

RG-improved fully differential predictions for top-pair production

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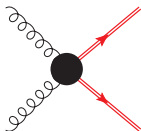
LHC Physics Discussion: **top**

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Differential top-pair production

- measurements of differential cross-sections $\rightarrow$ test theory predictions
- LHC:
- deal with **reconstructed** quantities since top quarks decay, $t \rightarrow W^+ b$
 - cut-based analyses with **leptons-jets- $\cancel{E}_T$** in final state (non-inclusive)



Stable tops:

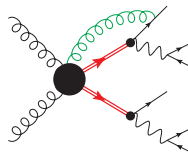
$$\sim d\sigma^{\text{NNLO}} \quad [\text{Czakon, Fiedler, Mitov - soon}]$$

$$\checkmark \sigma_{\text{total}}^{\text{NNLO+NNLL}} \quad [\text{Bärnreuther, Czakon, Fiedler, Mitov}]$$

$$\checkmark \frac{d\sigma^{\text{NLO+NNLL}}}{dM_{tt} d\cos\theta}, \quad \frac{d\sigma^{\text{NLO+NNLL}}}{dp_T dy}$$

[Kidonakis, Laenen, Moch, Vogt, ...; DIFFTOP: Guzzi, Lipka, Moch

Ahrens, Ferroglia, Neubert, Pecjak, Yang]



Unstable tops:

$$\checkmark d\sigma^{\text{NLO}}: \text{ production and decay in NWA}$$

[Bernreuther et al.; Melnikov, Schulze; Campbell, Ellis]

$$\checkmark d\sigma^{\text{NLO}}: \text{ offshell} \quad [\text{Bevilacqua et al; Denner et al;}$$

Falgari et al.; Frederix; Cascioli et al., Heinrich et al.]

Is it possible to improve fixed-order, fully differential NLO predictions for unstable top-quarks, without computing $W^+ W^- b \bar{b}$ @ NNLO?

Improvement of $t\bar{t}$ via RGEs

RG improvement:

- RGEs provide access to a class of contributions from higher orders in perturbation theory using knowledge of **lower orders**
 - terms proportional to singular distributions, P_n , and some constants
- these can **capture** the important contributions from higher orders (?)
- RGEs → approx-NNLO predictions for (stable) $t\bar{t}$
 - $M_{t\bar{t}}$ & p_T distributions known in both QCD & SCET (PIM & 1PI)

Idea:

- 'improve' the weights of events using approx.-NNLO corrections
- use these to study **arbitrary** experimentally **relevant** distributions (i.e. not just $p_T(t)$, $M(t\bar{t})$...)

Outcomes:

- generalize approx-NNLO corrections of [Ahrens et al (SCET)] for use in a fully-differential parton-level Monte Carlo (**including decay of tops**)
 - study **universality** of soft-gluon approximations/resummations
 - hope to obtain important NNLO corrections of $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t} \rightarrow W^+ b W^- \bar{b}$ (in production subprocess)

Pair-invariant mass (PIM) & one-particle inclusive (1PI) kinematics

$$\textbf{PIM: } h_1(P_1) + h_2(P_2) \rightarrow (\textcolor{red}{t} + \textcolor{red}{\bar{t}})(\textcolor{blue}{p}_t + \textcolor{blue}{p}_{\bar{t}}) + X(p_X)$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\textcolor{blue}{M}_{t\bar{t}} d\textcolor{blue}{\cos}\theta} \sim \sum_{i,j} \int_{\tau}^1 \frac{dz}{z} \int_{\tau/z}^1 \frac{dx}{x} f_{i/h_1}(x, \mu_F) f_{j/h_2}(\tau/(zx), \mu_F) \left(\text{Tr} [\mathbf{H}_{ij} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{ij}^{\text{PIM}}] + \mathcal{O}(1-z) \right)$$

