

Molded Bump Foil

An approach to a compact frontend fanout

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Molded Bumps Fanout



Aim & Requirements (Reminder)

- long-term stable and low-height contact between sensor and readout electronics

Materials:

- Gold (electrode of GaAs/Si sensor, coated track of pcb/flex pcb)

Geometry:

- ‘coarse’ grid (few mm)
- very small height (200 ... 500 μ m)
- ‘long’ distance to frontend electronics (max. sensor length)

Electrical:

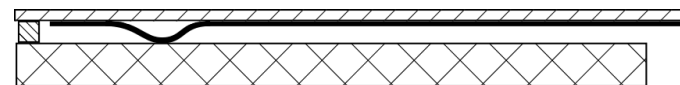
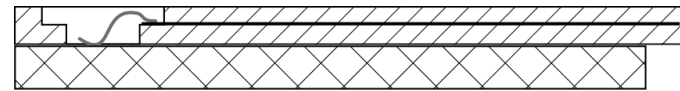
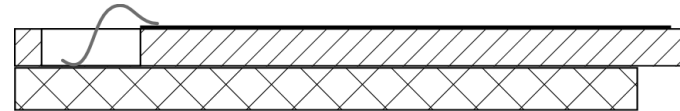
- extremely low current
- HV safe (?)
- low crosstalk, low capacitance

Mechanical:

- even surface ($\sim 10\mu$ m)

Approaches

- **wire bonding**
conventional, currently used, minimum height $\sim 100\mu\text{m}$ (not measured)
- **flat loop wire bonding**
staggered pcb required
- **conductive glue**
tested in Krakow (?), not satisfying ...
- **laser bonding**
first enquiries by TAU
- **tape automated (TAB) bonding**
first enquiries by TAU
bonding wedge & dedicated fanout sample ordered
- **spring loaded contact**
technology tests by ZEUTHEN
molding tool fabricated
dedicated fanout delivered and tested

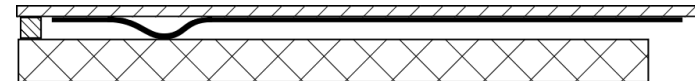


Spring Loaded Contact (Reminder)

- semi-flex pcb
- contacts are molded bumps (compare contacts of small size push button)

Advantages:

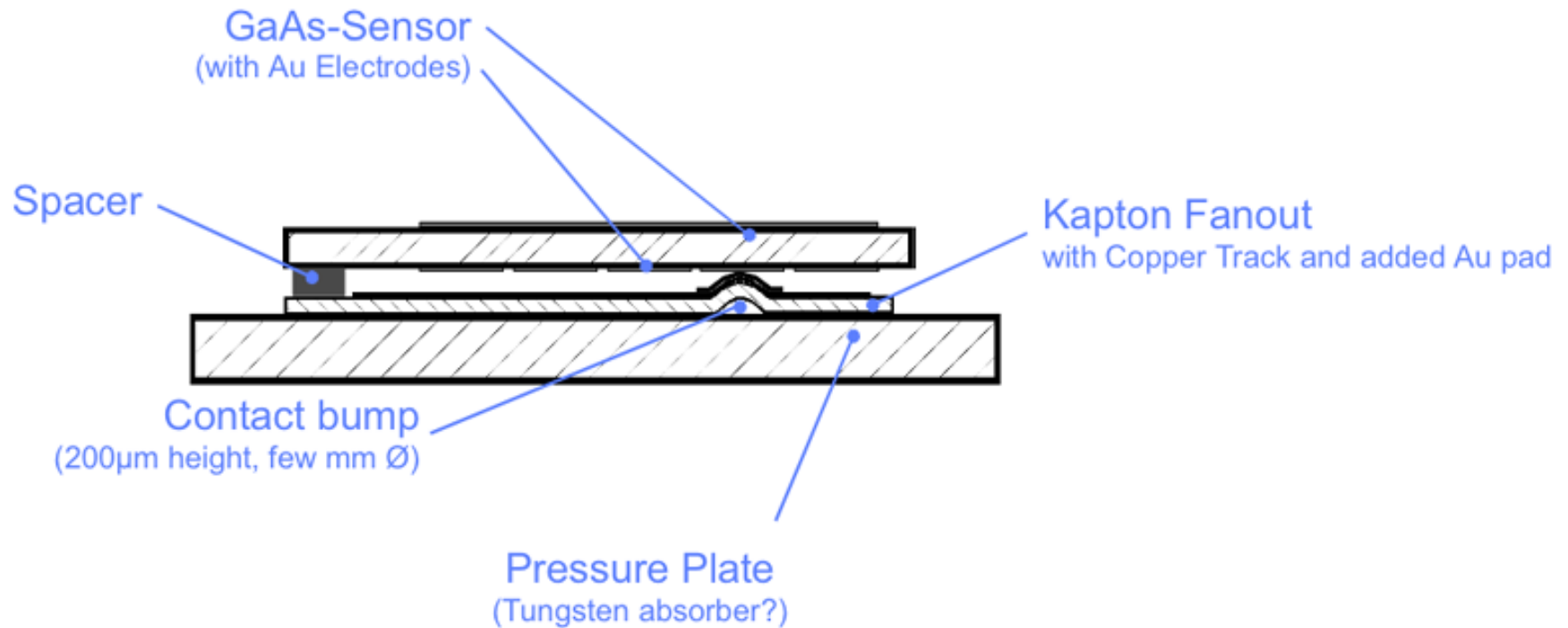
- assembly without thermal treatment
- robust against thermal impact and concussion
- residue-free removal
- easy exchange of either parts



