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Measurement of t-channel single-top production at 8 TeV and 13 TeV

Gunnar Jäkel

Supervisors: Dominic Hirschebühl, Wolfgang Wagner
Physics at the Terascale – DESY Hamburg

22.11.2016

Single Top-Quarks

- t-channel (tq) :
dominant production
channel

NLO Predictions 8 TeV:

$$\sigma(tq) = 54.9 \pm 2.3 \text{ pb}$$

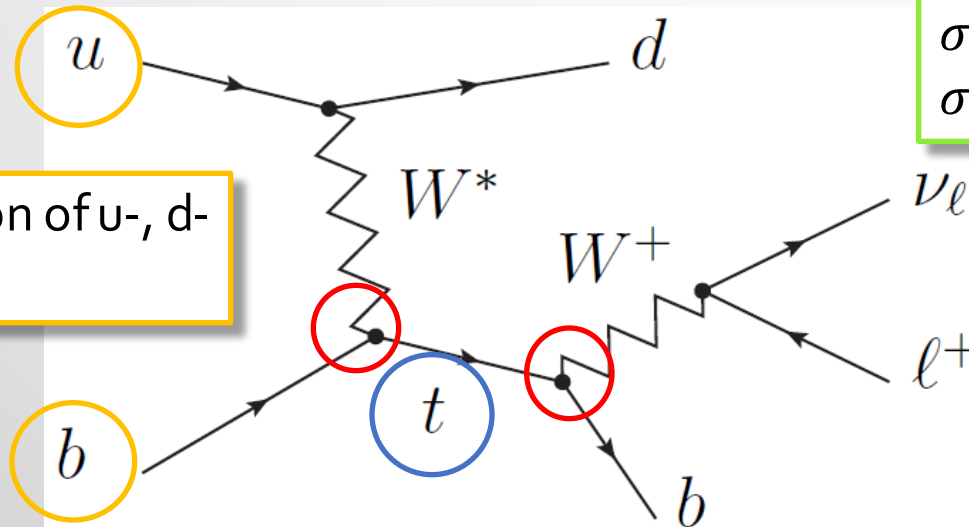
$$\sigma(\bar{t}q) = 29.7 \pm 1.7 \text{ pb}$$

NLO Predictions 13 TeV:

$$\sigma(tq) = 136.0 \pm 5.4 \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma(\bar{t}q) = 81.0 \pm 4.1 \text{ pb}$$

PDF-information of u-, d-
and b-quarks



$\sigma(tq) \propto |V_{tb}|^2$ and test of
V-A structure of W_{tb} vertex

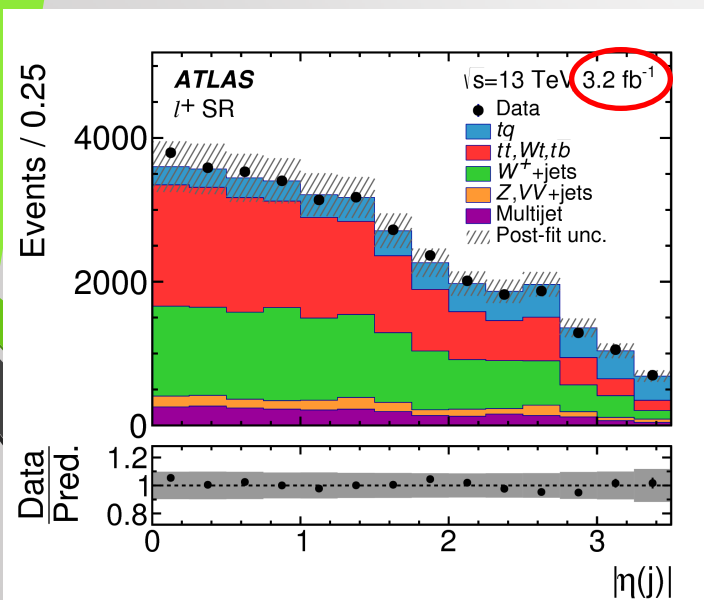
Top-Quark mass

Event Yield @ 13 TeV

- 1 charged lepton
 - $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV} ; |\eta| < 2.5$
- 2 jets
 - $p_T > 35 \text{ GeV} ; |\eta| < 3.5$
 - 1 b-tagged
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 30 \text{ GeV}$
- $m_T(l E_T^{\text{miss}}) > 50 \text{ GeV}$

