

Double-demodulation Scheme ALPS-IIc Heterodyne Detector

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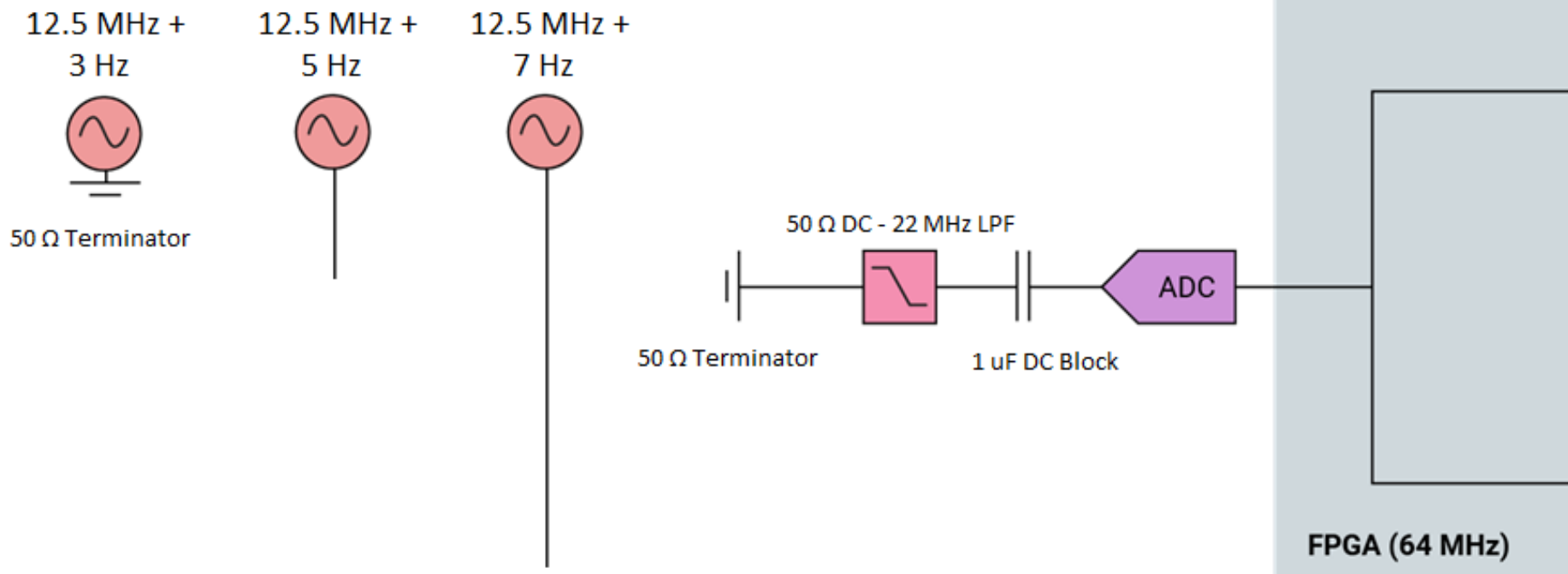
Preliminary Results Mainz Meeting 7 March 2017



(Very) Weak Signal

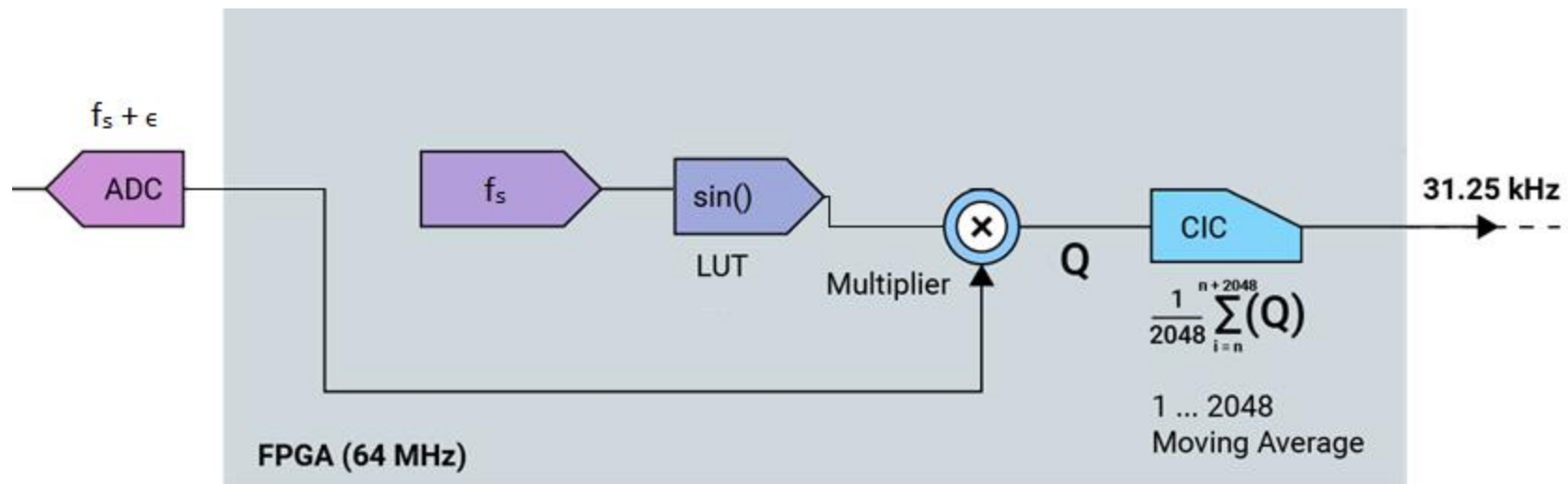
- 3 Signal generators phase locked to ADC/FPGA clock
- Not physically connected to ADC

