

# The Coannihilation Codex

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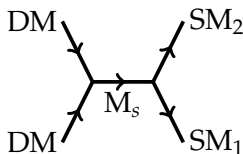
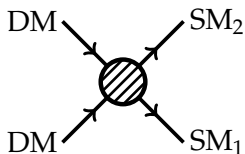
with

Michael Baker, Joachim Brod, Sonia El Hedri, Anna Kaminska,  
Joachim Kopp, Jia Liu, Andrea Thamm, Xiao-Ping Wang, Felix Yu, José Zurita

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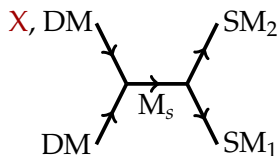
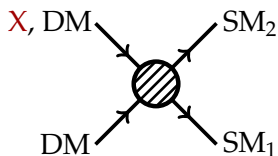
# INTRODUCTION

- Dark matter (DM) is observed using gravitational probes, but we are ignorant about its particle identity
- The thermal hypothesis: elegant explanation of current DM relic density that implies DM interactions with the SM
- DM annihilation implies direct detection, indirect detection and collider signatures through crossing symmetry  
⇒ EFT/Simplified Models: SM + DM (+ Mediator)



# INTRODUCTION

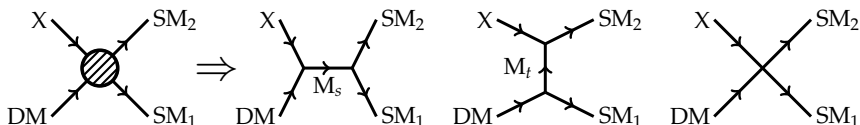
- Dark matter (DM) is observed using gravitational probes, but we are ignorant about its particle identity
- The thermal hypothesis: elegant explanation of current DM relic density that implies DM interactions with the SM
- DM annihilation implies direct detection, indirect detection and collider signatures through crossing symmetry  
 $\Rightarrow$  EFT/Simplified Models: SM + DM (+ Mediator)



- Often coannihilation is needed to obtain correct relic density  
 $\Rightarrow$  coannihilation partner  $X$
- Study all possible (DM,  $X$ ,  $M$ ) extensions of the SM characterizing simplified models for coannihilation

# COANNIHILATION

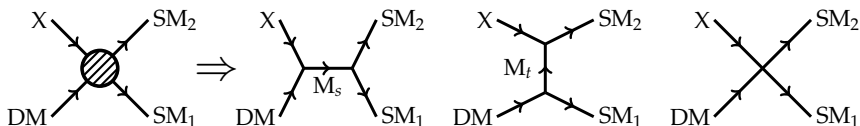
Characterize all possible two-to-two DM (co)annihilation processes as simplified models



- Use known DM properties:
  - DM particle is cold, non-baryonic, colorless and EM neutral
  - Relic density constraint motivates the belief that DM (co)annihilates to SM particles
- Result: A bottom-up framework for discovering dark matter at the LHC
  - LHC probes motivated by how DM obtains its relic density
  - Nature's choice for DM guaranteed to be realized in our framework given our assumptions

# COANNIHILATION

Characterize all possible two-to-two DM (co)annihilation processes as simplified models



## ASSUMPTIONS:

- DM is colorless, EM neutral
- DM is a thermal relic
- The (co)annihilation diagram is two-to-two
- Tree-level and renormalizable interactions only
- New particles have spin 0,  $\frac{1}{2}$ , or 1
- Dark sector stabilized by discrete symmetry
- All gauge bosons obey minimal coupling (renormalizability and gauge invariance)

# CONSTRUCTING THE CODEX

Construction a **minimal basis** of simplified models

- Work in the unbroken  $SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$  phase
- DM transforms as  $(1, N, \beta)$ , with hypercharge  $\beta$  such that one component is EM neutral
- Iterate over  $SM_1$   $SM_2$  pairings to define the possible set of coannihilation partners  $X$  (gauge charges and spin)
- Resolve each DM,  $X$ ,  $SM_1$  and  $SM_2$  set with an  $s$ -channel mediator  $M_s$  or  $t$ -channel mediator  $M_t$
- Group models channel:
  - **S** ( $s$ -channel), **T** ( $t$ -channel), **H** (hybrid, next slide)
 and by  $SU(3)_c$  representation of  $X$ :
  - **U**(ncolored), **T**(riplet), **O**(ctet), **E**(xotic)

## REFINING THE CODEX

- Notice that  $X = DM$  reproduces pair annihilation simplified models
- Accidental  $\mathbb{Z}_2$  parity protects against DM decay and also prohibits role reversal between  $s$ - and  $t$ -channel models ( $X_s = M_t$  and  $X_t = M_s$ ) because  $M_s$  is  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -even and  $M_t$  is  $\mathbb{Z}_2$ -odd
- In some models four-point interactions provide additional coannihilation channels
- Minimal coupling provision reduces number of possible simplified models
  - Coannihilation product  $SM_1$  or  $SM_2$  is a SM gauge boson  $\Rightarrow$  hybrid simplified model
  - In hybrid models  $M_s = SM_3$  and  $M_t = DM$  or  $X$  (reduced field content and couplings)
  - Hybrid models have both  $s$ -channel and  $t$ -channel coannihilation (if DM and  $X$  not gauge singlets)
- EWSB effects can be included into models (phenomenology of such models already captured by current classification)

