The NMSSM, naturalness and dark matter

Benedict von Harling

DESY

in collaboration with T. Gherghetta, A. Medina, M. A. Schmidt, T. Trott [1212.5243], [1401.8291], [1502.07173]

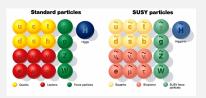
Outline

- SUSY and naturalness
- 2 The natural regions of parameter space
- 3 Higgs couplings and naturalness
- **4** The NMSSM and the galactic center excess
- Conclusions

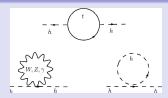
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Supersymmetry is great!

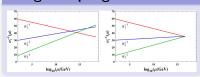


Solution to the hierarchy problem

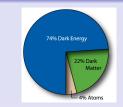


$$\begin{split} \Delta m_H^2 &= \frac{\lambda_S}{16\pi^2} \left[\Lambda_{UV}^2 - 2 m_S^2 \ln \frac{\Lambda_{UV}}{m_S} + \ldots \right] \\ \Delta m_H^2 &= -\frac{\left| \lambda_f \right|^2}{16\pi^2} \left[\Lambda_{UV}^2 + \ldots \right] \end{split}$$

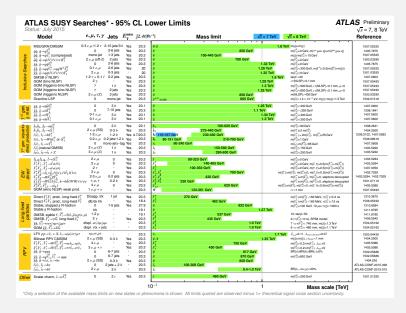
Gauge coupling unification



Dark matter candidate



But the LHC doesn't see any superpartners...



Fine-tuning

Why is absence of superpartners at LHC a problem?

hiding superpartners at LHC \Rightarrow (typically) higher soft masses

 \Rightarrow larger loop corrections to Higgs mass parameters \Rightarrow more fine-tuning

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Fine-tuning measure

Quantify status of SUSY as solution to hierarchy problem [Barbieri, Giudice (1988)]:

$$\Delta \equiv \max_{i} \left| \frac{d \log v^2}{d \log \xi_i} \right|$$

 $(\xi_i$ are the input parameters at $\Lambda_{\mathrm{mess}})$

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- Scan over 19-parameter space of pMSSM [Cahill-Rowley et al. (2012)]: Typically have $\Delta\gtrsim 500$.
- For NMSSM (with some model building, see below), we find large regions in parameter space with $\Delta \lesssim 20$.

• Focus on Higgs with SM-like couplings (as implied by experiment):

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $V \simeq -m^2h^2 + \sigma h^4$ \Rightarrow $\langle h \rangle \simeq \sqrt{\frac{m^2}{2\sigma}}$ and $m_h^2 = 4m^2$

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- Better: Raise σ already at tree-level. E.g. consider NMSSM = MSSM + singlet S and

$$W \supset \lambda S H_u H_d \quad \Rightarrow \quad V \supset \lambda^2 (h_u^0 h_d^0)^2$$

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Our Study [1212.5243]

Assumptions to minimize fine-tuning:

- NMSSM with largish λ
- split sparticle spectrum
- low messenger scale ($\Lambda_{\rm mess} = 20 \, \text{TeV}$)
- do not worry about UV completion of this model

Markov-Chain Monte-Carlo scan of the parameter space.

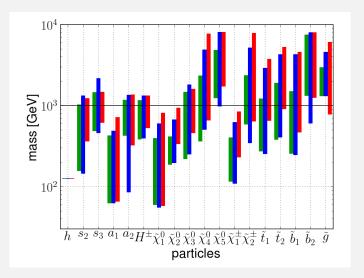
Optimised to find "Golden Region" of small fine-tuning:

$$\Delta^{\nu} \equiv \max_{i} \left| \frac{d \log v^2}{d \log \xi_i} \right|$$

fine-tuning better than 5%
$$\Leftrightarrow \ \Delta^{\nu} < 20$$

Ç

Sparticle spectrum



Take-home numbers: Find stop masses up to 1.2 TeV and gluino masses up to 3 TeV consistent with 5% fine-tuning!

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 Here instead consider the additional Higgses in NMSSM which affect Higgs couplings at tree-level.

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- Mass matrix in basis (h, H, s):

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \delta h & H & \delta s \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m_h^2 & m_{hH}^2 & m_{hs}^2 \\ m_{hH}^2 & m_H^2 & m_{Hs}^2 \\ m_{hs}^2 & m_{Hs}^2 & m_s^2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \delta h \\ H \\ \delta s \end{pmatrix},$$

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 m_h^2 etc. given in terms of $\{m_{H_u}^2, m_{H_d}^2, m_s^2, a_\lambda, a_\kappa, \lambda, \kappa\}$.

