



# SEARCH FOR THE STERILE NEUTRINO WITH STEREO: ENERGY RECONSTRUCTION

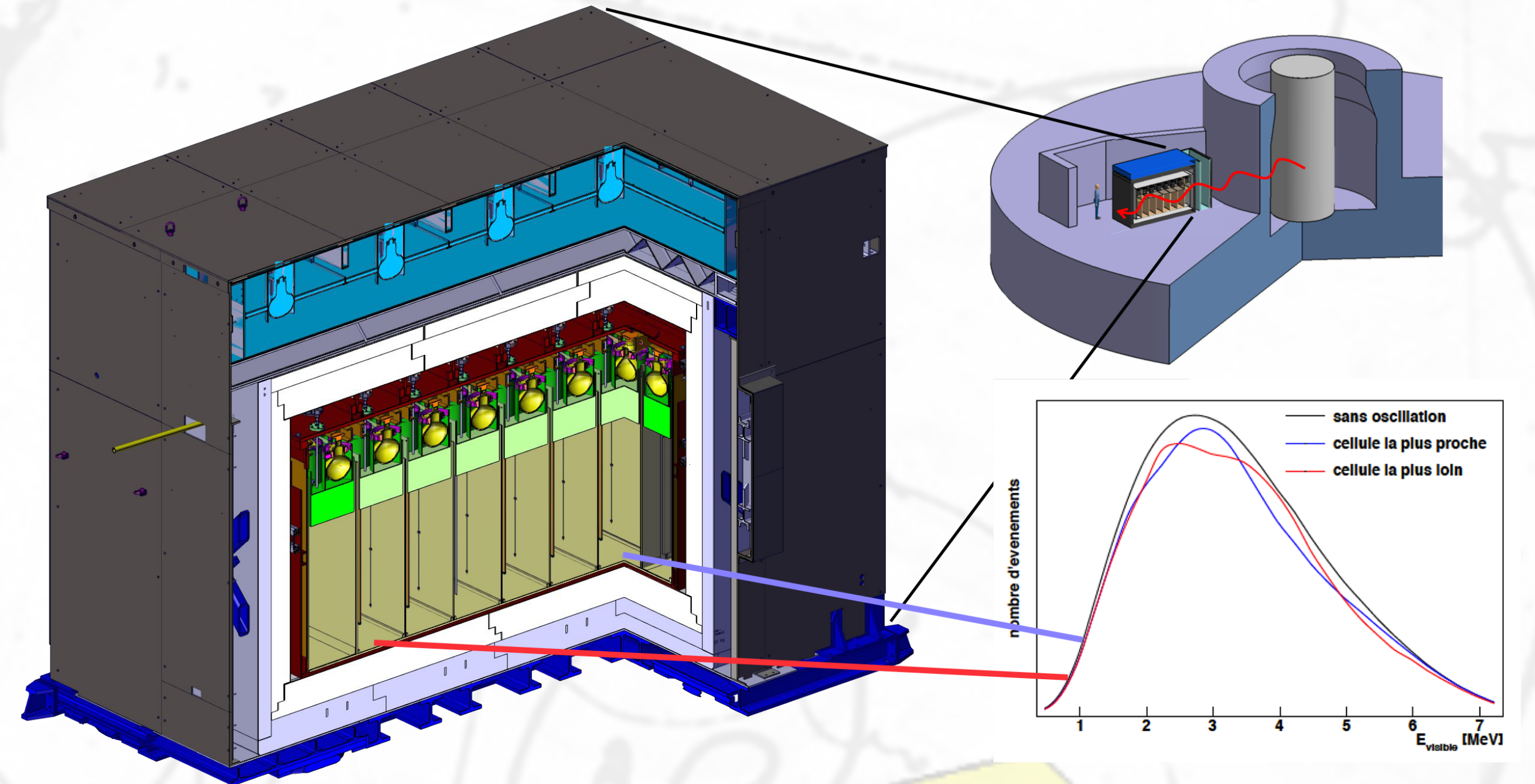
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## THE STEREO EXPERIMENT