- soft-gluon limit: $z = M_{t\bar{t}}/\hat{s} = (p_t + p_{\bar{t}})^2/\hat{s} \rightarrow 1$
- plus-distributions: $P_n(z) = \left[\frac{\log^n(1-z)}{1-z} \right]_+ \in \mathbf{S}_{ij}^{\text{PIM}}$

$$\textbf{1PI: } h_1(P_1) + h_2(P_2) \rightarrow \textcolor{red}{t}(\textcolor{blue}{p}_t) + (\textcolor{red}{\bar{t}} + X)(\textcolor{blue}{p}_{\bar{t}} + p_X)$$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\textcolor{blue}{p}_T d\textcolor{blue}{y}} \sim \sum_{i,j} \int_{x_1^{\min}}^1 \frac{dx_1}{x_1} \int_{x_2^{\min}}^1 \frac{dx_2}{x_2} f_{i/h_1}(x_1, \mu_F) f_{j/h_1}(x_2, \mu_F) \left(\text{Tr} [\mathbf{H}_{ij} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{ij}^{\text{1PI}}] + \mathcal{O}(s_4) \right)$$

- soft-gluon limit: $s_4 = (p_{\bar{t}} + p_X)^2 - m_t^2 \rightarrow 0$
- plus-distributions: $P_n(s_4) = \left[\frac{1}{s_4} \log^n \left(\frac{s_4}{m_t^2} \right) \right]_+ \in \mathbf{S}_{ij}^{\text{1PI}}$

[QCD: Kidonakis, Laenen, Moch, Smith, Sterman, Vogt ... '97-] [SCET: Ahrens, Ferroglia, Neubert, Pecjak, Yang '10, '11]

Obtaining approximate (N)NLO contributions

1. Hard function, $\mathbf{H}_{ij}$ (new):

- computed 1-loop **modified** hard function [using helicity amplitudes of Badger et al '10]
- tops are decayed (fixed-order, in NWA), semi-leptonically ($t \rightarrow l^+ \nu_l b$)
- production/decay amplitudes sowed together using spinor-helicity methods

2. Soft functions: $\mathbf{S}_{ij}$ & RGEs

- 1-loop $\mathbf{S}_{ij}^{\text{PIM}}$ and $\mathbf{S}_{ij}^{1\text{PI}}$ and structure of RGEs [Ferroglia et al. '09, Ahrens et al '10, '11] unchanged by decay
- obtain **approximate** N(N)LO contributions by setting $\mu_h = \mu_s = \mu_F$ equal and expanding solutions to α_s (α_s^2) $\rightarrow$ **coefficients** of plus-distributions

$$\left[\mathbf{H}_{ij} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{ij}^{\text{PIM}} \right]^{(2)} \sim \sum_{m=0}^3 D_m^{(2)}(M_{t\bar{t}}, \cos \theta, \mu_F) P_m + C_0^{(2)}(M_{t\bar{t}}, \cos \theta, \mu_F) \delta + R^{(2)}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{H}_{ij}^{(1)} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{ij}^{(1)}: \text{include fully} \\ \mathbf{H}_{ij}^{(0)} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{ij}^{(2)}: \text{include partially} \\ \mathbf{H}_{ij}^{(2)} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{ij}^{(0)}: \text{don't include} \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{obtain } D_{0,1,2,3}^{(2)} \text{ completely} \\ \text{obtain } C_0^{(2)} \text{ only partially} \end{array}$$

Monte Carlo integration

Inclusively:

$$\mathbf{H}_{ij} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{ij} \sim \sum_{m=0}^{2n-1} D_m^n(M_{t\bar{t}}, \cos \theta, \mu_F) P_n + C_0^n(M_{t\bar{t}}, \cos \theta, \mu_F) \delta + R^n$$

Restore explicit dependence on outgoing particle momenta, $\{p_i\}$:

$$\rightarrow \sum_{m=0}^{2n-1} D_{m,ij}^n(\{p_i\}, \mu_F) P_n + C_0^n(\{p_i\}, \mu_F) \delta + R^n$$

Monte-Carlo phase-space integrator:

- generate phase-space (momentum-configurations) $\{p_i\}$
- evaluate approximate contributions using $\{p_i\} \rightarrow$ weights
- bin weights according to observables constructed from final-state momenta
- phase-space numerical:
 - choose to make same approximations in phase-space as in [Ahrens et al.]
 - different implementations would differ by formally sub-leading terms