Signal Generators



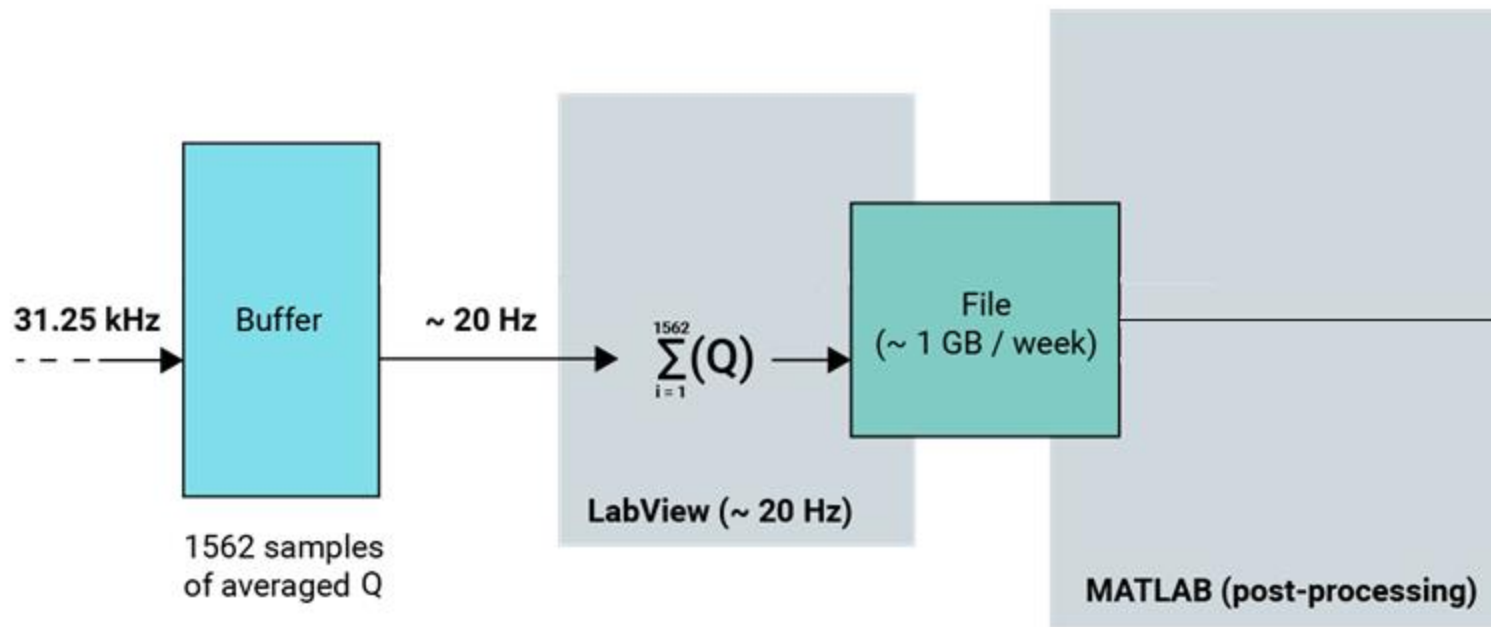
1st Demodulation (FPGA)

- 64 MHz sampling rate (31.25 kHz output data rate)
- Only multiplication by sine at f_s on the FPGA



