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CATERINA DOGLIONI - LUND UNIVERSITY
TeVPA 2018, BERLIN

Dark Matter searches at ATLAS and CMS



European
Commission

 @CatDogLund

<http://www.hep.lu.se/staff/doglioni/>

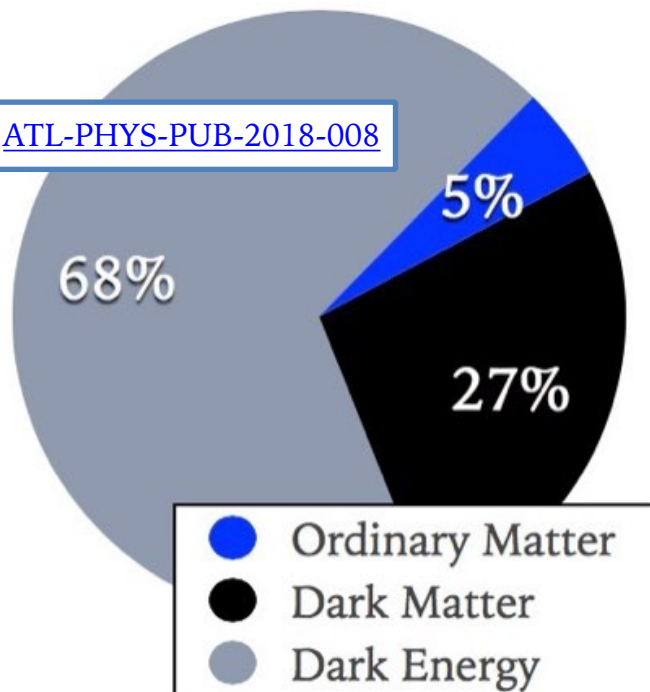
Horizon 2020
European Union funding
for Research & Innovation

Where do we go from here the LHC Run-1?

(Some) outstanding questions of the Standard Model:

- How do **particles get mass**?
 - Higgs mechanism ✓
- Is **dark matter a particle** that interacts with the SM?

New: [ATL-PHYS-PUB-2018-008](#)



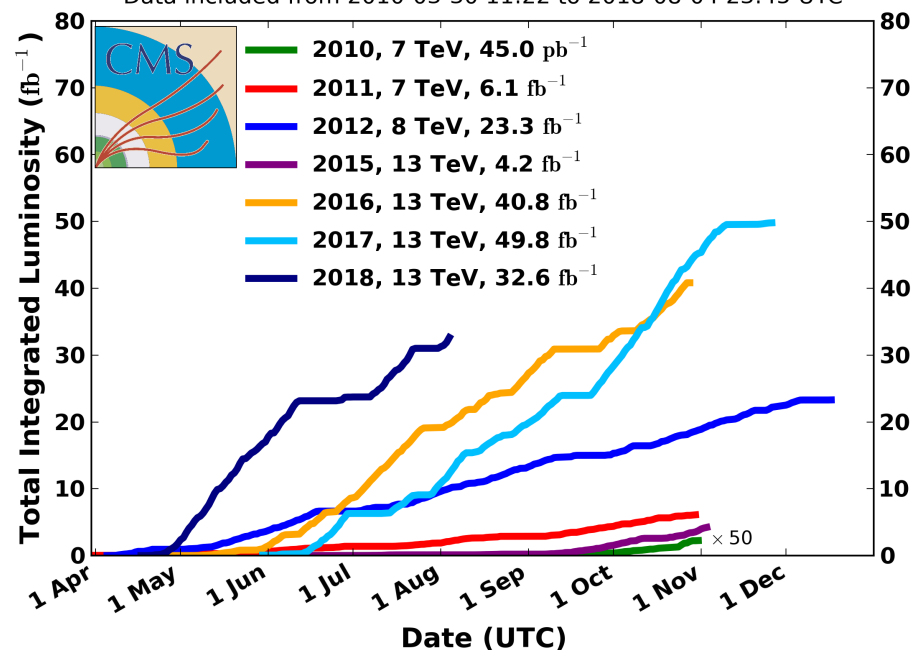
- Ordinary Matter
- Dark Matter
- Dark Energy

(see B. Heinemann' talk today)

CMS Integrated Luminosity, pp

<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/view/CMSPublic/LumiPublicResults>

Data included from 2010-03-30 11:22 to 2018-08-04 23:45 UTC



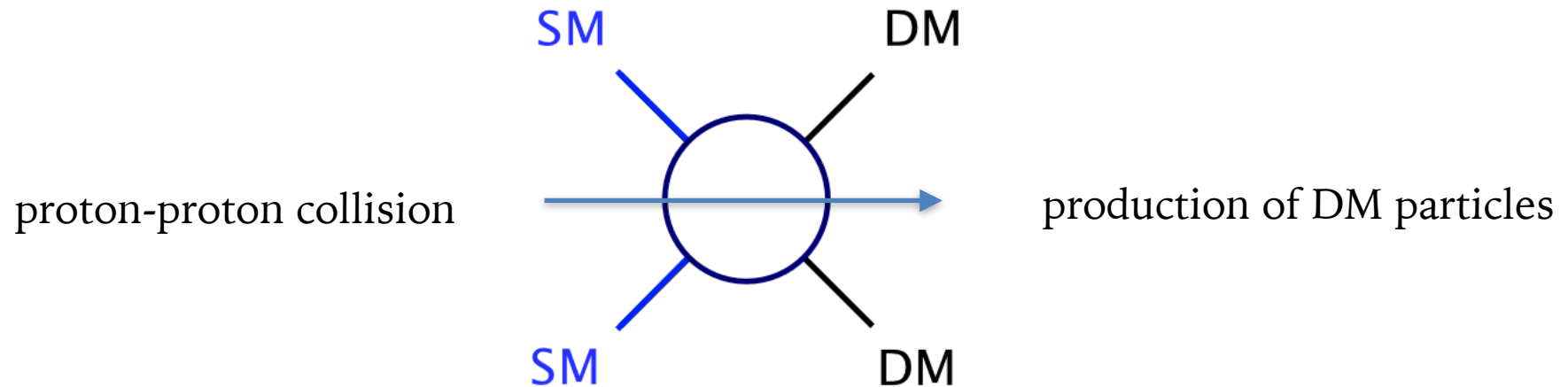
LHC operating beyond its design luminosity

With LHC Run-2 data we can:

- detect rare processes
- use the Higgs as a discovery tool

Looking for invisible particles at the LHC

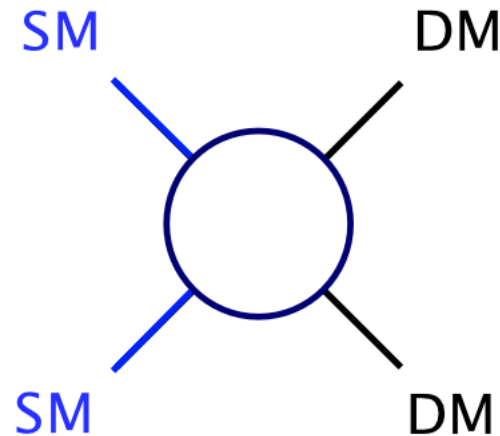
If dark matter particles interact with ordinary particles, the **LHC** can **produce** them



Caveat: very simplified diagram

Looking for invisible particles at the LHC

If dark matter particles interact with ordinary particles, the **LHC** can **produce** them



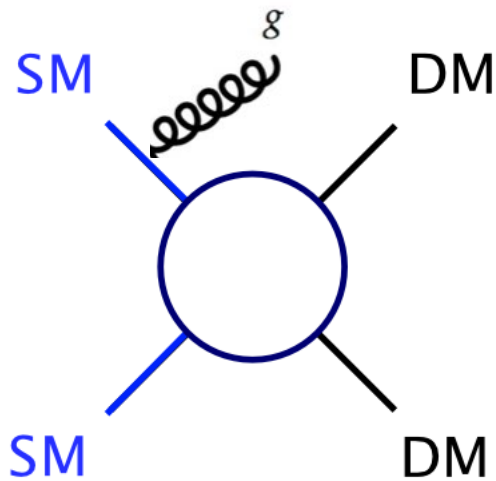
Caveat: very simplified diagram

however, *dark* \leftrightarrow *invisible* to the detectors

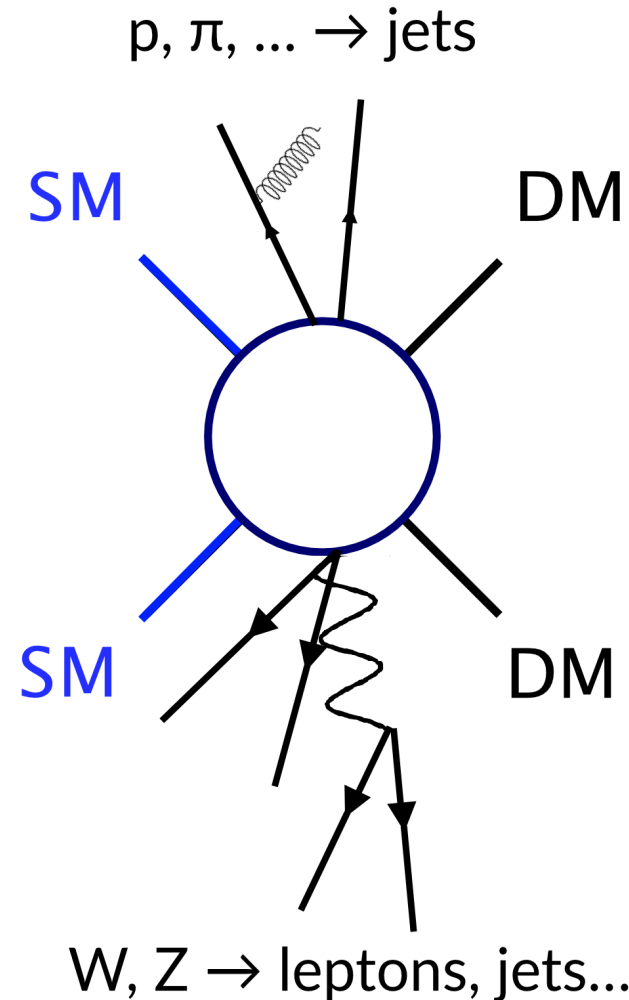
Looking for invisible particles at the LHC

Rely on **visible particles** to detect invisible particles

"Mono-X" searches



"Multi-object" searches

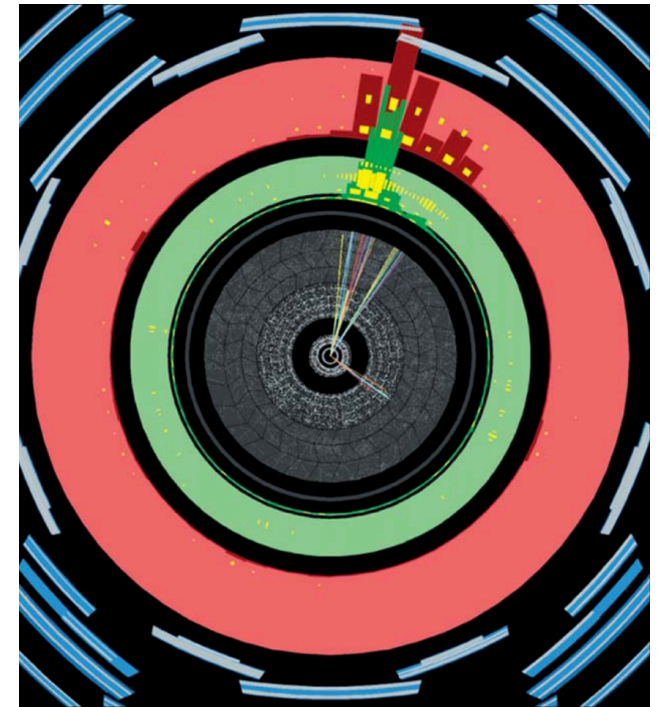
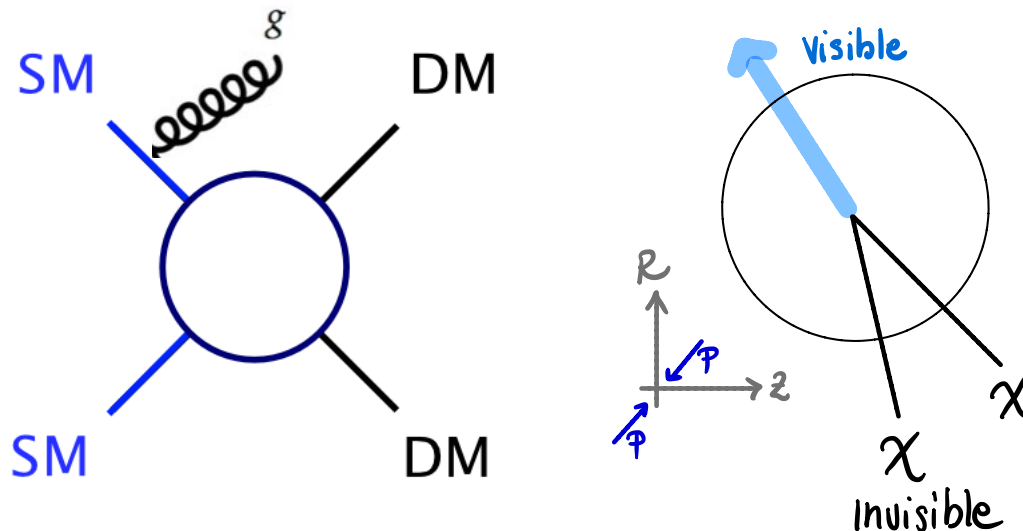


Not pictured here but necessary to cover all ground for DM @ LHC:
Long-lived particle searches
(see Todd Adams' talk today)

Looking for invisible particles at the LHC

Rely on **visible particles** to detect invisible particles

"Mono-X" searches (example)



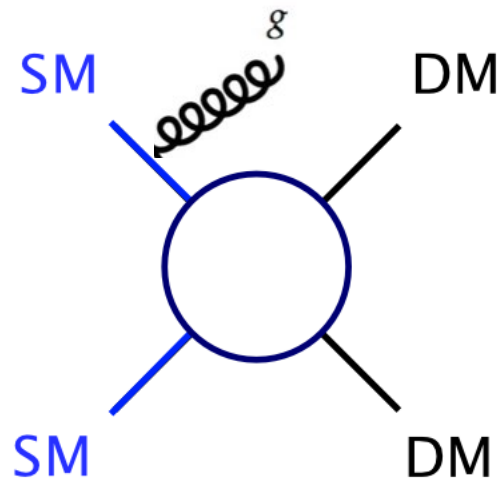
Signature of invisible particles
(like Dark Matter):

missing transverse momentum (E_T^{miss})

