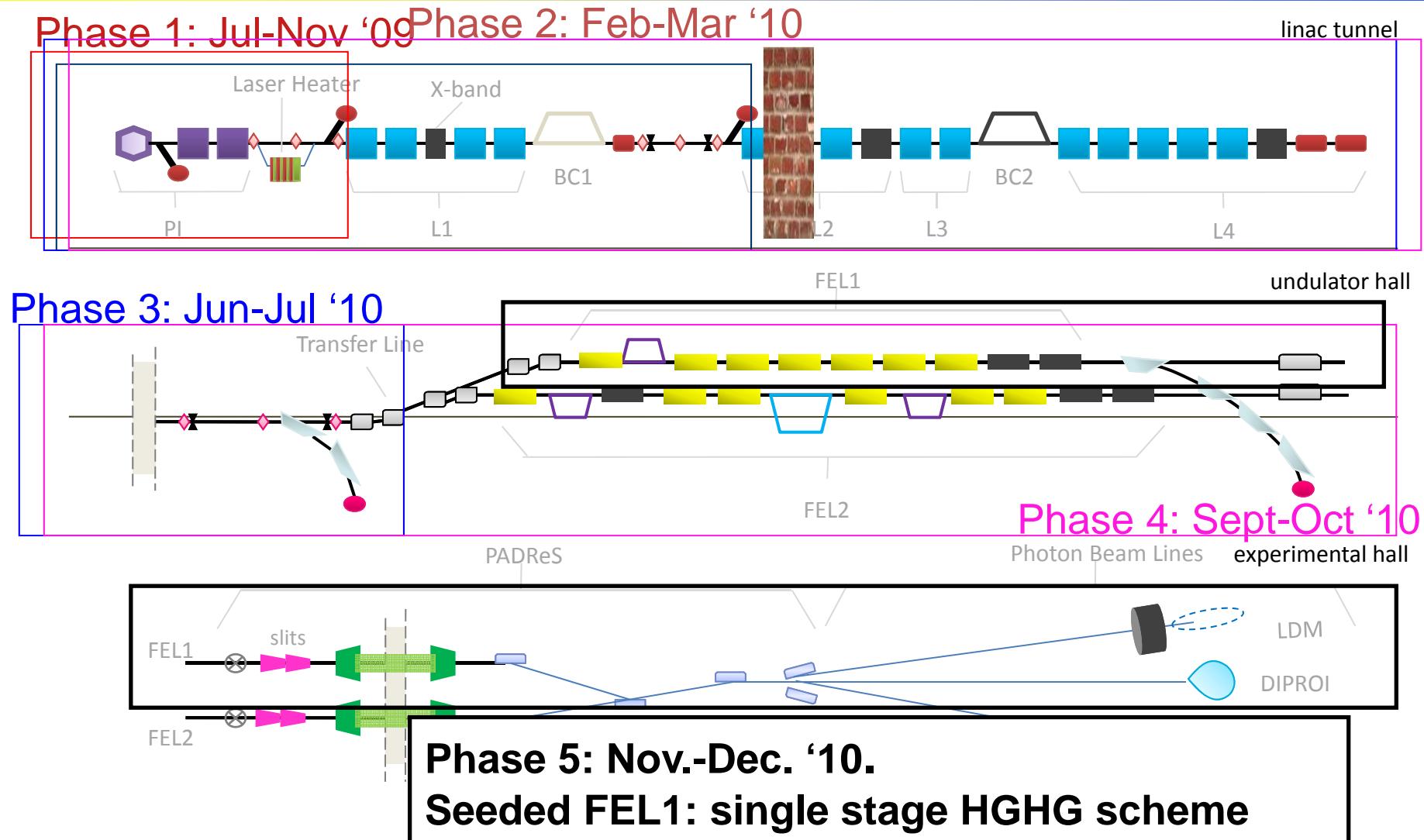
Paolo Craievich

On behalf of the Fermi Commissioning Team

OUTLINE

- *Commissioning overview*
- *Electron beam characterization*
- *Seeded FEL 1 first light*

