

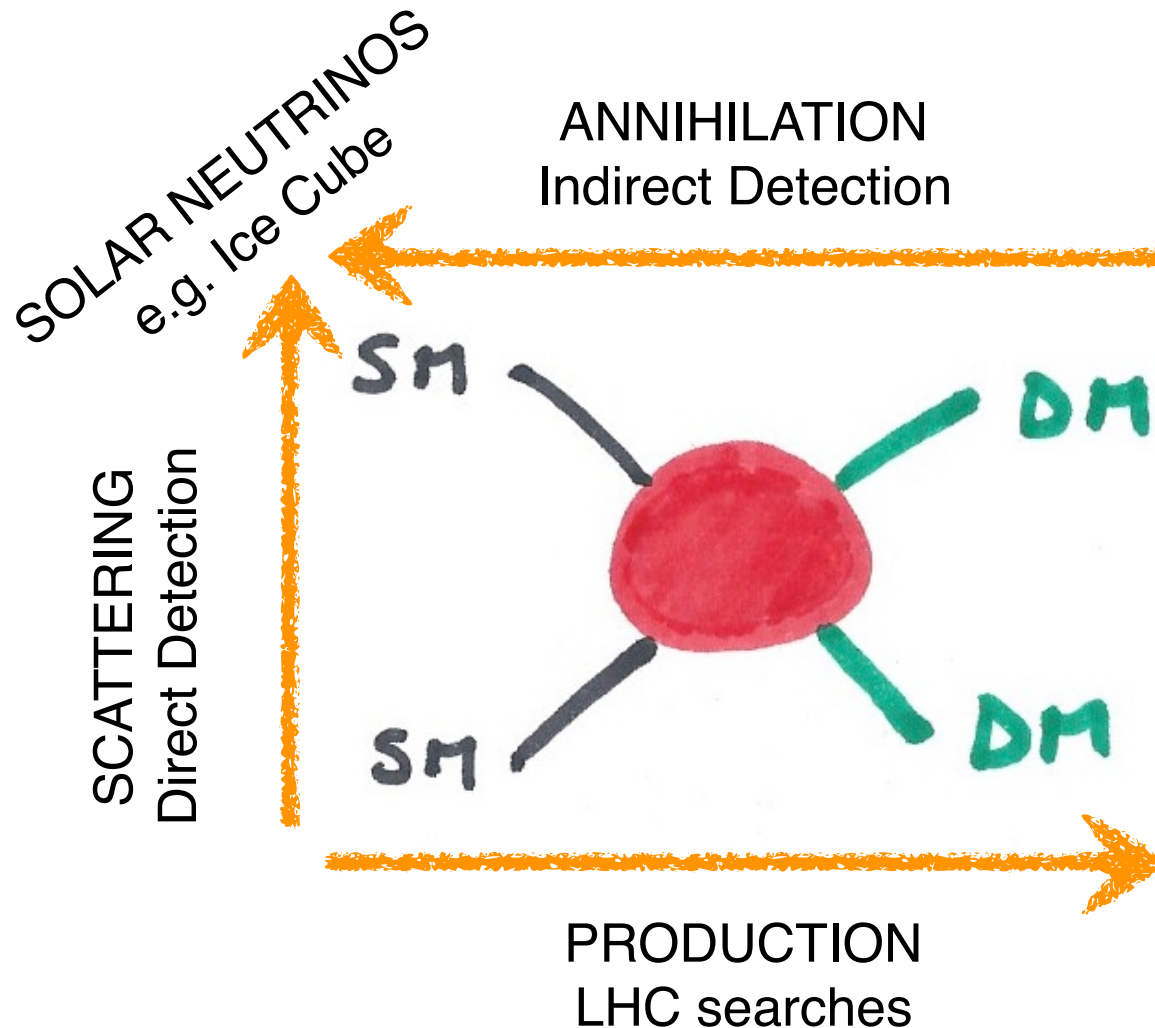


DM searches at the LHC + The Higgs potential in the Early Universe

**Enrico Morgante
DESY FH Fellow Meeting
31/10/2016**

WIMP Dark Matter searches

How can we test WIMP DM interactions with the Standard Model?



