

# SEEDING AT ELECTRON STORAGE RINGS\*

ARD-ST3 Workshop, Zeuthen 2017

shaukat.khan@tu-dortmund.de

S. Khan, B. Büsing, N. M. Lockmann, C. Mai, A. Meyer auf der Heide, B. Riemann, B. Sawadski, M. Suski  
Zentrum für Synchrotronstrahlung (DELTA), TU Dortmund, 44227 Dortmund, Germany

## Introduction

**Seeding** is the interaction of electrons with an external radiation pulse to produce a particular radiation output.

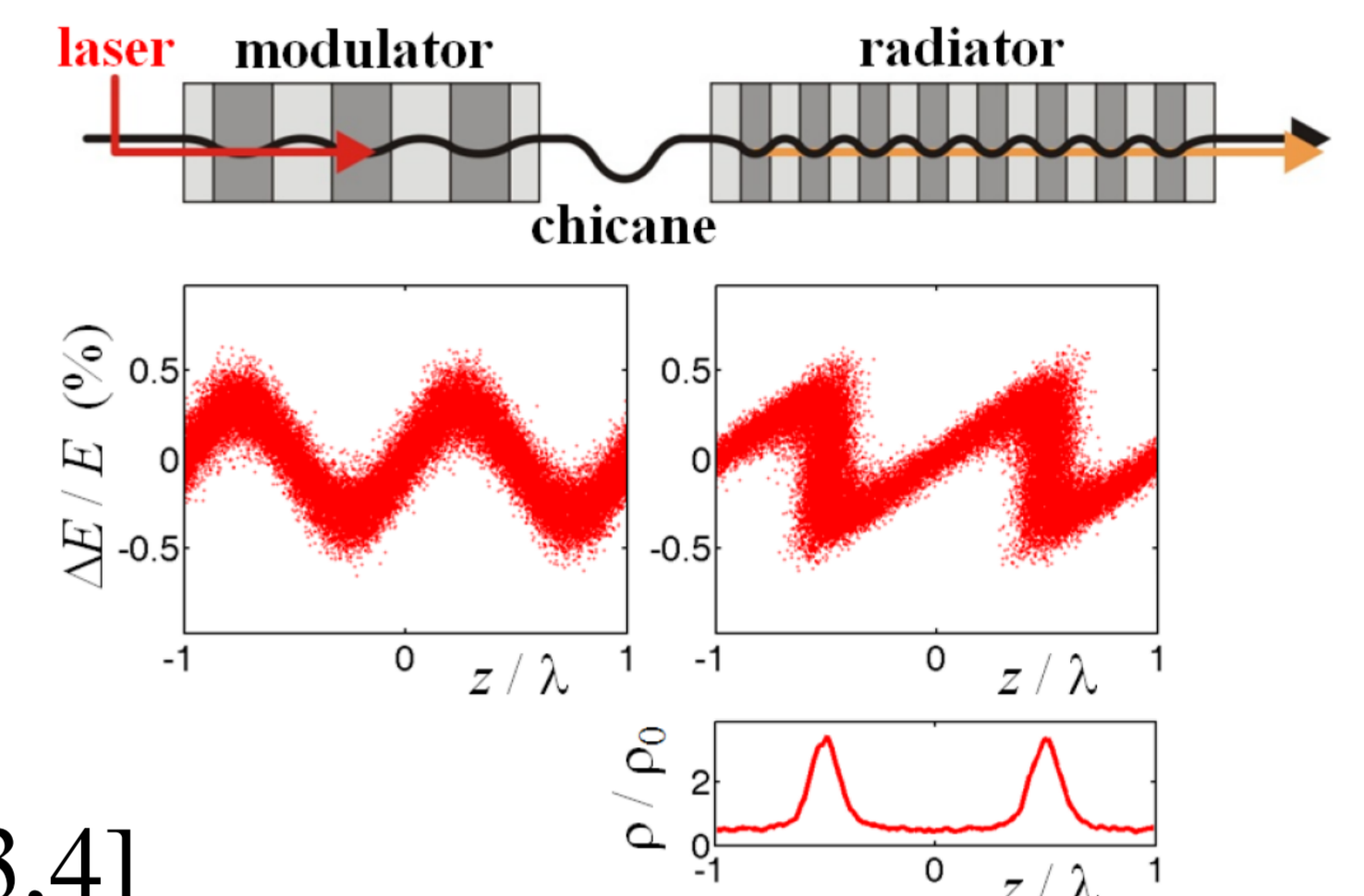
**Free-electron laser (FEL):** radiation with improved longitudinal coherence [1]