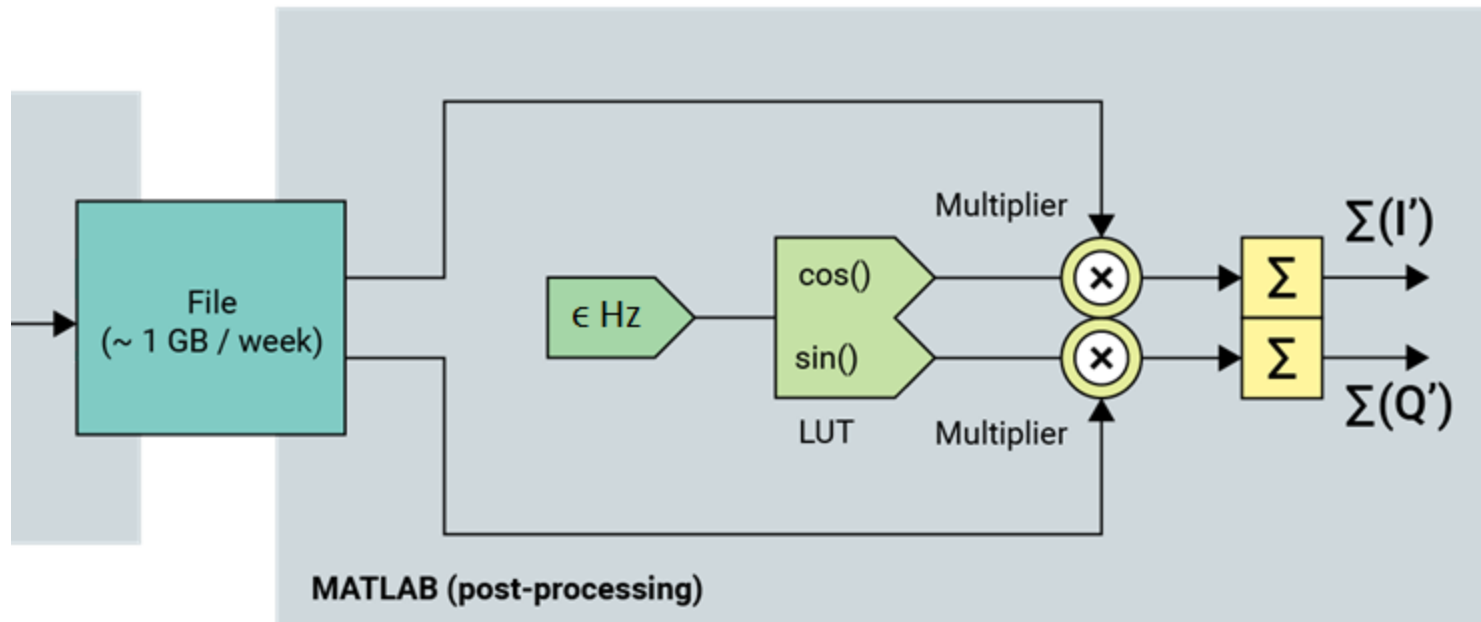
Data Transfer and Reduction

- Summation 1562 samples of Q
- File size does not exceed 1 GB / week

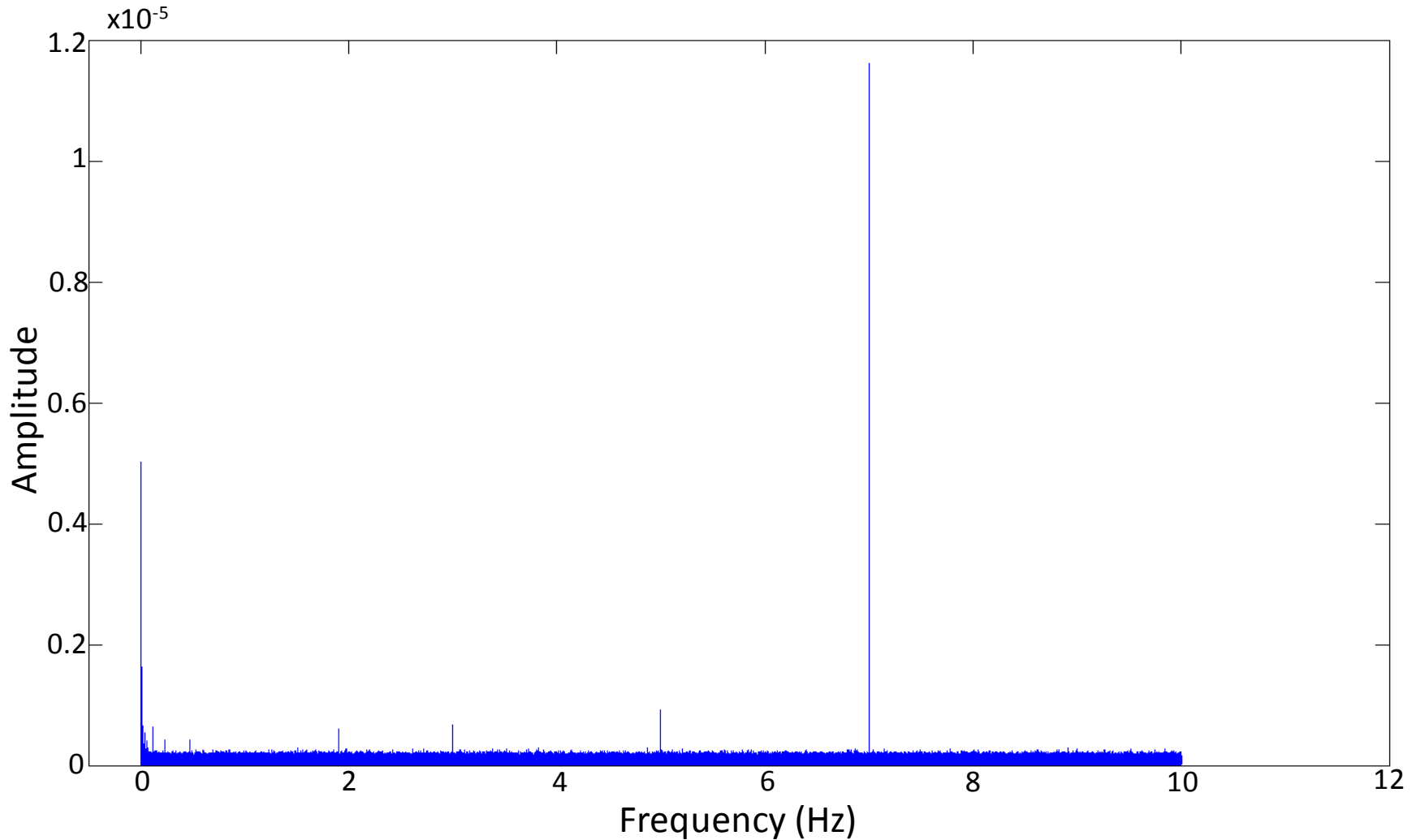


