

## Search for vector-like T quarks in final states with leptons at CMS

Gerrit Van Onsem (VUB) on behalf of the CMS Collaboration

Workshop on Vector-like Quarks 2014 Hamburg, 15 September 2014

## Overview

Introduction to vector-like T quarks

The CMS detector

Event reconstruction and W/top jet tagging

Search for T (charge 2/3) → bW, tZ, tH single-lepton and multilepton channels

Search for T (charge 5/3) → tW<sup>+</sup> same-sign dilepton channel

Summary

## Introduction to vector-like T quarks

The CMS detector

Event reconstruction and W/top jet tagging

Search for T (charge 2/3) → bW, tZ, tH single-lepton and multilepton channels

Search for T (charge 5/3) → tW<sup>+</sup> same-sign dilepton channel

Summary

## Introduction to vector-like quarks (VLQs)

# Right-handed and left-handed components of VLQ fields interact similarly via electroweak force No chiral "V-A" structure in Lagrangian, but purely "V"

## Introduction to vector-like quarks (VLQs)

# Right-handed and left-handed components of VLQ fields interact similarly via electroweak force No chiral "V-A" structure in Lagrangian, but purely "V"

## • VLQs appear in many BSM models:

### Little Higgs models

addressing naturalness problem: top-quark partner stabilizes Higgs-boson mass composite Higgs models

## e.g. top quark and VLQ condensate driving

electroweak symmetry breaking

## Grand Unified Theories

#### Extra dimensions

Kaluza-Klein states of SM fields in extra dimensions can have VLQ properties

## Introduction to vector-like quarks (VLQs)

# Right-handed and left-handed components of VLQ fields interact similarly via electroweak force No chiral "V-A" structure in Lagrangian, but purely "V"

## • VLQs appear in many BSM models:

### Little Higgs models

addressing naturalness problem: top-quark partner stabilizes Higgs-boson mass composite Higgs models

e.g. top quark and VLQ condensate driving electroweak symmetry breaking

## Grand Unified Theories

#### Extra dimensions

Kaluza-Klein states of SM fields in extra dimensions can have VLQ properties

## VLQs can have charge 2/3, 1/3, 5/3 or 4/3 and decay to W, Z or H bosons (model-dependent) → rich phenomenology

## Introduction to vector-like T quarks

## The CMS detector

Event reconstruction and W/top jet tagging

Search for T (charge 2/3) → bW, tZ, tH single-lepton and multilepton channels

Search for T (charge 5/3) → tW<sup>+</sup> same-sign dilepton channel

Summary

## The Compact Muon Solenoid (CMS) detector



Introduction to vector-like T quarks

The CMS detector

Event reconstruction and W/top jet tagging

Search for T (charge 2/3) → bW, tZ, tH single-lepton and multilepton channels

Search for T (charge 5/3) → tW<sup>+</sup> same-sign dilepton channel

Summary

## **Physics-object reconstruction**

 Particle-flow (PF) algorithm combines information of all subdetectors to reconstruct particles traversing the detector

#### muons

relative isolation defined in cone of  $\Delta R = 0.4$ 

#### electrons

relative isolation defined in cone of  $\Delta R = 0.3$ 



## Physics-object reconstruction

 Particle-flow (PF) algorithm combines information of all subdetectors to reconstruct particles traversing the detector

#### muons

relative isolation defined in cone of  $\Delta R = 0.4$ 

#### electrons

relative isolation defined in cone of  $\Delta R = 0.3$ 



## missing transverse energy (MET)

#### jets

anti-k<sub>T</sub> jet clustering with distance parameter 0.5 (AK5) **energy corrections** (1-10% depending on  $p_{\tau}$  and  $\eta$ ) resolution smearing in simulation **b-tagging** using 'Combined Secondary Vertex' algo

W-boson and top-quark jet tagging

Decay of heavy quark → boosted decay products

Additional Cambridge-Aachen jet clustering, distance parameter 0.8

W-boson and top-quark jet tagging

Decay of heavy quark → boosted decay products

Additional Cambridge-Aachen jet clustering, distance parameter 0.8



'W jet'

 $p_T > 200 \text{ GeV}$ Mass = [60,130] GeV Exactly 2 subjets W-boson and top-quark jet tagging

Decay of heavy quark → boosted decay products

Additional Cambridge-Aachen jet clustering, distance parameter 0.8



'W jet'

 $p_{T} > 200 \text{ GeV}$ Mass = [60,130] GeV Exactly 2 subjets

Boosted top quark decaying to W → qq boson and b quark



### 'top-quark jet'

 $p_{T} > 200 \text{ GeV} (\text{or } 400 \text{ GeV})$ Mass = [140,250] GeV  $\geq$  3 subjets Minimum pairwise mass > 50 GeV Introduction to vector-like T quarks

The CMS detector

Event reconstruction and W/top jet tagging

Search for T (charge 2/3) → bW, tZ, tH single-lepton and multilepton channels

B2G-12-015 1311.7667v2

Search for T (charge 5/3) → tW<sup>+</sup> same-sign dilepton channel

Summary

## Signal selection

 Strong pair production of TT with T → bW / tZ / tH leads to signature with possibly multiple leptons
 → different search channels according to leptons



## Single-lepton channel



- 1 isolated muon ( $|\eta| < 2.1$ ,  $p_{\tau} > 32$  GeV,  $I_{rel} < 0.12$ ) or 1 isolated electron ( $|\eta| < 1.44$  or  $1.57 < |\eta| < 2.5$ ,  $p_{\tau} > 32$  GeV,  $I_{rel} < 0.10$ )
- $\geq$  3 AK5 jets (p<sub>T</sub> > 120, 90, 50 GeV, |η| < 2.4)
- $\ge$  1 W jet, or fourth AK5 jet with  $p_{T} > 35 \text{ GeV}$
- MET > 20 GeV

## Single-lepton channel



- 1 isolated muon ( $|\eta| < 2.1$ ,  $p_{\tau} > 32$  GeV,  $I_{rel} < 0.12$ ) or 1 isolated electron ( $|\eta| < 1.44$  or  $1.57 < |\eta| < 2.5$ ,  $p_{\tau} > 32$  GeV,  $I_{rel} < 0.10$ )
- $\geq$  3 AK5 jets (p<sub>T</sub> > 120, 90, 50 GeV, |η| < 2.4)
- $\ge$  1 W jet, or fourth AK5 jet with  $p_{T} > 35 \text{ GeV}$
- MET > 20 GeV

### Simulated W+jets background normalized to control data sample (≤ 3 jets but *no* W jet)

Separate scale factors for light-flavor and heavy-flavor components of simulated W+jets

## B-jet and jet multiplicities well modeled by the simulation



Pull = (observed – expected) / (Sum in quadrature of syst. and stat. uncertainties) Uncertainties include luminosity, cross sections and correction factors

 No explicit b-jet requirement, but b-jet multiplicity enters as input variable in Boosted Decision Trees



## Single-lepton channel: event yields

- ttbar and W+jets largest backgrounds
- Predicted number of events agree with observed, within uncertainties

