

Development of a digital acoustic sensor

EnEx – Enceladus Explorer

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Bundesministerium
für Wirtschaft
und Technologie



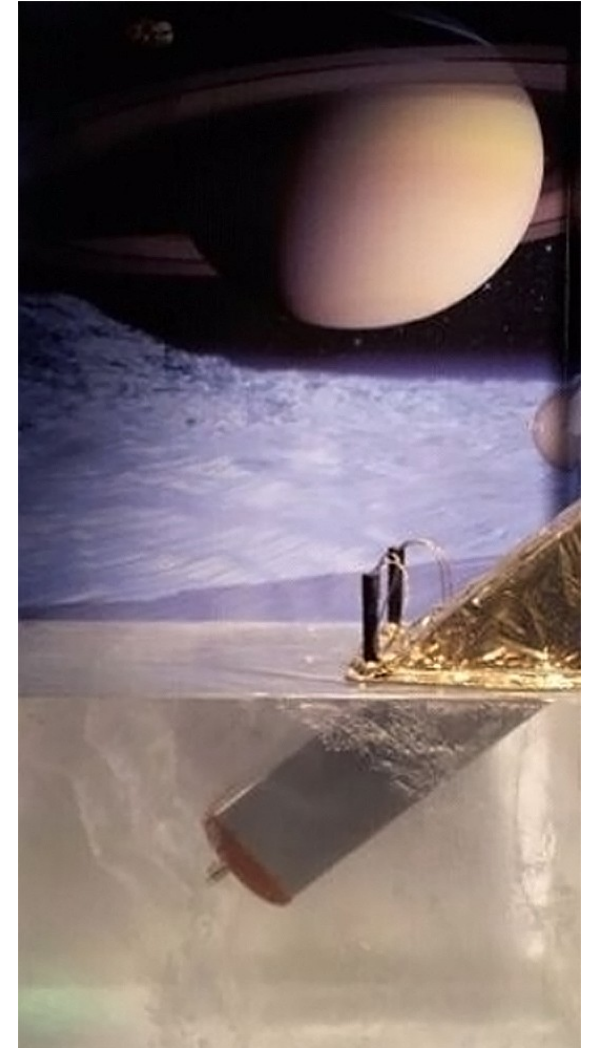
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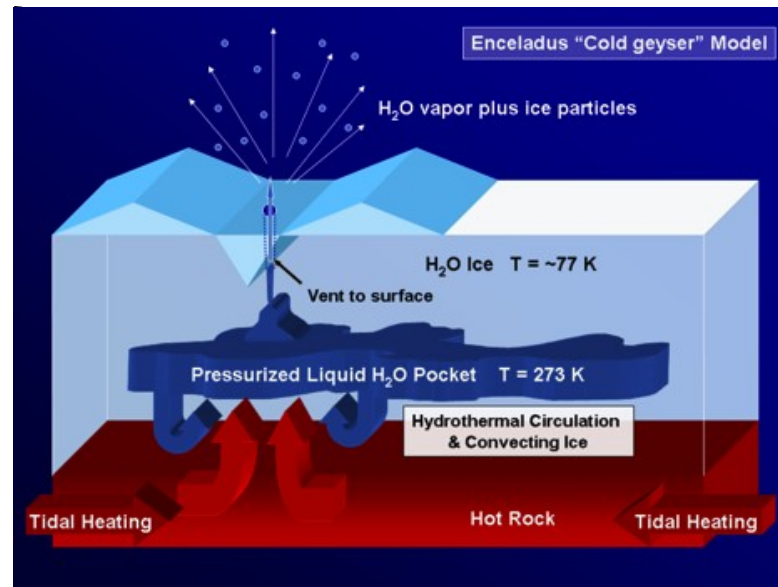
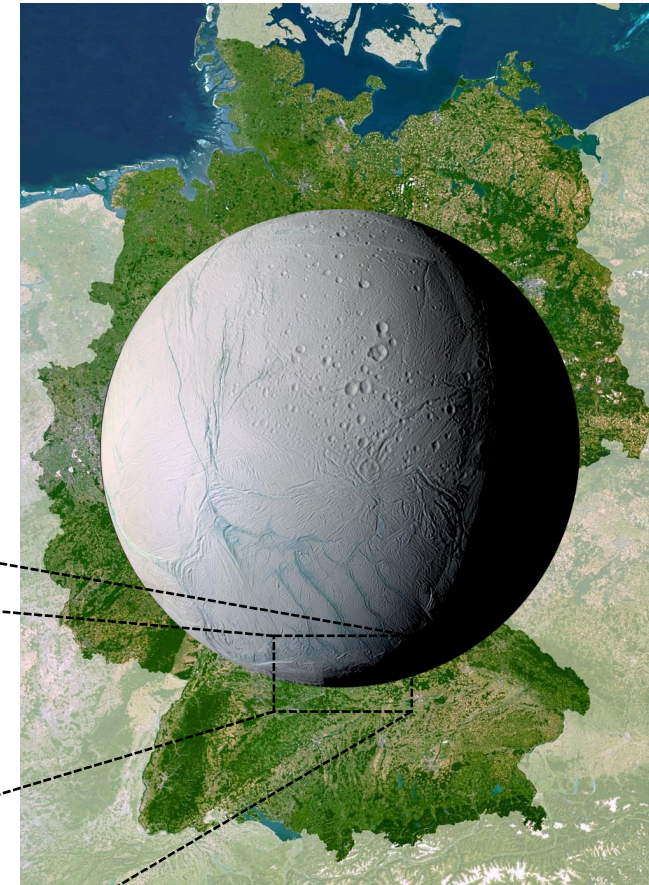
- Search for life on Saturn moon Enceladus
- Acoustic Positioning System
 - Overview
 - Sensor design
 - Software filter
- Future developments: RANGE
- Summary & outlook