FERMI FEL1 commissioning



Commissioning Operations in 2010

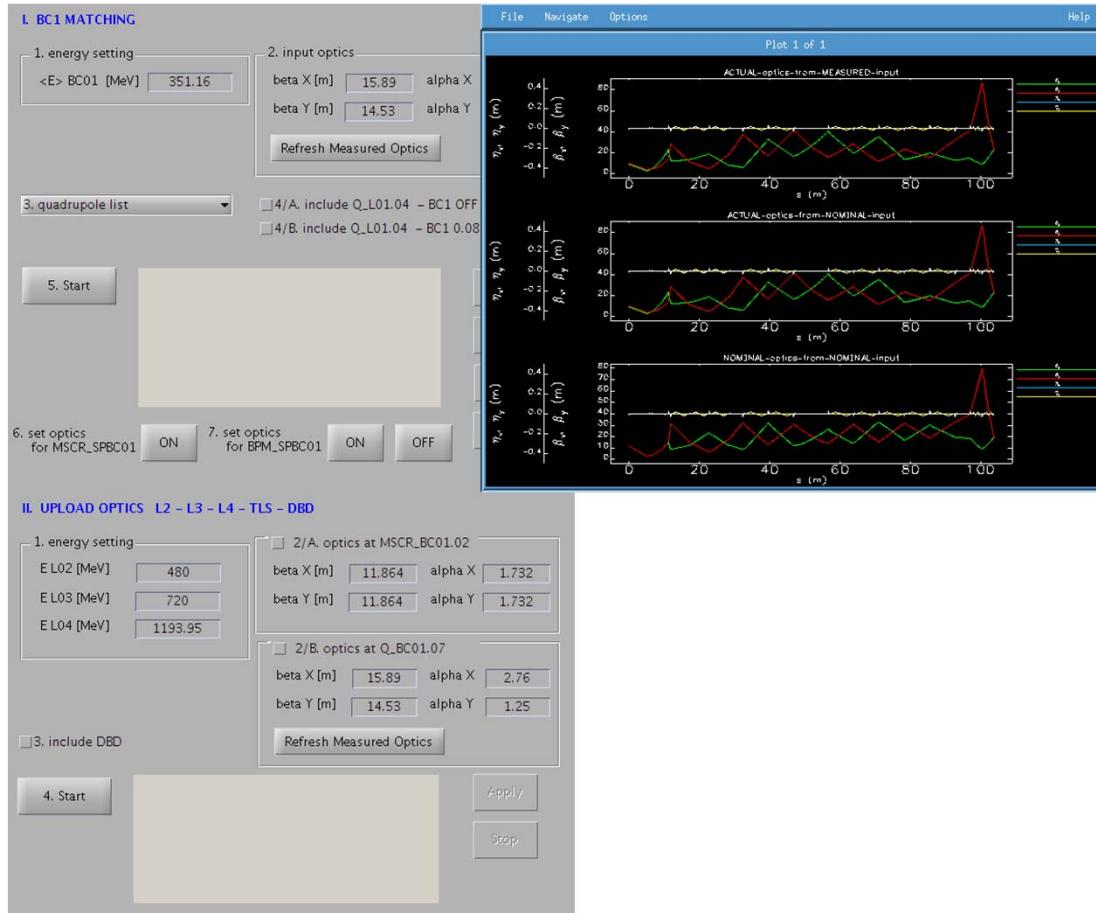
Commissioning activities were based on 2 shifts (6h-16h, 16h-2h) per 6 days/week

After verifying the feasibility of nominal charge operation at 800pC with ramped profile, we set the machine in low charge operation in order to have by Dec. 2010 the first Seeded-FEL radiation at 50-60nm (without BC2 and X-band system):

- Q=350pC
- Laser: 5ps (full width), Flat-top (diam=1.3mm)
- Bunch compressed a factor ~5, (full width~1ps) at 1.2GeV

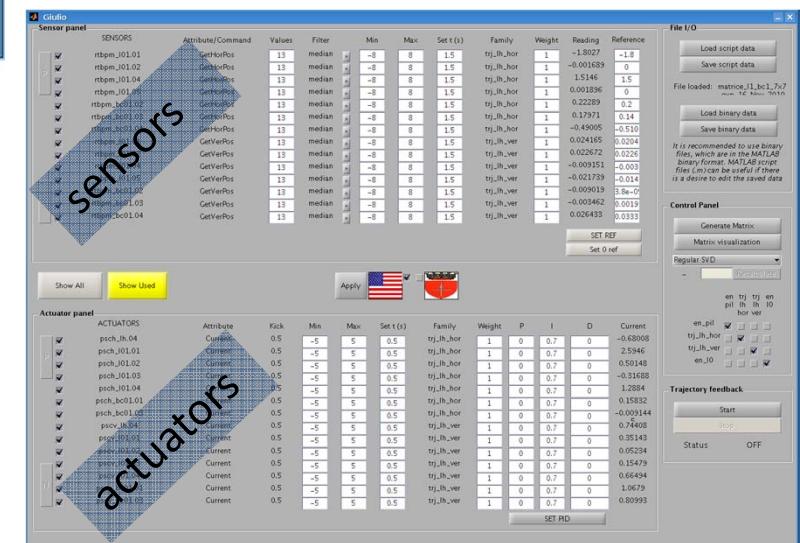
Some useful tools

Beam matching and transport (LH-BC1, BC1-linac, TLS-SFEL, FEL-MDB)