# THE COANNIHILATION CODEX

Contains 161 models in hybrid,  $s$ -channel and  $t$ -channel categories

Category (# of models)	New fields	New couplings
hybrid (7)	DM, X	DM-X-SM <sub>3</sub>
$s$ -channel (49)	DM, X, M <sub>s</sub>	DM-X-M <sub>s</sub> M <sub>s</sub> -SM <sub>1</sub> -SM <sub>2</sub>
$t$ -channel (105)	DM, X, M <sub>t</sub>	DM-M <sub>t</sub> -SM <sub>1</sub> X-M <sub>t</sub> -SM <sub>2</sub>

## HYBRID MODELS:

ID	X	$\alpha + \beta$	SM <sub>3</sub>	Extensions
H1	(1, N, $\alpha$ )	0	$B, W_i^{N \geq 2}$	SU1, SU3, TU1, TU4-TU8
H2		-2	$\ell_R$	SU6, SU8, TU10, TU11
H3	(1, N $\pm$ 1, $\alpha$ )	-1	$H^\dagger$	SU10, TU18-TU23
H4			$L_L$	SU11, TU16, TU17
H5	(3, N, $\alpha$ )	$\frac{4}{3}$	$u_R$	ST3, ST5, TT3, TT4
H6		$-\frac{2}{3}$	$d_R$	ST7, ST9, TT10, TT11
H7	(3, N $\pm$ 1, $\alpha$ )	$\frac{1}{3}$	$Q_L$	ST14, TT28-TT31



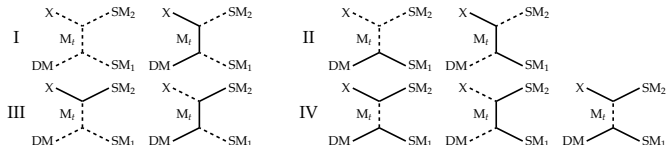
# THE COANNIHILATION CODEX

## S-CHANNEL MODELS:

ID	X	$\alpha + \beta$	$M_S$	Spin	(SM <sub>1</sub> SM <sub>2</sub> )	X-DM-SM <sub>3</sub>	M <sub>S</sub> -X-X
ST1	(3, N, $\alpha$ )	$\frac{10}{3}$	(3, 1, $\frac{10}{3}$ )	B	( $u_R l_R$ )		$\checkmark (\alpha = -\frac{5}{3})$
ST2				B	( $d_R \ell_R$ ), ( $Q_L L_L$ ), ( $d_R d_R$ )		$\checkmark (\alpha = -\frac{5}{3})$
ST3		$\frac{4}{3}$	(3, 1, $\frac{4}{3}$ )	F	( $Q_L H$ )	H5	
ST4				B	( $Q_L L_L$ )		$\checkmark (\alpha = -\frac{2}{3})$
ST5				F	( $Q_L H$ )	H5	
ST10		$-\frac{8}{3}$	(3, 1, $-\frac{8}{3}$ )	B	( $\bar{u}_R \bar{u}_R$ ), ( $d_R \ell_R$ )		$\checkmark (\alpha = \frac{4}{3})$
ST11	(3, N $\pm 1$ , $\alpha$ )	$\frac{7}{3}$	(3, 2, $\frac{7}{3}$ )	B	( $Q_L \bar{\ell}_R$ ), ( $u_R \bar{L}_L$ )		
ST12				F	( $u_R H$ )		

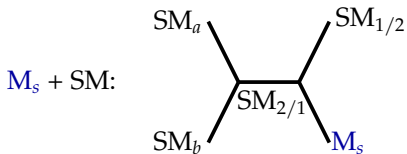
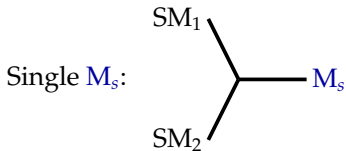
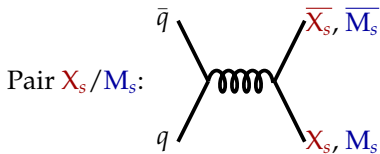
## T-CHANNEL MODELS:

ID	X	$\alpha + \beta$	$M_t$	Spin	(SM <sub>1</sub> SM <sub>2</sub> )	X-DM-SM <sub>3</sub>
TE1	(6, N, $\alpha$ )	$\frac{8}{3}$	$(\bar{3}, N, \beta - \frac{4}{3})$	IV	( $u_R u_R$ )	
TE2				IV	( $Q_L Q_L$ )	
TE3		$\frac{2}{3}$	$(\bar{3}, N, \beta - \frac{4}{3})$	IV	( $u_R d_R$ )	
TE4				IV	( $d_R u_R$ )	
TE5				IV	( $d_R d_R$ )	

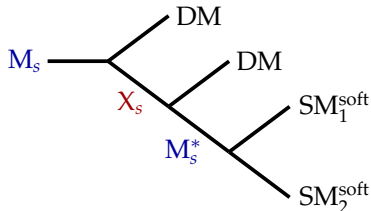
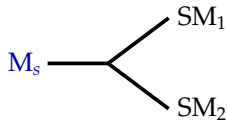
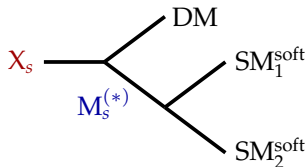


# PHENOMENOLOGY: $s$ -CHANNEL

## PRODUCTION:

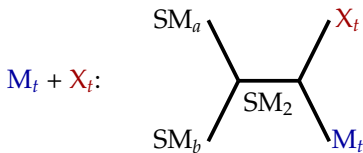
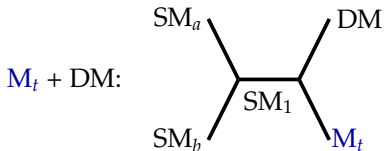
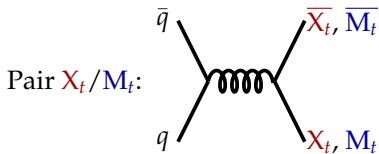