Separate in l^+ and l^- channel to measure tq and $\bar{t}q$ cross sections

Process	ℓ^+ channel		ℓ^- channel	
tq	4 200 \pm	170	8 \pm	3
$\bar{t}q$	5 \pm	2	2 710 \pm	140
$t\bar{t}$	13 100 \pm	790	13 100 \pm	790
Wt	1 640 \pm	110	1 640 \pm	110
$t\bar{b}+\bar{t}b$	298 \pm	25	199 \pm	18
W^+ +jets	10 500 \pm	2 200	<1	
W^- +jets	<1		8 730 \pm 1 800	
Z, VV+jets	1 530 \pm	320	1 410 \pm	300
Multijet	2 400 \pm	1 200	2 400 \pm	1 200
Total expected	33 600 \pm 2 600		30 200 \pm 2 300	
Data observed	34 459		31 056	



Dominating backgrounds:
 $t\bar{t}$ and $W + jets$

S/B : +channel $\sim 14. \%$
-channel $\sim 9.0 \%$

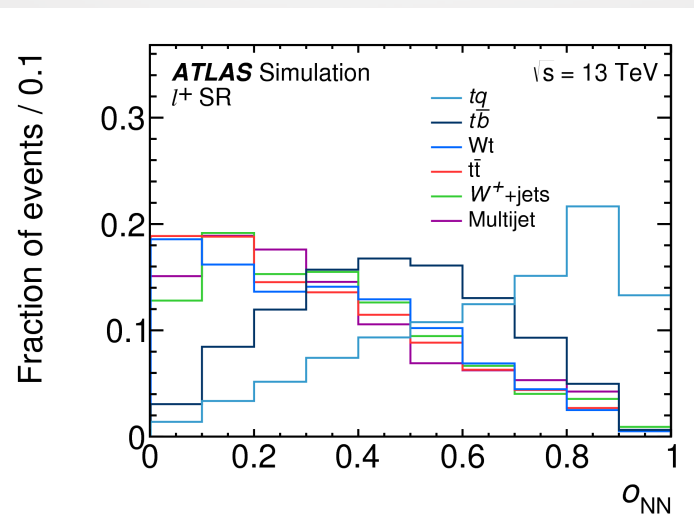
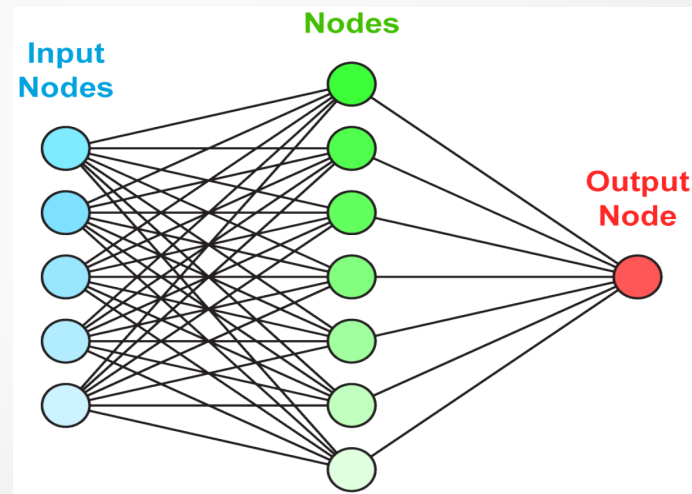
arxiv:1609.03920

Neural network

Variable
$m(\ell\nu b)$
$m(jb)$
$m_T(\ell E_T^{\text{miss}})$
$ \eta(j) $
$m(\ell b)$
$\eta(\ell\nu)$
$\Delta R(\ell\nu b, j)$
$\cos\theta^*(\ell, j)$
$\Delta p_T(\ell\nu b, j)$
$\Delta R(\ell, j)$