Stereo aims at measuring neutrino spectra at several distance from the reactor core. A clear pattern of oscillation would head toward the hypothesis of a new sterile neutrino flavor, solving the Reactor Antineutrino Anomaly (RAA). Two key aspects required for the experiments are :

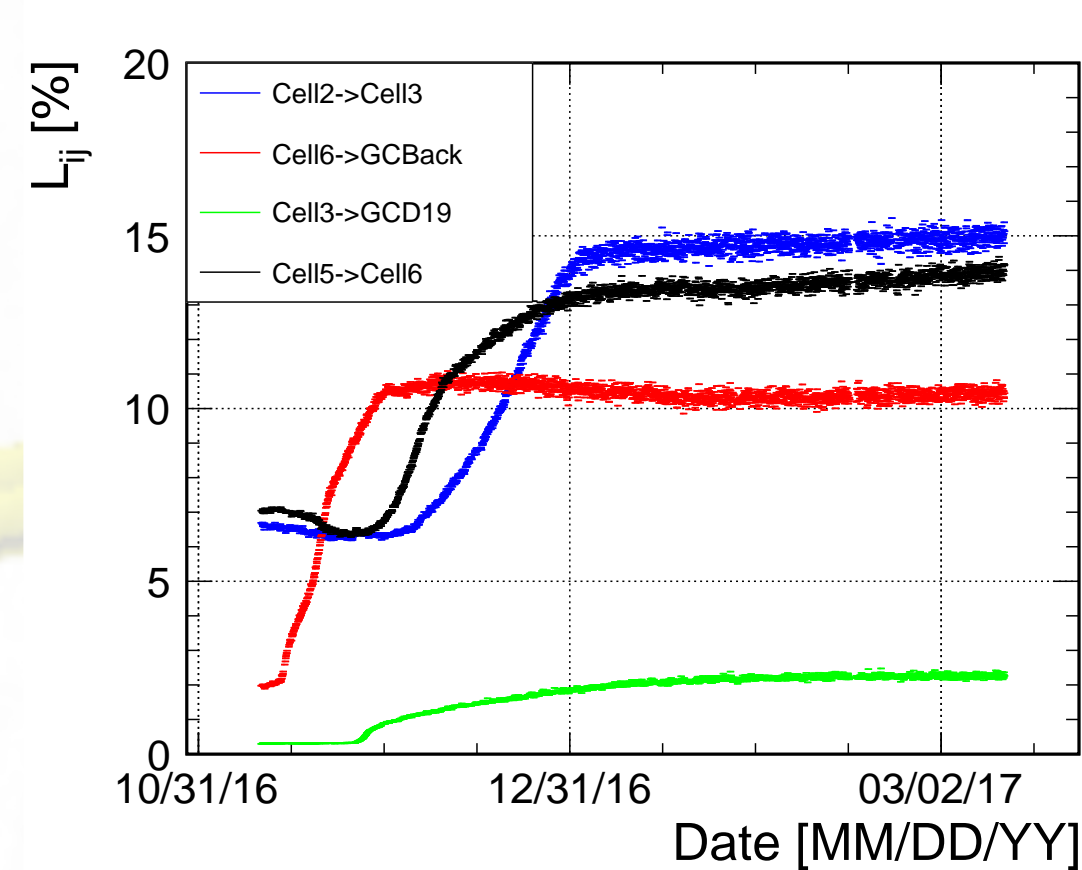
- Accurate knowledge of detector's response
- Efficient topology cuts for background rejection



## MOTIVATIONS

Phase-I of data taking have presented two challenges regarding energy reconstruction :

- Deals with different light collection efficiency for each cell
- Mitigate significant variations of the detector's response due light leaks evolution