Different searches cover different portions of parameter space

⇒ Importance of
COMPLEMENTARITY

DM at the LHC

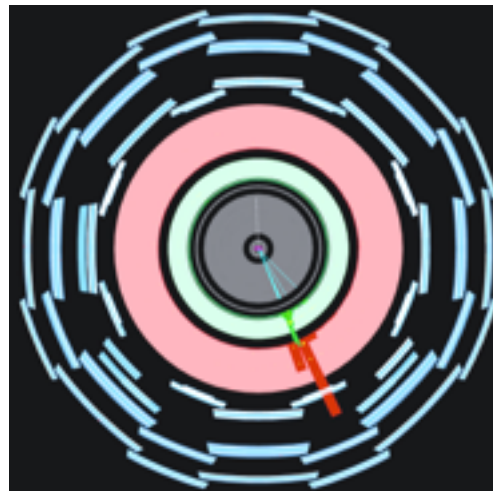
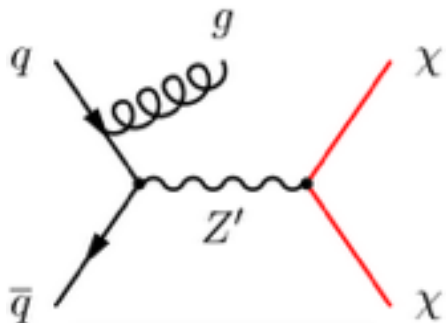
Trivial observation: WIMP particles do not interact with the detectors



**Tag DM events with
some recoiling SM particle**

e.g. “mono-X + MET” searches

a single SM object recoiling against some
unpaired momentum in the transverse plane

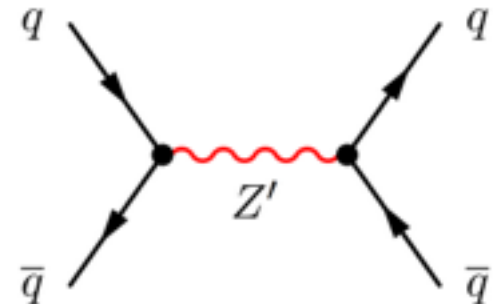


ATLAS mono-jet event, CERN courier

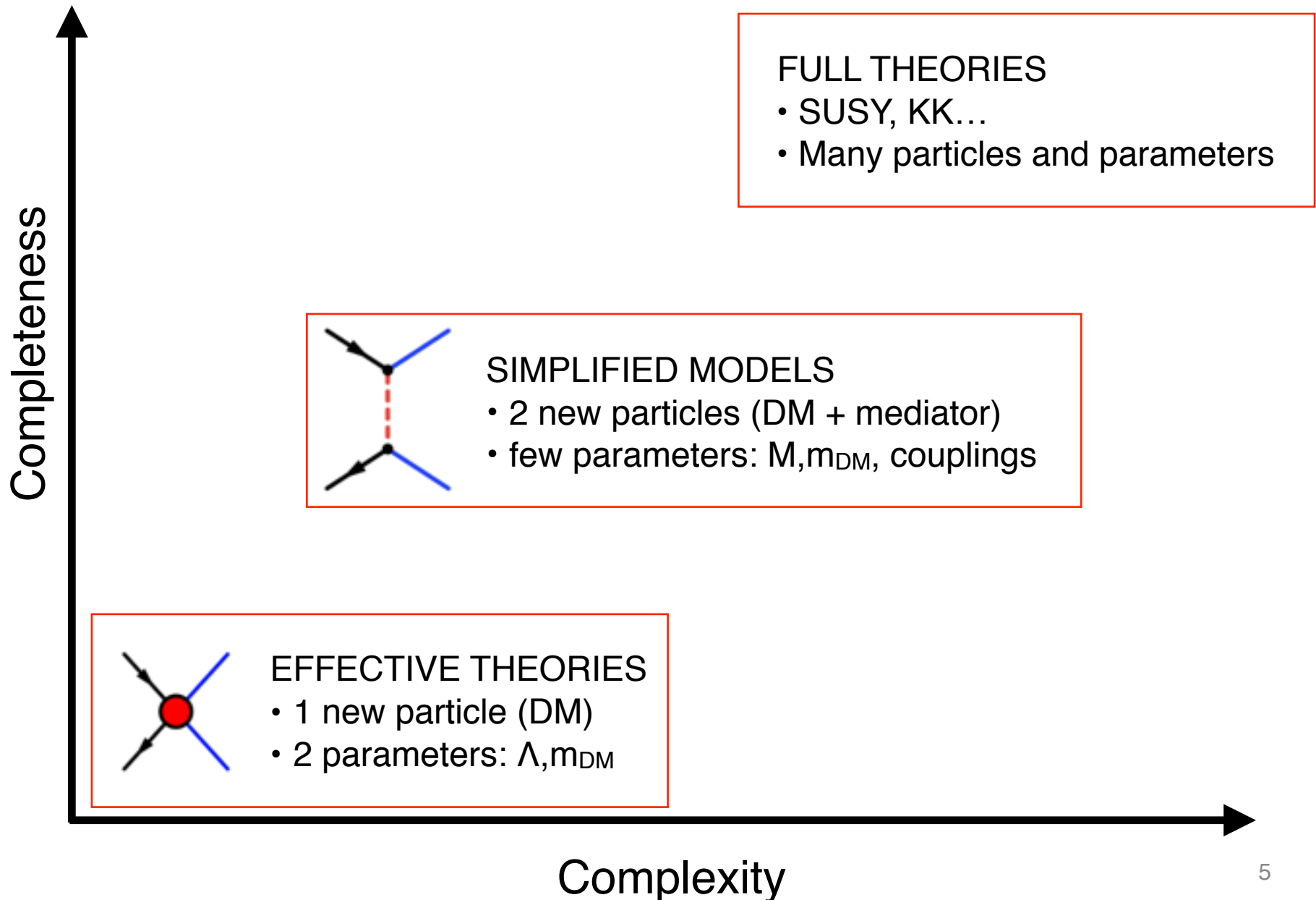
**Study the “dark sector”
independently of DM**