**Storage ring:** short pulses of synchrotron radiation [2]

Aspects of FEL seeding can be investigated at storage rings

- advantages: very stable beam, high repetition rate, additional beam time
- drawbacks: no FEL gain, no study of space charge, no electron chirp

**Example: CHG** (coherent harmonic generation) ↔ **HGHG** (high-gain harmonic generation)  
laser-induced energy modulation, microbunching, coherent emission of harmonics [3,4]



## The Short-Pulse Facility at DELTA

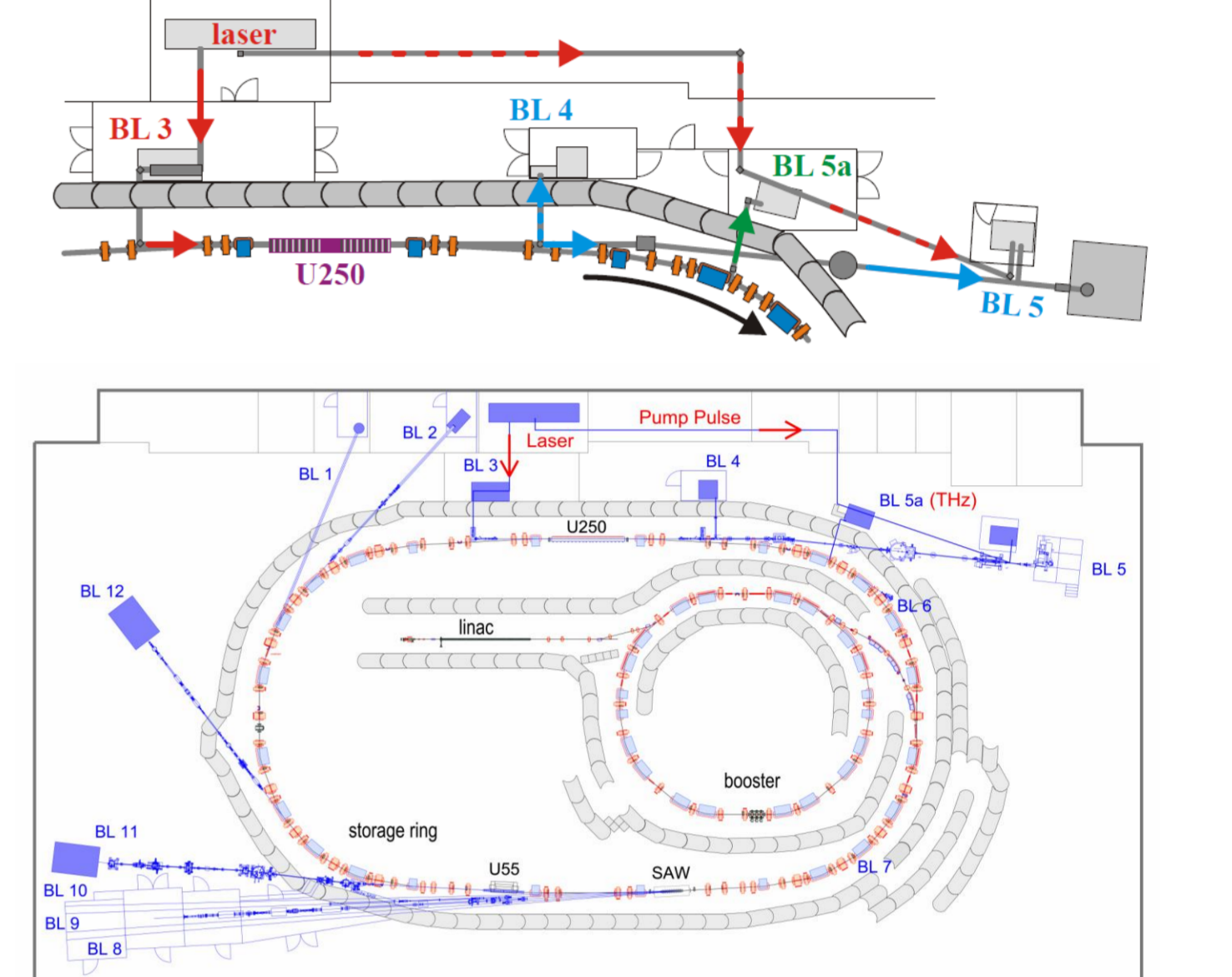
**DELTA:** 1.5 GeV synchrotron light source at TU Dortmund