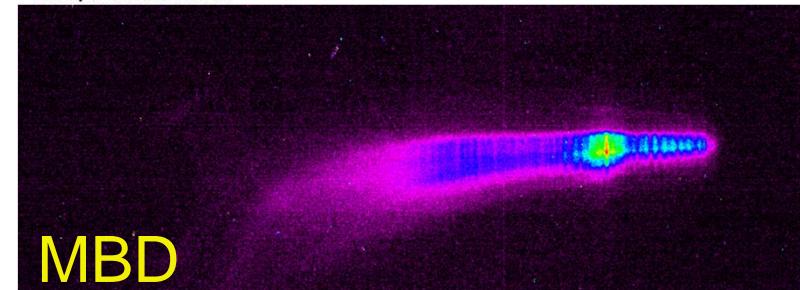
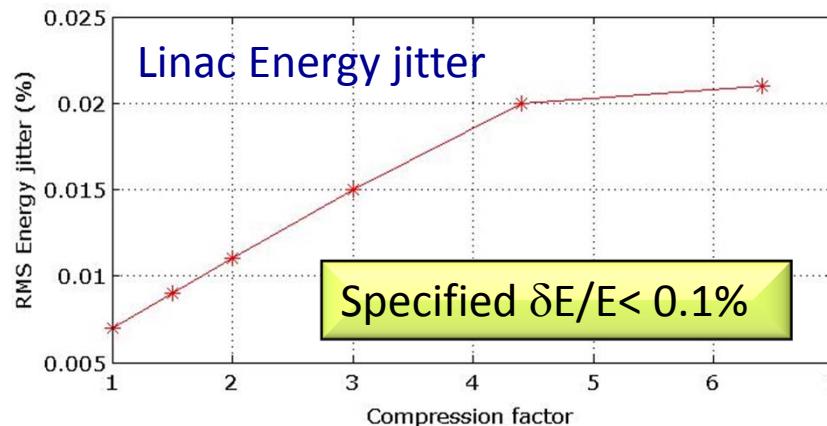
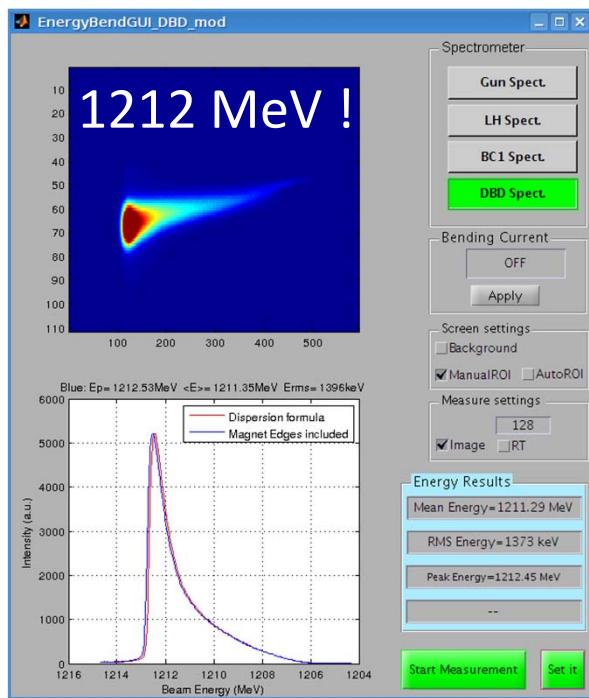
Ref. Di Mitri, Scafuri, Penco

Beam trajectory feedback (rep. rate 1.3 Hz, merging of response matrix)

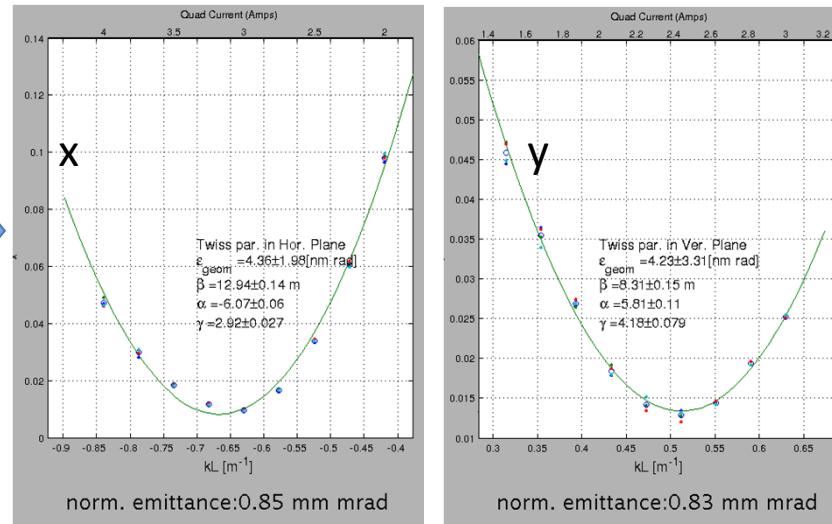
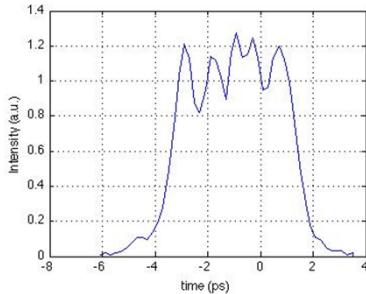