e.g. “di-jet” searches

the mediator is produced and decays back
into a quark - antiquark pair



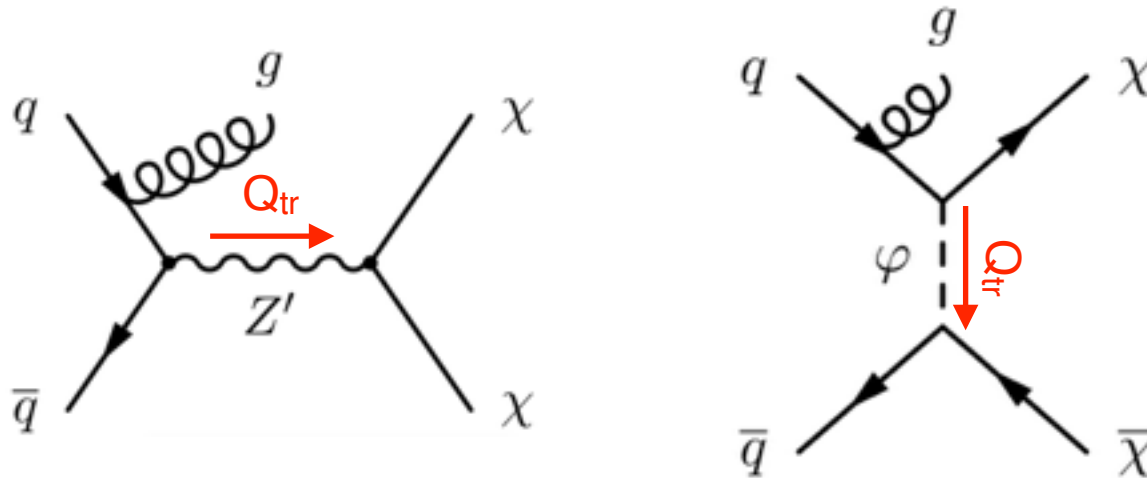
DM “models”



Validity of the EFT

At the LHC, the typical momentum exchanged is close to the scales that are probed

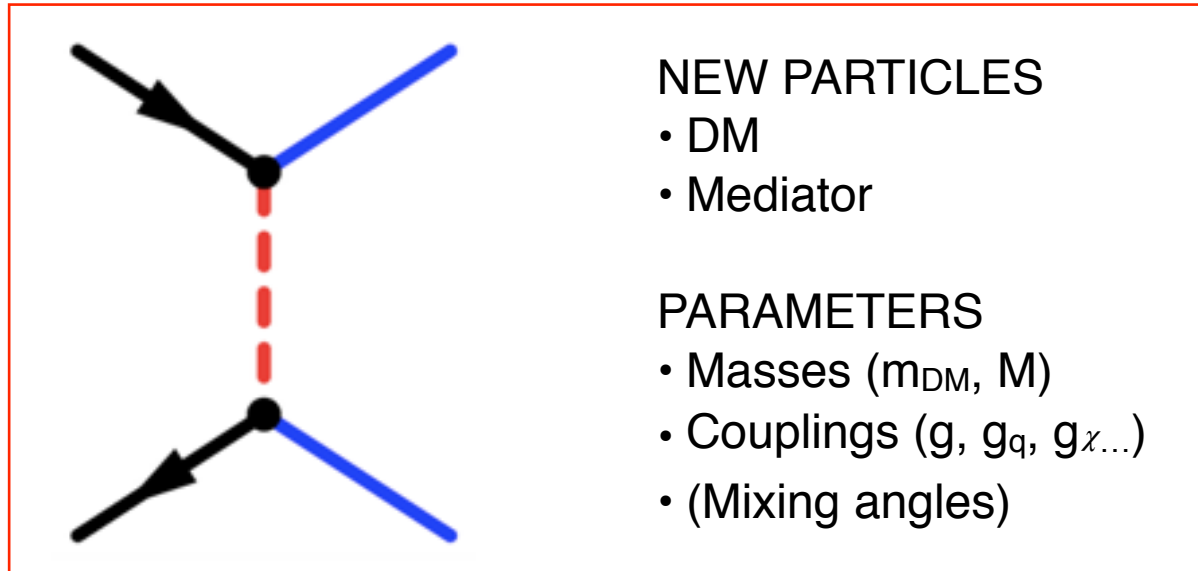
$$\langle Q_{\text{tr}}^2 \rangle \sim \mathcal{O}(1 \text{ TeV})^2 \sim \Lambda^2$$



