# Double parton scattering effects in 4 jet production at the LHC

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Work in collaboration with Krzysztof Kutak, Rafal Maciula, Antoni Szczurek and Andreas van Hameren,

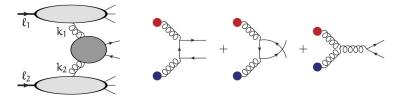
> Supported by NCN grant DEC-2013/10/E/ST2/00656 of Krzysztof Kutak

#### **1** The framework: off-shell amplitudes and PDFs

- 2 Test of HE factorisation for hard 4-jet production
- 3 Collinear-factorisation vs. HEF in DPS for central 4-jet production
- 4 Summary and perspectives

# High-Energy-factorisation: original formulation

High-Energy-factorisation (Catani, Ciafaloni, Hautmann, 1991 / Collins, Ellis, 1991)



$$\sigma_{h_{1},h_{2}\to q\bar{q}} = \int d^{2}k_{1\perp} d^{2}k_{2\perp} \frac{dx_{1}}{x_{1}} \frac{dx_{2}}{x_{2}} \mathcal{F}_{g}(x_{1},k_{1\perp}) \mathcal{F}_{g}(x_{2},k_{2\perp}) \hat{\sigma}_{gg}\left(\frac{m^{2}}{x_{1}x_{2}s},\frac{k_{1\perp}}{m},\frac{k_{2\perp}}{m}\right)$$

where the  $\mathcal{F}_{g}$ 's are the gluon densities, obeying BFKL, BK, CCFM evolution equations.

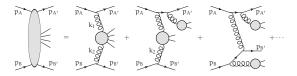
Non negligible transverse momentum is associated to small-x physics.

Momentum parameterisation:

$$k_1^{\mu} = x_1 p_1^{\mu} + k_{1\perp}^{\mu}$$
,  $k_2^{\mu} = x_2 p_2^{\mu} + k_{2\perp}^{\mu}$  for  $p_i \cdot k_i = 0$   $k_i^2 = -k_{i\perp}^2$   $i = 1, 2$ 

# Off-shell amplitudes

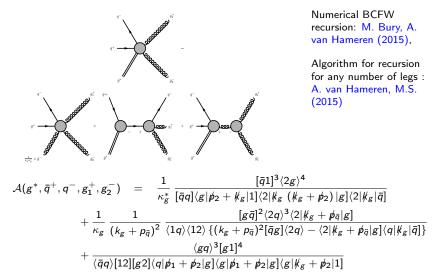
Problem: general partonic processes must be described by gauge invariant amplitudes  $\Rightarrow$  ordinary Feynman rules are not enough ! Off-shell gauge-invariant amplitudes obtained by embedding them into on-shell processes. For off-shell gluons: represent  $g^*$  as coming from a  $\bar{q}qg$  vertex, with the quarks taken to be on-shell



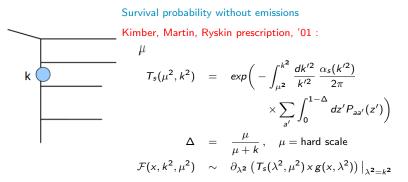
Prescriptions: K. Kutak, P. Kotko, A. van Hameren, T. Salwa (2013) Any legs via recursion relations: P. Kotko (2014), A. van Hameren (2014)

Applications:  $\begin{cases}
 production of forward dijets initiated with gluons: gg^* \to gg \\
 production of forward dijets initiated with quarks: q\bar{q}^* \to gg \\
 Test of TMDs in multi-jet production: p p \to n (= 4 in this talk ) jets
\end{cases}$ 

# DIS 2015: BCFW recursion for any off-shell parton



# Our PDFs: the prescription

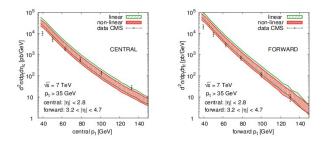


DLC 2016 (Double Log Coherence) K. Kutak, R. Maciula, M.S., A. Szczurek, A. van Hameren, arXiv:1602.06814 Available on request to krzysztof.kutak@ifj.edu.pl

# Example: central-forward dijets production

Hybrid factorization, (Deak, Hautmann, Jung, Kutak, '09):

$$\sigma_{h_1,h_2 \to q\bar{q}} = \int d^2 k_{1\perp} dx_1 dx_2 \mathcal{F}(x_1,k_{1\perp},\mu) f(x_2,\mu) \hat{\sigma} (x_1,x_2,k_{1\perp},\mu)$$
  
Kutak, Sapeta, '12:



