

Neutrino Mixing from SUSY Breaking and how the instable vacuum comes into the game

Wolfgang Gregor Hollik



DESY Hamburg

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$$|V_{\text{CKM}}| = \begin{pmatrix} \bullet & \cdot & \cdot \\ \cdot & \bullet & \cdot \\ \cdot & \cdot & \bullet \end{pmatrix}$$

- small mixing angles
- close to unit matrix
- remnants of new Physics?
- get mixings from loops?

$$|U_{\text{PMNS}}| = \begin{pmatrix} \bullet & \bullet & \cdot \\ \bullet & \bullet & \bullet \\ \cdot & \bullet & \bullet \end{pmatrix}$$

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- no hierarchy
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- tree-level symmetries?

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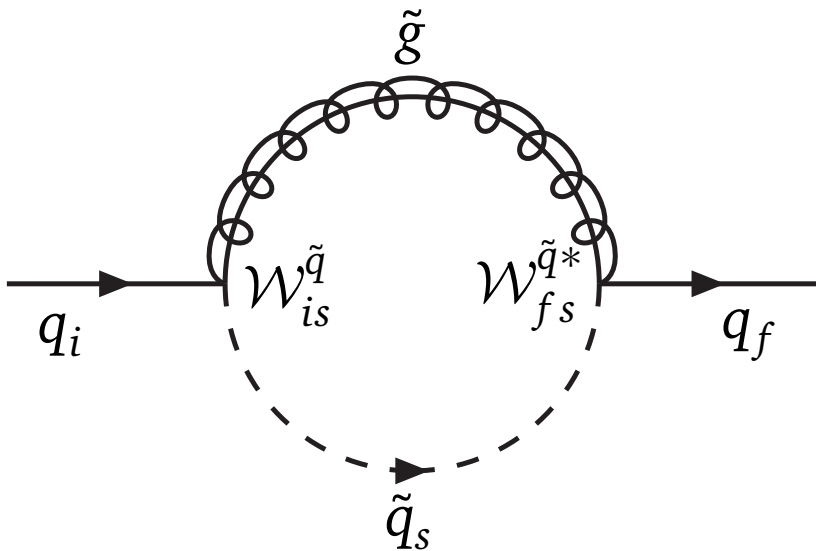
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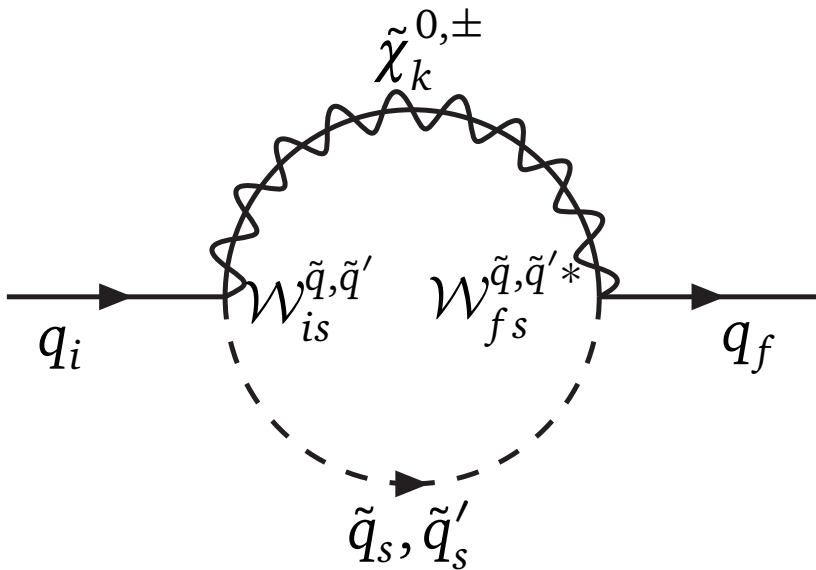
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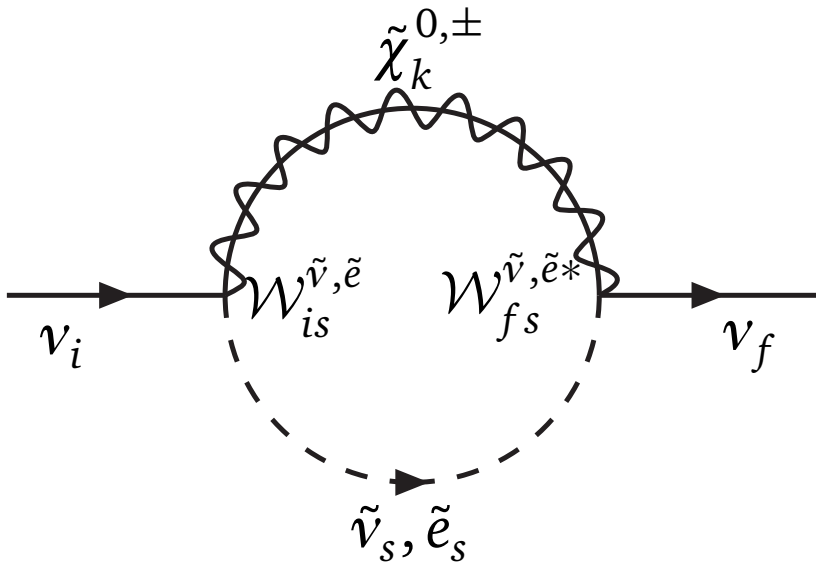
Task: Find out whether radiative corrections can change any tree-level mixing pattern in the PMNS case.