Data Transfer and Reduction

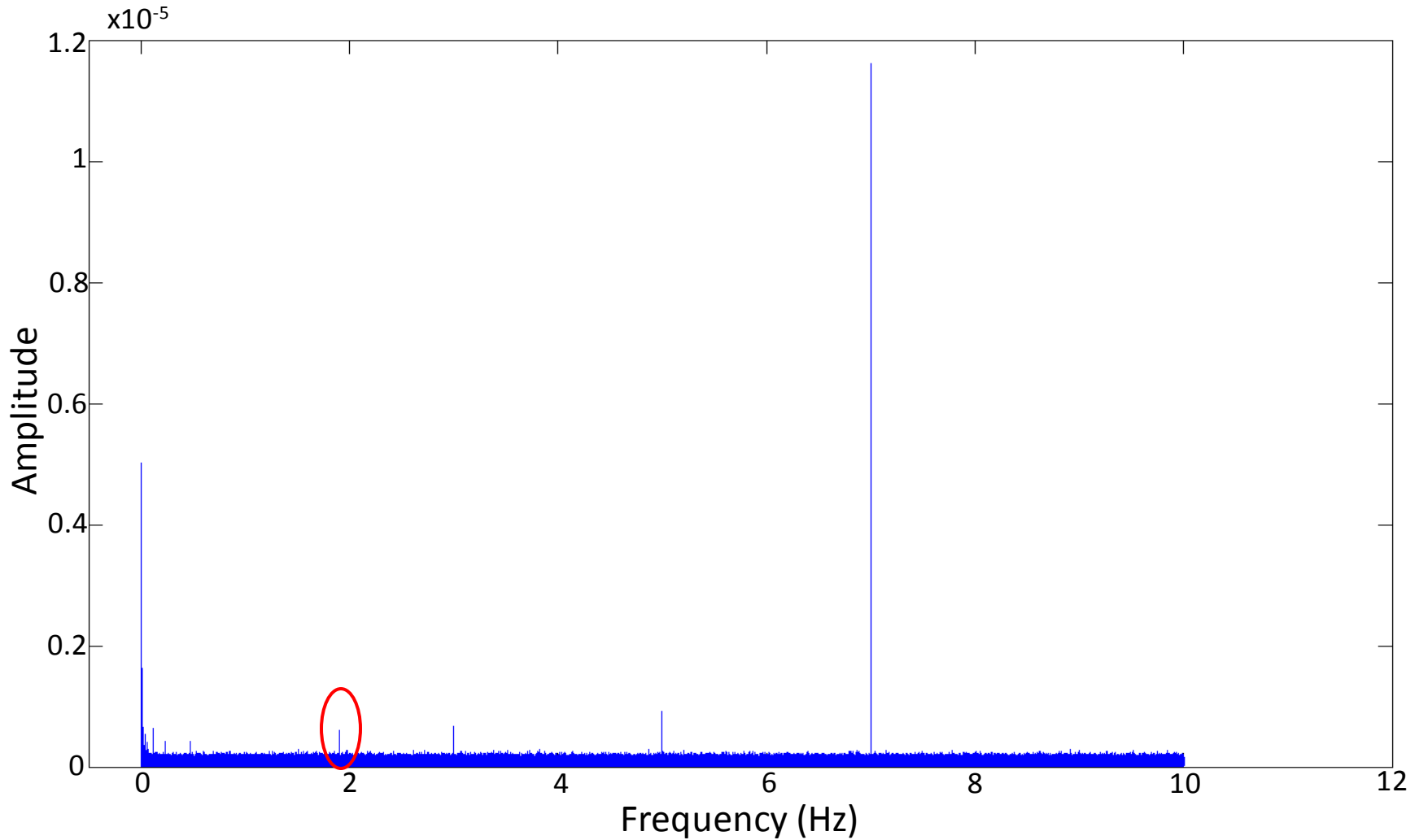
- Data imported into MatLab
- MatLab LUT used to generate sine/cosine for second stage demodulation