Ref.: Gaio, Di Mitri, Sjöström

- In RUN 3 the beam was transported in DBD at 700 MeV and functionality of all the diagnostics and RF structures were verified
- In RUN 4 we increased the linac energy by completing RF conditioning
- In RUN 4 before installing undulators we had to define a reliable trajectory in the FEL beamline, losses $\leq 1\% @ 350\text{pC}$



Laser: FWHM=5ps,
 $\phi = 1.3\text{mm}$



Best performance in LH:
 0.85 mm mrad

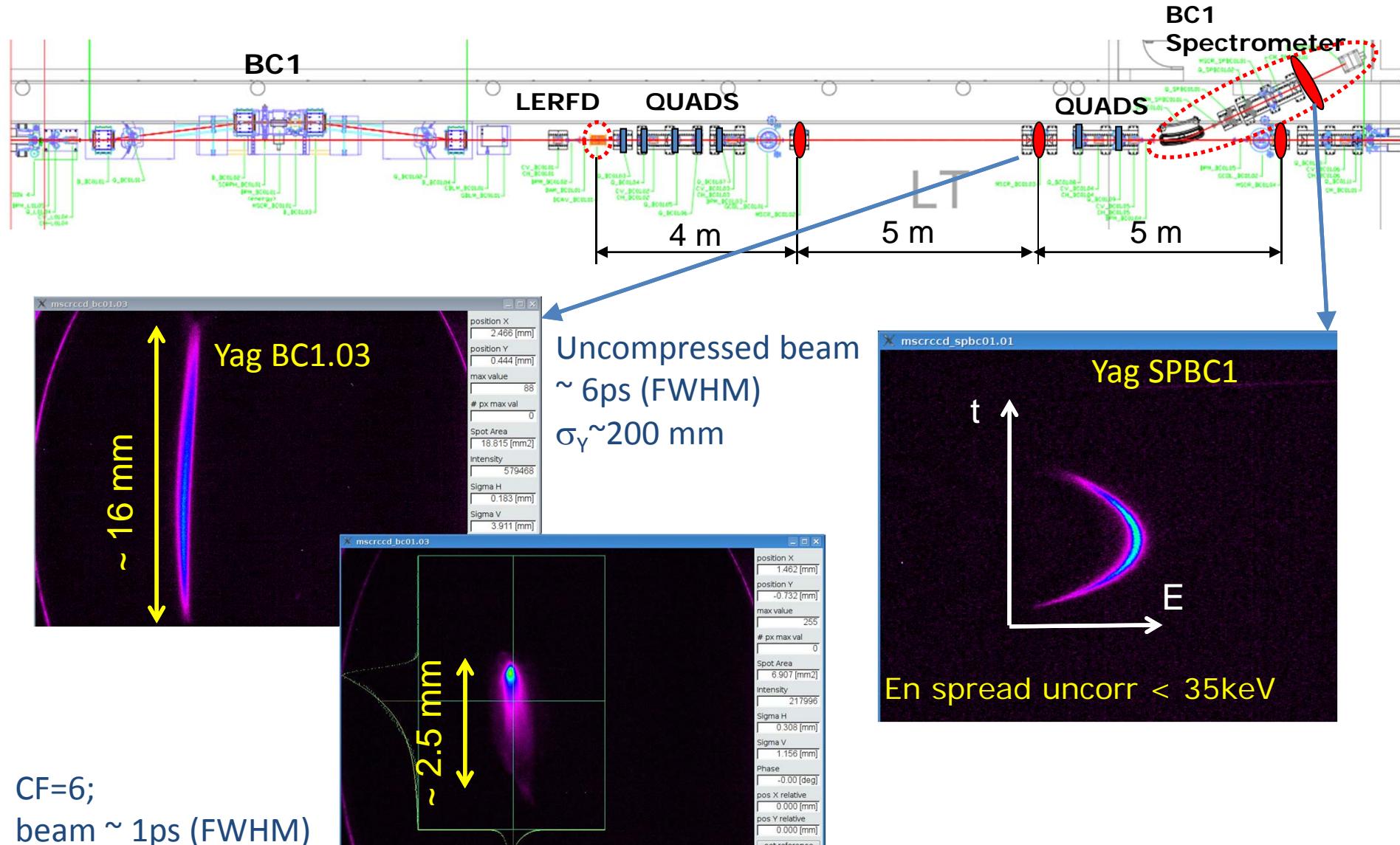
Centering the beam on the BPMs in L01 $\rightarrow \epsilon_{x,y} = 1.3 \text{ mm mrad}$ with BC1 in off
 and when compress x6.5 $\rightarrow \epsilon_x > 3 \text{ mm mrad}$.