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- ⇒ More SM-like Higgs couplings require more tuning.

• Idea: Transform fine-tuning measure to new basis of input parameters

$$\Delta(\mathit{m}_{\mathit{H}_{\mathit{u}}}^{2}, \mathit{m}_{\mathit{H}_{\mathit{d}}}^{2}, \mathit{m}_{\mathit{s}}^{2}, \mathit{a}_{\lambda}, \mathit{a}_{\kappa}, \lambda, \kappa) \ \rightarrow \ \Delta(\mathit{v}, \tan\beta, \lambda, \kappa, \mathit{m}_{\mathit{H}}^{2}, \mathit{m}_{\mathit{s}}^{2}, \mathit{m}_{\mathit{hs}}^{2})$$

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• Expand Δ in this basis for $m_s^2, m_H^2 \gg v^2, m_{hs}^2$:

$$\Delta \approx f(aneta,\lambda,\kappa)\cdot rac{m_H^2}{v^2}$$

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• Coupling ratios given by (similarly for r_d and r_v)

$$r_u \equiv rac{ ext{up-type Higgs coupling}}{ ext{up-type Higgs coupling in SM}} \simeq 1 + \coteta rac{m_{hH}^2}{m_H^2}$$

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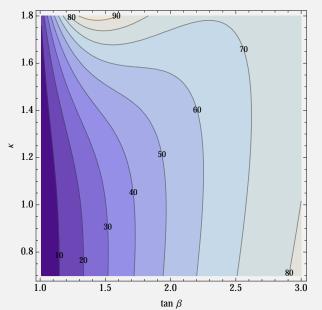
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• Next trade m_H^2 for the r's:

$$\Delta pprox ilde{f}(aneta,\lambda,\kappa) \cdot egin{cases} (1-r_u)^{-1} \ (1-r_d)^{-1} \ (1-r_v)^{-1/2} \end{cases}$$

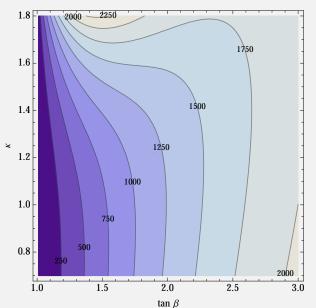
LHC at 14 TeV and 300 fb⁻¹

Fix λ via Higgs mass $\Rightarrow \Delta$ function of tan β , κ and either r_u , r_d or r_v .



ILC at 1 TeV and 1000 fb⁻¹

Fix λ via Higgs mass $\Rightarrow \Delta$ function of tan β , κ and either r_u , r_d or r_v .



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The NMSSM and the γ -ray excess [1502.07173]

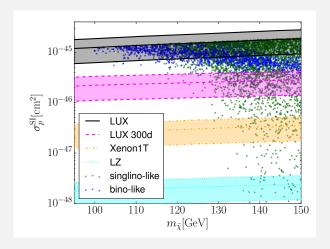
Excess of γ -rays found around galactic center.

- Morphology consistent with dark matter annihilation, flux consistent with typical cross sections.
- Spectrum well fit by
 - DM DM $\rightarrow b\bar{b}$ with dark matter mass 30 70 GeV
 - \bullet DM DM \to Higgs Higgs or Higgs pseudoscalar close to threshold

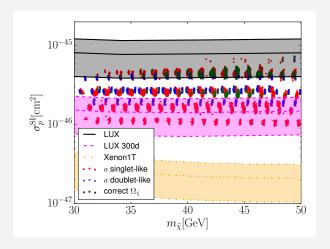
Can the LSP reproduce the signal?

- Which mediator for annihilation? s-channel via Higgs \rightarrow p-wave suppressed, via $Z \rightarrow$ helicity suppressed \Rightarrow pseudoscalar mediator
- Need annihilation on resonance for $b\bar{b}$ -channel, close to threshold for Higgs pseudoscalar-channel. \Rightarrow light pseudoscalar
- In MSSM this is in strong conflict with collider limits. ⇒ NMSSM
- Composition of the LSP? Wino- and Higgsino-dominated LSP underproduced, in conflict with direct- and indirect-detection bounds.
 ⇒ bino- or singlino-dominated LSP

Parameter scan for Higgs pseudoscalar-channel:



Parameter scan for $b\bar{b}$ -channel:



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 - This can be tested at running and future direct-detection experiments.

Thank you very much for your attention.