Use 10 variables
with good
separation
power and
data/MC
agreement

$t\bar{t}$ and $W + \text{jets}$
Use 50% signal and 50% background

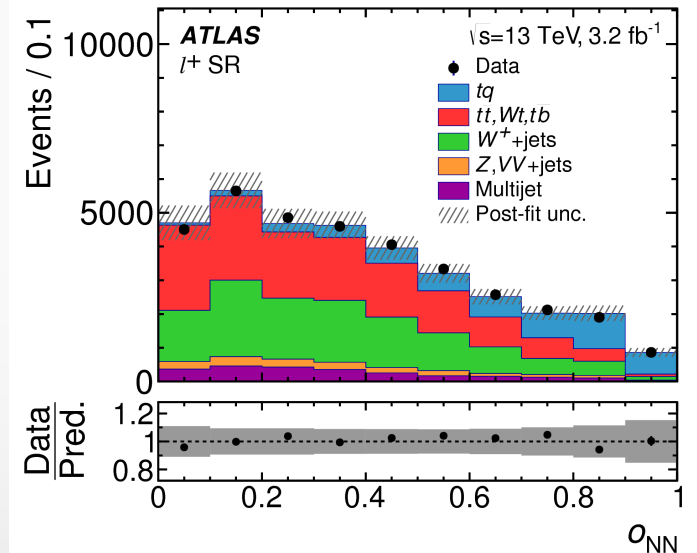


Good separation

Inclusive cross section

Source	$\frac{\Delta\sigma(tq)}{\sigma(tq)} [\%]$	$\frac{\Delta\sigma(\bar{t}q)}{\sigma(\bar{t}q)} [\%]$
Data statistics	± 2.9	± 4.1
Monte Carlo statistics	± 2.8	± 4.2
Reconstruction efficiency and calibration uncertainties		
Muon uncertainties	± 0.8	± 0.9
Electron uncertainties	< 0.5	± 0.5
JES	± 3.4	± 4.1
Jet energy resolution	± 3.9	± 3.1
E_T^{miss} modelling	± 0.9	± 1.2
<i>b</i> -tagging efficiency	± 7.0	± 6.9
<i>c</i> -tagging efficiency	< 0.5	± 0.5
Light-jet tagging efficiency	< 0.5	< 0.5
Pile-up reweighting	± 1.5	± 2.2
Monte Carlo generators		
<i>tq</i> parton shower generator	± 13.0	± 14.3
<i>tq</i> NLO matching	± 2.1	± 0.7
<i>tq</i> radiation	± 3.7	± 3.4
$t\bar{t}$, Wt , $t\bar{b} + \bar{t}b$ parton shower generator	± 3.2	± 4.4
$t\bar{t}$, Wt , $t\bar{b} + \bar{t}b$ NLO matching	± 4.4	± 8.6
$t\bar{t}$, Wt , $t\bar{b} + \bar{t}b$ radiation	< 0.5	± 1.1
PDF	± 0.6	± 0.9
Background normalisation		
Multijet normalisation	± 0.3	± 2.0
Other background normalisation	± 0.4	± 0.5
Luminosity	± 2.1	± 2.1
Total systematic uncertainty	± 17.5	± 20.0
Total uncertainty	± 17.8	± 20.4

Maximum Likelihood (ML) fit



Measured cross sections:

$$\sigma(tq) = 156 \pm 5(\text{stat}) \pm 27(\text{syst}) \pm 3(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$$

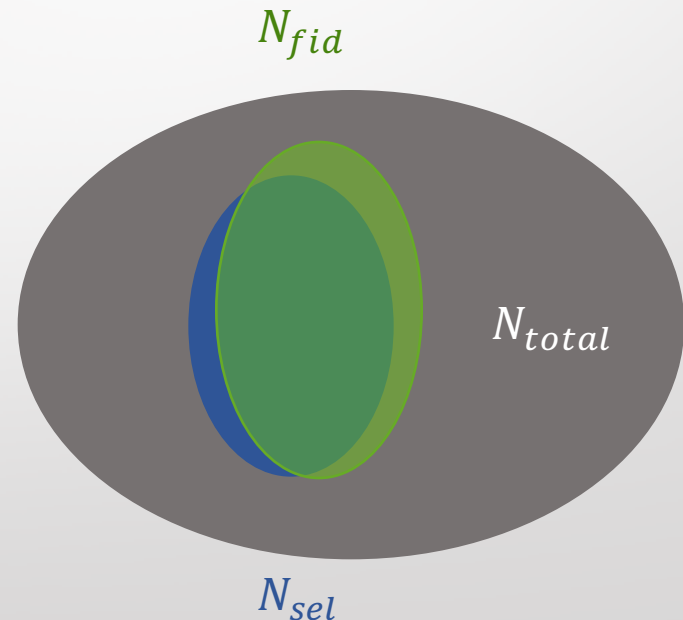
$$\sigma(\bar{t}q) = 91 \pm 4(\text{stat}) \pm 18(\text{syst}) \pm 2(\text{lumi}) \text{ pb}$$