Broad categories of LHC searches

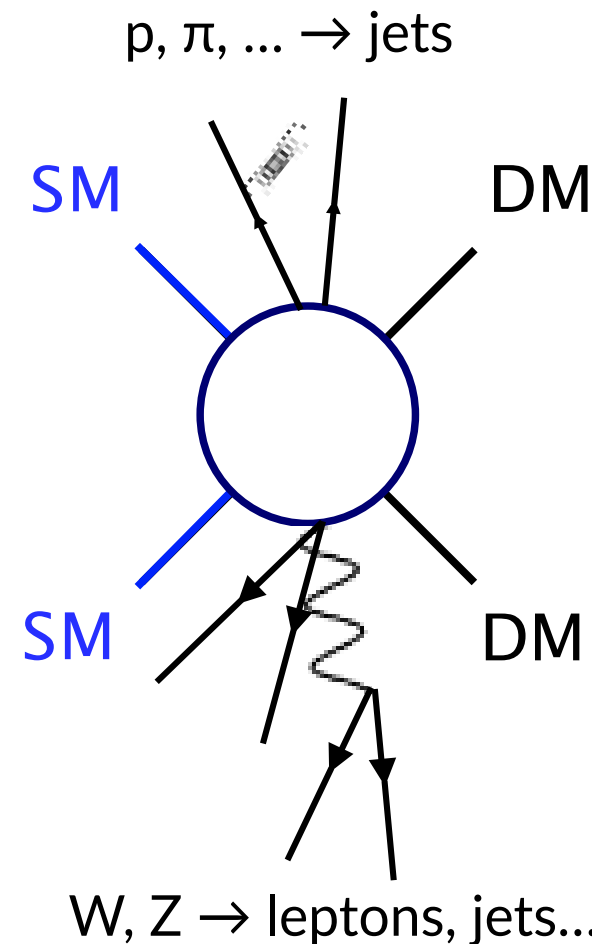
Generic searches

- Good for **simple models** with **sizable cross-sections**
- **Fewer assumptions** on specific model characteristics



More specific searches

- More sensitive to **specific models**
- More reliant on **model assumptions**



This talk:
only a **very small selection** of LHC DM searches
for more results see here: [ATLAS](#) and [CMS](#)
and Beate Heinemann's talk today



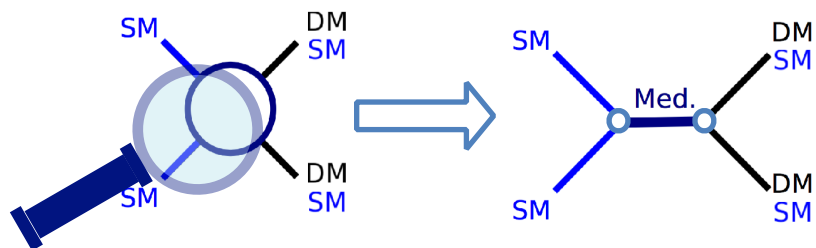
Benchmarks for LHC DM searches

Simple models

More complex/complete models

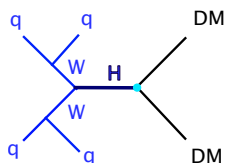


Simple DM mediation



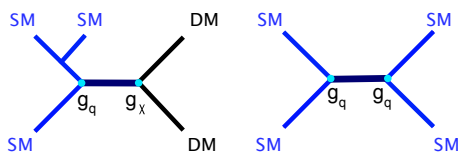
SM mediator

Z/Higgs portals

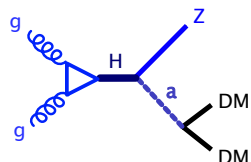


Beyond-SM mediator

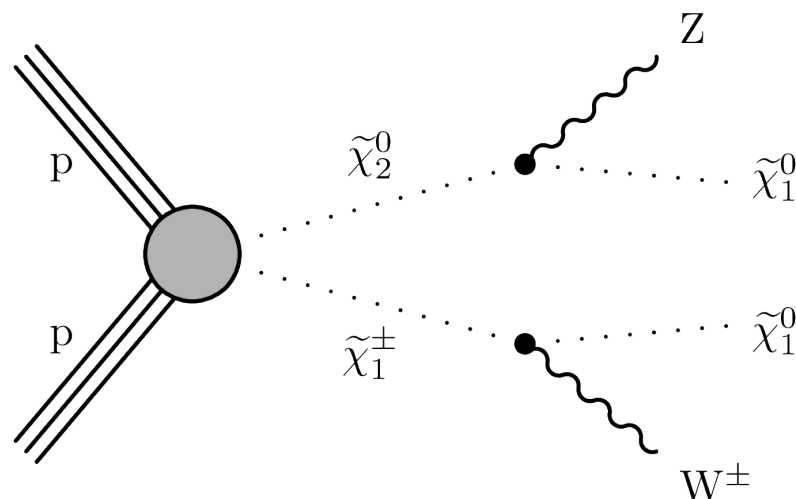
Vector-like mediator



Scalar-like mediator
and Two Higgs Doublet Model



Supersymmetry



(Simplified model diagram)

[JHEP 03 \(2018\) 160](#)

Not pictured here but very relevant for LHC DM searches: **dark sectors** (see e.g. Jiji Fan's talk)
Current focus of LHC Dark Matter Working Group



High Energy Physics - Experiment

Dark Matter Benchmark Models for Early LHC Run-2 Searches: Report of the ATLAS/CMS Dark Matter Forum

Daniel Abercrombie, Nural Akchurin, Ece Akilli, Juan Alcaraz Maestre, Brandon Allen, Barbara Alvarez Gonzalez, Jeremy Andrea, Alexandre Arbey, Georges Azuelos, Patrizia Azzi, Mihailo Backović, Yang Bai, Swagato Banerjee, James Beacham, Alexander Belyaev, Antonio Boveia, Amelia Jean Brennan, Oliver Buchmueller, Matthew R. Buckley, Giorgio Busoni, Michael Buttignol, Giacomo Cacciapaglia, Regina Caputo, Linda Carpenter, Nuno Filipe Castro, Guillelmo Gomez Ceballos, Yangyang Cheng, John Paul Chou, Arely Cortes Gonzalez, Chris Cowden, Francesco D'Eramo, Annapaola De Cosa, Michele De Gruttola, Albert De Roeck, Andrea De Simone, Aldo Deandrea, Zeynep Demiragli, Anthony DiFranzo, Caterina Doglioni, Tristan du Pree, Robin Erbacher, Johannes Erdmann, Cora Fischer, Henning Flaecher, Patrick J. Fox, et al. (94 additional authors not shown)

(Submitted on 3 Jul 2015)

This document is the final report of the ATLAS-CMS Dark Matter Forum, a forum organized by the ATLAS and CMS collaborations with the participation of experts on theories of Dark Matter, to select a minimal basis set of dark matter simplified models that should support the design of the early LHC Run-2 searches. A prioritized, compact set of benchmark models is proposed, accompanied by studies of the parameter space of these models and a repository of generator implementations. This report also addresses how to apply the Effective Field Theory formalism for collider searches and present the results of such interpretations.

Subjects: High Energy Physics - Experiment (hep-ex); High Energy Physics - Phenomenology (hep-ph)
Cite as: arXiv:1507.00966 [hep-ex]
(or arXiv:1507.00966v1 [hep-ex] for this version)

Submission history

From: Antonio Boveia [view email]
[v1] Fri, 3 Jul 2015 16:54:32 GMT (3860kb,D)

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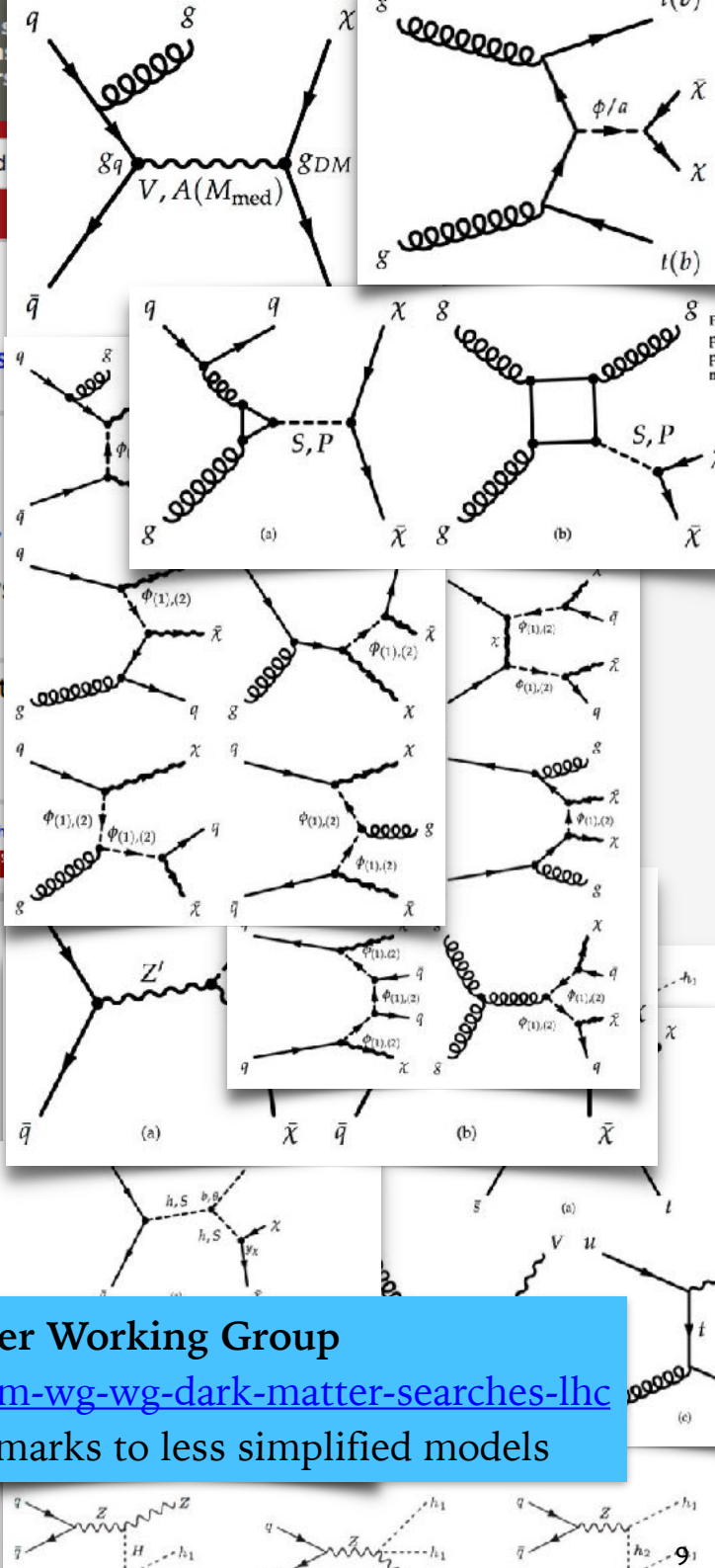
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Current browse hep-ex
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new | recent | 1507

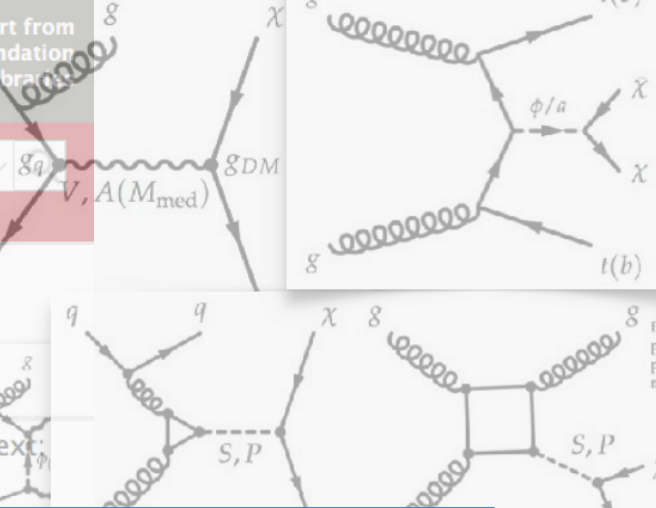
Change to browse hep-ph

- References & Citations
- INSPIRE HEP (refers to | cited by)
 - NASA ADS

Bookmark (what is this?)



Now: LHC Dark Matter Working Group
<http://lpsc.web.cern.ch/content/lhc-dm-wg-wg-dark-matter-searches-lhc>
extending the menu of LHC benchmarks to less simplified models



Download:

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Current browse context: hep-ex

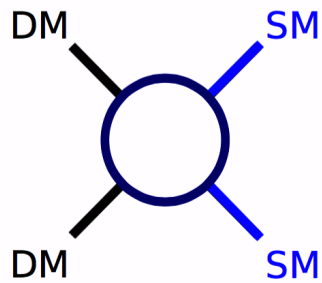
High Energy Physics - Experiment

Dark Matter Benchmark Models for Early LHC Run-2 Searches: Report of the ATLAS/CMS Dark Matter Forum

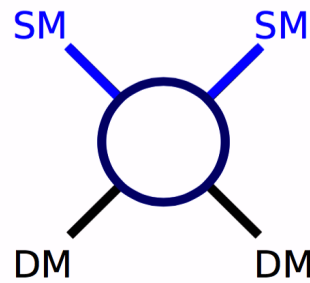
Daniel Abercrombie, Nural Akchurin, Ece Akilli, Juan Alcaraz Maestre, Brandon Allen, Barbara A...

Allen, Barbara A
Azuelos, Patrizi
Beacham, Alexa
Buchmueller, M
Cacciapaglia, R
Gomez Ceballo
Cowden, France
Roeck, Andrea
Caterina Doglio
Fischer, Hennin

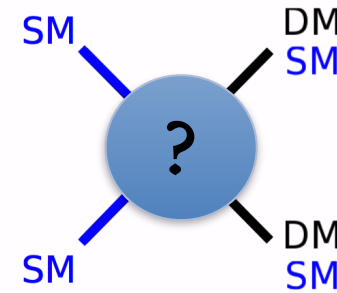
(Submitted on 3 Ju



Indirect Detection



Direct Detection



Particle Colliders

Collider complementarity with direct / indirect detection needs a **theoretical framework**

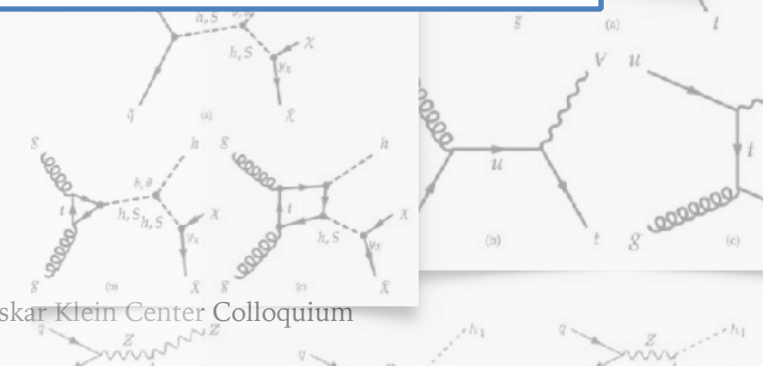
This document organized by theories of Dark Matter that should support a compact set of parameter space. This report also addresses how to apply the effective field theory formalism for collider searches and present the results of such interpretations.