## DECAY:

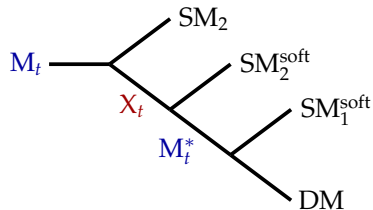
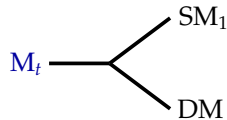
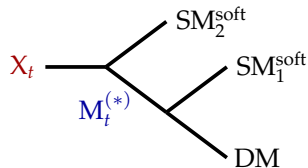


# PHENOMENOLOGY: $t$ -CHANNEL

## PRODUCTION:



## DECAY:



# INESCAPABLE LHC SIGNATURES

- Assume coannihilation sizable:  $\Delta = \frac{m_X - m_{DM}}{m_{DM}} = \mathcal{O}(5 - 20\%)$
- Pair production and decays of M and X guaranteed

## 1) MONO-Y + MET:

- DM DM, DM X, X X + ISR (X decays may be resolved depending on  $\Delta$  and detector performance **New!**)
- Pair production of M ( $2 \times M \rightarrow DM X$ )

## 2) S-CHANNEL RESONANCES:

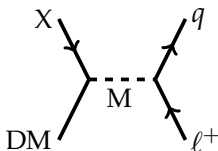
- Paired resonances ( $2 \times M \rightarrow SM_1 SM_2$ )
- Resonance + MET ( $M \rightarrow SM_1 SM_2$  and  $M \rightarrow DM X$ ) **New!**

## 3) T-CHANNEL CASCADES:

- Cascade decays always with final state MET (no resonances)
- SM legs from mediator hard, from X soft, new kinematics

# LEPTOQUARK-MEDIATED COANNIHILATION

Field	Rep.	Spin and mass assignment
DM	(1, 1, 0)	Majorana fermion
X	(3, 2, $\frac{7}{3}$ )	Dirac fermion
$M \equiv LQ$	(3, 2, $\frac{7}{3}$ )	Scalar

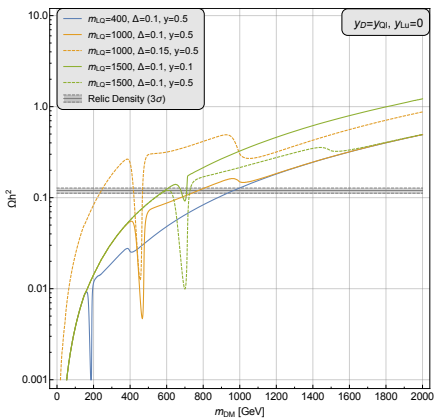


$$\mathcal{L} \supset \mathcal{L}_{\text{kin}} + y_D \bar{X} M DM + y_{Q\ell} \bar{Q}_L M \ell_R + y_{Lu} \bar{L}_L M^c u_R + h.c.$$

$$\Delta = \frac{m_X - m_{DM}}{m_{DM}} \quad y_{Q\ell}^{ij} = y_{Lu} = 0 \quad y_D \neq 0 \neq y_{Q\ell}^{11}$$

- Satisfies flavor constraints, APV gives  $|y_{Q\ell}^{11}| < 0.40 \left( \frac{m_{LQ}}{1 \text{ TeV}} \right)$
- Branching ratios of M depend on  $y_{LQ}, y_D, m_{DM}$  and  $\Delta$

# RELIC DENSITY



(Co)annihilation channels:

$$X X \rightarrow g g$$

$$X DM \rightarrow SM SM$$

$$DM DM \rightarrow M M \rightarrow 4 SM$$

$$X X \rightarrow M M \rightarrow 4 SM$$

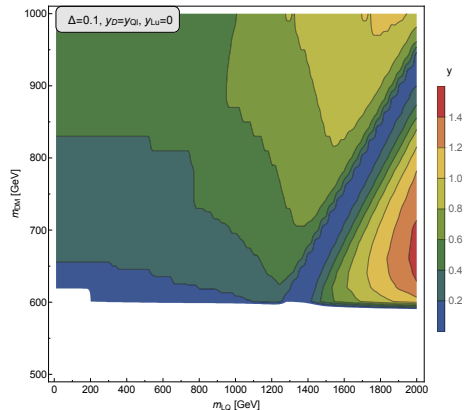
Goal: fit  $\Omega h^2 = 0.1198 \pm 0.0026$

Chemical equilibrium:

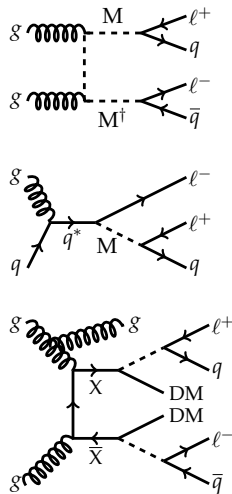
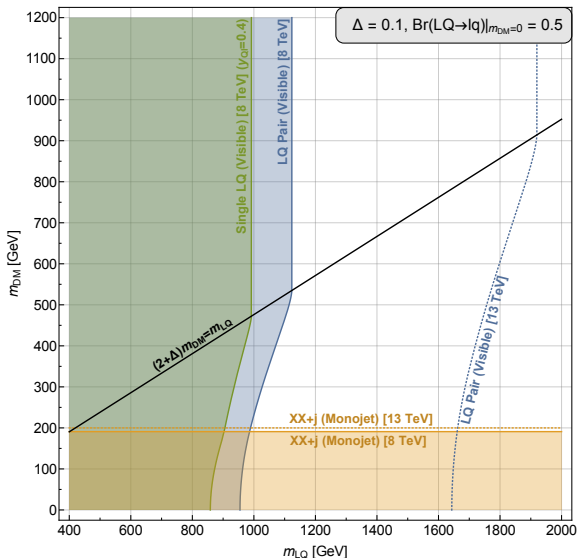
$$DM DM \Leftrightarrow X X$$