- Reasonable agreement with data
- No traditional parton showers: the Unintegrated PDF as a parton shower.
- Hybrid factorization formula for dijet production (fully differential) can be derived from Color-Glass-Condensate P. Kotko, K. Kutak, C. Marquet, E. Petreska, A. van Hameren, JHEP 1509 (2015) 106

# Conjectured formula for 4 jets production:

$$\sigma_{4-jets} = \sum_{i,j} \int \frac{dx_1}{x_1} \frac{dx_2}{x_2} d^2 k_{T1} d^2 k_{T2} \mathcal{F}_i(x_1, k_{T1}, \mu_F) \mathcal{F}_j(x_2, k_{T2}, \mu_F)$$
$$\times \frac{1}{2\hat{s}} \prod_{l=i}^4 \frac{d^3 k_l}{(2\pi)^3 2E_l} \Theta_{4-jet} (2\pi)^4 \delta \left( P - \sum_{l=1}^4 k_l \right) \overline{|\mathcal{M}(i^*, j^* \to 4 \text{ part.})|^2}$$

- $\blacksquare$  Ansatz motivated by  $2 \rightarrow 2$  case
- PDFs and matrix elements well defined.
- No proof à la Collins-Soper-Sterman around (not yet...)
- Reasonable description of data justifies this formula a posteriori

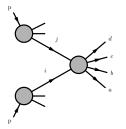
# Our framework

AVHLIB (A. van Hameren) : https://bitbucket.org/hameren/avhlib

- complete Monte Carlo program for tree-level calculations
- any process within the Standard Model
- any initial-state partons on-shell or off-shell
- employs numerical Dyson-Schwinger recursion to calculate helicity amplitudes
- automatic phase space optimization
- Flavour scheme:  $N_f = 5$
- **Running**  $\alpha_s$  from the MSTW68cl PDF sets
- Massless quarks approximation  $E_{cm} = 7/8 TeV \Rightarrow m_{q/\bar{q}} = 0$ .
- **Scale**  $\mu_R = \mu_F \equiv \mu = \frac{H_T}{2} \equiv \frac{1}{2} \sum_i p_T^i$ , (sum over final state particles)

We don't take into account correlations in DPS:  $D(x_1, x_2, \mu) = f(x_1, \mu) f(x_2, \mu)$ . There are attempts to go beyond this approximation: Golec-Biernat, Lewandowska, Snyder, M.S., Stasto, Phys.Lett. B750 (2015) 559-564 Rinaldi, Scopetta, Traini, Vento, JHEP 1412 (2014) 028

# 4-jet production: Single Parton Scattering (SPS)



We take into account all the ( according to our conventions ) 20 channels.

Here u and d stand for different quark flavours in the initial (final) state.

We do not introduce K factors, amplitudes@LO.

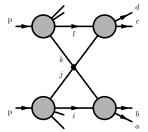
 $\sim$  95 % of the total cross section

There are 19 different channels contributing to the cross section at the parton-level:

$$\begin{split} gg &\to 4g \,, gg \to q\bar{q} \, 2g \,, qg \to q \, 3g \,, q\bar{q} \to q\bar{q} \, 2g \,, qq \to qq \, 2g \,, qq' \to qq' \, 2g \,, \\ gg &\to q\bar{q}q\bar{q} \,, gg \to q\bar{q}q'\bar{q}' \,, qg \to qgq\bar{q} \,, qg \to qgq'\bar{q}' \,, \\ q\bar{q} \to 4g \,, q\bar{q} \to q'\bar{q}' \, 2g \,, q\bar{q} \to q\bar{q}q\bar{q} \,, q\bar{q} \to q\bar{q}q'\bar{q}' \,, \\ q\bar{q} \to q'\bar{q}' \,, q\bar{q} \to q'\bar{q}' \, 2g \,, q\bar{q} \to q\bar{q}q\bar{q} \,, q\bar{q} \to q\bar{q}q'\bar{q}' \,, \\ q\bar{q} \to q'\bar{q}' \,, q\bar{q} \to q'\bar{q}' \,, q\bar{q} \to q\bar{q}q\bar{q} \,, q\bar{q} \to q\bar{q}q\bar{q} \,, q\bar{q} \to q\bar{q}q'\bar{q} \,, \end{split}$$

Test of HE factorisation for hard 4-jet production

#### 4-jet production: Double parton scattering (DPS)



$$\begin{split} \sigma &= \sum_{i,j,a,b;k,l,c,d} \frac{\mathcal{S}}{\sigma_{eff}} \, \sigma(i,j \rightarrow a,b) \, \sigma(k,l \rightarrow c,d) \\ \mathcal{S} &= \begin{cases} 1/2 & \text{if } ij = k \, l \text{ and } ab = c \, d \\ 1 & \text{if } ij \neq k \, l \text{ or } ab \neq c \, d \end{cases} \\ \sigma_{eff} &= 15 \, mb \,, \end{split}$$

Experimental data may hint at different values of  $\sigma_{\it eff}$  ; main conclusions not affected

In our conventions, 9 channels from  $2 \rightarrow 2$  SPS events,

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \#1 & = & gg \rightarrow gg \,, & \#6 = u\bar{u} \rightarrow dd \\ \#2 & = & gg \rightarrow u\bar{u} \,, & \#7 = u\bar{u} \rightarrow gg \\ \#3 & = & ug \rightarrow ug \,, & \#8 = uu \rightarrow uu \\ \#4 & = & gu \rightarrow ug \,, & \#9 = ud \rightarrow ud \\ \#5 & = & u\bar{u} \rightarrow u\bar{u} \end{array}$$

 $\Rightarrow$  45 channels for the DPS; only 14 contribute to  $\geq$  95% of the cross section :

# Hard jets

We reproduce all the LO results (only SPS) for  $p p \rightarrow n j ets$ , n = 2, 3, 4 published in BlackHat collaboration, Phys.Rev.Lett. 109 (2012) 042001 S. Badger et al., Phys.Lett. B718 (2013) 965-978

Asymmetric cuts for hard central jets

$$\begin{split} p_T &\geq 80 \text{ GeV} \;, \quad \text{for leading jet} \\ p_T &\geq 60 \text{ GeV} \;, \quad \text{for non leading jets} \\ |\eta| &\leq 2.8 \;, \quad R = 0.4 \end{split}$$

PDFs set: MSTW2008LO@68cl

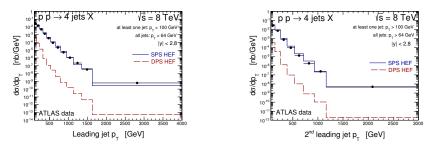
 $\sigma(\geq 2\,{\rm jets}) = 958^{+316}_{-221} \quad \sigma(\geq 3\,{\rm jets}) = 93.4^{+50.4}_{-30.3} \quad \sigma(\geq 4\,{\rm jets}) = 9.98^{+7.40}_{-3.95}$ 

Cuts are too hard to pin down DPS and/or benefit from HEF: 4-jet case

Collinear case 
$$\begin{cases} 9.98^{+7.40}_{-3.95} & SPS \\ 0.094^{+0.06}_{-0.036} & DPS \end{cases} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 10.0^{+6.9}_{-5.3} & SPS \\ 0.05^{+0.054}_{-0.029} & DPS \\ 0.05^{+0.054}_{-0.029} & DPS \end{array}$$

## Differential cross section

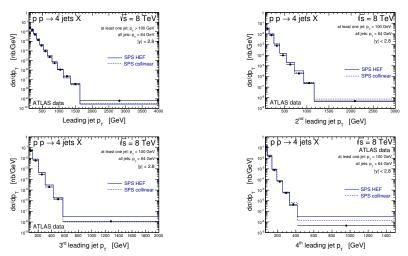
Most recent ATLAS paper on 4-jet production in proton-proton collision: ATLAS, JHEP 1512 (2015) 105



- All channels included and running  $\alpha_s$  @ NLO
- Good agreement with data
- DPS effects are manifestly too small for such hard cuts: this could be expected.

- Test of HE factorisation for hard 4-jet production

### Comparing collinear factorization and HEF



Collinear factorization performs slightly better for intermediate values and HEF does a better job for the last bins, except for the 4th jet.

# DPS effects in collinear and HEF

Inspired by Maciula, Szczurek, Phys.Lett. B749 (2015) 57-62 DPS effects are expected to become significant for lower  $p_T$  cuts, like the ones of the CMS collaboration, Phys.Rev. D89 (2014) no.9, 092010

 $p_T(1,2) \ge 50 \text{ GeV} \,, \quad p_T(3,4) \ge 20 \text{ GeV} \,, \quad |\eta| \le 4.7 \,, \quad R = 0.5$ 

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{CMS collaboration}: & \sigma_{tot} = 330 \pm 5 \ (\text{stat.}) \pm 45 \ (\text{syst.}) \ nb \\ \text{LO collinear factorization}: & \sigma_{SPS} = 697 \ nb \ , & \sigma_{DPS} = 125 \ \text{nb} \ , & \sigma_{tot} = 822 \ nb \\ \text{LO HEF} \ k_T \ \text{factorization}: & \sigma_{SPS} = 548 \ nb \ , & \sigma_{DPS} = 33 \ \text{nb} \ , & \sigma_{tot} = 581 \ nb \\ \end{array}$ 

#### In HE factorization DPS gets suppressed and does not dominate at low $p_T$

Counterintuitive result from well-tested perturbative framework  $\Rightarrow$  phase space effect ?