Search for life on Saturn moon Enceladus



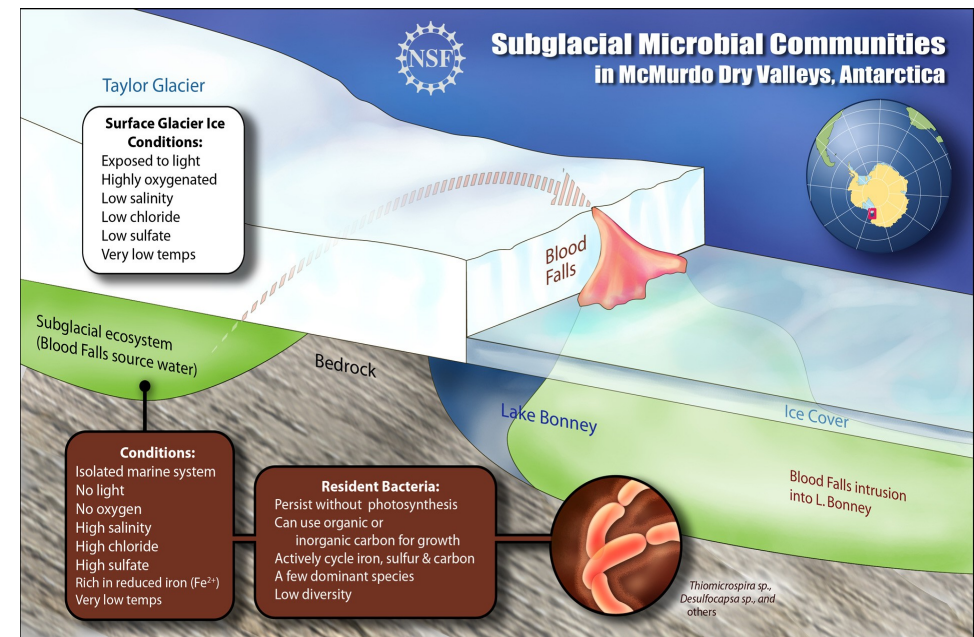
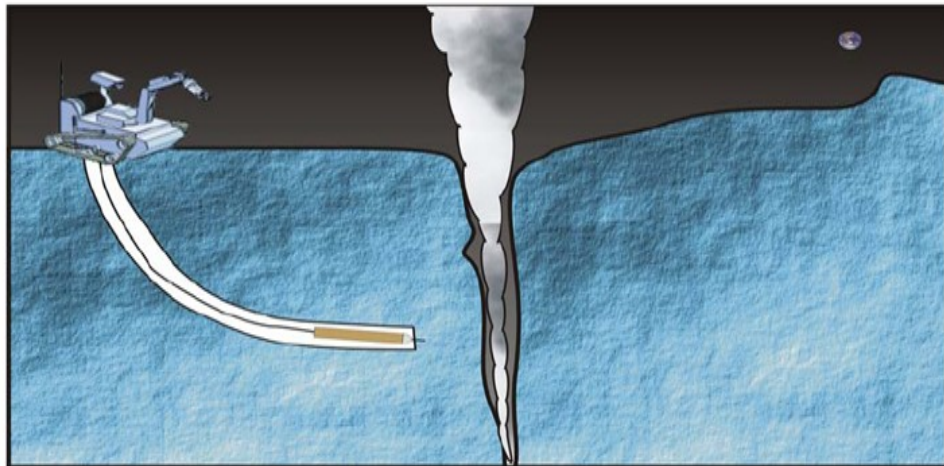
- 500km Diameter
- Covered by an water ice shield
- Cryovolcanic activity in the south polar region
- Organic molecules measured by Cassini
- Evidence for subglacial ocean



