A multi-PMT module for IceCube GenTwo

ERLANGEN CENTRE FOR ASTROPARTICLE PHYSICS

Lew Classen, Alexander Kappes, Uli Katz HAP Workshop Aachen, 10.12.2014

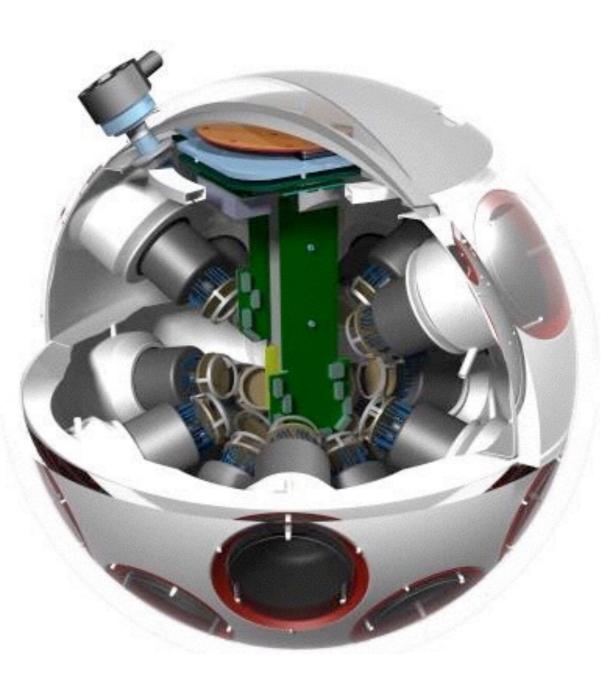






Multi-PMT OMs: Concept advantages

- Increased photocathode area at ≤ price per photocathode area
- 4π angular acceptance
- Directional sensitivity
- Single photon counting
- Background suppression with local coincidences
- No magnetic shielding needed



KM3NeT DOM



mDOM: Adaptation for the use in the deep ice

Reusable components from KM3NeT

- PMTs
- PMT base

Adaption / new development

- Pressure vessel
- PMT holders + reflectors
- Signal processing
- Interface to IceCube DAQ





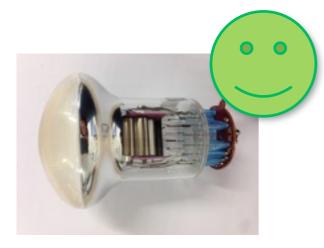
mDOM features

- Pressure vessel:
 - 14" diameter
 - rated for 700 bar
- 24× 3" PMTs (Hamamatsu R12199-02)
- 2× effective area of standard IceCube DOM
- Full 4π coverage
- Effective PMT saturation level: ~5000 p.e.
- Data readout (base concept)
 - time-over-threshold for each PMT
 - summed analog signal





PMT characteristics



Hamamatsu R12199 \emptyset = 80 mm

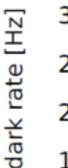
KM3NeT requirements	
quantum efficiency @ 470 nm	> 20%
transit time spread (σ, FWHM)	< 2 ns, < 4.6 ns
gain	> 2 · 10 ⁶
supply voltage	< 1400 V
dark count rate @ 15°C	< 1.5 kHz
peak to valley ratio	> 3
length	< 120 mm
power consumption incl. base	< 4 mW
ETEL D792KFL Ø = 86 mm	