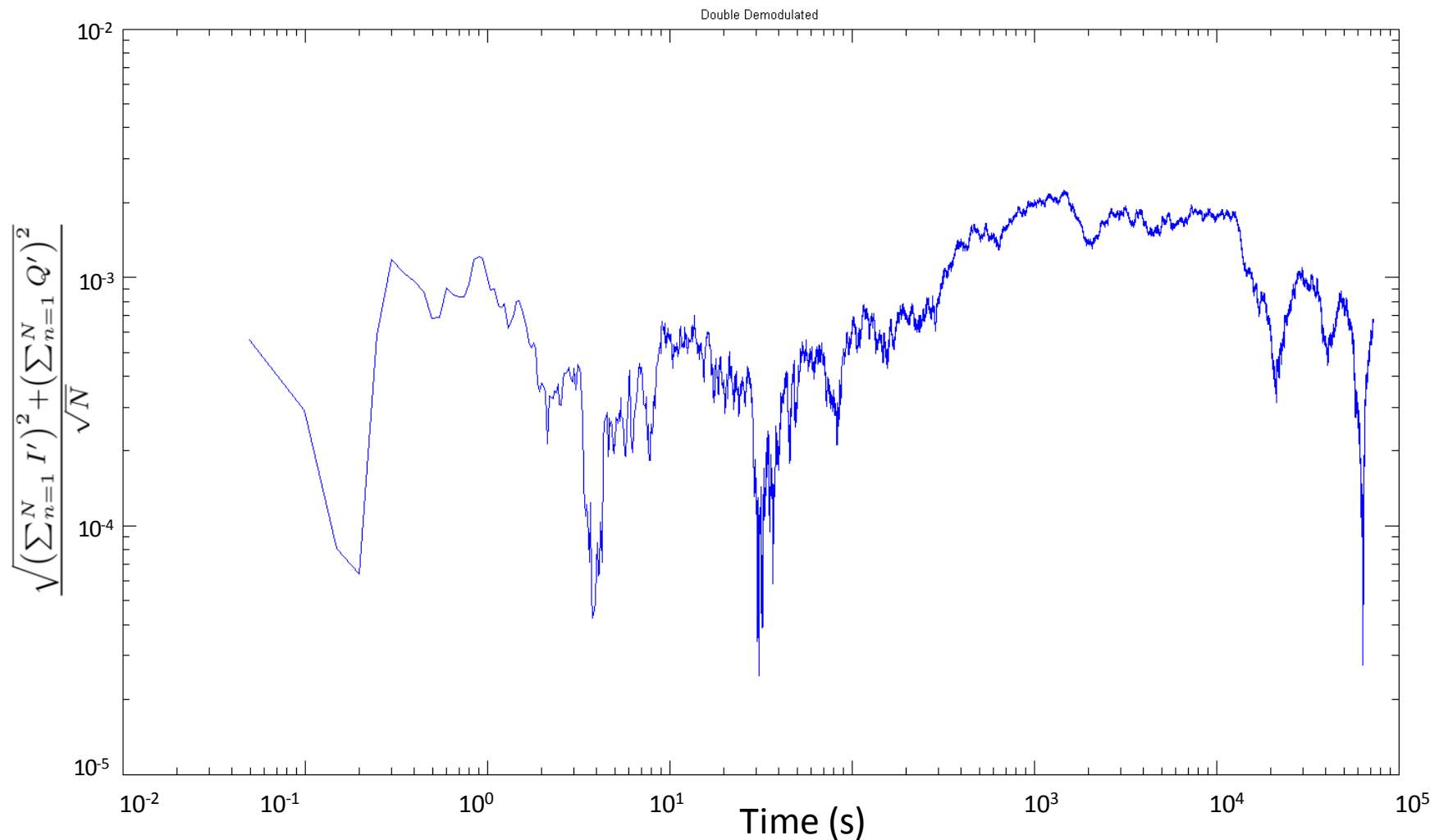
3, 5, and 7 Hz Modulation in Q Data



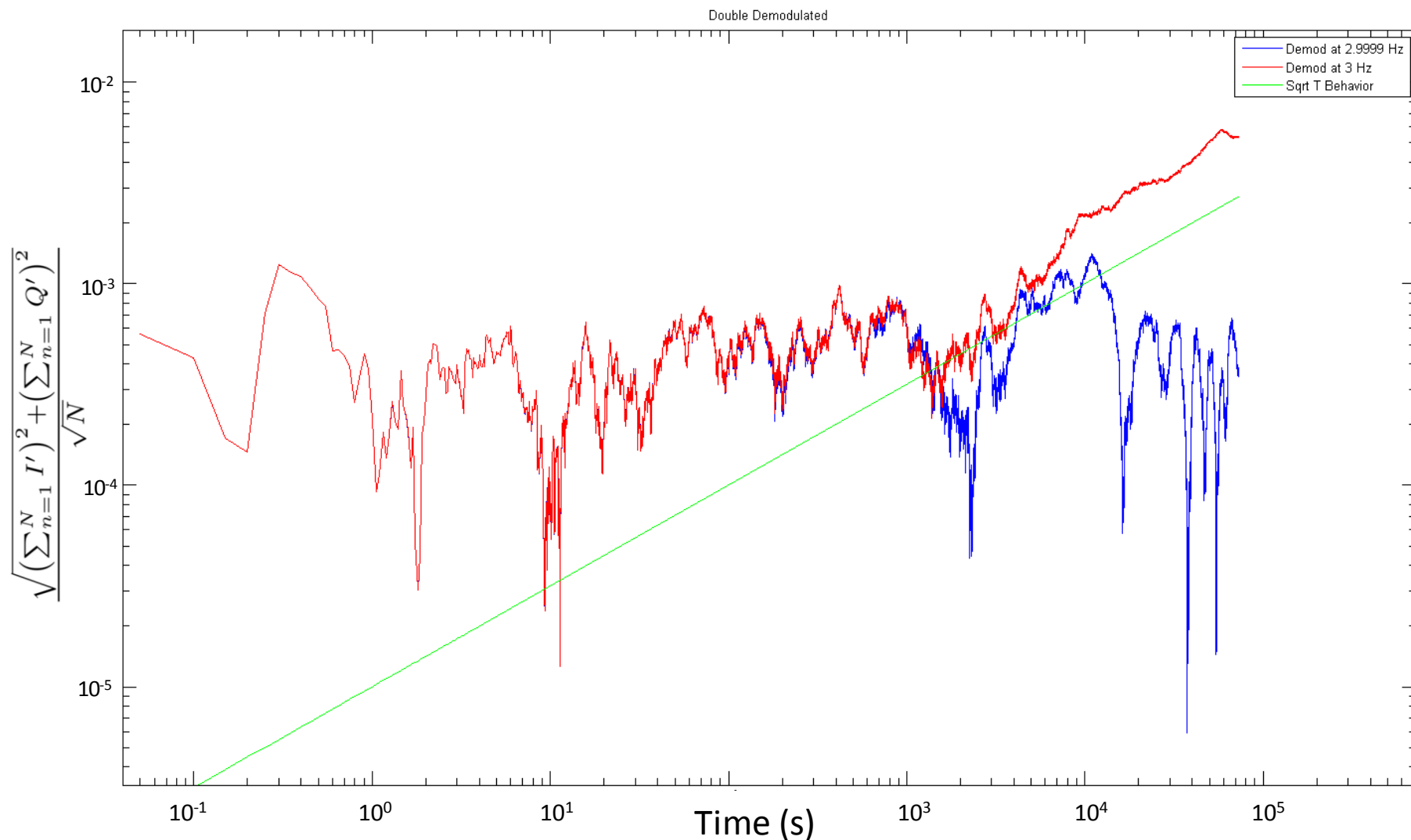
3, 5, and 7 Hz Modulation in Q Data

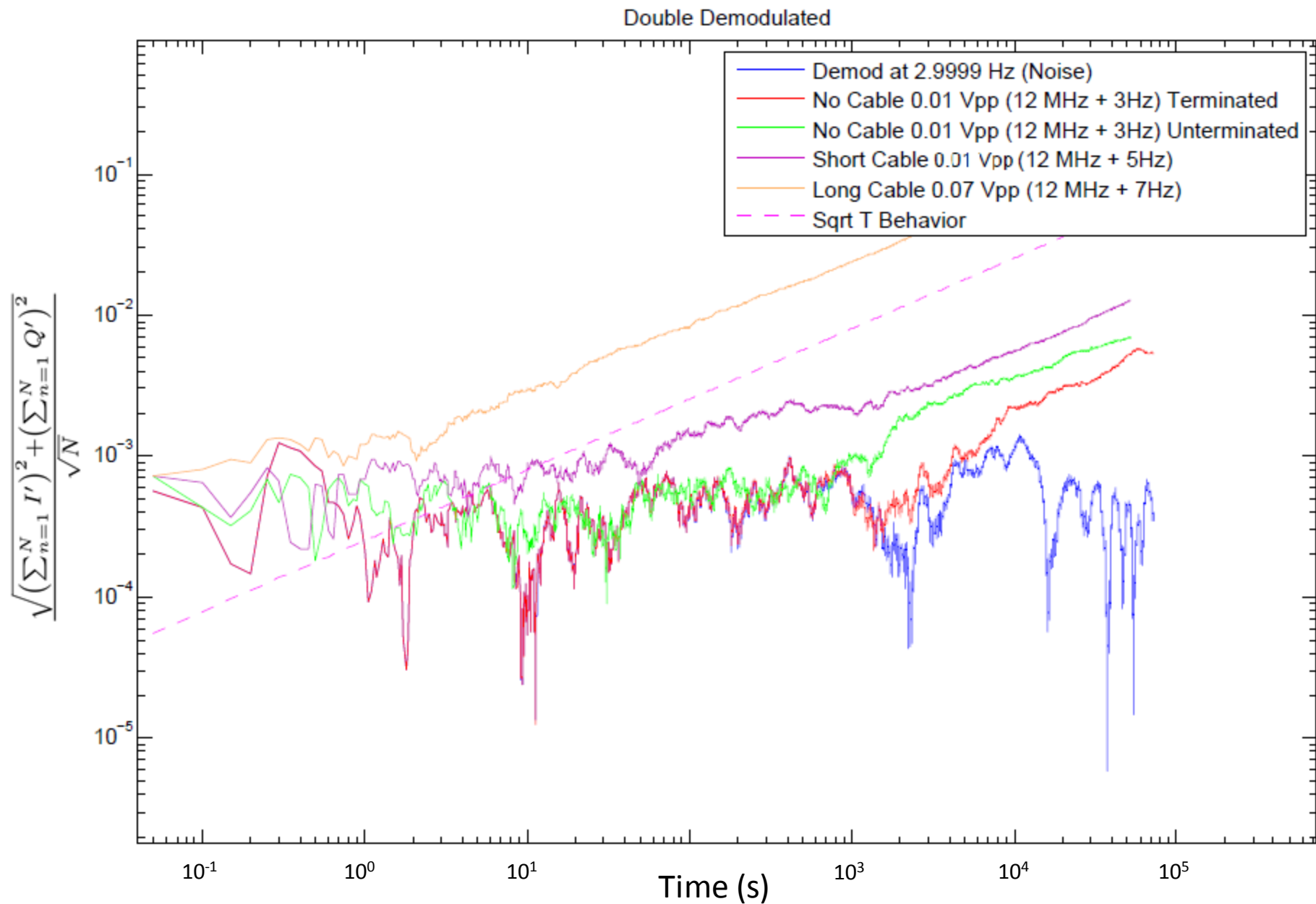


1.9073 Hz Demodulation



Demodulation On/Off Resonance





Summary

- Secondary demodulation in post-processing
 - Shifts spurious signals away from DC
 - Preserves real signal
- Weak wireless signals, clean 20 hour run
- ~ 20 Hz data rate (<1 GB / week)



Summary

- Shortening antenna reduces amplitude of signal as expected
- Demodulation off “resonance” by 10^{-4} Hz causes signal to vanish