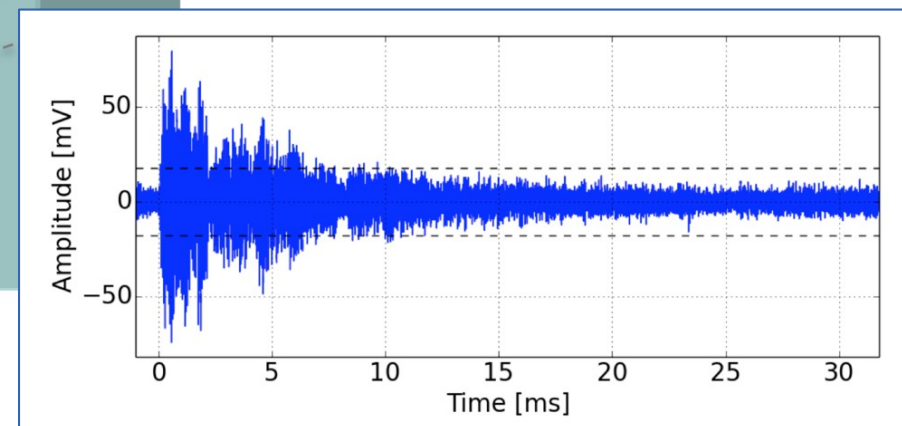
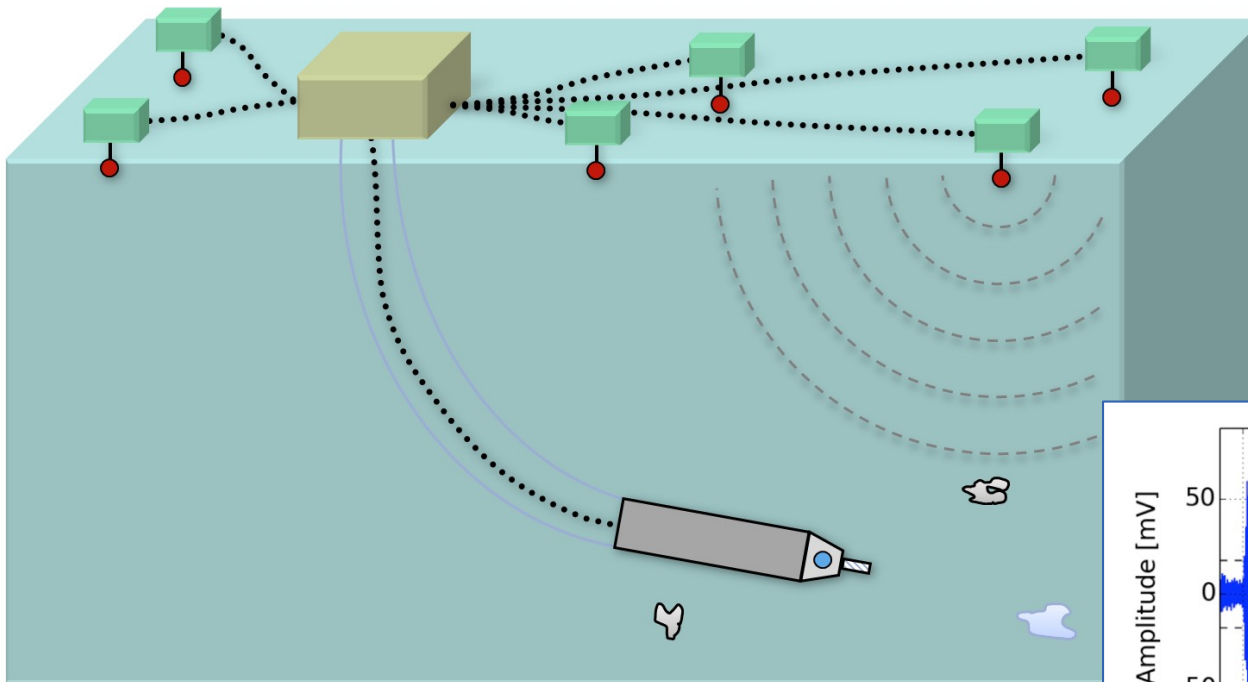
Motivation of the Enceladus Explorer Project (EnEx)



