Structure of Matter



Elementary Particle Physics

Large scale computing facilities at KIT and DESY

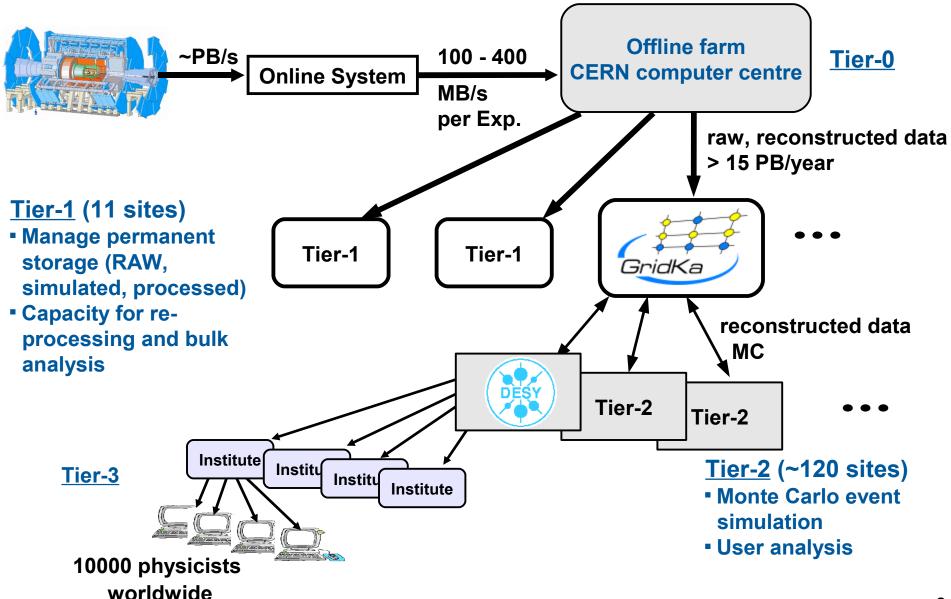
Volker Gülzow



Andreas Heiss



The Worldwide LHC Computing Grid (WLCG)



The Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) of the Worldwide LHC Computing Grid



- Members, aims and organisation of the WLCG collaboration
- Tier-1 and Tier-2 centres
 - Pledged resources (CPU, disk, tape)
 - Service levels
 - 24h x 7d operation
 - Response time on operational problems
 - Availability (≥ 98% for Tier-1 centres)
- Supported LHC experiments
 - GridKa supports <u>all</u> LHC experiments
 - DESY supports Atlas, CMS, LHCb



Tier-2 centres in Germany

3 average size Tier-2s for Atlas, 1.5 for CMS, 1 for LHCb and 1 for Alice have been requested for Germany.



DESY operates 1 average size Tier-2 each for:

- Atlas (federated with U Göttingen)
- CMS (federated with RWTH Aachen)
- LHCb



Other Tier-2 centres

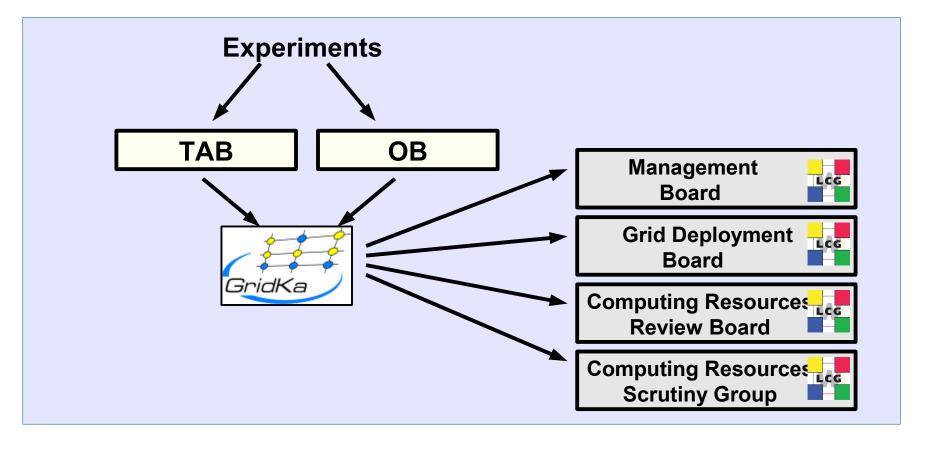
- U Freiburg, U Wuppertal, LMU and MPIfP Munich :
 0.5 av. Tier-2 for Atlas each.
- (GSI: 1 av. Tier-2 for Alice)

