



Cosmology with the Zwicky Transient Facility

Ulrich Feindt

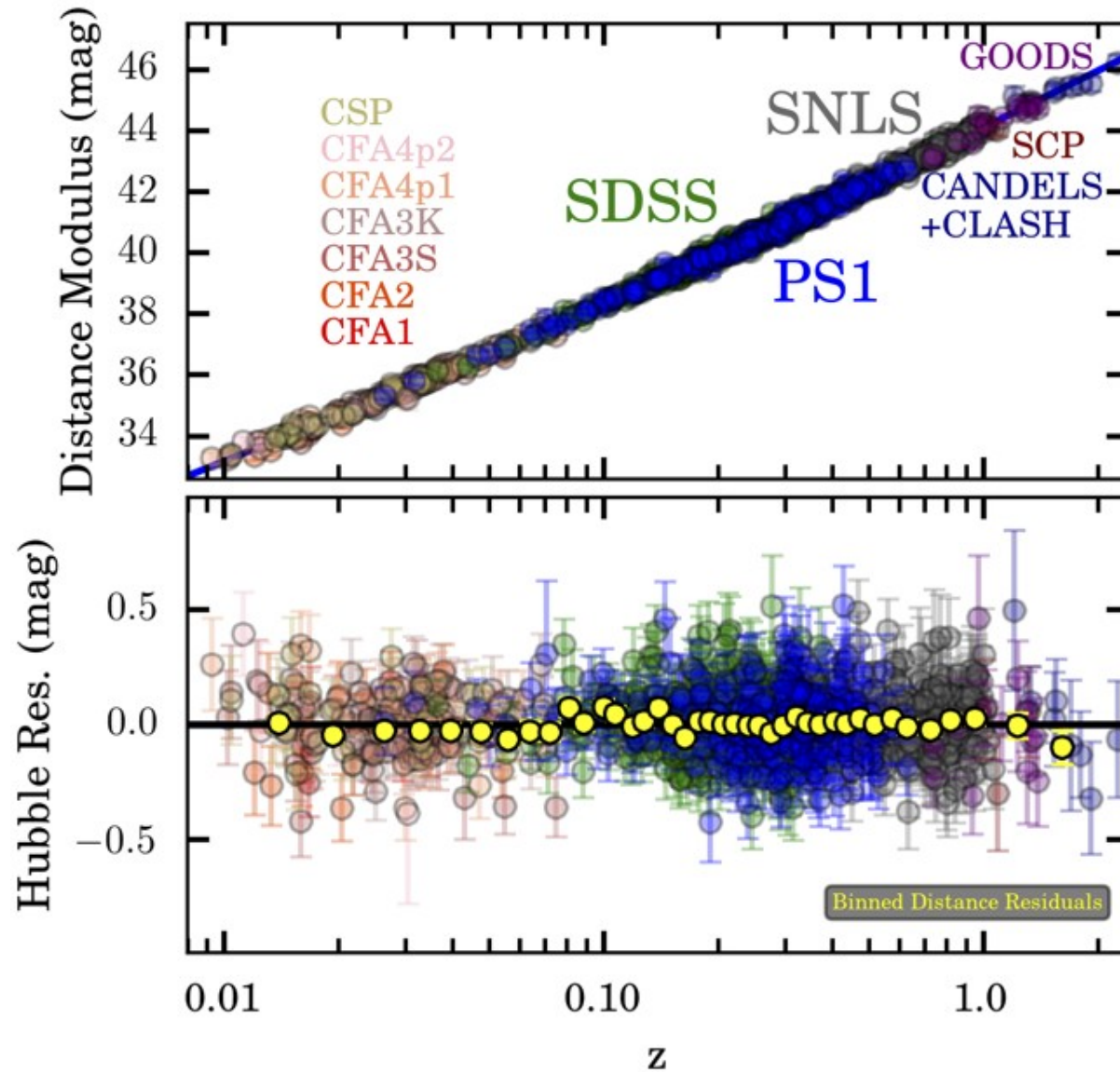
Oskar Klein Centre, Stockholm



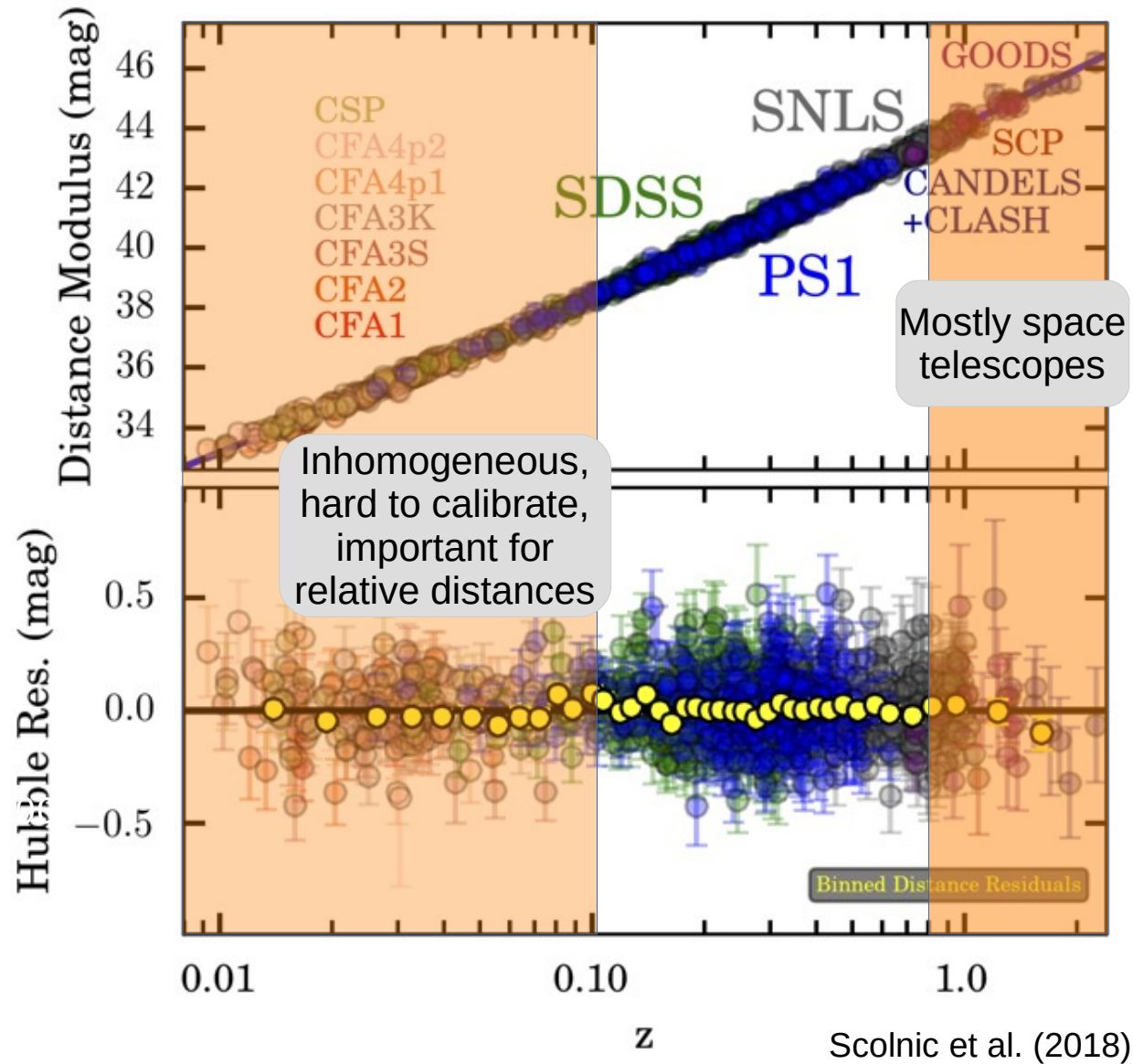
TeVPA 2018, Berlin

August 30th, 2018

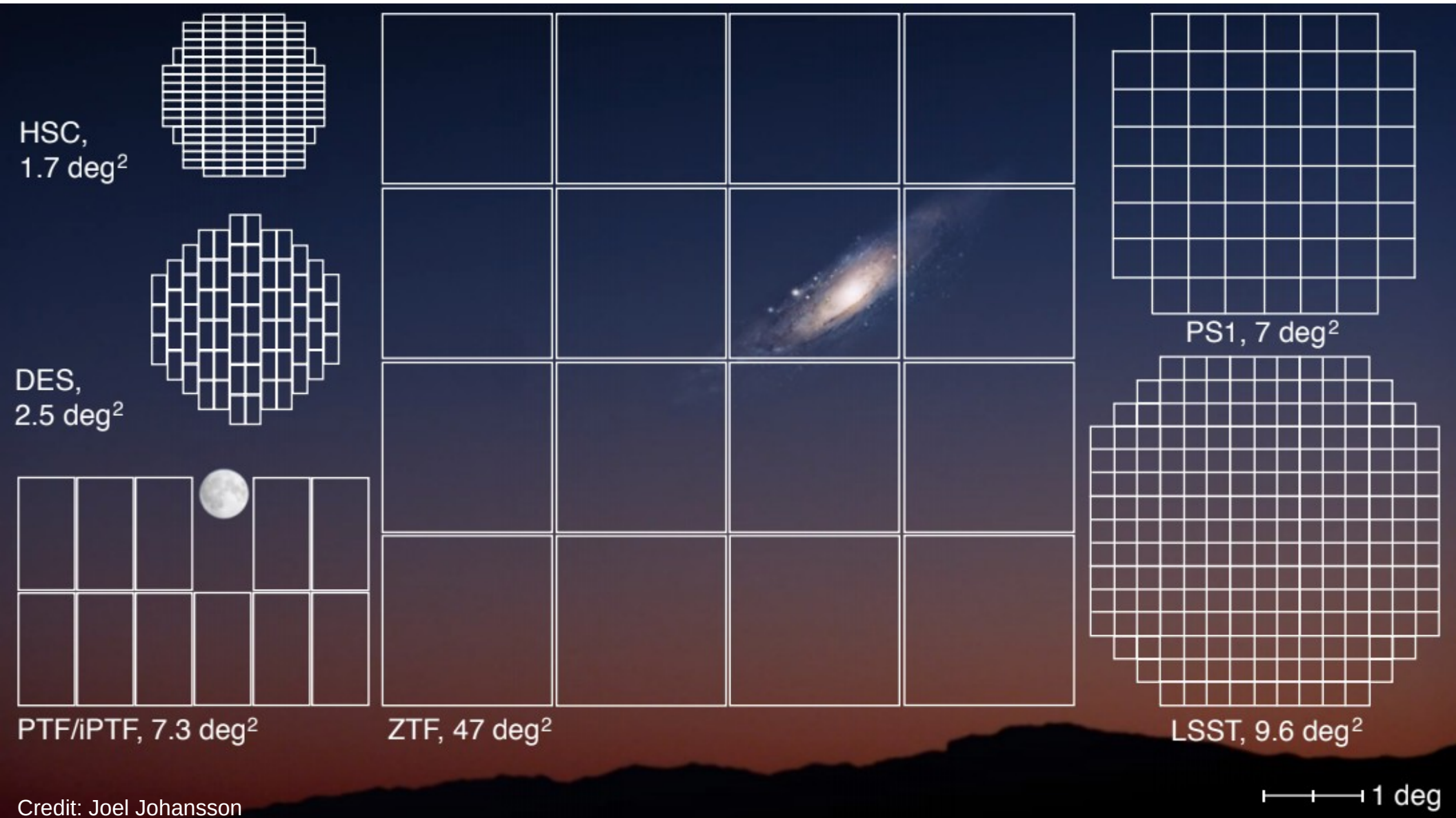
Current state of SN Ia cosmology



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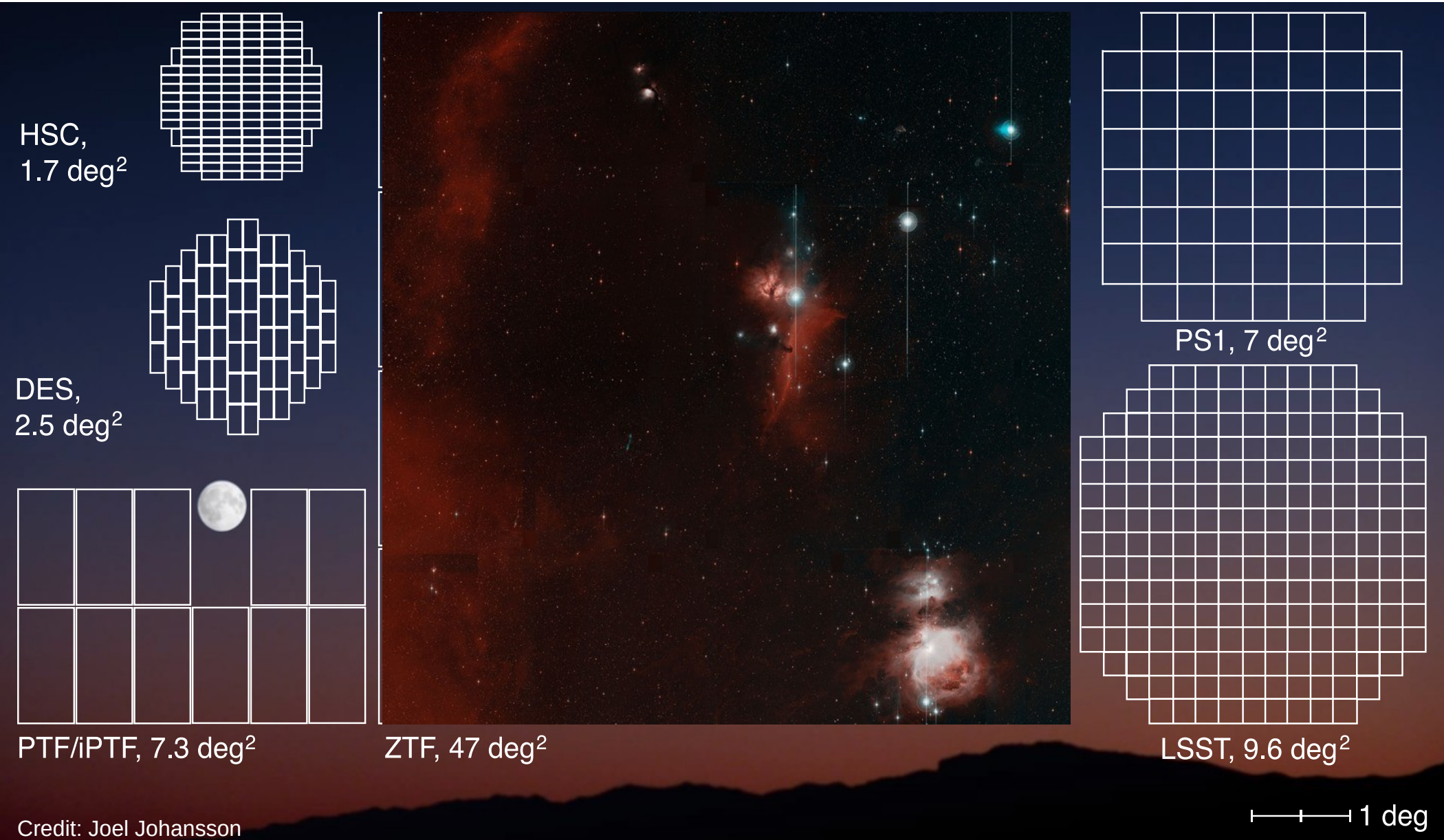
Zwicky Transient Facility



Credit: Joel Johansson

ZTF Survey Plan

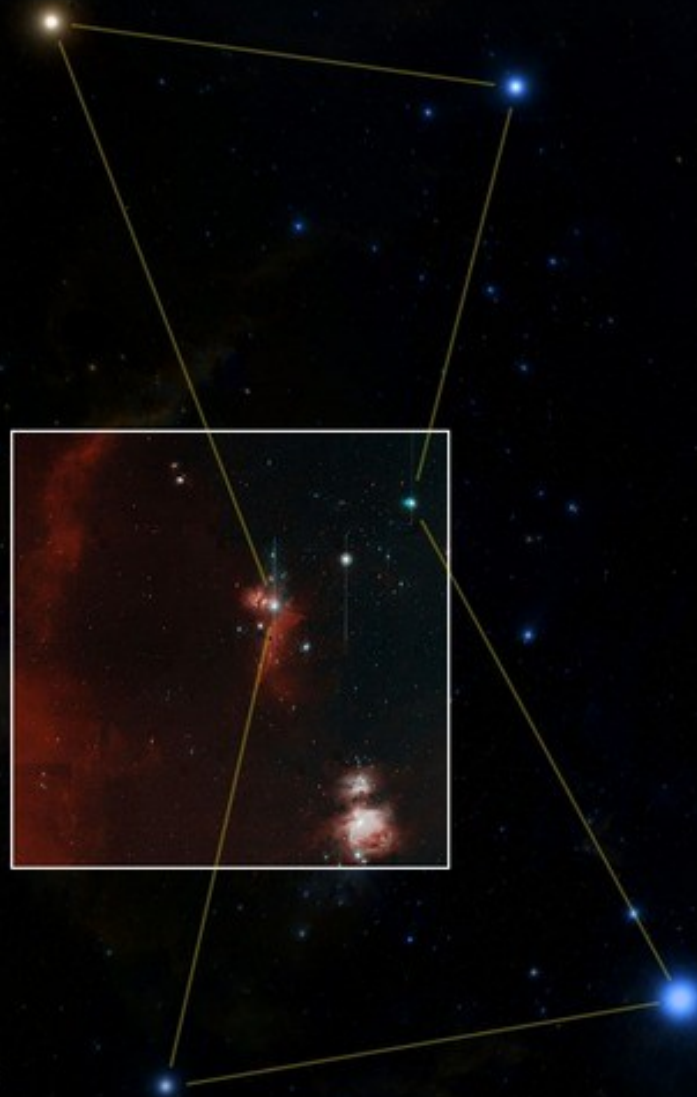
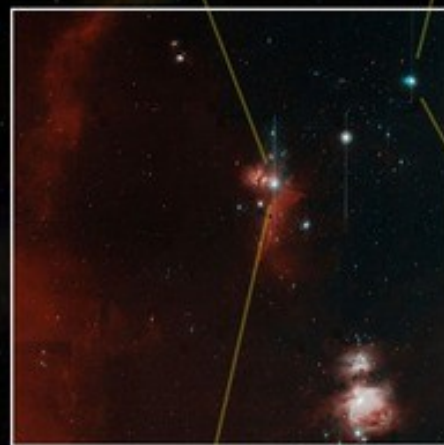
- ZTF time on Palomar 48-inch telescope (P48) shared between “partnership” (10 institutions), NSF *public* survey (“MSIP”) and Caltech private time (40%, 40%, 20%). Funded for 3 years
- Spectroscopic time on Palomar 60-inch (P60) with SEDmachine (IFU): 65/35% split partnership/Caltech
- MSIP year 1: a “mini LSST” g,r survey of all Northern sky every 3 nights, including sweep of Galactic plane
- Partnership year 1: High-cadence observations of 1/10 of the Northern extragalactic sky, 5-6 visits/night + i-band survey with 4-day cadence of ½ sky, 9 months
- Dedicated inner Galactic plane continuous monitoring for 2 summer weeks
- Solar System Science program for ~1 month



Credit: Joel Johansson

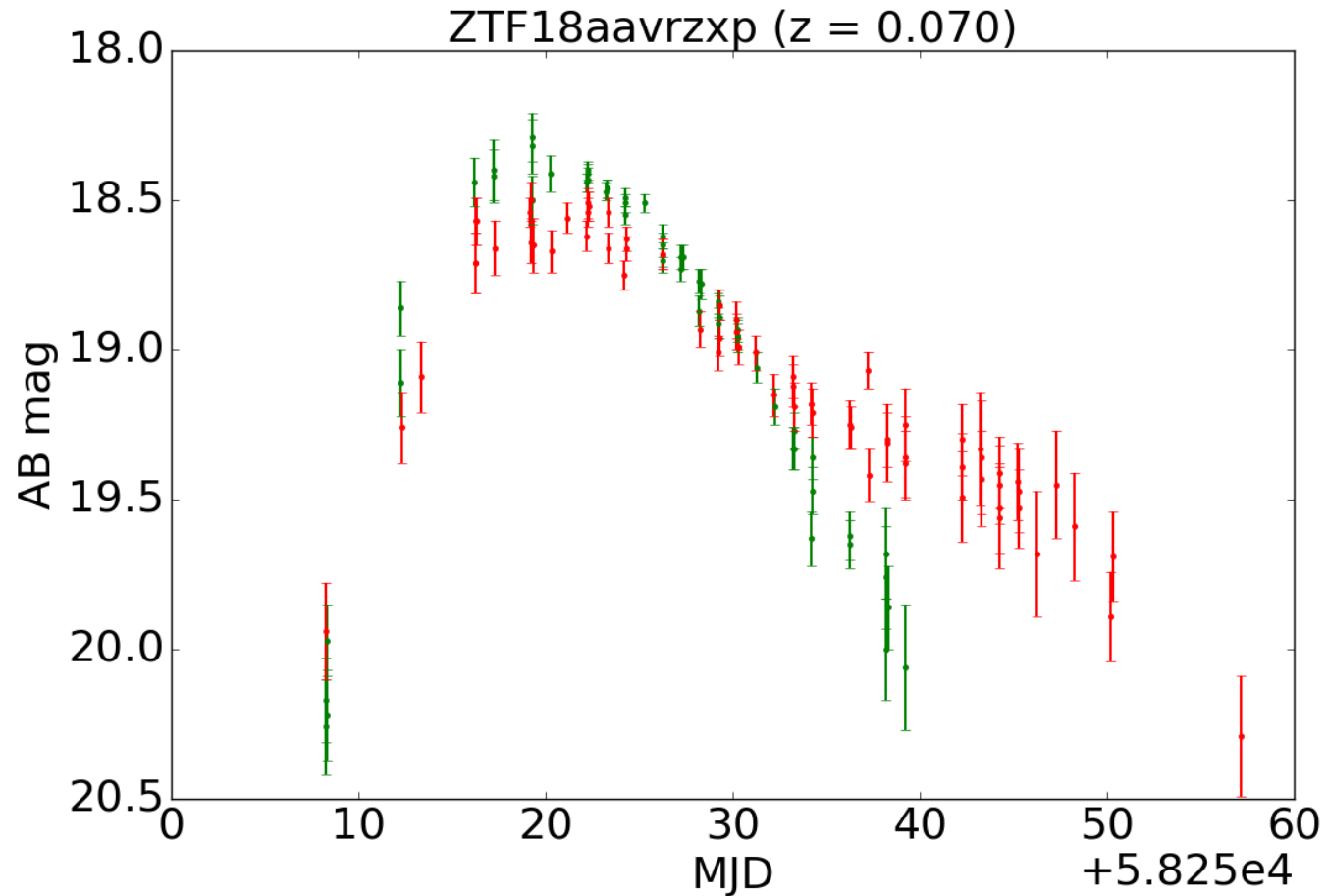
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First SNe Ia from ZTF

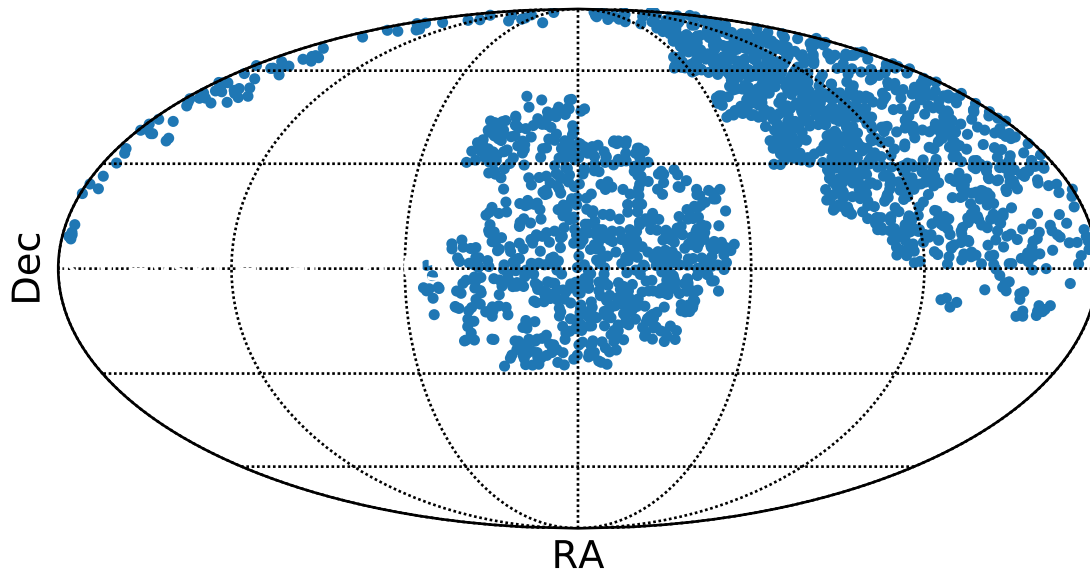
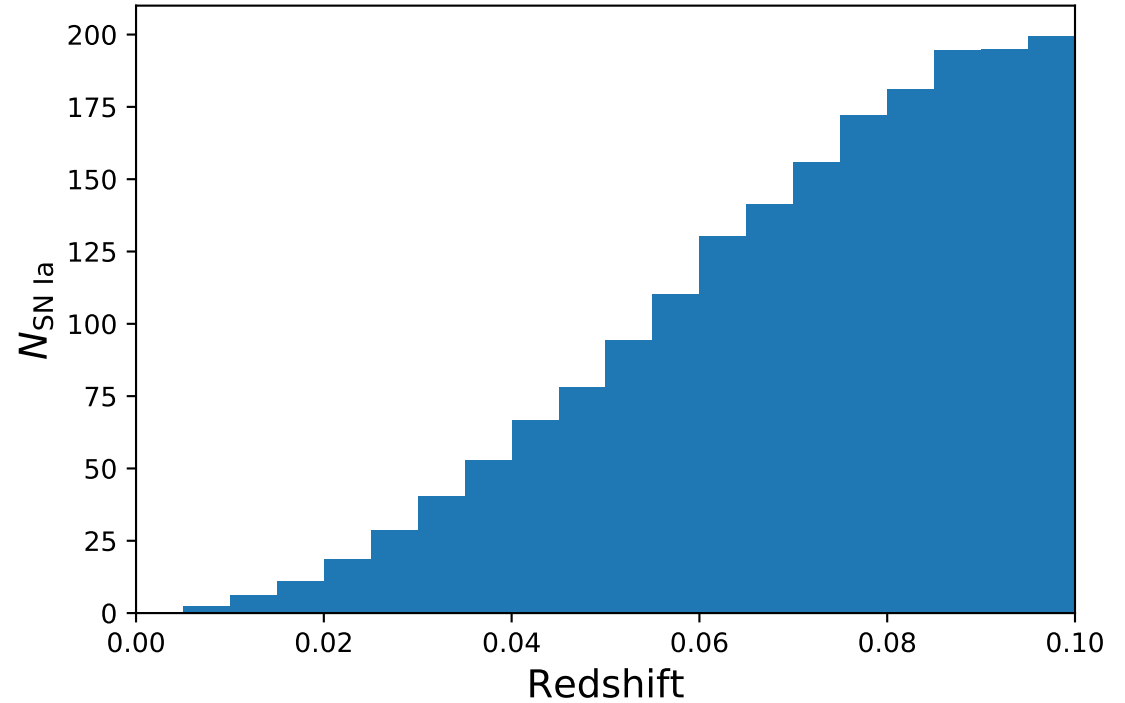
- > 300 SNe Ia have been found in the first few months of the survey
- > 100 SNe have sufficient lightcurve coverage to determine distances
- Many SNe found within days of explosion



Predicted SNe Ia data set

Expect to find ~2000 SNe Ia with good lightcurve coverage in gri during three-year survey

SNe Ia for cosmology (3 years)

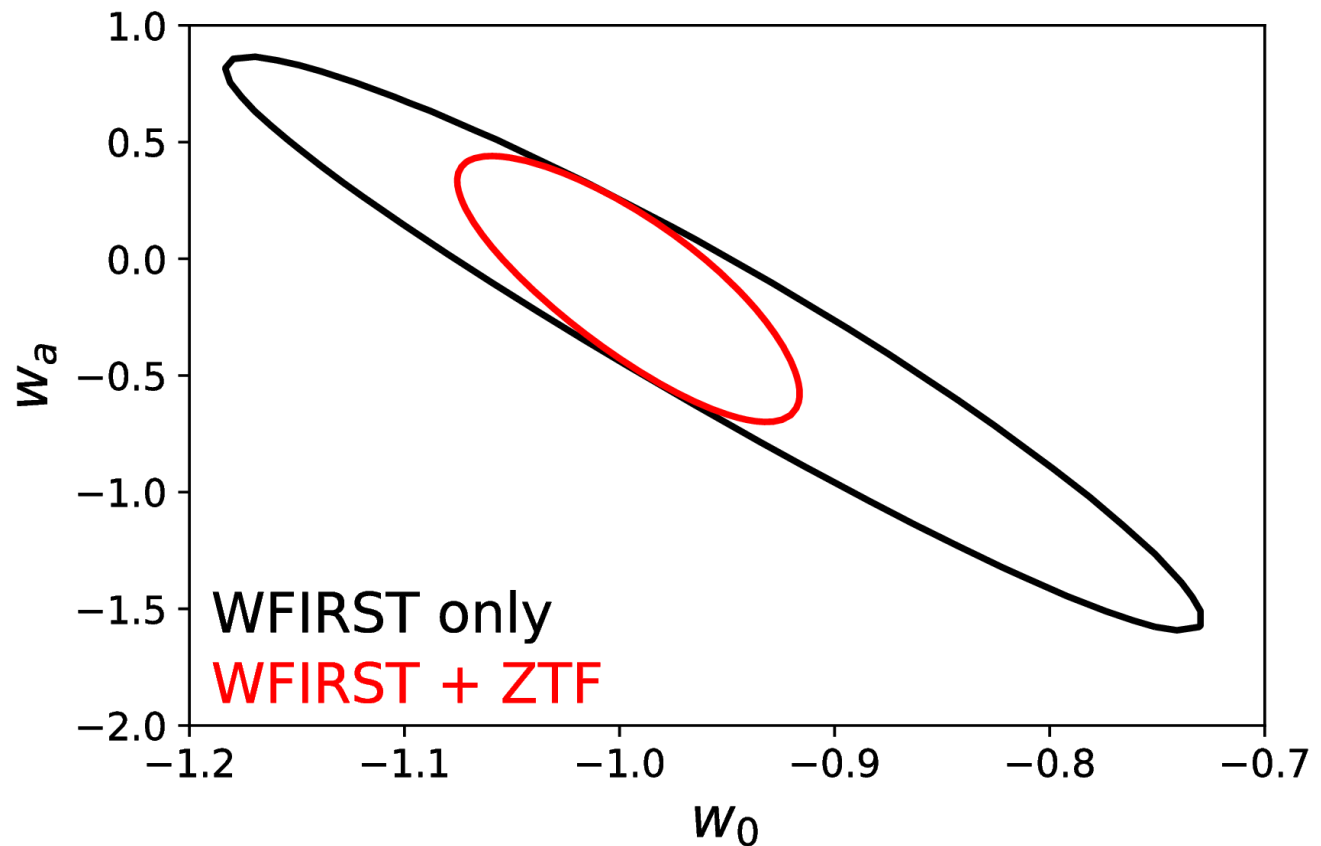


Covering most of the northern sky

→ Can study structure in the nearby universe through peculiar velocities

Anchoring the Hubble Diagram

- Future surveys (e.g. LSST) will mostly provide a high-redshift sample of SNe Ia.
- A large low-redshift sample will be essential for precise measurement of dark energy.
- Additionally having a single well-calibrated data set will reduce systematics for measurements of H_0 .



ZTF Lensed SN Search

(D. Goldstein, A. Goobar, P. Nugent)



Lensed supernovae “discovered” in ZTF simulation

- New suite of detailed strongly lensed supernova population simulations recently completed (paper forthcoming)
- Simulations include effects of observing strategy, conditions, dust, host galaxies, SN subtypes, and discovery strategy
- Simulations forecast that ZTF should discover up to 20 strongly lensed SNe, ~80% of which will be IIP's or IIn's.