**Short-pulse facility:** constructed in 2011 [5,6]

- Ti:sapphire laser pulses guided through beamline BL 3
- undulator U250: modulator + chicane + radiator
- diagnostics beamline BL 4: streak camera, iCCD [7] ...
- soft-X-ray beamline BL 5: photoelectron spectrometer
- THz beamline BL 5a: FTIR spectrometers ... [8,9]

Table 1: Parameters of the DELTA short-pulse facility

electron storage ring	
beam energy	1.5 GeV
circumference	115.2 m
beam current (single-/multibunch)	20/130 mA
horizontal emittance	15 nm rad
relative energy spread	0.0007
typ. bunch length (FWHM)	100 ps
titanium:sapphire laser system	
wavelength	800 nm
pulse energy at 800/400 nm	8.0/2.8 mJ
repetition rate	1 kHz
min. pulse duration (FWHM)	40 fs
undulators and chicane	
modulator/radiator period length	250 mm
number of modulator/radiator periods	7
undulator periods used as chicane	3
max. modulator/radiator $K$ parameter	10.5
max. chicane $r_{56}$ value	130 $\mu\text{m}$



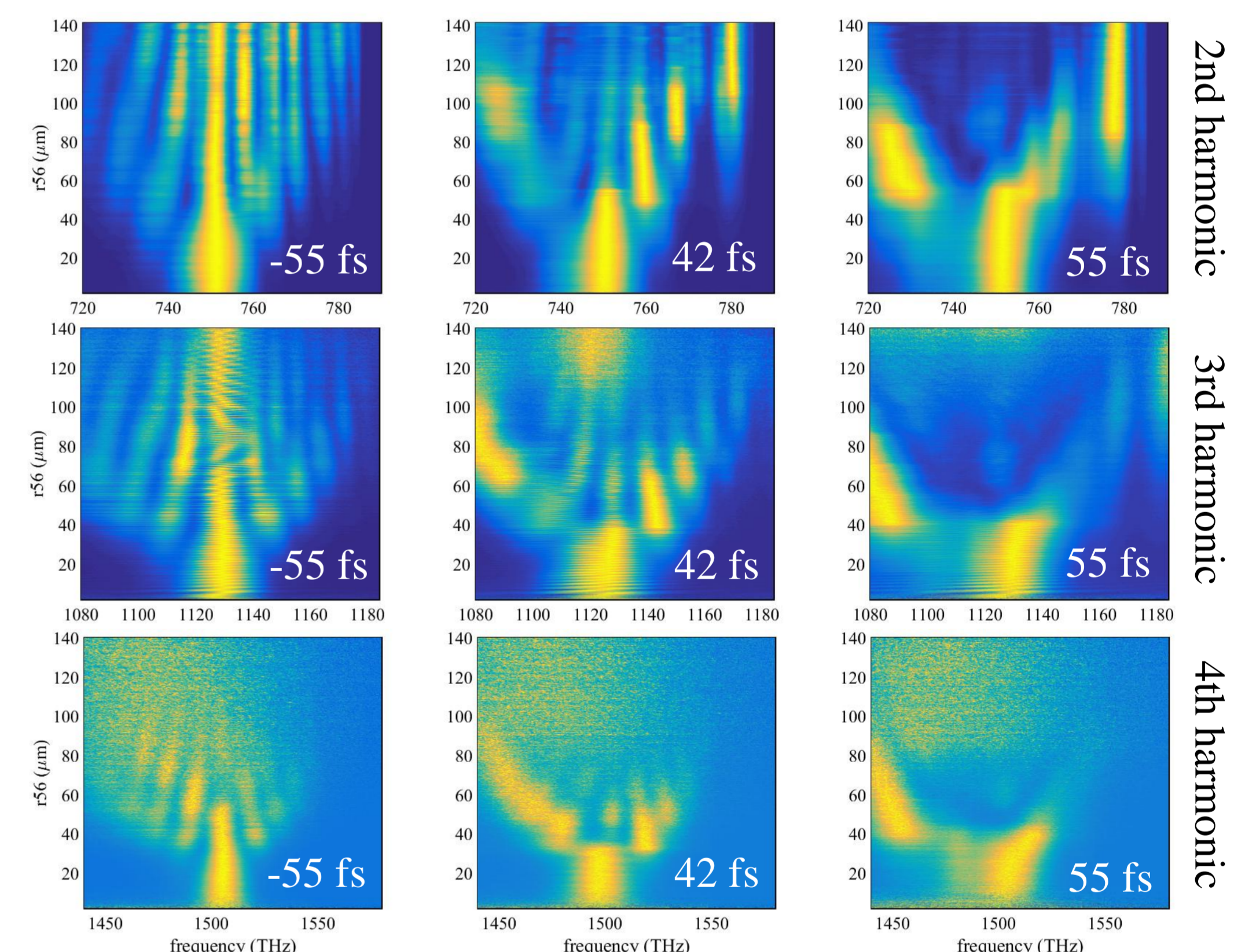
## CHG Spectra

**Example:** seeding with 800 nm, study 2nd, 3rd, 4th harmonic, variation of

- chicane strength  $r_{56}$
- laser compressor setting (chirp)

**Results at large  $r_{56}$  values:** overbunching, double-peak structure [10]

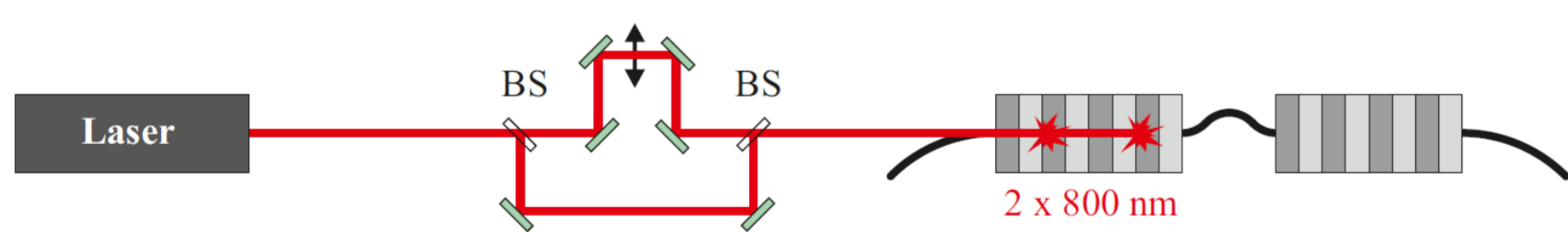
- negative-chirp pulse (-55 fs in laser lab) has little chirp at modulator (compensated by lenses and vacuum window)
- interference fringes for unchirped pulse
- interference vanishes for large chirp } see also FERMI [11]
- linear + nonlinear chirp → asymmetric spectra