Subjects: High Energy Physics - Experiment (hep-ex); High Energy Physics - Phenomenology (hep-ph)

Cite as: arXiv:1507.00966 [hep-ex]
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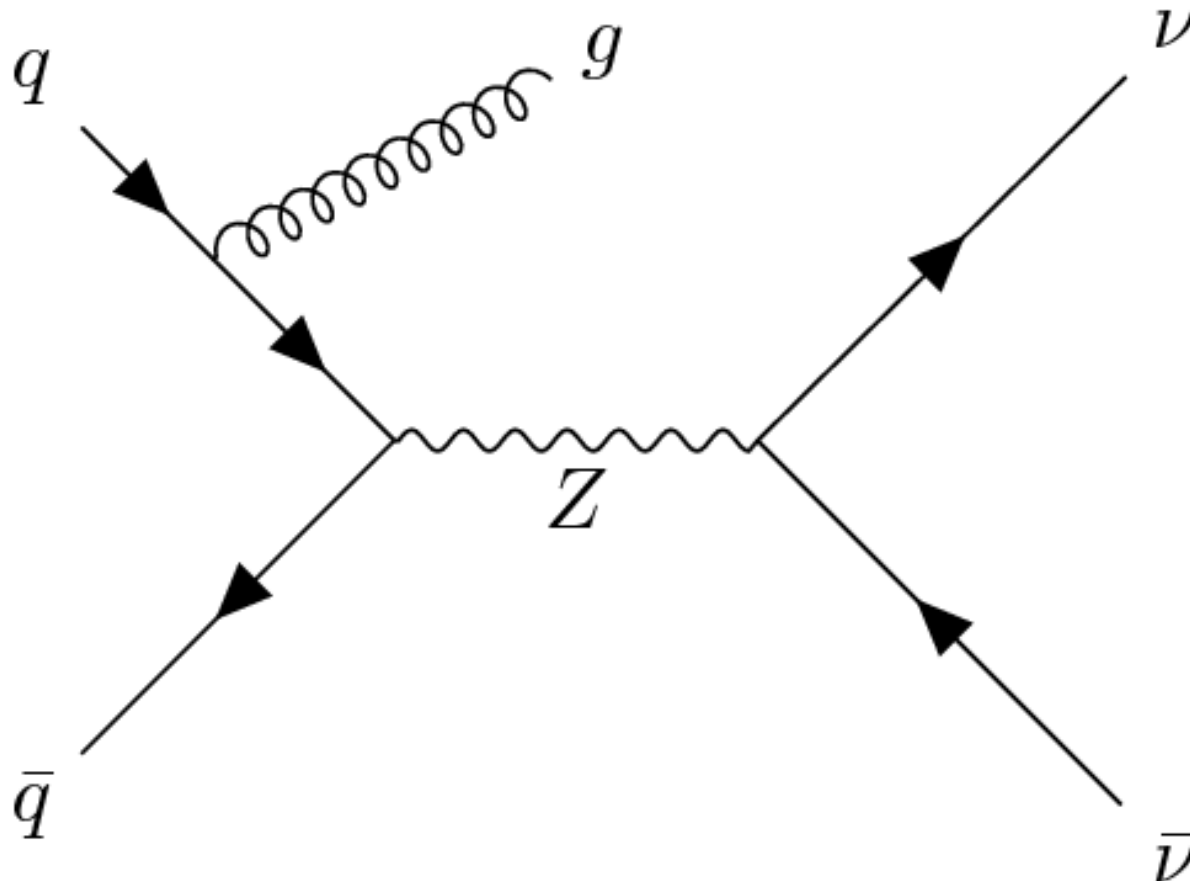
Submission history

From: Antonio Boveia [view email]
[v1] Fri, 3 Jul 2015 16:54:32 GMT (3860kb,D)



LHC production of invisible particles

Production of invisible particles can be common in the SM

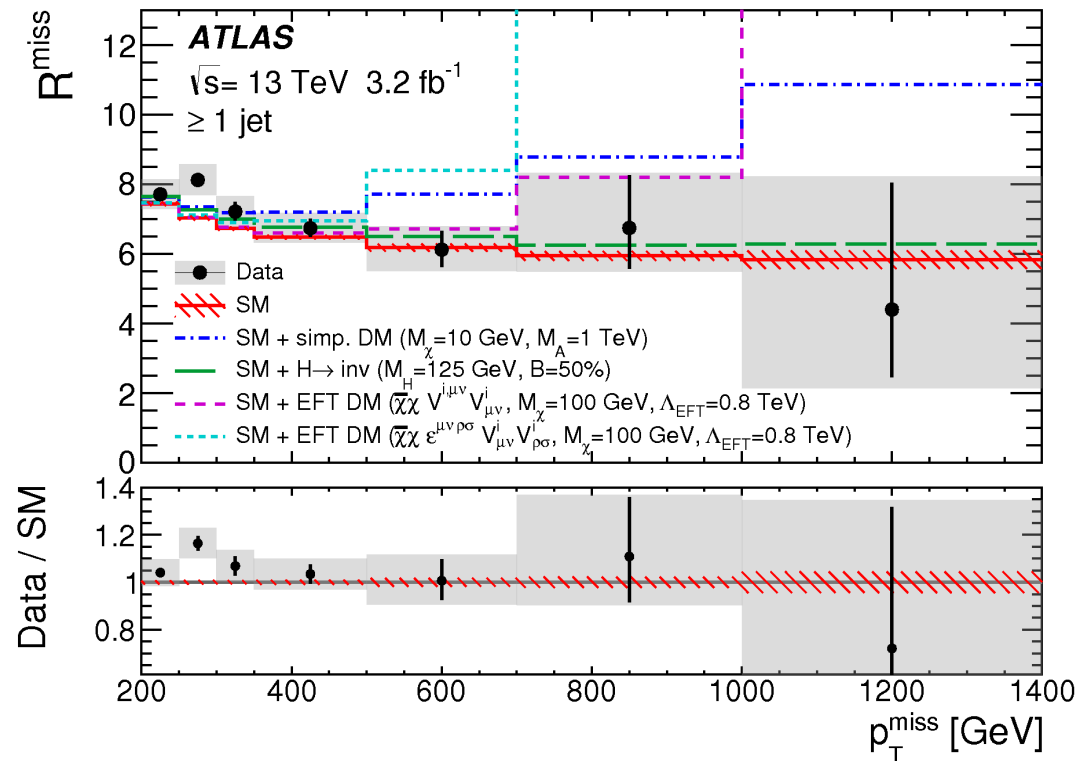
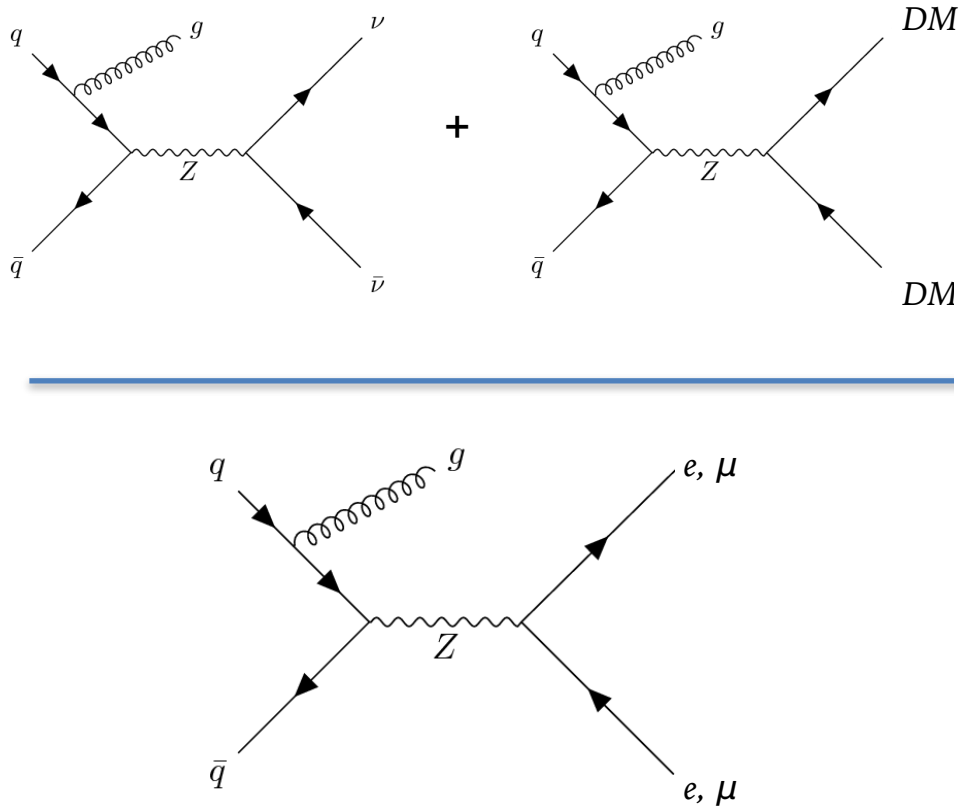


[Eur. Phys. J. C 77 \(2017\) 765](#)

LHC production of new invisible particles

Production of invisible particles can be common in the SM
 use **standard candles** (Z boson) to search for non-SM production

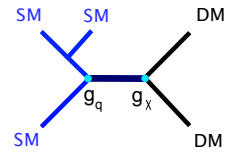
$$R^{\text{miss}} = \frac{\sigma_{\text{fid}}(p_T^{\text{miss}} + \text{jets})}{\sigma_{\text{fid}}(\ell^+\ell^- + \text{jets})}$$



[Eur. Phys. J. C 77 \(2017\) 765](#)

C. Doglioni - 27/08/2018 - TeVPA 2018, Berlin

Generic searches for DM: “X+MET”



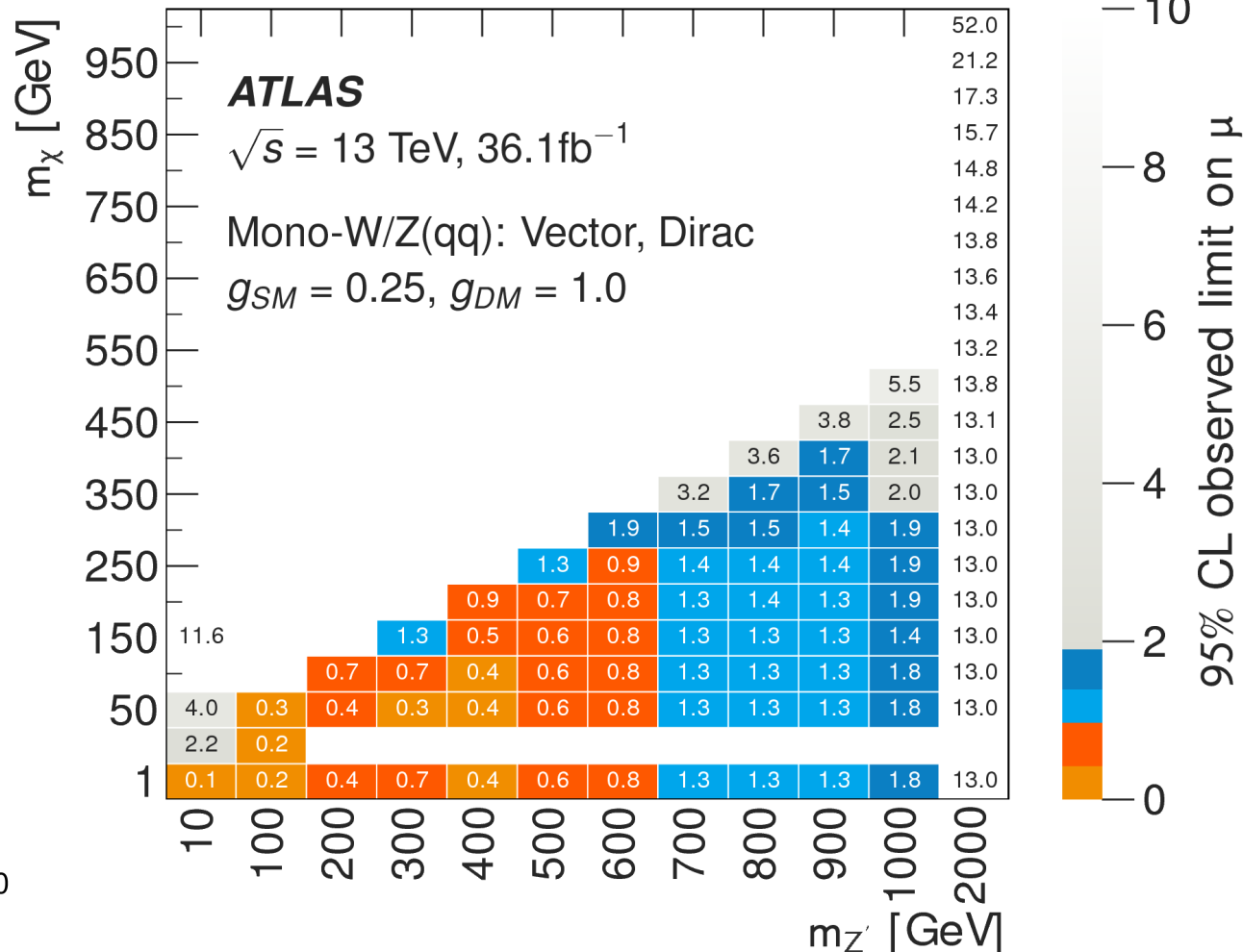
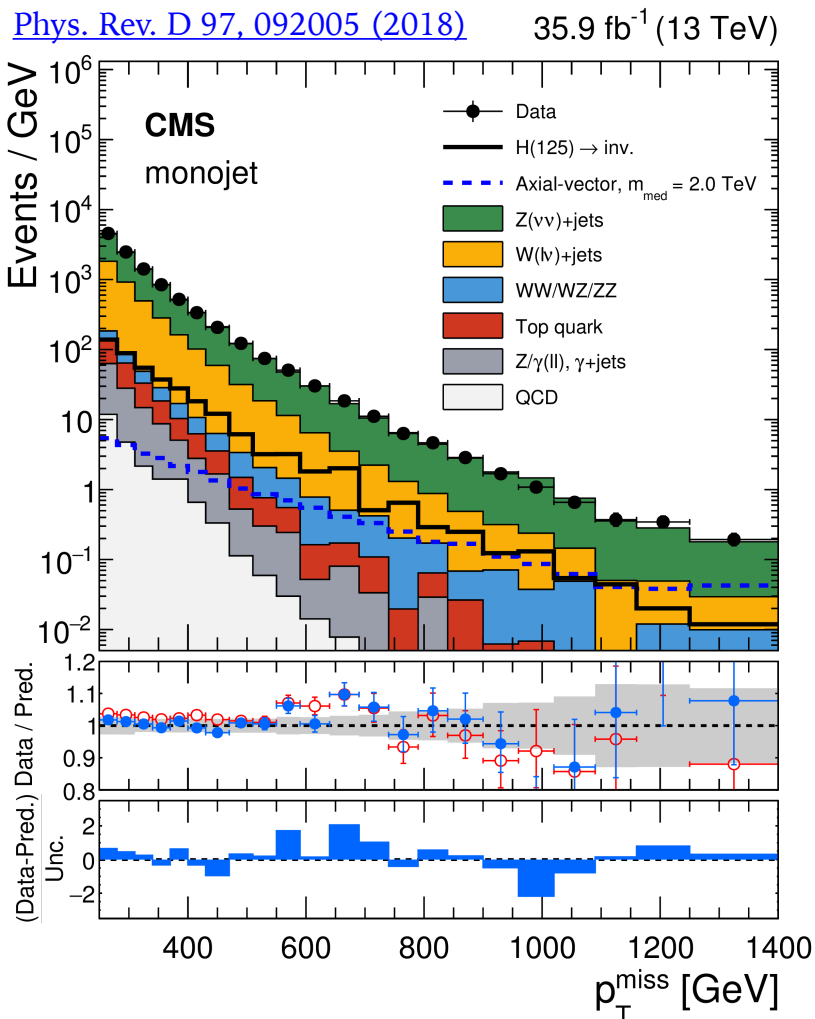
ISR (jet, photon, V boson...) + MET signature

Background normalized using data

Background shapes need precise theory predictions [EPJC 2017 77:829](https://arxiv.org/abs/1707.0829)