RG-improved predictions

notation: 'n' = approx-N

Study **nLO** and **nNLO** compared with standard **NLO**

$$d\sigma_{\text{full}}^{\text{nLO}} = (\Gamma_t^{\text{NLO}})^{-2} \left\{ \left(d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{(0)} + d\tilde{\sigma}_{t\bar{t}}^{(1)} \right) \otimes d\Gamma_{t \rightarrow l^+ \nu_l b}^{(0)} \otimes d\Gamma_{\bar{t} \rightarrow l^- \bar{\nu}_l \bar{b}}^{(0)} \right. \\ \left. + d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{(0)} \otimes d\Gamma_{t \rightarrow l^+ \nu_l b}^{(1)} \otimes d\Gamma_{\bar{t} \rightarrow l^- \bar{\nu}_l \bar{b}}^{(0)} \right. \\ \left. + d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{(0)} \otimes d\Gamma_{t \rightarrow l^+ \nu_l b}^{(0)} \otimes d\Gamma_{\bar{t} \rightarrow l^- \bar{\nu}_l \bar{b}}^{(1)} \right\}$$

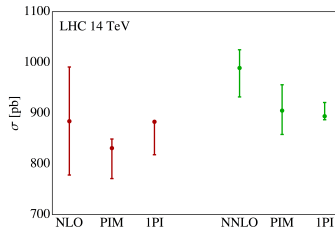
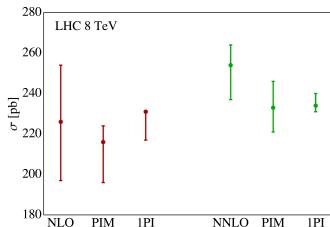
$$d\sigma_{\text{full}}^{\text{NLO}} = (\Gamma_t^{\text{NLO}})^{-2} \left\{ \left(d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{(0)} + d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{(1)} \right) \otimes d\Gamma_{t \rightarrow l^+ \nu_l b}^{(0)} \otimes d\Gamma_{\bar{t} \rightarrow l^- \bar{\nu}_l \bar{b}}^{(0)} \right. \\ \left. + \text{decay corrections as for } d\sigma_{\text{full}}^{\text{nLO}} \right\}$$

$$d\sigma_{\text{full}}^{\text{nNLO}} = (\Gamma_t^{\text{NLO}})^{-2} \left\{ \left(d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{(0)} + d\sigma_{t\bar{t}}^{(1)} + d\tilde{\sigma}_{t\bar{t}}^{(2)} \right) \otimes d\Gamma_{t \rightarrow l^+ \nu_l b}^{(0)} \otimes d\Gamma_{\bar{t} \rightarrow l^- \bar{\nu}_l \bar{b}}^{(0)} \right. \\ \left. + \text{decay corrections as for } d\sigma_{\text{full}}^{\text{nLO}} \right\}$$

- production part succesively improved: $\text{nLO} \rightarrow \text{NLO} \rightarrow \text{nNLO}$
- top decay@NLO (except for checks/validation, where decay@LO)

Validation: inclusive cross-section

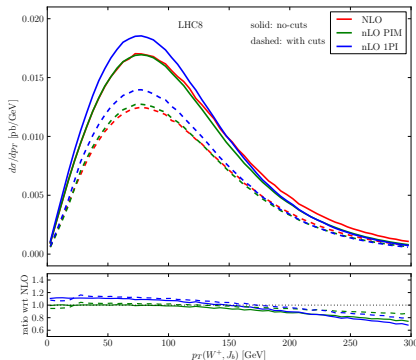
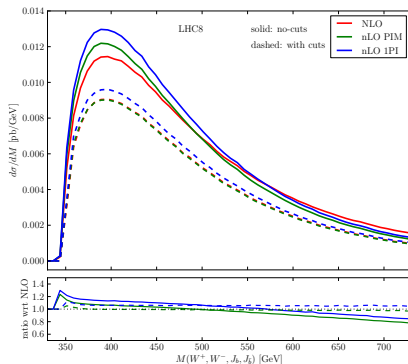
- compare $\sigma^{n(N)LO}$ with $\sigma^{(N)NLO}$ [top++; Czakon,Mitov] $\mu_F = \mu_R \in \{m_t/2, m_t, 2m_t\}$
MSTW08 PDFs
- separately for PIM & 1PI