Lepton flavor	Muon	Electron	
tī	$36700 \pm 5500$	$35900 \pm 5400$	
Single top quark	$2200 \pm 1100$	$2100 \pm 1000$	
W	$19700 \pm 9900$	$18600 \pm 9400$	
Z	$2200 \pm 1100$	$2000 \pm 1000$	
Multijets	<60	$1680 {\pm} 620$	
tīW	$144{\pm}72$	$137 \pm 68$	
tīZ	$109 \pm 54$	$108 \pm 54$	
tīH	$570 \pm 290$	$570 \pm 290$	
WW/WZ/ZZ	$410 \pm 200$	$400 \pm 200$	
Total background	61900±13900	$61500 \pm 13700$	
Data	58478	57743	

#### B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3)

## Single-lepton channel: signal efficiencies

- pp  $\rightarrow$  TT signal samples generated with Madgraph
- Table: assuming 'nominal' branching fractions BF(T  $\rightarrow$  bW) = 50%, BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tZ) = BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tH) = 25%

Lepton flavor	Cross section	Muon		Electron	
T mass (GeV)	(fb)	Efficiency	Events	Efficiency	Events
500	571	7.6%	850	7.5%	840
600	170	8.3%	280	8.4%	280
700	56.9	8.7%	97	8.8%	98
800	20.8	8.9%	36	9.1%	37
900	8.09	9.0%	14.3	9.3%	14.8
1000	3.27	9.0%	5.8	9.4%	6.0
1100	1.37	9.0%	2.4	9.4%	2.5
1200	0.58	9.0%	1.0	9.4%	1.1

## approximate NNLO (HATHOR)

T-quark signal separated from SM background via Boosted Decision Trees (BDT)

#### Input variables

jet multiplicity, b-tagged jet multiplicity, MET, H<sub>T</sub> (scalar sum of  $p_T$  of all jets),  $p_T$  lepton,  $p_T$  third jet,  $p_T$  fourth jet, number and  $p_T$  of W jets number of top jets For events with W jet

 Separate BDT trainings for events with ≥ 1 W jet and without W jet, at every T-quark mass

#### B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3)

## BDT discriminator distributions show good discrimination power



#### B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3)

## BDT discriminator distributions show good discrimination power





- 2 isolated opposite-charged leptons ( $p_{_{T}} > 20 \text{ GeV}$ )
- $\ge$  1 dilepton pair with mass > 20 GeV
- MET > 30 GeV and  $\ge$  1 b jet







Sensitive to  $TT \rightarrow bWbW$ 

- 2 isolated opposite-charged leptons ( $p_{T} > 20 \text{ GeV}$ )
- $\ge$  1 dilepton pair with mass > 20 GeV
- MET > 30 GeV and  $\ge 1$  b jet

#### **0S1**

- 2 or 3 jets ( $p_T > 30$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 2.4$ )
- $H_T > 300 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $S_T > 900 \text{ GeV}$  (sum of  $H_T$ , MET and  $p_T$  of all leptons)
- dilepton pair mass veto in 15 GeV window around Z-boson mass suppresses DY background
- Smallest mass of (lepton,b-jet) system  $M_{lb} > 170 \text{ GeV}$

suppresses ttbar background



Sensitive to  $TT \rightarrow bWbW$ Sensitive to  $T \rightarrow tZ$  decays

- 2 isolated opposite-charged leptons ( $p_{_{\rm T}}$  > 20 GeV)
- $\ge$  1 dilepton pair with mass > 20 GeV
- MET > 30 GeV and  $\ge 1$  b jet

#### **0S1**

- 2 or 3 jets ( $p_T > 30$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 2.4$ )
- $H_T > 300 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $S_T > 900 \text{ GeV}$  (sum of  $H_T$ , MET and  $p_T$  of all leptons)
- dilepton pair mass veto in 15 GeV window around Z-boson mass suppresses DY background
- Smallest mass of (lepton,b-jet) system  $M_{lb} > 170 \text{ GeV}$

suppresses ttbar background

### **OS2**

- $\geq$  5 jets of which 2 b-tagged
- $H_T > 500 \text{ GeV}, S_T > 1000 \text{ GeV}$

## Multilepton channel: same-sign dileptons



- 2 isolated same-charged leptons ( $p_{T} > 20 \text{ GeV}$ )
- $\ge$  1 dilepton pair with mass > 20 GeV
- MET > 30 GeV
- ≥ 3 jets
- $H_{T} > 500 \text{ GeV}, S_{T} > 700 \text{ GeV}$

## Multilepton channel: same-sign dileptons



- 2 isolated same-charged leptons ( $p_{T} > 20 \text{ GeV}$ )
- $\ge$  1 dilepton pair with mass > 20 GeV
- MET > 30 GeV
- ≥ 3 jets
- $H_{T} > 500 \text{ GeV}, S_{T} > 700 \text{ GeV}$

Three main backgrounds

irreducible (SM processes with SS dileptons) charge misidentification in OS dileptons non-prompt leptons (lepton misidentification)

Estimated from observed data

#### B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3) Multilepton channel: same-sign dilepton distributions



B2G-12-015 T (charge **2/3**) Multilepton channel: same-sign dilepton  $S_T$  distribution before  $S_T$  cut



B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3)

## Multilepton channel: trileptons



Sensitive to  $T \rightarrow tZ/tH$  decays

- $\geq$  3 isolated leptons (p<sub>T</sub> > 20 GeV)
- $\ge$  1 dilepton pair with mass > 20 GeV
- MET > 30 GeV
- ≥ 3 jets
- $H_{T} > 500 \text{ GeV}, S_{T} > 700 \text{ GeV}$

B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3)

## Multilepton channel: trileptons



Sensitive to  $T \rightarrow tZ/tH$  decays

- $\geq$  3 isolated leptons (p<sub>T</sub> > 20 GeV)
- $\ge$  1 dilepton pair with mass > 20 GeV
- MET > 30 GeV
- ≥ 3 jets

• 
$$H_{T} > 500 \text{ GeV}, S_{T} > 700 \text{ GeV}$$

Two main backgrounds

irreducible (SM processes with trileptons) non-prompt leptons (lepton misidentification) ]- E

Estimated from observed data

## Multilepton channel: trilepton distributions


# Multilepton channel: event yields

#### Predicted number of events agree with observed, within uncertainties

Channel	OS1	OS2	SS	Trileptons
tī	$5.2 \pm 1.9$	$80\pm12$	_	_
Single top quark	$2.5\pm1.3$	$2.0\pm1.0$	—	—
Z	$9.7\pm2.9$	$2.5\pm1.9$	—	—
tĪW	_	_	$5.8\pm1.9$	$0.25\pm0.11$
tīZ	_	_	$1.83\pm0.93$	$1.84\pm0.94$
WW	_	_	$0.53 \pm 0.29$	_
WZ	_	_	$0.34\pm0.08$	$0.40\pm0.21$
ZZ	_	_	$0.03\pm0.00$	$0.07\pm0.01$
WWW/WWZ/ZZZ/WZZ	_	_	$0.13\pm0.07$	$0.08\pm0.04$
tīWW	_	_	_	$0.05\pm0.03$
Charge misidentification	_	_	$0.01\pm0.00$	_
Non-prompt	—	_	$7.9\pm4.3$	$0.99\pm0.90$
Total background	$17.4\pm3.7$	$84\pm12$	$16.5\pm4.8$	$3.7 \pm 1.3$
Data	20	86	18	2

