

# Search for heavy charged Higgs Bosons at ATLAS

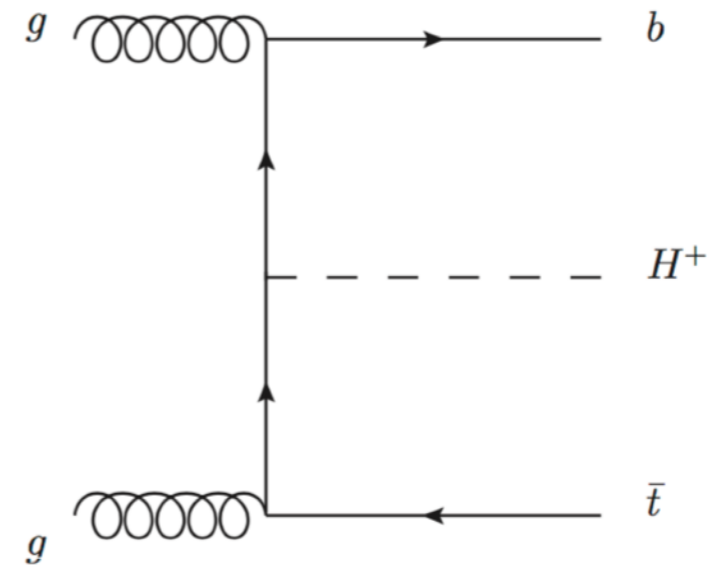
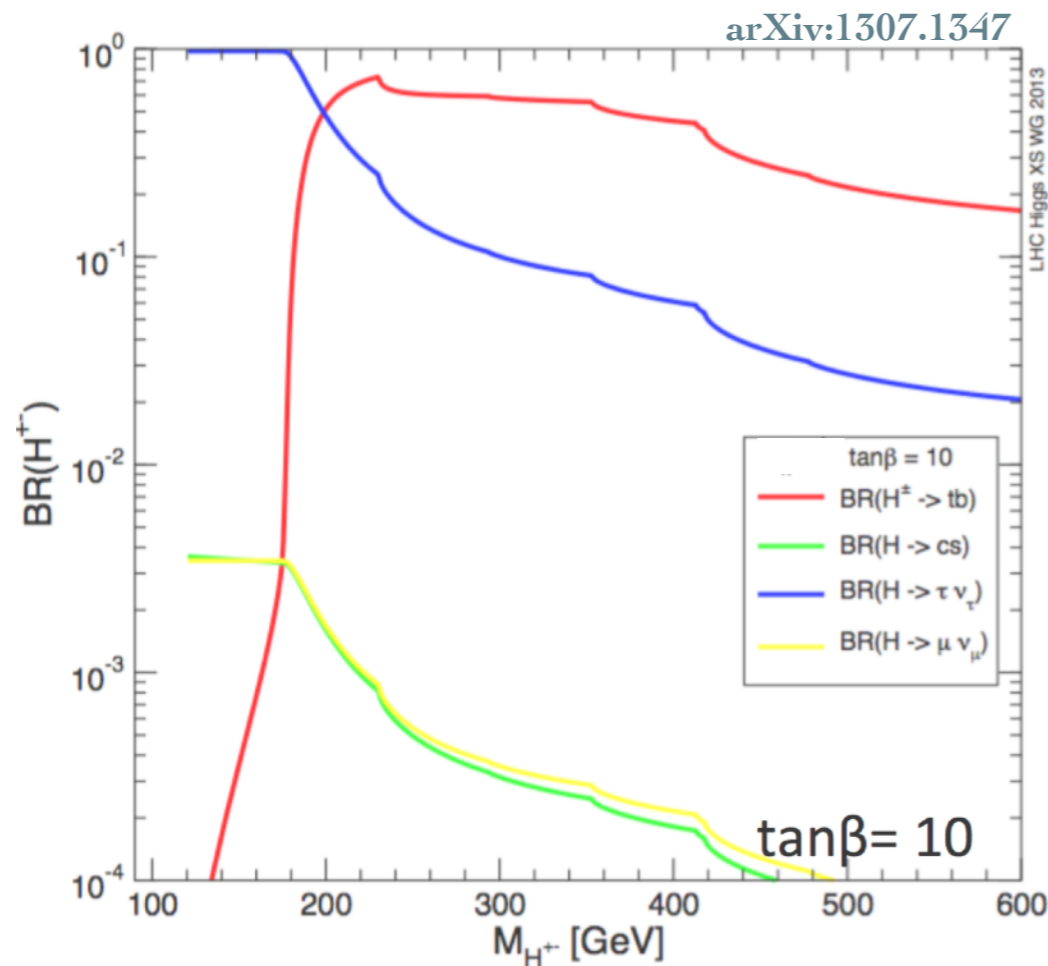


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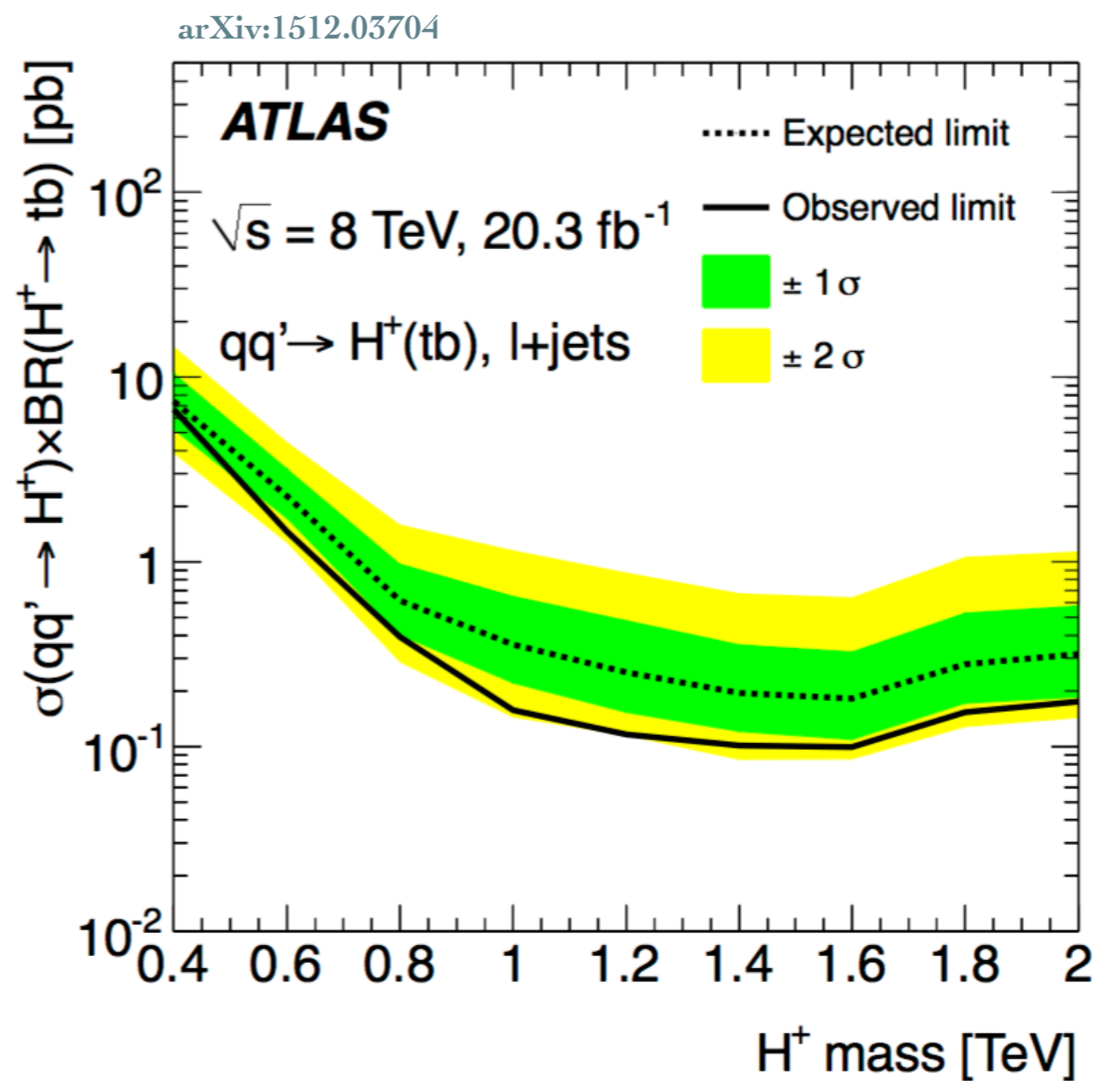
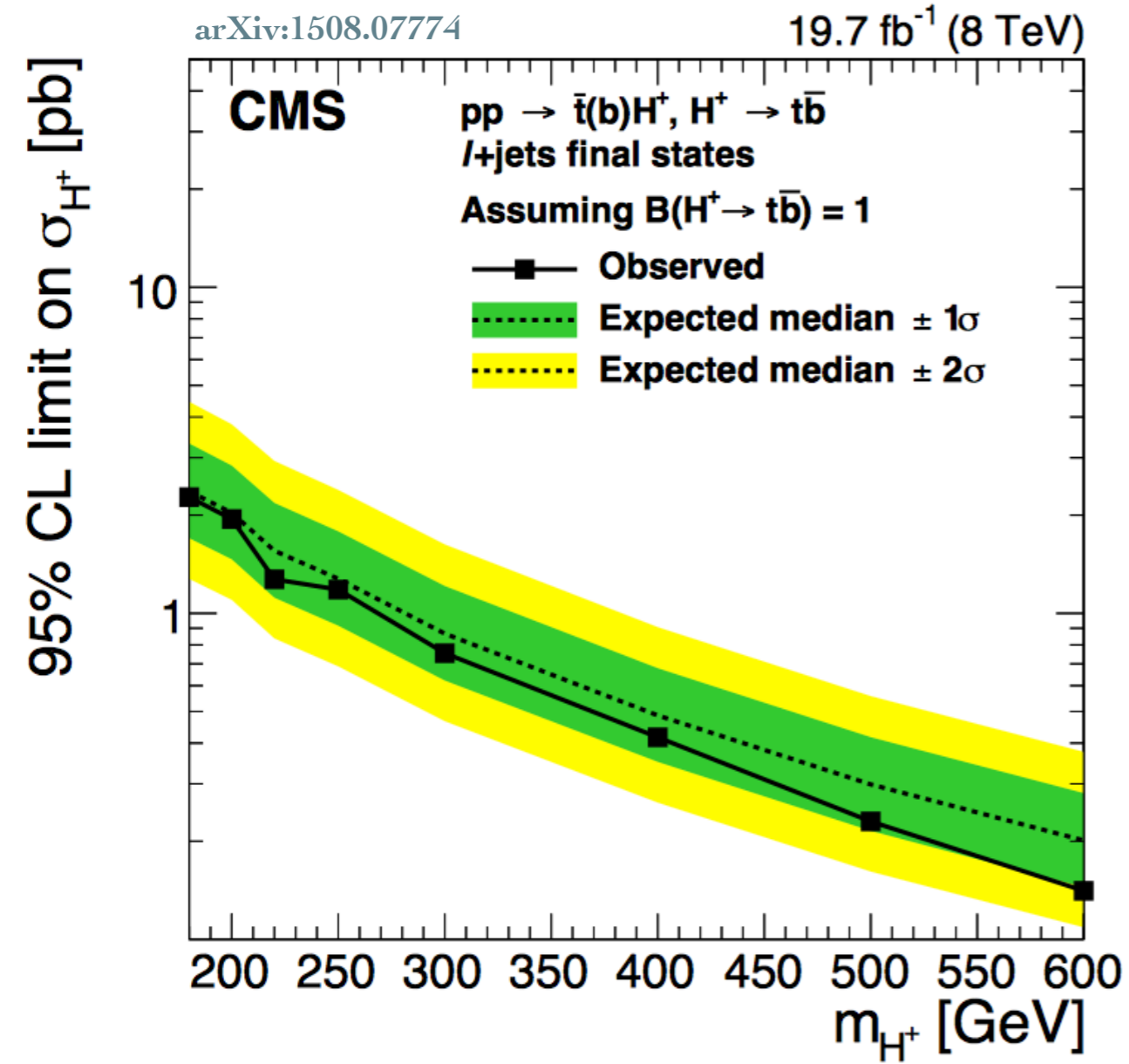
Supervisors: Prof. Heiko Lacker  
Dr. Janet Dietrich