The effective description is expected to fail

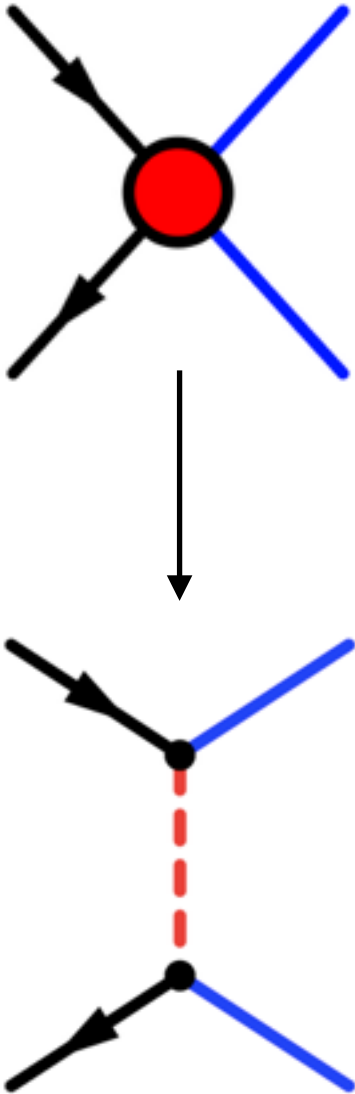
Simplified Models

Beyond EFT: consider a set of simple toy models



Implementation in LHC searches for DM still in progress (DM@LHC working group)

Simplified Models



Can grasp the most relevant physical features of a full theory including DM



Theoretically consistent



Richer phenomenology: other channels and searches complementary to mono-X



More parameters (couplings) \rightarrow higher dimensional space to constrain



How to present constraints?

Interesting questions

- How to build simple but consistent simplified models
 - ❖ experimental constraints;
 - ❖ perturbative unitarity;
 - ❖ anomalies?
- How to be as model independent as possible: what is the best set of models? How not to miss interesting phenomenologies?
- Complementarity with other experiments: more assumptions are needed
- Large parameter space: can we do a clever sampling?

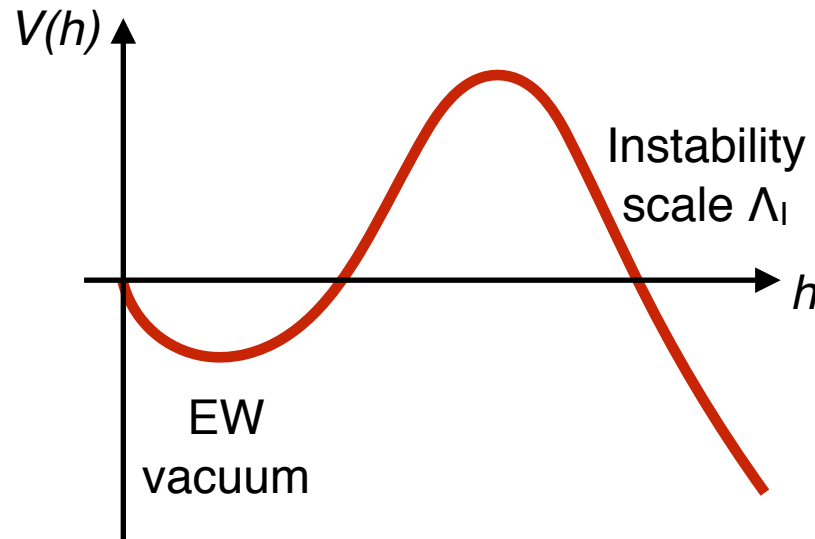
The Higgs potential in the early universe

The Higgs vacuum instability

Extrapolate SM up to Planck scale. We assume Higgs is SM like, no BSM physics.