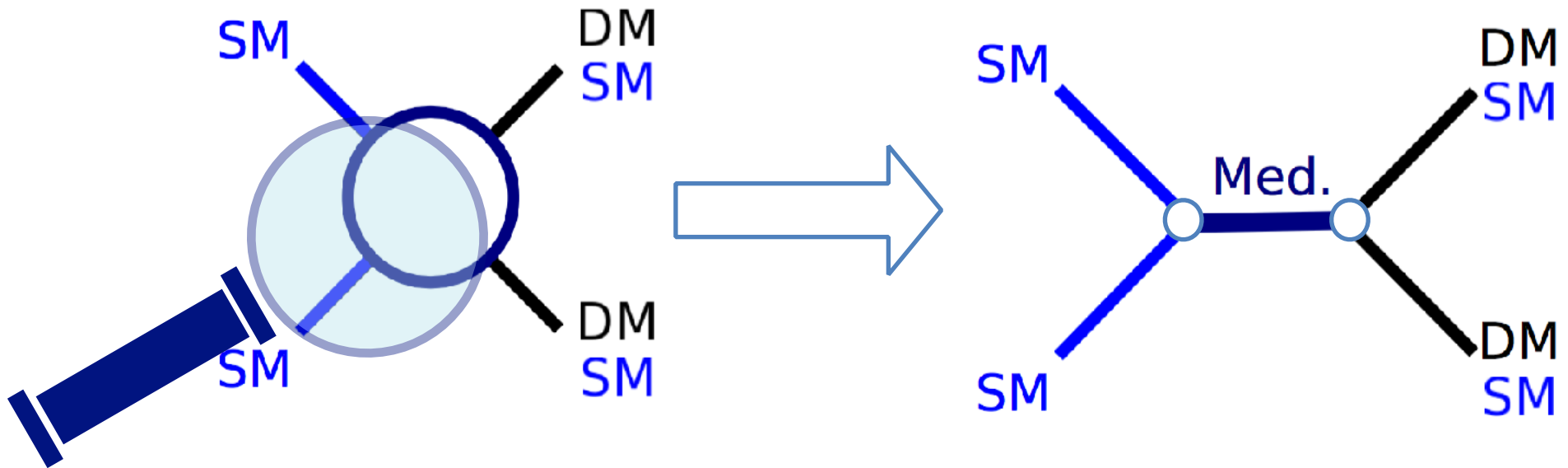
Results interpreted in a variety of models

[arXiv:1807.11471](https://arxiv.org/abs/1807.11471)



Dark Matter mediators at the LHC

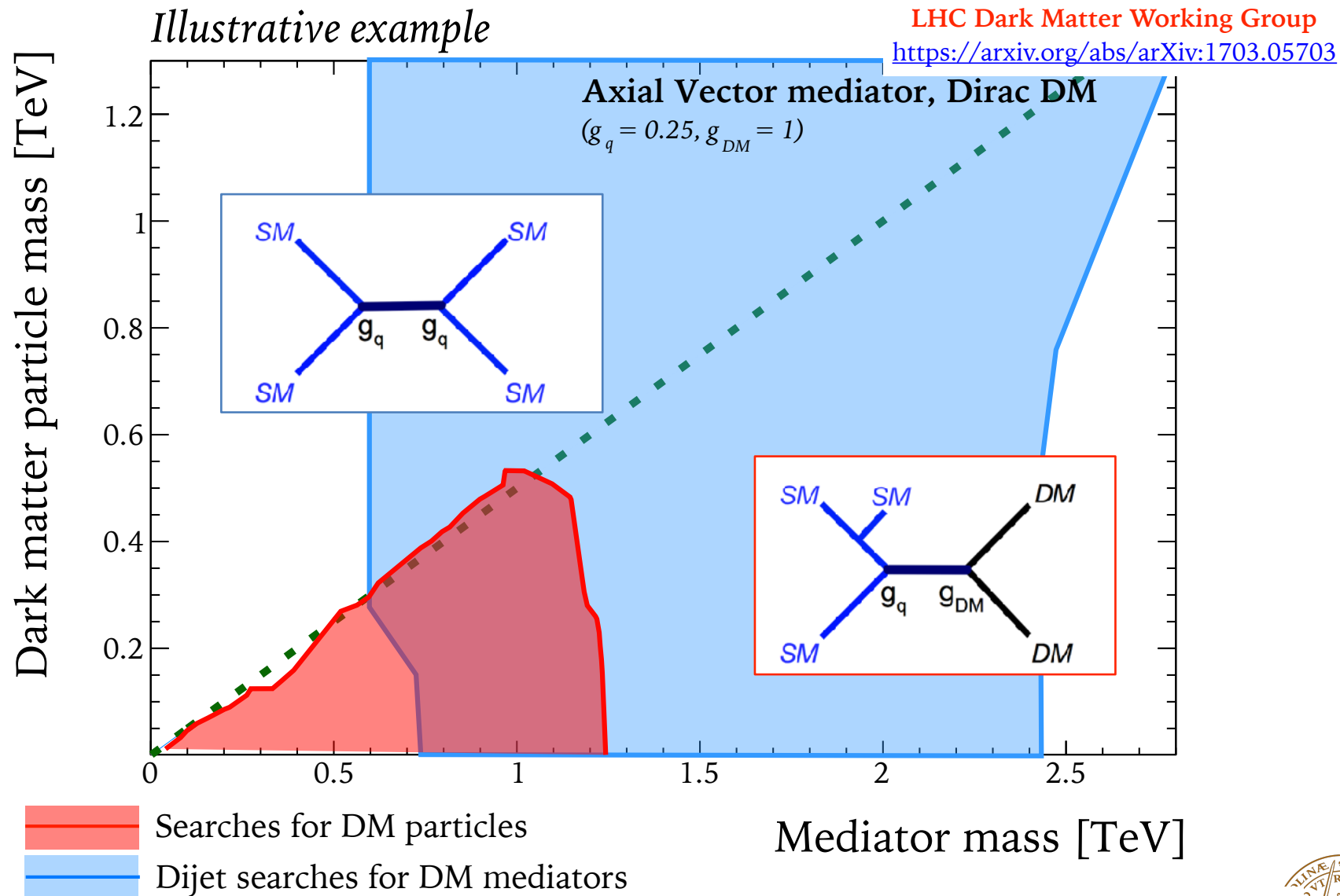
If there's a force there's a mediator:



Can **probe the dark interaction** even if DM is inaccessible
Can look for both **invisible and visible decays** of the mediator

Look for an inevitable LHC physics process:
di-jet (and di-X) resonances - [see S. D'Auria's talk](#)