# Introduction

- Charged Higgs Boson predicted by several BSM models
- MSSM, 2HDM: 5 detectable Higgs  $h, H, A, H^+, H^-$
- $H^\pm$  Production and decay depend on:
  - Mass of the bosons  $M(H^\pm)$
  - Mixing angles between doublets:  $\alpha, \beta$
- When  $M(H^\pm) > M(t)+M(b)$ :  $pp \rightarrow tbH^\pm, H^\pm \rightarrow tb$  dominant

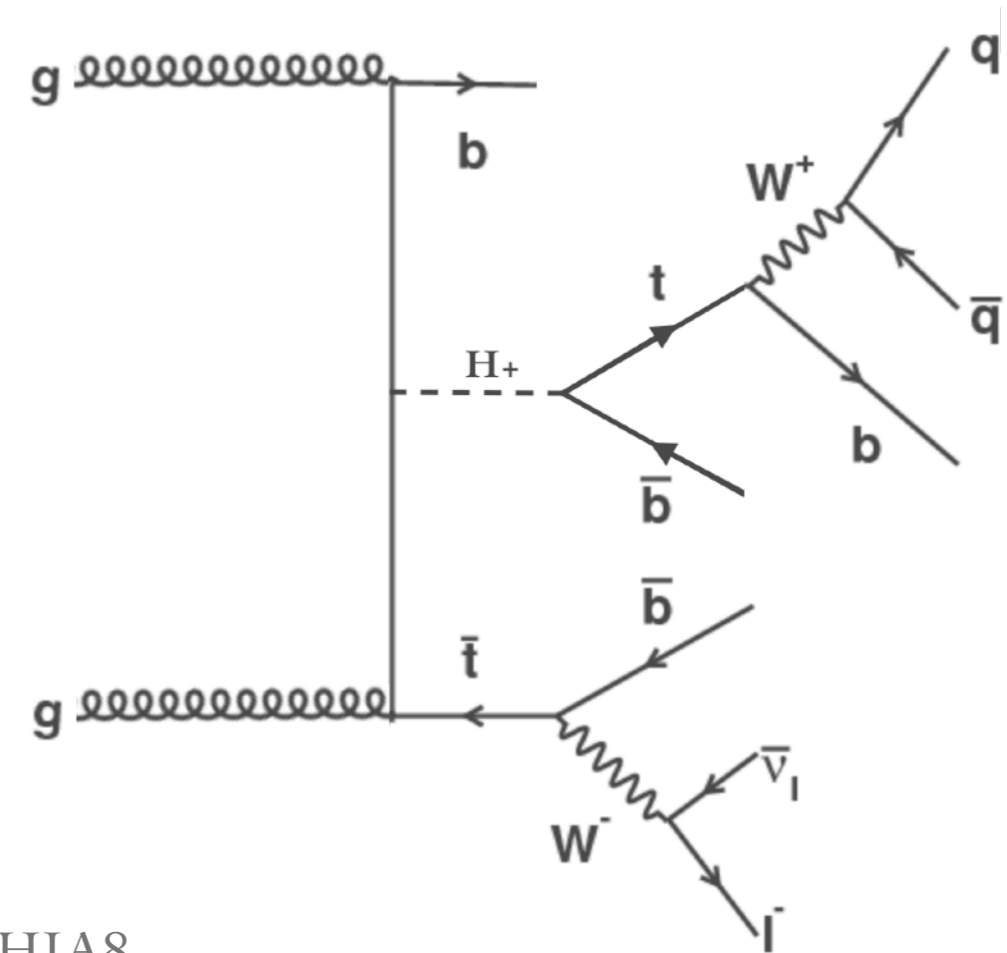


# Results at 8 TeV



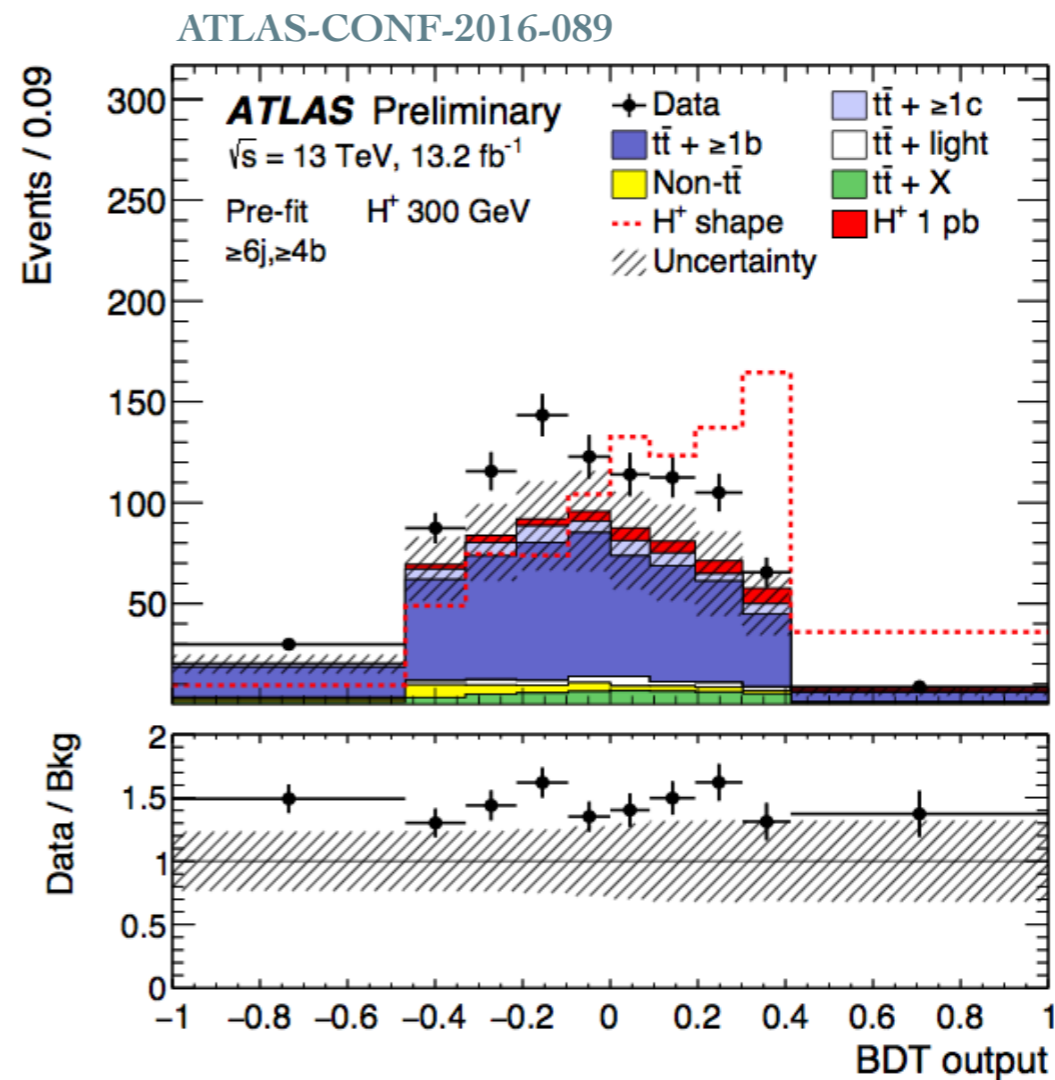
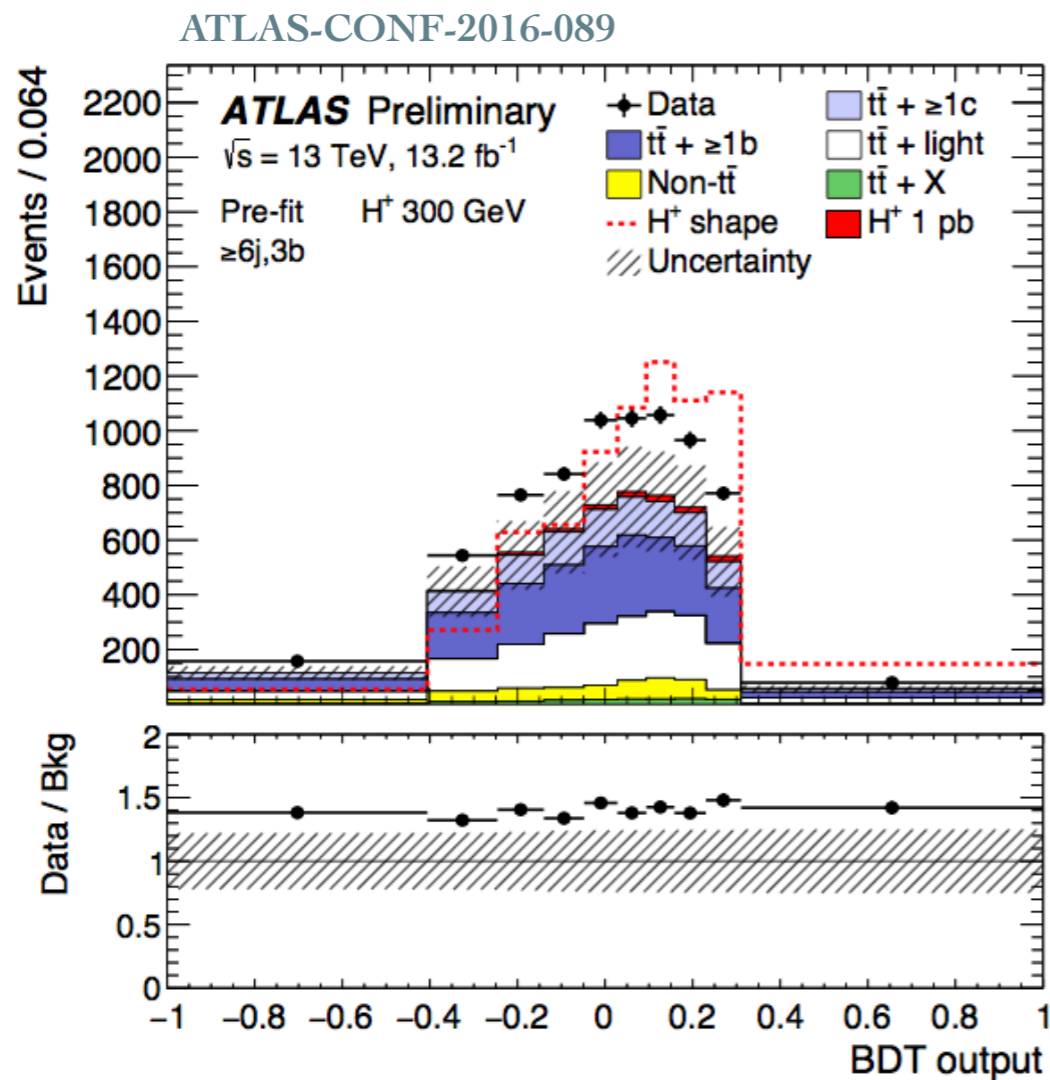
# $H^\pm \rightarrow tb$ Analysis Setup