$$DM SM \Leftrightarrow X SM$$

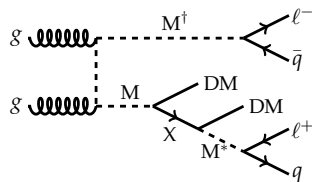
$$X \Leftrightarrow DM SM SM$$



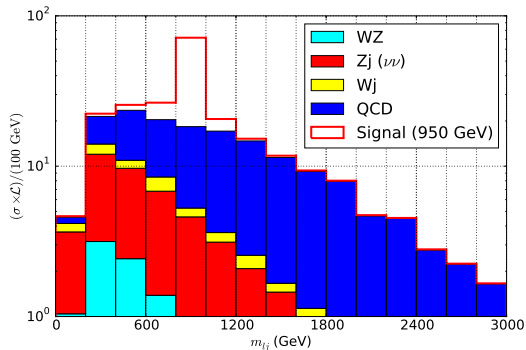
# LHC: CURRENT EXCLUSIONS



# LHC: NEW SEARCHES

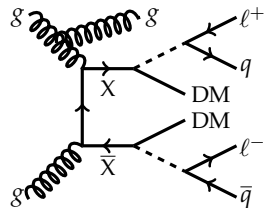


- $\ell$  and  $q$  from invisible decay chain are soft
- Main cuts:  $MET$ ,  $m_T$ ,  $m_{\ell q}$



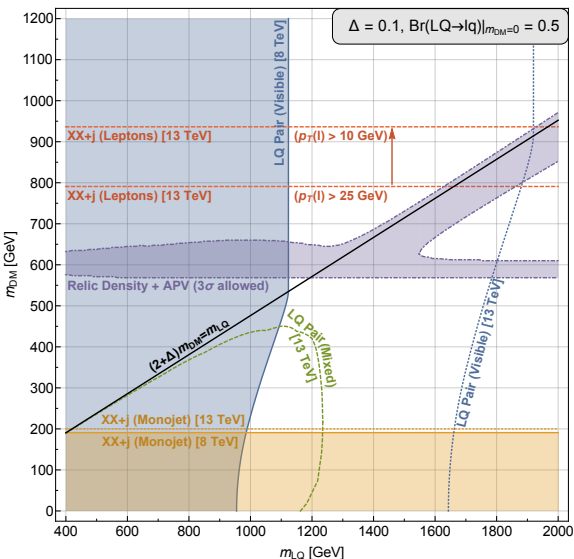
- Similar to monojet + MET search
- Additional requirement of 2 soft leptons
- Table shows  $2\sigma$  exclusion limit on  $m_X$

	$p_T > 10 \text{ GeV}$	$p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$	$p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$
$\Delta = 0.05$	1030	930	700
$\Delta = 0.1$	1030	1000	870
$\Delta = 0.2$	1030	1020	1000



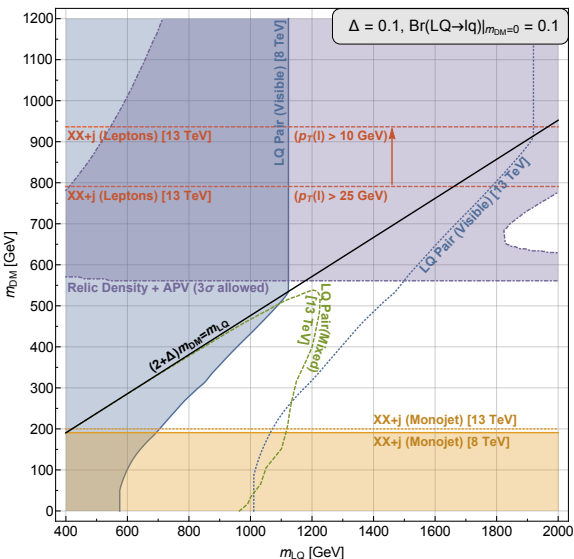


# LHC: COMBINED RESULTS (EQUAL BRANCHING)



- Combined exclusion and projections
- Relic density + APV allowed contour  
APV:  $|y_{Ql}^{11}| < 0.40 \left(\frac{m_{LQ}}{1 \text{ TeV}}\right)$
- Fix couplings  $y_D, y_{Ql}^{11}$  such that branching ratios are ( $m_{DM} = 0$ ):  
 $LQ \rightarrow \text{visible} = 50\%$   
 $LQ \rightarrow \text{dark} = 50\%$
- Mixed topology is maximized

# LHC: COMBINED RESULTS (DARK $\gg$ VISIBLE)



- Combined exclusion and projections
- Relic density + APV allowed contour  
APV:  $|y_{Q\ell}^{11}| < 0.40 \left(\frac{m_{LQ}}{1 \text{ TeV}}\right)$
- Fix couplings  $y_D, y_{Q\ell}^{11}$  such that branching ratios are ( $m_{\text{DM}} = 0$ ):  
LQ  $\rightarrow$  visible = 10%  
LQ  $\rightarrow$  dark = 90%
- Mixed topology is maximized relative to fully visible topology

# CONCLUSIONS

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- Guaranteed kinetic & coannihilation vertices  
⇒ **inescapable signatures**
  - We identified these new LHC signatures
  - We identified interesting models, e.g., leptoquarks and DM
  - Other low-hanging fruit: dijet/dilepton resonances + MET

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Thank you for your attention!