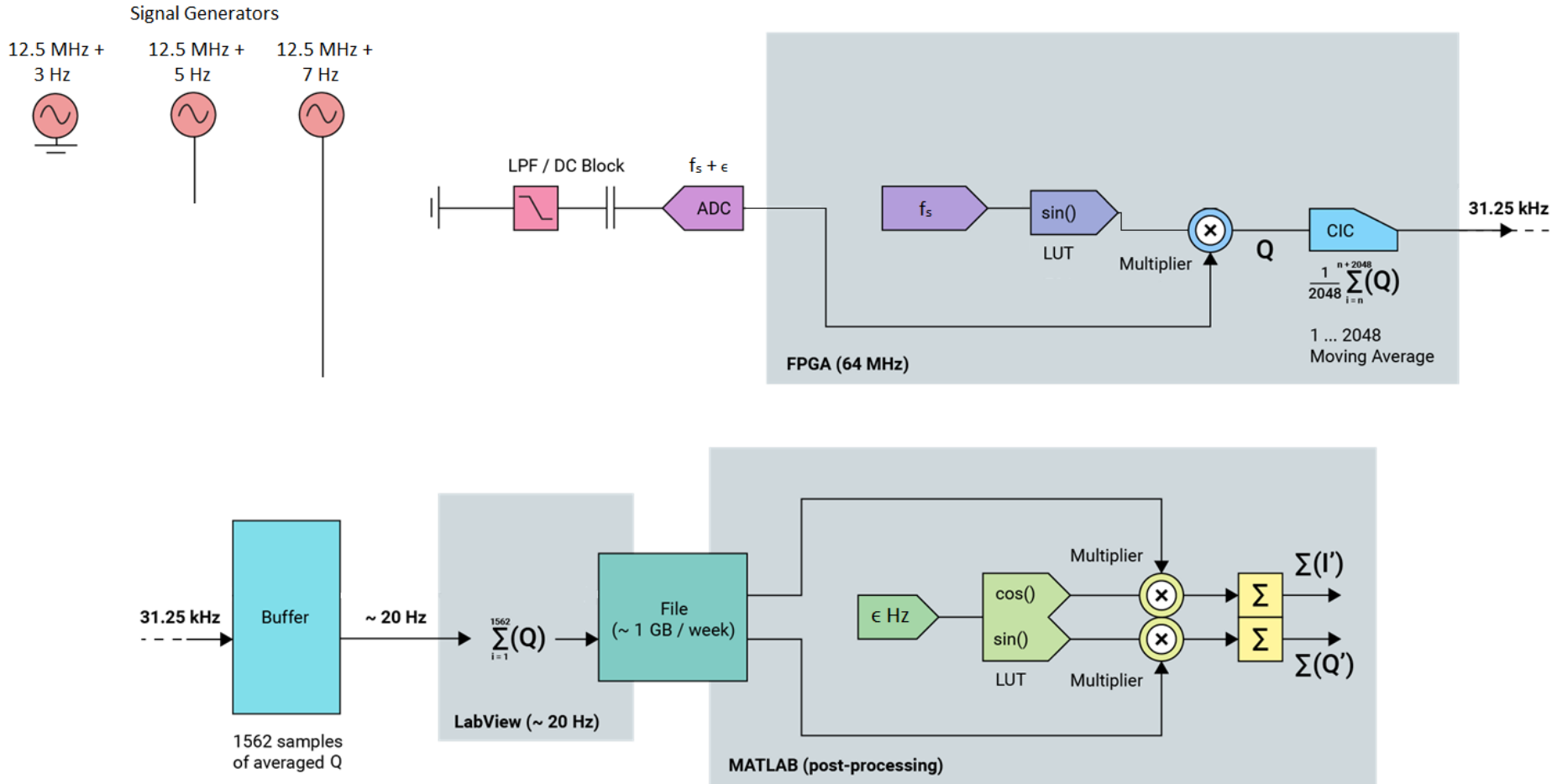


Current challenges

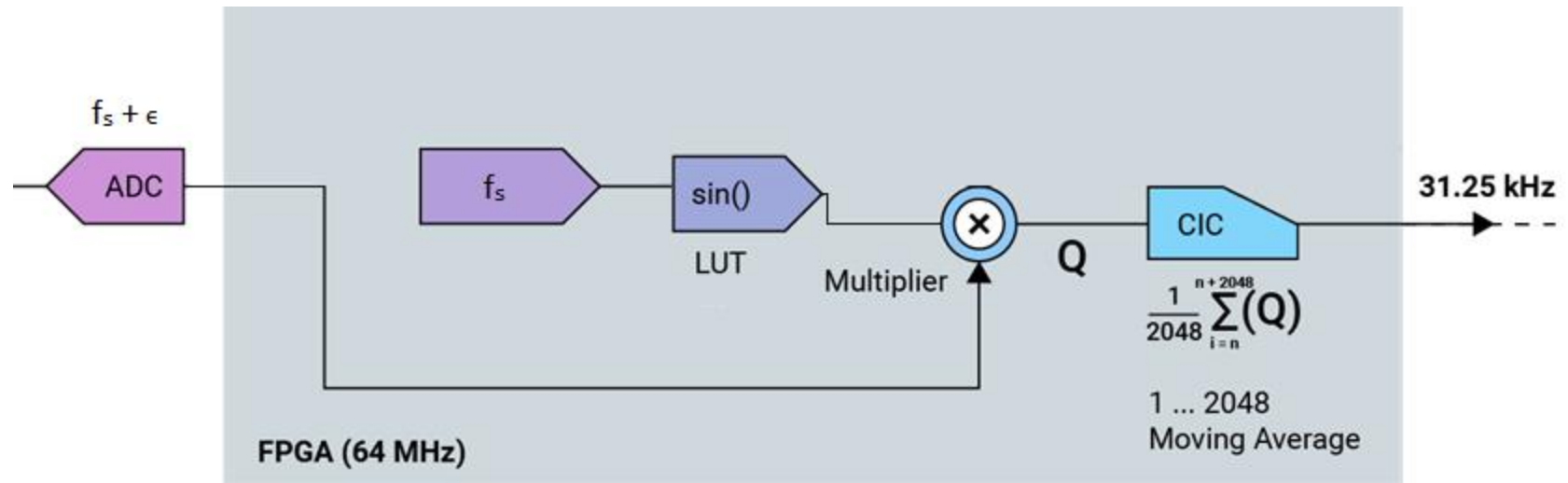
- Longer data runs with weaker signals
 - Move terminated function generator farther away
- Solve buffer read/write skips (LabView)
 - 20+ hour run gave 3 buffer skips
 - Background Windows processes likely to blame
 - Write clock time to know when skips happen
 - Pad with 0s
- Set up optical input signals
 - Connect Photodetector output to ADC
 - Shot-noise floor measurement
 - Calibration of device