GridKa

WLCG Tier-1: Alice, Atlas, CMS, LHCb

• non-LHC HEP: CDF, D0, Babar, Compass, Belle

• other VOs: Auger, Magic, ...



DESY

WLCG Tier-2: Atlas, CMS, LHCb

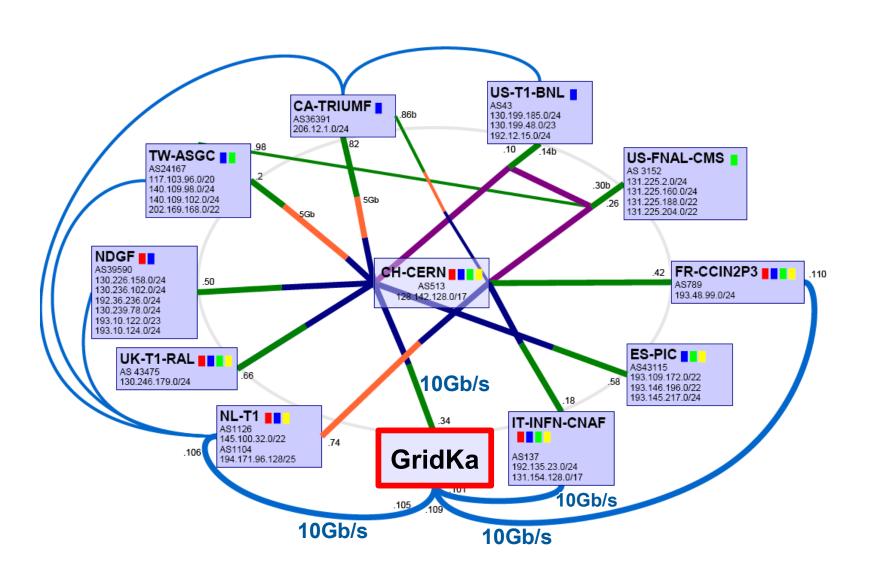
• non-LHC HEP: H1, Zeus, ILC, CALICE, ILDG

• other VOs: IceCube, XFEL, XRAY, Biomed, ...

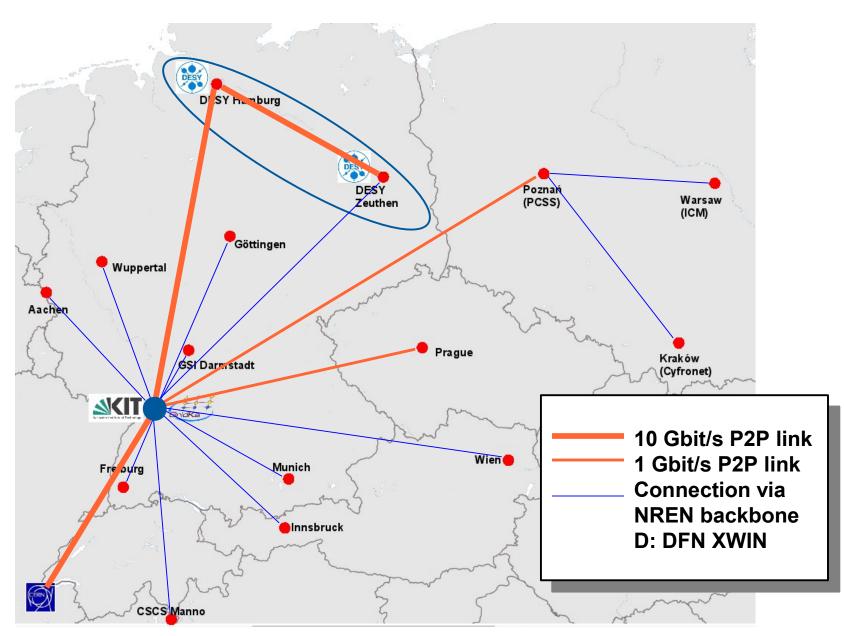
Example: Monte Carlo production for ILC detector design