alternatively: mixing angles from mass ratios

[WGH, UJSS 2015]

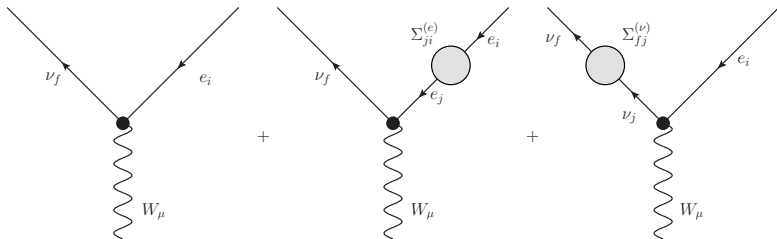






Radiative Flavor Violation

[CKM renormalization: Crivellin, Nierste 2008; Leptons: Girschbach et al. 2010]



[Denner & Sack 1990]

mixing matrix renormalization

$$i \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \gamma^\mu P_L U_{\text{PMNS}}^\dagger \rightarrow i \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}} \gamma^\mu P_L \left(U^{(0)\dagger} + \Delta U^e U^{(0)\dagger} + \Delta U^\nu U^{(0)\dagger} \right),$$

sensitivity to neutrino mass spectrum

$$\Delta U_{fi}^\nu \sim \frac{m_{\nu_f} \Sigma_{fi}}{\Delta m_{fi}^2}$$

enhancement by degeneracy of neutrino mass spectrum

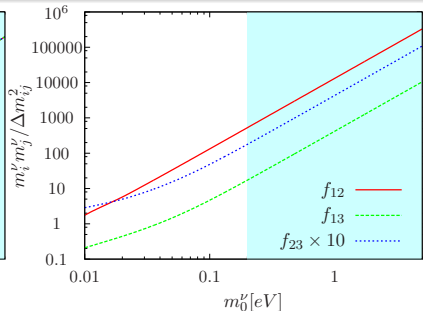
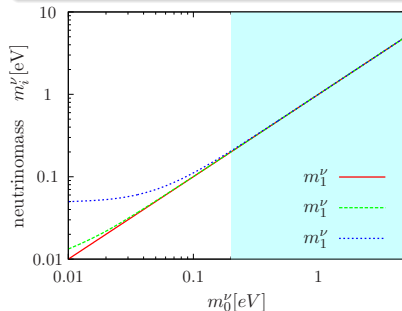
$$\Delta U_{fi}^\nu \sim \frac{m_{\nu_f} \Sigma_{fi}}{\Delta m_\nu^2} \sim \frac{m_{\nu_f} m_{\nu_i}}{\Delta m_{fi}^2} \leq 5 \times 10^3$$

for $m_\nu^{(0)} \sim 0.35$ eV and $f, i = 1, 2$

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$$f_{ij} = m_{\nu_i} m_{\nu_j} / \Delta m_{ij}^2$$

Degenerate neutrinos and threshold Corrections

[e.g. Chun and Pokorski '99; Chankowski et al. '00; WGH '15]

Generic treatment

$$m_{AB}^\nu = m_{AB}^{(0)} + m_{AC}^{(0)} I_{CB} + I_{AC} m_{CB}^{(0)}$$

I : threshold correction $I \sim \frac{y^2}{16\pi^2} f(\ln(M^2/Q^2))$ (in the SM diagonal)

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Mass basis

$$m_{ab}^\nu = m_a^{(0)} \delta_{ab} + \left(m_a^{(0)} + m_b^{(0)} \right) I_{ab}$$

$$I_{ab} = \sum_{AB} I_{AB} U_{Aa}^{(0)} U_{Bb}^{(0)}$$

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- assumption: degenerate tree-level masses,
 $|m_1^{(0)}| = |m_2^{(0)}| = |m_3^{(0)}|$