#### B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3)

### Multilepton channel: signal efficiencies

• Table: assuming 'nominal' branching fractions BF(T  $\rightarrow$  bW) = 50%, BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tZ) = BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tH) = 25%

Channel	OS	51	OS	52	S	S	Trilep	otons
T mass (GeV)	$\epsilon$	N	$\epsilon$	N	$\epsilon$	N	$\epsilon$	N
500	0.15%	16.7	0.31%	35.1	0.19%	21.3	0.17%	19.1
600	0.27%	8.9	0.50%	16.6	0.22%	7.5	0.26%	8.5
700	0.36%	4.0	0.60%	6.6	0.25%	2.8	0.28%	3.1
800	0.39%	1.6	0.61%	2.5	0.25%	1.0	0.32%	1.3
900	0.43%	0.67	0.60%	0.96	0.25%	0.40	0.33%	0.52
1000	0.44%	0.28	0.56%	0.36	0.23%	0.15	0.33%	0.21
1100	0.44%	0.12	0.52%	0.14	0.22%	0.06	0.32%	0.09
1200	0.45%	0.05	0.46%	0.05	0.20%	0.02	0.31%	0.04

## Systematic uncertainties

Treated as nuisance parameters in statistical limit setting

normalization of signal and background simulation luminosity 2.6% cross sections diboson, single top, W/Z+jets 50% ttbar 8% efficiency corrections lepton trigger and identification 3% jet energy scale and resolution b-tagging efficiency renormalization and factorization scale jet-parton matching threshold top-quark p<sub>T</sub> distribution

proton PDF uncertainties negligible

# Combined mass limits on vector-like T (charge 2/3) quarks

#### • Figure: assuming 'nominal' branching fractions BF(T $\rightarrow$ bW) = 50%, BF(T $\rightarrow$ tZ) = BF(T $\rightarrow$ tH) = 25%



#### B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3) Scanning branching fractions: combined limits

Bran	Branching fractions		Expected	Observed	
$T \to b W$	$T \to t H$	$T \to t Z$	limit (GeV)	limit (GeV)	
0.5	0.25	0.25	773	696	
0.0	0.0	1.0	813	782	
0.0	0.2	0.8	798	766	
0.0	0.4	0.6	790	747	
0.0	0.6	0.4	783	731	
0.0	0.8	0.2	773	715	
0.0	1.0	0.0	770	706	
0.2	0.0	0.8	794	758	
0.2	0.2	0.6	786	739	
0.2	0.4	0.4	777	717	
0.2	0.6	0.2	767	698	
0.2	0.8	0.0	766	694	
0.4	0.0	0.6	786	734	
0.4	0.2	0.4	776	705	
0.4	0.4	0.2	766	693	
0.4	0.6	0.0	762	690	
0.6	0.0	0.4	779	703	
0.6	0.2	0.2	771	693	
0.6	0.4	0.0	769	687	
0.8	0.0	0.2	779	695	
0.8	0.2	0.0	777	689	
1.0	0.0	0.0	785	700	

#### B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3)

# Limits represented in branching-fraction triangles



 Lower mass limits at 95% CL between 687 GeV and 782 GeV for all possible branching fractions

# Weights of multilepton channel in combination of limits

#### **Observed** Expected CMS preliminary $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ 19.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> CMS preliminary $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV 19.6 fb<sup>-1</sup> BR(bW) BR(bW) **Observed Multilepton Weight Expected Multilepton Weight** 0.9 0.9 0.8 0.8 0.8 0.8 -0.7 0.7 0.6 -0.6 0.6 -0.6 n -0.5 0.5 -0.4 0.4 -0.3 0.3 0.2 -0.2 0.2 0.2 0.1 0.1 0 0 0 BR(tZ) BR(tH) BR(tZ) BR(tH)

B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3)

43

Introduction to vector-like T quarks

The CMS detector

Event reconstruction and W/top jet tagging

Search for T (charge 2/3) → bW, tZ, tH single-lepton and multilepton channels

Search for T (charge 5/3) → tW<sup>+</sup> same-sign dilepton channel

B2G-12-012 1312.2391v2

Summary

# Signal selection

- 2 isolated same-sign leptons ( $|\eta| < 2.4$ ,  $p_T > 30$  GeV, muon  $I_{rel} < 0.20$ , electron  $I_{rel} < 0.15$ )
- $\Delta R(lepton, top-jet) > 0.8$
- Dilepton Z-boson veto M(ee) < 76 GeV or M(ee) > 106 GeV
- Trilepton Z-boson veto using mass of pair of lepton and 'loose' lepton ( $p_T > 15$  GeV, muon  $I_{rel} < 0.40$ , electron  $I_{rel} < 0.60$ )
- Number of constituents  $N_c \ge 7$

AK5 jet, lepton = both 1 constituent W boson = 2 constituents top jet = 3 constituents

•  $H_T > 900 \text{ GeV}$  (scalar sum of  $p_T$  of all jets and leptons)

# Signal selection

- 2 isolated same-sign leptons ( $|\eta| < 2.4$ ,  $p_T > 30$  GeV, muon  $I_{rel} < 0.20$ , electron  $I_{rel} < 0.15$ )
- $\Delta R(lepton, top-jet) > 0.8$
- Dilepton Z-boson veto M(ee) < 76 GeV or M(ee) > 106 GeV
- Trilepton Z-boson veto using mass of pair of lepton and 'loose' lepton ( $p_T > 15$  GeV, muon  $I_{rel} < 0.40$ , electron  $I_{rel} < 0.60$ )
- Number of constituents  $N_c \ge 7$

AK5 jet, lepton = both 1 constituent W boson = 2 constituents

top jet = 3 constituents

•  $H_{T} > 900 \text{ GeV}$  (scalar sum of  $p_{T}$  of all jets *and leptons*)

# Signal efficiency 10-13% for strong pair production of $T_{_{5/3}}$ quarks with masses in [750-1000] GeV

# Three main background sources

#### Irreducible

SM processes with prompt same-sign dileptons: diboson, ttW, ttWW, ttZ, W<sup>±</sup>W<sup>±</sup>, WWW from simulation

# Three main background sources

#### Irreducible

SM processes with prompt same-sign dileptons: diboson, ttW, ttWW, ttZ, W<sup>±</sup>W<sup>±</sup>, WWW from simulation

#### Lepton charge misidentification in OS leptons (ttbar, DY)

- electron charge misid probability R (~10<sup>-3</sup>, dependent on  $p_T$  and  $\eta$ ) determined from data DY events in Z mass window

- 
$$N_{SS, charge misid} = N_{OS after full selection} \times R$$

# Three main background sources

#### Irreducible

SM processes with prompt same-sign dileptons: diboson, ttW, ttWW, ttZ, W<sup>±</sup>W<sup>±</sup>, WWW from simulation

#### Lepton charge misidentification in OS leptons (ttbar, DY)

- electron charge misid probability R (~10<sup>-3</sup>, dependent on  $p_T$  and  $\eta$ ) determined from data DY events in Z mass window
- $N_{SS, charge misid} = N_{OS after full selection} \times R$