- LHC  $13.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  pp collisions at 13 TeV (2015+2016 data)
- **Single lepton** trigger (e, $\mu$ ) events
- 4 Signal Regions (SR) and 4 Control Regions (CR):
  - SR:  $5j\bar{3}b$ ,  $5j\geq 4b$ ,  $\geq 6j\bar{3}b$ ,  $\geq 6j\geq 4b$
  - CR:  $4j2b$  (4 jets - 2 bjets),  $5j2b$ ,  $\geq 6j2b$ ,  $4j\geq 3b$
  - Jet (antikt04pt) and lepton  $p_T \geq 25 \text{ GeV}$
- Signal modelling:
  - $tbH^\pm$  process modelled with MG5\_aMC@NLO (4FS) + PYTHIA8
  - 9  $H^\pm$  mass points:  $300 \leq M_{H^\pm} \leq 1000 \text{ GeV}$
- Background modelling:
  - $t\bar{t}$  (+light, +heavy flavour) background: POWHEG-BOX + PYTHIA6 (NLO - ATLAS FullSim)
  - Additional backgrounds: single top,  $W/Z$ +jets, diboson,  $t\bar{t}X$ , fakes



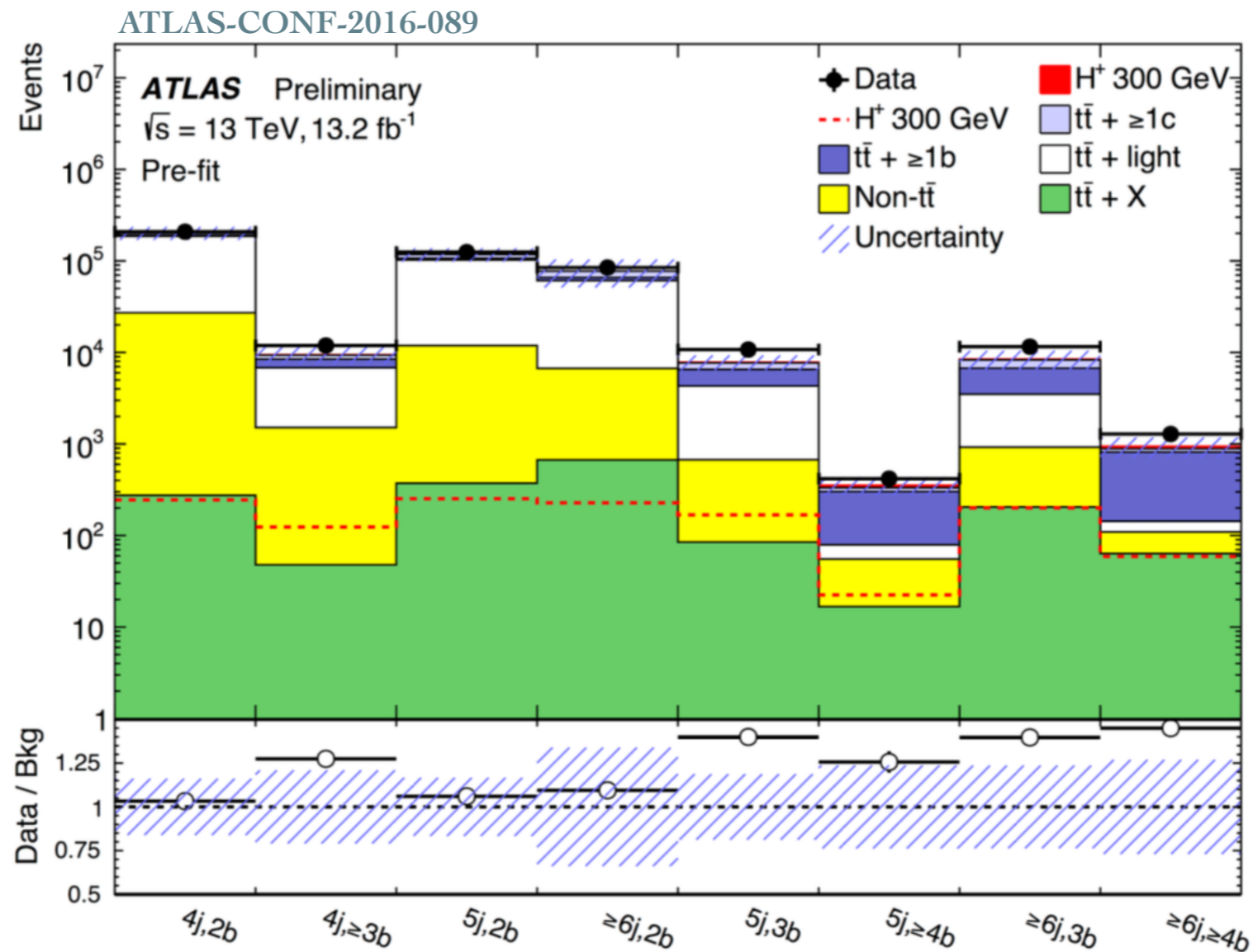
# H<sup>±</sup> ->tb Analysis Setup - PreFit

- Boosted Decision Tree (BDT) is trained separately per each mass point and signal region
- M(H<sup>±</sup>) < 600 GeV, BDT trained against tt+≥1b only
- M(H<sup>±</sup>) ≥ 600 GeV, BDT trained against tt+light,≥1c, ≥1b



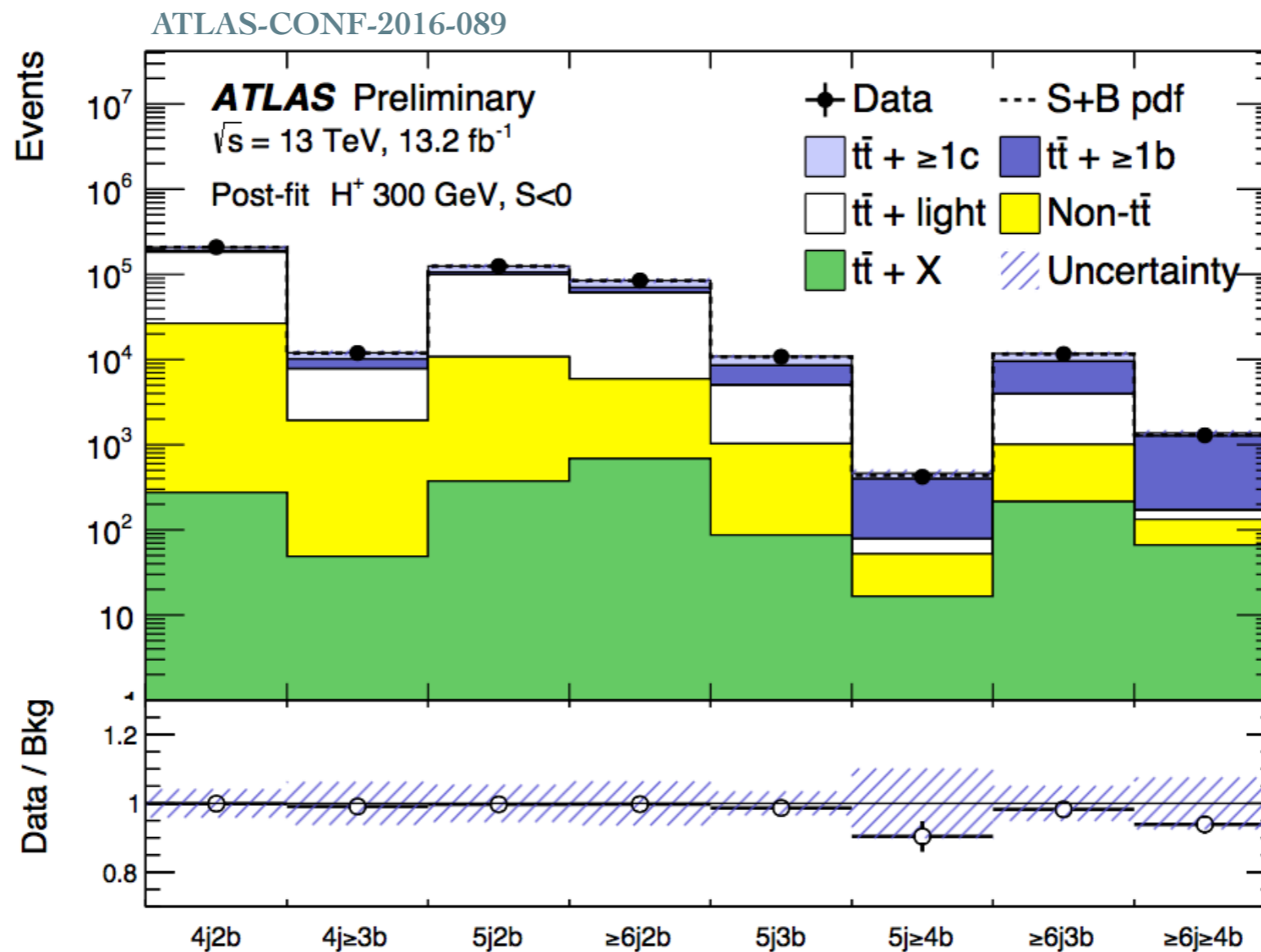
# H<sup>±</sup> ->tb Analysis Setup - PreFit