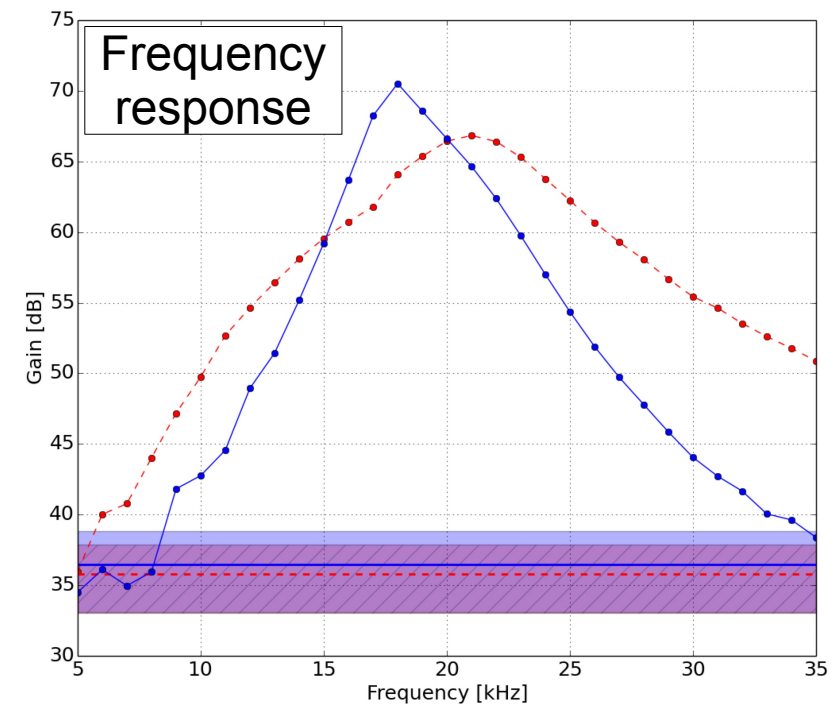
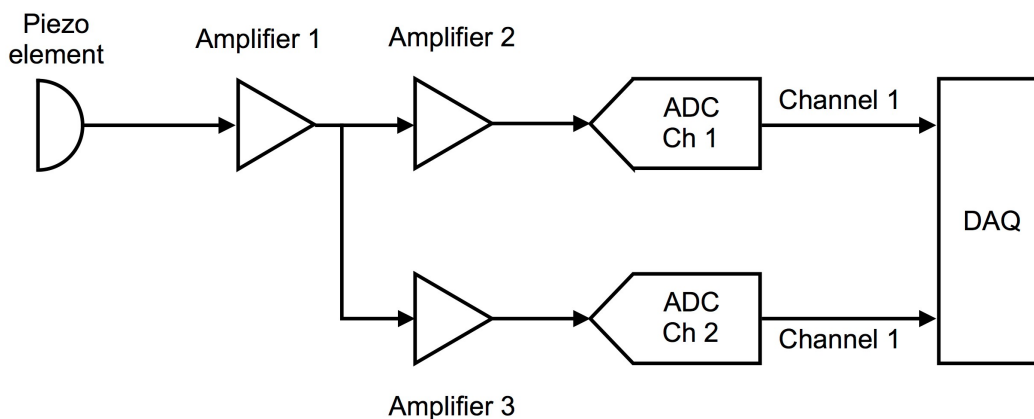
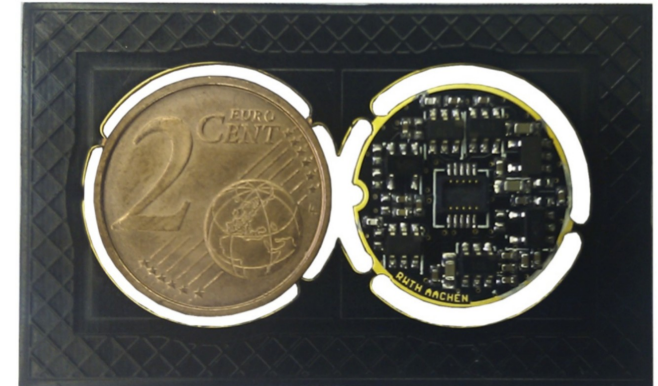
- Search for life: Tip vent and take a liquid sample
- Feasibility study / technology development for a future space mission funded by DLR
 - Development of a specialized steerable probe
 - Development of in-ice navigation methods
- Demonstration in terrestrial scenario at Blood Falls, Antarctica
 - Contamination free sampling from a fissure ~20m below surface



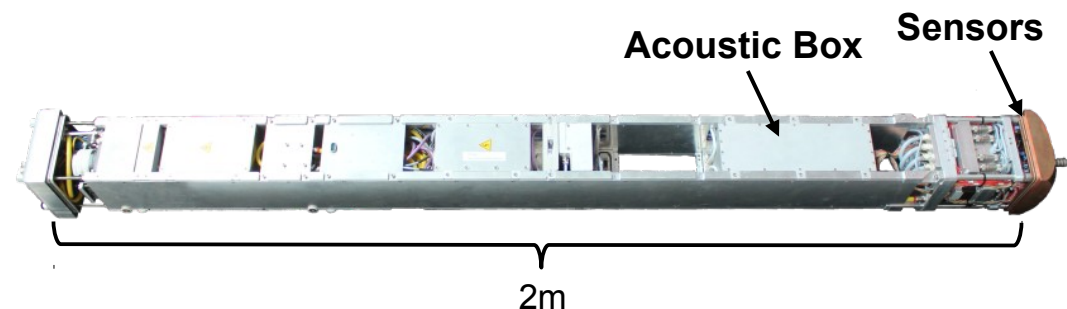
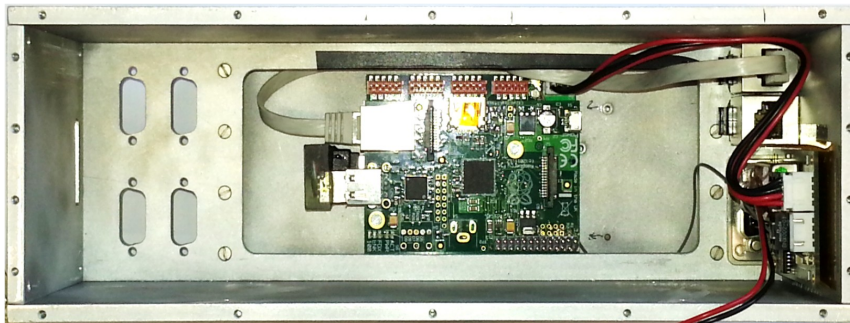
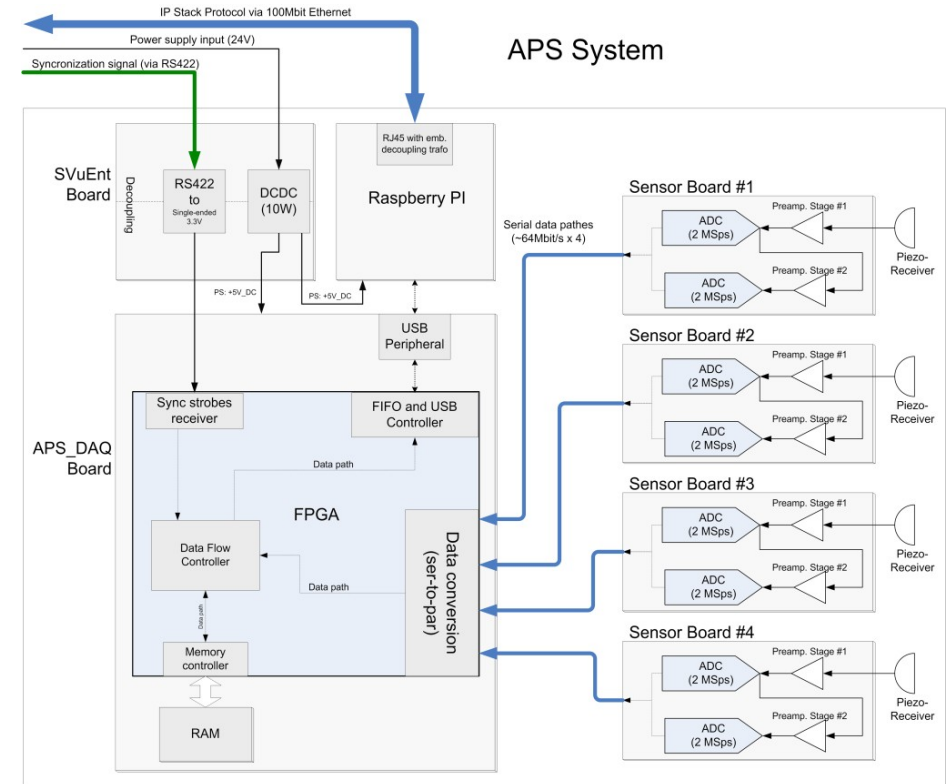
- Determination of the absolute probe position by trilateration
- 6 ultrasonic emitters (~18 kHz) with central control unit on surface
Developed by BU Wuppertal
- 4 digital sensors coupled to melting head