#### **Non-prompt leptons** (lepton misidentification) estimated from data using "*Tight-Loose method*"

a)  $N_{tight}$  /  $N_{loose}$  determined from data:

- for prompt leptons from DY events in Z mass window
- for non-prompt leptons from bkg enriched sample MET < 25 GeV, transverse mass(lepton,MET) < 25 GeV,  $\ge$  1 jet with p<sub>T</sub> > 40 GeV and  $\Delta$ R > 1.0 w.r.t lepton

b) events with  $\ge 1$  loose leptons weighted with these ratios

#### Systematic uncertainties influencing acceptance

```
luminosity 2.6%
cross sections
      WZ 17%, ZZ 5.1%, ttW 32%
      other rare backgrounds 50%
lepton trigger (1\%), reconstruction and identification (1\%)
  per lepton)
pile-up
       signal 3%
       background: 3-6%
jet energy scale
       signal: 2%
       background: 3-6% for AK5 jets
       constant 3% for CA8 jets
charge misidentification background 20%
non-prompt lepton background 50%
```

### Same-sign dilepton event yields

#### Predicted number of events agree with observed, within uncertainties

Channel	ee	еµ	μμ	All
Same-sign	$0.8 \pm 0.2$	$1.9 \pm 0.4$	$1.3 \pm 0.3$	$4.0 \pm 0.8$
Chrg. misid.	$0.06\pm0.02$	$0.04\pm0.01$		$0.11\pm0.02$
Non-prompt	$1.9 \pm 1.2$	$0.6\pm0.9$	$0.3\pm0.6$	$2.8\pm1.9$
Tot. bkgnd	$2.7 \pm 1.3$	$2.5 \pm 1.0$	$1.6 \pm 0.7$	$6.8\pm2.1$
Obs. events	0	6	3	9
T <sub>5/3</sub>	$2.1 \pm 0.1$	$4.7 \pm 0.3$	$2.8\pm0.2$	$9.7\pm0.5$

T<sub>5/3</sub> mass 800 GeV

# $H_{T}$ distribution after full selection (w/o $H_{T}$ cut)

Expected and observed spectra agree



#### B2G-12-012 T (charge 5/3) Illustration: vector-like quark mass variable

 T<sub>5/3</sub> quark mass can be reconstructed via combination of top jets, W jets and AK5 jets



53

B2G-12-012 T (charge 5/3)

# Limits assuming BF( $T_{5/3} \rightarrow tW^+$ ) = 100%

- Event yields from all lepton (ee, eµ, µµ) channels combined
- Observed (expected) lower mass limit at 95% CL: 800 GeV (830 GeV)



Introduction to vector-like T quarks

The CMS detector

Event reconstruction and W/top jet tagging

Search for T (charge 2/3) → bW, tZ, tH single-lepton and multilepton channels

Search for T (charge 5/3) → tW<sup>+</sup> same-sign dilepton channel

Summary

 Searches performed for vector-like quarks (top partners) with the CMS detector in pp collisions at sqrt(s) = 8 TeV

 Searches performed for vector-like quarks (top partners) with the CMS detector in pp collisions at sqrt(s) = 8 TeV

# search for T (charge 2/3) $\rightarrow$ bW, tZ, tHB2G-12-015single lepton and multilepton1311.7667v2

→ observed lower mass limit between 687 GeV and 782 GeV for all possible branching fractions

 Searches performed for vector-like quarks (top partners) with the CMS detector in pp collisions at sqrt(s) = 8 TeV

search for T (charge 2/3)  $\rightarrow$  bW, tZ, tHB2G-12-015single lepton and multilepton1311.7667v2

→ observed lower mass limit between 687 GeV and 782 GeV for all possible branching fractions

search for **T (charge 5/3)** → **tW**<sup>+</sup> same-sign dilepton B2G-12-012 1312.2391v2

→ observed lower mass limit of 800 GeV

 Searches performed for vector-like quarks (top partners) with the CMS detector in pp collisions at sqrt(s) = 8 TeV

search for T (charge 2/3)  $\rightarrow$  bW, tZ, tHB2G-12-015single lepton and multilepton1311.7667v2

→ observed lower mass limit between 687 GeV and 782 GeV for all possible branching fractions

search for **T (charge 5/3) → tW**<sup>+</sup> same-sign dilepton B2G-12-012 1312.2391v2

→ observed lower mass limit of 800 GeV

Stay tuned for new searches in the next LHC runs!

 T (charge 2/3) expected reach at 14 TeV with 3000/fb:
 5σ discovery: 1.48 TeV
 So Official CMS PAS
 95% CL exclusion: 1.85 TeV



19.5 fb<sup>-1</sup>

#### BDT discriminator for events without b jets Single-muon channel



#### Single-electron channel

 $\sqrt{s} = 8 \text{ TeV}$ 

CMS



61

#### B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3)

### Smallest M<sub>Ib</sub> for opposite-sign dileptons



### B-tagged jet multiplicity in control region





#### Jet $p_T$ spectrum well modeled by the simulation Jet 1

B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3)

Single-muon channel

Jet 2





# T signal approximate NNLO cross sections (HATHOR)



# Limits represented in branching-fraction triangles

Expected



B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3)

**Single-lepton channel** 

**Observed** 

#### B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3) Multilepton channel: opposite-sign dileptons



#### B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3) Multilepton channel: opposite-sign dileptons (OS1)



#### Signal efficiency vs T mass (OS1)



#### B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3) Multilepton channel: opposite-sign dileptons


#### Signal efficiency vs T mass (OS2)



#### Same-sign dilepton channel



Signal efficiency vs T mass (same-sign dilepton)



#### **Trilepton channel**



#### Signal efficiency vs T mass (trilepton)



#### Signal efficiency vs T mass (multilepton)



### Signal efficiency vs T mass (multilepton + lepton+jets [1])



···\.	bWtH -WTag
+	tHtH -WTag
	tZtZ -WTag
••• <del>*</del> •••	bWtH -NoWTag
	tHtH -NoWTag
····	tZtZ -NoWTag
•••	bWtH - OS5
••••••	bWtH - SS
··· <u>A</u> ···	bWtH - TRI
•••	tHtH - OS5
•••••••	tHtH - SS
····×···	tHtH - TRI
••••	tZtZ - OS5
¥	tZtZ - SS
	tZtZ - TRI

### Signal efficiency vs T mass (multilepton + lepton+jets [2])





Mass limits on vector-like T (charge 2/3) quarks in multilepton channel

• Figure: assuming 100% branching fraction to tZ BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tZ) = 100%, BF(T  $\rightarrow$  bW) = BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tH) = 0%



Mass limits on vector-like T (charge 2/3) quarks in multilepton channel

• Figure: assuming 100% branching fraction to tH BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tH) = 100%, BF(T  $\rightarrow$  bW) = BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tZ) = 0%



Mass limits on vector-like T (charge 2/3) quarks in multilepton channel

• Figure: assuming 100% branching fraction to bW BF(T  $\rightarrow$  bW) = 100%, BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tH) = BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tZ) = 0%



# Limits represented in branching-fraction triangles

B2G-12-015 T (charge 2/3)

