

9th December 2015 – 10:15 h
CFEL – Building 99, seminar room IV (first floor)

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Optical Stark and Zeeman studies of heavy metal containing molecules

One area of interest in our group is the characterization of gas-phase heavy metal-containing molecules relevant to searches for new physics beyond the standard model^{1,2}. These measurements have traditionally focused on the eEDM determination using the $a^3\Delta_i$ state of ThO or $X^2\Sigma^+$ state of YbF. Recently, another T,P-odd interaction, namely the nuclear magnetic quadrupole moment (MQM) interaction with electrons, using the $a^3\Delta_i$ state of TaN has been proposed³. A second area interest in our lab is the characterization and interpretation of gas-phase gold containing molecular spectra (e.g. AuS, AuO, AuCl, Au₂) to glean insight into the role of relativistic contributions. The gold-X (X=S,O, halides) bond is a key component to numerous established and emerging technologies and these simple systems are amenable to both high-resolution spectroscopy and high level computational methodologies.

A brief description of our spectroscopic methods will be given, followed by examples from recent ongoing studies of ThO⁴, TaN, and AuS⁵. A two dimensional technique will be highlighted because it is facilitating the detection of small polyatomic species (e.g. SiHD and SiO₃). The determined properties include electronic state energies, bond lengths and angles, vibrational frequencies, permanent electric dipole moments, μ_{el} , magnetic dipole moments, μ_m , hyperfine interactions, fluorescence branching ratios, and radiative lifetimes.

References: 1) J.J. Hudson *et al.* Nature 2011; 2) Baron *et al.* Science (2014); 3) Skripnikov *et al.* PRA(2015); 4) Kokkin *et al.* PRA (2015); 5) Kokkin *et al.* JPCA(2015).