Visible/invisible DM LHC searches

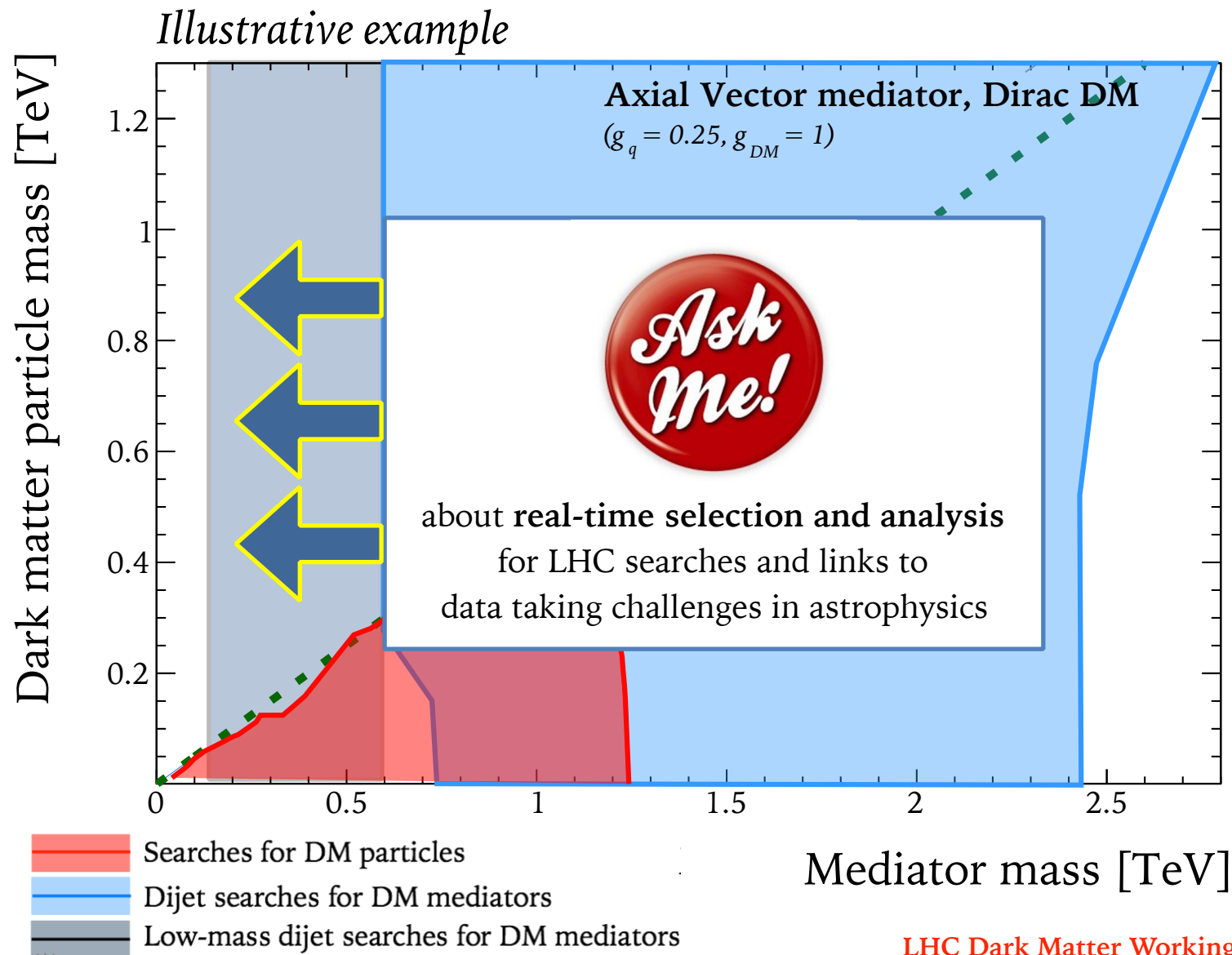


LHC Dark Matter Working Group
<https://arxiv.org/abs/arXiv:1703.05703>



Collider strength for these models: searches for visible mediator decays

Visible/invisible DM LHC searches

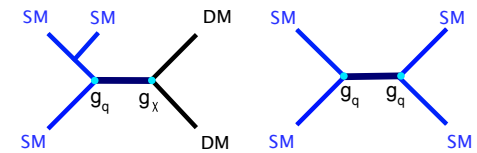


LHC Dark Matter Working Group
<https://arxiv.org/abs/arXiv:1703.05703>

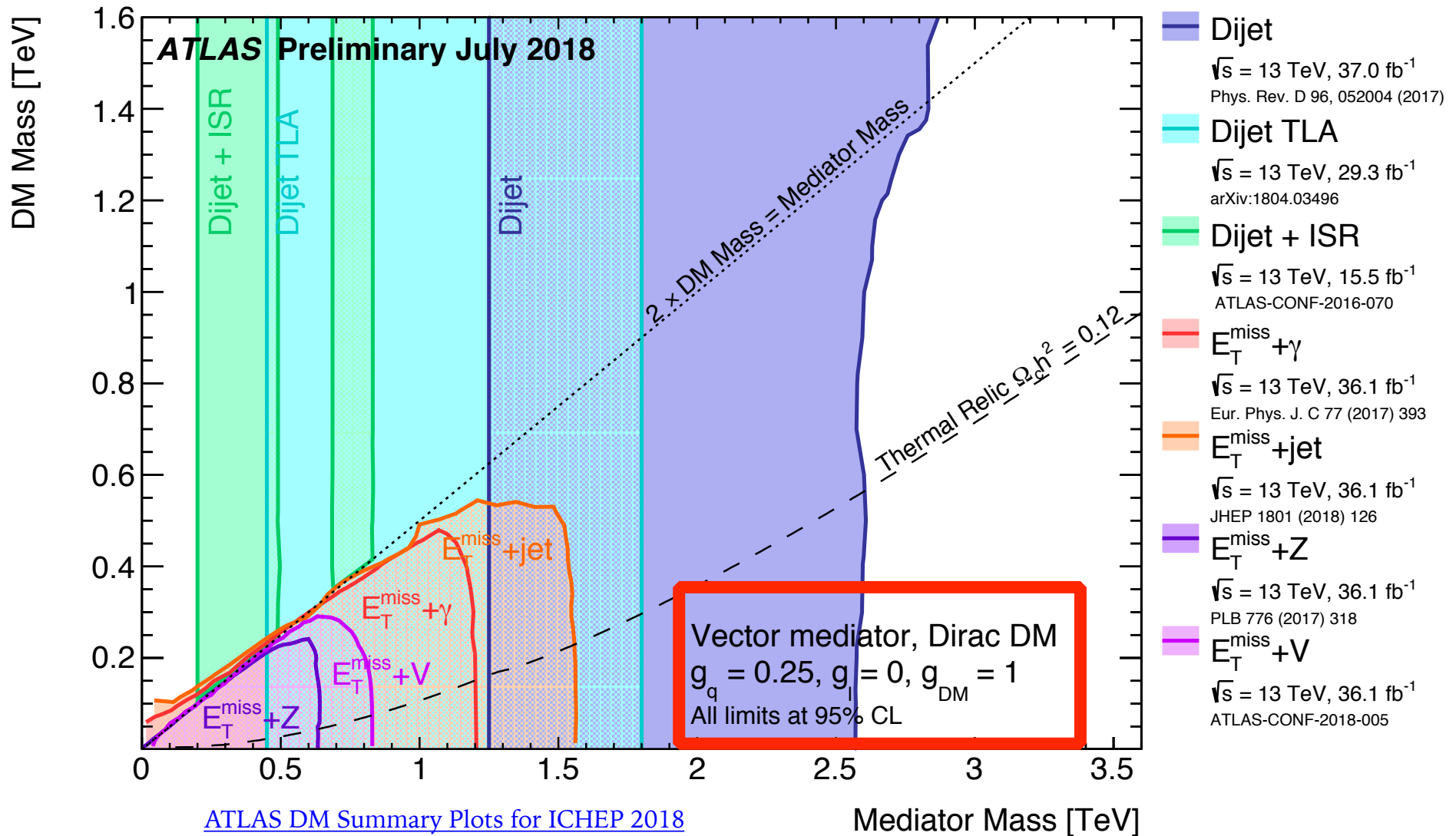


Collider strength for these models: searches for visible mediator decays

Visible/invisible DM searches

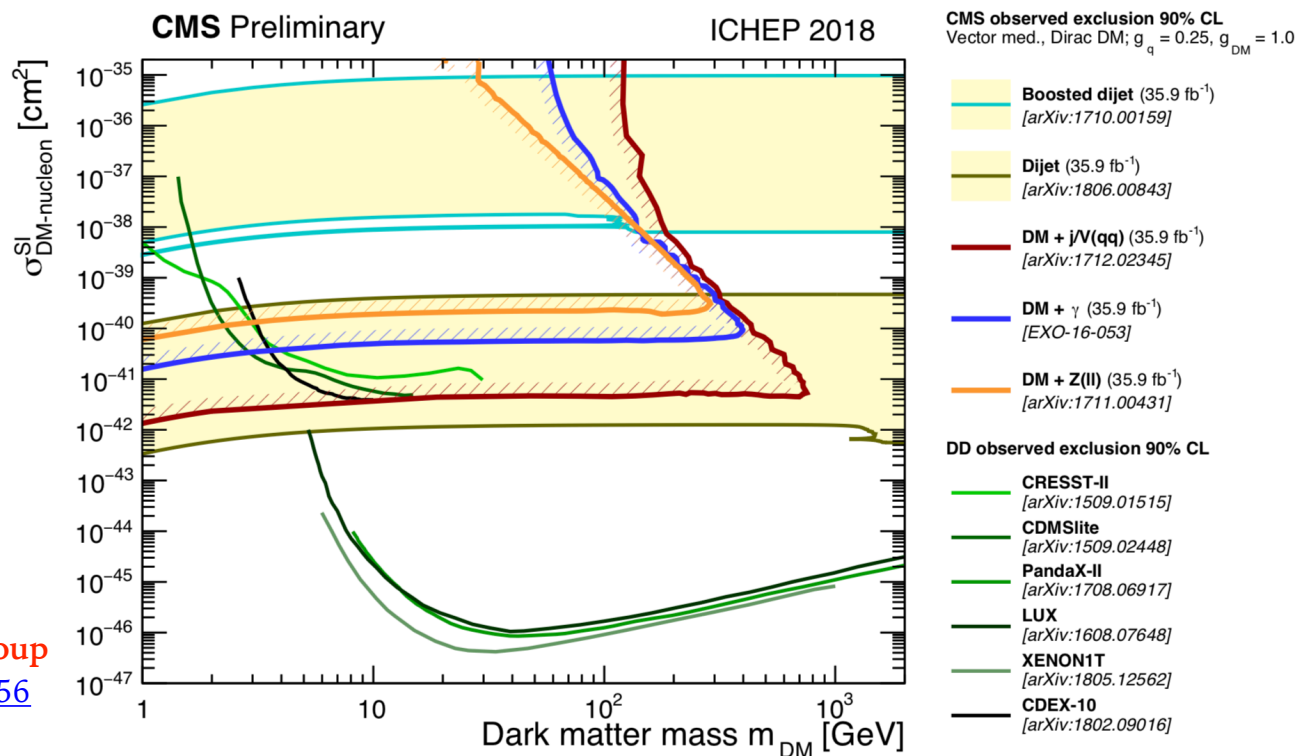
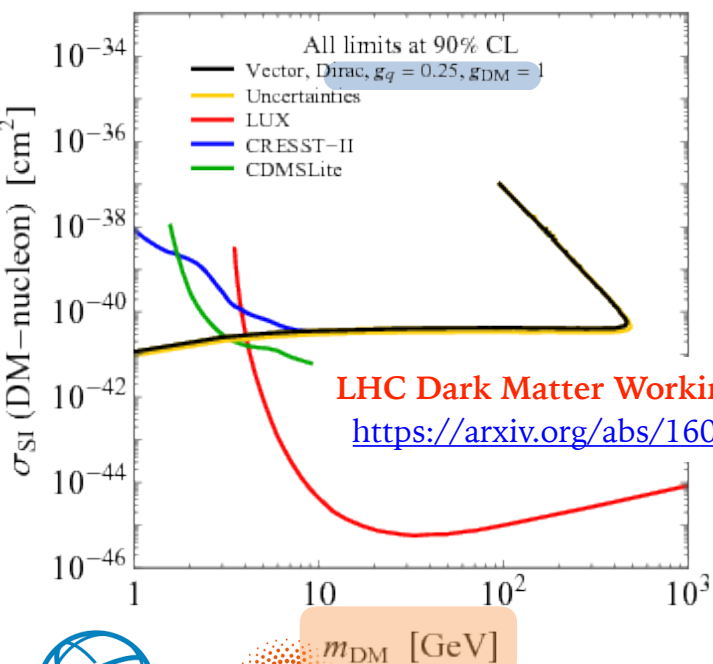
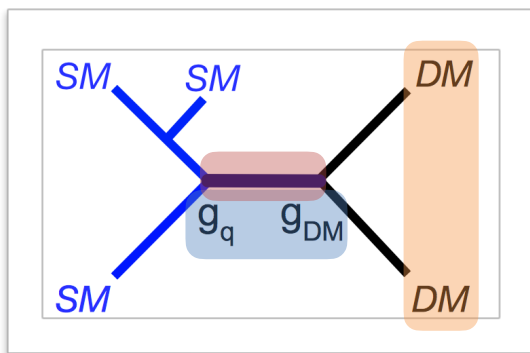


(only valid for these specific parameters of leptophobic vector mediators)



Complementarity of DM experiments

Comparisons are possible only in the context of a benchmark
Essential to **fully specify model/parameters**
and **be aware of limitations**

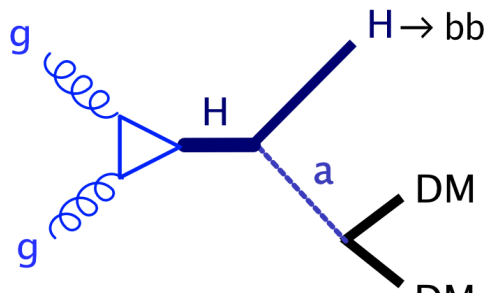


CMS Dark Matter Summary Plots for ICHEP 2018

More complex models: pseudo/scalars

Compelling searches with increase of LHC dataset involve **new particles interacting with DM**, alongside **Higgs boson**

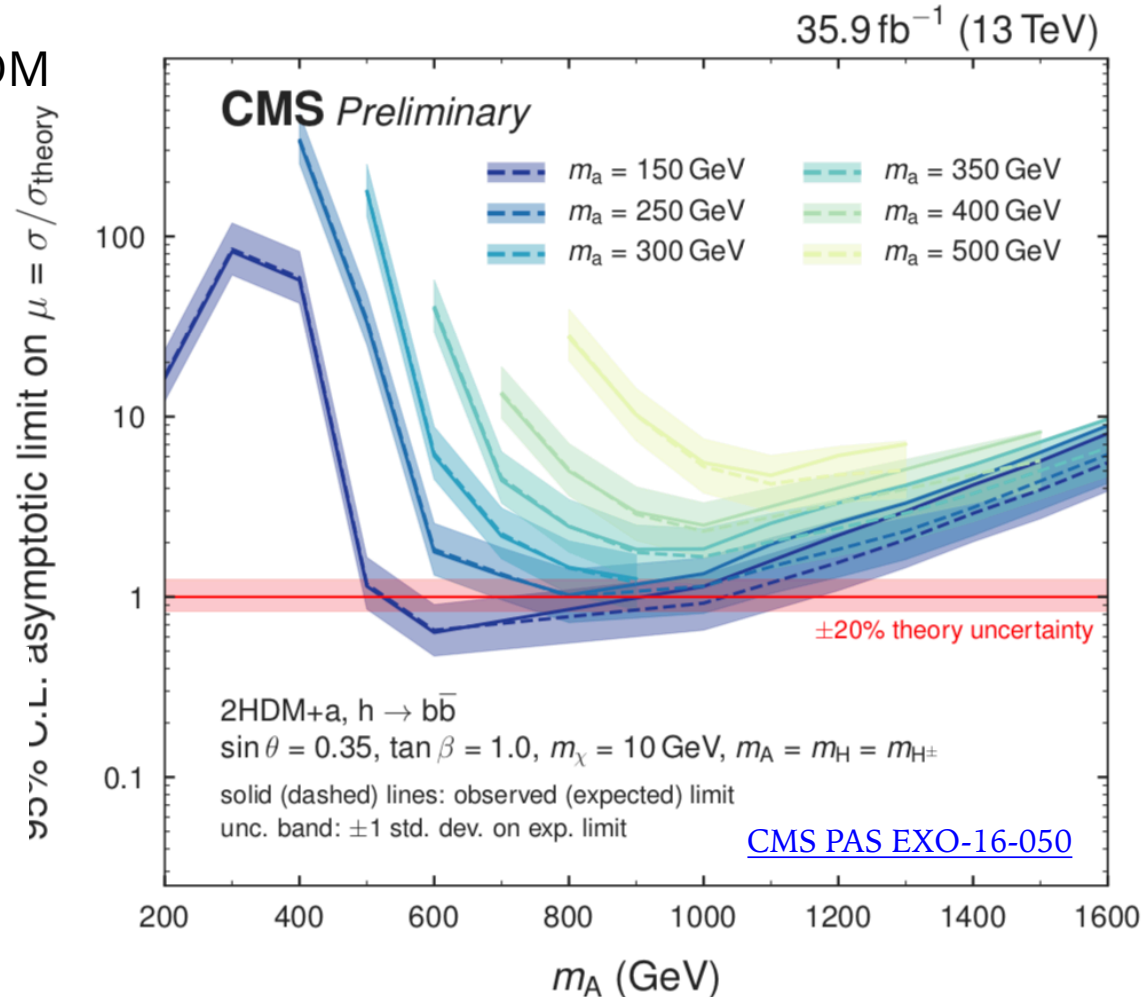
Example: pseudoscalar interacting with DM in a Two (2)-Higgs Doublet Model



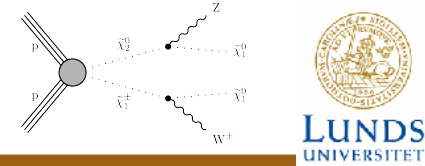
LHC Dark Matter Working Group
Whitepaper in preparation

Search for MET + two b-quarks
ATLAS / CMS
No excess observed yet

LHC dataset sufficient to start
being sensitive to this kind of processes



Highlights of SUSY EW searches



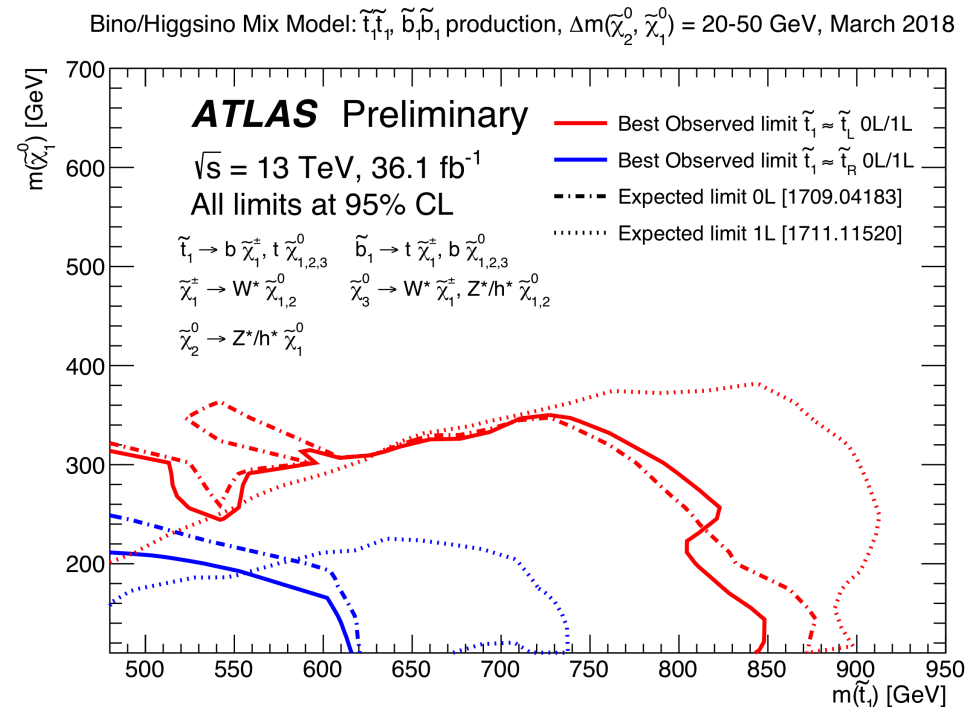
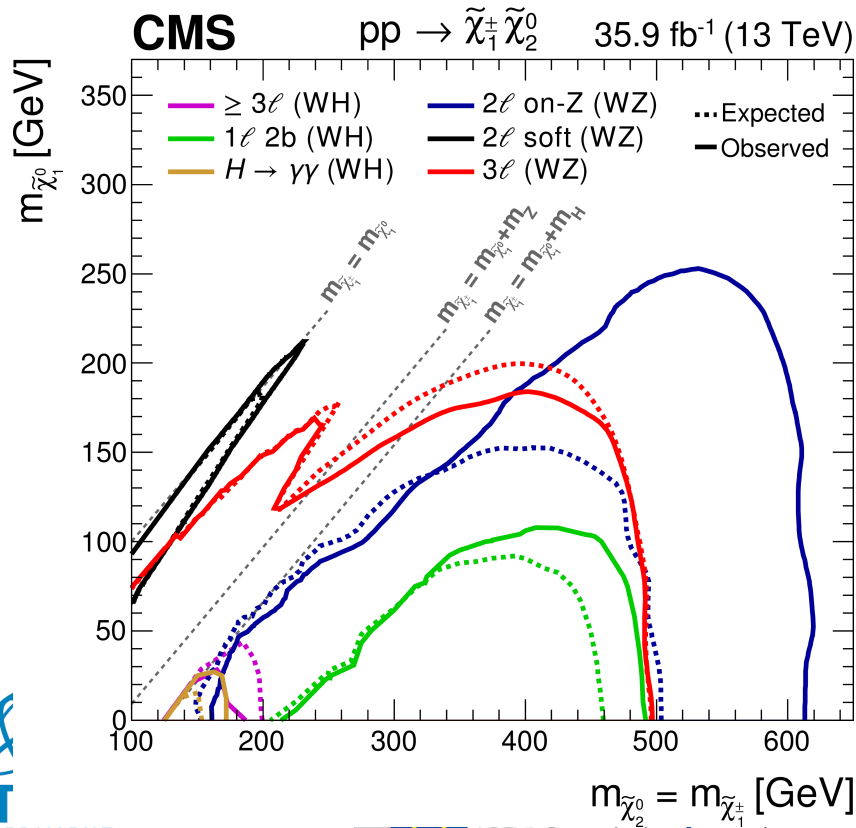
Among other desirable features, SUSY provides a dark matter candidate:
 the **stable, lightest supersymmetric particle**

Many SUSY production modes: examples of

low cross-sections from **electroweak production** that can be probed with LHC data
 and **3rd generation squarks** in models yielding **relic density**

[JHEP 03 \(2018\) 160](#)

[ATLAS SUSY Public Results](#)



Conclusions

- If DM interacts with SM particles,
it can be produced and detected at the LHC
- No excesses in ATLAS/CMS analyzed data so far
 - Constraints on a variety of benchmarks
- Outlook for LHC DM community (DM Working Group):
expanding beyond WIMP simplified models:
 - less simplified models (e.g. 2HDM)
 - dark sectors
- Only 1% of full LHC dataset analyzed so far
 - Current dataset will be tripled next year
 - Great chance to probe SM-DM interactions and rare processes

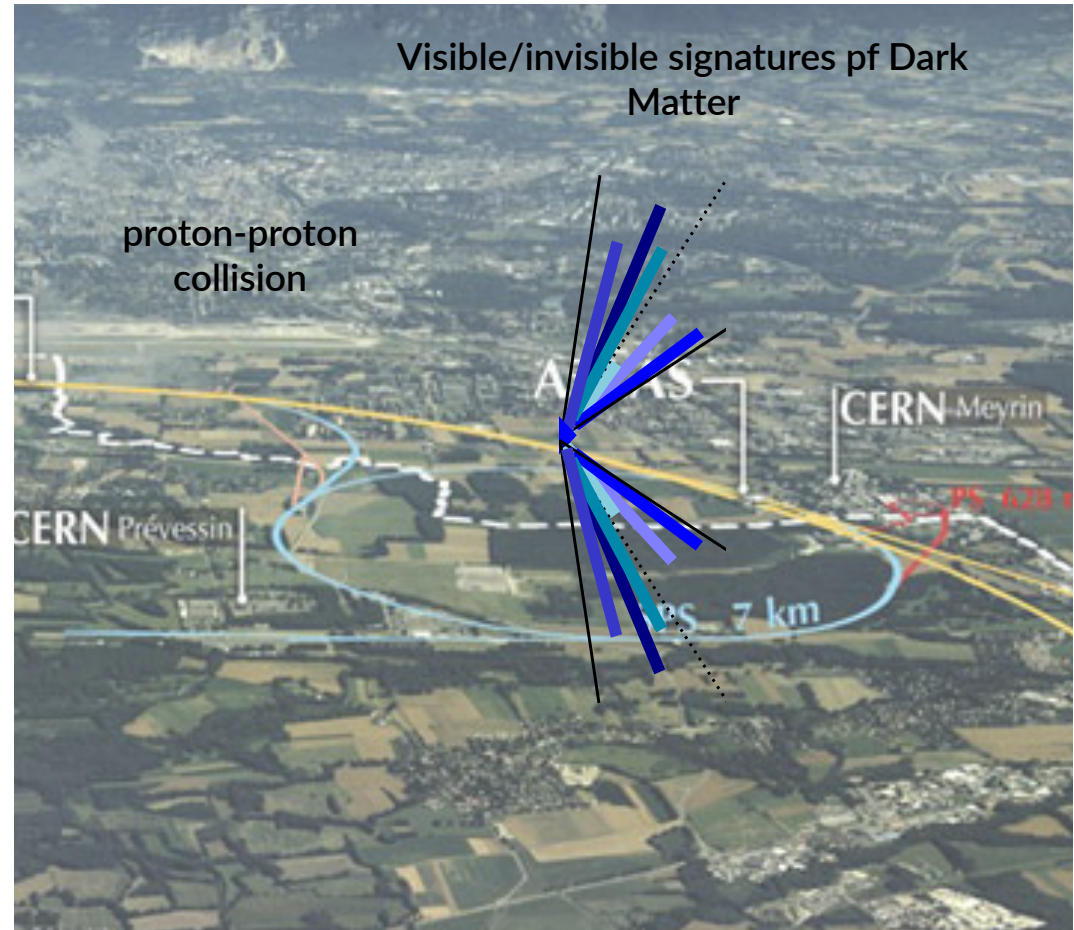
Backup slides

Dark Matter Working Group

ATLAS, CMS and theory, within LHC Physics Centre (LPCC)

- Mandate:

- Define guidelines and recommendations for the benchmark models, interpretation and characterisation for **broad and systematic DM searches at the LHC**
 - Example: agree on classes of benchmark models used for experimental searches
 - Example: improve tools available to the experiments, such as higher-precision calculations of signals/backgrounds
- **Connect with broader DM community** towards comprehensive understanding of viable dark matter models



Dark Matter Working Group

Summer 2015

<https://arxiv.org/abs/1507.00966>

[Dark Matter Forum] Reach consensus on a **common set of benchmark models** for ATLAS and CMS early Run-2 searches

Winter 2015

<https://arxiv.org/abs/1603.04156>

Within the framework of the DMF simplified models, **present results and compare** Direct Detection (DD) / Indirect Detection (ID) / collider searches

Winter 2016

<http://arxiv.org/abs/1703.05703>

Agree on how to **present searches for mediators** of DM interactions in visible decays together with searches to DM particles, add lepton couplings to DMF benchmark models

Spring 2017

<https://arxiv.org/abs/1705.04664>

Arrive at a joint **estimation of theory uncertainties** for *precision DM searches* at colliders (e.g. mono-jet)

Spring 2018

In preparation

Develop **scalar sector** and **colored scalar** benchmark models

Current topics

Connect **dark boson models** to **existing benchmarks** and **cosmology**

You're welcome to join and help define DM searches at the LHC!

http://lpsc.web.cern.ch/lpsc/index.php?page=dm_wg

mailing lists lhc-dmwg@cern.ch / lhc-dmwg-contributors@cern.ch at <https://e-groups.cern.ch>



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European Union funding
for Research & Innovation



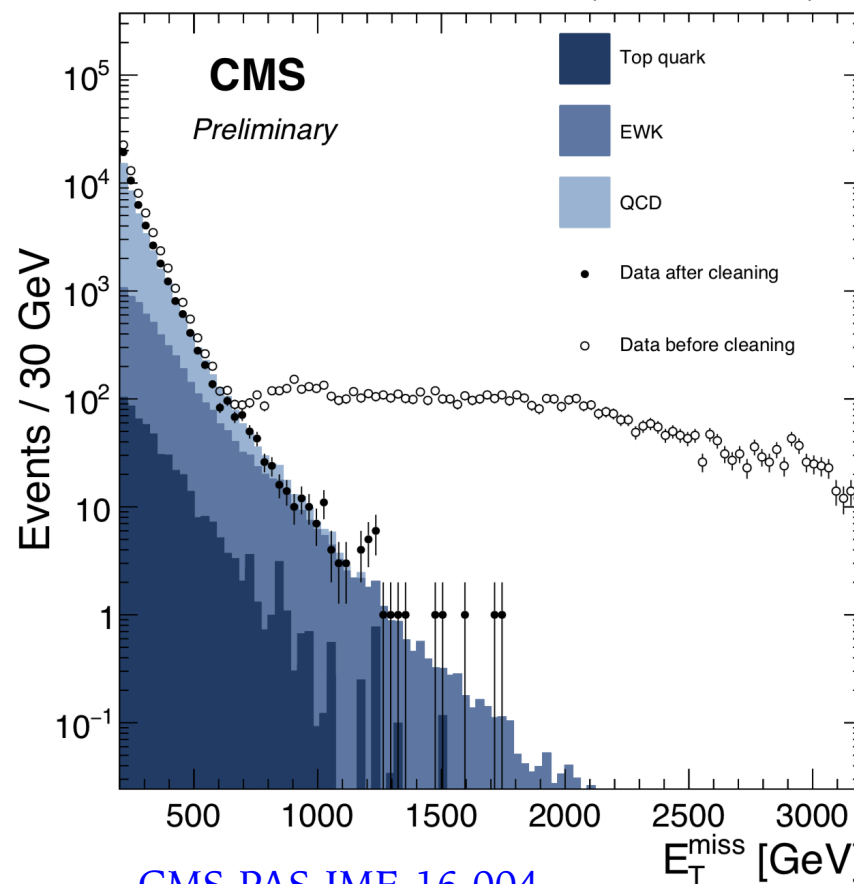
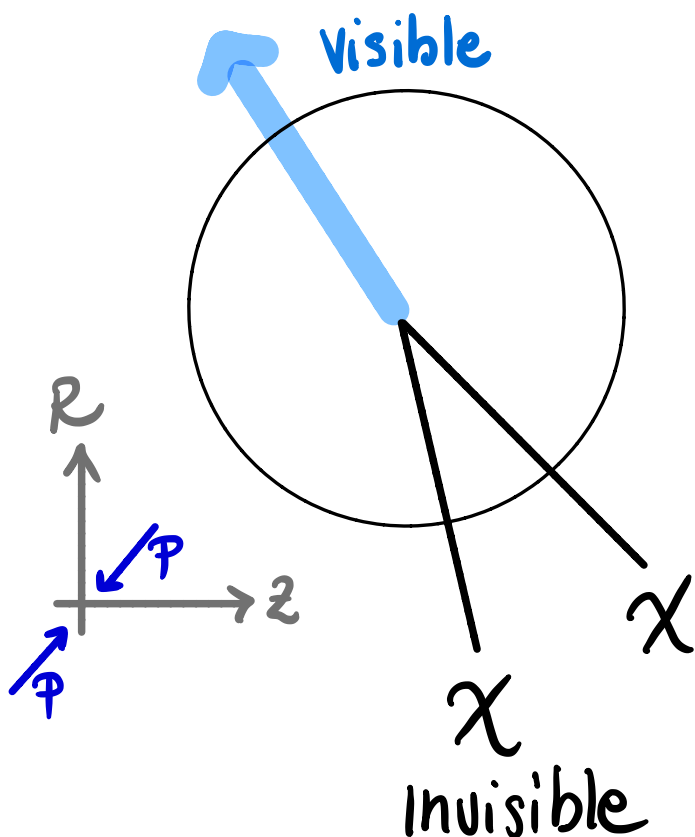
Looking for invisible particles at the LHC

Signature of invisible particles
(like Dark Matter):

missing transverse momentum (E_T^{miss})

Good performance of
missing transverse
momentum crucial for
DM searches
e.g. reject fake E_T^{miss}

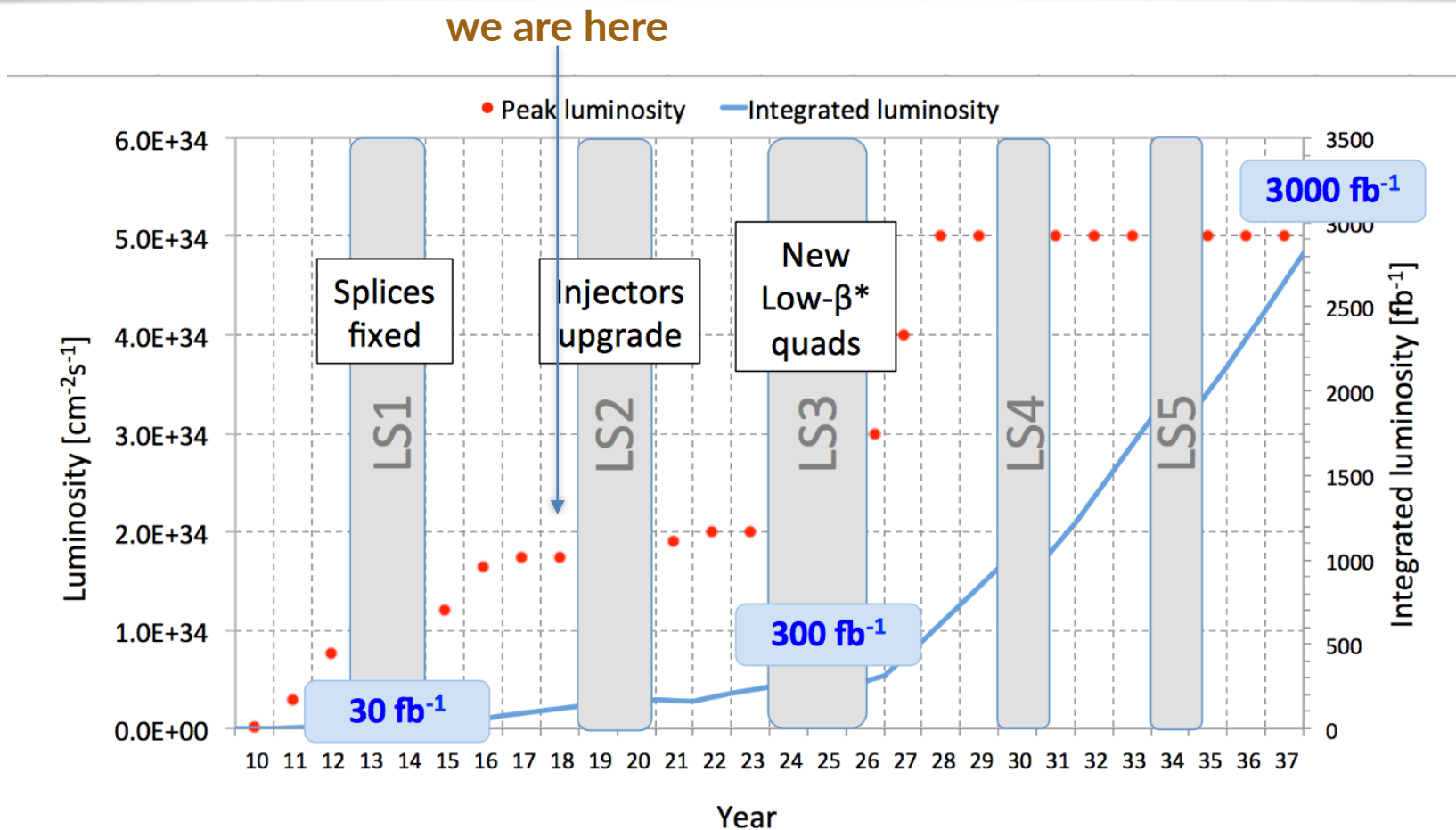
12.9 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV, 2016)



[CMS-PAS-JME-16-004](#)

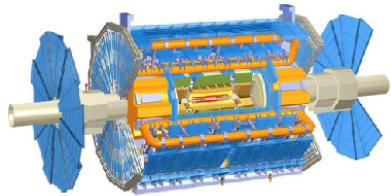
The future of the LHC

The exploration of the energy frontier has just started



LHC is highest-E, highest-L operational collider → full exploitation ($\sqrt{s} \sim 14 \text{ TeV}$, 3000 fb^{-1}) is mandatory: FG EPS 15

Triggering in LHC experiments



Trigger event reconstruction

Trigger Decision
Keep the event?

only if trigger passed

Full event reconstruction

Main stream

Standard data analysis

Partial (HLT-only)
event reconstruction

Special trigger
analysis stream

Analysis with trigger objects

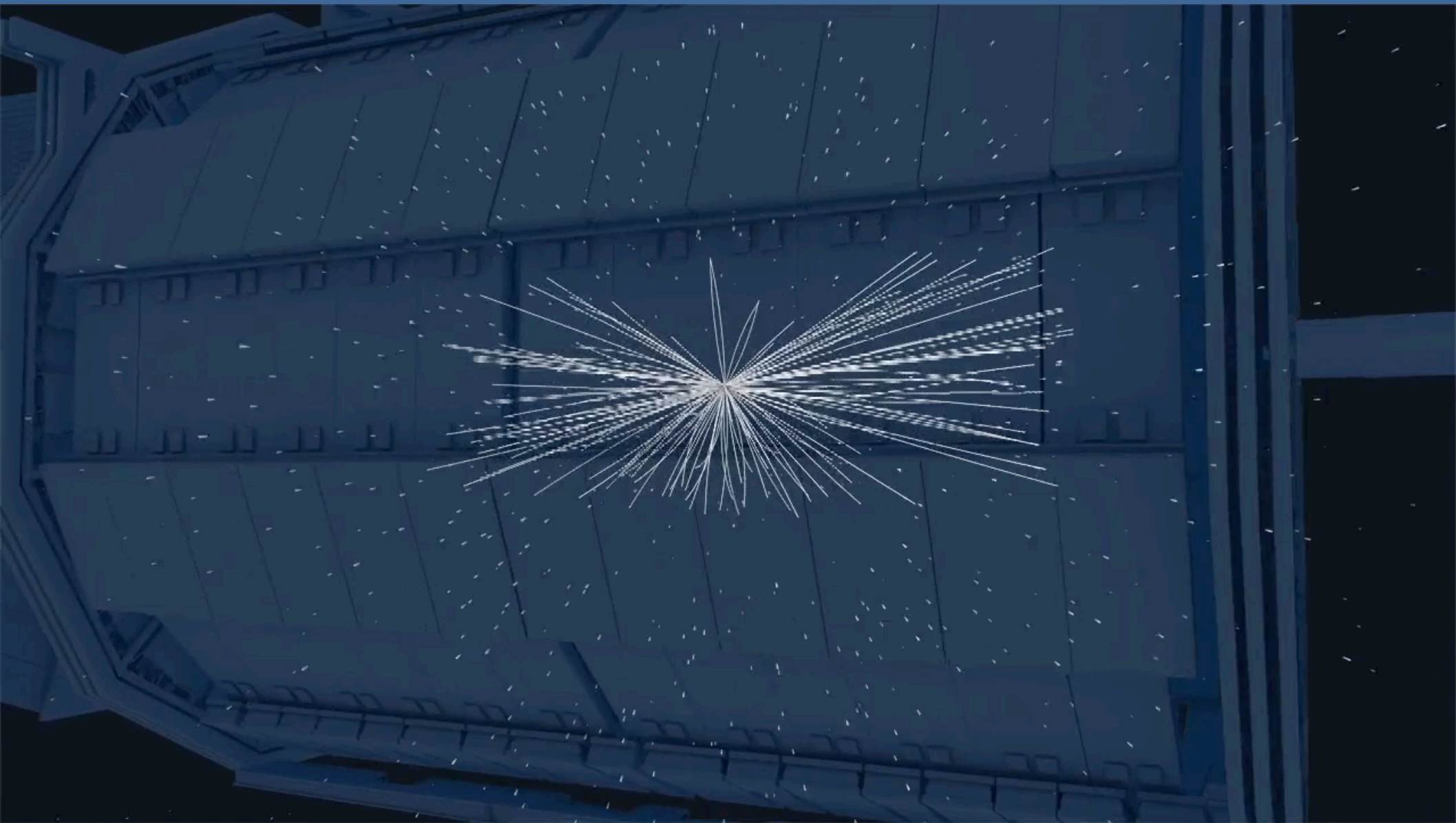
In any case

LHCb/ATLAS/CMS:
~same reconstruction
software and inputs
online and offline
(**ALICE:** planned upgrade)