- Good Data/MC agreement in low bjets multiplicity regions
- Data exceed expected BGKs when  $\geq 3$  bjets (poor modelling of  $t\bar{t} + \geq 1c$ ,  $t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ )
- Solution:  $t\bar{t} + \geq 1c$ ,  $t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$  normalisations free floating parameters in the fit



# Results - PostFit

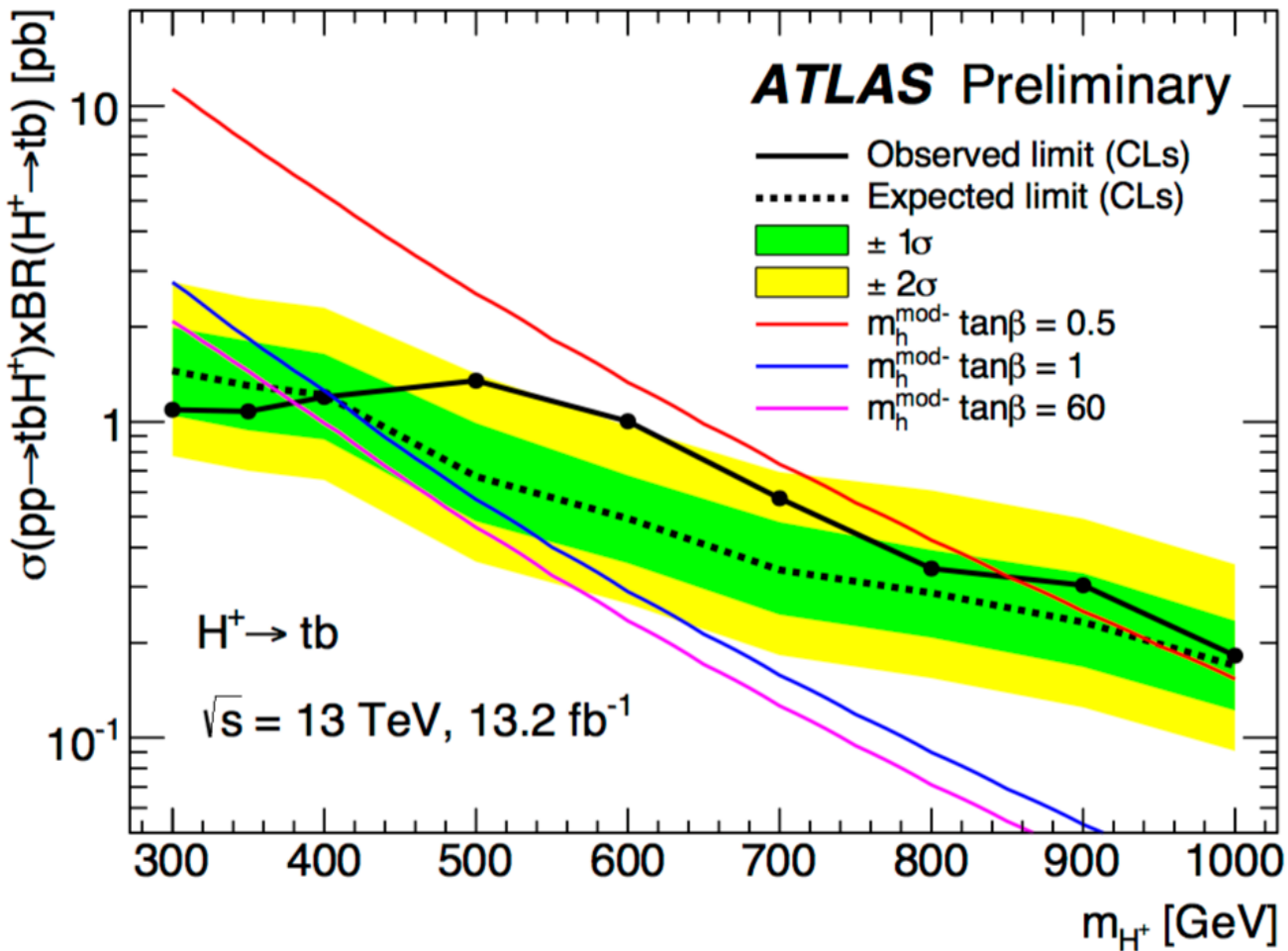
- Binned maximum-likelihood fit to the data performed per each mass point
- Inputs to the fit:  $H_T^{\text{had}} = \sum p_T^{\text{jets}}$  in CR, BDT output in SR



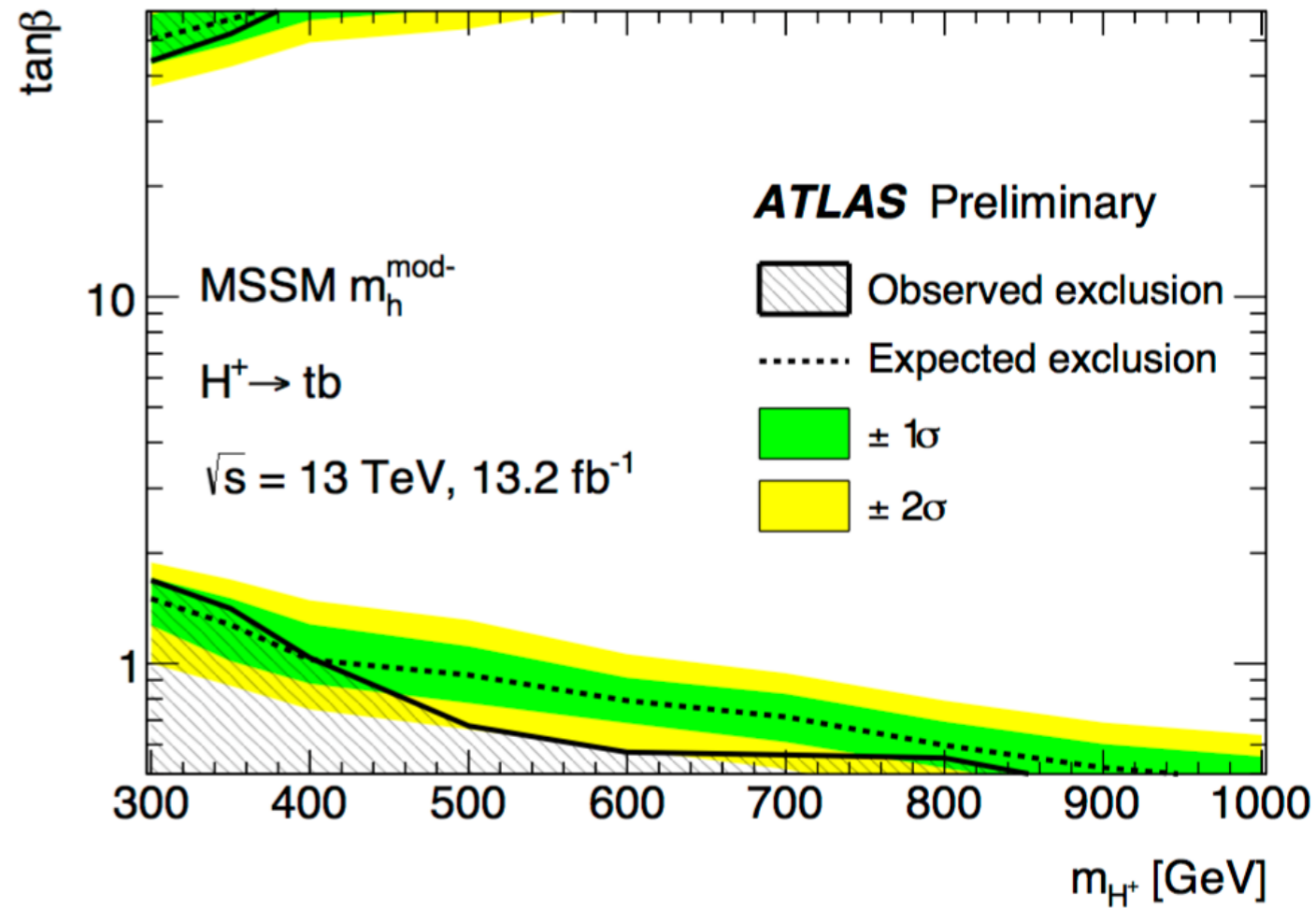
# Results

- No relevant excess above SM background
- Observed limit ranges from  $\sigma \times \text{BR} = 1.09$  pb to  $\sigma \times \text{BR} = 0.18$  pb
- $\tan\beta < 0.5$  excluded for  $M_H < 800$  GeV
- First exclusion of high  $\tan\beta$  ( $> 66$ ) for  $M_H < 350$  GeV