- n(N)LO approximations reasonable, but central values a bit **low** for nNLO
- (incomplete) overlap of uncertainty bands (worse for Tevatron)
- Recall: at NNLO we **do not** include any parts of $\mathbf{H}_{ij}^{(2)} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{ij}^{(0)}$ and some parts of $\mathbf{H}_{ij}^{(0)} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{ij}^{(2)}$ (whereas at NLO we have all relevant pieces)

Validation: differential cross-section & 'universality' decay@LO

- compare **nLO-PIM**, **nLO-1PI** with **NLO** for p_T and $M_{t\bar{t}}$ distributions
- 'tops' reconstructed: $p(t) = p(J_b) + p(l^+) + p(\nu_l)$
- solid = no cuts, dashed = with generic cuts

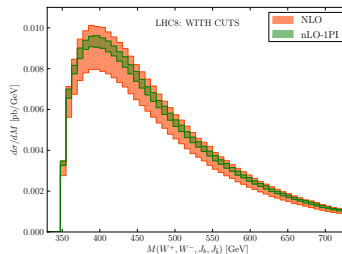
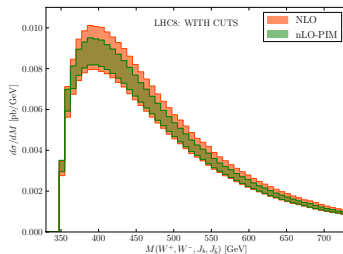


- 'wrong' approximation gives reasonable results (PIM for p_T & 1PI for $M_{t\bar{t}}$)
 - PIM does "better" than 1PI (even for p_T !?)
 - approximations seem to improve with cuts
- } **generic feature**

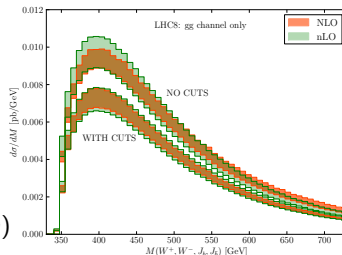
Validation: uncertainties

decay@LO

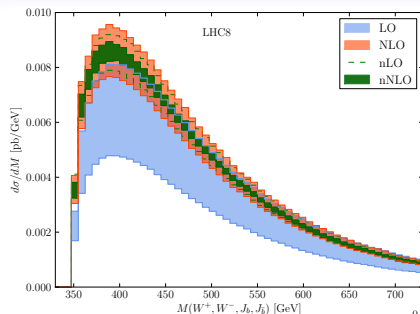
- compare scale uncertainty bands of **nLO-PIM** and **nLO-1PI** with **NLO**



- PIM** or **1PI** separately clearly underestimate **NLO** scale-uncertainties
- channel-by-channel envelope of **scale-uncert** and **{PIM, 1PI}** overestimates uncertainty
- overestimation to some extent compensates for missing channels (qg not included in nLO)



Generic LHC8 cut-based analysis: $m_{t\bar{t}}$ and $p_T(t)$ decay@NLO



Cut-based analysis:

$$p_T(J_{b/\bar{b}}) > 15 \text{ GeV}$$

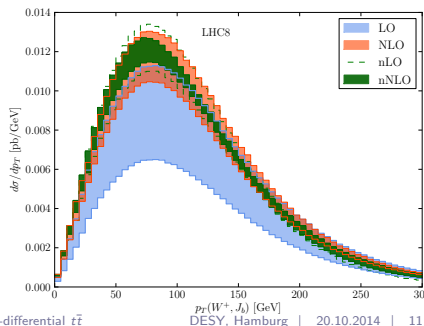
$$E_T(l^\pm) > 15 \text{ GeV}, \cancel{E}_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$$

$$M(W^+, W^-, J_b, J_{\bar{b}}) > 350 \text{ GeV}$$

$$k_t\text{-clustering algorithm, } R = 0.7$$

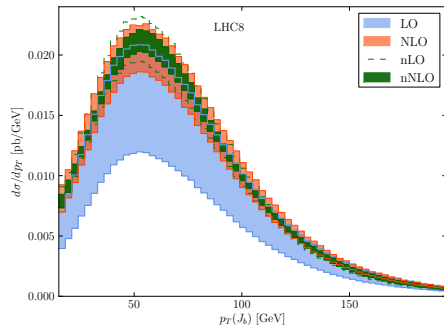
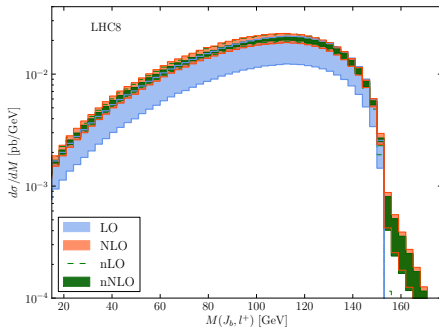
Assess quality of approximation by comparing nLO to full NLO

