



Comparison of event structures in $W / Z + \text{jets}$ events

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Contents

A faint, light-colored background image of a person holding a large armillary sphere. The person is positioned at the bottom center, and the sphere is held above their head, filling much of the upper half of the slide. The sphere consists of several intersecting rings representing celestial objects.

- 1 Introduction and Motivation
- 2 Studies at Truth Level
- 3 Comparison of event structures on detector level
- 4 Conclusion and Outlook

Introduction and Motivation

→ Measure W +jets cross section

→ especially: ratio $W+0j : W+1j : W+2j : W+3j : W+4j : W+5j$

- use Z +jets as tool to learn more about jet production in W +jets events
- get the ratio of jet multiplicities in W +jets events from ratio in Z +jets events
- **assumption:** $\frac{\text{inclusive } Z}{\text{inclusive } W} = \frac{Z+n\text{jets}}{W+n\text{jets}}$ or $\frac{Z+(n-1)\text{jets}}{W+(n-1)\text{jets}} = \frac{Z+n\text{jets}}{W+n\text{jets}}$
("Multijet production in W, Z events at $p\bar{p}$ colliders", F.A. Berends, W.T. Giele, H. Kuijf, R. Kleiss, W.J. Stirling)
- $\sigma_W = c \cdot \sigma_Z \rightarrow$ event shapes for W and Z events should be compatible!

Long term goal of analysis:

Measure ratio of different jet multiplicities in W +jets event for top analysis

Predictions for W/Z + jets cross section

Used datasets generated with Alpgen/Herwig (note additional cuts!!):

$N_{partons}$	$\sigma_{Z+jets}/\text{pb}$	$\sigma_{W+jets}/\text{pb}$	$\frac{\sigma_{W+jets}}{\sigma_{Z+jets}}$
0	149	1760	11.8
1	138	1650	12.0
2	50.5	587	11.6
3	16.2	177	10.9
4	4.57	49.3	10.8
5	1.69	18.0	10.7

Cuts in these datasets:

- ≥ 1 electron (W)/ 2 electrons (Z) with $p_T \geq 10$ GeV and $|\eta| < 2.7$
- ≥ 1 truth jet (Cone $\Delta R = 0.4$) with $p_T \geq 20$ GeV and $|\eta| < 5.0$

The search for observables

Look for observables with the following features:

- comparable distributions for W and Z
- (as much different from top as possible)

Main differences expected because of **mass difference** and **neutrino** \longleftrightarrow **electron**

Start with observables, which

- are based on jets
- do not depend on decay products of vector bosons

differences also expected from:

- additional graphs in Z production
- different flavour content for heavy flavours

Studies on TRUTH level

First step:

Are event structures in W/Z+jets events compatible at truth level?

- Electrons are reconstructed as jets
- Overlap removal (electron,jet) on truth level not optimal for this analysis
- One electron less in W+jets events than in Z+jets events

→ count **neutrino** from W decay **as an additional jet**

(it's truth level ;-))

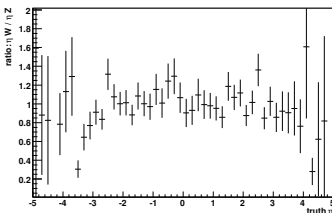
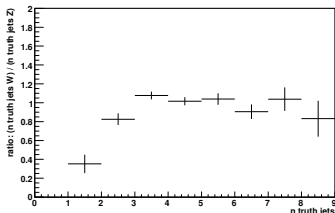
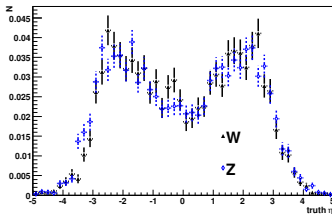
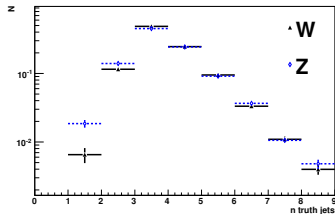
Cut on truth jets:

- $p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta| < 2.5$

TRUTH: η of W/Z and N_{jets}

Top: Distributions of **W** and **Z** superimposed (both normalized to 1)

Bottom: Distribution W / Distribution Z

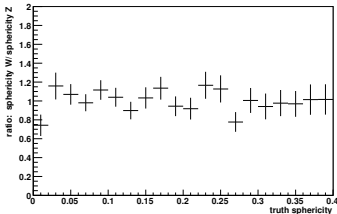
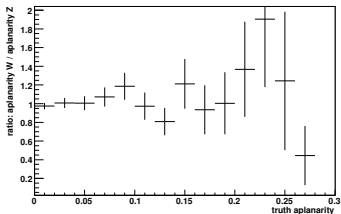
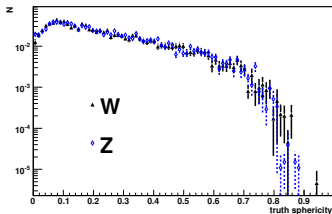
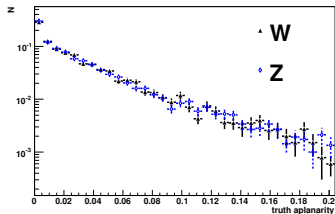


Deviations in N_{jets} in small jet bins arising from cuts in MC?

TRUTH: Aplanarity ($= \frac{3}{2}\lambda_3$) and Sphericity ($= \frac{3}{2}(\lambda_2 + \lambda_3)$)

Top: Distributions of **W** and **Z** superimposed (both normalized to 1)

Bottom: Distribution W / Distribution Z



Good agreement between W and Z!

Studies on detector level

Truth level looks good, now proceed to detector level!

still one electron more in Z events!

→ overlap removal (jet,electron) important

→ twice the electron reconstruction efficiency for Z events

→ **important**: all leptons have to be reconstructed!

- require exactly 1 electron in W+jets events
- require exactly 2 electrons in Z+jets events

different constraints for W and Z events:

- **ν from W**
 - ▶ can fly wherever it likes to
- **corresponding e from Z**
 - ▶ has to be inside certain η range to be reconstructed
 - ▶ is rejected if too close to another object (e.g. jet)

Event Selection

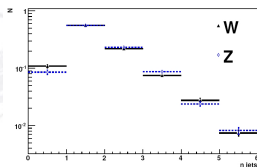
Find the “best” event selection!

Find a way to replace the 2nd electron in Z events by the missing E_T in W+jets (and top events) (**to do!**)

Try different cuts on jets besides required reconstruction of leptons:

≥ 4 jets with $|\eta| < 2.5$ and

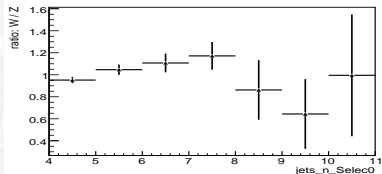
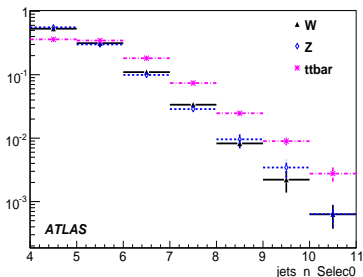
- “Selec0”: 20/20/20/20 GeV
- “Selec1”: 40/40/30/20 GeV
- “Selec2”: 40/40/40/20 GeV



	Selec0/%	Selec1/%	Selec2/%
ttbar	11.6	10.2	8.3
W+jets	3.9	2.8	2.0
Z+jets	3.1	2.2	1.6

Number of reconstructed jets

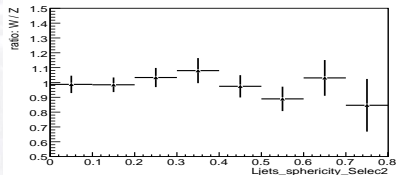
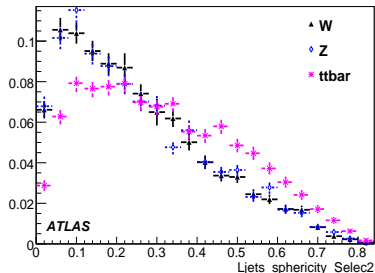
- first thing to do:
check if jet multiplicities agree
for W / Z events for ≥ 4 jets
- cut improves agreement
- deviations,
slope in ratio visible
- reason?
cuts? statistics? physics?