Single-lepton channel



Mass limits on vector-like T (charge 2/3) quarks in lepton+jets channel

• Figure: assuming 'nominal' branching fractions BF(T  $\rightarrow$  bW) = 50%, BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tZ) = BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tH) = 25%



# Scanning branching fractions in lepton+jets channel

	Branc	Branching Fractions			observed
Scenario	$T{\rightarrow} bW$	$T{\rightarrow} tH$	$T{\rightarrow}tZ$	limit	limit
(0) Nominal	0.5	0.25	0.25	$733~{ m GeV}$	$667~{ m GeV}$
(1) Full $tZ$	0.0	0.0	1.0	$689~{ m GeV}$	$644~{ m GeV}$
(2)	0.0	0.2	0.8	$695~{ m GeV}$	$660~{\rm GeV}$
(3)	0.0	0.4	0.6	$708 { m ~GeV}$	$665~{ m GeV}$
(4)	0.0	0.6	0.4	$720  {\rm GeV}$	$676~{ m GeV}$
(5)	0.0	0.8	0.2	$738~{ m GeV}$	$684~{\rm GeV}$
(6) Full $tH$	0.0	1.0	0.0	$753~{ m GeV}$	$689~{ m GeV}$
(7)	0.2	0.0	0.8	$693~{\rm GeV}$	$639~{ m GeV}$
(8)	0.2	0.2	0.6	$698~{ m GeV}$	$660~{\rm GeV}$
(9)	0.2	0.4	0.4	$720 { m GeV}$	$669~{ m GeV}$
(10)	0.2	0.6	0.2	$733~{\rm GeV}$	$677~{ m GeV}$
(11)	0.2	0.8	0.0	$752  {\rm GeV}$	$686~{ m GeV}$
(12)	0.4	0.0	0.6	$698~{ m GeV}$	$645~{\rm GeV}$
(13)	0.4	0.2	0.4	$718~{\rm GeV}$	$660~{\rm GeV}$
(14)	0.4	0.4	0.2	$728 { m ~GeV}$	$674~{\rm GeV}$
(15)	0.4	0.6	0.0	$748 { m ~GeV}$	$680~{\rm GeV}$
(16)	0.6	0.0	0.4	$703~{\rm GeV}$	$648~{ m GeV}$
(17)	0.6	0.2	0.2	$735  {\rm GeV}$	$665~{\rm GeV}$
(18)	0.6	0.4	0.0	$749~{\rm GeV}$	$676~{ m GeV}$
(19)	0.8	0.0	0.2	$729  {\rm GeV}$	$661~{\rm GeV}$
(20)	0.8	0.2	0.0	$748 { m ~GeV}$	$671~{\rm GeV}$
(21) Full $bW$	1.0	0.0	0.0	$755~{ m GeV}$	$669~{ m GeV}$

Mass limits on vector-like T (charge 2/3) quarks in multilepton channel

• Figure: assuming 'nominal' branching fractions BF(T  $\rightarrow$  bW) = 50%, BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tZ) = BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tH) = 25%



# Scanning branching fractions in multilepton channel

	Branc	Branching Fractions			observed
Scenario	$T \rightarrow bW$	$T{\rightarrow} tH$	$T \rightarrow tZ$	limit	limit
(0) Nominal	0.5	0.25	0.25	$683~{ m GeV}$	$668~{ m GeV}$
(1) Full $tZ$	0.0	0.0	1.0	$793~{\rm GeV}$	$794  {\rm GeV}$
(2)	0.0	0.2	0.8	$779  \mathrm{GeV}$	782  GeV
(3)	0.0	0.4	0.6	$759  \mathrm{GeV}$	$759  \mathrm{GeV}$
(4)	0.0	0.6	0.4	728  GeV	727  GeV
(5)	0.0	0.8	0.2	$694  \mathrm{GeV}$	692  GeV
(6) Full $tH$	0.0	1.0	0.0	$673~{\rm GeV}$	$668~{\rm GeV}$
(7)	0.2	0.0	0.8	$775  \mathrm{GeV}$	775  GeV
(8)	0.2	0.2	0.6	751  GeV	750  GeV
(9)	0.2	0.4	0.4	712  GeV	706  GeV
(10)	0.2	0.6	0.2	$684  \mathrm{GeV}$	677  GeV
(11)	0.2	0.8	0.0	653  GeV	633  GeV
(12)	0.4	0.0	0.6	744  GeV	742  GeV
(13)	0.4	0.2	0.4	$701  \mathrm{GeV}$	694  GeV
(14)	0.4	0.4	0.2	677  GeV	660  GeV
(15)	0.4	0.6	0.0	636  GeV	$595  {\rm GeV}$
(16)	0.6	0.0	0.4	$699  \mathrm{GeV}$	$692  \mathrm{GeV}$
(17)	0.6	0.2	0.2	$677  \mathrm{GeV}$	655  GeV
(18)	0.6	0.4	0.0	$645  {\rm GeV}$	592  GeV
(19)	0.8	0.0	0.2	687  GeV	670  GeV
(20)	0.8	0.2	0.0	$675  \mathrm{GeV}$	632  GeV
(21) Full $bW$	1.0	0.0	0.0	$698  \mathrm{GeV}$	$678  \mathrm{GeV}$

Mass limits on vector-like T (charge 2/3) quarks with all channels

• Figure: assuming 100% branching fraction to tZ BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tZ) = 100%, BF(T  $\rightarrow$  bW) = BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tH) = 0%



Mass limits on vector-like T (charge 2/3) quarks with all channels

• Figure: assuming 100% branching fraction to tH BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tH) = 100%, BF(T  $\rightarrow$  bW) = BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tZ) = 0%



Mass limits on vector-like T (charge 2/3) quarks with all channels

• Figure: assuming 100% branching fraction to bW BF(T  $\rightarrow$  bW) = 100%, BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tH) = BF(T  $\rightarrow$  tZ) = 0%



#### Number of selected events (OS1)

Sample	$\mu\mu$	$\mathrm{e}\mu$	ee	Sum
Signal:				
Tprime500 BWTZ	$2.52\pm0.28$	$3.50\pm0.33$	$1.47\pm0.19$	$7.49 \pm 0.59$
Tprime500 TZTZ	$0.44 \pm 0.13$	$0.50\pm0.13$	$0.27\pm0.10$	$1.21 \pm 0.22$
Tprime500 THTZ	$0.02\pm0.02$	$0.39\pm0.20$	$0.20\pm0.14$	$0.62\pm0.25$
Tprime500 THTH	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.00\pm0.00$
Tprime500 BWTH	$3.98\pm0.61$	$5.38 \pm 0.73$	$2.50\pm0.48$	$11.86 \pm 1.20$
Tprime500 BWBW	$13.66\pm1.07$	$22.63 \pm 1.60$	$10.39\pm0.86$	$46.68\pm3.06$
Summed Signal (Nominal BR):				16.66
Tprime800 BWTZ	$0.19\pm0.02$	$0.39 \pm 0.03$	$0.19\pm0.02$	$0.78\pm0.06$
Tprime800 TZTZ	$0.05\pm0.01$	$0.07\pm0.01$	$0.03\pm0.01$	$0.15 \pm 0.02$
Tprime800 THTZ	$0.03\pm0.01$	$0.04\pm0.01$	$0.03\pm0.01$	$0.10\pm0.02$
Tprime800 THTH	$0.04 \pm 0.02$	$0.08\pm0.02$	$0.01\pm0.01$	$0.13 \pm 0.03$
Tprime800 BWTH	$0.41\pm0.04$	$0.56\pm0.05$	$0.25 \pm 0.03$	$1.22\pm0.09$
Tprime800 BWBW	$1.28\pm0.08$	$2.11\pm0.13$	$0.88\pm0.06$	$4.27 \pm 0.26$
Summed Signal (Nominal BR):				1.60
Backgrounds:				
TTbar	$0.69\pm0.69$	$3.00 \pm 1.39$	$1.50\pm1.08$	$5.19 \pm 1.95$
SingleTop	$0.99 \pm 0.73$	$1.05\pm0.77$	$0.51 \pm 0.52$	$2.54\pm1.25$
DrellYan	$6.64 \pm 1.99$	$0.00\pm0.00$	$3.03\pm0.91$	$9.67 \pm 2.90$
Total Background	$8.31 \pm 2.23$	$4.04 \pm 1.59$	$5.05 \pm 1.50$	$17.40 \pm 3.71$
Data	7.00	6.00	7.00	20.00

