

ST2: Hadron Accelerators - Progress and Plans -

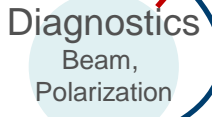
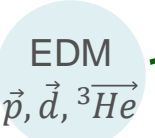
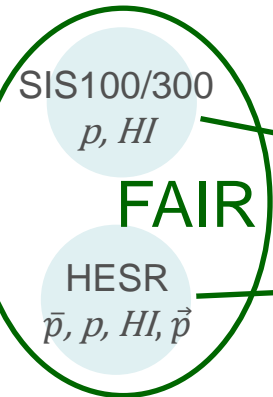
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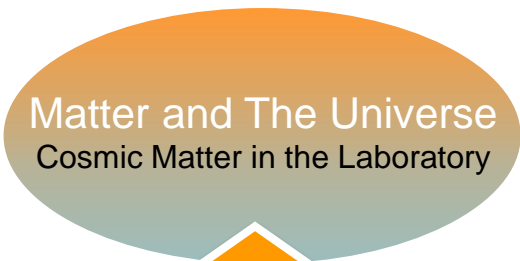
ST2 coordinator

Overview

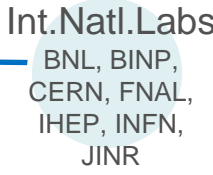
Projects



Physics



Cooperation



Objectives



Outline

Overview & Introduction

Highlights

High-Precision Spin Manipulation

Ion Sources

High-Energy Beam Cooling

Summary

Progress and Plans

Electric Dipole Moments

\vec{d} : EDM

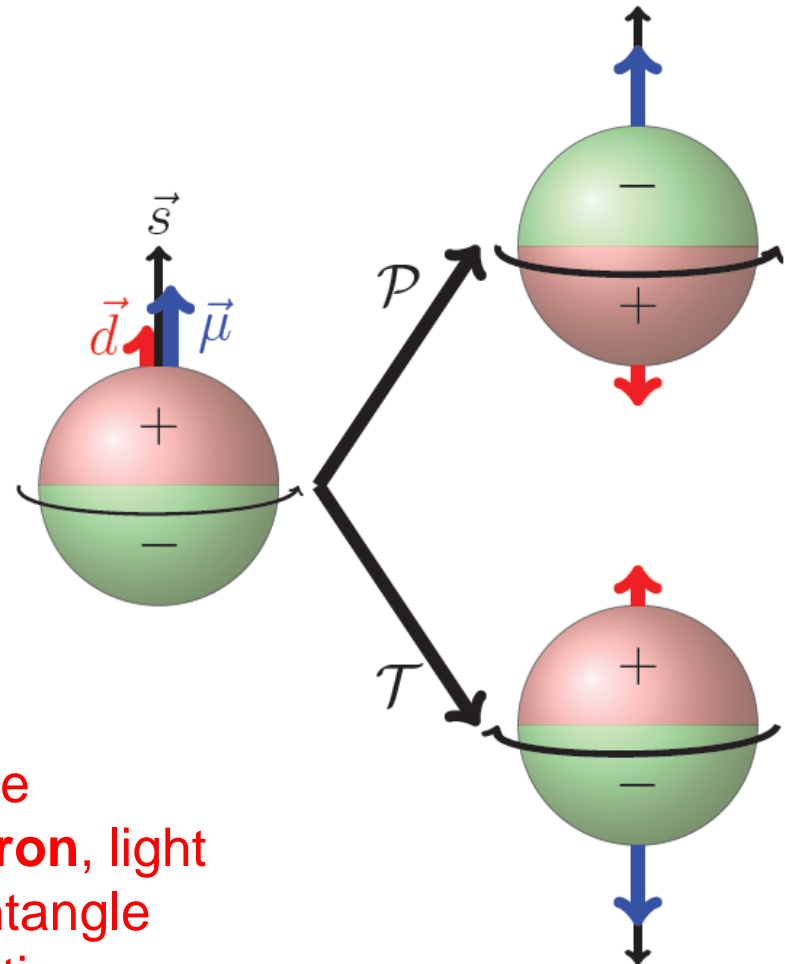
$\vec{\mu}$: magnetic moment

both \parallel to spin

$$H = -\mu\vec{\sigma} \cdot \vec{B} - d\vec{\sigma} \cdot \vec{E}$$

$$\mathcal{T}: H = -\mu\vec{\sigma} \cdot \vec{B} + d\vec{\sigma} \cdot \vec{E}$$

$$\mathcal{P}: H = -\mu\vec{\sigma} \cdot \vec{B} + d\vec{\sigma} \cdot \vec{E}$$



It is important to measure neutron and proton and deuteron, light nuclei EDMs in order to disentangle various sources of CP violation.

EDMs are candidates to solve mystery of matter-antimatter asymmetry

Spin Precession with EDM

Equation for spin motion of relativistic particles in storage rings

for $\vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{B} = \vec{\beta} \cdot \vec{E} = 0$.