MSSM with righthanded neutrinos

$$\mathcal{W} \supset \mu H_d \cdot H_u + Y_{ij}^\nu H_u \cdot L_{L,i} N_{R,j} - Y_{ij}^\ell H_d \cdot L_{L,i} E_{R,j} + \frac{1}{2} M_{ij}^R N_{R,i} N_{R,j}$$

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New soft SUSY breaking terms

$$V_{\text{soft}}^{\tilde{\nu}} = \left(\mathbf{m}_{\tilde{L}}^2 \right)_{ij} \tilde{\nu}_{L,i}^* \tilde{\nu}_{L,j} + \left(\mathbf{m}_{\tilde{R}}^2 \right)_{ij} \tilde{\nu}_{R,i} \tilde{\nu}_{R,j}^* \\ + \left(A_{ij}^\nu h_u^0 \tilde{\nu}_{L,i} \tilde{\nu}_{R,j}^* + (\mathbf{B}^2)_{ij} \tilde{\nu}_{R,i}^* \tilde{\nu}_{R,j}^* + \text{h.c.} \right)$$

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- seesaw type I:

$$\mathbf{m}_\nu^{(0)} = -v_u^2 \mathbf{Y}_\nu^T \mathbf{M}_R^{-1} \mathbf{Y}_\nu + \mathcal{O}(v_u^4/M_R^3)$$

- adding SUSY 1-loop

[Dedes, Haber, Rosiek 2007]

$$\left(\mathbf{m}_\nu^{1\text{-loop}} \right)_{ij} = (\mathbf{m}_\nu)_{ij} + \text{Re} \left[\Sigma_{ij}^{(\nu),S} + \frac{m_{\nu_i}}{2} \Sigma_{ij}^{(\nu),V} + \frac{m_{\nu_j}}{2} \Sigma_{ji}^{(\nu),V} \right]$$

MSSM with righthanded neutrinos

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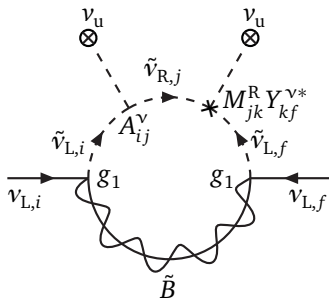
$$\Sigma_{ij}^{(\nu)}(p) = \Sigma_{ij}^{(\nu),S}(p^2) P_L + \Sigma_{ij}^{(\nu),S^*}(p^2) P_R + \\ \not{p} \left[\Sigma_{ij}^{(\nu),V}(p^2) P_L + \Sigma_{ij}^{(\nu),V^*}(p^2) P_R \right].$$

The seesaw mechanism



Neutrino self-energies with SUSY: neutrino A-term

[WGH PhD thesis, arXiv:1505.07764]