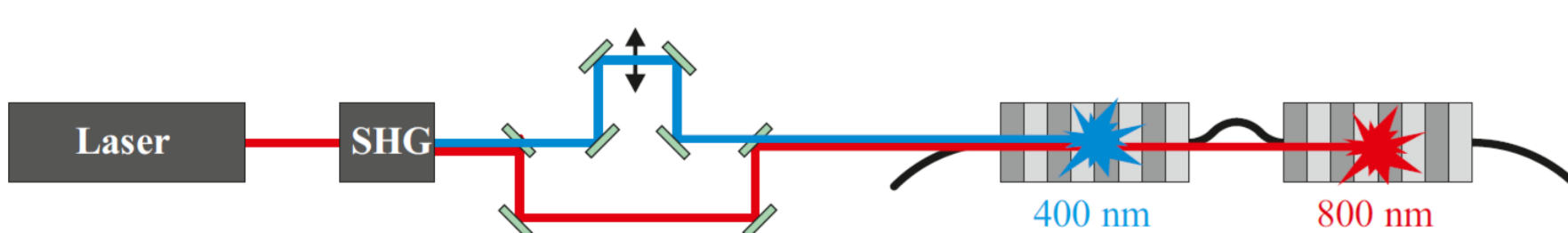
## Seeding with Double Pulses

**Preparation for EEHG [12,13], two