$$V(h) = \lambda(h) \frac{h^4}{4}$$

RG running makes the potential negative at some scale $10^{10} \div 10^{11}$ GeV

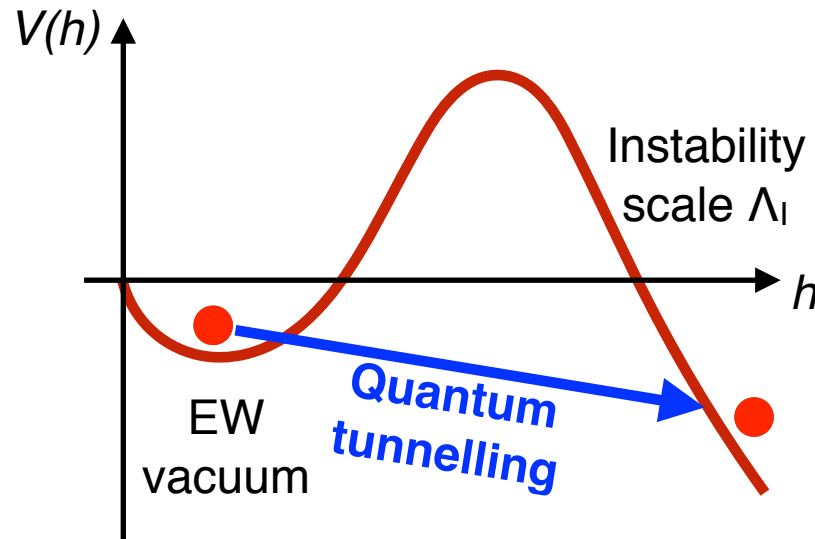


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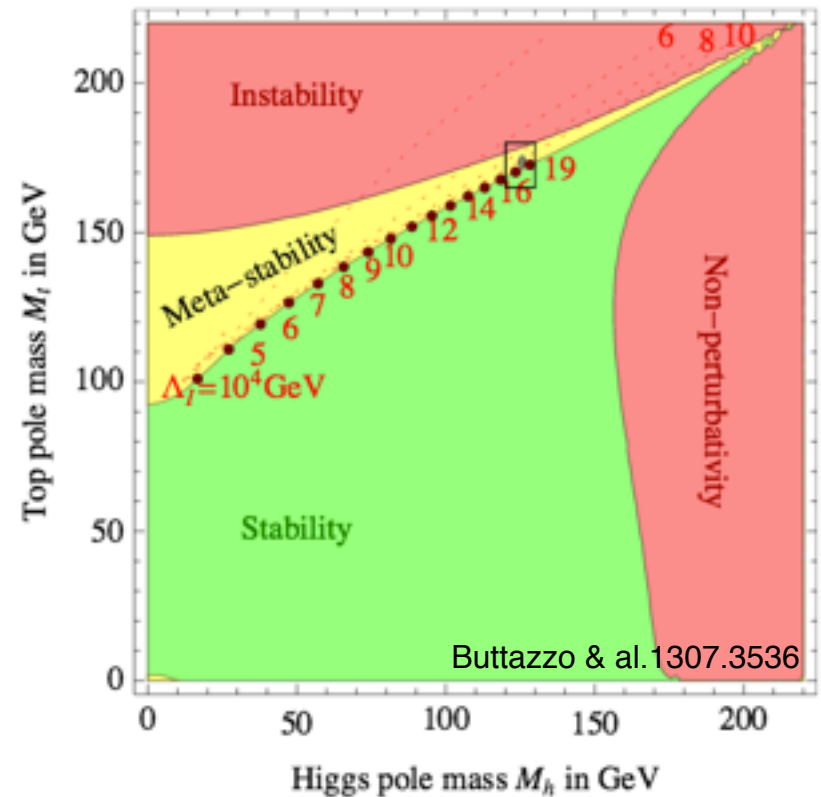