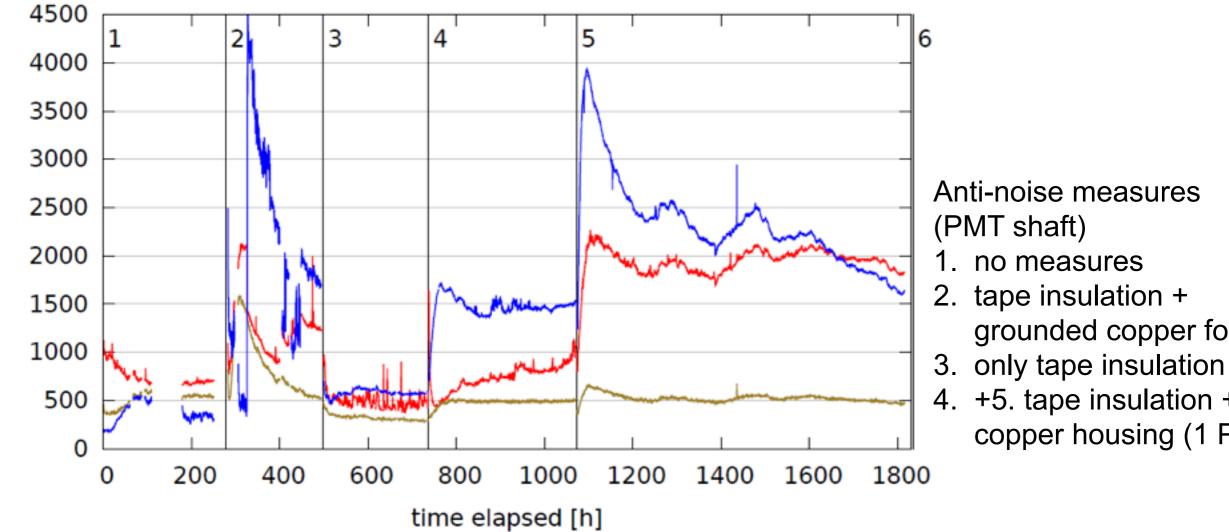


Hamamatsu R12199-02: Dark rate measurements I

Setup:

- 3 different PMTs with voltage divider base (cathode @ -1100 V)
- Threshold: 30 mV (with 10× amplifier)
- PMTs mounted in foam holding structure







grounded copper foil

+5. tape insulation +

copper housing (1 PMT)





Hamamatsu R12199-02: Dark rates II

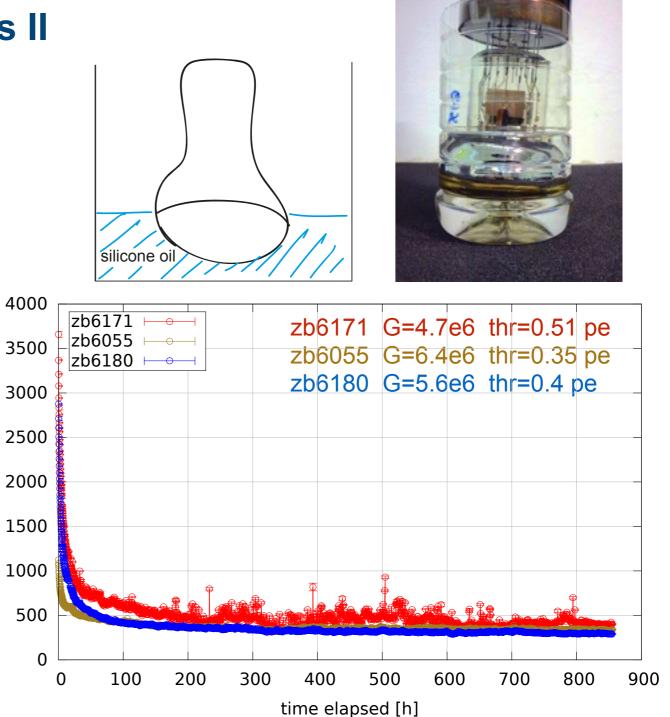
Changed setup

 photocathode part of PMT in silicone oil (same electrical properties as optical gel)

Long-term dark rates

- 500 700 Hz @20°C (dominated by thermal emission)
- @ -30°C
 - thermal emission: factor 2 decrease every ~6°C → factor ~300
 - field effects dominate → measurements in climate chamber beginning next year

dark rate [Hz]