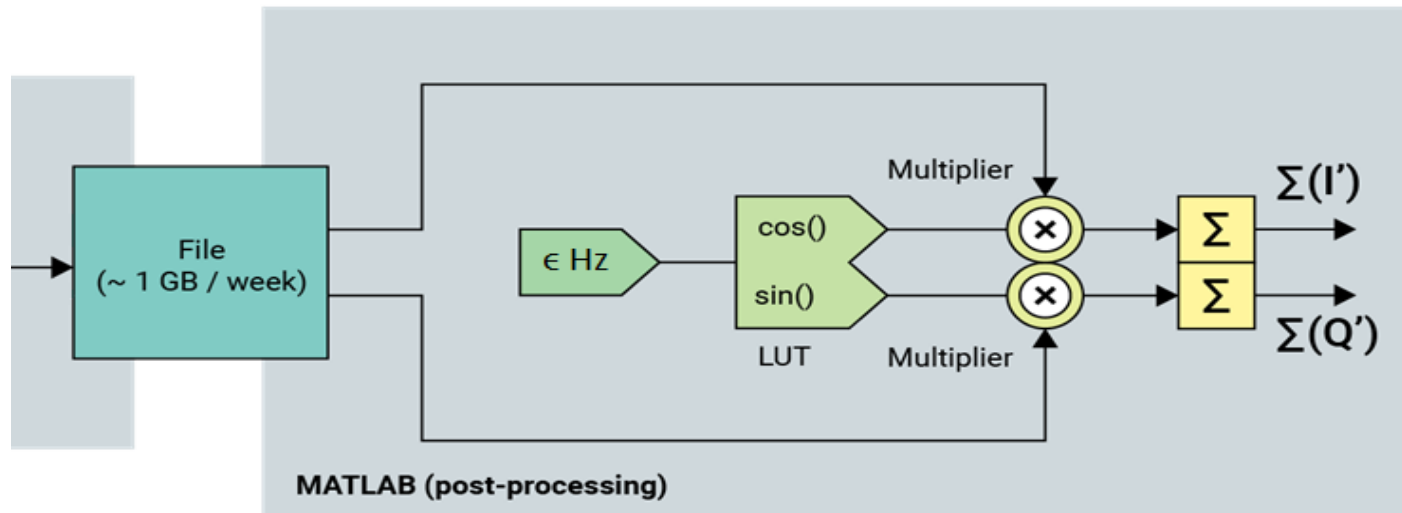
Double-demodulation Scheme



Double Demod Math



$$\begin{array}{l}
 A \sin((f_s + \epsilon)t + \phi) \times 1 \sin(f_s t) = \frac{A}{2} \cos(\epsilon t + \phi) - \\
 \text{Input Signal} \qquad \qquad \qquad \text{LUT output} \qquad \qquad \qquad \frac{A}{2} \cos((2f_s + \epsilon)t + \phi)
 \end{array}$$



$$I : \frac{A}{2} \cos(\epsilon t + \phi) \times 1 \cos(\epsilon t)$$

$$Q : \frac{A}{2} \cos(\epsilon t + \phi) \times 1 \sin(\epsilon t)$$

FPGA Output

MatLab LUT

$$I : \frac{A}{2} \cos(\epsilon t + \phi) \times 1 \cos(\epsilon t) =$$

$$\frac{A}{4} \cos(\phi) + \frac{A}{4} \cos(2\epsilon t + \phi)$$

$$Q : \frac{A}{2} \cos(\epsilon t + \phi) \times \sin(\epsilon t) =$$

$$\frac{A}{4} \sin(-\phi) + \frac{A}{4} \sin(2\epsilon t + \phi)$$

$$I : \frac{A}{4} \cos(\phi) \quad \Rightarrow \quad \sum_{n=0}^N I : \frac{AN}{4} \cos(\phi)$$

$$Q : \frac{A}{4} \sin(-\phi) \quad \Rightarrow \quad \sum_{n=0}^N Q : \frac{AN}{4} \sin(-\phi)$$

$$\left(\sum_{n=0}^N \text{I}\right)^2 + \left(\sum_{n=0}^N \text{Q}\right)^2 = \frac{A^2 N^2}{16}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\left(\sum_{n=0}^N \text{I}\right)^2 + \left(\sum_{n=0}^N \text{Q}\right)^2}}{\sqrt{N}} = \frac{A}{4} \sqrt{N}$$