LHCb: buffering data on
disk allows for precise
detector alignment
and calibration

Video: triggering and processing data

CERN-MOVIE-2013-041-001

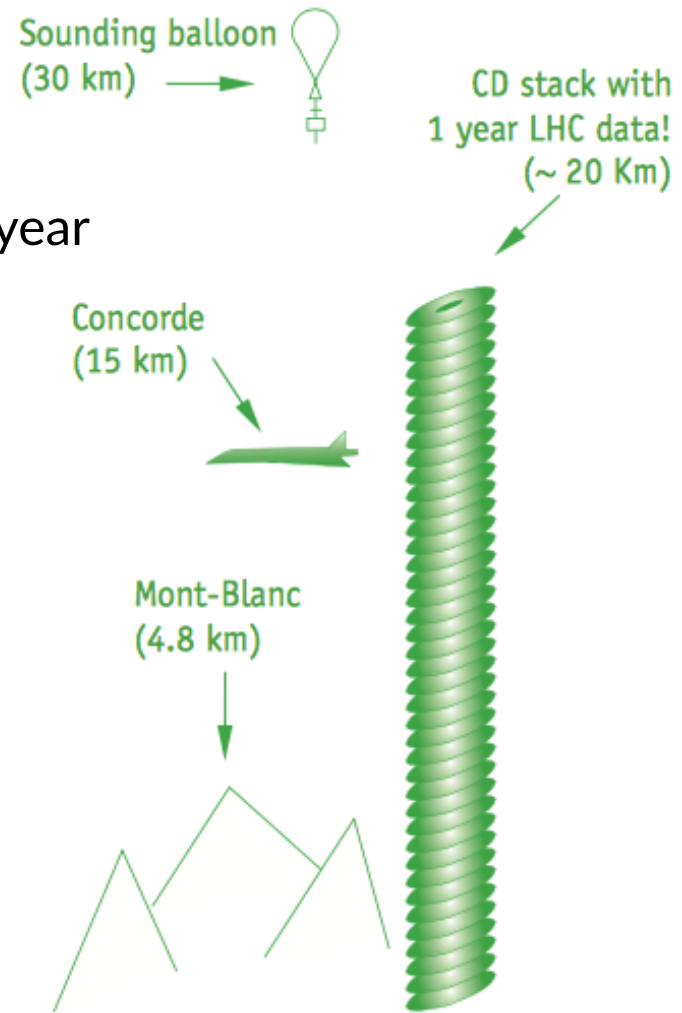


Why do LHC experiments *trigger*?

- LHC: if everything was recorded...
 - up to 40 million collisions/second (MHz)
 - 1-1.5 MB/data per collision
 - 40 MHz * 1 MB = 40 TB/s
 - 40 TB/s * 10e+6 s/year (day & night) = 0.05 ZB/year
- Facebook:
 - 600 TB/day ~ 200 PB/year [[Facebook 2014](#)]
 - “There’s always a bigger fish”
[C. Tull’s talk @ siRTDM18]

LHC experiments need to:

1. frequently **process** all data, fast
(this includes calibrating and aligning the detectors!)
2. **select** only interesting events
(**problem**: we don’t yet know what **interesting** means)



(after selecting interesting events)

Parallels with astrophysics - I

C. Fitzpatrick

The trigger



...or how to drink from a firehose

LHCb
THCP

- Flavour
- Introduction
- LHCb
- γ tests the SM
- β_B with $D_s D_s^*$
- The trigger**
- Conclusions

C. Fitzpatrick
March 30, 2017

EPFL
ÉCOLE POLYTECHNIQUE
FÉDÉRALE DE LAUSANNE
26 / 39

E. Bellm - LSST talk at siRTDM18

Are we building a firehose?

A photograph of a person standing on a wooden pier or dock, holding a blue firehose and spraying a large, powerful jet of water. The background shows a body of water and green trees.

Eric Bellm

View Options

Home Manage Participants Share Screen Chat Record Unmute Rooms

The LHC is also a data firehose!



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C. Doglioni - 27/08/2018 - TeVPA 2018, Berlin



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Parallels with astrophysics - II

LSST/IceCube/AMON... spots interesting event

Triggers a follow-up with other instruments

Limited resource: follow-up instrument time

Cost of not following up: missing information for interesting transient

LHC experiment: spots interesting event

Triggers the recording of the event for further analysis

Limited resource: data-taking bandwidth

(among many others, e.g. computing resources...)

Cost of not recording: event (or category of events) is lost and costs \$\$\$\$ to recreate



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European Union funding
for Research & Innovation

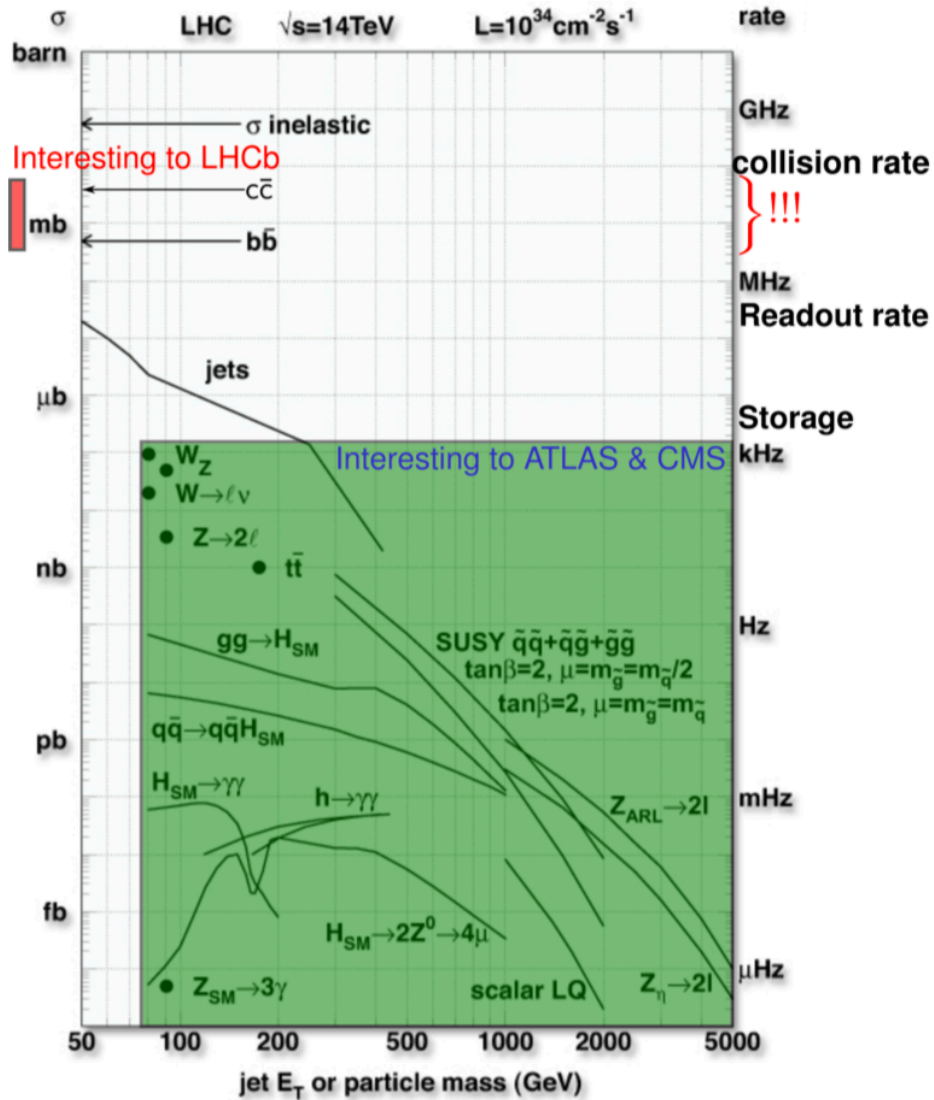
C. Doglioni - 27/08/2018 - TeVPA 2018, Berlin



LUND
UNIVERSITY

What is interesting?

J. Stirling / C. Fitzpatrick



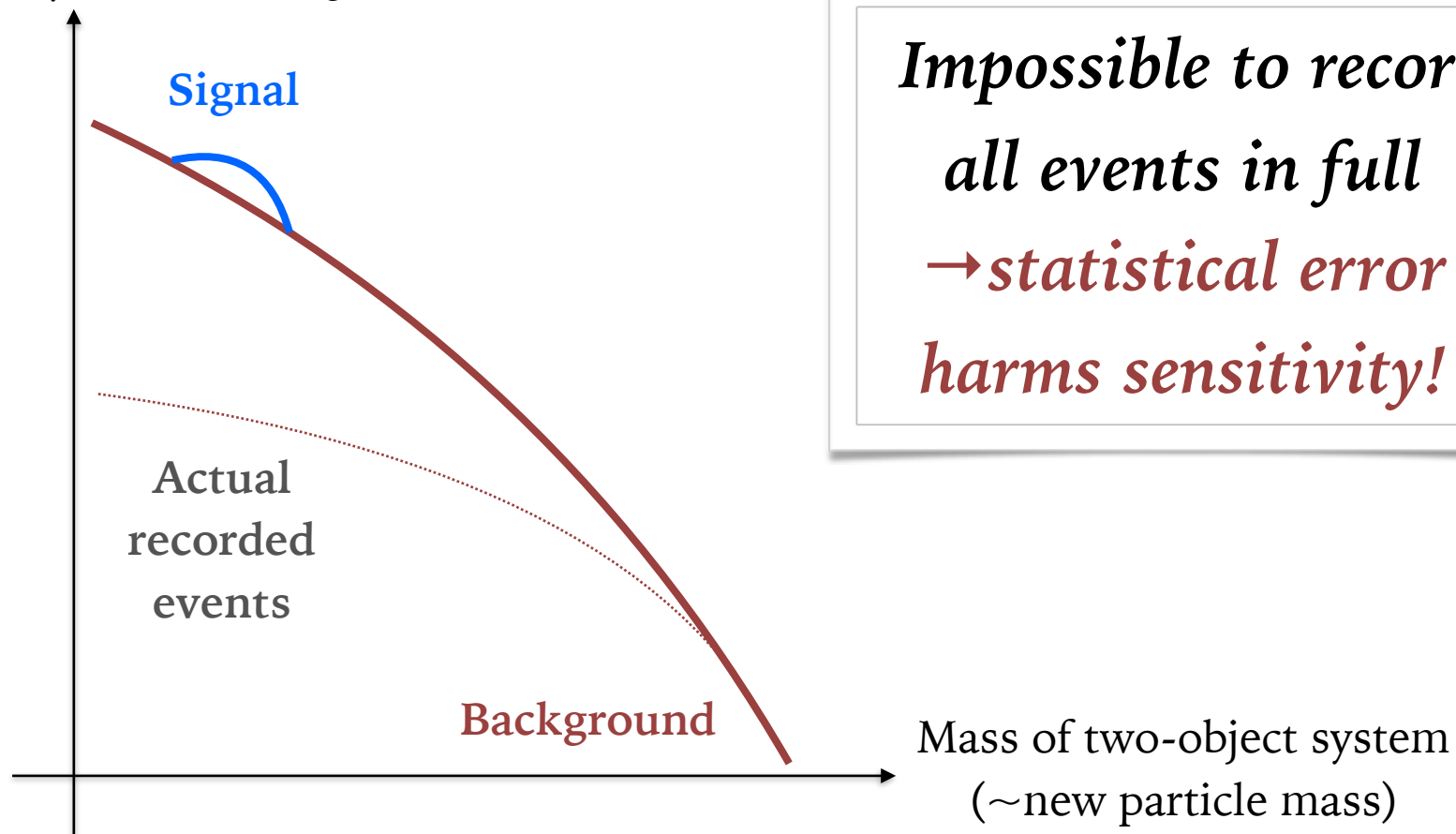
Number of expected events = luminosity * cross-section

Problem (to be discussed later):
what if we aim to discover
a new rare process
that looks like one of those
high-rate backgrounds?

Signals vs backgrounds

Main challenge for resonance searches: large backgrounds and signal that looks very much like background

Number of events produced by the LHC (log scale)



*Impossible to record all events in full
→ statistical error harms sensitivity!*

A paradigm change

Asynchronous data analysis
(all raw data recorded, then analyzed)

- ❌ output: large (all detector information)
- ❌ current “interesting” thresholds not sustainable at high luminosities
- ✅ allows for offline analysis as refined as possible

“keep only the science content”
LCLS-II data flow, talk by A. Perazzo

“Real-time” data analysis
(data is reconstructed/analyzed right after being recorded, so that only final-state objects can be stored, if needed)

- ✅ output: small (only high-level objects)
- ✅ collects more data using less storage
- ❌ requires more “online” computing power
- ❌ can’t go back and re-reconstruct (no info)