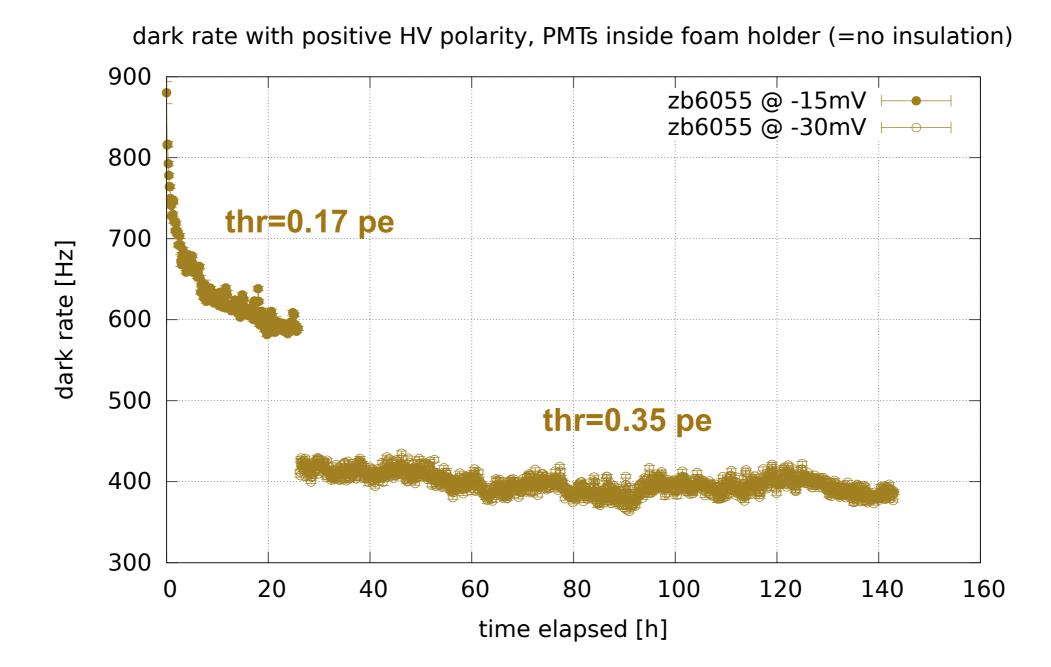


Ivren/Classen 2014



Hamamatsu R12199-02: Dark rates III

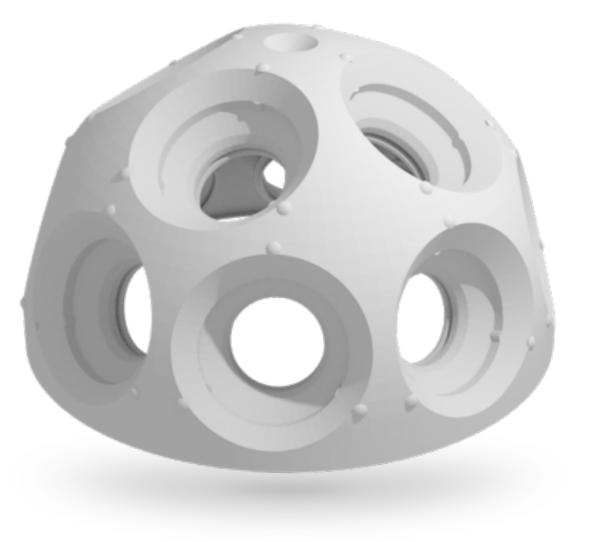
First measurement with reversed polarity (cathode @ 0 V, foam holding structure)





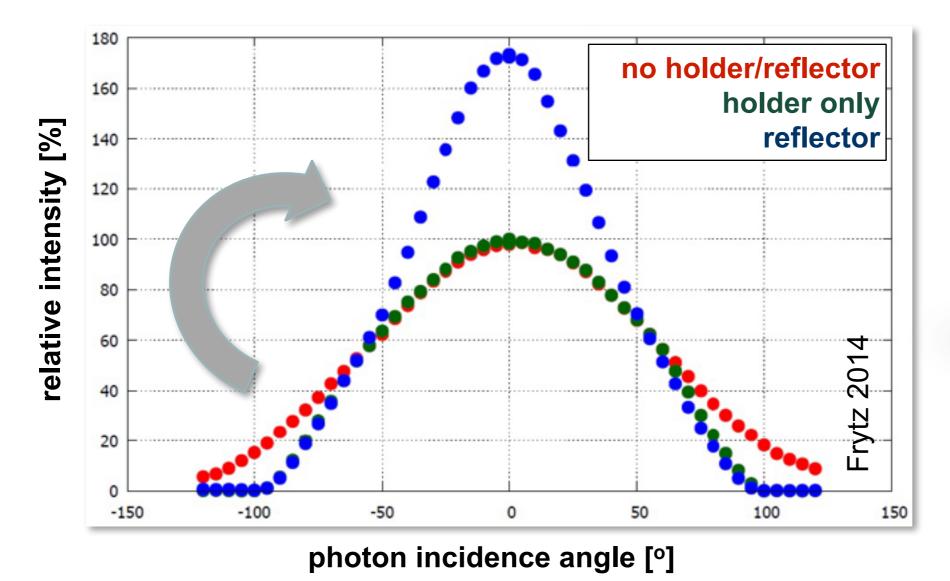
PMT holding structure

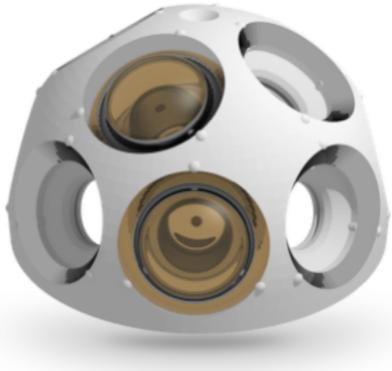
- Produced via laser sintering (type of 3D-printing) (first prototype delivered)
- Takes up 12 PMTs (4 + 8)
- Tube for pouring of optical gel
- Allows for mounting of reflective cones