- ✓ nLO bands are close to those of full NLO
- ✓ Good perturbative behaviour
- Uncertainty bands roughly halved



Generic LHC8 cut-based analysis: other observables decay@NLO

Monte Carlo framework allows us to look at other observables constructed from final-state lepton and jet momenta: e.g. $M(J_b, l^+)$ and $p_T(J_b)$



- obviously care is required and sensible observables must be picked.
- better prediction: fully-differential $W^+W^-b\bar{b}$ @NNLO (unavailable)
- reasonable uncertainty estimate provided

Conclusions & Outlook

Conclusions:

- generalised PIM and 1PI approx-(N)NLO kernels, adding top decay (NWA)
- fully-differential parton-level Monte Carlo code with **nNLO $t\bar{t}$ production** and **NLO top decay** ($t \rightarrow l^+ \nu_l b$)
- features of resummation seem **robust** under exchange of PIM $\leftrightarrow$ 1PI (!)
- empirical evidence suggests nLO approximates NLO rather well (for arbitrary observables & non-inclusive setups)
- for **realistic theory error**: must take envelope {PIM, 1PI}

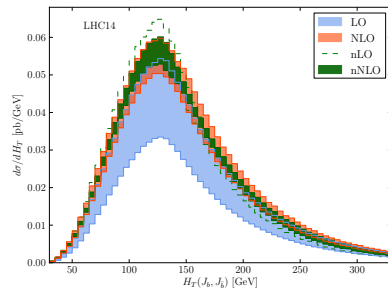
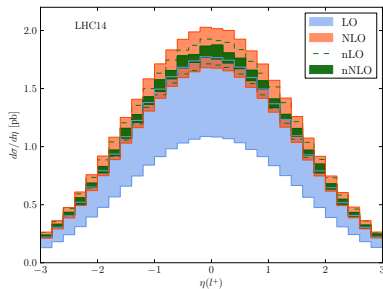
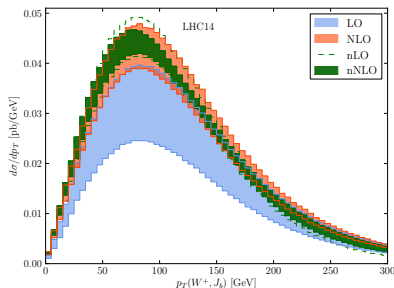
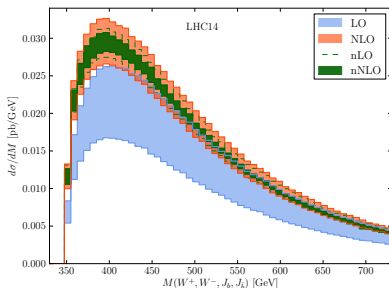
Outlook/Improvements:

- comparison with $d\sigma^{\text{NNLO}}$ [Czakon,Fiedler,Mitov - soon] (understand sub-leading)
- production **incomplete**: currently miss $\mathbf{H}_{ij}^{(2)} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{ij}^{(0)}$ and finite parts of $\mathbf{H}_{ij}^{(0)} \cdot \mathbf{S}_{ij}^{(2)}$ (need 2-loop virtuals with spin-info, 2-loop soft-functions)
- at the moment have a **mismatch** in corrections to production/decay
→ add NNLO decay correction [Gao, Li, Zhu '12, Brucherseifer, Caola, Melnikov '13]
- relax on-shell assumption using ET framework [Falgari, AP, Signer '13]

Backup slides

Generic LHC14 cut-based analysis

decay@NLO



Validation: differential: $M(J_b, l^+), p_T(J_b)$

decay@LO