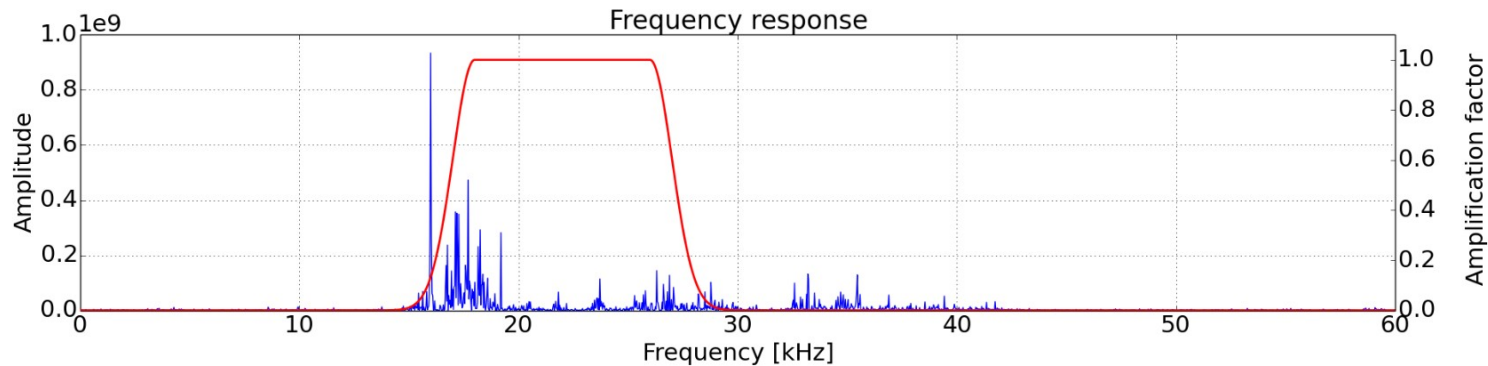
- Sensors optimized for ultrasonic signals ($\sim 18\text{kHz}$)
- Small size: $\varnothing 17,7\text{mm} \times 13\text{mm}$
- Electronics: Two stage amplifier
 - Broad / narrow passband
- 2 MS/s, 12-bit ADCs
- Digital LVDS output