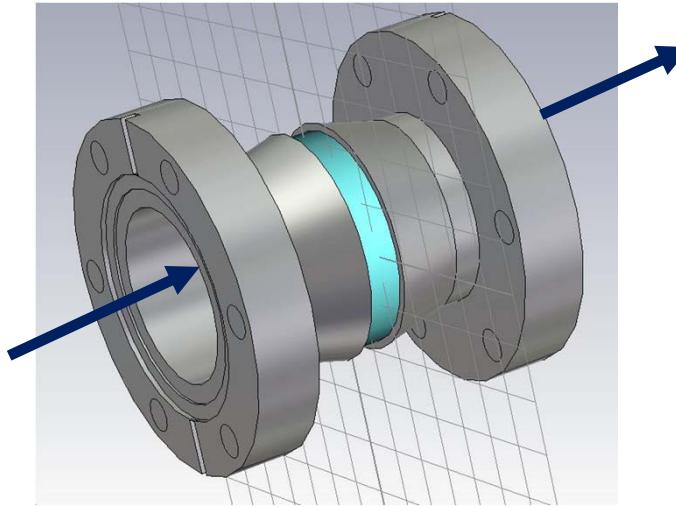
Steering the beam in L01:

	ϵ_x	ϵ_y
BC1 Off	1.1	1.0
BC1 Off, with L01 at +25deg	1.7	1.3
BC1 On, CF=1	1.3-1.6	1.3-1.5
BC1 On, CF=6.5 (L01 at +25deg)	1.9	1.4

Ref. Di Mitri, Penco

LERFD commissioning in RUN 4



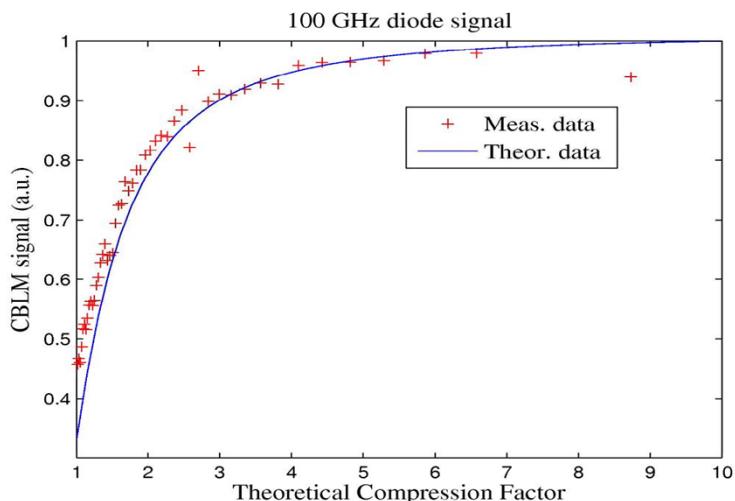


Spectrum-angular density of the radiated energy (Appio, Veronese et al. FEL10)

$$\frac{d^2W(\theta)}{d\omega d\Omega} = \beta q^2 \frac{\sin^2 \theta J_0^2(ka \sin \theta)}{4\pi^2 c (1 - \beta \cos \theta)^2 I_0^2(\frac{ka}{\beta\gamma})}$$

$$\left| \sqrt{\frac{1-\beta}{1-\cos\theta}} e^{j k l (1-\beta \cos\theta)/\beta} + j \sqrt{\frac{1+\beta}{1+\cos\theta}} e^{-j k l (1-\beta \cos\theta)/\beta} \right|^2$$

L.Palumbo CERN LEP TH/84-4 1984



Comparison of exp signal from 100GHz diode and theory vs theoretical compression factor.