## Signal efficiency (OS1)

t' Mass	Decay channel						
	bWtZ	tZtZ	tHtZ	tHtH	bWtH	bWbW	
$500  {\rm GeV}$	$0.067 \pm 0.004$	$0.011 \pm 0.002$	$0.006 \pm 0.002$	$0.000 \pm 0.000$	$0.106 \pm 0.009$	$0.418 \pm 0.012$	
$600  {\rm GeV}$	$0.132 \pm 0.007$	$0.016 \pm 0.003$	$0.015 \pm 0.004$	$0.009 \pm 0.003$	$0.179 \pm 0.012$	$0.742 \pm 0.016$	
$700  {\rm GeV}$	$0.165 \pm 0.008$	$0.030 \pm 0.003$	$0.017 \pm 0.003$	$0.011 \pm 0.003$	$0.271 \pm 0.014$	$0.974 \pm 0.018$	
$800  {\rm GeV}$	$0.191 \pm 0.008$	$0.036 \pm 0.004$	$0.024 \pm 0.004$	$0.032 \pm 0.004$	$0.299 \pm 0.015$	$1.048 \pm 0.018$	
$900  {\rm GeV}$	$0.221 \pm 0.007$	$0.049 \pm 0.004$	$0.036 \pm 0.003$	$0.031 \pm 0.005$	$0.328 \pm 0.011$	$1.116 \pm 0.020$	
$1000~{\rm GeV}$	$0.230 \pm 0.009$	$0.051 \pm 0.004$	$0.044 \pm 0.004$	$0.043 \pm 0.006$	$0.326 \pm 0.011$	$1.150 \pm 0.019$	
$1100~{\rm GeV}$	$0.225 \pm 0.009$	$0.055 \pm 0.004$	$0.055 \pm 0.004$	$0.038 \pm 0.006$	$0.339 \pm 0.011$	$1.151 \pm 0.019$	
$1200~{\rm GeV}$	$0.238 \pm 0.009$	$0.059 \pm 0.004$	$0.051 \pm 0.004$	$0.048 \pm 0.006$	$0.345 \pm 0.011$	$1.155 \pm 0.020$	
$1300~{\rm GeV}$	$0.217 \pm 0.009$	$0.061 \pm 0.005$	$0.057 \pm 0.004$	$0.057 \pm 0.006$	$0.343 \pm 0.011$	$1.106 \pm 0.019$	
$1400~{\rm GeV}$	$0.223 \pm 0.006$	$0.062 \pm 0.005$	$0.064 \pm 0.005$	$0.056 \pm 0.007$	$0.318 \pm 0.011$	$1.065 \pm 0.013$	
$1500~{\rm GeV}$	$0.219 \pm 0.006$	$0.069 \pm 0.005$	$0.068 \pm 0.003$	$0.048 \pm 0.006$	$0.290 \pm 0.010$	$1.174 \pm 0.019$	

#### Number of selected events (OS2)

Sample	$\mu\mu$	$\mathrm{e}\mu$	ee	Sum
Signal:				
Tprime500 BWTZ	$19.98 \pm 1.35$	$8.70 \pm 0.66$	$11.83\pm0.85$	$40.51 \pm 2.58$
Tprime500 TZTZ	$43.74 \pm 2.89$	$13.94\pm1.07$	$27.86\pm1.92$	$85.54 \pm 5.40$
Tprime500 THTZ	$33.44 \pm 2.66$	$13.94 \pm 1.40$	$23.87\pm2.06$	$71.25 \pm 4.98$
Tprime500 THTH	$15.55 \pm 1.72$	$17.91 \pm 1.86$	$10.29\pm1.45$	$43.75 \pm 3.61$
Tprime500 BWTH	$7.51\pm0.98$	$12.18 \pm 1.33$	$4.94 \pm 0.74$	$24.64 \pm 2.15$
Tprime500 BWBW	$1.94\pm0.28$	$3.43 \pm 0.39$	$2.04 \pm 0.30$	$7.41 \pm 0.67$
Summed Signal (Nominal BR):				35.13
Tprime800 BWTZ	$1.22\pm0.08$	$0.53\pm0.04$	$0.74\pm0.05$	$2.49\pm0.16$
Tprime800 TZTZ	$3.14\pm0.20$	$1.05\pm0.07$	$2.10\pm0.14$	$6.30\pm0.39$
Tprime800 THTZ	$2.40\pm0.17$	$1.26\pm0.10$	$1.51\pm0.11$	$5.17 \pm 0.33$
Tprime800 THTH	$1.15\pm0.10$	$1.96\pm0.15$	$0.64 \pm 0.07$	$3.76\pm0.26$
Tprime800 BWTH	$0.57 \pm 0.06$	$0.91 \pm 0.08$	$0.42 \pm 0.05$	$1.90\pm0.14$
Tprime800 BWBW	$0.12 \pm 0.01$	$0.20\pm0.02$	$0.09\pm0.01$	$0.41 \pm 0.03$
Summed Signal (Nominal BR) :				2.48
Backgrounds:				
TTbar	$26.63\pm5.17$	$39.48 \pm 6.93$	$13.54 \pm 3.26$	$79.65 \pm 11.89$
SingleTop	$0.97\pm0.71$	$1.03\pm0.63$	$0.00\pm0.00$	$2.00\pm0.99$
DrellYan	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.00\pm0.00$	$2.47 \pm 1.90$	$2.47 \pm 1.90$
Total Background	$27.59 \pm 5.22$	$40.51 \pm 6.96$	$16.02 \pm 3.77$	$84.12 \pm 12.08$
Data	33.00	37.00	16.00	86.00