Disadvantage:

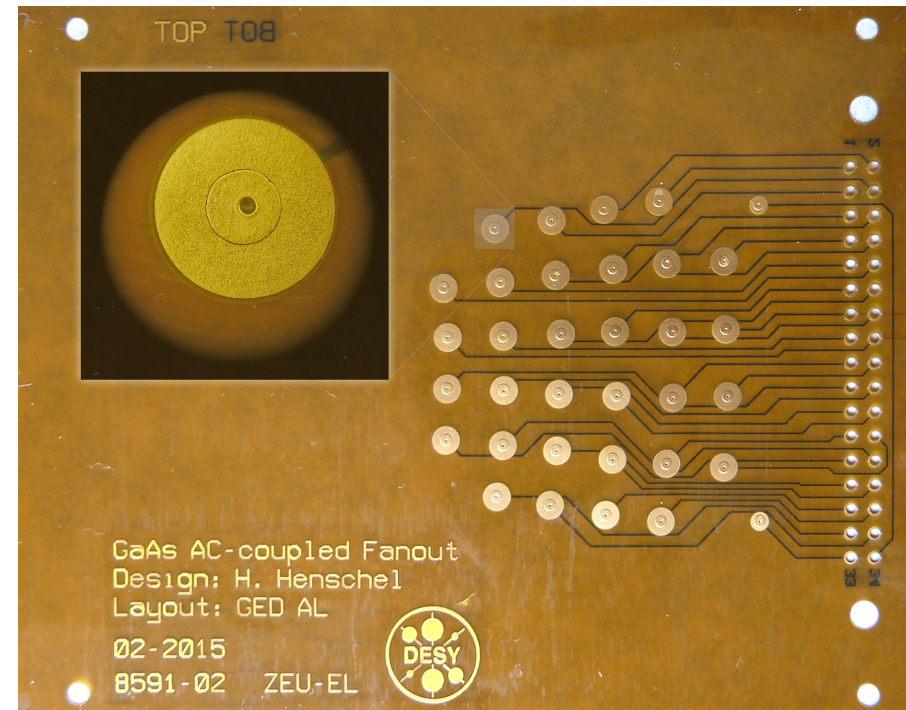
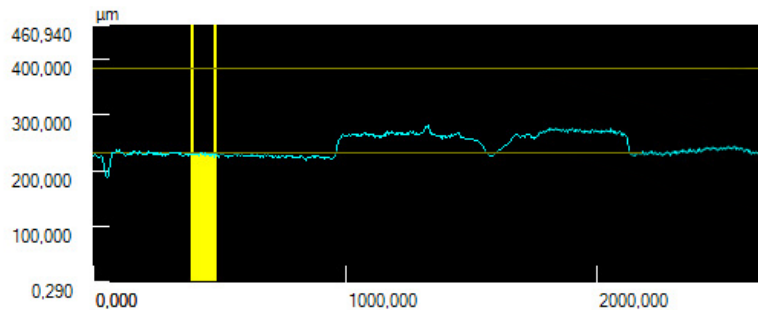
- tight requirements for surface flatness and parallelism
- contact force to be permanently maintained (spacer required)

Spring Loaded Contact (template #1)



Spring Loaded Contact (template #1)