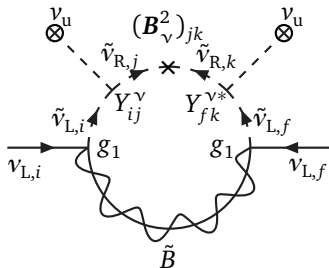


$$\Sigma \sim y_\nu A^\nu / M_R$$

$$Y^\nu = y_\nu \mathbf{1}, M_R = M_R \mathbf{1}$$

Neutrino self-energies with SUSY: neutrino A-term

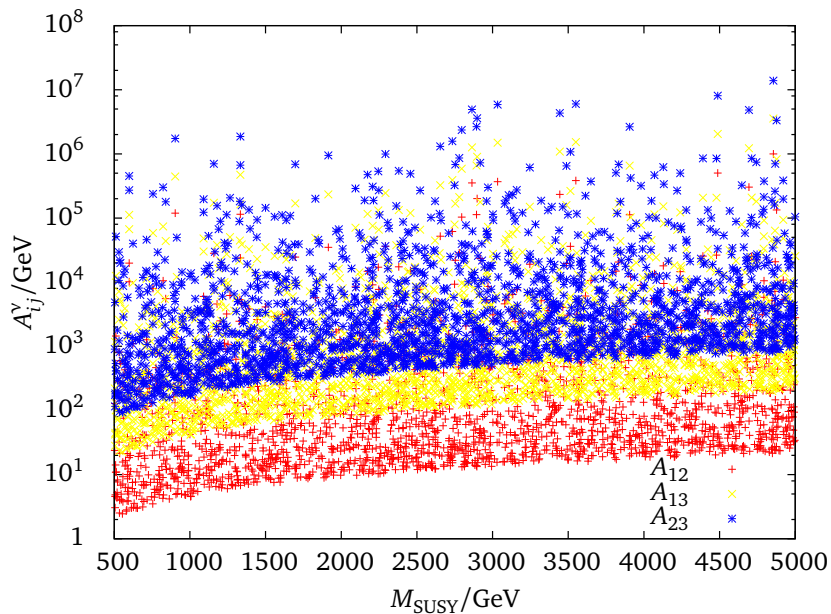
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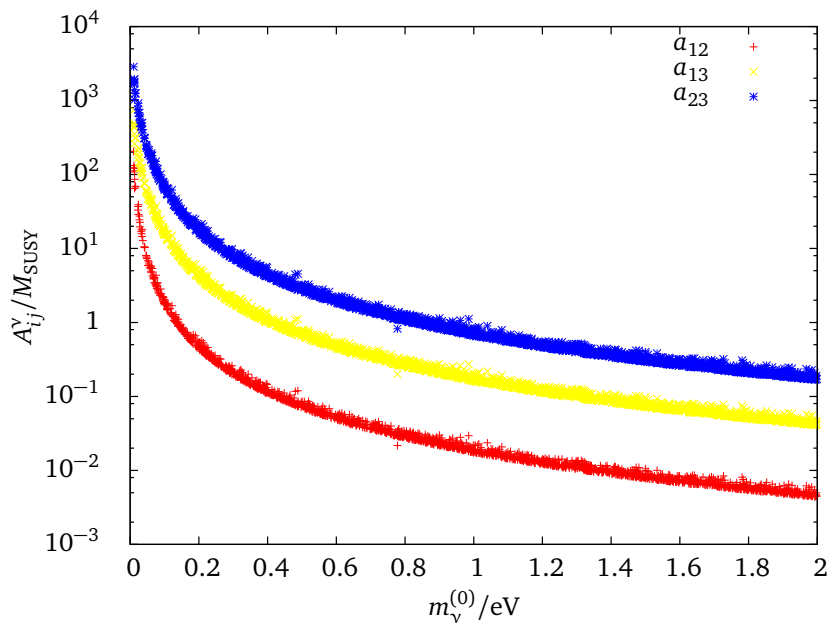
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A non-decoupling contribution



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What about the (in)stable vacuum?

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[mascot of the 1997 World Championships of Athletics, Athens]

Constraints on flavor-changing terms

[Casas, Dimopoulos '96]

$$|A_{ij}^u|^2 \leq Y_{uk}^2 \left(\tilde{m}_{Q_i}^2 + \tilde{m}_{u_j}^2 + m_{H_u}^2 + |\mu|^2 \right)$$

Similar bounds on diagonal A -terms

[Frère, Jones, Raby '83; Gunion, Haber, Sher '88]

$$|A_t|^2 \leq 3 \left(\tilde{m}_Q^2 + \tilde{m}_t^2 + m_{H_u}^2 + |\mu|^2 \right)$$

Constraints on flavor-changing terms

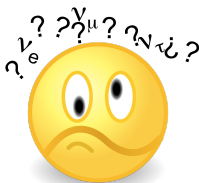
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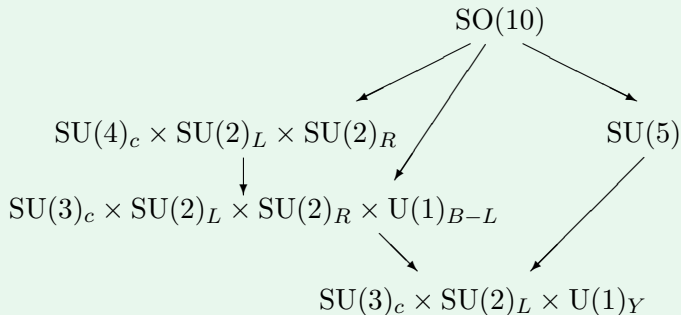
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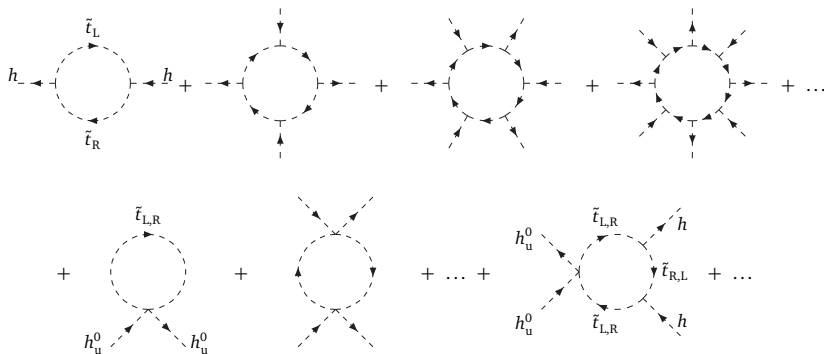