Assumptions:

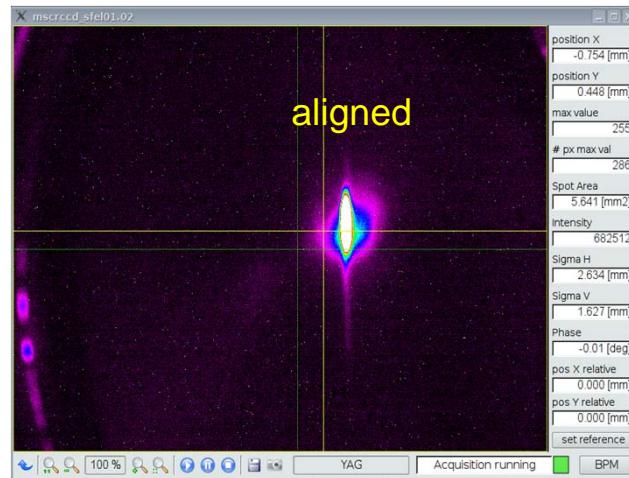
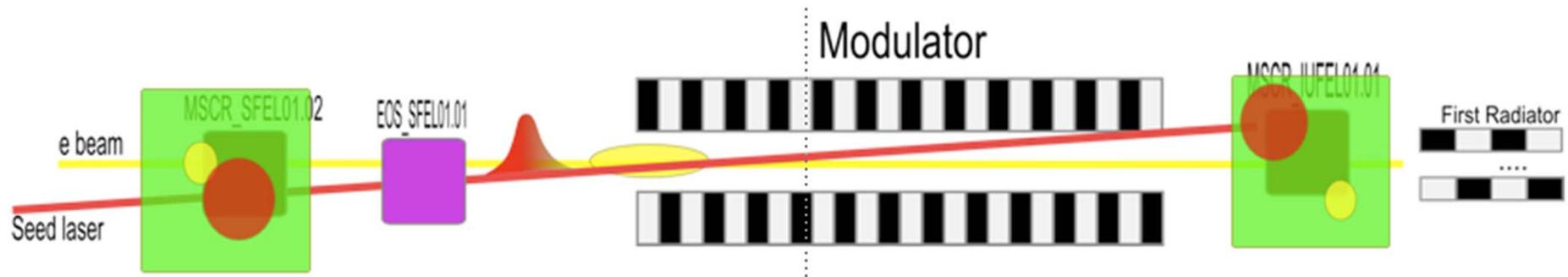
- Initial bunch length 6ps;
- Bunch profile rectangular for calculation of long. form factor used in coherent emission

Data manipulation:

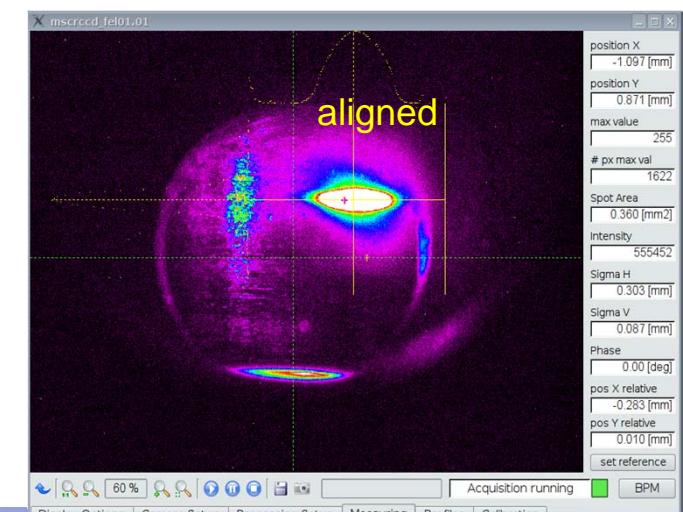
Nomalization to maximum value

Veronese, Appio et al.

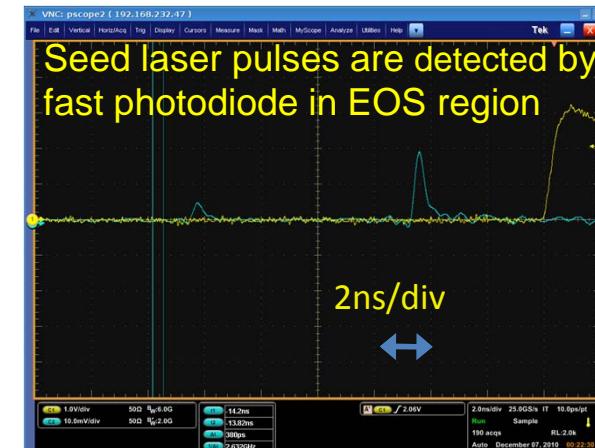
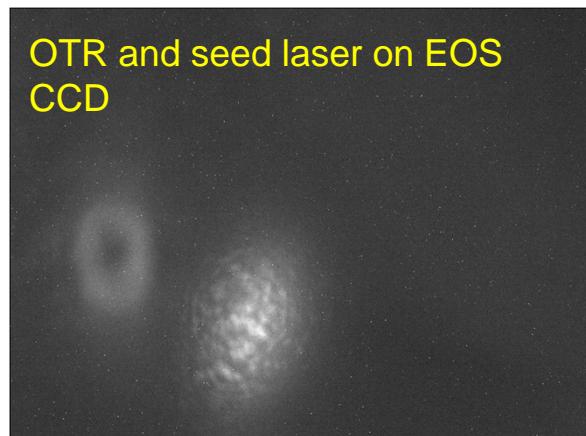
- ❑ Beam has been transported to the MBD (compressed and uncompressed) and the trajectory was under control
- ❑ In order to superpose seed laser and e-beam we used the seed laser steering mirrors and after some interations we can obtain the alignment between seed and e-beam



Spezzani, Veronese Sigalotti
Demidovich et al.