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# Conclusions

- Search for  $H^\pm$  using  $13.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$  in the  $300 \leq M_H \leq 1000 \text{ GeV}$  mass range
  - No significant excess observed with respect to SM predictions
  - Results presented at ICHEP: ATLAS-CONF-2016-089
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- Full 2016 data available now
  - Many studies ongoing:
    - New ttbar (POWHEG+P8) sample and modelling systematics
    - Working on improving the BDTs
    - Fit optimisation
    - Testing modern machine learning libraries (Keras and Theano)

**Thank you for the attention!**

# Backup 1 - Higgs models

- 2HDM: we introduce a new Higgs doublet, replication of the first one:

$$\Phi_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1^+ \\ \phi_1^0 \end{pmatrix} ; \Phi_2 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_2^+ \\ \phi_2^0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Both doublets could acquire VEV:

$$\langle \Phi_1 \rangle = \frac{v_1}{\sqrt{2}} ; \langle \Phi_2 \rangle = \frac{v_2}{\sqrt{2}} e^{i\theta}$$

- Redefining the states as:

$$\Phi_1 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1^+ \\ \frac{h_1 + v_1 + ig_1}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix} ; \Phi_2 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_2^+ \\ \frac{h_2 + v_2 e^{i\theta} + ig_2}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$

- Then  $\beta$ ,  $\alpha$  are:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \beta & \sin \beta \\ -\sin \beta & \cos \beta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1^+ \\ \phi_2^+ \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} G^+ \\ H^+ \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \alpha & \sin \alpha \\ -\sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} h_1 \\ h_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} H^0 \\ h^0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \beta & \sin \beta \\ -\sin \beta & \cos \beta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} g_1 \\ g_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} G^0 \\ A^0 \end{pmatrix}$$

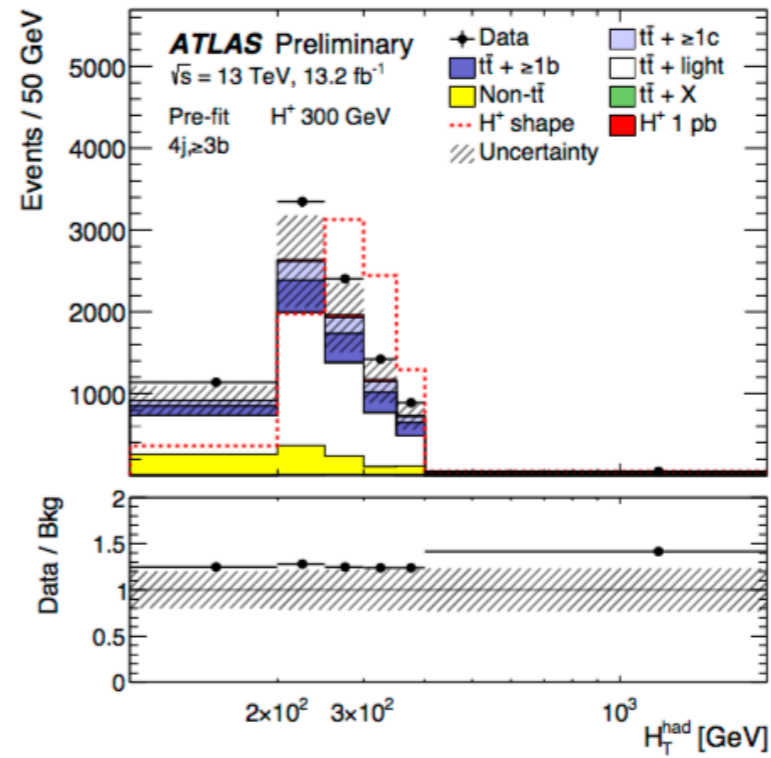
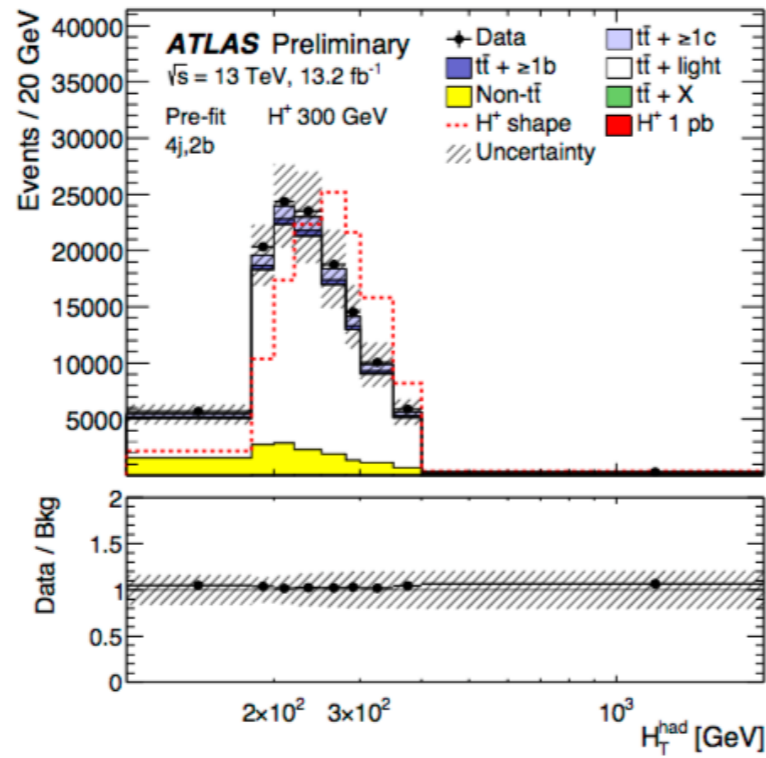
- $\tan(\beta) = v_1/v_2$ ;
- $\alpha$  = mixing angle between CP-even Higgs bosons

# Backup 2 - BDT Variables

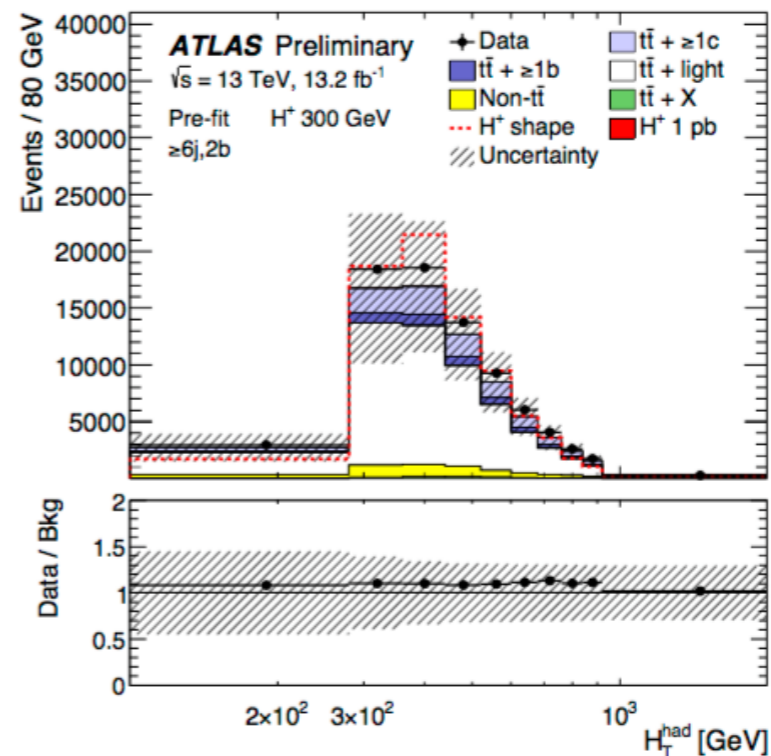
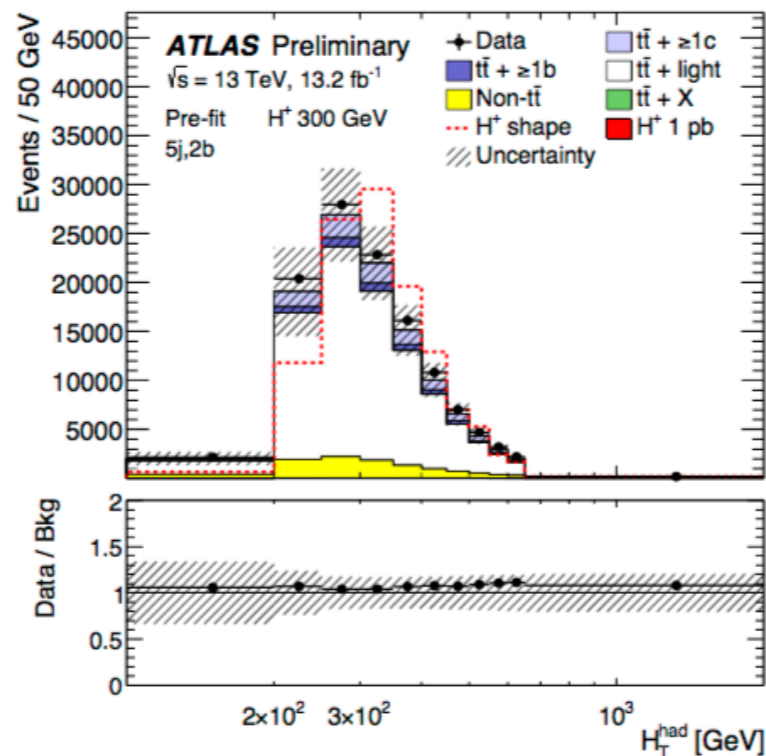
- The leading jet  $p_T$ .
- The mass of the  $bb$  pair with smallest  $\Delta R$ .
- The  $p_T$  of the fifth jet, with the jets ordered by transverse momentum with the  $b$ -tagged jets first and then the non- $b$ -tagged jets.
- The second Fox-Wolfram moment calculated using all jets and leptons.
- The average  $\Delta R$  of all  $bb$  pairs.
- The  $\Delta R$  of the lepton and the  $bb$  pair with smallest  $\Delta R$ .
- The mass of the untagged jet pair with smallest  $\Delta R$ .
- The scalar sum of  $E_T$  calculated using all jets.
- The mass of the  $bb$  pair with largest  $p_T$ .
- The mass of the  $bb$  pair with largest mass.
- The mass of the jet triplet with largest  $p_T$ .
- The centrality, defined as the ratio of the scalar sum of the  $p_T$  of all jets and leptons over the total visible energy.