Fiducial cross section @ 8 TeV

- Measure the tq cross section widely independent of the choice of signal MC-generator
- Define a fiducial phase-space close to the phase-space of selected data events

Potentially significant reduction of some acceptance uncertainties

- Measure fiducial cross section
- Extrapolate to inclusive cross section



Same strategy

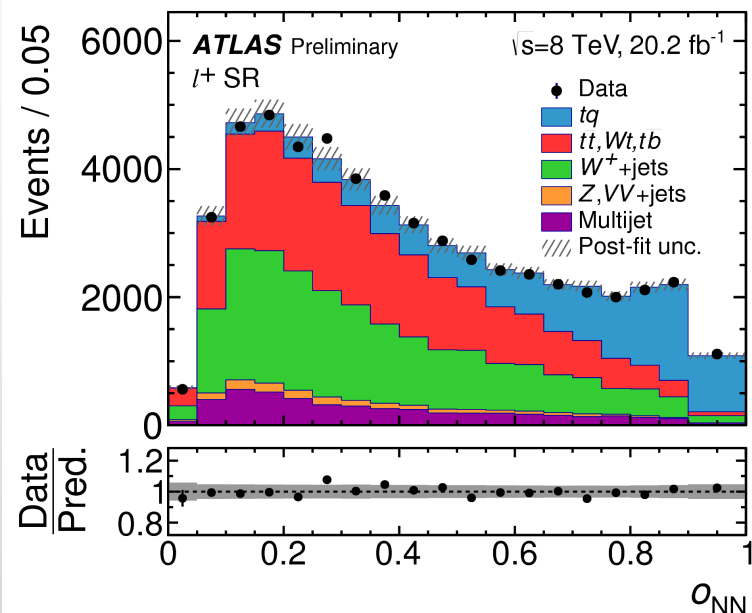
- 1 charged lepton
 - $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV} ; |\eta| < 2.5$ ← little bit more inclusive
- 2 jets
 - $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV} ; |\eta| < 4.5$
 - 1 b-tagged
- $E_T^{\text{miss}} > 30 \text{ GeV}$
- $m_T(l E_T^{\text{miss}}) > 50 \text{ GeV}$ ← Additional cut to avoid off-shell top-quarks
- $m(l b) < 160 \text{ GeV}$

Variable symbol

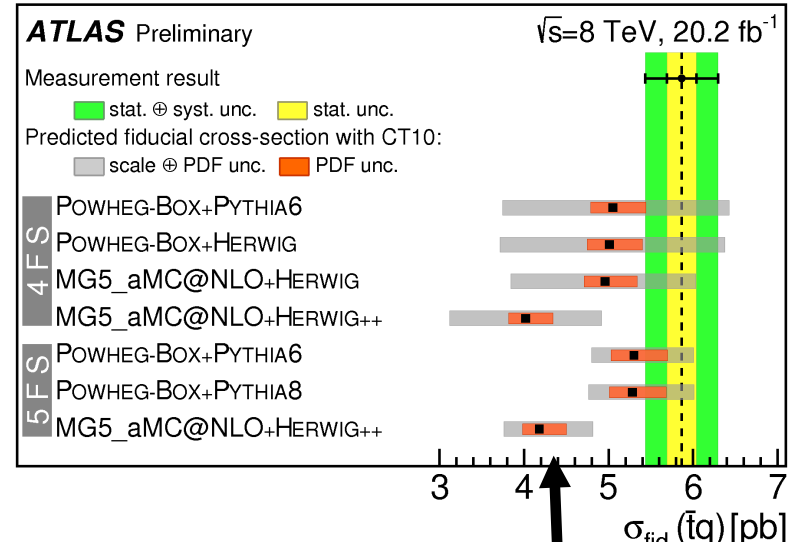
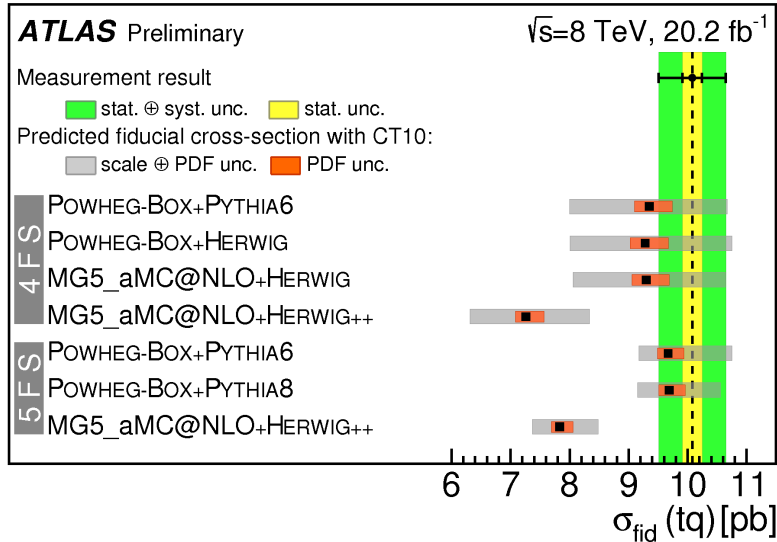
$m(jb)$
 $|\eta(j)|$
 $m(\ell \nu b)$
 $m_T(\ell E_T^{\text{miss}})$
 $|\Delta\eta(\ell \nu, b)|$
 $m(\ell b)$
 $\cos \theta^*(\ell, j)$