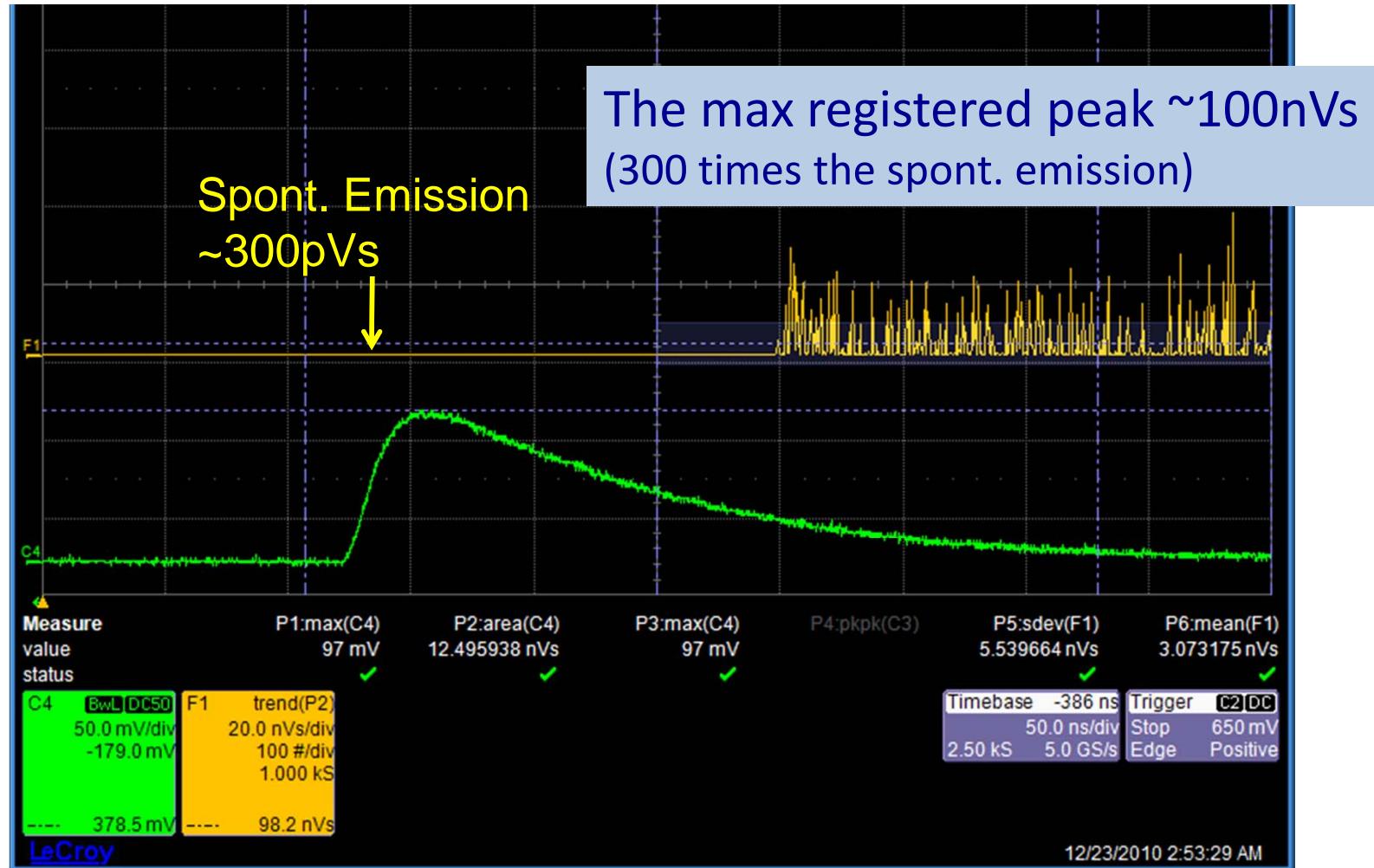
- Seed-electron timing alignment:
 - The seed laser and the electron beam have been detected on the photodiode installed in the EOS chamber