Relating up and down, left and right, quarks and leptons



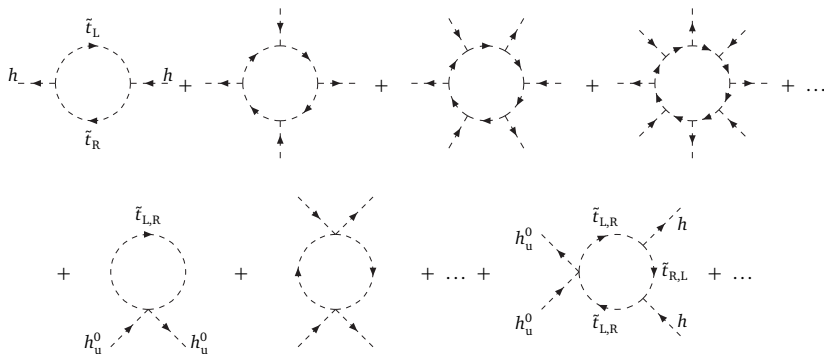
- RFV in both quark and lepton sector
- Pati–Salam unification: $SU(4)_c$ adds **lilac** as fourth color
 $\hookrightarrow$ squark and slepton soft breaking terms unify
- large A_ν means also large A_t : check with quantum corrections

One-loop effective Higgs potential (in the MSSM)



- dominant contribution from third generation squarks
- quadrilinear couplings ($\sim |Y_t|^2$)
- trilinear coupling to a linear combination ($\mu^* Y_t h_d^\dagger - A_t h_u^0$)
- series summable to an infinite number of external legs

One-loop effective Higgs potential (in the MSSM)

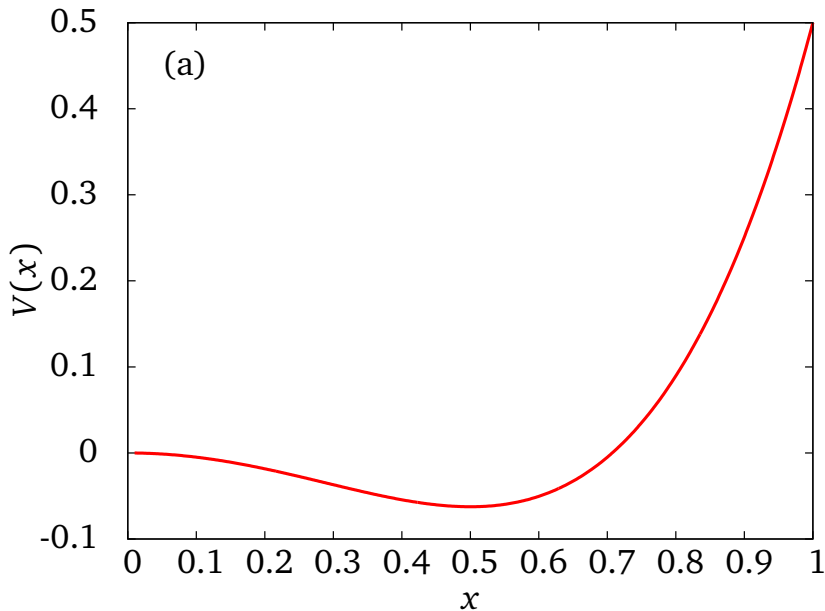


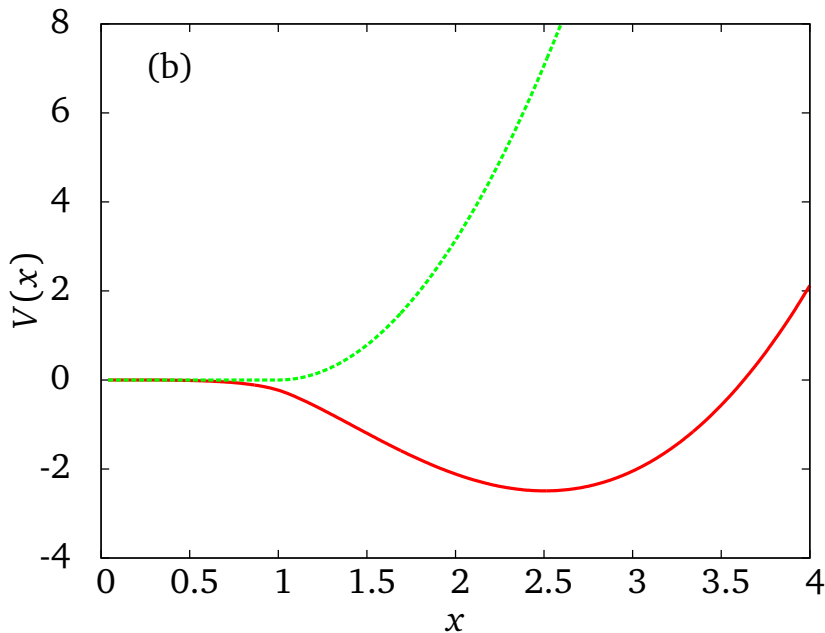
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- **Do not stop after renormalizable / dim 4 terms!**