The spin precession relative to the momentum direction is given by:

$$\frac{d\vec{S}}{dt} = \vec{\Omega} \times \vec{S}$$

$$\vec{\Omega} = \frac{q}{m} \left\{ \underbrace{G\vec{B} + \left(G - \frac{1}{\gamma^2 - 1} \right) (\vec{v} \times \vec{E})}_{\text{Magnetic Moment}} + \underbrace{\frac{\eta}{2} (\vec{E} + \vec{v} \times \vec{B})}_{\text{Electric Dipole Moment}} \right\}.$$

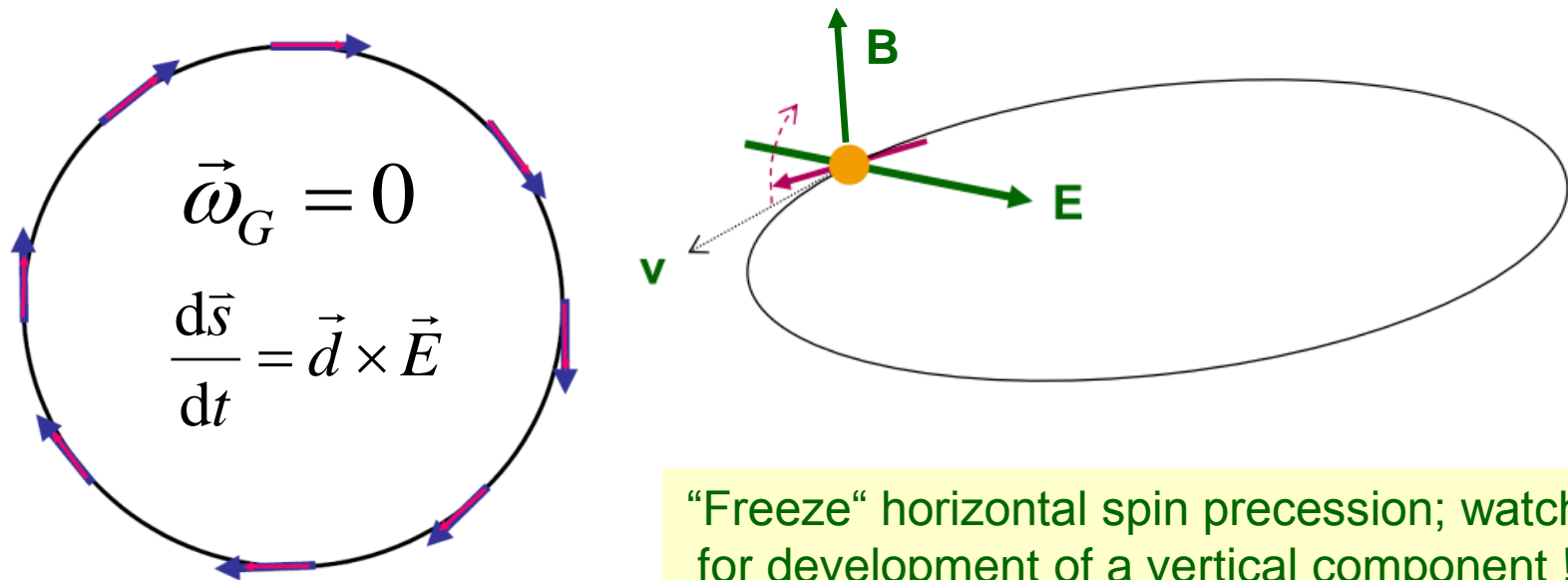
Magnetic Moment

Electric Dipole Moment

$$G = \frac{g-2}{2}, \vec{\mu} = 2(G+1) \frac{q}{2m} \vec{S}, \text{ and } \vec{d} = \eta \frac{q}{2m} \vec{S}.$$

Search for Electric Dipole Moments

Approach: EDM search in time development of spin in a storage ring:



“Freeze“ horizontal spin precession; watch for development of a vertical component !

A magic storage ring for protons (electrostatic), deuterons, and helium-3

particle	p (GeV/c)	E (MV/m)	B (T)
proton	0.701	16.789	0.000
deuteron	1.000	-3.983	0.160
³ He	1.285	17.158	-0.051

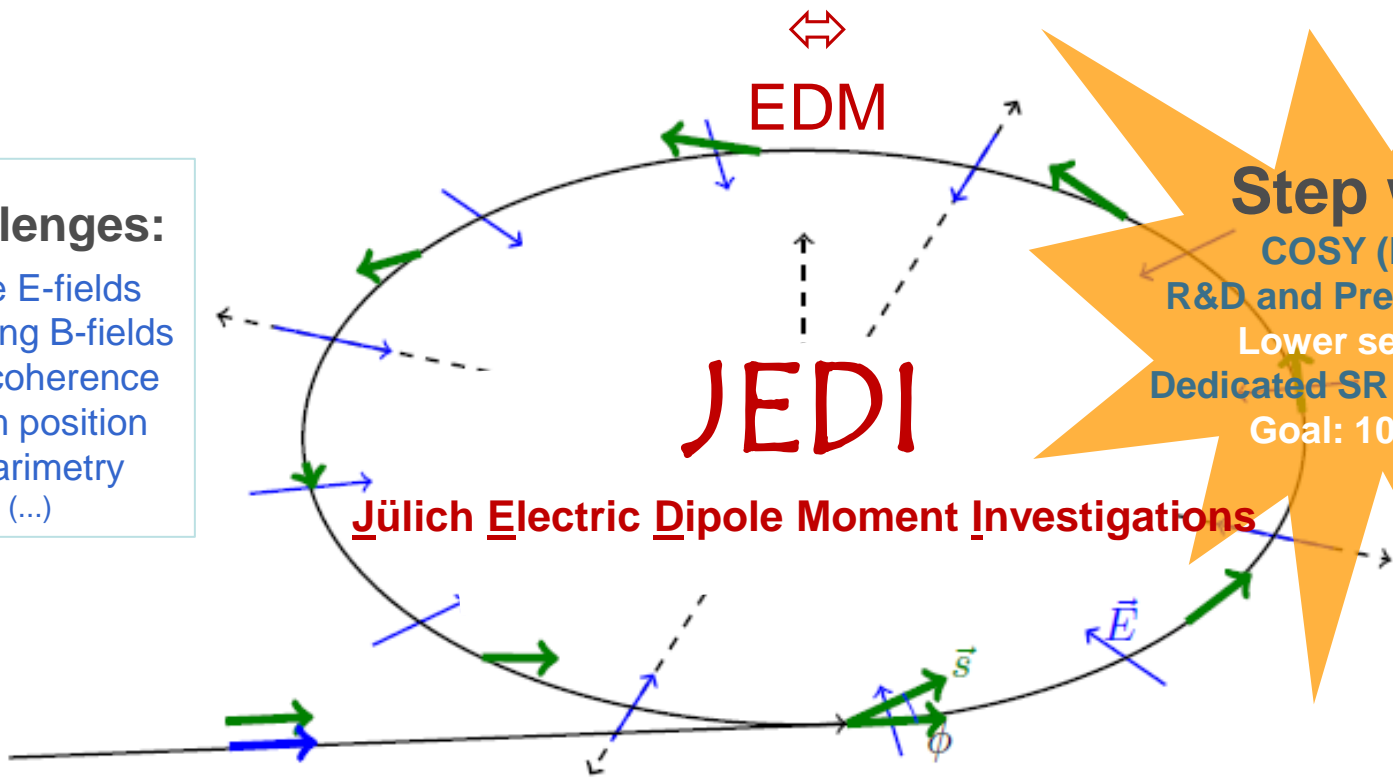
One machine with r ~ 30 m

Storage Ring EDM Project

... measure for development of **vertical polarization**

Challenges:

- Huge E-fields
- Shielding B-fields
- Spin coherence
- Beam position
- Polarimetry
- (...)

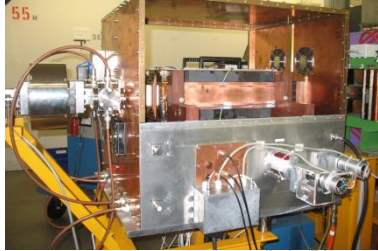


Step wise:
 COSY (PoF-III)
 R&D and Precursor Expt.
 Lower sensitivity
 Dedicated SR (after PoF III)
 Goal: 10^{-29} e-cm

~ 100 members
 (Aachen, Bonn, Dubna, Ferrara, Cornell, Jülich, Krakow, Michigan, St. Petersburg, Minsk, Novosibirsk, Stockholm, Tbilisi, . . .)
 12 PhD students from JARA-FAME (**F**orces and **M**atter **E**xperiments)
<http://collaborations.fz-juelich.de/ikp/jedi/>