Effect of reflectors





- Holding structure reduces amount of gel needed (screening recovered by reflectors)
- Reflectors increase directionality significantly (30% gain in intensity for $|\Phi| < 60^{\circ}$)



Pressure vessel

- Two 14" glass half spheres (borosilicate glass)
- Aluminium cylinder with 5–10 cm height for electronics (similar design used for first AMANDA modules)
 → potential stability/thickness issues

Alternative: cast glass half spheres with few cm cylindrical extension

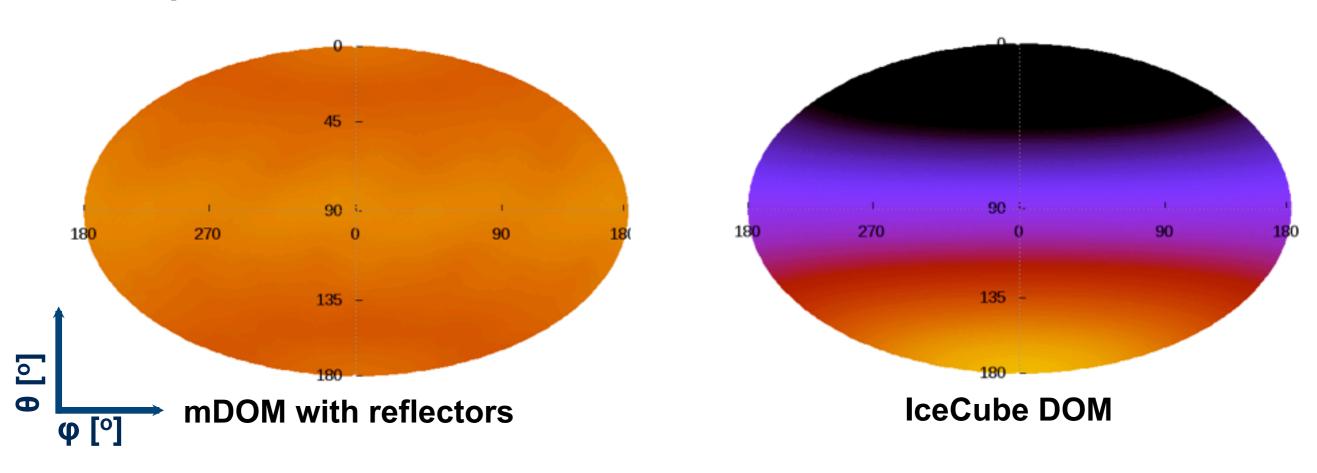
• Connection of parts either via under-pressure or with flanges





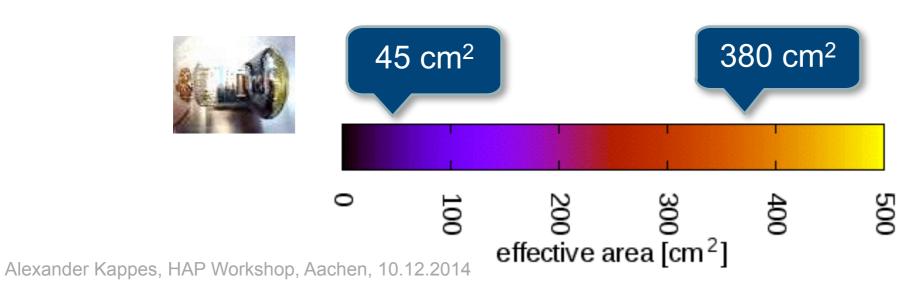
Angular acceptance simulation PMT model Ham R12199-2 optical gel photocathode Ø80±2 Ø72 MIN reflector absorber 98 ± 1.5 glass bulb . (massive) Ø51.9 ± 2 aluminium Geant 4 glass