Sphericity I - Distributions and ratio of distributions

$$\text{Sphericity} = \frac{3}{2}(\lambda_2 + \lambda_3)$$

- compare sphericity distributions of W+jets, Z+jets and top
- all distribution normalized to 1
- plot ratio: distribution of W+jets divided by Z+jets
- ratio is 1 if W/Z+jets are compatible



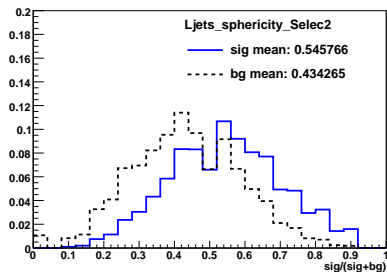
Sphericity II - Add-on: Separate top events from W events

- compare distribution of top events to W+jets events
- calculate a “One Variable Likelihood”:
- scan through distributions and fill a histogram with:

$$N_{sig}, N_{bg} \text{ against } \frac{N_{sig}}{N_{sig} + N_{bg}}$$

Calculate separation power:

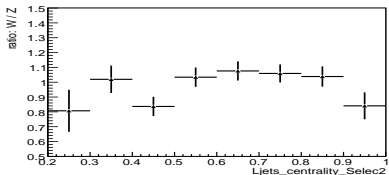
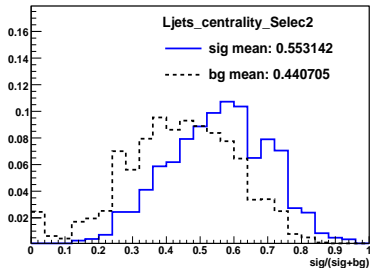
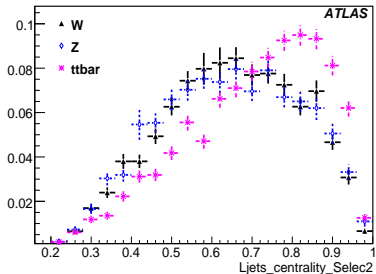
$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_y \frac{(sig(y) - bg(y))^2}{sig(y) + bg(y)}$$



Separation power: 0.131

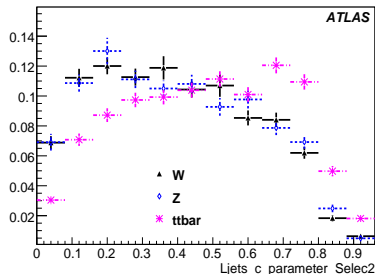
$$\text{Centrality} = H_T / H_E = \sum_{jet=1}^4 E_T(jet) / \sum_{jet=1}^4 E(jet)$$

Separation power: 0.119

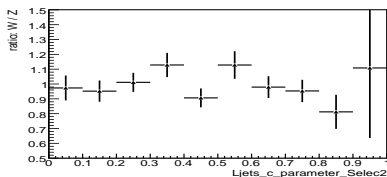
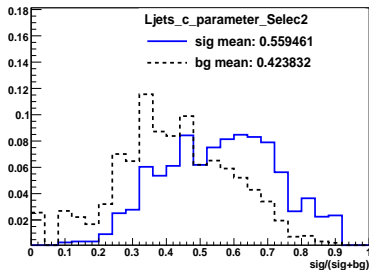