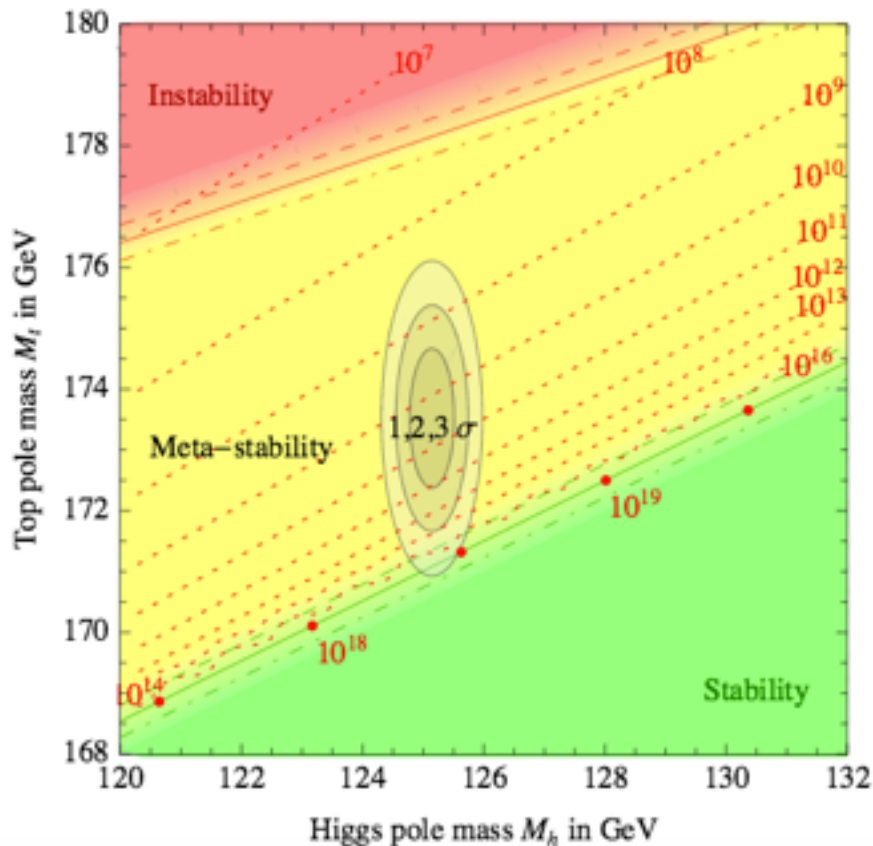
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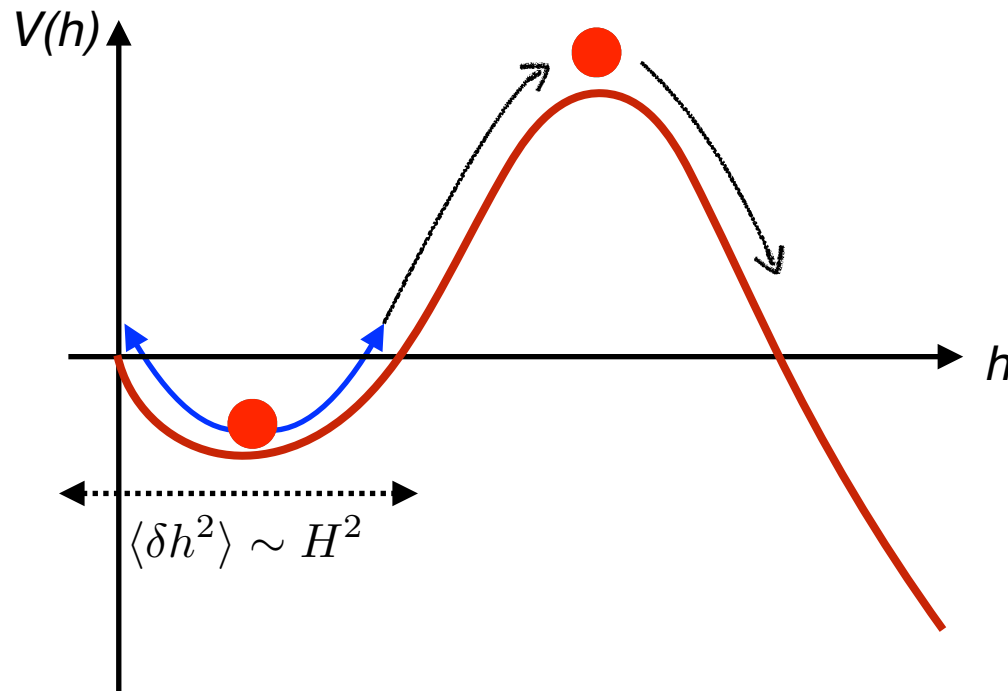
Metastability: EW vacuum lifetime is larger than the age of the Universe