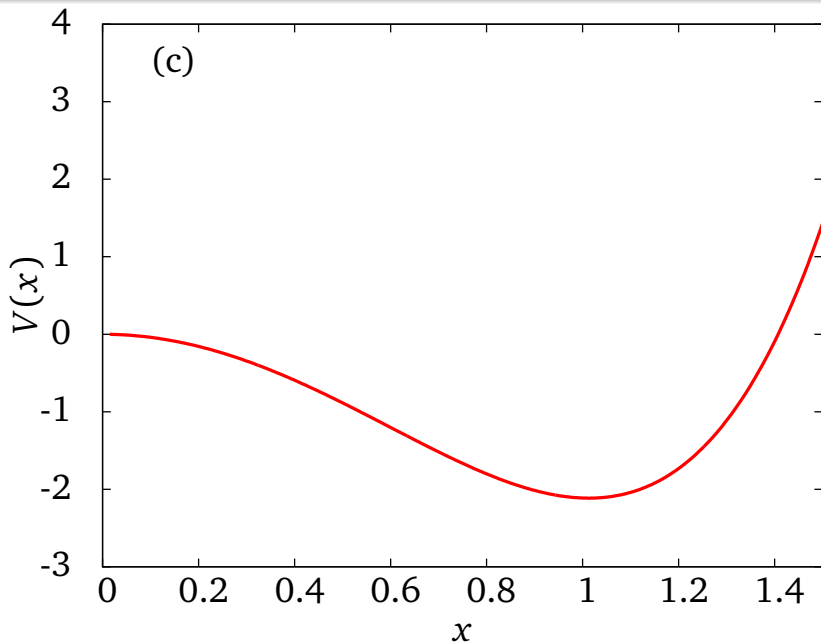
$$V_1(h_u^0, h_d^0) = \frac{N_c M^4}{32\pi^2} \left[(1+y+x)^2 \log(1+y+x) + (1+y-x)^2 \log(1+y-x) - 3(x^2 + y^2 + 2y) \right]$$

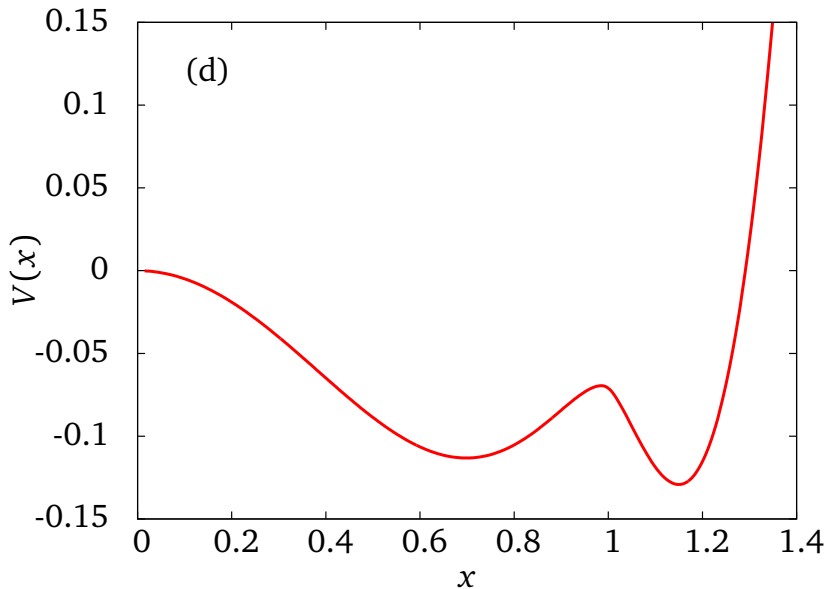
$$x^2 = \frac{|\mu Y_t|^2 h^\dagger h}{M^4}, \quad h = h_d^{0*} - \frac{A_t}{\mu^* Y_t} h_u^0, \quad y = \frac{|Y_t h_u^0|^2}{M^2}$$

- branch cut at $x - y = 1$: take real part (analytic continuation)
- ignore imaginary part: $\log(1+y-x) = \frac{1}{2} \log((1+y-x)^2)$
- always bounded from below
- minimum independent of Higgs parameters from tree potential
- minimum determined by SUSY scale parameters