# Backup 3 PreFit CR $M_H=300$ GeV

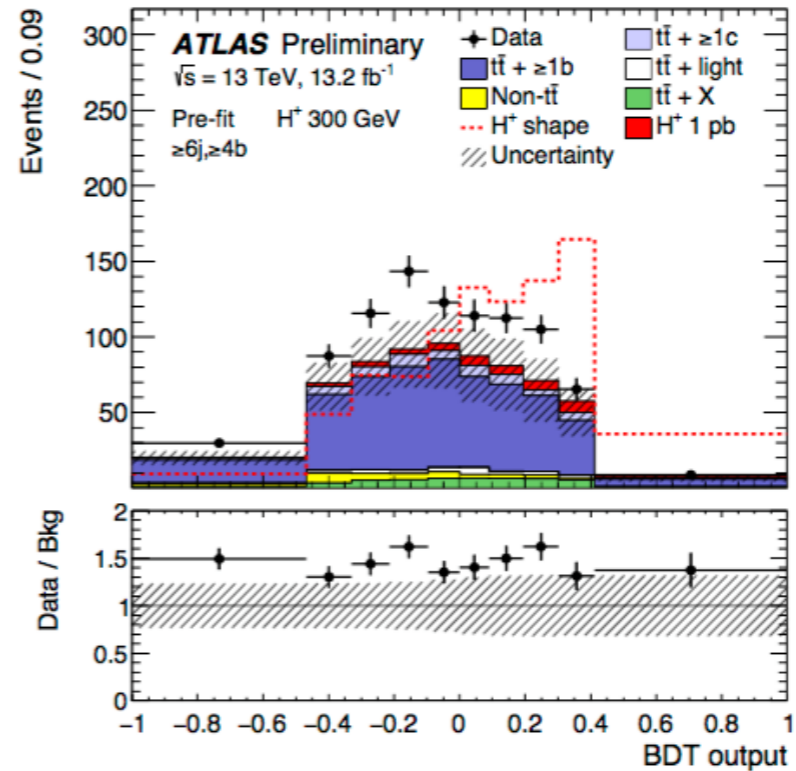
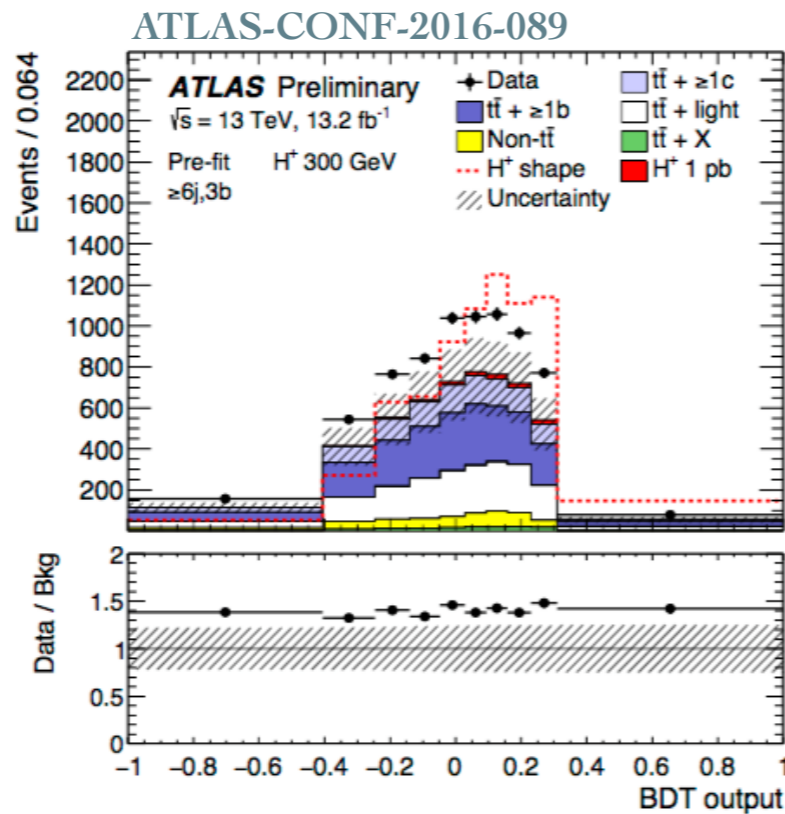
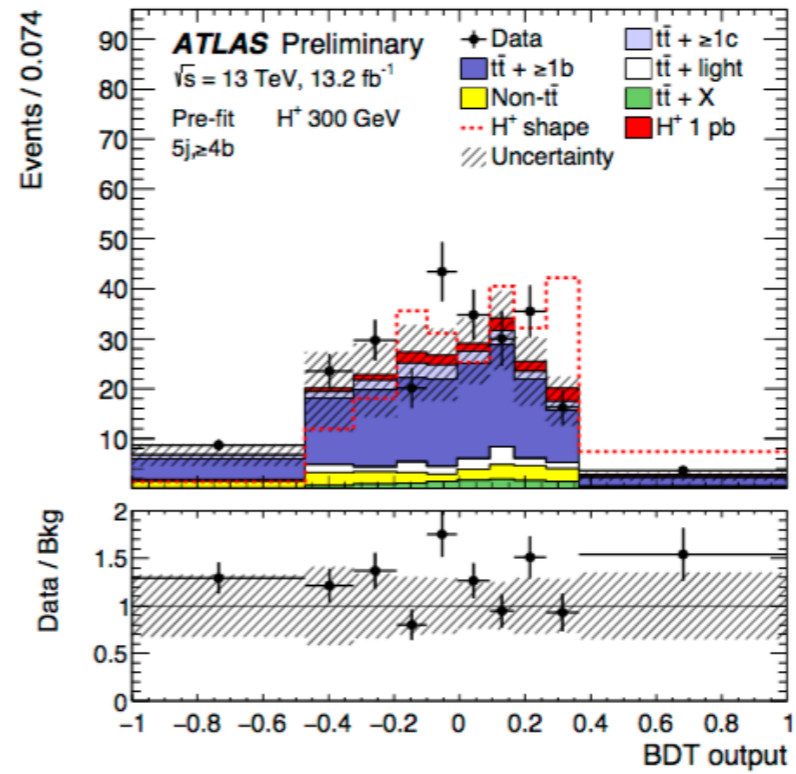
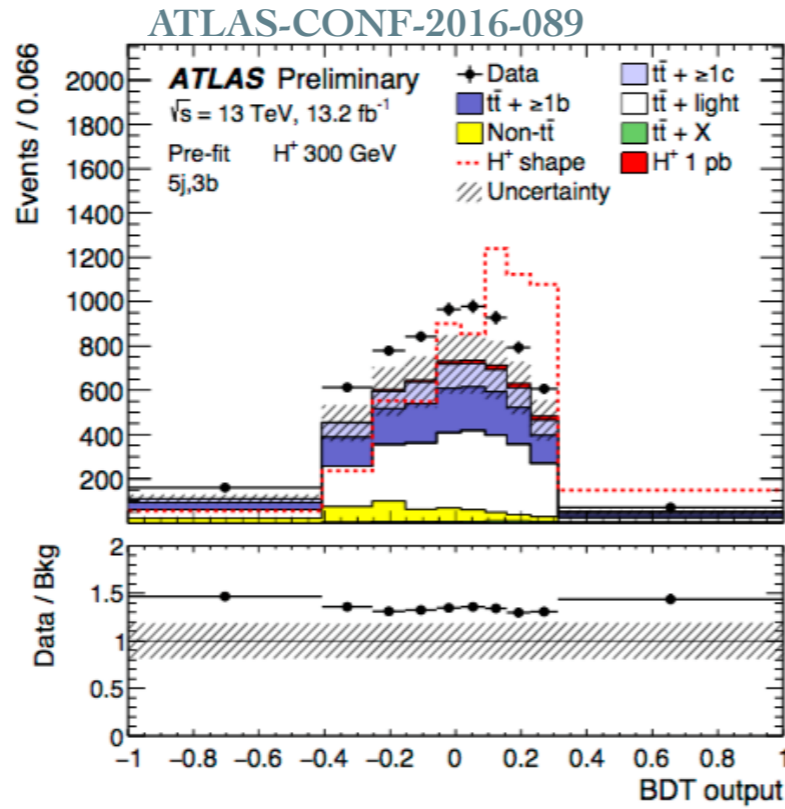
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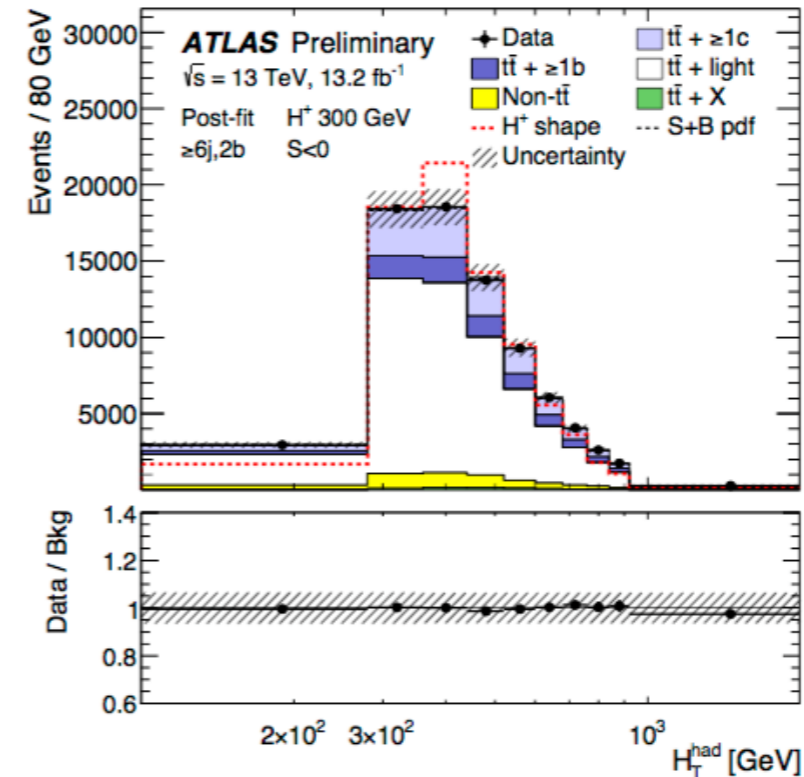
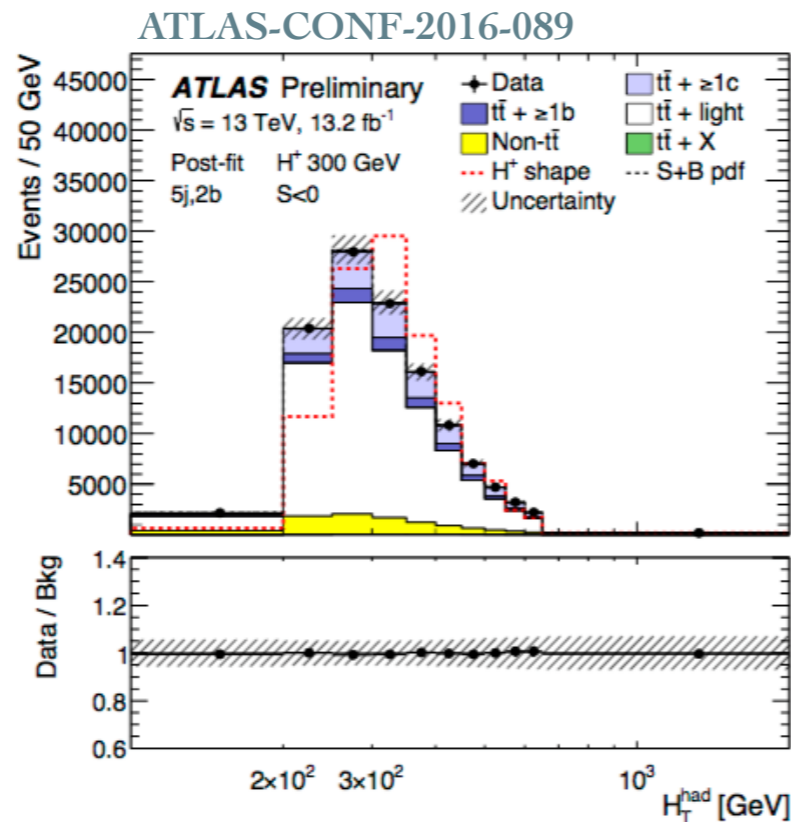