### Signal efficiency (OS2)

t' Mass			Decay	channel		
	bWtZ	tZtZ	tHtZ	tHtH	bWtH	bWbW
$500  {\rm GeV}$	$0.362 \pm 0.008$	$0.765 \pm 0.016$	$0.637 \pm 0.022$	$0.391 \pm 0.018$	$0.220 \pm 0.012$	$0.066 \pm 0.005$
$600  {\rm GeV}$	$0.554 \pm 0.013$	$1.293 \pm 0.021$	$1.002 \pm 0.029$	$0.727 \pm 0.025$	$0.349 \pm 0.015$	$0.084 \pm 0.005$
$700  {\rm GeV}$	$0.602 \pm 0.014$	$1.483 \pm 0.020$	$1.246 \pm 0.029$	$0.972 \pm 0.028$	$0.449 \pm 0.017$	$0.092 \pm 0.006$
$800  {\rm GeV}$	$0.612 \pm 0.015$	$1.545 \pm 0.023$	$1.269 \pm 0.029$	$0.922 \pm 0.028$	$0.466\pm0.017$	$0.101 \pm 0.005$
$900~{\rm GeV}$	$0.575 \pm 0.011$	$1.512 \pm 0.023$	$1.262 \pm 0.020$	$0.999 \pm 0.028$	$0.480 \pm 0.012$	$0.105 \pm 0.006$
$1000~{\rm GeV}$	$0.506 \pm 0.013$	$1.372 \pm 0.021$	$1.219 \pm 0.019$	$0.885 \pm 0.027$	$0.463 \pm 0.012$	$0.095 \pm 0.006$
$1100~{\rm GeV}$	$0.469 \pm 0.013$	$1.241 \pm 0.021$	$1.151 \pm 0.019$	$0.821 \pm 0.026$	$0.422 \pm 0.011$	$0.097 \pm 0.006$
$1200 { m GeV}$	$0.402 \pm 0.012$	$1.200 \pm 0.019$	$0.966 \pm 0.017$	$0.698 \pm 0.024$	$0.372 \pm 0.010$	$0.088 \pm 0.005$
$1300~{\rm GeV}$	$0.387 \pm 0.011$	$1.019 \pm 0.019$	$0.874 \pm 0.016$	$0.626 \pm 0.021$	$0.323 \pm 0.010$	$0.083 \pm 0.005$
$1400~{\rm GeV}$	$0.323 \pm 0.007$	$0.880 \pm 0.017$	$0.809 \pm 0.016$	$0.566 \pm 0.021$	$0.296 \pm 0.009$	$0.074 \pm 0.003$
$1500~{\rm GeV}$	$0.301 \pm 0.007$	$0.773 \pm 0.015$	$0.690 \pm 0.009$	$0.518 \pm 0.021$	$0.269 \pm 0.009$	$0.052 \pm 0.004$

#### Number of selected events (same-sign dilepton)

Sample	$\mu\mu$	$\mathrm{e}\mu$	ee	Sum
Signal:				
Tprime500 BWTZ	$5.85\pm0.50$	$9.55\pm0.70$	$4.64\pm0.40$	$20.04 \pm 1.35$
Tprime500 TZTZ	$12.06\pm0.96$	$20.21 \pm 1.46$	$9.11 \pm 0.77$	$41.38 \pm 2.74$
Tprime500 THTZ	$10.63 \pm 1.17$	$22.47 \pm 1.99$	$8.51 \pm 1.00$	$41.62\pm3.17$
Tprime500 THTH	$13.57\pm1.59$	$22.31 \pm 2.23$	$9.66 \pm 1.32$	$45.55 \pm 3.73$
Tprime500 BWTH	$5.89 \pm 0.85$	$12.98\pm1.44$	$3.68\pm0.64$	$22.56\pm2.06$
Summed Signal (Nominal BR) :				21.31
Tprime800 BWTZ	$0.28\pm0.03$	$0.50\pm0.04$	$0.25\pm0.02$	$1.03\pm0.07$
Tprime800 TZTZ	$0.53\pm0.04$	$0.99\pm0.07$	$0.46 \pm 0.04$	$1.98\pm0.13$
Tprime800 THTZ	$0.48 \pm 0.05$	$0.90\pm0.08$	$0.46 \pm 0.05$	$1.85\pm0.13$
Tprime800 THTH	$0.68\pm0.07$	$1.01\pm0.09$	$0.52\pm0.06$	$2.21\pm0.17$
Tprime800 BWTH	$0.35\pm0.04$	$0.55\pm0.06$	$0.21\pm0.03$	$1.12\pm0.09$
Summed Signal (Nominal BR) :				1.03
Backgrounds:				
WW	$0.08\pm0.06$	$0.38\pm0.22$	$0.07\pm0.06$	$0.53\pm0.29$
WZ	$0.09\pm0.03$	$0.22\pm0.06$	$0.04\pm0.02$	$0.34\pm0.08$
ZZ	$0.01\pm0.00$	$0.01\pm0.00$	$0.01\pm0.00$	$0.03\pm0.00$
TTW	$1.97\pm0.66$	$2.84 \pm 0.94$	$0.94\pm0.33$	$5.75 \pm 1.87$
WWW	$0.03\pm0.02$	$0.09\pm0.05$	$0.01\pm 0.01$	$0.13\pm0.07$
$\mathrm{TTZ}$	$0.65\pm0.35$	$0.91\pm0.47$	$0.27\pm0.15$	$1.83\pm0.93$
ChargeMisID	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.01\pm0.00$
Total Prompt MC	$2.84 \pm 0.75$	$4.45 \pm 1.08$	$1.33\pm0.37$	$8.62 \pm 2.12$
Non-Prompt	$1.25\pm1.01$	$4.81 \pm 2.68$	$1.85 \pm 1.14$	$7.91 \pm 4.26$
Total Background	$4.09 \pm 1.26$	$9.26 \pm 2.89$	$3.19 \pm 1.20$	$16.53 \pm 4.75$
Data	8.00	8.00	2.00	18.00

#### Signal efficiency (same-sign dilepton)

t' Mass			Decay of	channel		
	bWtZ	tZtZ	tHtZ	tHtH	bWtH	bWbW
$500 { m GeV}$	$0.179 \pm 0.006$	$0.370 \pm 0.011$	$0.372 \pm 0.017$	$0.408 \pm 0.018$	$0.202 \pm 0.011$	$0.001 \pm 0.000$
$600~{\rm GeV}$	$0.230 \pm 0.009$	$0.435 \pm 0.012$	$0.404 \pm 0.019$	$0.467 \pm 0.020$	$0.241 \pm 0.012$	$0.002 \pm 0.001$
$700~{\rm GeV}$	$0.262 \pm 0.009$	$0.458 \pm 0.012$	$0.456 \pm 0.017$	$0.527 \pm 0.021$	$0.282 \pm 0.013$	$0.001 \pm 0.001$
$800 { m GeV}$	$0.253 \pm 0.009$	$0.486 \pm 0.013$	$0.453 \pm 0.017$	$0.543 \pm 0.020$	$0.275 \pm 0.013$	$0.004 \pm 0.001$
$900~{\rm GeV}$	$0.252 \pm 0.007$	$0.455 \pm 0.013$	$0.447 \pm 0.012$	$0.580 \pm 0.021$	$0.265 \pm 0.009$	$0.001 \pm 0.001$
$1000 { m ~GeV}$	$0.246 \pm 0.009$	$0.446 \pm 0.012$	$0.399 \pm 0.011$	$0.507 \pm 0.020$	$0.245 \pm 0.008$	$0.000 \pm 0.000$
$1100 { m ~GeV}$	$0.235 \pm 0.009$	$0.427 \pm 0.012$	$0.394 \pm 0.011$	$0.450 \pm 0.019$	$0.228 \pm 0.008$	$0.002 \pm 0.001$
$1200 { m GeV}$	$0.206 \pm 0.009$	$0.408 \pm 0.011$	$0.369 \pm 0.011$	$0.364 \pm 0.018$	$0.208 \pm 0.008$	$0.002 \pm 0.001$
$1300~{\rm GeV}$	$0.199 \pm 0.008$	$0.388 \pm 0.012$	$0.342 \pm 0.010$	$0.353 \pm 0.016$	$0.192 \pm 0.007$	$0.003 \pm 0.001$
$1400~{\rm GeV}$	$0.188 \pm 0.006$	$0.359 \pm 0.011$	$0.303 \pm 0.010$	$0.313 \pm 0.016$	$0.158 \pm 0.007$	$0.001 \pm 0.000$
$1500~{\rm GeV}$	$0.182 \pm 0.005$	$0.311 \pm 0.010$	$0.287 \pm 0.006$	$0.299 \pm 0.015$	$0.171 \pm 0.007$	$0.001 \pm 0.001$