# CODEX SIMPLIFIED MODELS: s-CHANNEL

ID	X	$\alpha + \beta$	$M_s$	Spin	(SM <sub>1</sub> SM <sub>2</sub> )	SM <sub>3</sub>	M-X-X
SU1	(1, N, $\alpha$ )	0	(1, 1, 0)	B	$(w_R \overline{w_R}, (d_R \overline{d_R}), (Q_L \overline{Q_L})$ $(\ell_R \overline{\ell_R}), (L_L \overline{L_L}), (H H^1)$	$B, W_i^{N \geq 2}$	✓
SU2				F	$(L_L H^1)$		
SU3				B	$(Q_L \overline{Q_L}), (L_L \overline{L_L}), (H H^1)$	$B, W_i$	✓
SU4		-2	$(1, 3, 0)^{N \geq 2}$	F	$(L_L H^1)$		
SU5				B	$(d_R \overline{w_R}), (H^1 H^1)$		✓
SU6				F	$(L_L H^1)$	$\ell_R$	
SU7			B	$(H^1 H^1), (L_L \overline{L_L})$		$\checkmark (\alpha = \pm 1)$	
SU8			F	$(L_L H^1)$	$\ell_R$		
SU9			B	$(\ell_R \overline{H^1})$	$\ell_R$	$\checkmark (\alpha = \pm 2)$	
SU10	(1, N $\pm 1, \alpha$ )	-1	(1, 2, -1)	B	$(d_R \overline{Q_L}), (w_R \overline{Q_L}), (L_L \overline{\ell_R})$	$H^1$	
SU11				F		$L_L$	
SU12		B	$(L_L \ell_R)$				
SU13		F	$(\ell_R H^1)$				
SU14	(1, N $\pm 2, \alpha$ )	0	(1, 3, 0)	B	$(L_L \overline{L_L}), (Q_L \overline{Q_L}), (H H^1)$		$\checkmark (\alpha = 0)$
SU15				F	$(L_L H^1)$		
SU16		B	$(H^1 H^1), (L_L \overline{L_L})$		$\checkmark (\alpha = \pm 1)$		
SU17	F	$(L_L H^1)$					

SU type - 17 models

ID	X	$\alpha + \beta$	$M_s$	Spin	(SM <sub>1</sub> SM <sub>2</sub> )	SM <sub>3</sub>	M-X-X
ST1	(3, N, $\alpha$ )	$\frac{1}{2}$	(3, 1, $\frac{1}{2}$ )	B	$(w_R \overline{w_R})$		$\checkmark \alpha = -\frac{3}{2}$
ST2				B	$(d_R \overline{\ell_R}), (Q_L \overline{L_L}), (\overline{d_R} \overline{d_R})$		$\checkmark \alpha = -\frac{3}{2}$
ST3				F	$(Q_L H^1)$	$w_R$	
ST4				B	$(Q_L \overline{L_L})$		$\checkmark \alpha = -\frac{3}{2}$
ST5		-2	$(3, 3, \frac{1}{2})^{N \geq 2}$	F	$(Q_L H^1)$	$w_R$	
ST6				B	$(\overline{Q_L} \overline{Q_L}), (\overline{w_R} \overline{d_R}), (w_R \overline{\ell_R}), (Q_L \overline{L_L})$		$\checkmark \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$
ST7				F	$(Q_L H^1)$	$d_R$	$\checkmark \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$
ST8			B	$(\overline{Q_L} \overline{Q_L}), (Q_L \overline{L_L})$		$\checkmark \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$	
ST9			F	$(Q_L H^1)$	$d_R$		
ST10			B	$(\overline{w_R} \overline{w_R}), (d_R \ell_R)$		$\checkmark \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$	
ST11		$\frac{3}{2}$	(3, 2, $\frac{1}{2}$ )	B	$(Q_L \overline{\ell_R}), (w_R \overline{L_L})$		
ST12				F	$(w_R H^1)$		
ST13				B	$(d_R \overline{L_L}), (Q_L \overline{d_R}), (w_R \overline{L_L})$		
ST14				F	$(w_R H^1), (d_R H^1)$	$Q_L$	
ST15			B	$(Q_L \overline{w_R}), (Q_L \ell_R), (d_R \overline{L_L})$			
ST16			F	$(d_R H^1)$			
ST17			B	$(Q_L \overline{d_R})$		$\checkmark \alpha = -\frac{3}{2}$	
ST18			F	$(Q_L H^1)$			
ST19		-2	(3, 3, $-\frac{1}{2}$ )	B	$(\overline{Q_L} \overline{Q_L}), (Q_L \overline{L_L})$		$\checkmark \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$
ST20				F	$(Q_L H^1)$		