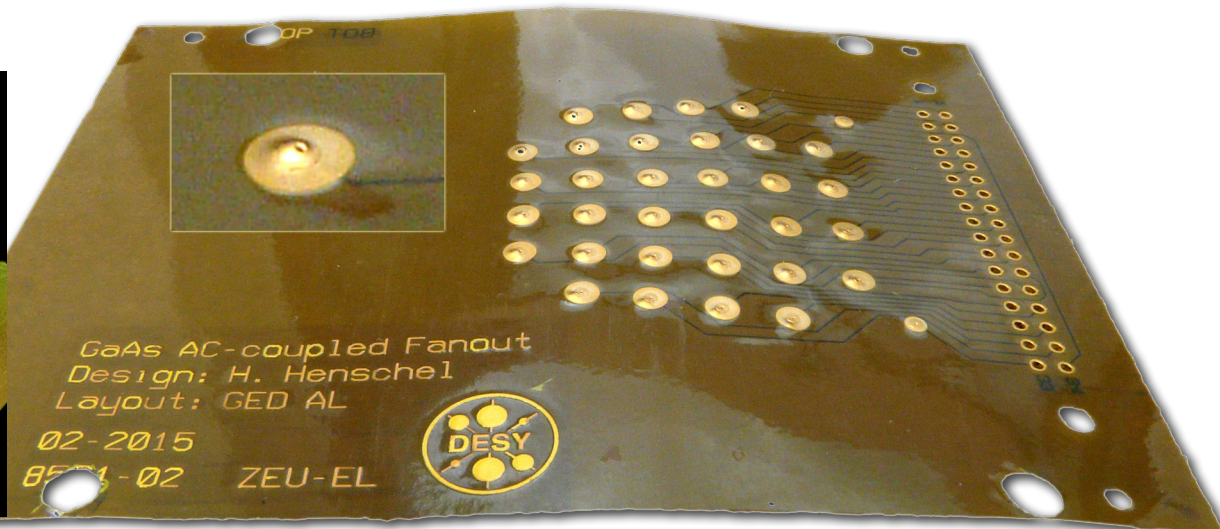
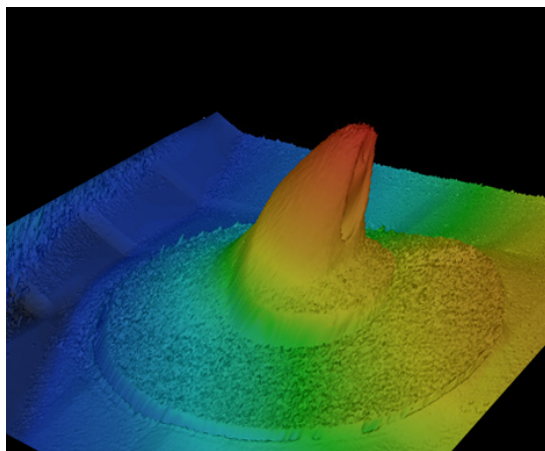
- Sample production at German company
- Standard 2-sided flex pcb with galvanic Au coating (50 μ m)
- Contacts **NOT** spring loaded! Just embossed
- Layout mistake (placement of pads)
- Laser survey



Molding (template #1)

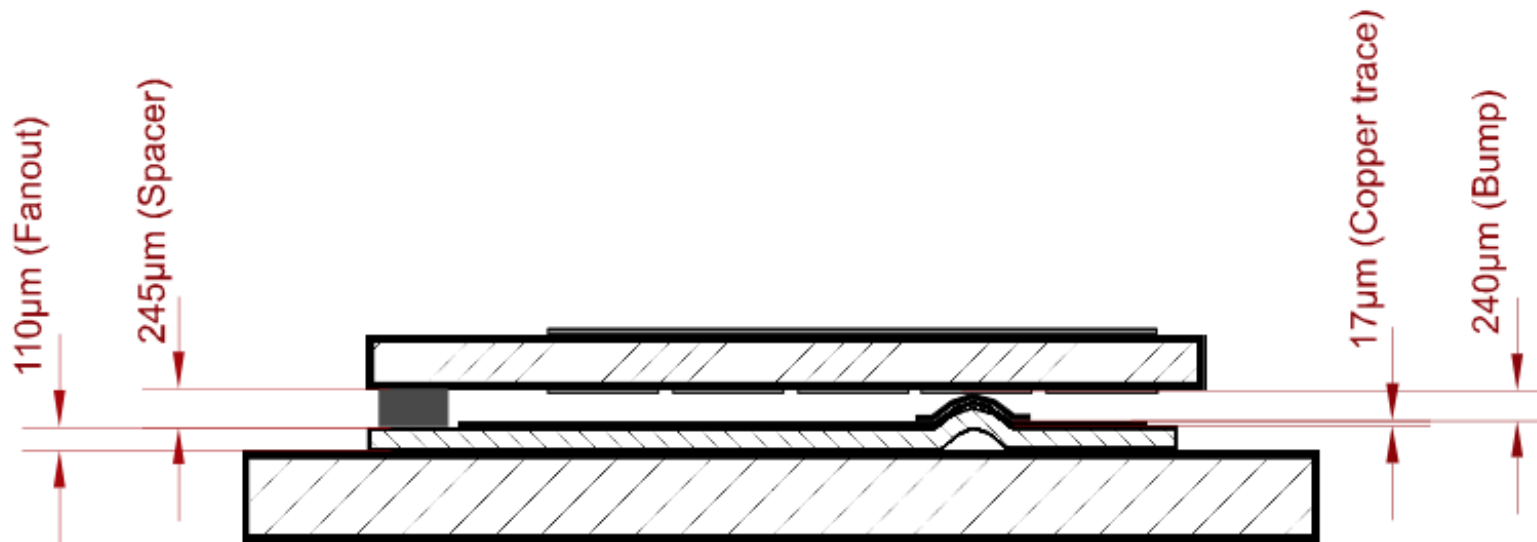
- 2-piece Molding tool (Zeuthen workshop)
- 32 molded pads (though peak partially misaligned*)
- peak height $240\mu\text{m}$