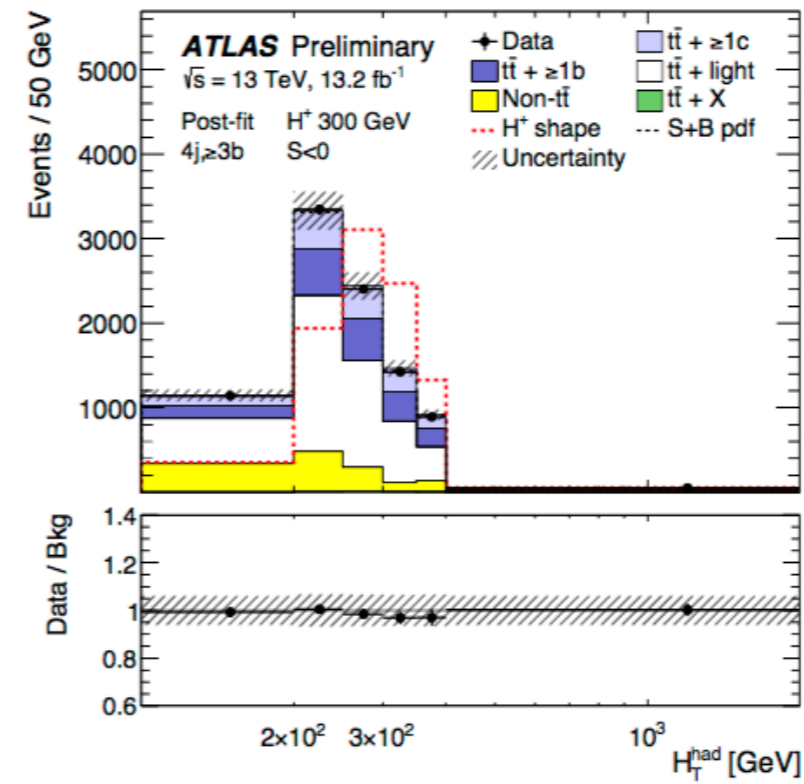
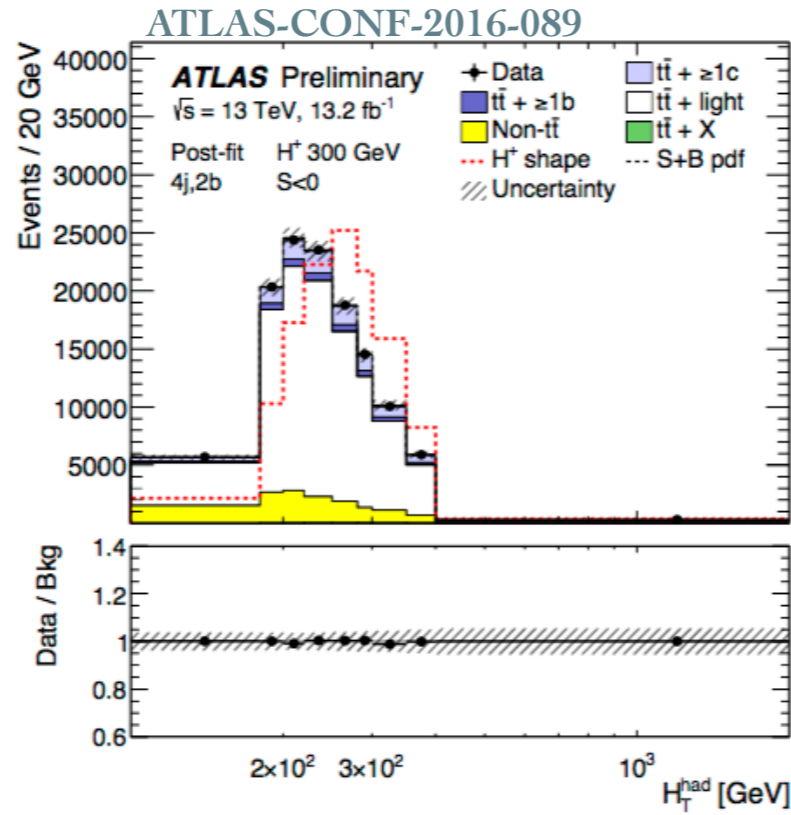
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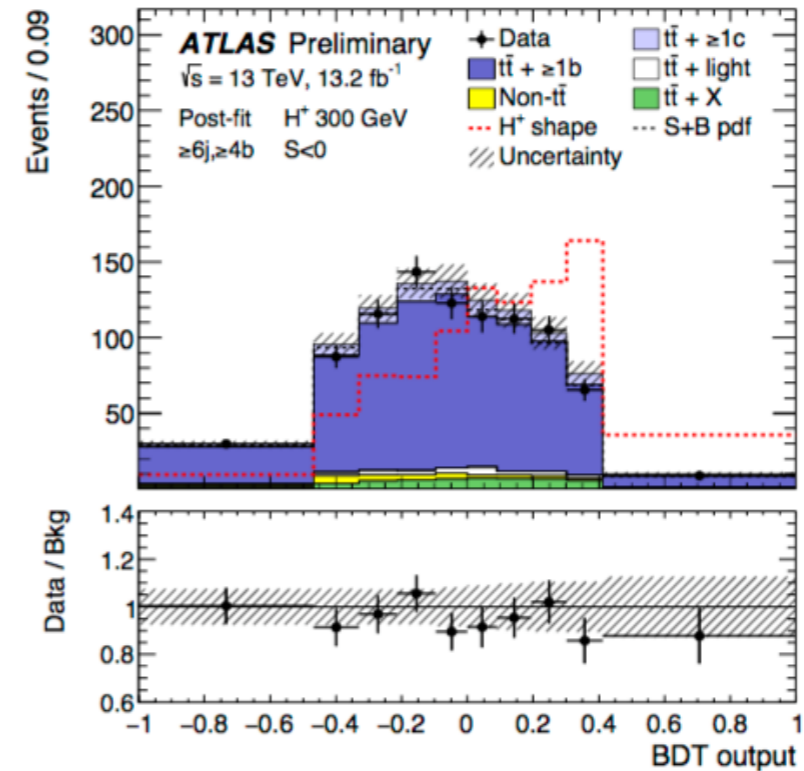
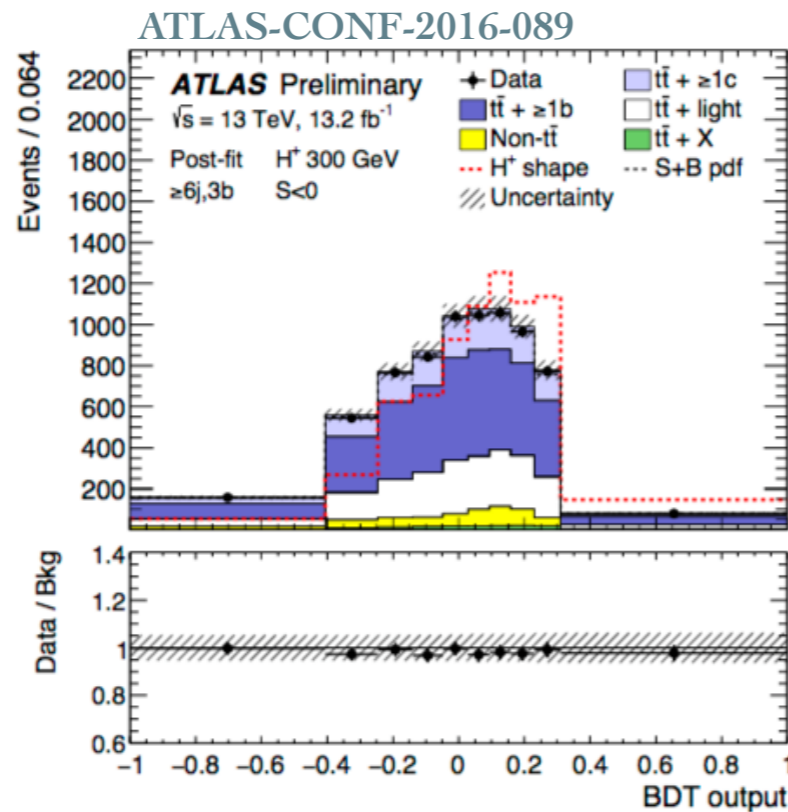
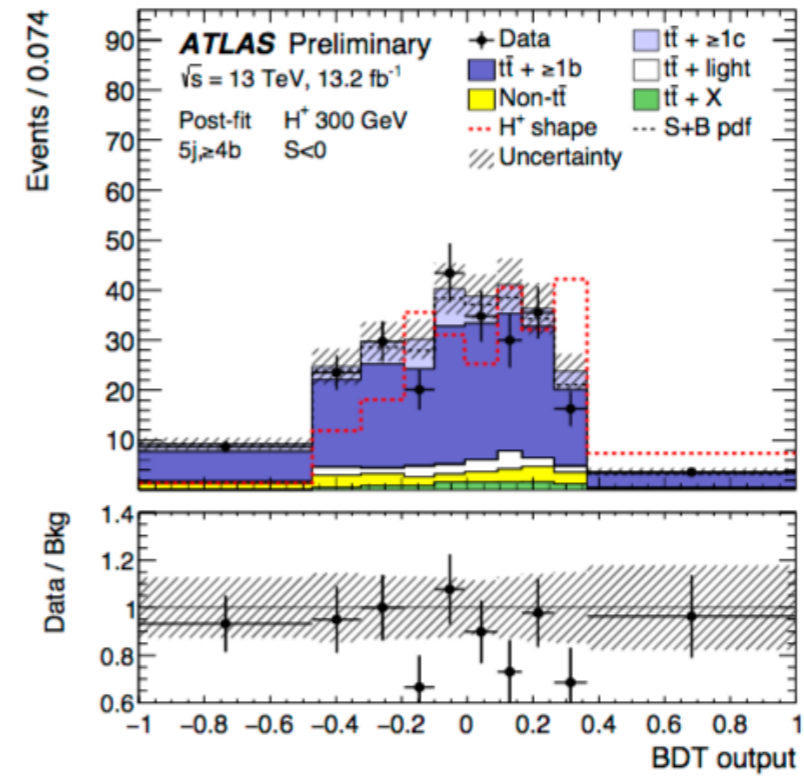
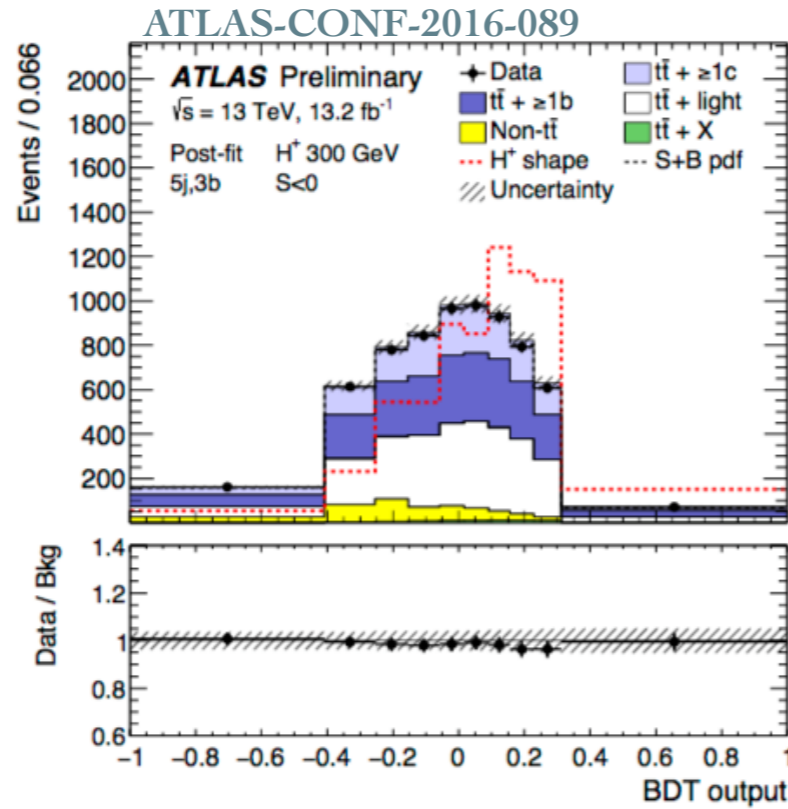
# Backup 4 PreFit SR $M_H=300$ GeV