- development of grid tools (job submission scripts, web based production database)
- >50 M events fully simulated (geant4) and reconstructed
 Standard Model 'background' and new physics (Higgs/SUSY)
- ~70 TByte of storage at DESY Grid ('T0')
- ~200 CPU-years DESY and other EU Grid sites (UK, F, ...)

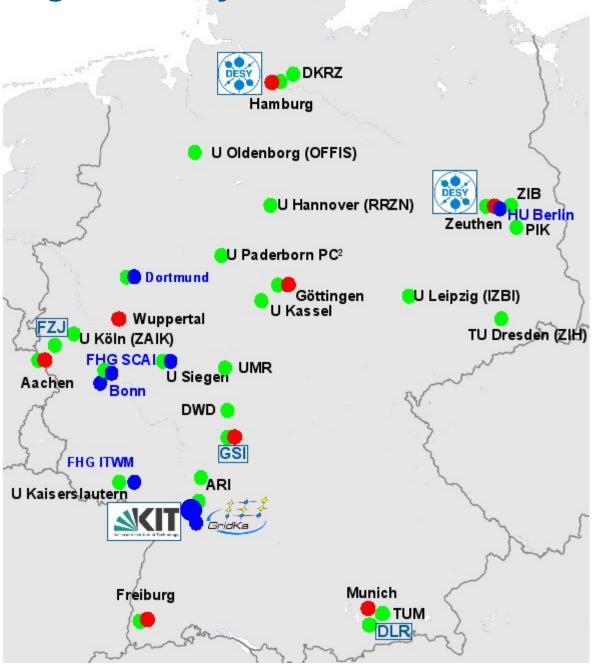
LHC Optical Private Network (OPN) Status



GridKa Tier-1 and associated Tier-2 sites



High visibility in national and international Grid projects

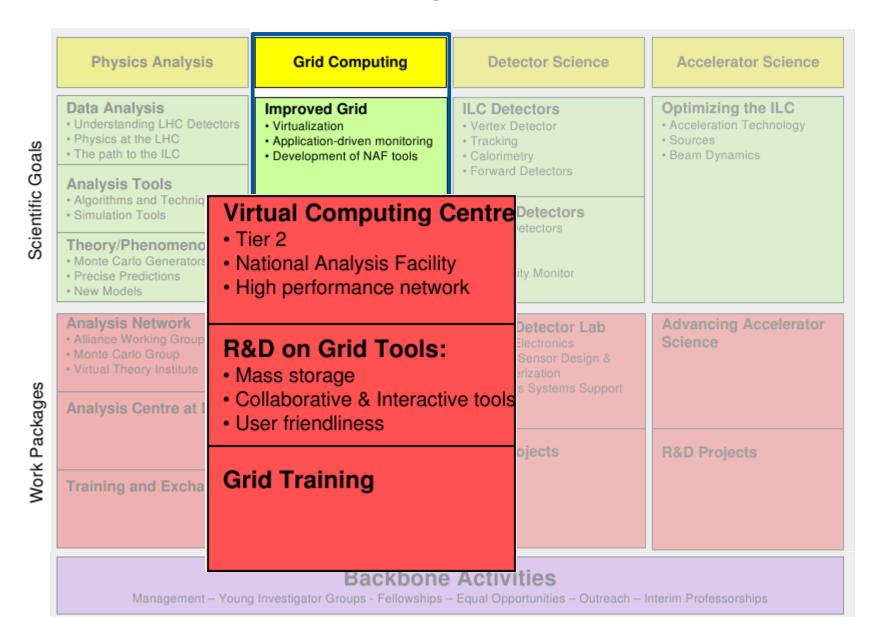


- Sites of the German national grid initiative
 D-Grid, funded by BMBF with Helmholtz sites as key players.
- EGEE site (non Tier-2)
- WLCG Tier-2 site (also EGEE)