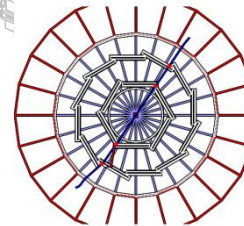
EDM: Prototyping and Spin Physics

MT / ARD



RF ExB Wien Filter

MU



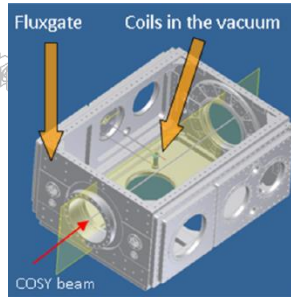
Prototype Polarimeter

MT / ARD



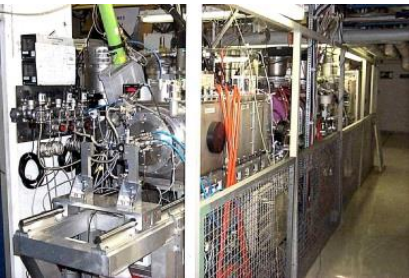
Electrostatic Deflector

MU



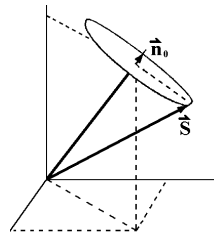
SQUID BPMs

MT / ARD



Polarized Ion source

MT / ARD



Beam and Spin Dynamics

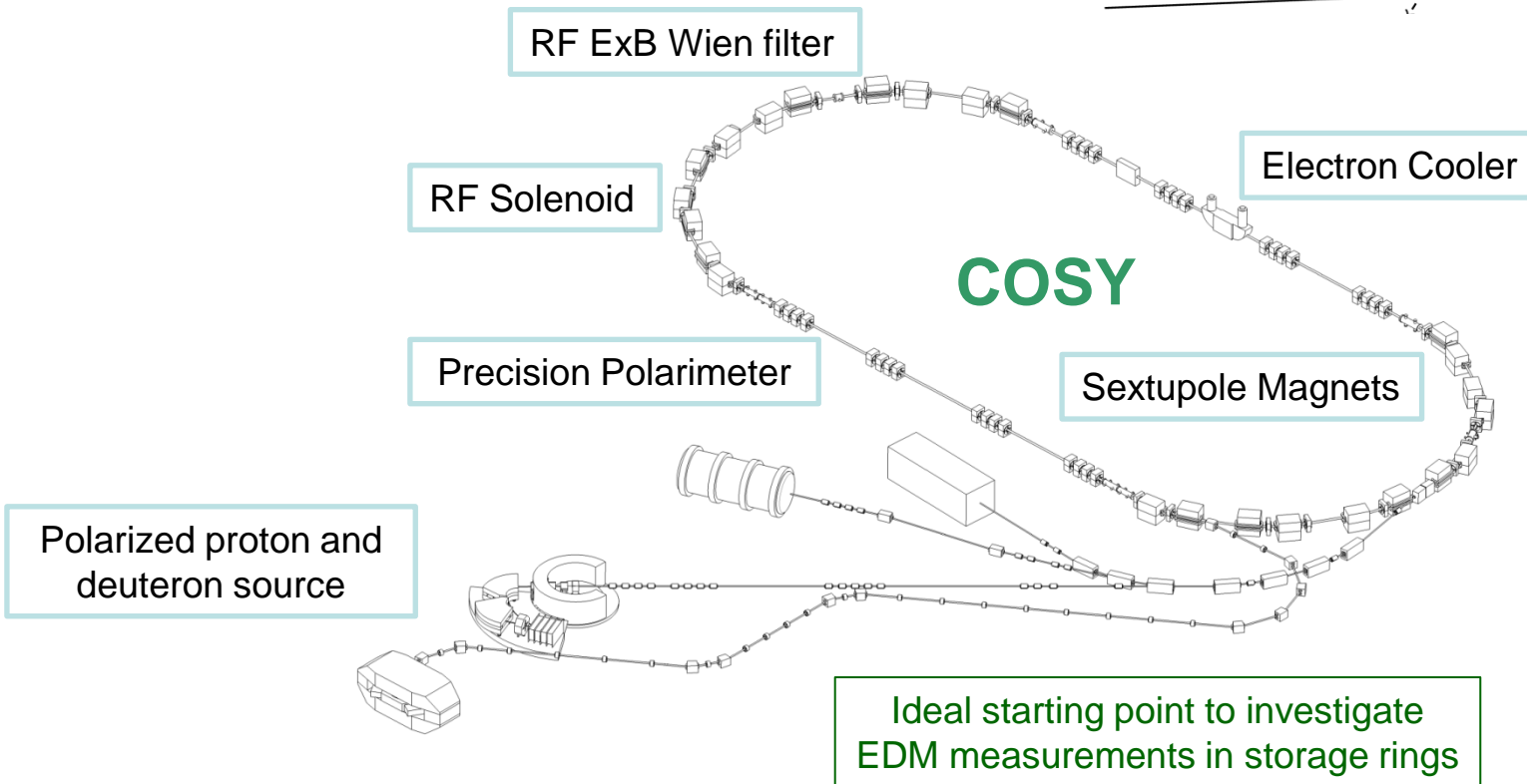
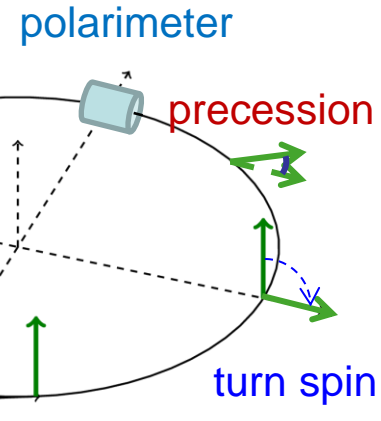


Siberian Snake

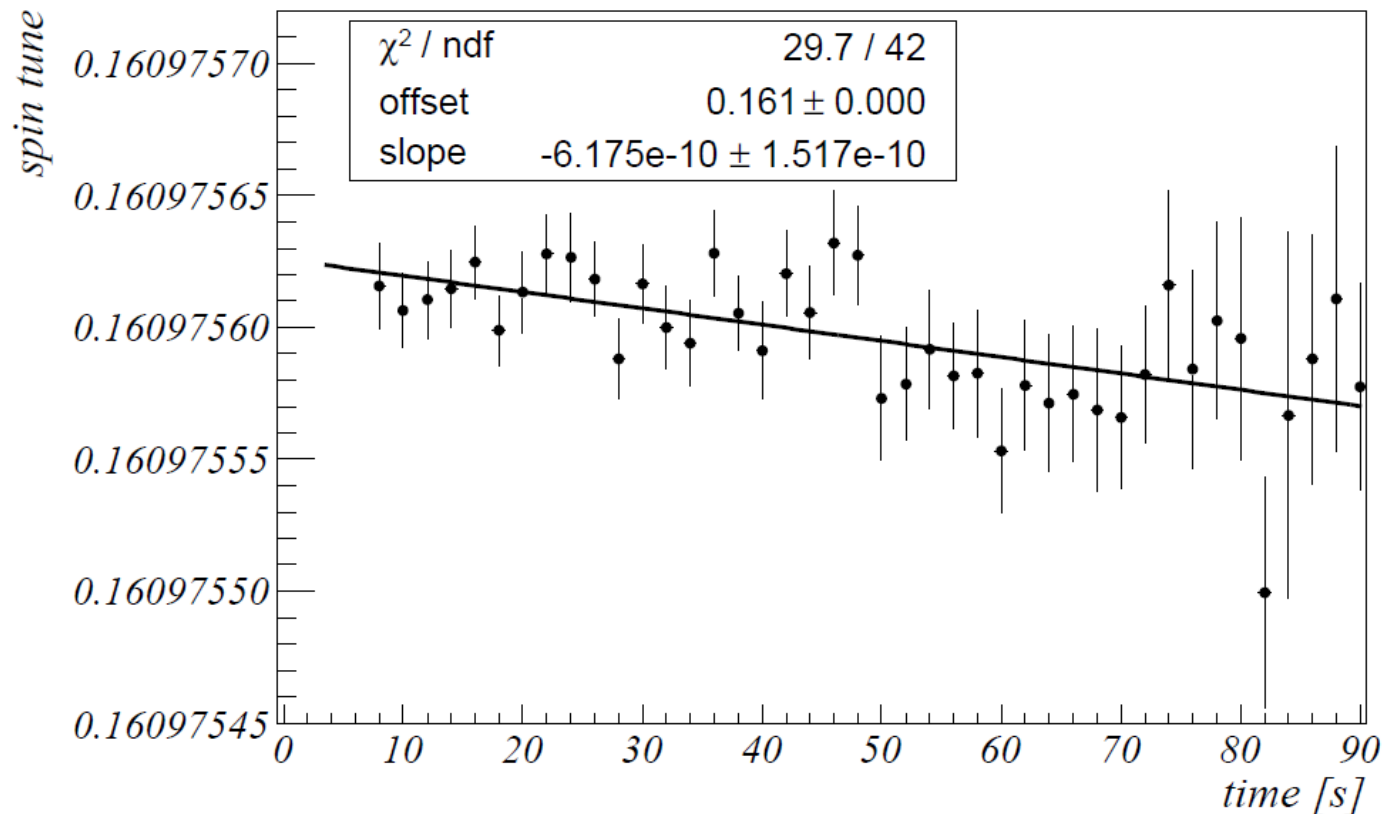
EDM accelerator and detector component tests

Experimental Setup for R&D

- Inject and accelerate vertically polarized deuterons
- Flip spin with help of a RF fields into horizontal plane
- Extract beam slowly (in 100 s) on target
- Measure asymmetry and determine spin precession



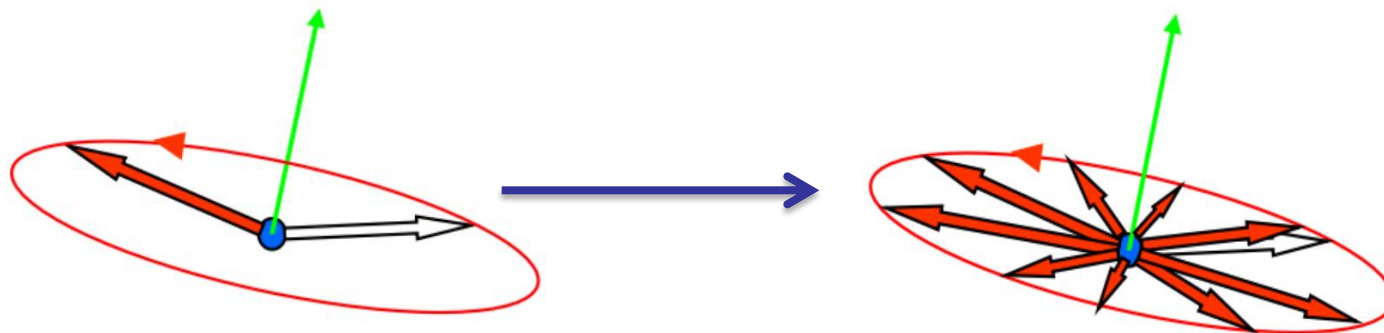
Spin Tune Measurement



- Spin tune ν_s can be determined to 10^{-8} in 2 s
- Average ν_s in cycle (100 s) determined to 10^{-10}
- $\nu_s \approx \gamma G$ varies within one cycle and from cycle to cycle by 10^{-8}

Spin Coherence Time (SCT)

- Statistical sensitivity of EDM proportional to SCT
- Spin precession with $f_s = \gamma G f_{ref} \approx 125$ kHz
- Momentum spread leads to different precession frequencies



Horizontal
Polarization
Vanishes !

- Loss of horizontal polarization \leftrightarrow spin decoherence

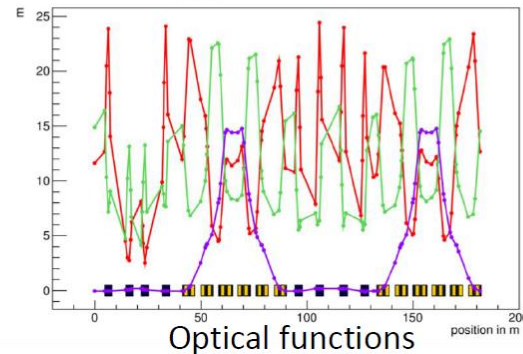
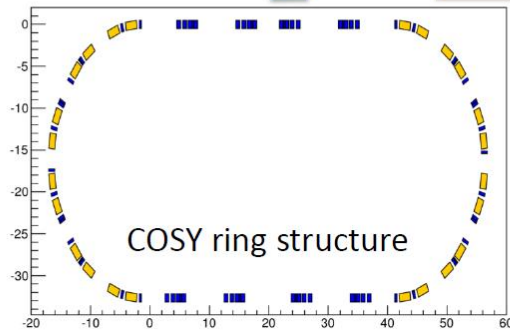
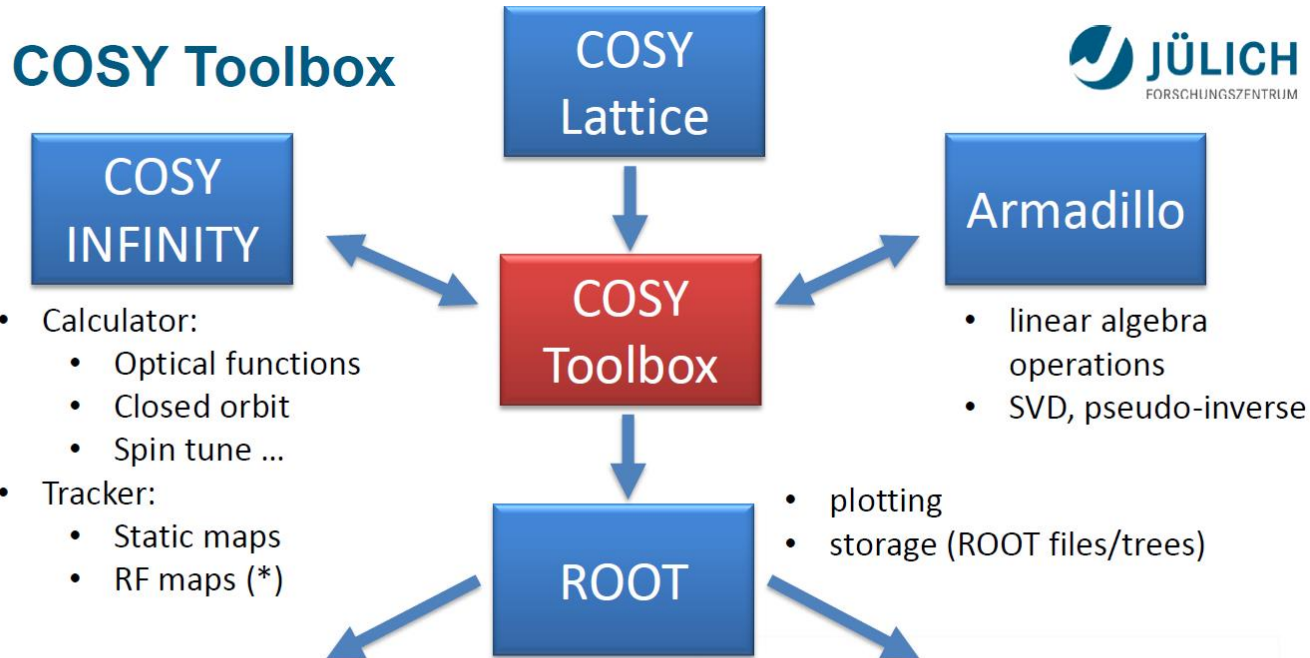
Spin coherence time of more than 400s reached in COSY

Simulation Program Development

COSY Infinity (MSU) and MODE (StPSU):

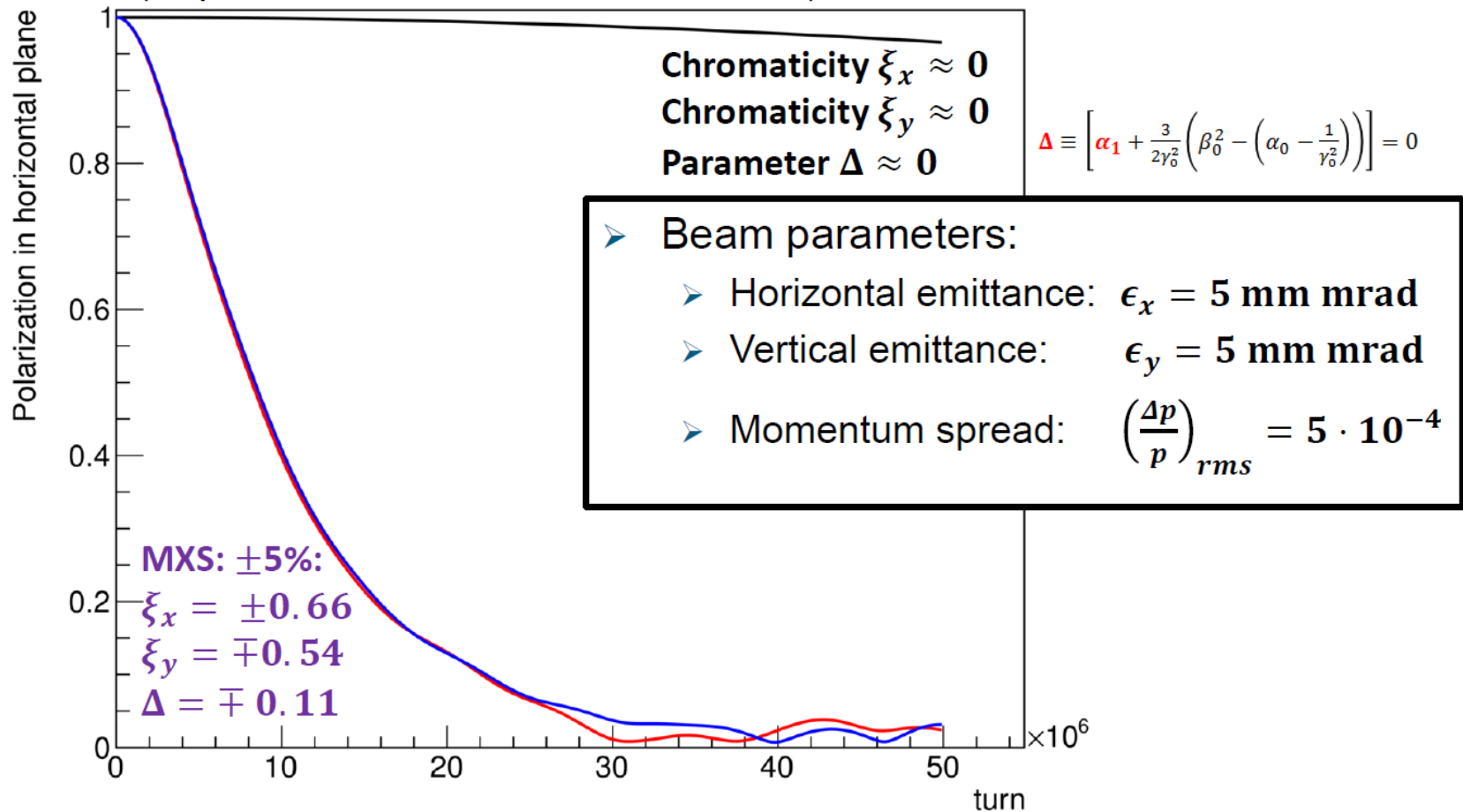
- based on map generation using differential algebra and the subsequent calculation of the spin-orbital motion for an arbitrary particle
- including higher-order nonlinearities, normal form analysis, and symplectic tracking
- an MPI version of COSY Infinity is running on the Jülich supercomputer
- bench marking with “analog computer” Cooler Synchrotron COSY and other simulation codes