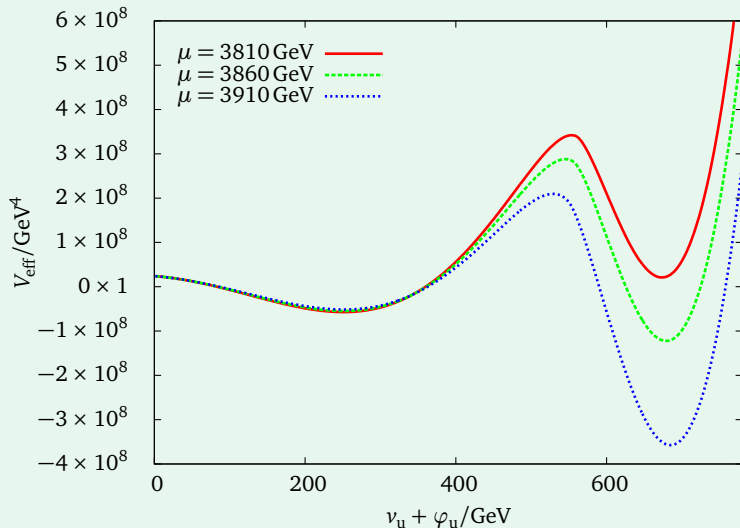








Access to Charge and Color breaking minima



Access to Charge and Color breaking minima

$$\mathcal{M}_t^2(h_u^0, h_d^0) = \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{m}_Q^2 + |Y_t h_u^0|^2 & A_t h_u^0 - \mu^* Y_t h_d^{0*} \\ A_t^* h_u^{0*} - \mu Y_t^* h_d^0 & \tilde{m}_t^2 + |Y_t h_u^0|^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_b^2(h_u^0, h_d^0) = \begin{pmatrix} \tilde{m}_Q^2 + |Y_b h_d^0|^2 & A_b h_d^0 - \mu^* Y_b h_u^{0*} \\ A_b^* h_d^{0*} - \mu Y_b^* h_u^0 & \tilde{m}_b^2 + |Y_b h_d^0|^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

- non-trivial behaviour of sfermions masses with Higgs vev

Access to Charge and Color breaking minima

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- non-trivial behaviour of sfermions masses with Higgs vev:

$$m_{\tilde{b}_{1,2}}^2(h_u^0, h_d^0) = \frac{\tilde{m}_Q^2 + \tilde{m}_b^2}{2} + |Y_b h_d^0|^2 \pm \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{(\tilde{m}_Q^2 - \tilde{m}_b^2)^2 + 4|A_b h_d^0 - \mu^* Y_b h_u^{0*}|^2}$$

- expand theory around new minimum: $m_{\tilde{b}_2}^2 < 0$

Access to Charge and Color breaking minima

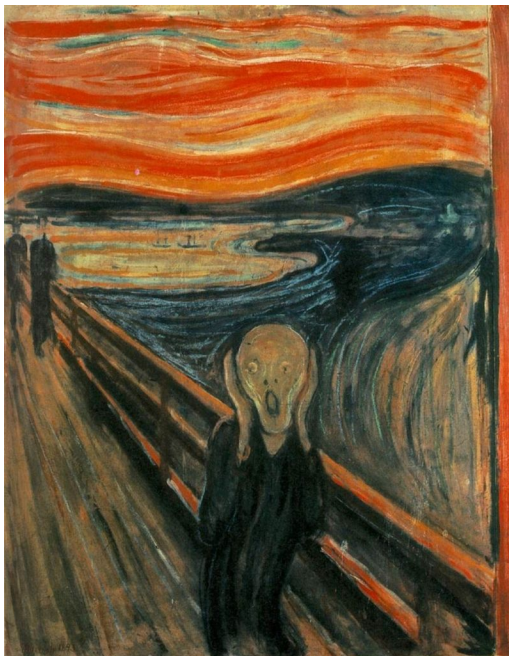
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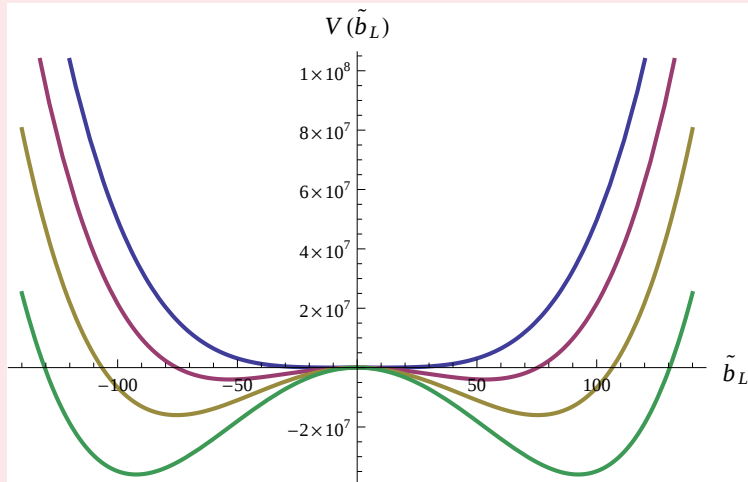
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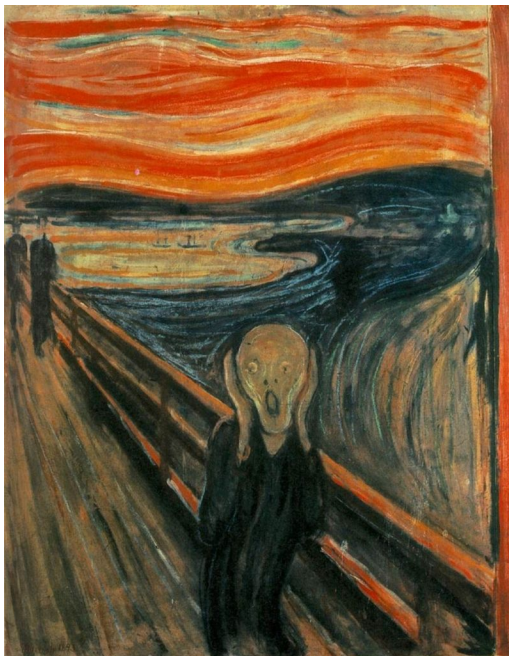
- expand theory around new minimum: $m_{\tilde{b}_2}^2 < 0$
- **tachyonic squark mass!**