Acceptance simulation results

Average acceptance: mDOM = 2× DOM

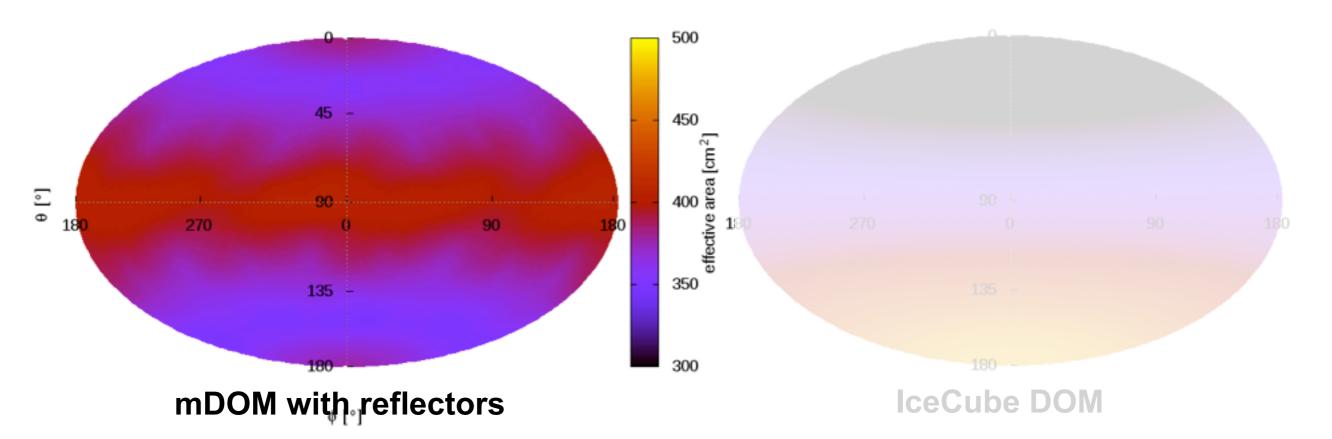




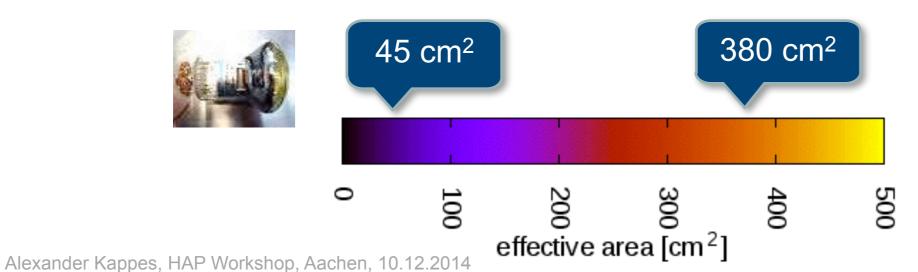
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Acceptance simulation results



Average acceptance: mDOM = 2× DOM





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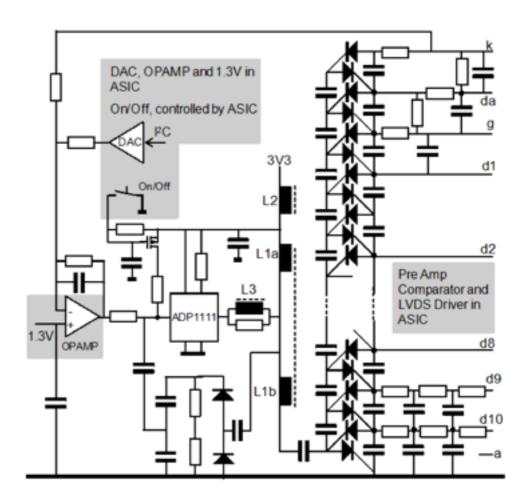
Electronics: PMT base

- High voltage supply
 - HV generation on base (Cockroft-Walton)
 - 3-4 mW power consumption
 - cathode @ ~1100 V; anode @ 0 V
- Signal processing
 - pre-amp + comparator (ToT)
 + LVDS drivers on ASIC
 - power consumption:
 - ToT signal only: ~20 mW
 - ToT + analog signal: ~50 mW (?)
- Voltage + threshold can be set via I2C

Modifications:

- Pre-amp/pulse shaping not optimal
 → probably needs adaption
- Reduction of power consumption of analog part? (first have to check 50 mW)