# Higher order corrections to 2-jet production

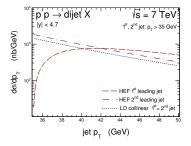


Figure: The transverse momentum distribution of the leading (long dashed line) and subleading (long dashed-dotted line) jet for the dijet production in HEF. NLO corrections to 2-jet production suffer from instability problem when using symmetric cuts: Frixione, Ridolfi, Nucl.Phys. B507 (1997) 315-333

Symmetric cuts rule out from integration final states in which the momentum imbalance due to the initial state non vanishing transverse momenta gives to one of the jets a lower transverse momentum than the threshold.

ATLAS data vs. theory (nb) @ LHC7 for 2,3,4 jets. Cuts are defined in Eur.Phys.J. C71 (2011) 1763; theoretical predictions from Phys.Rev.Lett. 109 (2012) 042001

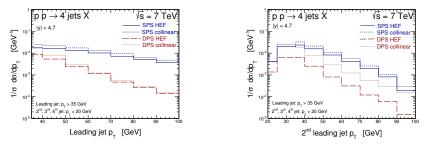
#jets	ATLAS	LO	NLO
2	$620 \pm 1.3^{+110}_{-66} \pm 24$	$958(1)^{+316}_{-221}$	$1193(3)^{+130}_{-135}$
3	$43\pm0.13^{+12}_{-6.2}\pm1.7$	$93.4(0.1)^{+50.4}_{-30.3}$	$54.5(0.5)^{+2.2}_{-19.9}$
4	$4.3\pm0.04^{+1.4}_{-0.79}\pm0.24$	$9.98(0.01)^{+7.40}_{-3.95}$	$5.54(0.12)^{+0.08}_{-2.44}$

### Reconciling HE and collinear factorisation: asymmetric $p_T$ cuts

In order to open up wider region of soft final states and thereof expected that the  $$\mathsf{DPS}$$  contribution increases

 $p_T(1) \ge 35 \text{GeV}, \quad p_T(2,3,4) \ge 20 \text{ GeV}, |\eta| < 4.7, \quad \Delta R > 0.5$ 

LO collinear factorization :  $\sigma_{SPS} = 1969 \ nb$ ,  $\sigma_{DPS} = 514 \ nb$ ,  $\sigma_{tot} = 2309 \ nb$ LO HEF  $k_T$ -factorization :  $\sigma_{SPS} = 1506 \ nb$ ,  $\sigma_{DPS} = 297 \ nb$ ,  $\sigma_{tot} = 1803 \ nb$ 



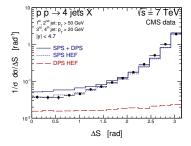
DPS dominance pushed to even lower  $p_T$  but restored in HE factorization as well

#### One more interesting variable

$$\Delta S = \arccos\left(\frac{\vec{p}_{\mathcal{T}}(j_1^{\text{hard}}, j_2^{\text{hard}}) \cdot \vec{p}_{\mathcal{T}}(j_1^{\text{soft}}, j_2^{\text{soft}})}{|\vec{p}_{\mathcal{T}}(j_1^{\text{hard}}, j_2^{\text{hard}})| \cdot |\vec{p}_{\mathcal{T}}(j_1^{\text{soft}}, j_2^{\text{soft}})|}\right) , \quad \vec{p}_{\mathcal{T}}(j_i, j_k) = p_{\mathcal{T},i} + p_{\mathcal{T},j}$$

We roughly describe the data via pQCD effects within our HEF approach which are (equally partially) described by parton-showers and soft MPIs by CMS.

For more variables to pin down DPS  $\Rightarrow$  see Maciula's talk CMS collaboration Phys.Rev. D89 (2014) no.9, 092010



Summary and perspectives

### Summary and conclusions

- We have a complete framework for the evaluation of cross sections from amplitudes with off-shell quarks and TMDs via KMR procedure obtained from NLO collinear PDFs
- HE factorisation reproduces well ATLAS data @ 7 and 8 TeV for hard central inclusive 4-jet production. Essential agreement with collinear predictions.
- HE factorisation smears out the DPS contribution to the cross section for less central jet, pushing the DPS-dominance region to lower  $p_T$ , but asymmetric cuts are in order: initial state transverse momentum generates asymmetries in the  $p_T$  of final state jet pairs.
- It would be interesting to have an experimental analysis with cuts which are asymmetric and soft.
- More observables to pin down DPS can be studied (see Maciula's talk)
- Further insight into HE factorisation prediction will come with progress in NLO results and with the addition of final state paton showers. Work in progress...

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# Thank you for your attention !