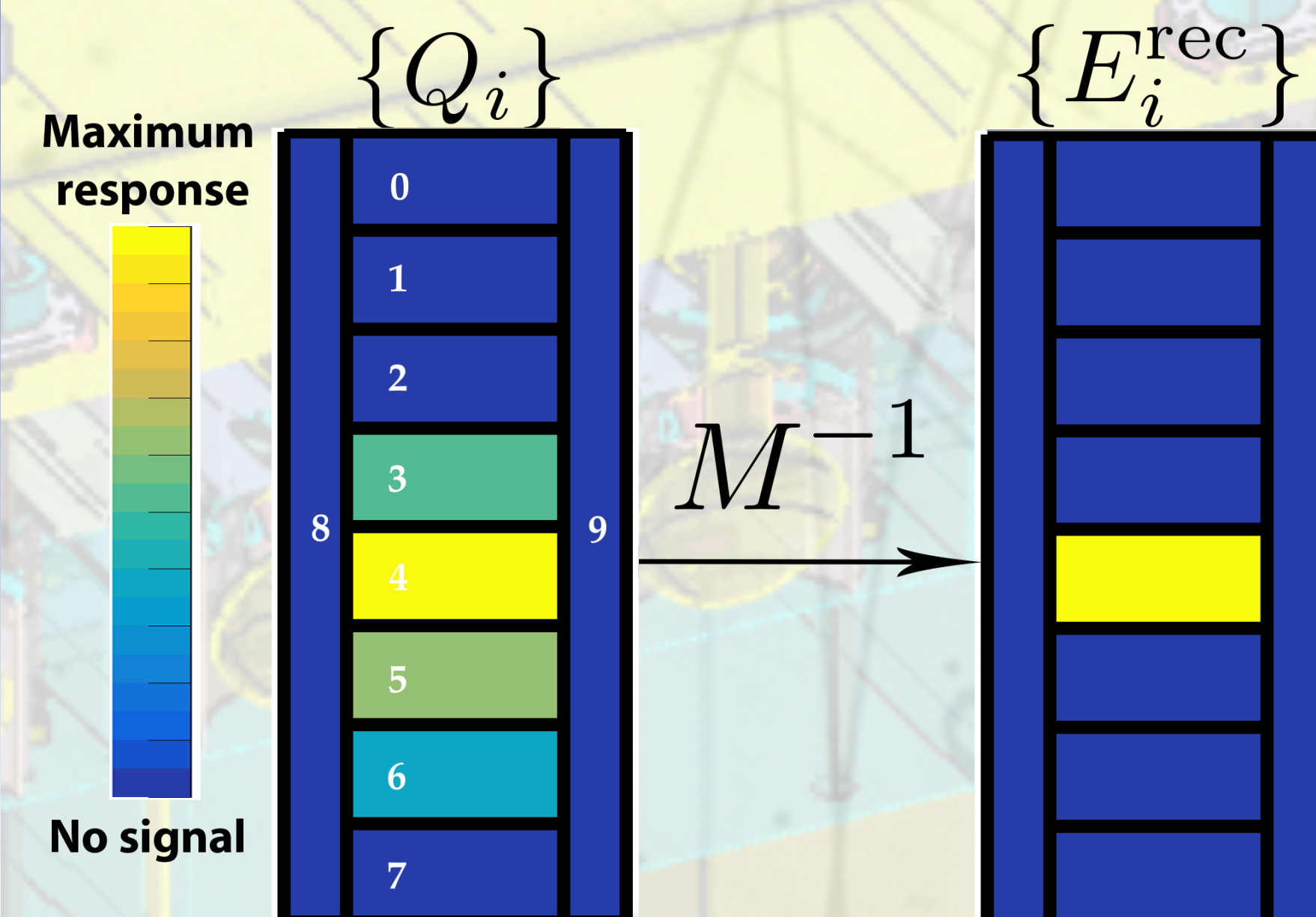


Calibration coefficients  $C_i$  and light leaks  $L_{ij}$  have been measured three times a week to keep track of the detector response.

## METHOD

We used a matrix formalism to reconstruct events energy :

$$Q_j = \sum_{i=\text{cells}} E_i C_i L_{ij} = \sum_{i=\text{cells}} E_i M_{ij}.$$



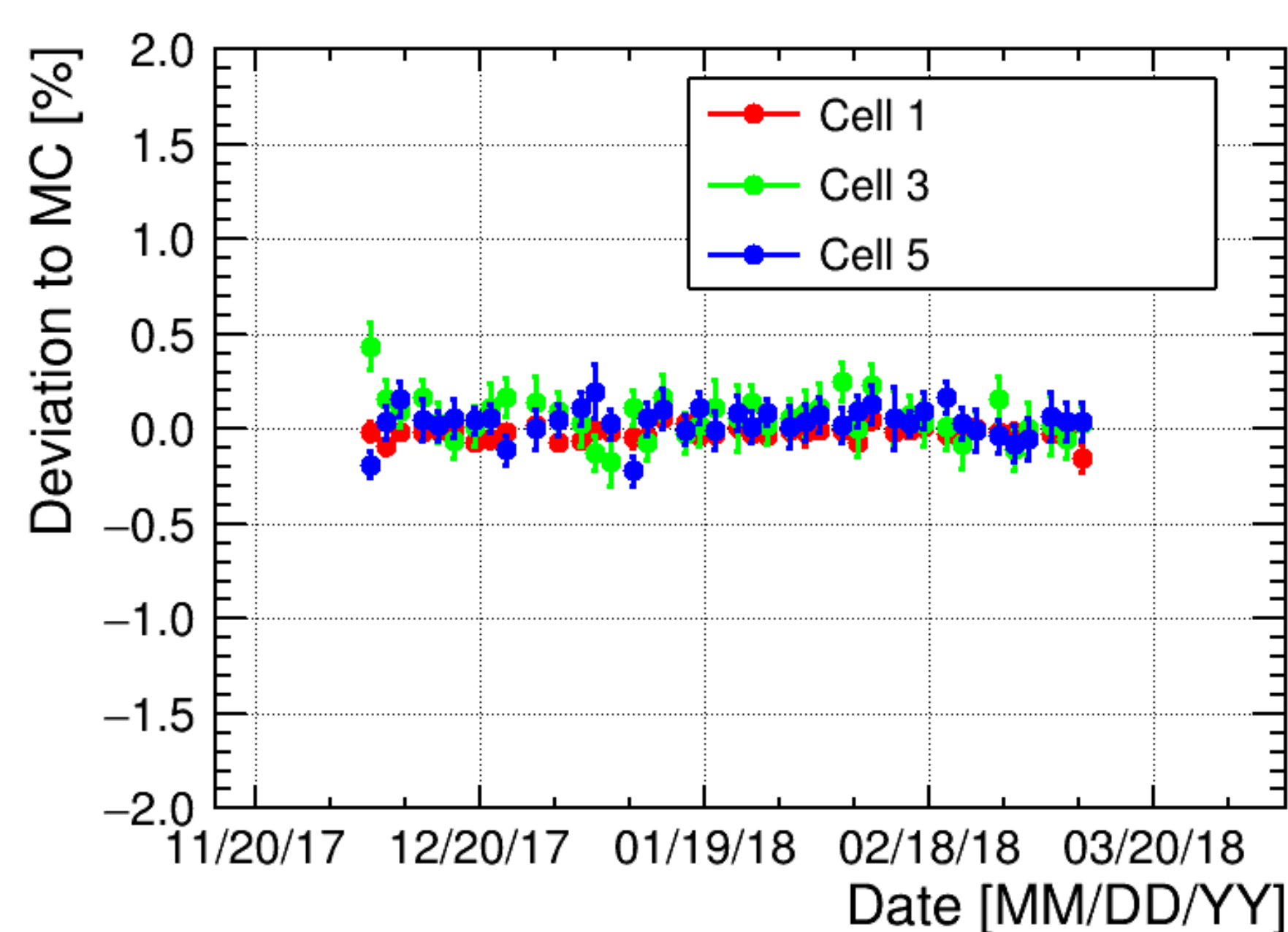
## FINE TUNING

1. Using 835 keV gammas from  $^{54}\text{Mn}$  source, deployed at 5 different heights in 3 cells for phase 1 and 5 for phase 2
2. Start from first order  $C_i$  and  $L_{ij}$
3. Raw selection of full E deposition ( $E^{\text{neigh.}} < 100$  keV)
4. Using reference  $E^{\text{ref}}$  built from the true deposited energy of the MC and convolved by the detector resolution
5. Measure reconstructed energy shifts and correct  $C_i$  and  $L_{ij}$  iteratively :

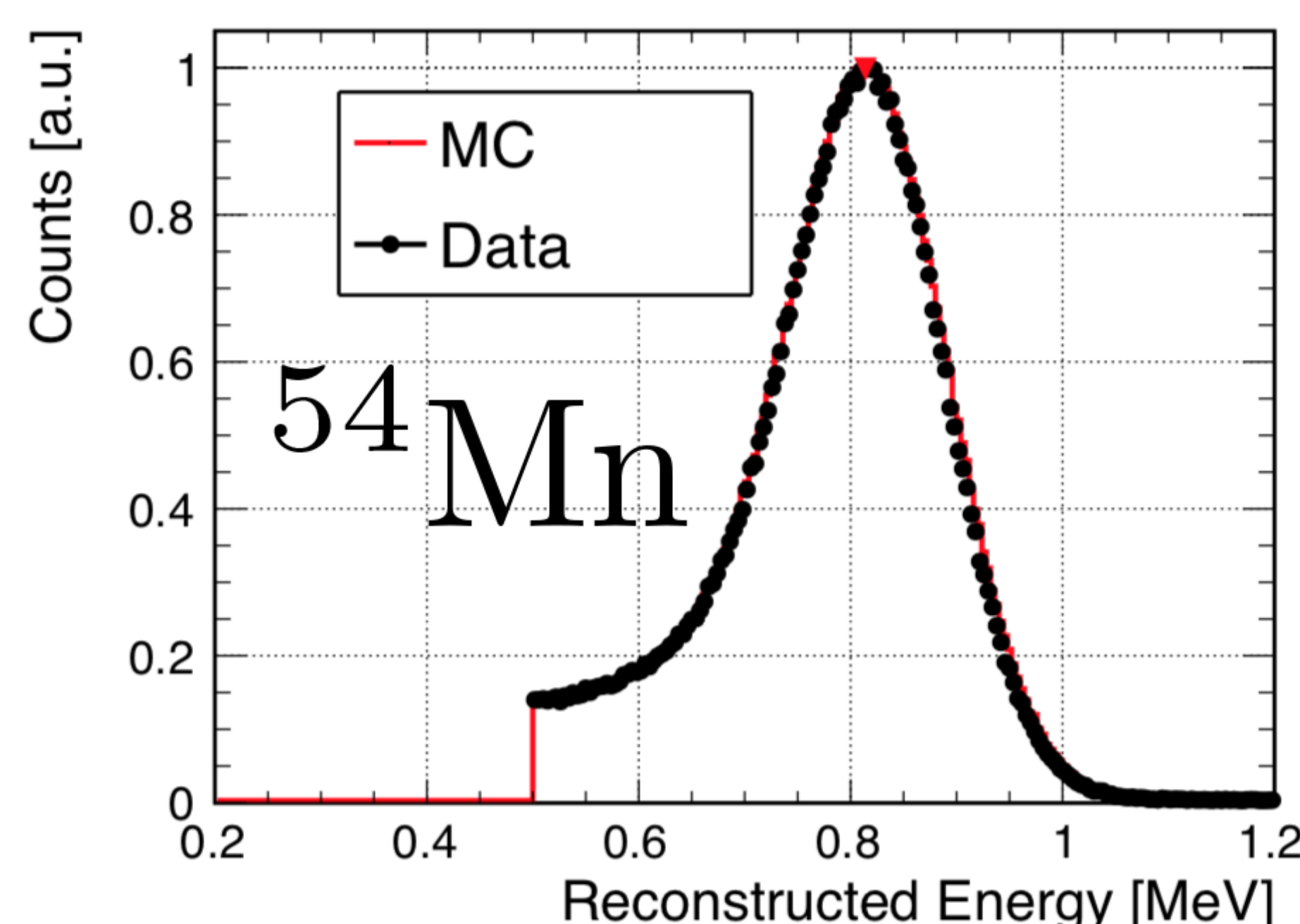
$$\delta C_i = C_i (E_i^{\text{rec}} - E^{\text{ref}}) / E_i^{\text{rec}}, \text{ and } \delta L_{ij} = -C_j (E_i^{\text{rec}} - E^{\text{ref}}) / (E_i C_i (1 - L_{ij} L_{ji})).$$

## DATA/MC COMPARISON AND SYSTEMATICS ESTIMATION

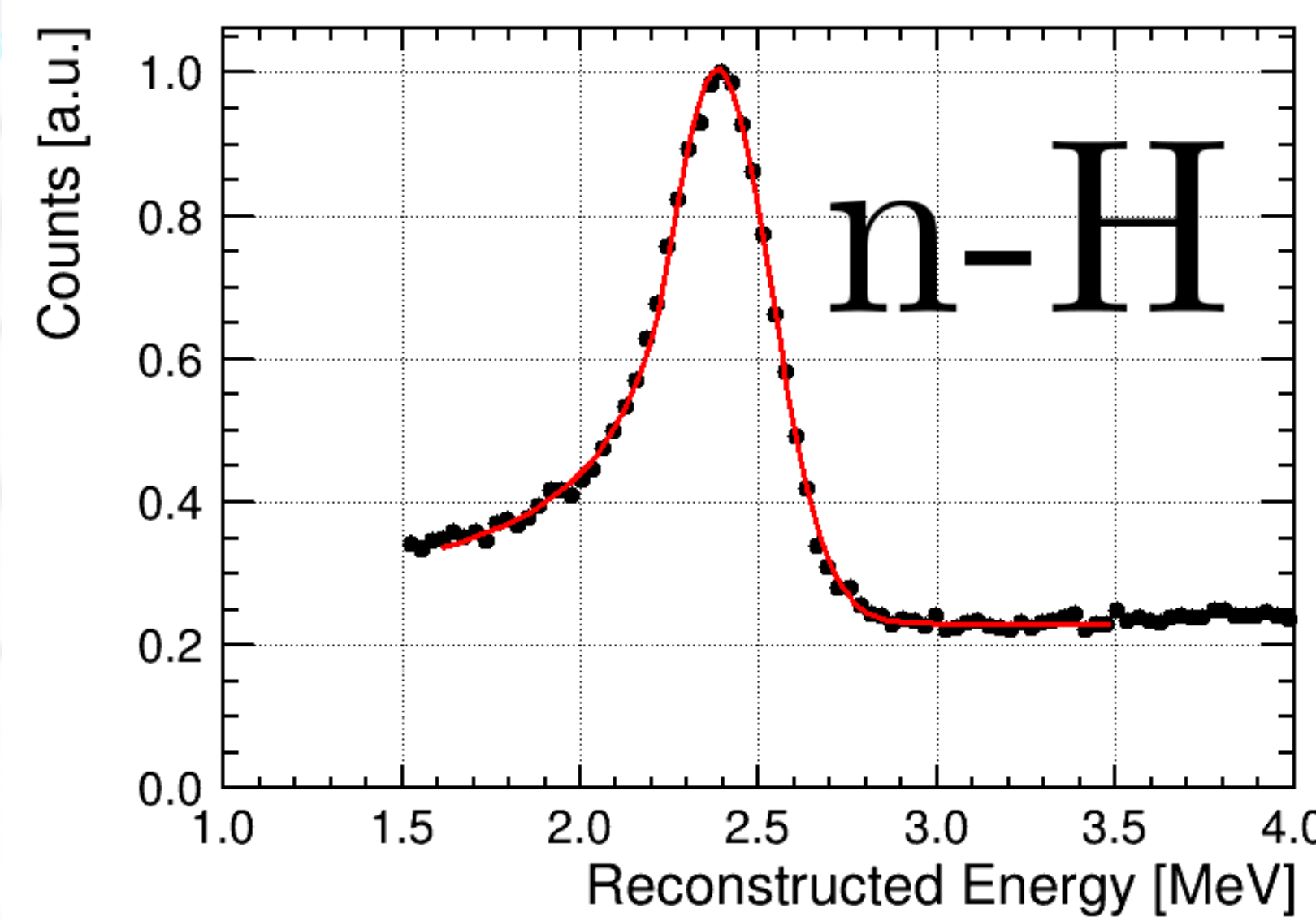
Data/MC : Sub-percent agreement for Mn peak anchoring after fine tuning



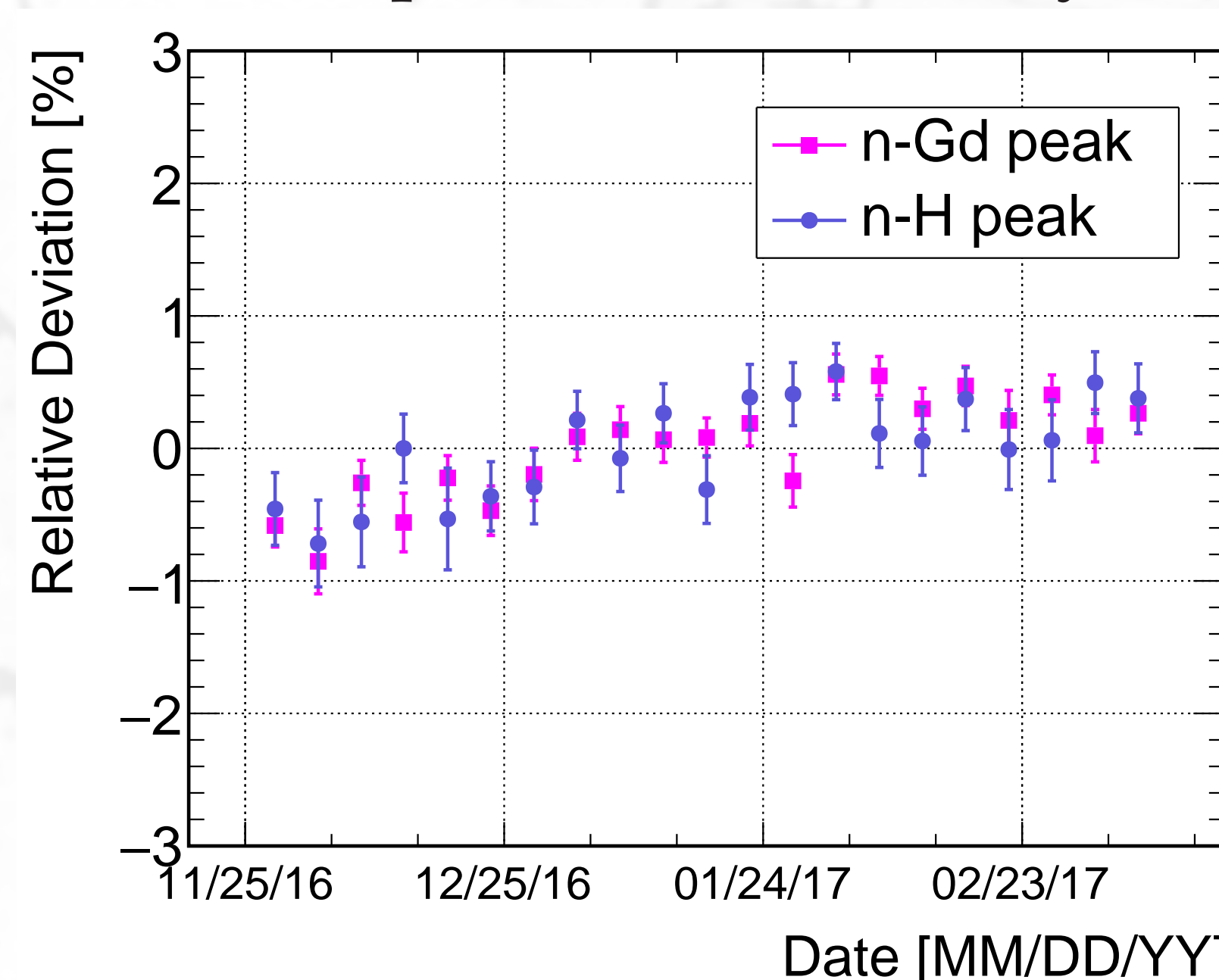
Accurate reproduction of detectors response in MC



- Independent set of events needed to test energy reconstruction
- Using neutron capture gamma peaks (n-H or n-Gd)
- Simulating neutron from realistic distribution of vertices
- Fitting capture peak with crystalball