[commons.wikimedia.org]

Developing sbottom vev





[commons.wikimedia.org]

- choose appropriate direction $\hookrightarrow$ one-field problem

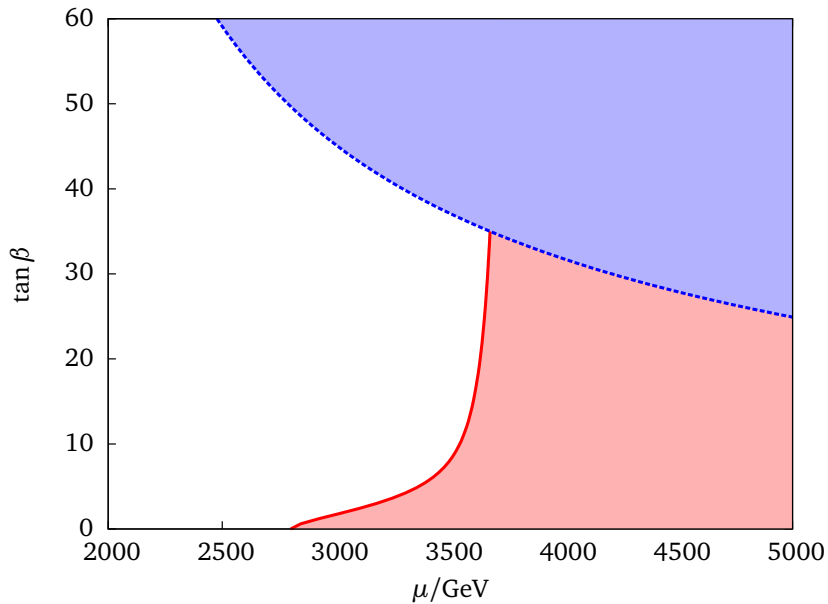
$$V_{\phi}^{\text{tree}} = \bar{m}^2 \phi^2 - A \phi^3 + \lambda \phi^4$$

$$h_u^0 = \tilde{b}, h_d^0 = 0$$

$$m_{H_u}^2 + \mu^2 + \tilde{m}_Q^2 + \tilde{m}_b^2 > \frac{(\mu Y_b)^2}{Y_b^2 + (g_1^2 + g_2^2)/2}$$

$$|h_d^0|^2 = |h_u^0|^2 + |\tilde{b}|^2, \tilde{b} = \alpha h_u^0$$

$$m_{11}^2(1 + \alpha^2) + m_{22}^2 \pm 2m_{12}^2\sqrt{1 + \alpha^2} + \alpha^2(\tilde{m}_Q^2 + \tilde{m}_b^2) > \frac{4\mu^2\alpha^2}{2 + 3\alpha^2}$$





- Vacuum stability MSSM [PRD 90 (2014) 3, 035025]
- Radiative neutrino mixing [PRD 91 (2015) 3, 033001]
- ν -mix from ~~SUSY~~ [PoS CORFU2014 (2015) 077]
- new CCB constraints [arXiv:1508.07201 (PLB 75X)]
- unrelated, but interesting [NPB 892 (2015) 364]

Neutrino mixing from SUSY breaking

- projecting observed flavour on soft SUSY breaking terms (A -terms)
- large neutrino mixing from neutrino mass degeneracy
- SUSY loop corrections may change any tree-level pattern

Large A -terms destabilize the electroweak vacuum

- avoid death from vacuum-to-vacuum transition
- as we observe no charge and color breaking true vacuum
- constraints on parameters