Spin Simulations



Simulations of SCT

- Deuterons, $p = 970 \text{ MeV}/c$, initially radial polarized
 (→ precession around vertical axis)



➔ More tracking results presented by M. Rosenthal in the student retreat

Simulation Program Development

Aim:

- Robust and advanced numerical tracking codes for exploring various systematic effects.
- Sophisticated lattice design tools for storage rings in the energy range of 0.7-1.5GeV/c with all electrostatic elements as well as combined magnetic and electric elements.

Capabilities:

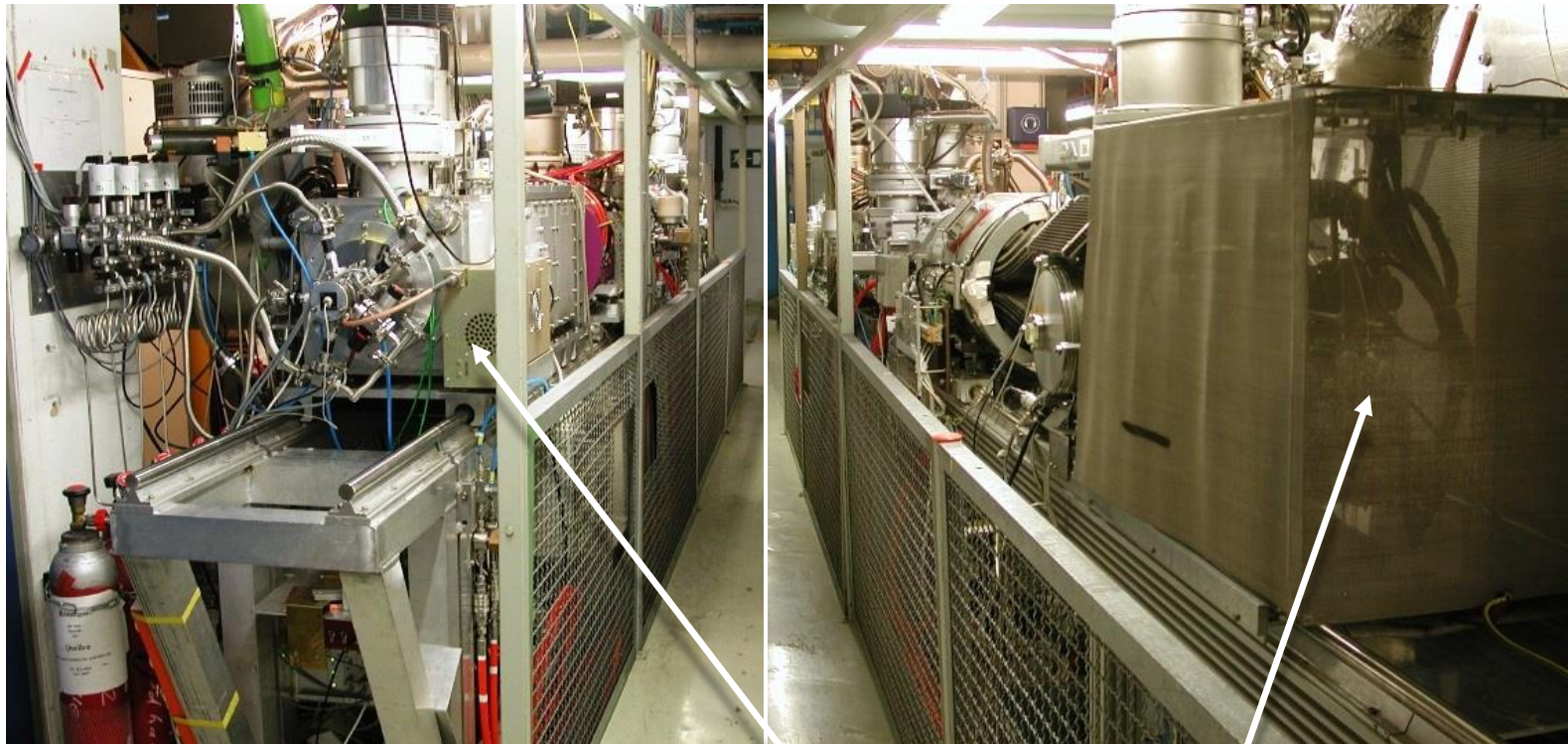
- Accurate description of all ring elements including fringe fields.
- Allowing various error inputs for systematics investigation.
- Accurate implementation of RF spin manipulation elements.
- Calculation of both orbital and spin motion with a high accuracy for over 10^9 orbital revolutions.
- Allowing multipole particle tracking for exploring IBS as well as beam-beam effects.
- User friendly graphic interfaces for extracting physical information from tracking data. (e.g., orbit, betatron tune, and spin tune from tracking data)