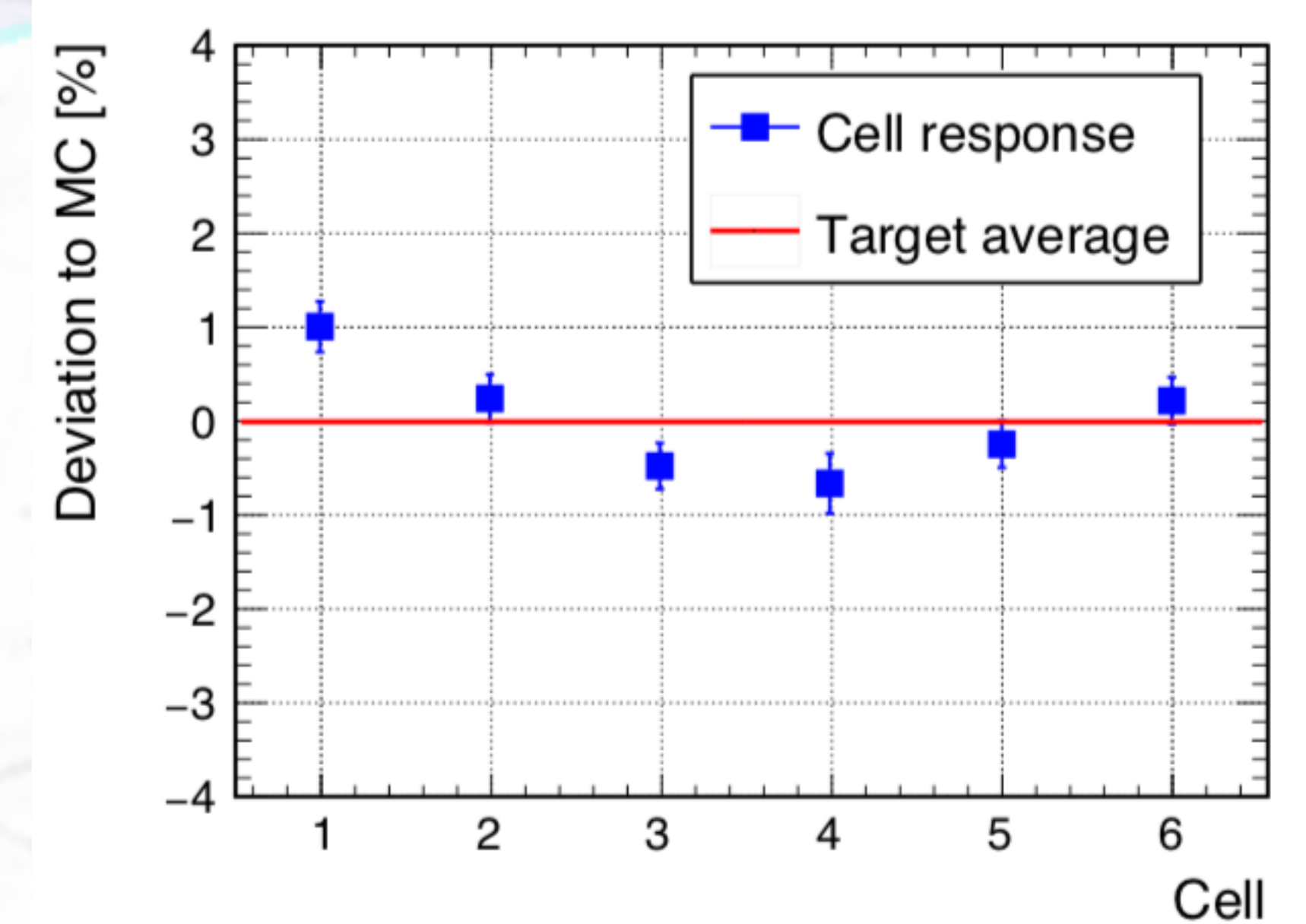


Sub-percent time stability



## RESULTS

Percent level agreement between MC and Data using calibration-independent neutron capture gamma peaks



Energy scale controlled at 1% level

Source	Cell-to-cell correlated	Cell-to-cell uncorrelated
$E_{\text{ref}}$	-	0.2%
$^{54}\text{Mn}$ anchor	-	0.3%
Stability	0.4%	-
Data-MC	-	1.1%
<b>Total</b>	<b>0.4%</b>	<b>1.1%</b>

## FIND MORE

Get more information at  
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1804.09052>