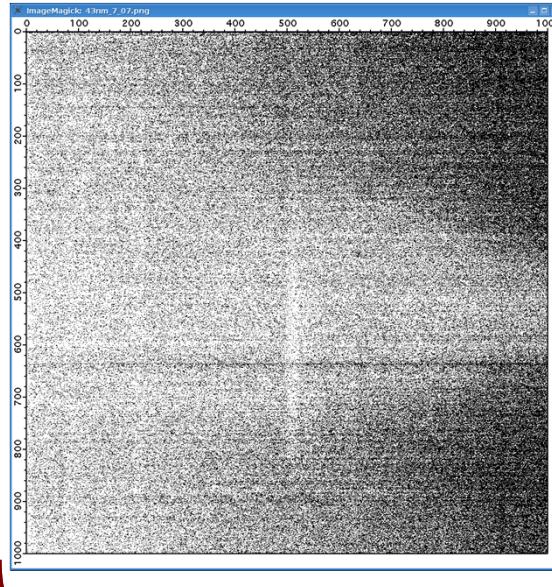


After the signal optimization using a CCD it has been possible to obtain the timing parameters that allow to overlap in time e-beam and seed laser within +50 ps

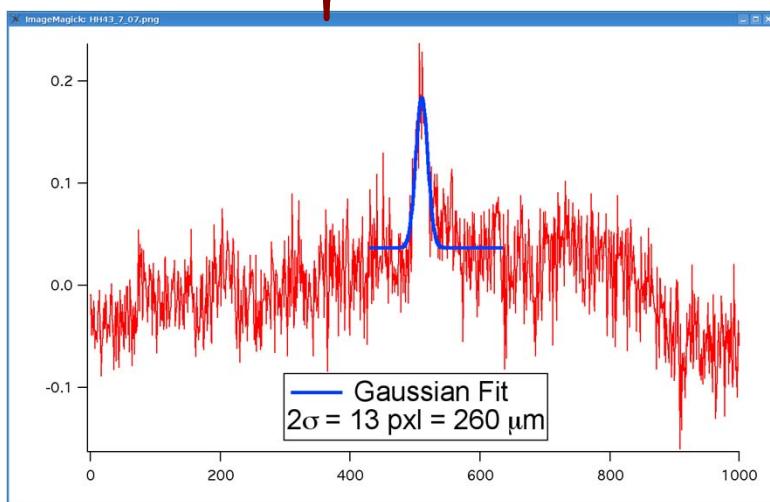
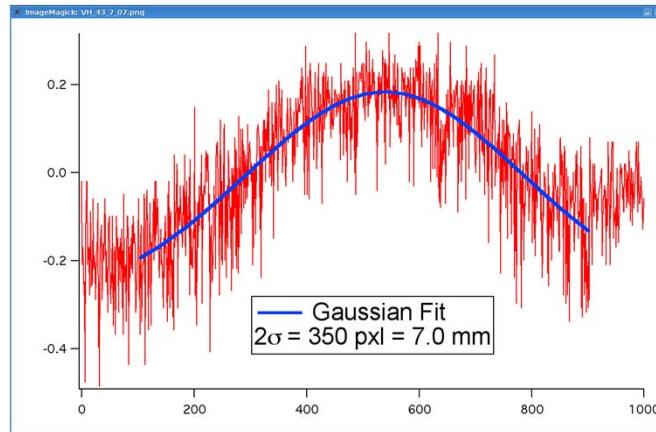
M.Veronese, C.Speziani, P. Sigalotti, R.Ivanov et al.

Using the delay line of the seed laser to do the fine tuning between seed and e-beam and radiators tuned **at 43nm**:





Measured with the PADReS photon energy spectrometer
(no background subtraction has been done)



The fit with a Gaussian function gives a FWHM of 330 μ m with an energy **bandwidth of 33meV**
Temporal pulse duration of the seed laser was **250fs**.

Ref. D. Cocco, M. Zangrandino

Preliminary

Number of harmonic	Wavelength (nm)	CHG signal (a.u.)
6	43.3	2.2
8	32.5	1.8
10	26	1.5
12	21.7	2
13	20	1.2/1.8
14	18.6	1.2
15	17.3	1.2

We acquired CHG signal up to the **15th harmonics (17.3nm)** by using the PADReS photodiode

- High resolution cavity BPM in the FELs beamlines
- Bunch arrival monitors in LH, after BC1 and Linac end
- Electro-optical sampling: in front the modulator
- Machine protection system & RadFET Dosimeters
- LLRF in the RF plants
- Timing & synchronization
- Bunch number and real time acquisition (correlations)
- Photon BPMs
- IO monitor
- Photon beam spectrometer
- Stripline BPMs and Multiscreen stations
- Control system well integrated
- ...

Acknowledgements

FERMI Commissioning Team, Engineers, Laser group,
Diagnostic group, Control group, ELETTRA Operators,
Linac Group, FERMI Commissioning Guests

Thank you for your attention