setups:**

(a) 800 + 800 nm with 1 modulator



(b) 800 + 400 nm with 2 modulators

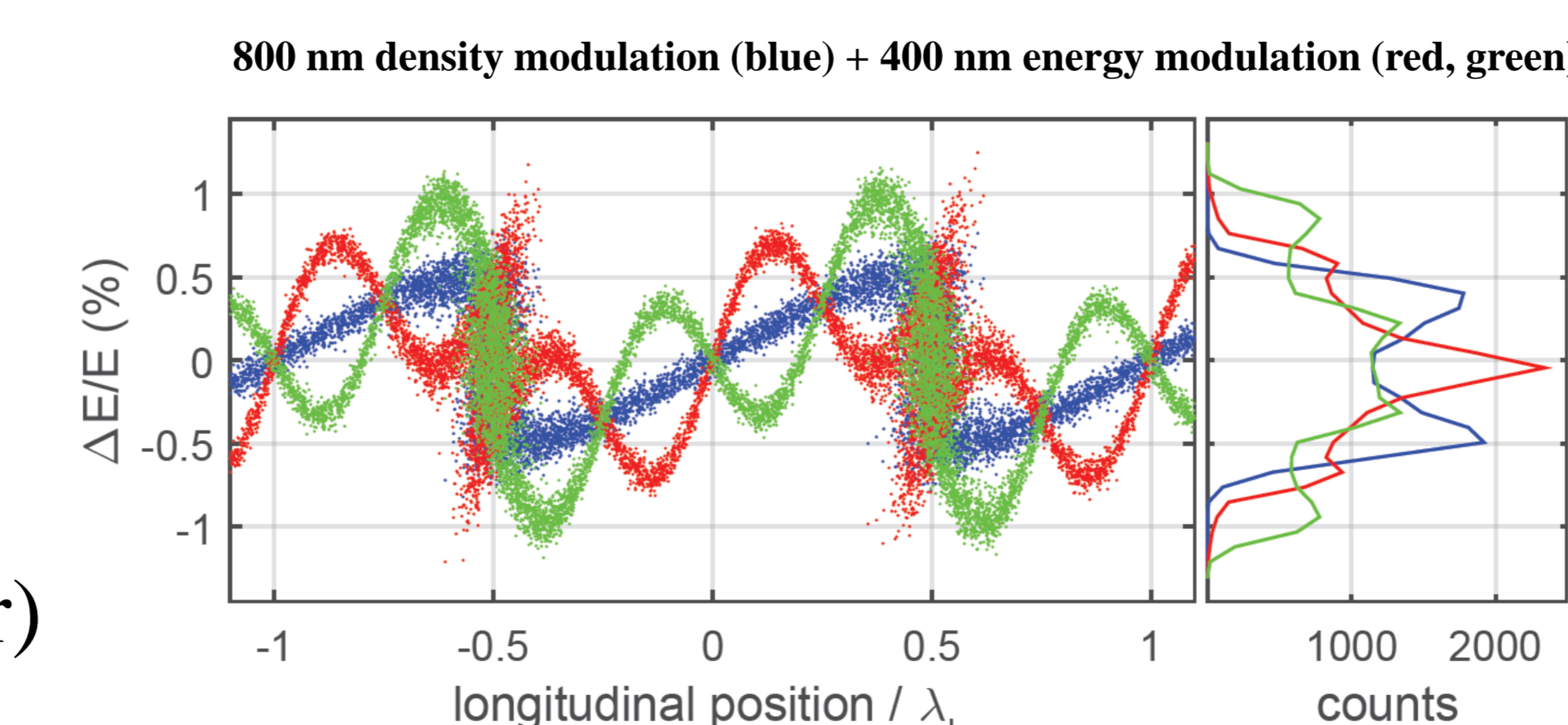
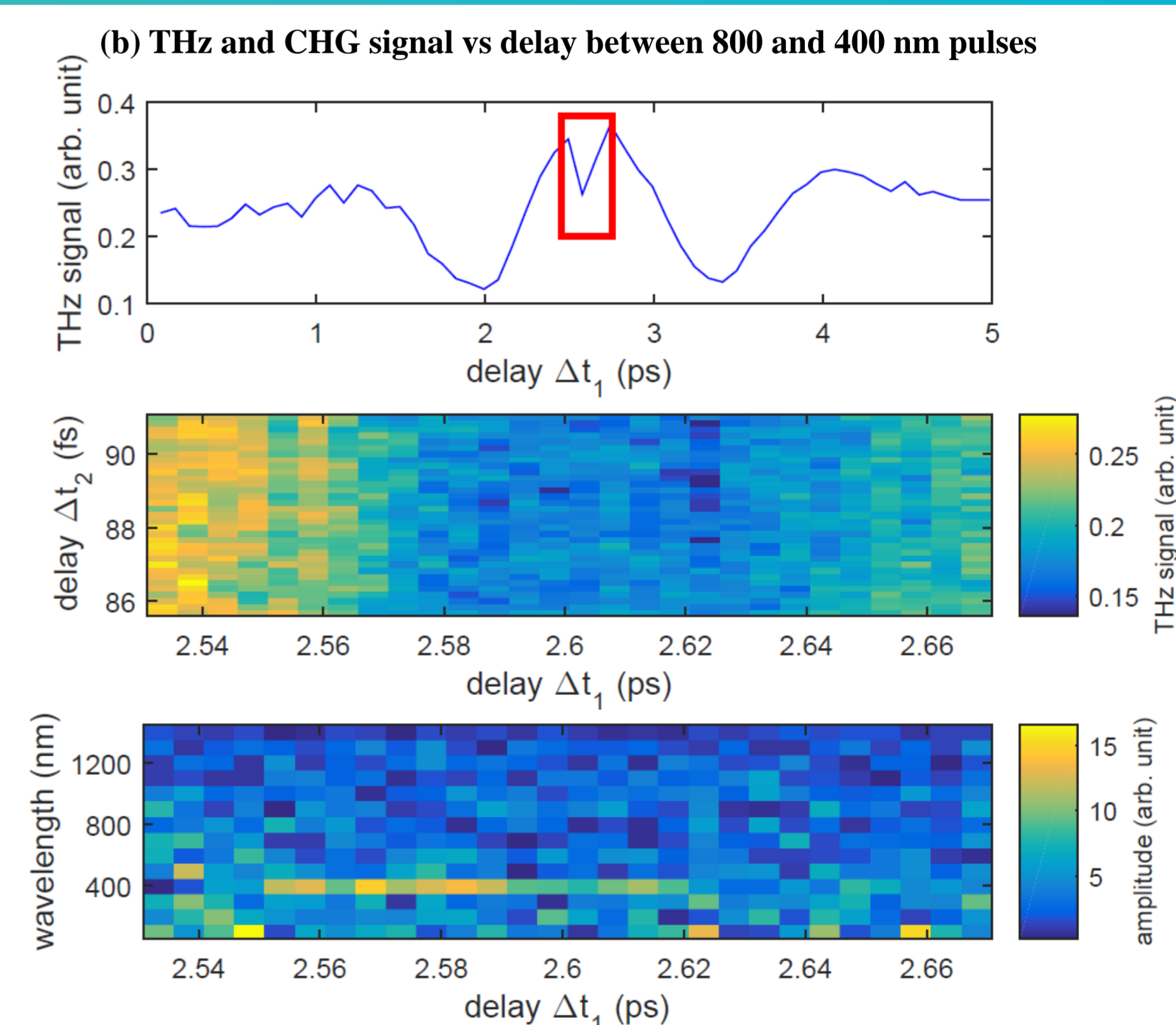
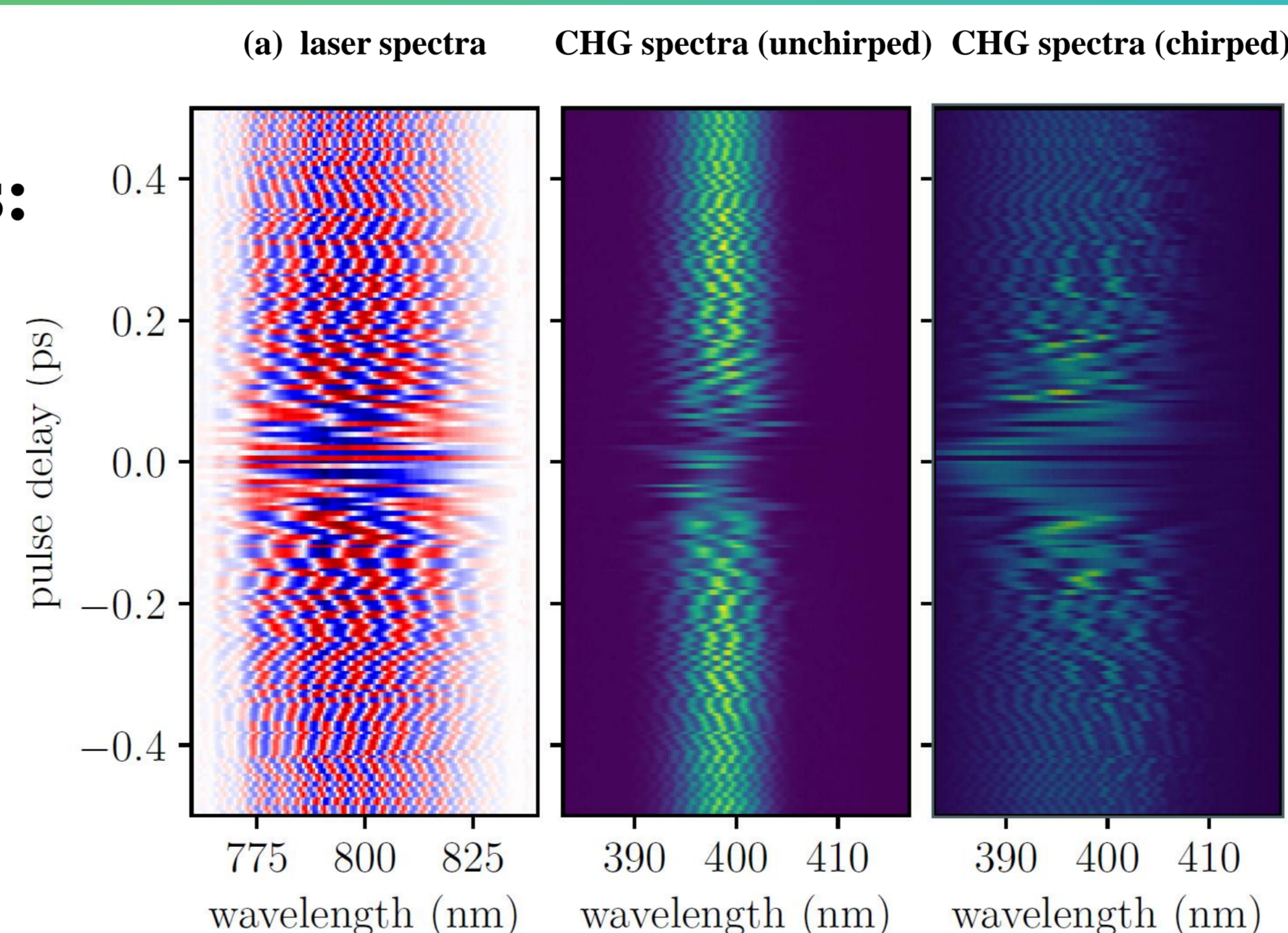