Helmholtz Alliance 'Physics at the Terascale'

Physics Analysis	Grid Computing	Detector Science	Accelerator Science
Data Analysis • Understanding LHC Detectors • Physics at the LHC • The path to the ILC	Improved Grid • Virtualization • Application-driven monitoring • Development of NAF tools	ILC Detectors • Vertex Detector • Tracking • Calorimetry	Optimizing the ILC • Acceleration Technology • Sources • Beam Dynamics
Analysis Tools • Algorithms and Techniques • Simulation Tools	Data Storage + Retrieval	(s)LHC Detectors	
Theory/Phenomenology • Monte Carlo Generators • Precise Predictions • New Models	Data Access	Tracking Trigger Luminosity Monitor	
Analysis Network • Alliance Working Groups • Monte Carlo Group • Virtual Theory Institute	Virtual Computing Centre • Tier 2 • National Analysis Facility • High performance network	VLSI & Electronics Support Sensor Design & Characterization	Advancing Accelerator Science
Analysis Centre at DESY	R&D on Grid Tools: • Mass storage • Collaborative & Interactive tools • User friendliness	R&D Projects	R&D Projects
Training and Exchange	Grid Training		
	Data Analysis • Understanding LHC Detectors • Physics at the LHC • The path to the ILC Analysis Tools • Algorithms and Techniques • Simulation Tools Theory/Phenomenology • Monte Carlo Generators • Precise Predictions • New Models Analysis Network • Alliance Working Groups • Monte Carlo Group • Virtual Theory Institute Analysis Centre at DESY	Data Analysis Understanding LHC Detectors Physics at the LHC The path to the ILC Analysis Tools Algorithms and Techniques Simulation Tools Theory/Phenomenology Monte Carlo Generators Precise Predictions New Models Analysis Network Alliance Working Groups Monte Carlo Group Virtual Theory Institute Analysis Centre at DESY R&D on Grid Tools: Mass storage Collaborative & Interactive tools User friendliness	Data Analysis • Understanding LHC Detectors • Physics at the LHC • The path to the ILC Analysis Tools • Algorithms and Techniques • Simulation Tools Theory/Phenomenology • Monte Carlo Generators • Precise Predictions • New Models Analysis Network • Alliance Working Groups • Wortual Theory Institute Analysis Centre at DESY Improved Grid • Virtualization • Application-driven monitoring • Calorimetry • Forward Detectors • Vertex Detectors • Vertex Detectors • Vertex Detectors • Vertex Detectors • Tracking • Calorimetry • Forward Detectors • Vertex Detecto

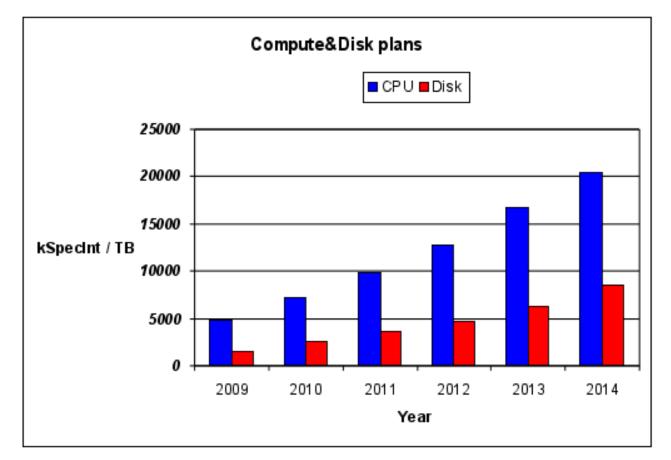
Helmholtz Alliance 'Physics at the Terascale'



The National Analysis Facility (NAF)

- Part of the Helmholtz Alliance 'Physics at the Terascale'
 - → http://naf.desy.de
- Built according to requirements from German Atlas, CMS and LHCb groups
- Accessible by German research groups for LHC, Hera, Theory and ILC tasks
- Size of ~1.5 average Tier-2 centres with extra storage
- Interactive analysis to improve scientific harvest
- Provides interactive PROOF farm request by physics groups
- Locality of analysis data is required core facility at DESY
 - .. intended to be distributed.