Instability in the early universe

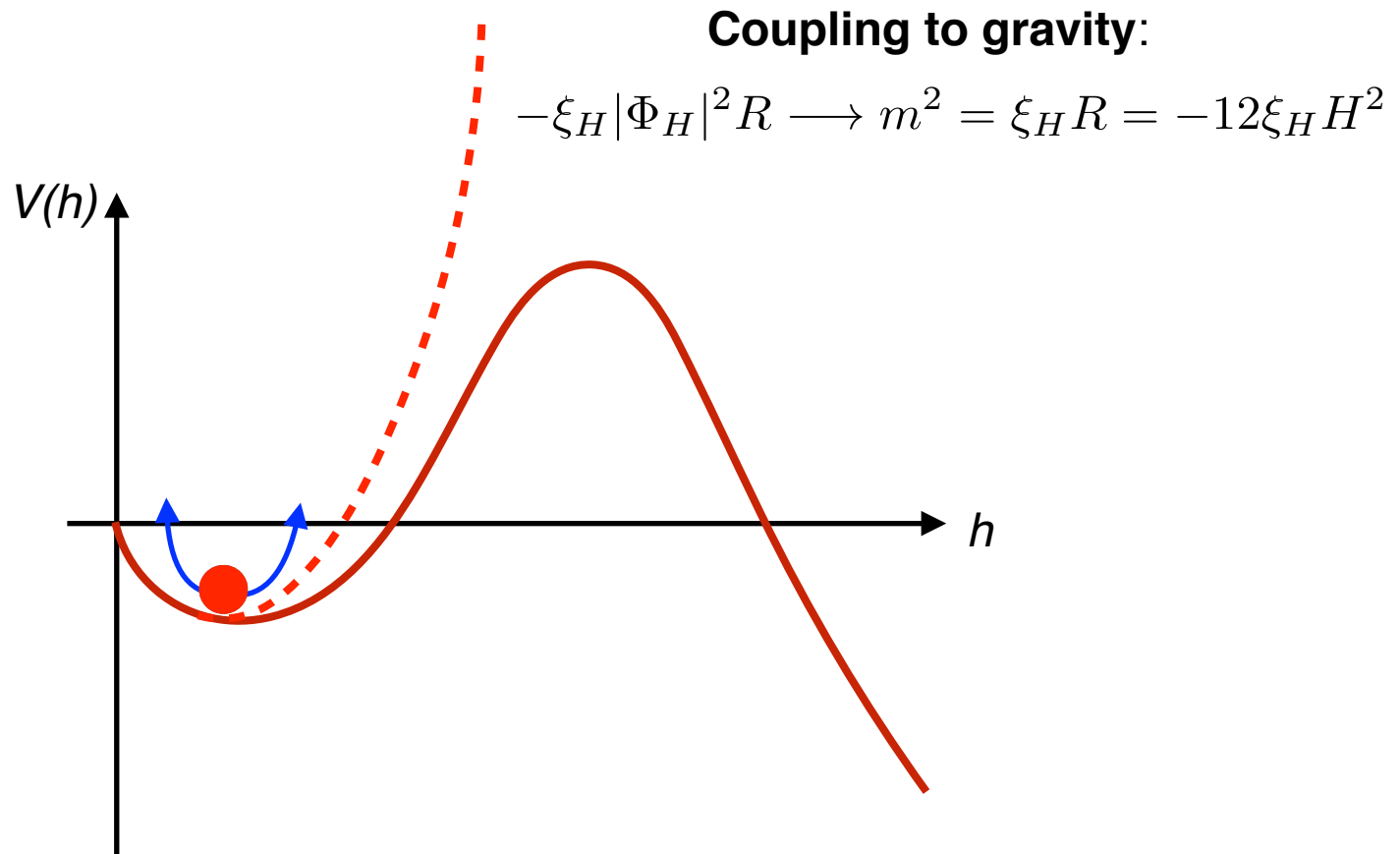
Many effects can change the situation in the early universe:

Inflation: quantum fluctuations



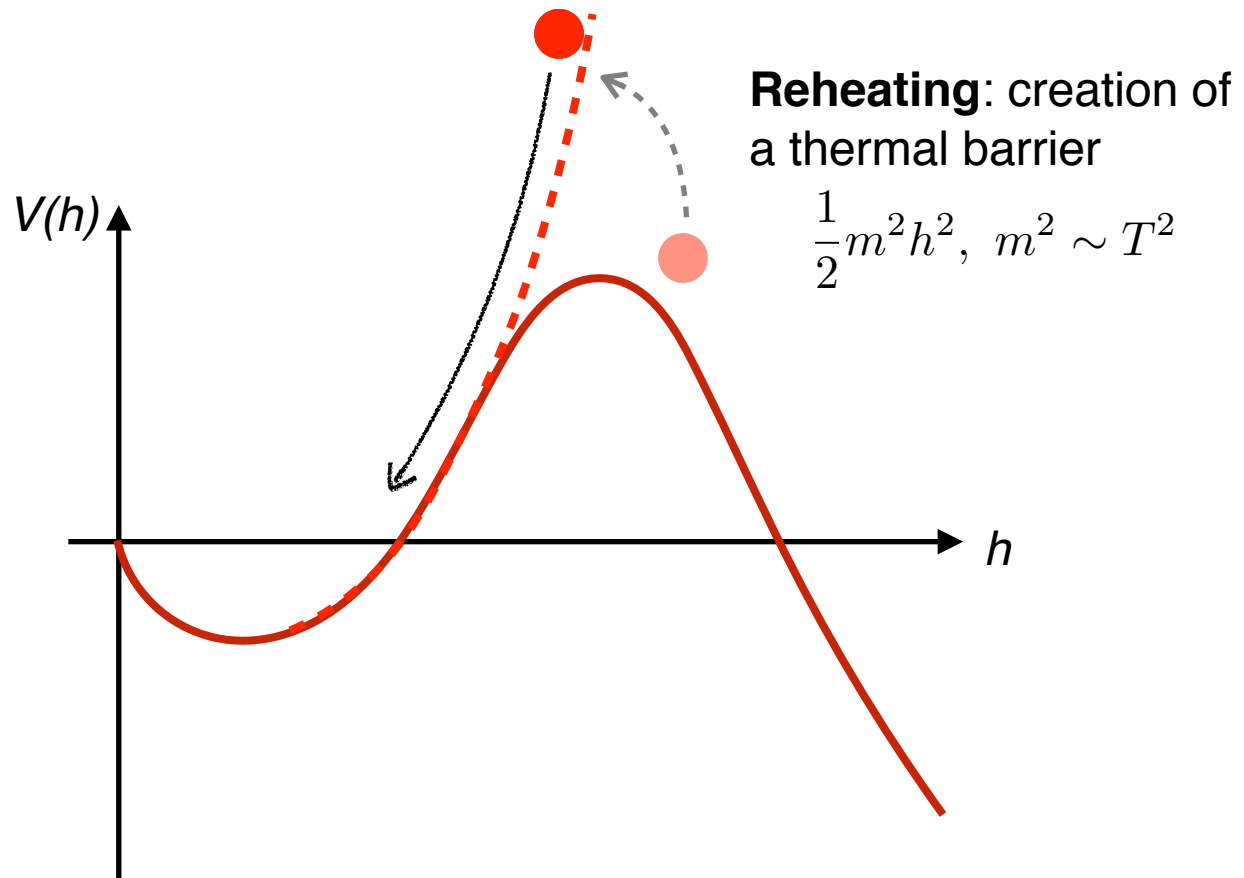
Instability in the early universe

Many effects can change the situation in the early universe:



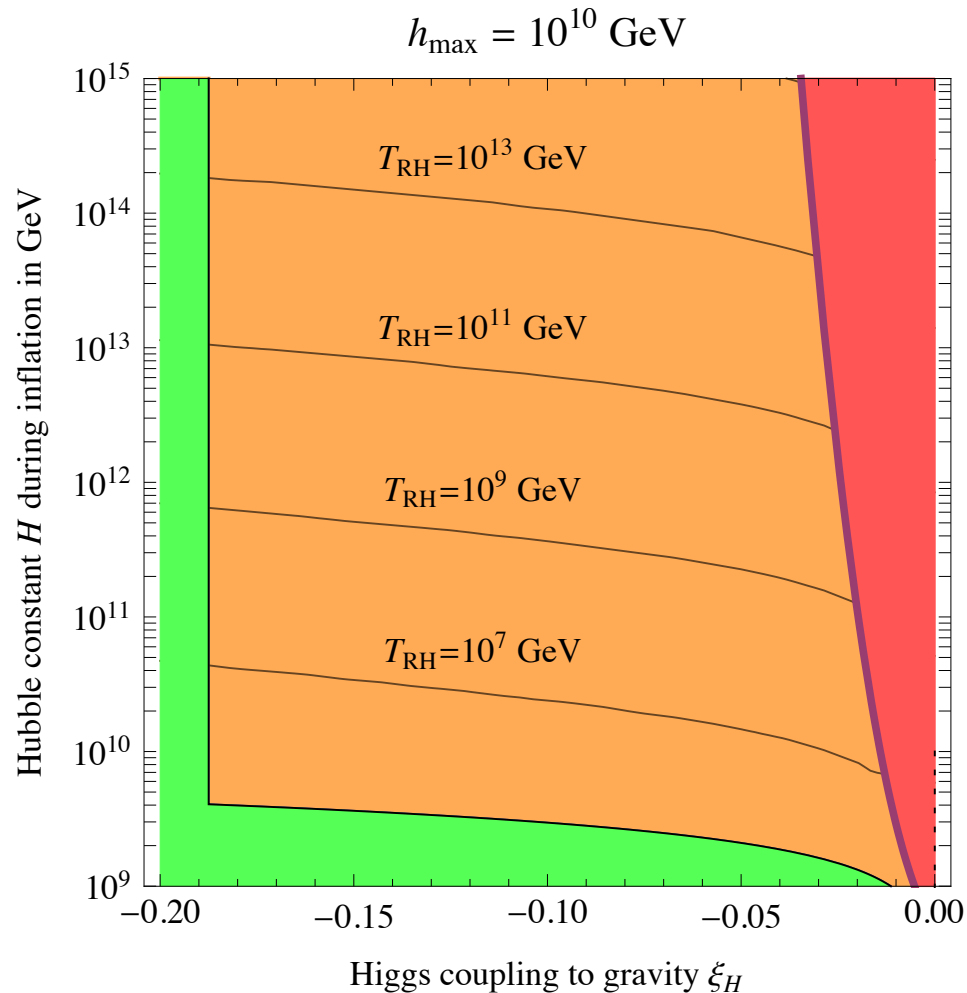
Instability in the early universe

Many effects can change the situation in the early universe:



Instability in the early universe

Lower bound on the reheating temperature



Interesting questions

- Is a gauge invariant treatment possible? What are the gauge invariant quantities involved in the process? Is the effective potential the best quantity to describe the physics?
- Sensitivity to new physics: can we use stability to exclude new physics models?
- New effects: particle productions after the tunnelling, bubble collisions, bubble formation triggered by black holes...
- Bounds on concrete realisations of cosmological history