Handling $O(10^5)$ alerts

(V. Brinnel, M. Giomi, J. Nordin, J. van Santen)



- ZTF sends out $>O(10^5)$ transient alerts every night (mostly variable stars), of which $O(10)$ are **new** supernovae
- Detection are mainly distributed as AVRO alert packets, including a public alert stream based on the MSIP survey
- AMPEL framework developed at HU Berlin to:
 - Reject previously existing transients
 - Match galaxies of new transients with catalogs and determine photo-z for others
 - Automatic trigger of notices and follow-up observations
 - Could be used to combine data from different sources – connected to TNS and not tied to ZTF

Summary

- ZTF is a new exciting discovery engine and found > 300 SNe Ia in a few months already
- Will produce a unique data set of ~ 2000 SNe Ia discovered early and sample densely in three bands over a span of three year
- Robotic spectroscopic follow-up of $g < 18.5$ mag transients with P60, follow-up of fainter SNe Ia with bigger telescopes
- New approaches needed for handling high-rates of transients (AMPEL). ZTF is a stepping stone for LSST.
- Additionally expect ~ 20 strongly lensed SNe for H_0 measurement.

Backup

Faster and Wider Survey

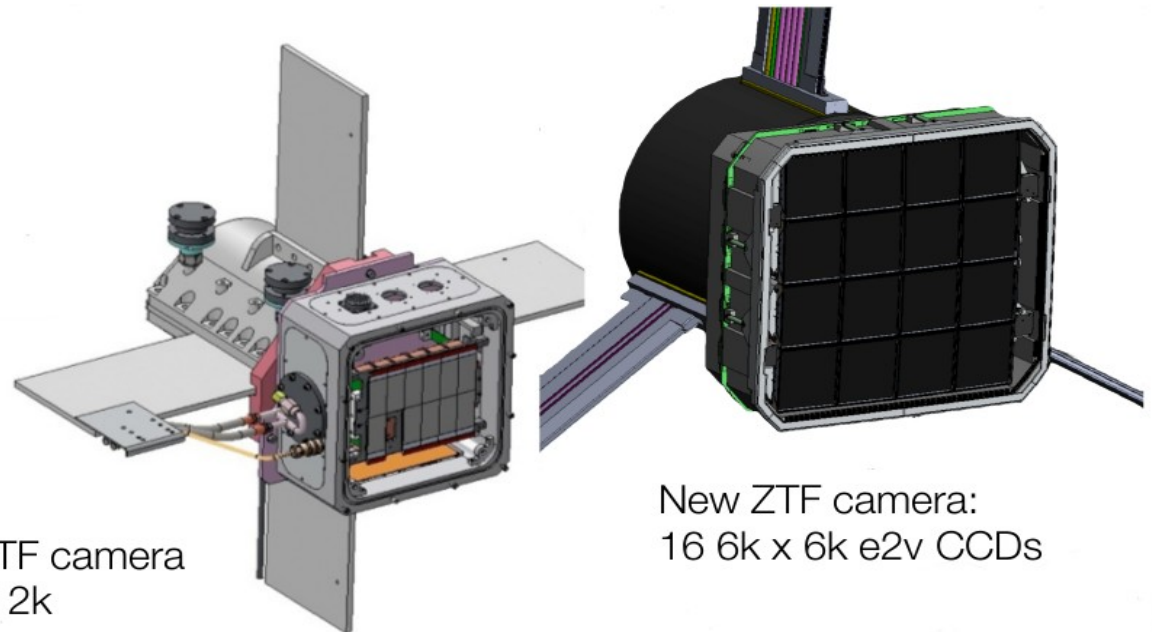
	PTF	ZTF
Active Area	7.26 deg ²	47 deg ²
Overhead Time	46 sec	<15 sec
Optimal Exposure Time	60 sec	30 sec
Relative Areal Survey Rate	1x	14.7x
Relative Volumetric Survey Rate	1x	12.3x

3750 deg²/hour

→ 3π survey in 8 hours

>250 observation/field/year
for uniform survey

Will observe thousands of SNe



Existing PTF camera
MOSAIC 12k

New ZTF camera:
16 6k x 6k e2v CCDs



Expected *Yearly* yield of *spectroscopically* identified SN

Transients with $g < 18.5$ mag will be classified using the SEDmachine

SN Type	SNe in 12 months	Median redshift
Ia	1000	0.053
Ibc	220	0.048
IIP/L	375	0.028
IIn	120	0.049
Total CC	715	

Numbers from lightcurve simulations (Feindt et al. in prep.)

Expect ~600-700 SNe Ia with good lightcurve coverage per year
(will require additional spectroscopy)