ST type - 20 models

ID	X	$\alpha + \beta$	$M_s$	Spin	(SM <sub>1</sub> SM <sub>2</sub> )	SM <sub>3</sub>	M-X-X
SO1	(8, N, $\alpha$ )	0	$(8, 1, 0)^{\alpha \neq \beta(\neq 2)}$	B	$(d_R \overline{d_R}), (w_R \overline{w_R}), (Q_L \overline{Q_L})$		$\checkmark \alpha = 0$
SO2		$(8, 3, 0)^{N \geq 2}$	B	$(Q_L \overline{Q_L})$		$\checkmark \alpha = 0$	
SO3		-2	$(8, 1, -2)$	B	$(d_R \overline{w_R})$		$\checkmark \alpha = \pm 1$
SO4	(8, N $\pm 1, \alpha$ )	-1	$(8, 2, -1)$	B	$(d_R \overline{Q_L}), (Q_L \overline{w_R})$		
SO5	(8, N $\pm 2, \alpha$ )	0	$(8, 3, 0)$	B	$(Q_L \overline{Q_L})$		$\checkmark \alpha = 0$
SE1	(6, N, $\alpha$ )	$\frac{1}{2}$	$(6, 1, \frac{1}{2})$	B	$(w_R \overline{w_R})$		$\checkmark \alpha = -\frac{3}{2}$
SE2				B	$(Q_L \overline{Q_L}), (w_R \overline{d_R})$		$\checkmark \alpha = -\frac{3}{2}$
SE3		-2	$(6, 3, \frac{1}{2})^{N \geq 2}$	B	$(Q_L \overline{Q_L})$		$\checkmark \alpha = -\frac{3}{2}$
SE4				B	$(d_R \overline{d_R})$		$\checkmark \alpha = \frac{3}{2}$
SE5	(6, N $\pm 1, \alpha$ )	$\frac{1}{2}$	$(6, 2, \frac{1}{2})$	B	$(Q_L \overline{w_R})$		
SE6				B	$(Q_L \overline{d_R})$		
SE7		$\frac{3}{2}$	$(6, 3, \frac{3}{2})$	B	$(Q_L \overline{Q_L})$		$\checkmark \alpha = -\frac{3}{2}$

SO and SE type - 5 and 7 models

# CODEx SIMPLIFIED MODELS: $t$ -CHANNEL

ID	X	$\alpha + \beta$	$M_t$	Spin	(SM <sub>1</sub> SM <sub>2</sub> )	SM <sub>3</sub>
TU1	(1, N, $\alpha$ )	0	(1, N ± 1, β - 1)	I	(HH <sup>V</sup> )	B, W <sub>N</sub> <sup>N±2</sup>
TU2			(1, N ± 1, β + 1)	II	(L <sub>L</sub> H)	
TU3			(1, N ± 1, β - 1)	III	(HL <sub>L</sub> )	
TU4			(3, N ± 1, β - 1/2)	IV	(Q <sub>L</sub> Q <sub>L</sub> )	B, W <sub>N</sub> <sup>N±2</sup>
TU5			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	B, W <sub>N</sub> <sup>N±2</sup>
TU6			(3, N, β + 3/4)	IV	(d <sub>R</sub> d <sub>R</sub> )	B, W <sub>N</sub> <sup>N±2</sup>
TU7			(1, N ± 1, β + 1)	IV	(L <sub>L</sub> L <sub>L</sub> )	B, W <sub>N</sub> <sup>N±2</sup>
TU8			(1, N, β + 2)	IV	(e <sub>R</sub> e <sub>R</sub> )	B, W <sub>N</sub> <sup>N±2</sup>
TU9			(1, N ± 1, β + 1)	I	(H <sup>V</sup> H <sup>V</sup> )	
TU10			(1, N ± 1, β + 1)	II	(L <sub>L</sub> L <sub>L</sub> H <sup>V</sup> )	ℓ <sub>R</sub>
TU11	-2	-2	(1, N ± 1, β + 1)	III	(H <sup>V</sup> L <sub>L</sub> )	ℓ <sub>R</sub>
TU12			(1, N ± 1, β + 1)	IV	(L <sub>L</sub> L <sub>L</sub> )	
TU13			(3, N, β + 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> d <sub>R</sub> )	
TU14			(3, N, β + 3/4)	IV	(d <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TU15	-4	-4	(1, N, β + 2)	IV	(ℓ <sub>R</sub> ℓ <sub>R</sub> )	
TU16			(1, N, β + 2)	II	(ℓ <sub>R</sub> H)	L <sub>L</sub>
TU17	(1, N ± 1, $\alpha$ )	-1	(1, N ± 1, β - 1)	III	(Hℓ <sub>R</sub> )	L <sub>L</sub>
TU18			(1, N, β + 2)	IV	(ℓ <sub>R</sub> L <sub>L</sub> )	H <sup>V</sup>
TU19			(1, N ± 1, β - 1)	IV	(L <sub>L</sub> ℓ <sub>R</sub> )	H <sup>V</sup>
TU20			(3, N, β + 3/4)	IV	(d <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	H <sup>V</sup>
TU21			(3, N ± 1, β + 3/4)	IV	(Q <sub>L</sub> Q <sub>L</sub> )	H <sup>V</sup>
TU22			(3, N ± 1, β - 1/4)	IV	(Q <sub>L</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	H <sup>V</sup>
TU23			(3, N, β + 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	H <sup>V</sup>
TU24			(1, N ± 1, β + 1)	IV	(L <sub>L</sub> ℓ <sub>R</sub> )	
TU25			(1, N, β + 2)	IV	(ℓ <sub>R</sub> L <sub>L</sub> )	
TU26			(1, N ± 2, $\alpha$ )	0	(1, N ± 1, β - 1)	I
TU27	(1, N ± 1, β + 1)	II			(L <sub>L</sub> H)	
TU28	(1, N ± 1, β - 1)	III			(HL <sub>L</sub> )	
TU29	(3, N ± 1, β - 1/2)	IV			(Q <sub>L</sub> Q <sub>L</sub> )	
TU30	(1, N ± 1, β + 1)	IV			(L <sub>L</sub> L <sub>L</sub> )	
TU31	(1, N ± 1, β + 1)	I			(H <sup>V</sup> H <sup>V</sup> )	
TU32	(1, N ± 1, β + 1)	II			(L <sub>L</sub> L <sub>L</sub> H <sup>V</sup> )	
TU33	(1, N ± 1, β + 1)	III			(H <sup>V</sup> L <sub>L</sub> )	