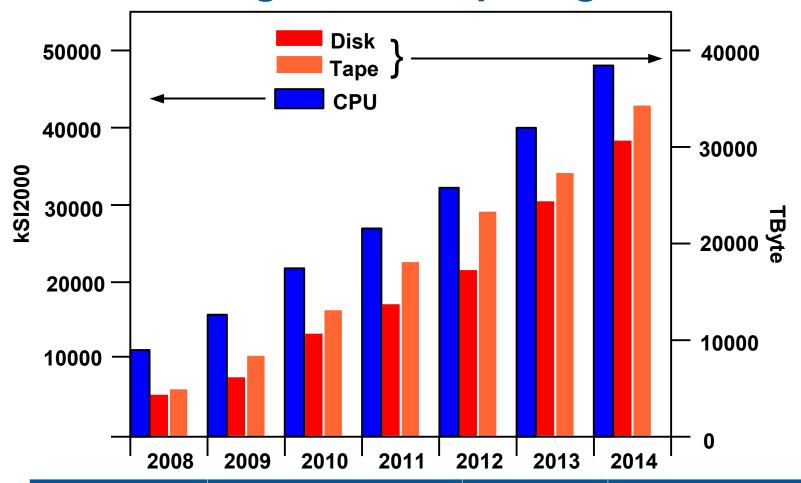
DESY storage and computing resources



numbers correct for 2008?

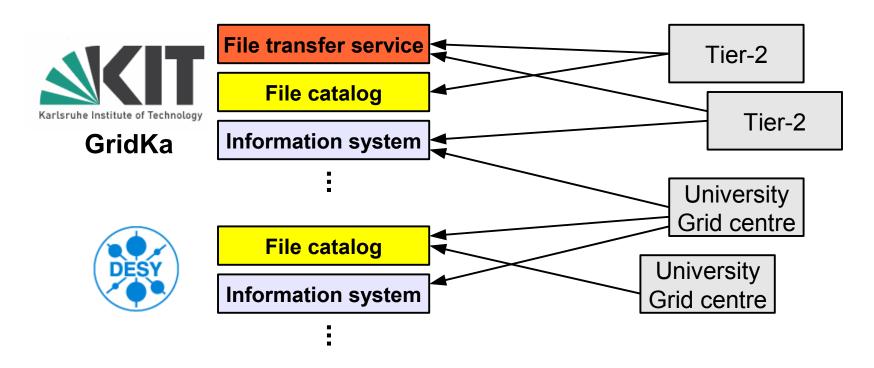
2008	Grid Hamburg (Tier-2, NAF, other HEP)	Grid Zeuthen (Tier-2, NAF, other HEP)	NAF non-Grid (batch/interactive)
CPU [kSl2k]	3000 (2000 cores)	700 (500 cores)	1200 (868 cores)
Disk [TB]	1350	460	

GridKa storage and computing resources



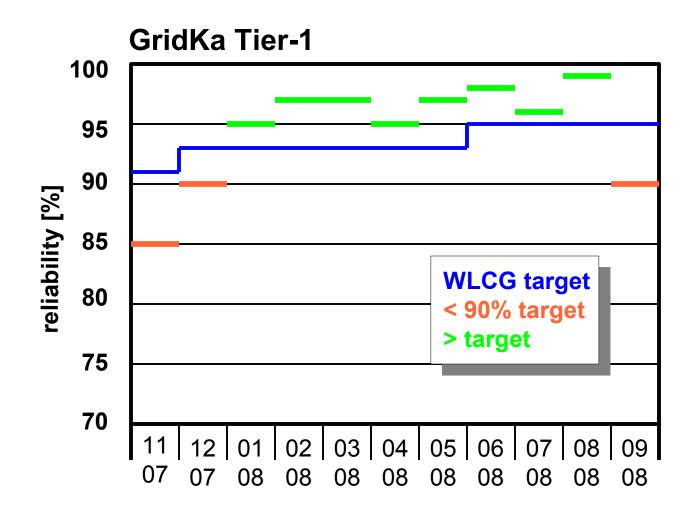
2008	Total	HEP	non-HEP (incl. D-Grid)
CPU [kSl2k]	10800 (6100 cores)	7700	3100
Disk [TB]	4300	3890	410
Tape [TB]	4880	4500	380