IPAC15 satellite meeting
on Spin Tracking for Precision Measurements
<https://indico.cern.ch/event/368912/program>

Ion Source Development

Polarized ion source at COSY
Intensity of polarized deuterons increased by 30%

Pulsed nuclear polarized atomic beams Pulsed Cs ionizer for charge exchange



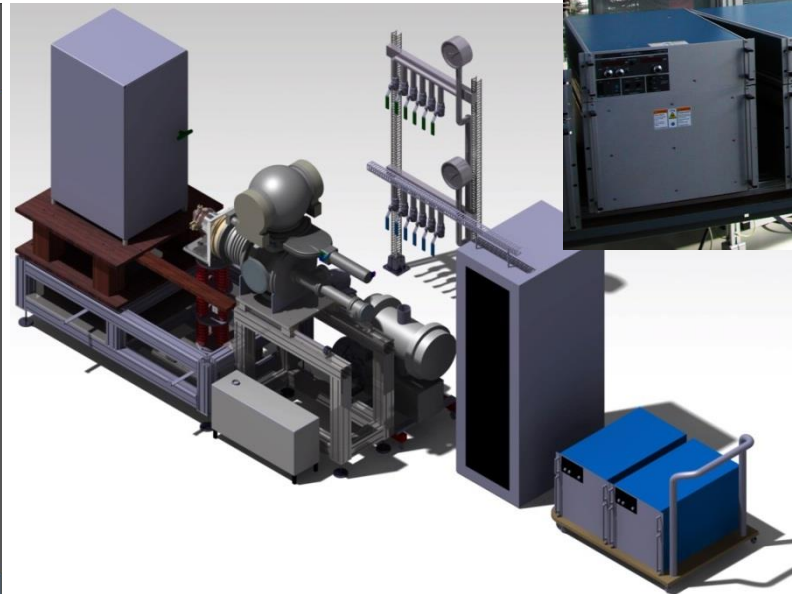
About 6 m from the pulsed ABS to the Cs ionizer

Ion Source Development

Ion source for ELENA at CERN

Commissioning and first measurements with 100 keV H- and p beams

- FZJ provides ion source for H-/protons
- Commissioning of antiproton synchrotron
- antiproton low energy electron cooling, precision
- Time line: 2016 commissioning with beam



ELENA Overview and Layout

Transfer line (magnetic) from AD

External source for commissioning

Electro-static line towards existing experimental area

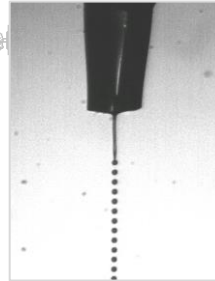
Extraction towards new experimental area

ELENA Project Overview AD Users Committee ADUC, 13th January 2015

COSY Facility: Developments for HESR



Barrier Bucket Cavity
mean energy loss compensation



Pellet Target
beam-target interaction



**Low-Energy
Electron Cooler**
100 kV

COSY: 0.3 -3.7 GeV/c
Pol. protons and deuterons
HESR: 1.5 – 15 GeV/c
Antiprotons and HI



**High-Bandwidth
Stochastic Cooling**

ARD (PoF 2)



**High-Energy
Electron Cooler**
2 MV



**Residual Gas
Profile Monitor**



Test bench for HESR components and FAIR detectors

Summary

Progress:

- Precision Spin Manipulation (talk by S. Mey)

Spin tune measurement with precision of 10^{-10}

Spin coherence time of more than 400s

Spin tracking codes developed and partly benchmarked

RF Wien filter build and applied

- Ion Sources

Increase of polarized source performance

First measurements with ELENA/CERN source

- High-Energy Beam Cooling (talk by V. Kamerdzhev)

Commissioning of 2 MV Electron Cooler

Construction and test with beam of high-bandwidth stochastic pickups

Plans:

- Bench marking experiments for spin tracking in electric fields

- Development of static E/B deflectors

- Investigation of combined Electron and Stochastic Cooling