**Results for (a):** [14] interference between

- two laser pulses (measures delay)
- two CHG pulses (for small delay)
- two THz pulses (for large delay)

**Results for (b):** [15] temporal overlap

- center of THz interferogram
- sensitivity to small delay ( $\Delta t_2 = r_{56}/2$ )
- drop of beam lifetime (reduced RF power)



[1] P. Schmöser et al., *Ultraviolet and Soft-X-Ray FELs* (Springer 2008).  
 [2] S. Khan, in *Synchrotron Light Sources and FELs* (Springer 2015)  
 [3] R. Coisson, F.D. Martini, in *Phys. of Quant. El.* (A.-Wesley, 1982).  
 [4] L.-H. Yu, *Phys. Rev. A* 44, 5178 (1991).  
 [5] H. Huck et al., *FEL 2011*, Shanghai/China, 5.  
 [6] S. Khan et al., *Sync. Rad. News* 26(3), 25 (2013).  
 [7] Andor iStar DH334T 18U-E3.  
 [8] P. Ungelenk et al., *IPAC 2013*, Shanghai/China, 94.  
 [9] C. Mai et al., *IPAC 2016*, Busan/Korea, 105.  
 [10] M. Huck et al., *IPAC 2014*, Dresden, Germany, 1848.  
 [11] D. Gauthier et al., *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 115, 114801 (2015).  
 [12] G. Stupakov, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 102, 074801 (2009).  
 [13] S. Hilbrich et al., *FEL 2015*, Daejeon/Korea, 363.  
 [14] S. Khan et al., *IPAC 2017*, Copenhagen, Denmark, 2578.  
 [15] A. Meyer auf der Heide et al., *IPAC 2017*, Copenhagen/DK, 2582.