

### Status of SHERPA

Andreas Schälicke (DESY, Zeuthen)

Disclaimer: I am not an active Sherpa member

## The Sherpa Project

[Gleisberg, Höche, Krauss, Schälicke, Schumann, Winter, JHEP 02 (2004) 056]

### history in brief

- Apacic++ 1.0 (1998), Amegic++ 1.0 (2000)
- first Sherpa version 1.0α during MC4LHC workshop 2003
- release series 1.1.x -- complete physics (April 2008)

#### current development team

- Frank Krauss, Frank Siegert (Durham)
- Tanju Gleisberg (SLAC)
- Stefan Höche (Zürich)
- Steffen Schumann (Edinburgh, on move to Heidelberg)
- Jan Winter (FNAL)
- Marek Schönherr (Dresden)

# Physics of Sherpa

#### • Hard interactions: AMEGIC

- tree-level ME generator (SM, MSSM, ADD, ...)
- QCD bremsstrahlung: APACIC
  - shower in initial and final state
- Merging of ME & PS
  - CKKW algorithm
- Hadronziation AHADIC
  - non perturbative QCD: cluster model
- Multiple parton interactions: AMISIC
  - underlying event model
- Hadron decays: HADRONS + PHOTONS
  - matrix elements or phases space + YFS

# ME part : Amegic

[Krauss, Kuhn, Soff, JHEP 02 (2002) 044]

- automatic tree-level matrix element generator
  - constructs Feynman diagrams
  - translate into helicity amplitudes
  - library with amplitudes and phase space mappings is compiled and loaded in run time
- available models:
  - $SM + ggH + AGC + 4^{th}$  family
  - MSSM (fully general)
  - ADD model of extra dimensions
  - addition scalar singlet
  - ... seamless user extension possible



[Catani, Krauss, Kuhn, Webber, JHEP 11 (2001) 063] [Krauss, JHEP 08 (2002) 015]

- parton shower: Apacic
  evolution parton virtuality
  - angular ordering by veto
- merging of multi-jet matrix elements with parton shower
  - hard emissions described by ME
  - soft and collinear emission covered by PS
  - CKKW: reweight ME and veto shower evolution
  - consistent description of soft and hard regions
- key feature of Sherpa

#### • Example: Tevatron Run II, W + n jet





#### [T. Aaltonen et al., PRD 77 (2008) 011108]

#### • Example: Tevatron Run II, W + n jet



[T. Aaltonen et al., PRD 77 (2008) 011108]

#### • Example: Tevatron Run II, W + n jet



### Underlying Event: AMISIC

#### [in hep-ph/0601012]

### • Multiple interaction (MPI) module

- based on Pythia model
   T.Sjöstrand & M. van Zijl
- Parton shower attached
- derive initial condition from CKKW matching of hard interaction





### Hadronization: AHADIC

 Sherpa's new hadronization module (v1.1.x) [Winter, Krauss, Soff, EPJC36 (2004) 381] [Winter, Krauss, in prep.]

- large Nc limit
- split perturbative gluons non-perturbatively into qq
   (use dipole splitting)
- colour connected pairs form colourless clusters



clusters decay into clusters or hadrons
 (C-H-transition defined by hadron wave function)

### Hadron decays: HADRONS/PHOTONS

- hadron and tau decay package: HADRONS
  - branching ratios (e.g. PDG) as input for decay table
  - decay kinematics according to ME with form factor
  - correct spin correlations
  - neutral meson mixing, and related CP violation
     [Siegert, Krauss, Laubrich]
- QED radiation in decays PHOTONS
  - uses YFS approach [Schönherr, Krauss, archiv:0810.5071]



### Current activities

- COMIX: new ME generator
  - based on Bereds-Giele recursion [Gleisberg, Höche, arxiv:0808.3674]
- inclusive decays
  - e.g. SUSY decay chains with spin correlation [Siegert, Krauss]
- Catani-Seymour shower [Schumann, Krauss, JHEP 03 (2008) 038]
- Color dipole shower for hadronic collisions [Winter, Krauss, JHEP 07 (2008) 040]
- new underlying event model [Höche, Krauss, Teubner, arxiv:0705.4577]
- going to NLO for matrix elements [Gleisberg, Krauss, EPJC 53 (2008) 501] [Catani et al., JHEP 09 (2008) 065]

## Sherpa Summary

- state of the art C++ Monte Carlo generator
  - ME generator for multi-leg processes (SM + BSM)
  - consistent merging of ME with parton shower (CKKW)
  - underlying event model
  - cluster hadronization model
  - comprehensive tau and hadron decay package incl. photon emission via YFS
- development ongoing
- Many thanks to the Sherpa team, esp. Steffen Schumann for help in the preparation of this talk