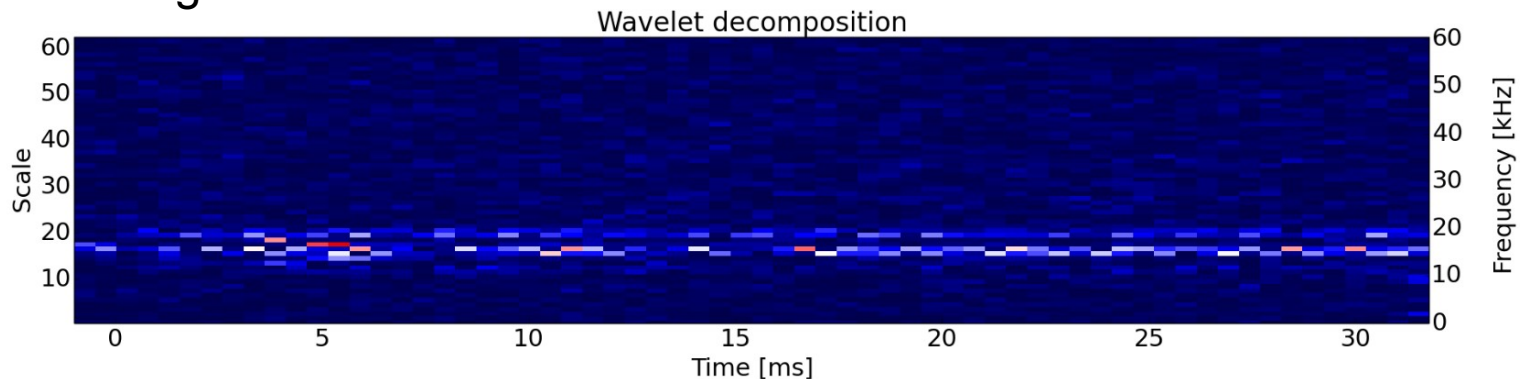
- LVDS output from sensors
- Data acquisition with FPGA (Spartan 6, 16MB RAM)
- Synchronization with surface components
- Readout and processing with embedded PC (Raspberry Pi B)