**) company used wrong dxf data*



Measurement

- Dimensions:



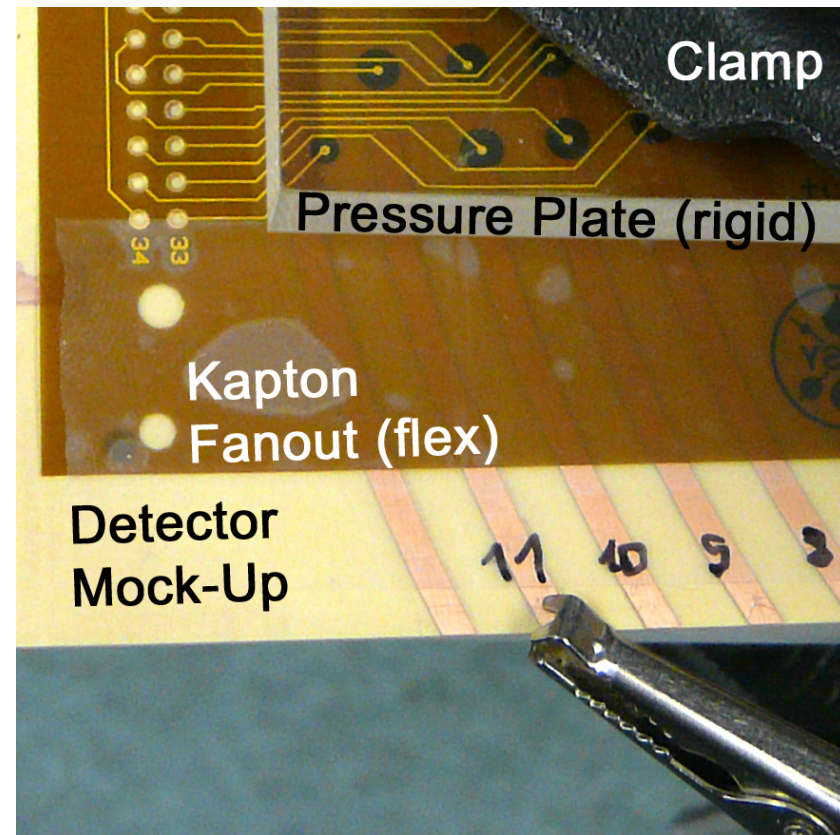
Due to the spacer the contact bump is compressed by about 10 μm .

Measurement

- Electrical:
Contact Resistance for different pressure and a series of clampings
(thanks to Lucia!)

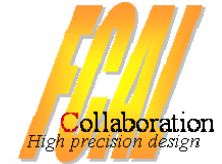
[Ω , averaged]

Contact Resistance GED-Fanout						
	Sector 1	2	3	4	5	6
Ring 11		0.38	0.38	0.34	0.33	
10	0.38	0.38	0.37	0.38	0.38	0.40
9	0.40	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.37	0.40
8	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.38	0.40	0.38
7	0.47	0.40	0.38	0.37	0.37	0.42
6		0.38	0.42	0.40	0.42	
Min	0.333					
	0.356					
	0.400					
Max	0.467					





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Next steps

- Order a second template (full size - 64 contacts?)
- Use original GaAs sensor (Au sputtering under way)
- Use a thin pressure plate with spacer frame