

Study of the Ice Anisotropy with Flasher Data of 2015

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Zeuthen, 07.08.2015



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ICECUBE
SOUTH POLE NEUTRINO OBSERVATORY





ICECUBE

SOUTH POLE NEUTRINO OBSERVATORY

50 m

Ice Top



IceCube Laboratory

Data is collected here and sent by satellite to the data warehouse at UW-Madison

1450 m

86 strings of DOMs, set 125 meters apart



Amundsen-Scott South Pole Station, Antarctica

A National Science Foundation-managed research facility



Digital Optical Module (DOM)

5,160 DOMs deployed in the ice

2450 m

IceCube detector

DeepCore

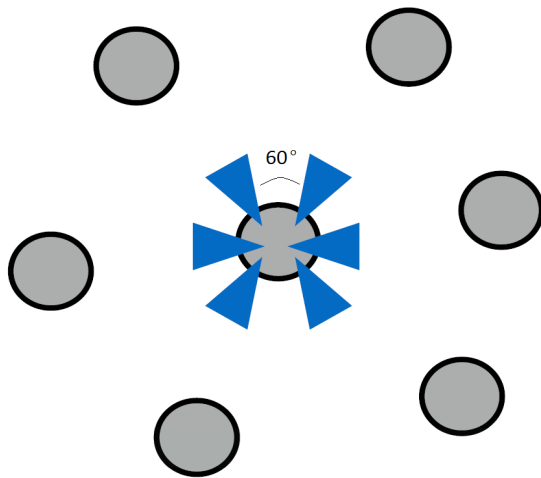
DOMs are 17 meters apart

60 DOMs on each string

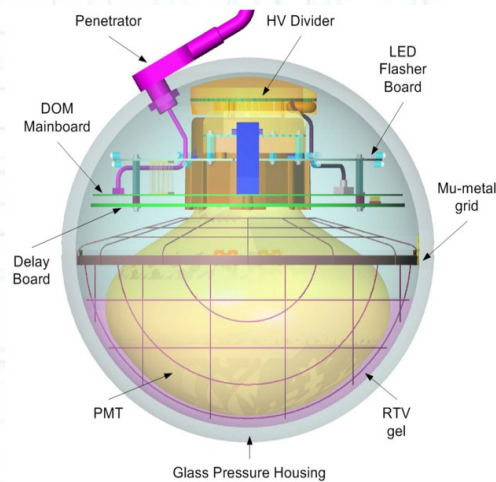


Antarctic bedrock

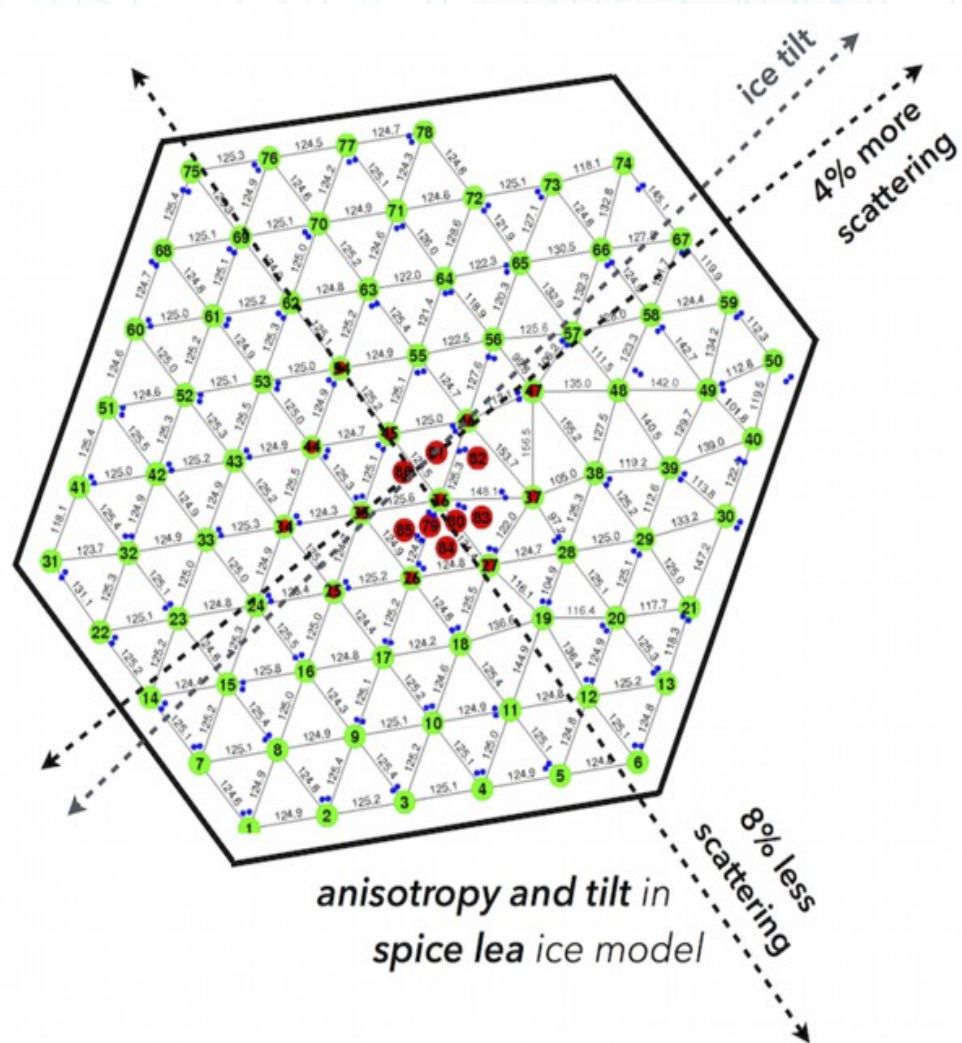
Anisotropy Flasher Set



Flasher : 12 LEDs
6 horizontal & 6 tilted (40°)



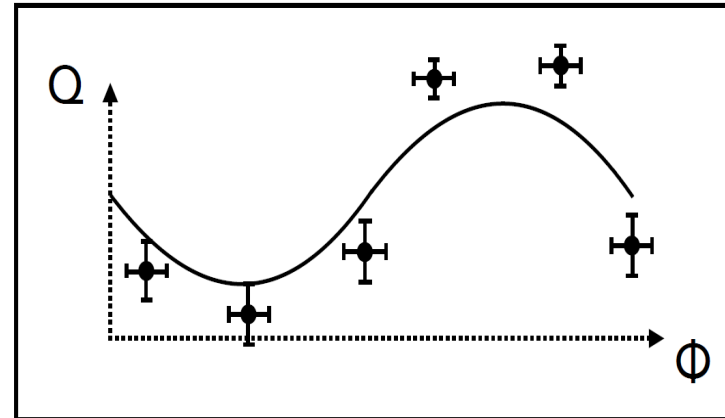
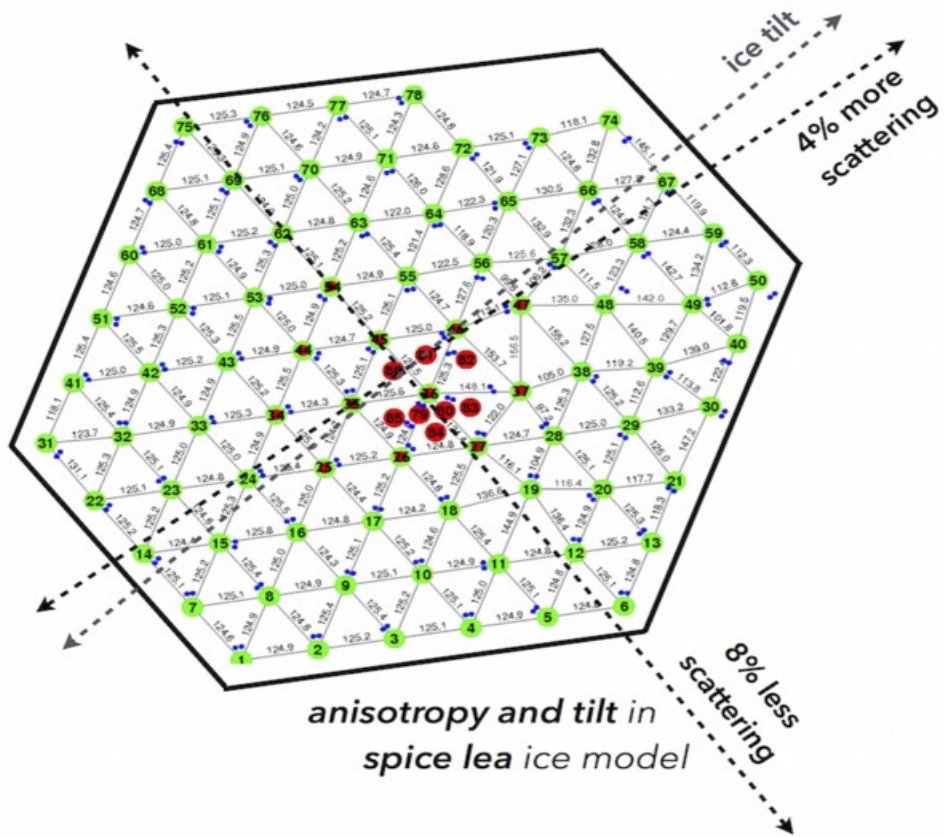
Ice model: SPICE Lea



Problems and Goals

- In some cases IceCube misreconstructs ν_e events as ν_τ events due to ice anisotropy
- Better understanding of the Antarctic ice using specific flasher data

Goals



Study of:

- Distance
- Emission profile
- LED light output uncertainty $\sim 20\%$

TO BE
CONTINUED!