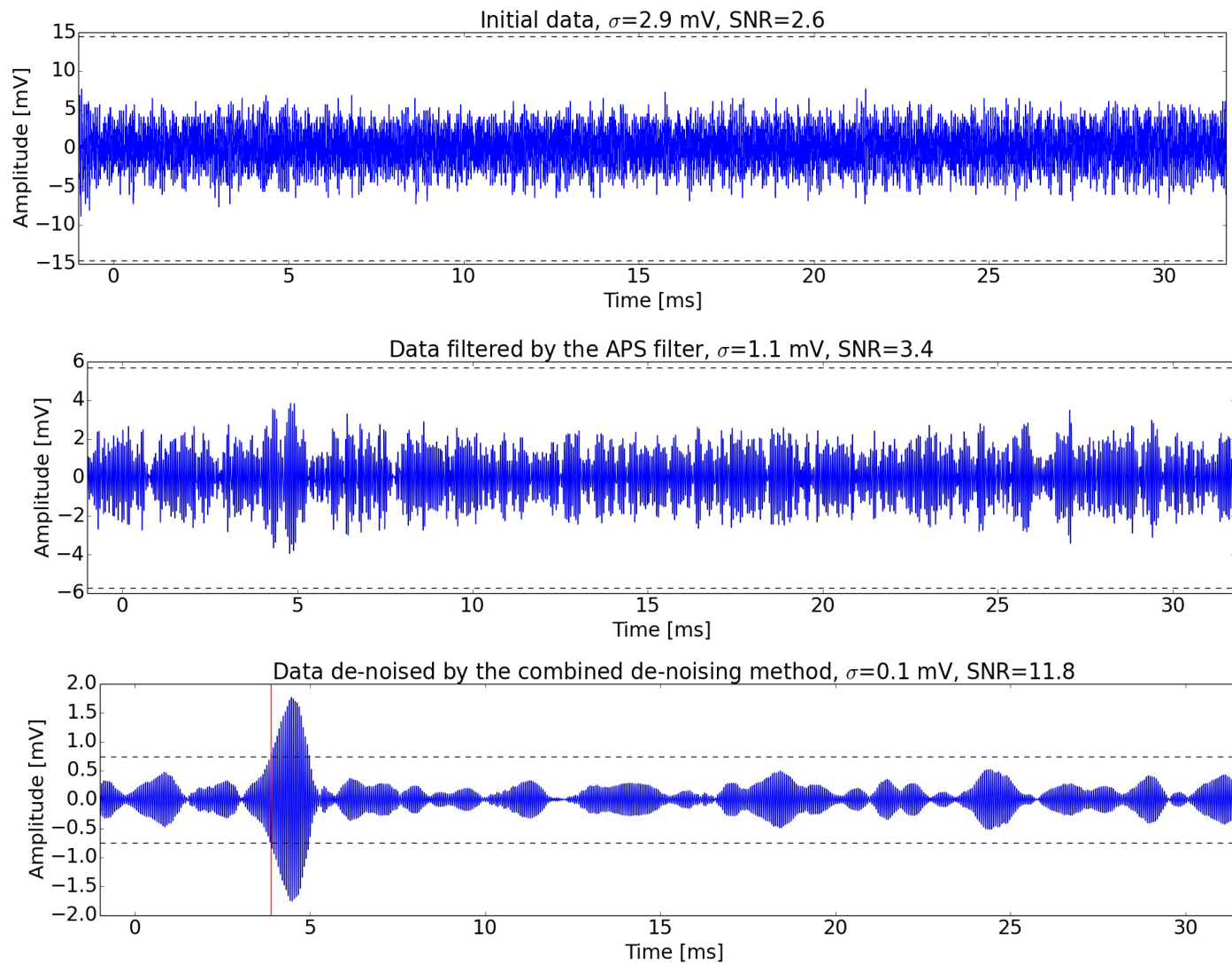


- Increase SNR by noise filtering
- Fast Fourier Filter



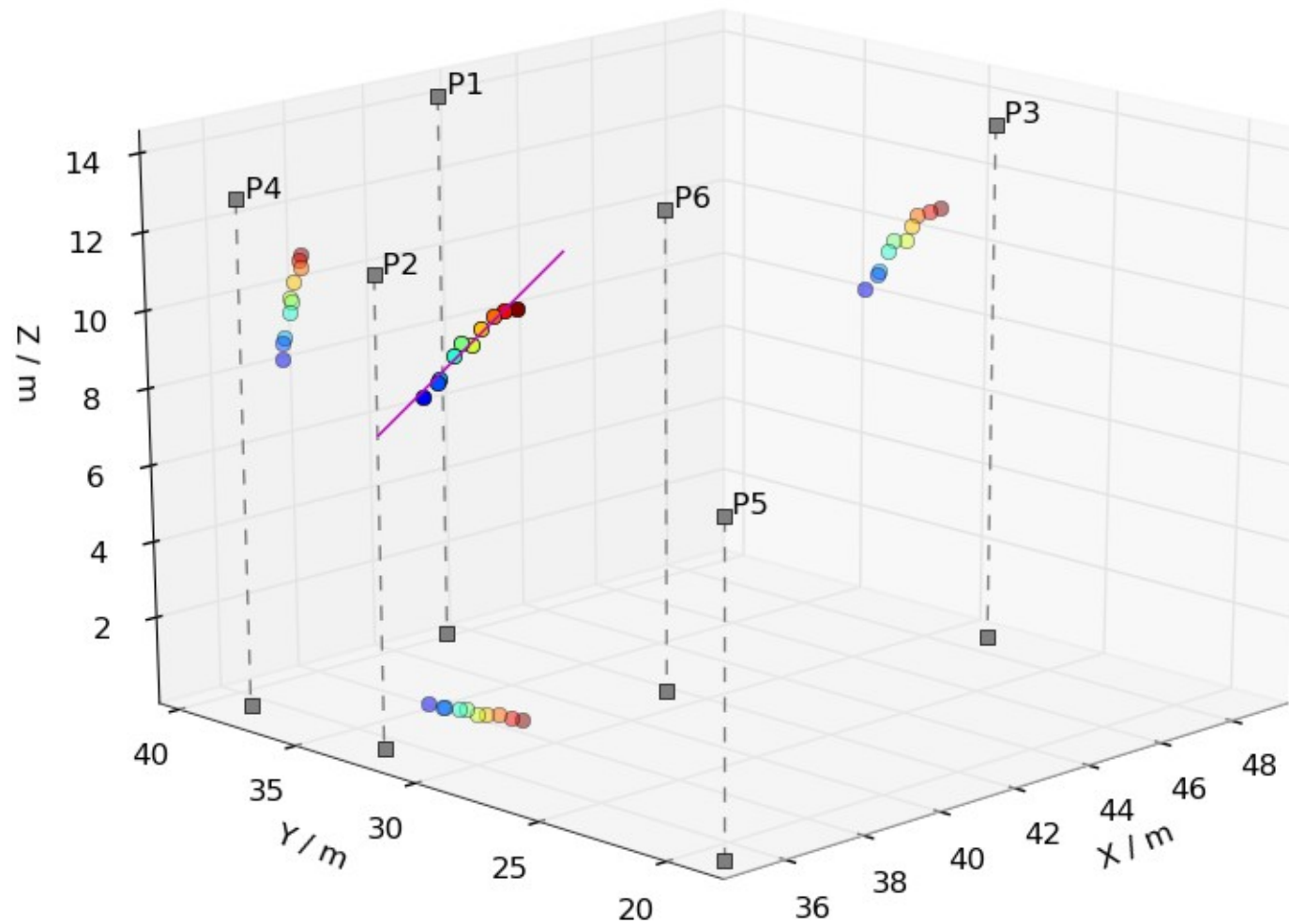
- Wavelet based software filter
 - Not frequency depended
 - Filters out gaussian noise





Increase in SNR of about 4.5

- Reconstruction of trajectory recorded during fieldtest 2014 in Switzerland
- Position resolution $< 0.2\text{m}$ in firn ice



- RANGE – Robust Autonomous Navigation in Glacier Ice
- Development of a autonomous inteligent acoustic sensor
- Likely funded by DLR for 4 years
- RWTH Aachen
 - Physics Insitute III B
 - Institute of Information Management in Mechanical Engineering (IMA)
- Equip Moduls with:
 - Melting head
 - Acoustic sensors & emitter
 - Enviromental sensors
 - Digital communication
- Self optimization and calibration of acoustic sensor/emitter network



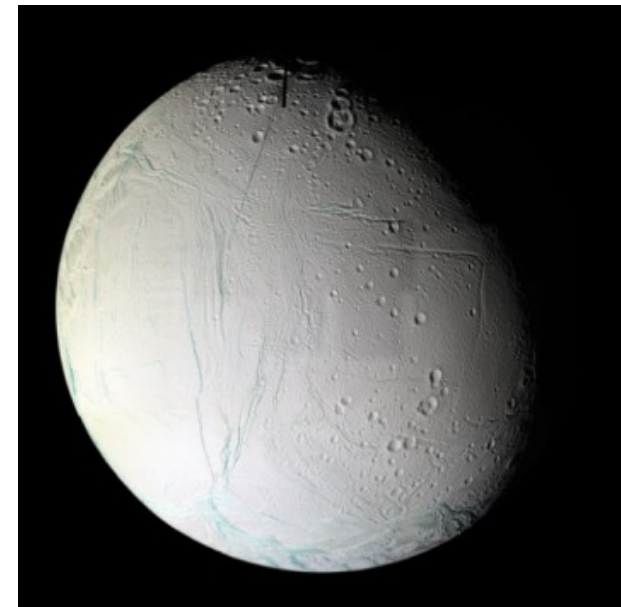


- 1 APS sensor per DOM
- Cost per sensor: 100 €
 - Electronics: 80 €
 - Piezo: 10 €
 - Mechanics: 10€
- Large savings through mass production