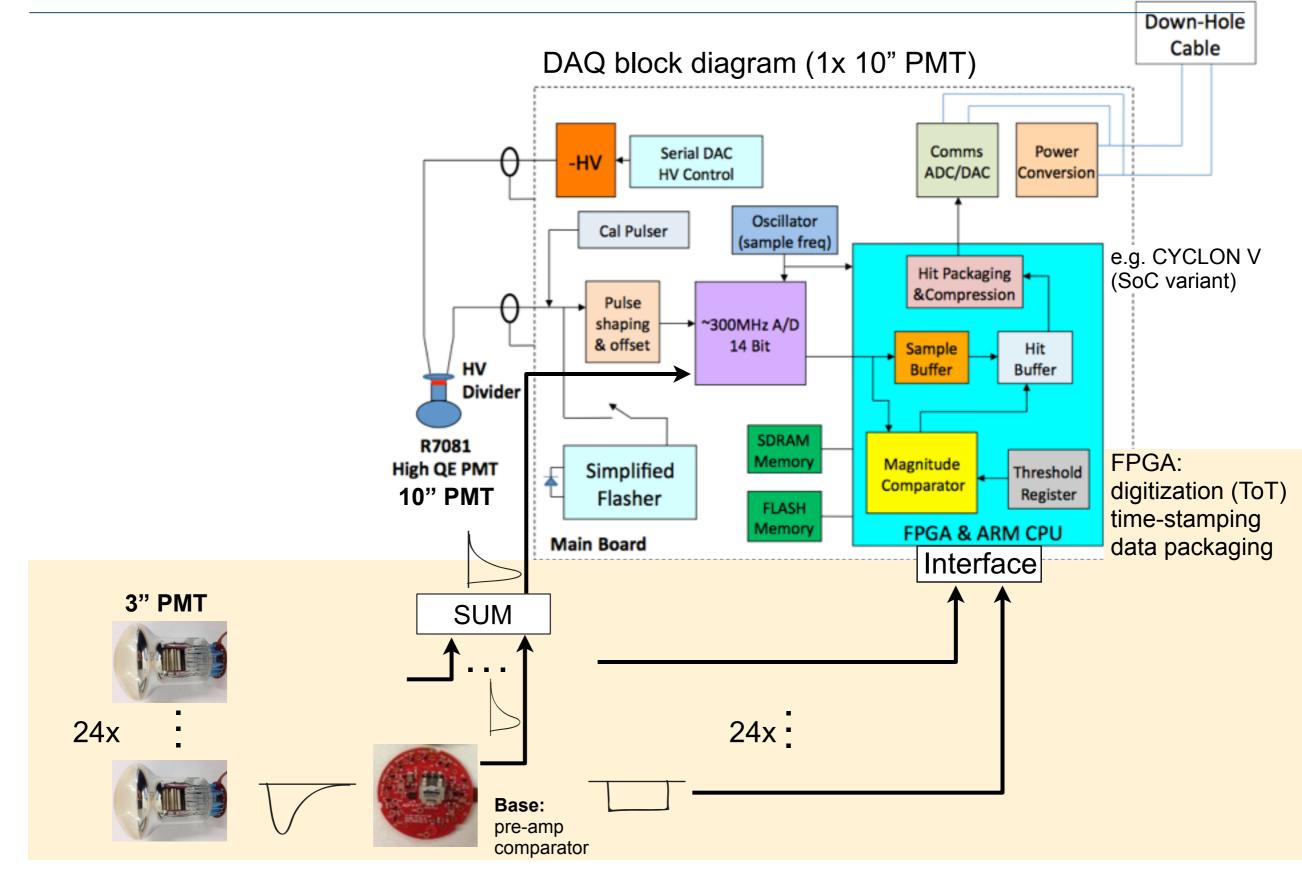




Timmer, 2010 JINST 5 C12049

Electronics: Integration into IceCube DAQ





Alexander Kappes, Occasion, Place, Date



Summary and timeline

- DOM with larger number of small PMTs provides several advantages (increased acceptance, 4π coverage, local coincidences, inherent directionality)
- mDOM design provides
 - 2× average acceptance of IceCube DOM
 - with almost uniform 4π coverage
 - and 24× segmented photocathode area
- Status
 - General mechanical layout close to final
 - PMTs for prototypes selected and available
 - Base: photocathode probably at negative voltage (KM3NeT design) (final decision requires some further measurements)
 - Electronics/integration into IceCube DAQ: major focus during next months

Timeline

- Mechanical prototype within ~6 months
- Prototype of electronics setup until end of 2015



Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung