## Measurement of the jet mass distribution in boosted tt production at $\sqrt{s} = 8$ TeV

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# introduction

Jet Mass: invariant mass of all stable particles in a jet

### boosted top quarks:

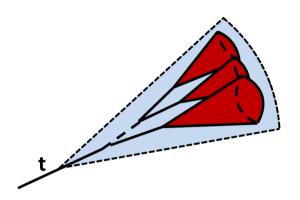
- decay products merge
- reconstruction of a full top quark decay in one large jet
- $\rightarrow$  Jet Mass ~ m<sub>t</sub>

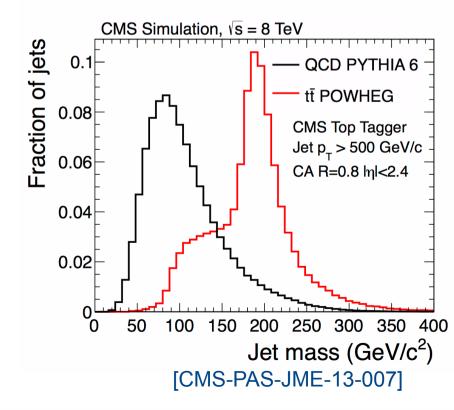
### motivation:

• Jet Mass used to identify boosted top quarks

(used by all top-tagging algorithms)

- test simulation of top jets (radiation, UE, ...)
- peak position sensitive to m<sub>t</sub>







## introduction



### calculations of the Jet Mass from first principles possible in EFT

- calculation on particle level
- fragmentation included via soft functions

### calculations for Top Quarks:

- [S. Fleming, A. H. Hoang et al., Phys. Rev. D77 (2008) 074010, ..., JHEP 12 (2015) 059]
- boosted top quarks in lepton-lepton collisions
- all decay products in one hemisphere ("jet")
  - $\rightarrow$  extraction of  $m_{_{\!\!\!\!\!\!\!}}$  in well defined mass scheme possible
- LHC calculations on the way

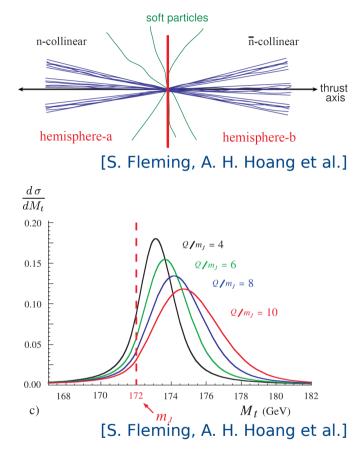
### analysis aim:

differential and normalized differential  $t\bar{t}$  cross section measurement

as a function of the leading jet mass on particle level

- $\rightarrow$  provide data for comparison to EFT calculations
- $\rightarrow$  extraction of  $m_{_{\rm P}}$  from simulation templates to estimate the sensitivity







# phase space definition



goal: phase space calculable theoretically and measurable experimentally

### theory constraints:

all decay products in the jet

 $\rightarrow$  large  $p_T$ 

 $\rightarrow$  veto on additional jets

### experimental constraints:

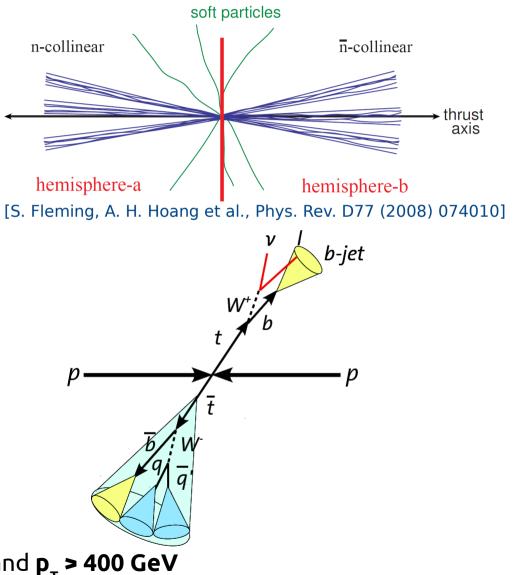
enough statistics

- $\rightarrow p_{\tau}$  not too large
- → large jets

small background



Cambridge/Aachen (CA) jets with **R = 1.2** and **p<sub>+</sub> > 400 GeV** 



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# selection on particle level

measurement of the jet mass of the leading jet in tt-decays

electron/muon+jets channel

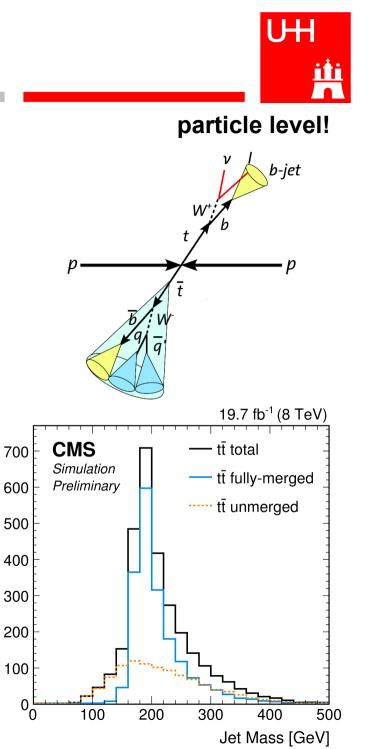
### selection on particle level

- >= 1 jet with  $p_{_{\rm T}}$  > 400 GeV ,  $|\eta|$  < 2.5
- >= 2 jets with p<sub>1</sub> > 150 GeV, |ŋ| < 2.5
- veto on additional jets with  $p_{\tau} > 150$  GeV,  $|\eta| < 2.5$
- 1 electron/muon p<sub>1</sub> > 45 GeV, |η| < 2.5</li>
- ΔR(second jet, lepton) < 1.2</li>

•  $m_{leading jet} > m_{2nd jet+lepton}$ 

selection agreed with theorists (A. Hoang and I. Stewart)

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Events

600

300



## event selection

### $t\bar{t}$ selection

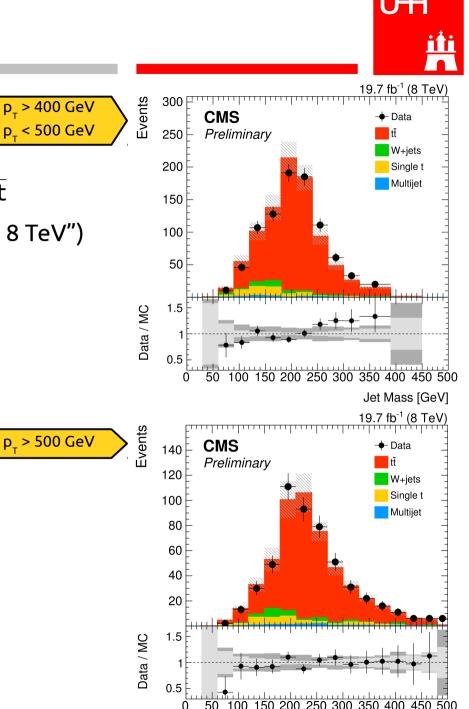
- used to suppress backgrounds
- similar to B2G-13-008 ("Search for resonant  $t\bar{t}$  production in proton-proton collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 8$  TeV")
- use of non-isolated leptons
- b-tagging

### phase space selection

• similar selection as on particle level

### $\mathbf{p}_{\mathrm{T}}$ bins

- shape of the mass distribution depends on  ${\rm p}_{_{\rm T}}$
- divide the phase space in two  $\boldsymbol{p}_{_{T}}$  bins
- less model dependence in the unfolding



#### Jet Mass [GeV]

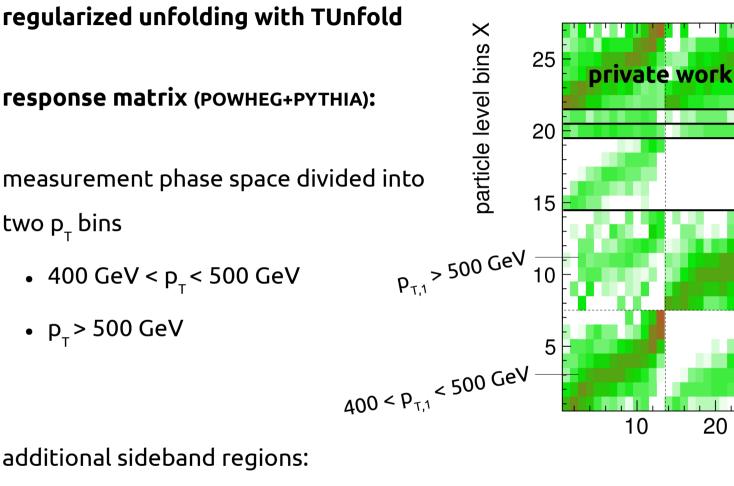
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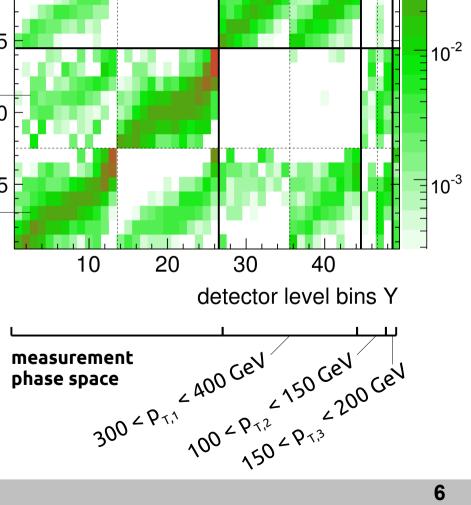




10<sup>-1</sup>



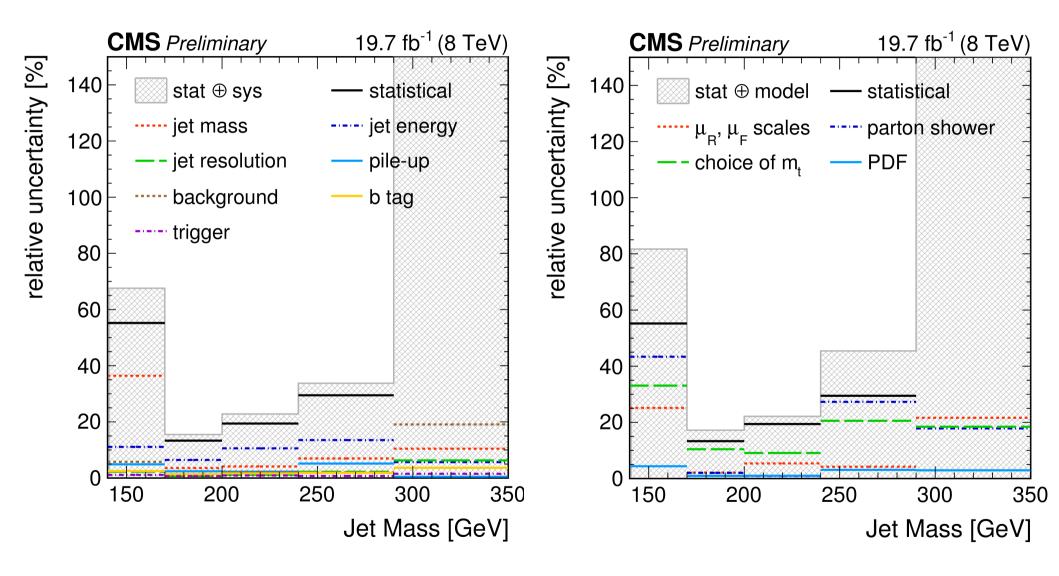
- $\rightarrow$  more information on migrations
- $\rightarrow$  reduction of model dep. effects





## uncertainties



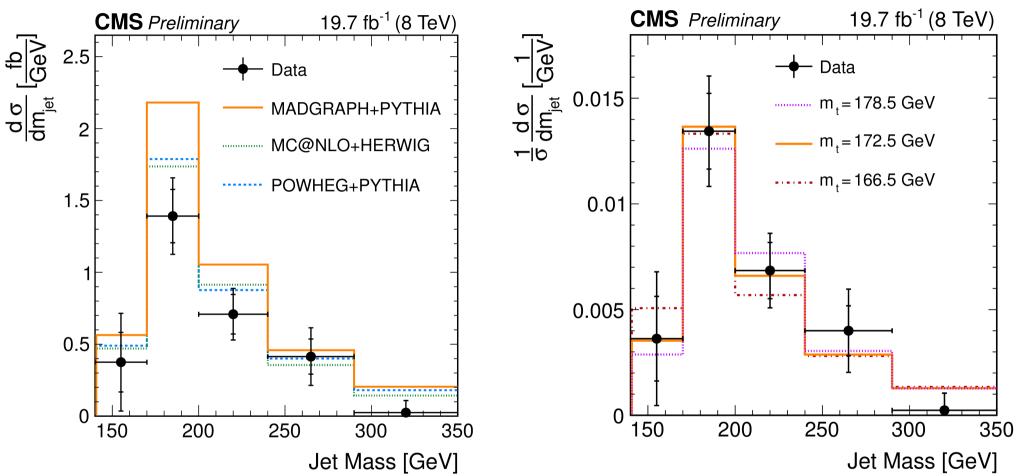


=> statistical uncertainties dominant



# differential cross section





- slight overestimation of cross section in simulation
- consistent with other cross section measurements in boosted events

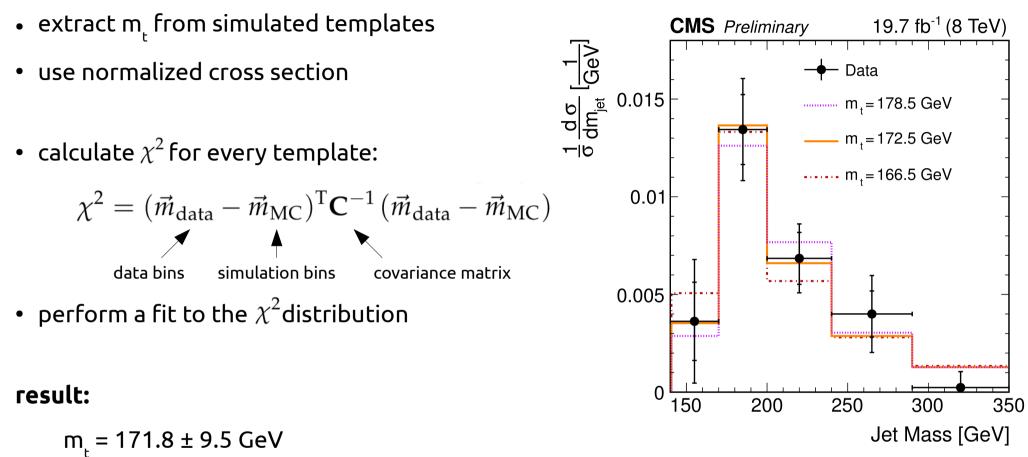
[Phys. Rev. D93 (2016) 032009 (ATLAS), arXiv:1605.00116 (CMS)]

• clear sensitivity to the top mass

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= 171.8 ± 5.4 (stat) ± 3.0 (syst) ± 5.5 (model) ± 4.6 (theory) GeV

- just a sensitivity test!
- goal is an extraction from EFT calculations (not available for LHC yet)

**main result:** first measurement of the differential and normalized differential tt cross section as a function of the jet mass in boosted top decays on particle level (8 TeV)

- peak position sensitive to m<sub>t</sub>
- calculable on particle level in EFT
  - $\rightarrow$  provide data for comparison to EFT calculations
  - $\rightarrow$  new method to measure m\_ without

ambiguities from relation to the MC top mass

- statistical uncertainty dominant with 8 TeV data
- expect improvement with more data on 13 TeV