How to record more data for less

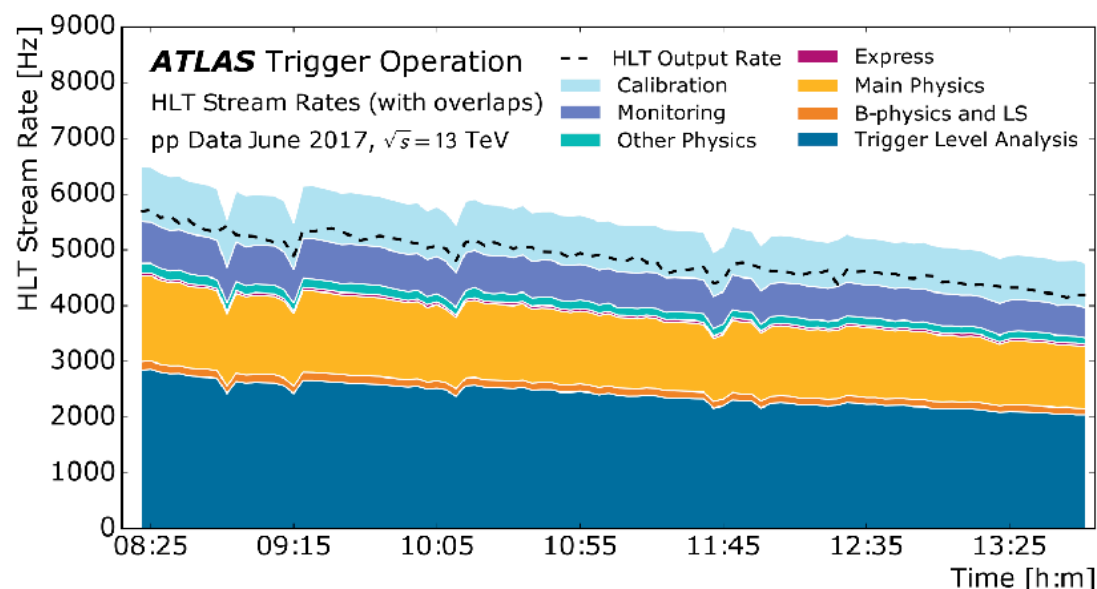
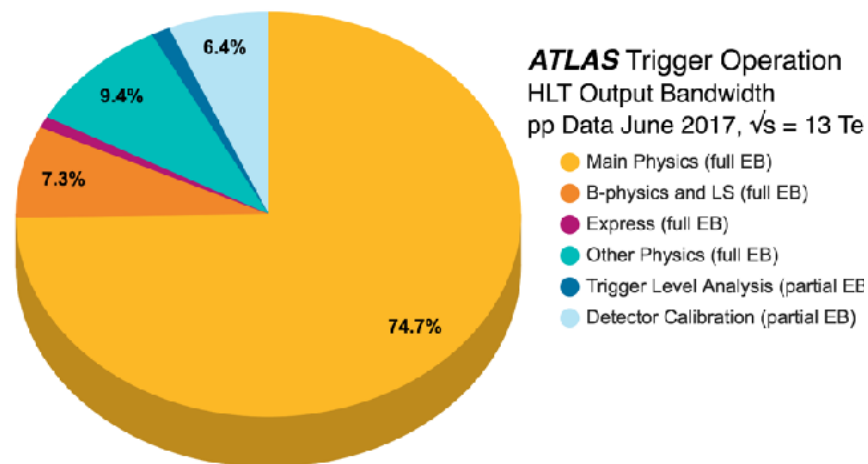
(LHCb: Turbo Stream, CMS: Data Scouting, ATLAS: Trigger-Level Analysis (TLA))

Record only necessary information for jet search: **jets**

Use information already available to make the decision: **trigger jets**

Event size reduced to $\ll 5\%$
of fully recorded event

Reduced size -> increase number
of events that can be recorded



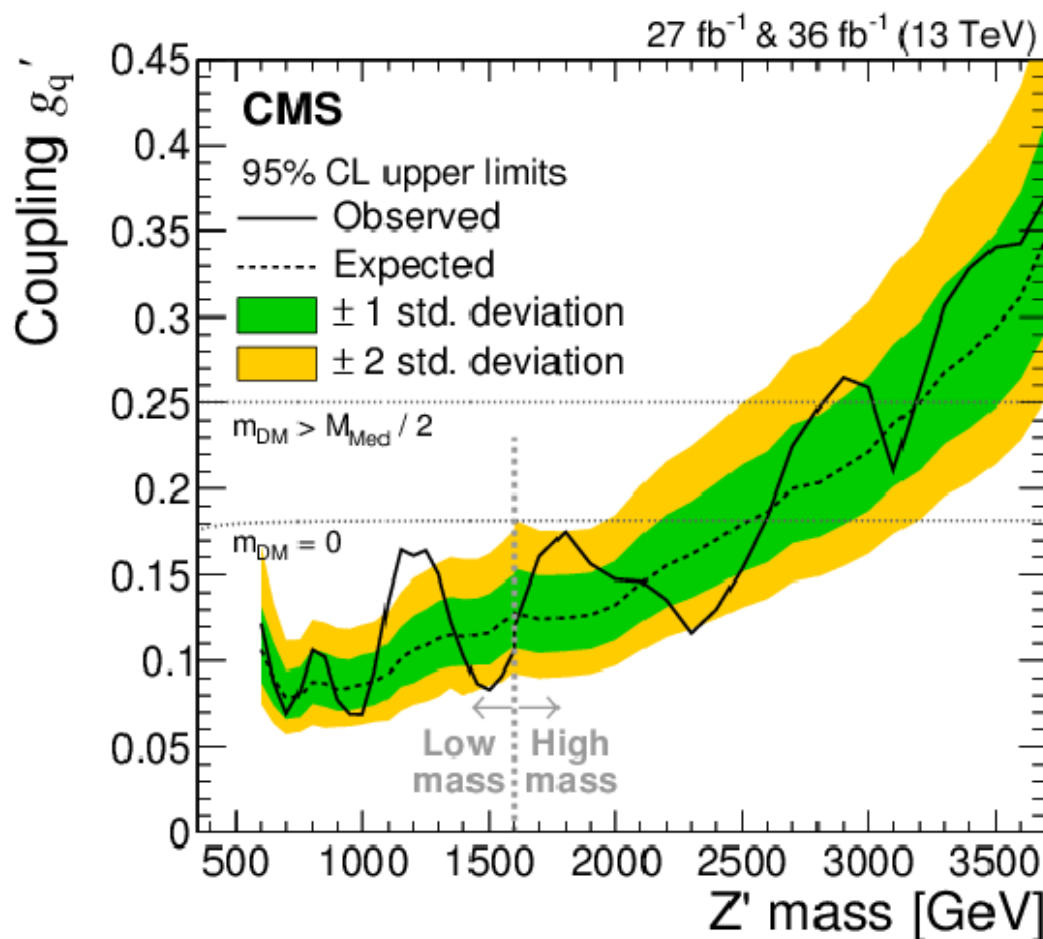
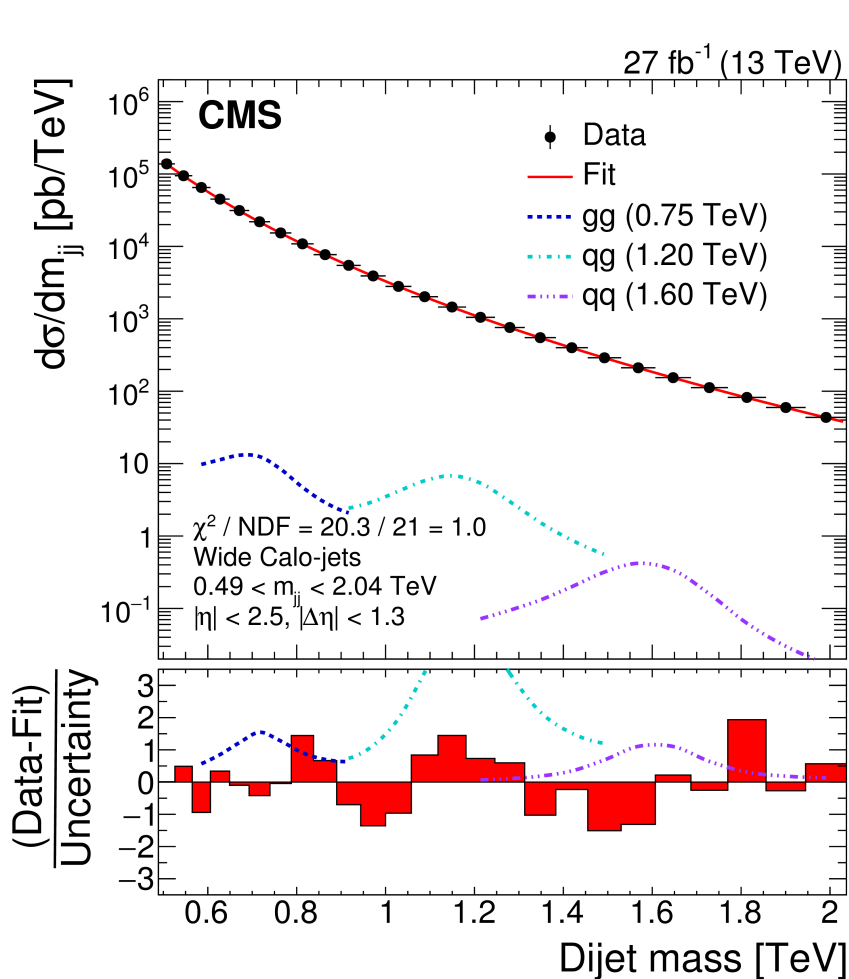
Other ways to get to low masses (beyond +ISR, +VBF):
prescaled triggers/data parking/delayed stream

CMS Data Scouting: low-mass resonances

Dark matter leptophobic mediators decaying to dijets:
 very **large background**, cannot record all data

→ use trigger objects to discover new resonances with large SM backgrounds

<https://arxiv.org/abs/1806.00843>

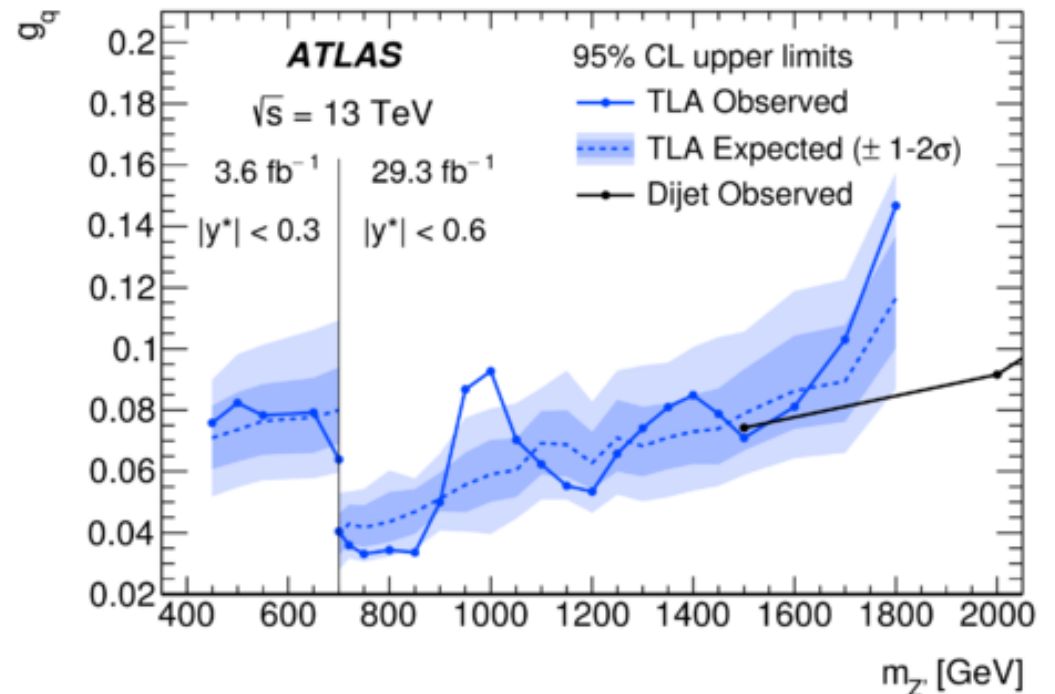
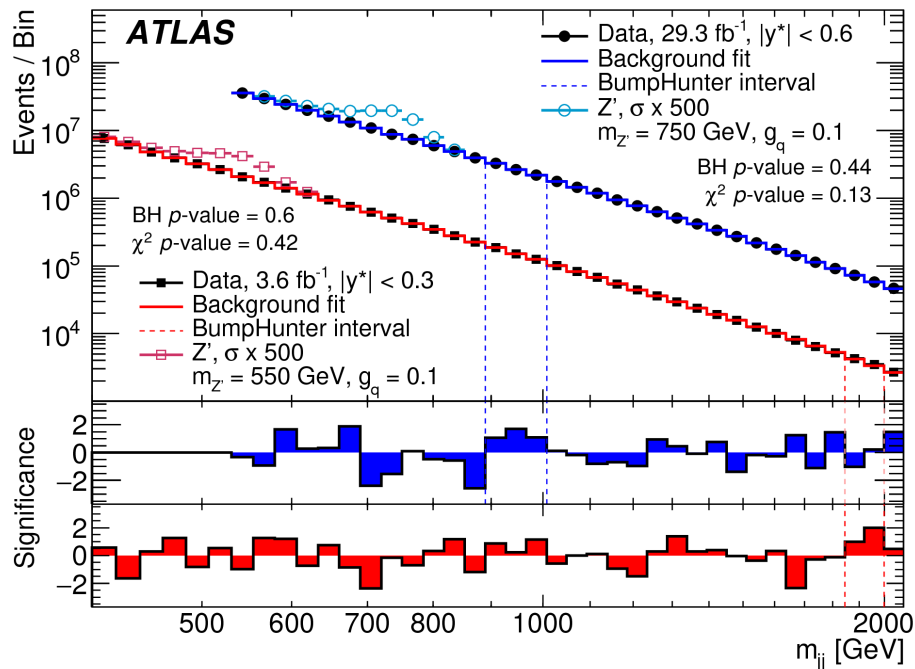


ATLAS TLA: low-mass resonances

Dark matter leptophobic mediators decaying to dijets:
 very **large background**, cannot record all data

→ use trigger objects to discover new resonances with large SM backgrounds

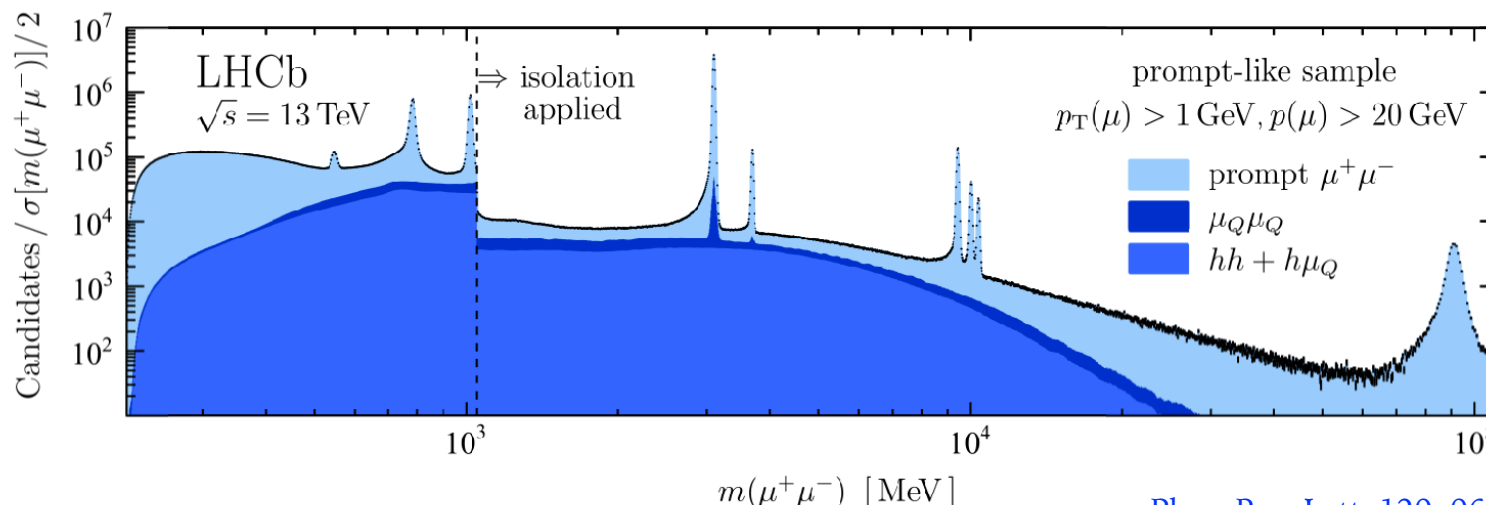
[Phys. Rev. Lett. 121 \(2018\) 081801](#)



LHCb turbo stream: dark boson search

Dark bosons decaying to dimuons: same principle as dijets
 very **large background** but good **mass resolution** online

→ use trigger objects to discover new resonances with large SM backgrounds



[Phys. Rev. Lett. 120, 061801 \(2018\)](#)

lower rate of events