#### Number of selected events (trilepton)

Sample	$\mu\mu\mu$	$e\mu\mu$ or $ee\mu$	eee	Sum
Signal:				
Tprime500 BWTZ	$11.46\pm0.83$	$15.89 \pm 1.10$	$5.08\pm0.44$	$32.44 \pm 2.10$
Tprime500 TZTZ	$23.84 \pm 1.69$	$36.02\pm2.42$	$11.71\pm0.94$	$71.57 \pm 4.56$
Tprime500 THTZ	$10.72\pm1.15$	$22.95 \pm 1.98$	$4.77\pm0.68$	$38.43 \pm 2.94$
Tprime500 THTH	$2.99\pm0.69$	$6.57 \pm 1.03$	$1.05\pm0.43$	$10.61\pm1.39$
Tprime500 BWTH	$1.27\pm0.39$	$2.80\pm0.55$	$0.31\pm0.18$	$4.38\pm0.73$
Summed Signal (Nominal BR):				19.14
Tprime800 BWTZ	$0.74\pm0.05$	$1.11\pm0.08$	$0.37\pm0.03$	$2.22\pm0.14$
Tprime800 TZTZ	$1.49\pm0.10$	$2.43\pm0.16$	$0.79\pm0.06$	$4.72\pm0.29$
Tprime800 THTZ	$0.72\pm0.06$	$1.41\pm0.11$	$0.45\pm0.04$	$2.57\pm0.18$
Tprime800 THTH	$0.15\pm0.03$	$0.42\pm0.05$	$0.10\pm0.02$	$0.67\pm0.07$
Tprime800 BWTH	$0.08\pm0.02$	$0.19\pm0.03$	$0.03 \pm 0.01$	$0.30\pm0.04$
Summed Signal (Nominal BR):				1.29
Backgrounds:				
TTWW	$0.01\pm0.01$	$0.03\pm0.02$	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.05\pm0.03$
TTW	$0.03\pm0.03$	$0.22\pm0.10$	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.25\pm0.11$
TTZ	$0.54 \pm 0.29$	$0.95\pm0.49$	$0.35\pm0.19$	$1.84\pm0.94$
WW	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.00\pm0.00$
WZ	$0.12\pm0.07$	$0.26\pm0.14$	$0.02\pm0.02$	$0.40\pm0.21$
ZZ	$0.02\pm0.00$	$0.03\pm0.01$	$0.01\pm0.00$	$0.07\pm0.01$
Tri-bosons	$0.03\pm0.02$	$0.04\pm0.03$	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.08\pm0.04$
ZG	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.00\pm0.00$
Total Prompt MC	$0.76\pm0.30$	$1.54\pm0.52$	$0.39\pm0.19$	$2.69 \pm 0.97$
Non-Prompt	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.99\pm0.90$	$0.00\pm0.00$	$0.99\pm0.90$
Total Background	$0.76\pm0.30$	$2.54 \pm 1.04$	$0.39 \pm 0.19$	$3.69 \pm 1.32$
Data	0.00	0.00	2.00	2.00

### Signal efficiency (trilepton)

t' Mass			Decay cha	nnel		
	bWtZ	tZtZ	tHtZ	tHtH	bWtH	bWbW
$500  {\rm GeV}$	$0.290 \pm 0.008$	$0.640 \pm 0.015$	$0.344 \pm 0.016$	$0.095 \pm 0.009$	$0.039 \pm 0.005$	$0. \pm 0.$
$600~{\rm GeV}$	$0.433 \pm 0.012$	$0.916 \pm 0.018$	$0.510 \pm 0.021$	$0.150 \pm 0.011$	$0.072 \pm 0.006$	$0.\ \pm\ 0.$
$700~{\rm GeV}$	$0.484 \pm 0.013$	$1.046 \pm 0.017$	$0.548 \pm 0.020$	$0.171 \pm 0.012$	$0.064 \pm 0.006$	$0. \pm 0.$
$800~{\rm GeV}$	$0.545 \pm 0.014$	$1.157 \pm 0.020$	$0.631 \pm 0.021$	$0.164 \pm 0.011$	$0.073 \pm 0.006$	$0. \pm 0.$
$900~{\rm GeV}$	$0.566 \pm 0.011$	$1.192 \pm 0.020$	$0.632 \pm 0.015$	$0.188 \pm 0.012$	$0.082 \pm 0.005$	$0. \pm 0.$
$1000~{\rm GeV}$	$0.564 \pm 0.013$	$1.205 \pm 0.020$	$0.639 \pm 0.014$	$0.200 \pm 0.013$	$0.092 \pm 0.005$	$0. \pm 0.$
$1100~{\rm GeV}$	$0.576 \pm 0.014$	$1.184 \pm 0.020$	$0.583 \pm 0.014$	$0.170 \pm 0.012$	$0.087 \pm 0.005$	$0.\ \pm\ 0.$
$1200~{\rm GeV}$	$0.514 \pm 0.013$	$1.171 \pm 0.019$	$0.586 \pm 0.014$	$0.167 \pm 0.011$	$0.091 \pm 0.005$	$0. \pm 0.$
$1300~{\rm GeV}$	$0.501 \pm 0.013$	$1.033 \pm 0.019$	$0.510 \pm 0.013$	$0.210 \pm 0.012$	$0.080 \pm 0.005$	$0.\ \pm\ 0.$
$1400~{\rm GeV}$	$0.458 \pm 0.009$	$0.962 \pm 0.018$	$0.486 \pm 0.013$	$0.142 \pm 0.011$	$0.069 \pm 0.004$	$0. \pm 0.$
$1500~{\rm GeV}$	$0.420 \pm 0.008$	$0.883 \pm 0.016$	$0.447\pm0.008$	$0.158 \pm 0.011$	$0.057 \pm 0.004$	$0.\ \pm\ 0.$

# $H_{\scriptscriptstyle T}$ distribution cross-check

 Expected and observed spectra agree after requirement of same-sign dileptons, Z-boson veto and ≥ 2 jets