TU type - 33 models

TT type - 52 models

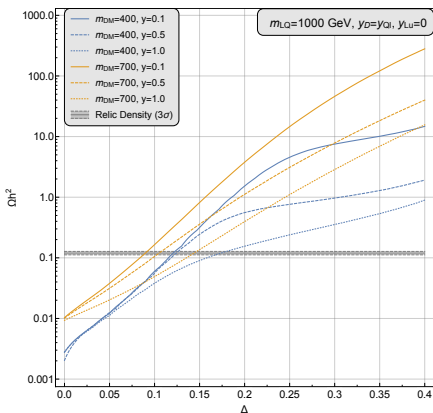
ID	X	$\alpha + \beta$	$M_t$	Spin	(SM <sub>1</sub> SM <sub>2</sub> )	SM <sub>3</sub>	
TO1	(8, N, $\alpha$ )	0	(3, N ± 1, β - 1/2)	IV	(Q <sub>L</sub> Q <sub>L</sub> )		
TO2			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )		
TO3			(3, N, β + 3/4)	IV	(d <sub>R</sub> d <sub>R</sub> )		
TO4			(3, N, β + 3/4)	IV	(d <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )		
TO5			(3, N, β + 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> d <sub>R</sub> )		
TO6	(8, N ± 1, $\alpha$ )	-1	(3, N, β + 3/4)	IV	(d <sub>R</sub> Q <sub>L</sub> )		
TO7			(3, N ± 1, β + 3/4)	IV	(Q <sub>L</sub> d <sub>R</sub> )		
TO8			(3, N ± 1, β - 1/2)	IV	(Q <sub>L</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )		
TO9			(3, N, β + 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> Q <sub>L</sub> )		
TO10			(8, N ± 2, $\alpha$ )	0	(3, N ± 1, β - 1/2)	IV	(Q <sub>L</sub> Q <sub>L</sub> )
TE1	(6, N, $\alpha$ )	+1/2	(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )		
TE2			(3, N ± 1, β - 3/4)	IV	(Q <sub>L</sub> Q <sub>L</sub> )		
TE3			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> d <sub>R</sub> )		
TE4		-1/2	-1/2	(3, N, β + 3/4)	IV	(d <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TE5				(3, N, β + 3/4)	IV	(d <sub>R</sub> d <sub>R</sub> )	
TE6				(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> Q <sub>L</sub> )	
TE7		(6, N ± 1, $\alpha$ )	-1/2	(3, N ± 1, β - 3/4)	IV	(Q <sub>L</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TE8				(3, N, β + 3/4)	IV	(d <sub>R</sub> Q <sub>L</sub> )	
TE9				(3, N ± 1, β - 1/2)	IV	(Q <sub>L</sub> d <sub>R</sub> )	
TE10	(6, N ± 2, $\alpha$ )	0	(3, N ± 1, β - 1/2)	IV	(Q <sub>L</sub> Q <sub>L</sub> )		

TO and TE type - 10 and 10 models

ID	X	$\alpha + \beta$	$M_t$	Spin	(SM <sub>1</sub> SM <sub>2</sub> )	SM <sub>3</sub>
TT1	(1, N, $\alpha$ )	+	(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT2			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT3			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT4			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT5			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT6			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT7			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT8			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT9			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT10			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT11	(1, N, $\alpha$ )	+	(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT12			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT13			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT14			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT15			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT16			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT17			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT18			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT19			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT20			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT21	(1, N, $\alpha$ )	+	(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT22			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT23			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT24			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT25			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT26			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT27			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT28			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT29			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT30			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT31	(1, N, $\alpha$ )	+	(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT32			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT33			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT34			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT35			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT36			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT37			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT38			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT39			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT40			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT41	(1, N, $\alpha$ )	+	(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT42			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT43			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT44			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT45			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT46			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT47			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT48			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT49			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT50			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT51	(1, N, $\alpha$ )	+	(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT52			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT53			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT54			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT55			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT56			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT57			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT58			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT59			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	
TT60			(3, N, β - 3/4)	IV	(u <sub>R</sub> u <sub>R</sub> )	



# RELIC DENSITY (ADDITIONAL PLOTS)



Annihilation channels:

$$X X \rightarrow g g$$

$$X DM \rightarrow SM SM$$

$$DM DM \rightarrow M M \rightarrow 4 SM$$

$$X X \rightarrow M M \rightarrow 4 SM$$

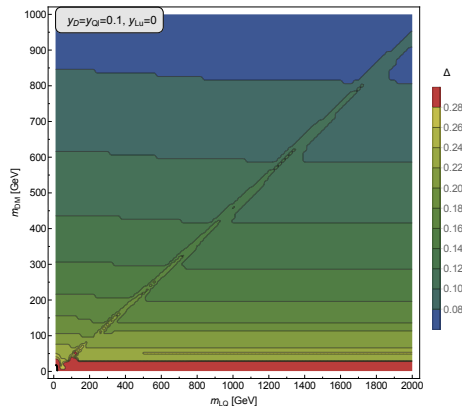
Goal: fit  $\Omega h^2 = 0.1198 \pm 0.0026$

Chemical equilibrium:

$$DM DM \Leftrightarrow X X$$

$$DM SM \Leftrightarrow X SM$$

$$X \Leftrightarrow DM SM SM$$



# LHC: NEW SEARCHES (CUT-FLOW)

## LQ MIXED DECAY:

$m_{\text{DM}} = 405 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $m_{\text{DM}} = 445 \text{ GeV}$  and  $m_{\text{DM}} = 950 \text{ GeV}$

