



Data-driven processing

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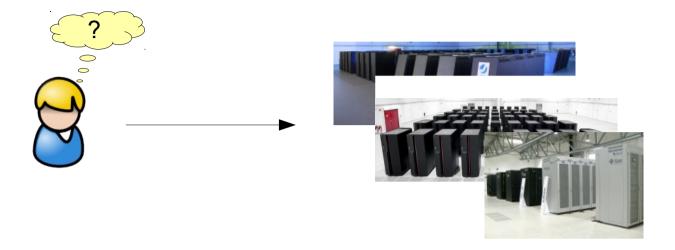
1 June 2015, LSDMA topical meeting "Data-intensive computing"



Outline

- UNICORE overview
- Data oriented processing
- Outlook





How can I ...

- use multiple, heterogeneous systems seamlessly,
- manage my jobs
- ... manage input data and results? Metadata?
- ... across systems? Workflows?

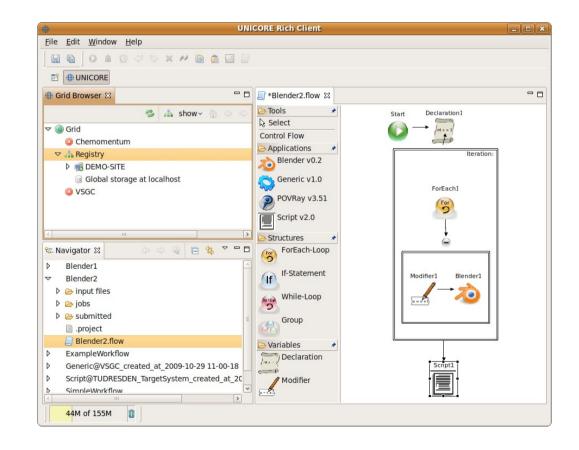






Traditional ways of data processing using UNICORE

- Single jobs
- Workflow system
- End-user clients URC / UCC / Portal or REST APIs





Single jobs

- Batch job oriented
 - Data stage-in
 - Execution
 - Data stage-out
- End-user must ...
 - Setup job definition
 - Select site
 - Upload input data
 - Submit



Workflow system

- Sequences / Graphs / Control
- Based on single jobs
- End-user client tasks
 - Setup workflow definition
 - Upload input data
 - Submit

Pros

- Easy automation of complex processes
- Control constructs available
- Low load on client side
- Cons
 - High overhead on servers
 - Data staging can be a limiting factor
 - Direct user interaction needed



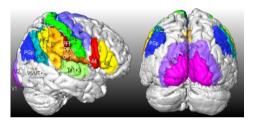
Idea: "data-oriented" processing

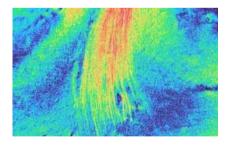
- As opposed to "job-oriented"
- Driven purely by data
- No end-user involvement required (apart from setup)
- Kind of like a "cron job"



Example use case: High-throughput brain scans – the "Data Lifecycle Lab Health" at Jülich

- Goal is to create a 3D brain atlas
- Brain section scans (ex vivo) (~2000 slices, 500GB per slice)
- MRT scans (in vivo)
- Post-processing: image registration, calibration, segmentation, etc
- Image processing (incl. HPC)
- Raw data often re-processed (new algorithms, new software versions)





Basic UNICORE architecture - I



- User centric
- Everything is "owned" by a user (submission services, jobs, storages, file transfers ...)
- Fully compatible with Unix file permissions
- UNICORE never operates as a "superuser"



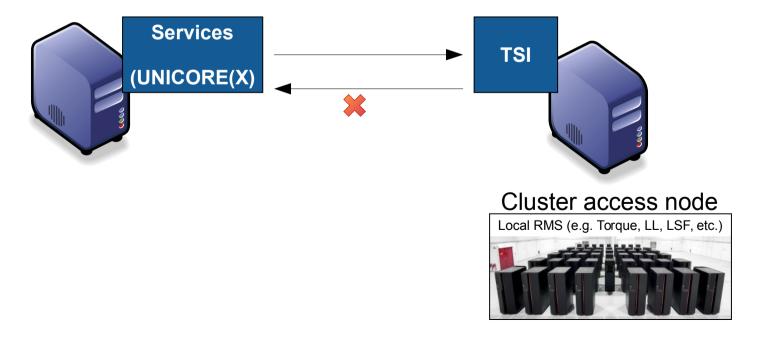
invokes services provides credentials delegates trust



Basic UNICORE architecture - II

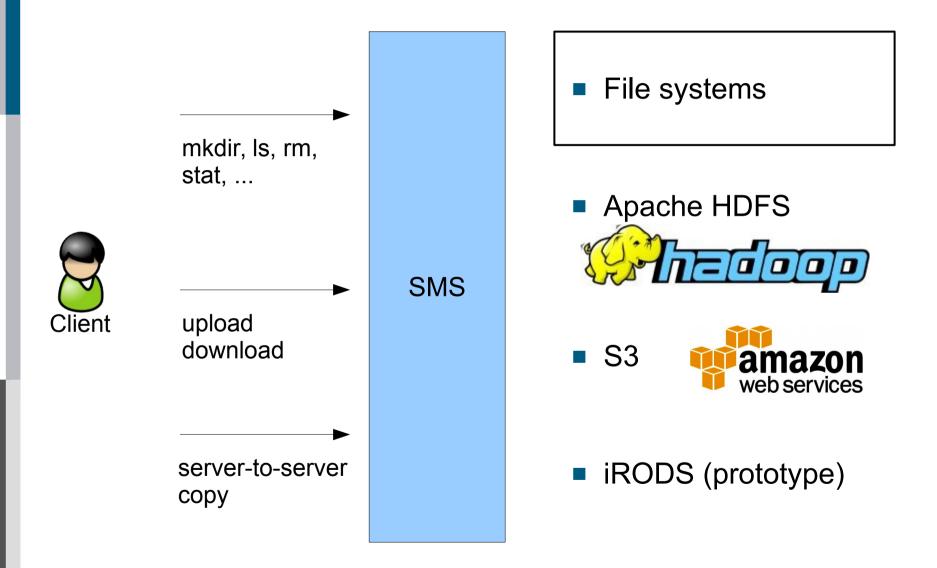


- Services / logic lives on the UNICORE/X server
- File system and batch system accessed via TSI agent
- TSI accessed via request/response
- No file system notifications possible with current TSI

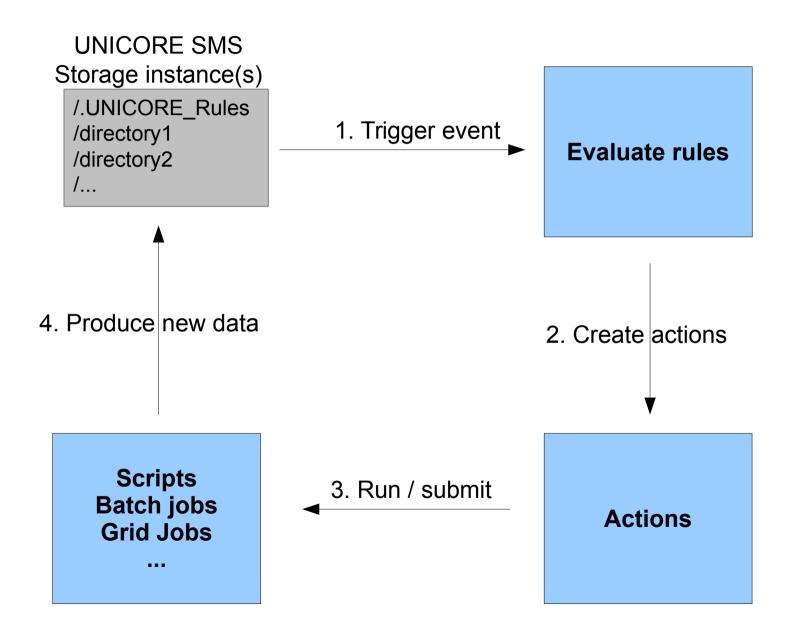




UNICORE Storage Management Service









Types of triggering events

- Periodic directory scan
 - Files can be written independently of UNICORE
 - Scan interval configurable
 - Directory include/exclude patterns
- (Explicit client invocation)
- (Finished file write(s))



Types of actions

- Local script
 - Executed via XNJS/TSI
 - TSI node (cluster login node)
- Local batch job
 - Executed via XNJS/TSI
 - Compute node(s)
 - UCC-like job description
- Metadata extraction
- **TBD:** Grid jobs, workflows, ...?



Required setup by the end-user

- Create a storage (service instance) where triggering is enabled
 - "ucc connect"
- Configure (edit .UNICORE_Rules file)





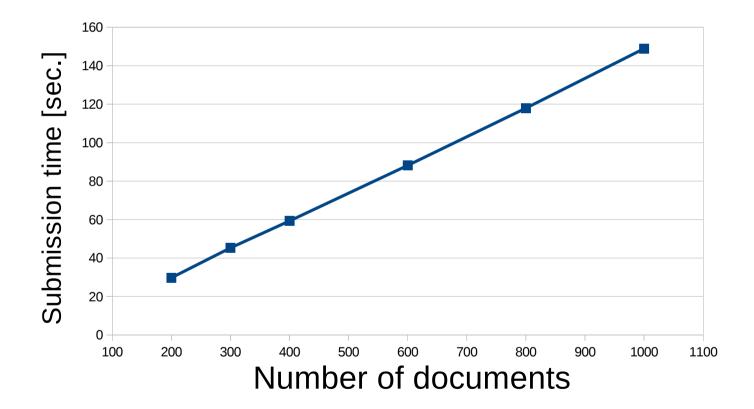
- Goal: calculate checksums (md5) of PDF files in a certain directory using batch jobs
- Rule (job is in UCC syntax!)

```
Name: computeMD5Sum, Match: ".*\\.pdf",
Action: {
    Type: BATCH,
    Job: {
        Executable: "/usr/bin/md5sum",
        Arguments: ["${UC_FILE_PATH}"],
        Arguments: ["${UC_FILE_PATH}"],
        Exports: [
        {From: "stdout",
        To: "file://${UC_BASE_DIR}/checksums/${UC_FILE_NAME}.md5"},
     ],
     }
```

Example – some results



- Submission to XNJS
- Create uspace, start processing
- Running on localhost using nobatch TSI



 \rightarrow Performance limited by XNJS job acceptance/processing rate



Outlook / issues to be solved

- Submission of Grid jobs and workflows
 - Security!! (long-running trust delegation required)
 - Need/want to deploy a Grid client (UCC) on the target system?
 - Submit from UNICORE/X?
- Using "shared" storages
 - Used by more than one user (e.g. a project / Unix group)
 - Very typical setup in real-life

• Need more real-life testing \rightarrow in progress!



Questions?

Thanks

Jedrzej Rybicki for discussions on this topic