ML fit

Optimised for minimal number of needed variables without loss in uncertainty



8TeV fiducial cross sections



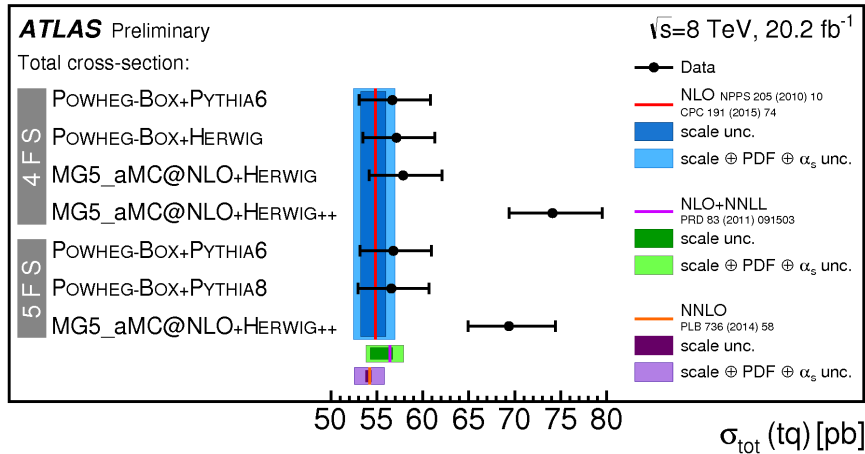
Measured fiducial cross sections:

$$\sigma_{fid}(tq) = 10.08 \pm 0.17(stat) \pm 0.53(syst) \pm 0.18(lumi)pb$$

$$\sigma_{fid}(\bar{t}q) = 5.86 \pm 0.15(stat) \pm 0.42(syst) \pm 0.11(lumi)pb$$

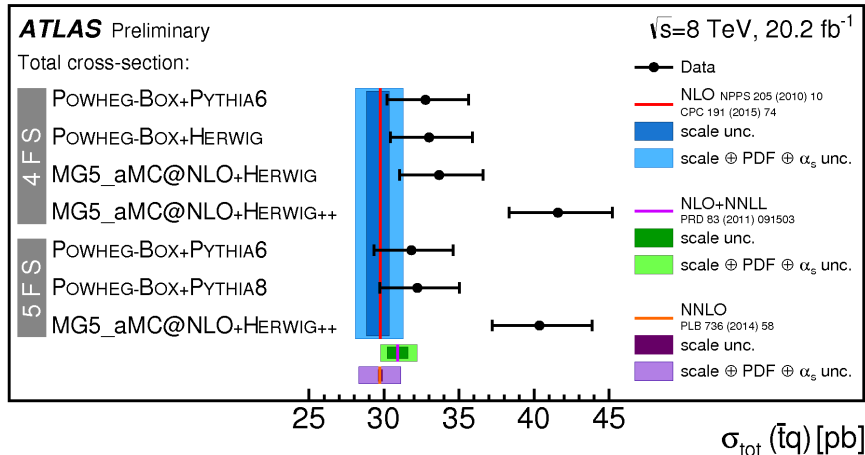
bug was found
 regarding neutrinos
 in jet reconstruction
 -> leading to smaller
 acceptance

8TeV inclusive cross sections



Measured extrapolated cross sections using Powheg+Pythia6:

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}}(tq) = 56.7 \pm 0.9(\text{stat}) \pm 2.7(\text{exp}) \pm 3.0(\text{theo}) \pm 1.1(\text{lumi})\text{pb}$$



$$\sigma_{\text{tot}}(\bar{t}q) = 32.8 \pm 0.8(\text{stat}) \pm 2.2(\text{exp}) \pm 1.7(\text{theo}) \pm 0.6(\text{lumi})\text{pb}$$

Cross section ratio

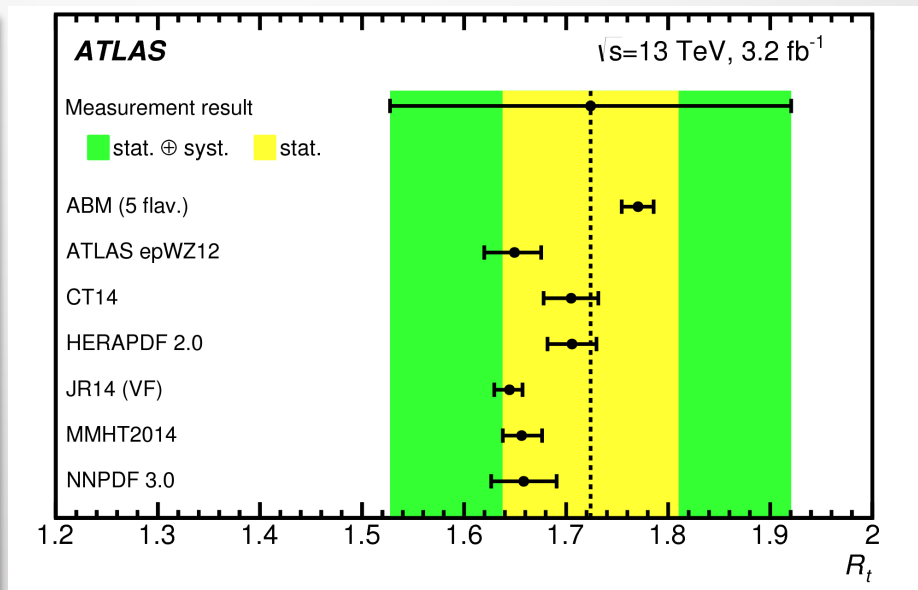
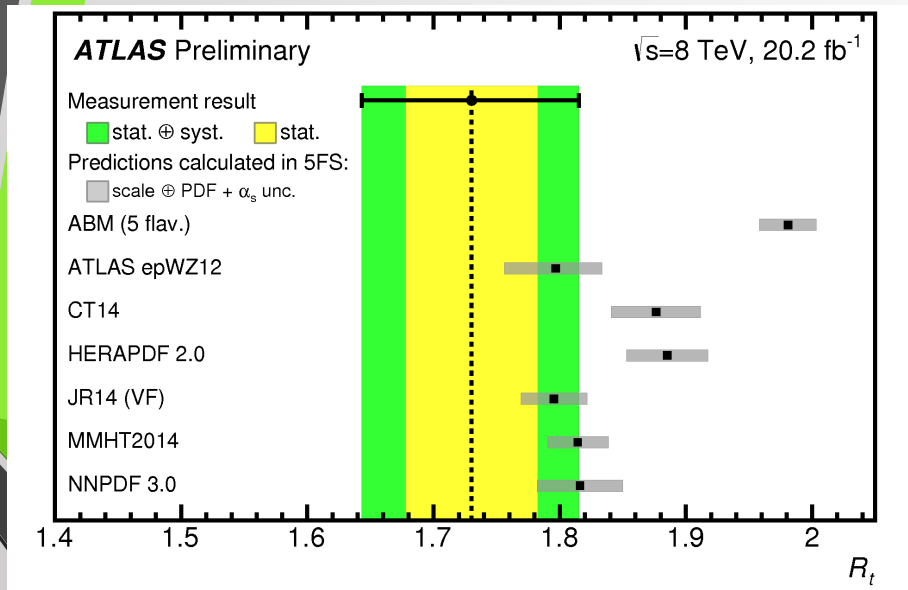
- $R_t = \sigma(t)/\sigma(\bar{t})$

 Sensitive to ratio of the up and down quarks in proton

Measured ratios:

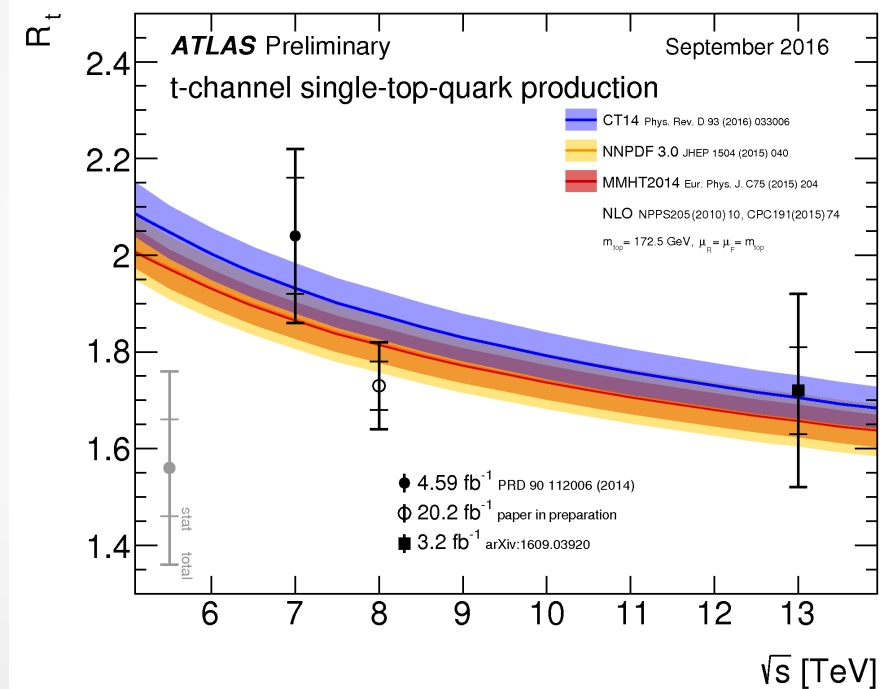
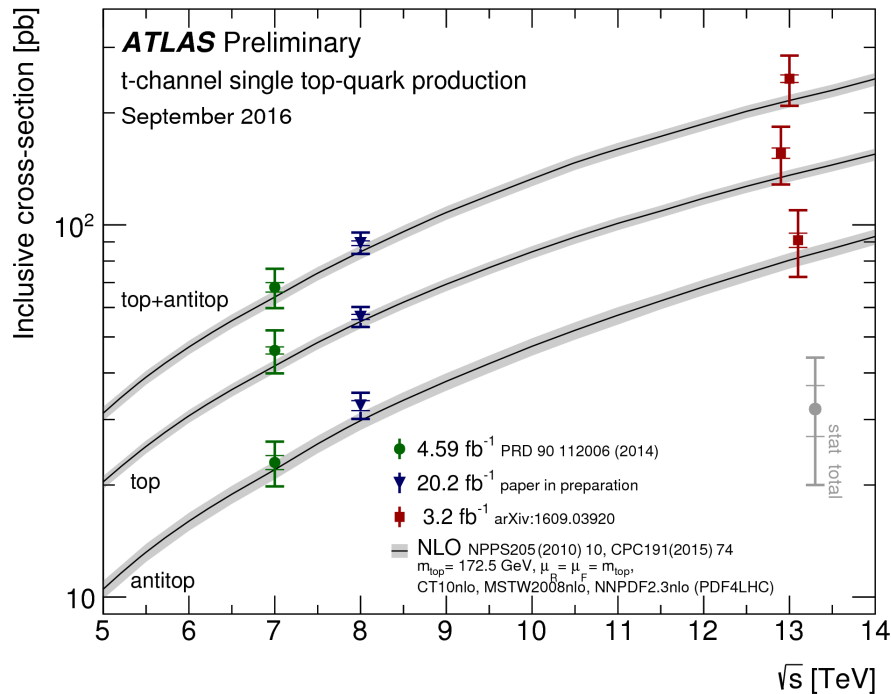
$$R_t^{8\text{ TeV}} = 1.73 \pm 0.05(\text{stat}) \pm 0.07(\text{syst})$$

$$R_t^{13\text{ TeV}} = 1.72 \pm 0.09(\text{stat}) \pm 0.18(\text{syst})$$



Summary

- Precise measurement of fiducial and total cross sections at 8 TeV
- For differential cross section see next talk from Pienpen



- First measurement of total cross section at 13 TeV
- Using larger dataset and fiducial measurement can improve uncertainties