- Achieve independent position determination
- Environmental information
- Potential of acoustic neutrino detection

- Development of an acoustic in-ice navigation system for position determination
- Sensitive digital acoustic sensor module and readout electronics
- Position determination of probe in firm ice with accuracy $< 0.2\text{m}$

- Acoustic Neutrino Detection / Position determination
- Space mission in 30 – 40 years (?)



Thank you

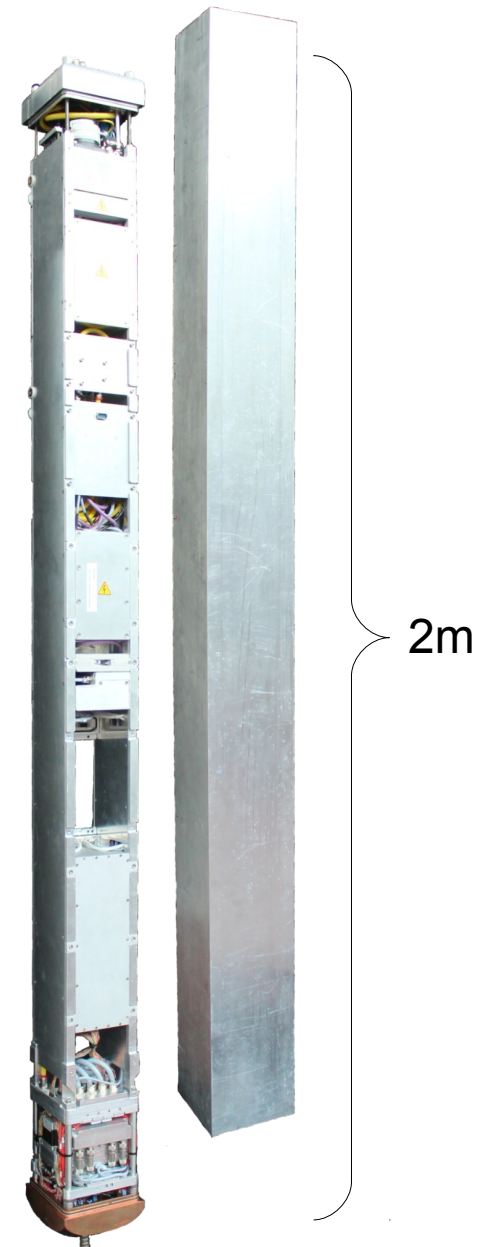


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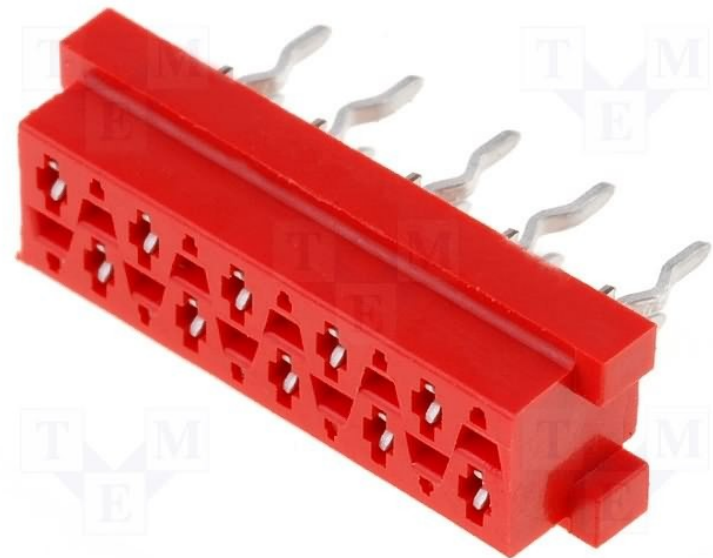


- Melting probe with ice screw
- Steerable through the ice
- In-Situ decontamination and sampling
- Carrier system for payload
- Subsystems for attitude and position determination and forefield exploration
 - Inertial Nav.: IMU and magnetometer
 - Acoustic navigation

Current design	
Dimensions	15 x 15 x 200 cm ³
Velocity	1 m/h
Max. power consumption Front heater	3 kW
Max. range	≈ 80 m
Curve radius	10 m



- 2 MS/s
- 12 Bit
- LVDS
- Pin Assignment: 10 Pin MicroMatch Connector
 - +5 V
 - GND
 - ChipSelect (P/N)
 - Data ADC 1 (P/N)
 - Data ADC 2 (P/N)
 - Clock (P/N)



- Determination of the attenuation length in firn ice for 20 kHz