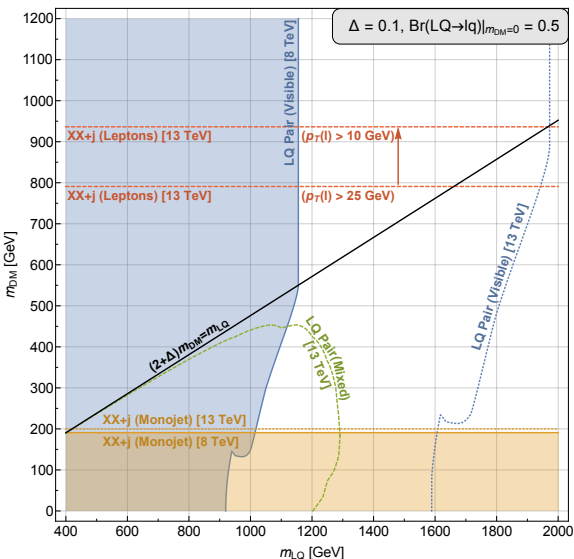
	QCD	$W + 1, 2j$	$t\bar{t}$	$Z\nu\nu + j$	$Z\tau\tau + j$	$W^+W^-$	$WZ\nu\nu + j$	$WZjj$	signal
$p_T(j_1) > 50 \text{ GeV}$	$2.1 \times 10^{12}$	$4.4 \times 10^8$	$1.3 \times 10^8$	$7.0 \times 10^7$	$1.3 \times 10^7$	$1.2 \times 10^6$	$1.3 \times 10^5$	$3.1 \times 10^5$	600
$N_e^h = 1, N_e \leq 2$	$4.8 \times 10^9$	$8.8 \times 10^7$	$1.2 \times 10^7$	$8.6 \times 10^4$	$4.8 \times 10^5$	$2.4 \times 10^5$	$1.9 \times 10^4$	$6.1 \times 10^4$	415
$b$ -jet veto	$4.0 \times 10^9$	$8.2 \times 10^7$	$5.0 \times 10^6$	$8.2 \times 10^4$	$4.6 \times 10^5$	$2.2 \times 10^5$	$1.9 \times 10^4$	$5.4 \times 10^4$	395
$N_{\text{hard jets}} \leq 3$	$3.9 \times 10^9$	$8.2 \times 10^7$	$4.3 \times 10^6$	$8.2 \times 10^4$	$4.6 \times 10^5$	$2.2 \times 10^5$	$1.9 \times 10^4$	$5.4 \times 10^4$	335
$Z$ veto	$3.9 \times 10^9$	$8.2 \times 10^7$	$1.7 \times 10^6$	$8.2 \times 10^4$	$4.6 \times 10^5$	$2.2 \times 10^5$	$1.9 \times 10^4$	$5.4 \times 10^4$	326
$\cancel{E}_T > 700 \text{ GeV}$	133	1738	15	19	9	10	27	2	75
$m_T > 150 \text{ GeV}$	132	16	$10^{-3}$	18	0.005	0.01	10	0.001	67
mass window	3	0.2	$< 10^{-5}$	0.3	$10^{-5}$	$10^{-5}$	0.1	$10^{-5}$	24

## LQ XX + JET:

$m_{\text{DM}} = 600 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $m_{\text{DM}} = 660 \text{ GeV}$  and  $m_{\text{DM}} = 1700 \text{ GeV}$

	$t\bar{t}$	$Z\ell\ell + j$	Diboson	$W\ell\nu + j$	$t + j$	Signal
$\cancel{E}_T > 50 \text{ GeV}$	$1.9 \times 10^7$	$7.9 \times 10^6$	$1.1 \times 10^6$	$1.9 \times 10^8$	$5.6 \times 10^5$	$8.5 \times 10^4$
$p_T^{\text{lead}} > 50 \text{ GeV}$	$1.8 \times 10^7$	$6.1 \times 10^6$	$5.9 \times 10^5$	$1.5 \times 10^8$	$4.6 \times 10^5$	$7.1 \times 10^4$
$\Delta\phi_{j_1j_2} < 2.5$	$1.2 \times 10^7$	$4.2 \times 10^6$	$5.0 \times 10^5$	$1.1 \times 10^8$	$2.9 \times 10^5$	$5.4 \times 10^4$
$Z$ and $\mu$ veto	$8.5 \times 10^6$	$2.7 \times 10^6$	$4.0 \times 10^5$	$8.6 \times 10^7$	$1.9 \times 10^5$	$5.2 \times 10^4$
$b$ veto	$3.6 \times 10^6$	$2.6 \times 10^6$	$3.7 \times 10^5$	$8.2 \times 10^7$	$1.1 \times 10^5$	$2.0 \times 10^4$
$N_l \geq 2$	$2.5 \times 10^4$	4371	1076	$9.8 \times 10^4$	382	1748
$\cancel{E}_T > 400 \text{ GeV}$	12	11	0.07	780	2	118
$\left  \frac{p_T(j_1)}{\cancel{E}_T} - 1 \right  < 0.2$	1	11	0.07	148	0.2	85

# LHC: COMBINED RESULTS (MUONS)



- Combined exclusion and projections
- Relic density allowed region (muons do not have APV contour):  $m_{DM} > 570 \text{ GeV}$
- Fix couplings  $y_D, y_{Q\ell}^{11}$  such that branching ratios are ( $m_{DM} = 0$ ):
  - LQ  $\rightarrow$  visible = 50%
  - LQ  $\rightarrow$  dark = 50%
- Mixed topology is maximized