- good agreement of W and Z
- good separation power

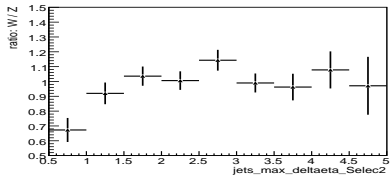
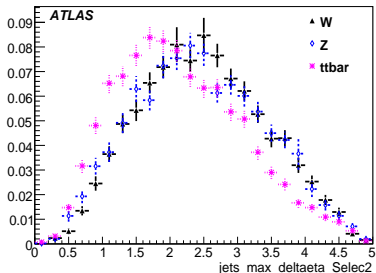
$$C \text{ Parameter} = 3(\lambda_1\lambda_2 + \lambda_1\lambda_3 + \lambda_2\lambda_3)$$



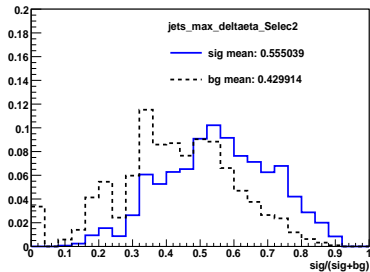
Separation power: 0.152



- good agreement of W and Z
- good separation power



Separation power: 0.140



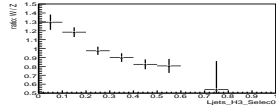
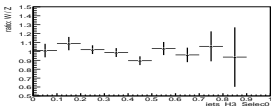
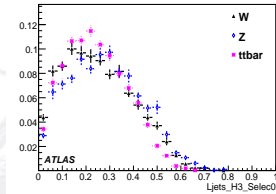
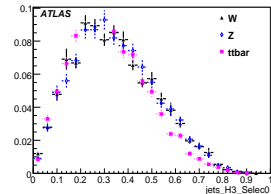
- deviations between W and Z:
statistical?

Fox-Wolfram-Moment No 3

$$H_l = \sum_{i,j} \frac{|\vec{p}_i||\vec{p}_j|P_l(\hat{p}_i\hat{p}_j)}{(\sum_{i,j}|\vec{p}_i|)^2}, P_l = \text{Legendre-Polynome}$$

Laboratory frame:

Rest frame:



Shapes of W/Z+ jets get different after boost to rest frame! Why??

Conclusion & Outlook

idea $\sigma_Z \rightarrow \sigma_W$ could work!

considered observables show good agreement!

- understand the cause of (small) differences between $W / Z + \text{jets}$ events
- use alternative generators (SHERPA)
- include $W(Z) \rightarrow \mu\nu(\mu\mu)$

Optimize event selections in view of biases and Xsection:

- 2nd lepton in $Z \rightarrow ee$ events \iff neutrino in $W \rightarrow e\nu$ events
- measure $W + \text{jets}$ background for top analysis
→ cuts should be similar to top event selection
but of course should not reject $Z + \text{jets}$

BACKUP



Fox-Wolfram-Moments:

$$H_l = \sum_{i,j} |\vec{p}_i| |\vec{p}_j| P_l(\hat{p}_i \hat{p}_j) / (\sum_{i,j} |\vec{p}_i|)^2, P_l = \text{Legendre-Polynome}$$

$$H_T = \sum_{jet=1}^4 E_T(jet)$$

$$H_T^3 = H_T - E_T(jet1) - E_T(jet2)$$

$$\text{centrality} = H_T / H_E = \sum_{jet=1}^4 E_T(jet) / \sum_{jet=1}^4 E(jet)$$

Momentum Tensor:

$$M_{ij} = \frac{\sum_{jet=1}^4 p_i^{jet} p_j^{jet}}{\sum_{jet=1}^4 |p^{jet}|^2} \quad (\lambda_i = \text{Eigenvalues of } M)$$

$$\text{sphericity} = \frac{3}{2}(\lambda_2 + \lambda_3)$$

$$\text{aplanarity} = \frac{3}{2}\lambda_3$$

$$\text{circularity} = 2 \frac{\min(\lambda_1, \lambda_2)}{\lambda_1 + \lambda_2}$$

$$\text{c parameter} = 3(\lambda_1 \lambda_2 + \lambda_1 \lambda_3 + \lambda_2 \lambda_3)$$

$$\text{d parameter} = 27(\lambda_1 \lambda_2 \lambda_3)$$