# Backup 5 $H^\pm \rightarrow tb$ PostFit CR $M_H=300$ GeV



# Backup 6 $H^\pm \rightarrow tb$ PostFit SR $M_H=300$ GeV





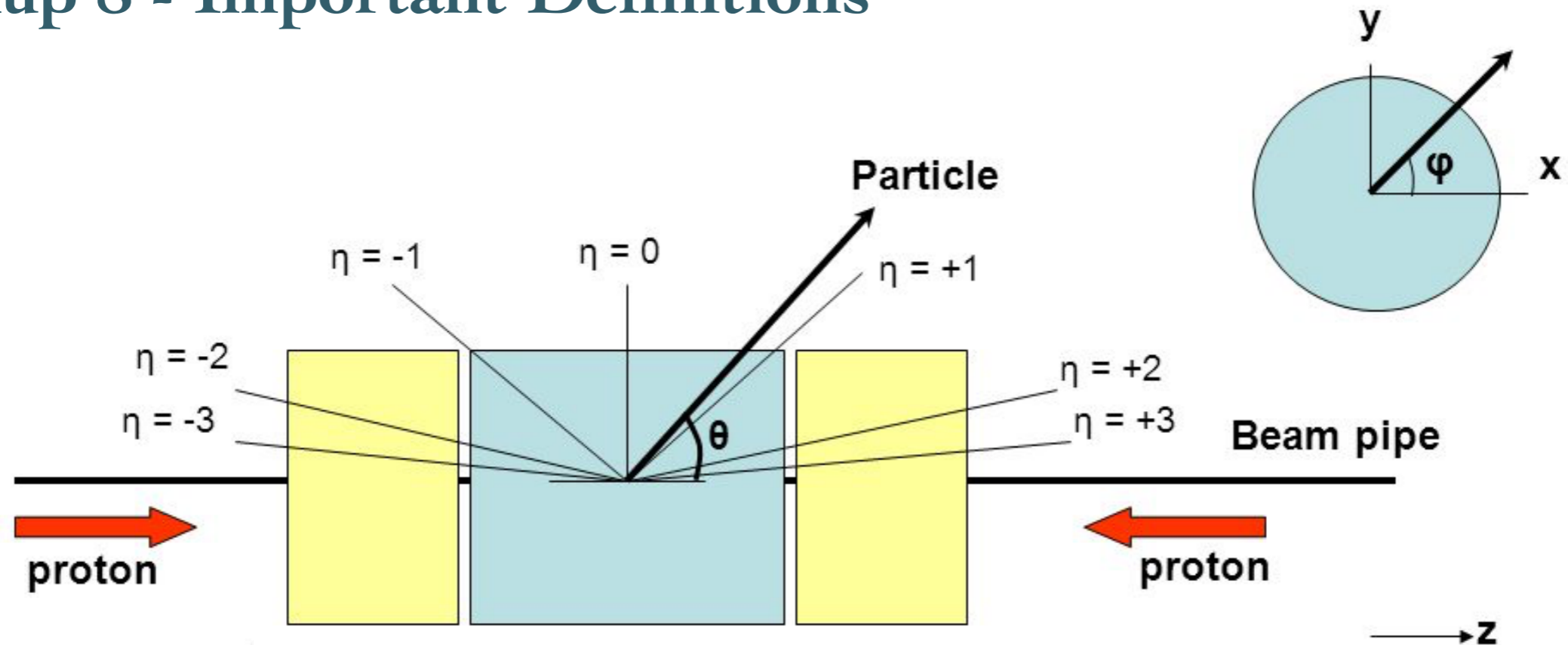
# Backup 7 - Systematic Uncertainties

- Many sources of systematic uncertainty:
  - luminosity and pileup measurement
  - reconstruction of physics objects
  - signal or background modelling
- Uncertainties can affect both the normalisation of the samples and the shape of the final discriminants.

Uncertainty Source	$\Delta\mu(H_{300}^+)$		$\Delta\mu(H_{800}^+)$	
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ modelling	+0.53	-0.53	+0.07	-0.07
Jet flavour tagging	+0.30	-0.29	+0.07	-0.07
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1c$ modelling	+0.23	-0.22	+0.03	-0.03
Background model statistics	+0.19	-0.19	+0.05	-0.05
Jet energy scale and resolution	+0.18	-0.17	+0.03	-0.03
$t\bar{t}$ +light modelling	+0.16	-0.16	+0.03	-0.03
Other background modelling	+0.15	-0.14	+0.03	-0.03
Jet-vertex association, pileup modelling	+0.12	-0.11	+0.01	-0.01
Luminosity	+0.12	-0.12	+0.01	-0.01
Light lepton ( $e, \mu$ ) ID, isolation, trigger	+0.01	-0.01	< +0.01	< -0.01
Total systematic uncertainty	+0.72	-0.79	+0.13	-0.11
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ normalisation	+0.36	-0.36	+0.03	-0.03
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1c$ normalisation	+0.15	-0.14	+0.02	-0.02
Total statistical uncertainty	+0.44	-0.43	+0.08	-0.08
Total	+0.84	-0.90	+0.15	-0.13

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# Backup 8 - Important Definitions



<b>Rapidity:</b>	$y = \frac{1}{2} \log \frac{E + p_z}{E - p_z}$	<b>Differences in rapidity are conserved under Lorentz boosts in the z-direction</b>
<b>Pseudorapidity:</b>	$\eta = -\ln[\tan(\theta/2)]$	<b>Good approximation to rapidity if <math>E \gg m</math></b>
<b>"Transverse"</b>	$\mathbf{p}_T = (p_x, p_y)$	$ \mathbf{p}_T  = \sqrt{(p_x^2, p_y^2)}$

# Backup 9 - Production cross section