Fundamental Grid services provided for the whole HEP community



- Used by Tier-2 and university Grid centres
- LHC Computing in Germany and Europe depends on regional core services
- Highest reliability necessary

Service reliability measured by WLCG



Service reliability measured by WLCG

DESY Atlas and CMS Tier-2

		Jan 09		Oc	t-Dec 08	3
DE-DESY-ATLAS-T2 (Germany ATLAS Federation, DESY)						
DESY-HH	2,018	97 %	97 %	97 %	94 %	98 %
DESY-ZN	450	100 %	100 %	100 %	98 %	100 %
DE-DESY-RWTH-CMS-T2 (Germany, CMS Federation)						
DESY-HH	2,018	97 %	97 %	97 %	94 %	98 %
DESY-ZN	450	100 %	100 %	100 %	98 %	100 %
RWTH-Aachen	2,024	86 %	86 %	77 %	90 %	95 %

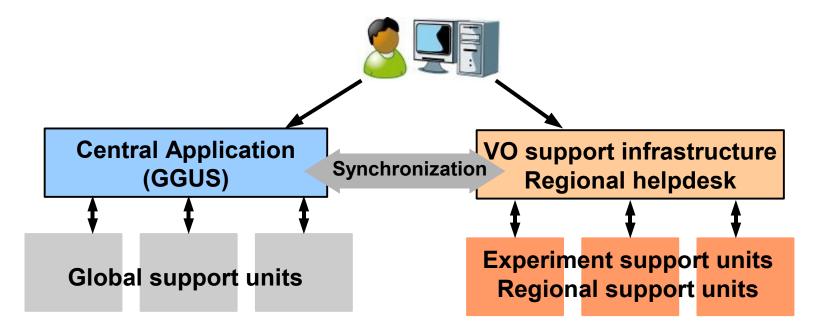
→ Excellent service quality by provided Helmholtz centres

dCache mass storage system



- Developed in collaboration between **DESY**, Fermilab, and the Nordic Data Grid Facility (NDGF)
- Close collaboration with GridKa (large dCache installation, testing)
- dCache will hold the largest share of LHC data outside CERN
- dCache is distributed by EGEE gLite and US Open Science Grid Virtual data tool (VDT)
- dCache is in production at 8 WLCG Tier-1 sites and ~40 Tier-2s
 - → High support effort
 - DESY (international and national)
 - Helmholtz-Alliance 'Physics at the Terascale' (nat.)
 - D-Grid (nat.)

Global Grid User Support (GGUS)



- Central Grid helpdesk system developed at KIT for EGEE
- Adapted and extended to WLCG/HEP specific needs
- Single point of entry for all trouble tickets
- 59 support units, ~1000 supporters on 5 continents
- 10 regional helpdesks connected and synchronized
- ~8000 tickets processed last year

Education and training activities

GridKa school

- 2003: 30 students
- 2008 in cooperation with the Helmholtz Alliance
- 2008: 170 participants (14 countries) from science and industry
- Highly visible, international event



dCache trainings

strong involvement of DESY dCache
 experts and support people of the
 Helmholtz Alliance (KIT, LMU Munich, RWTH Aachen)

Summary

- GridKa and the Desy Grid centre are crucial for Elementary Particle research in Germany and Europe.
- Support of Tier-2 centres and universities with Grid services.
- Important contributions to Grid development and training activities.
- The NAF is a key element for the data analysis at the universities.

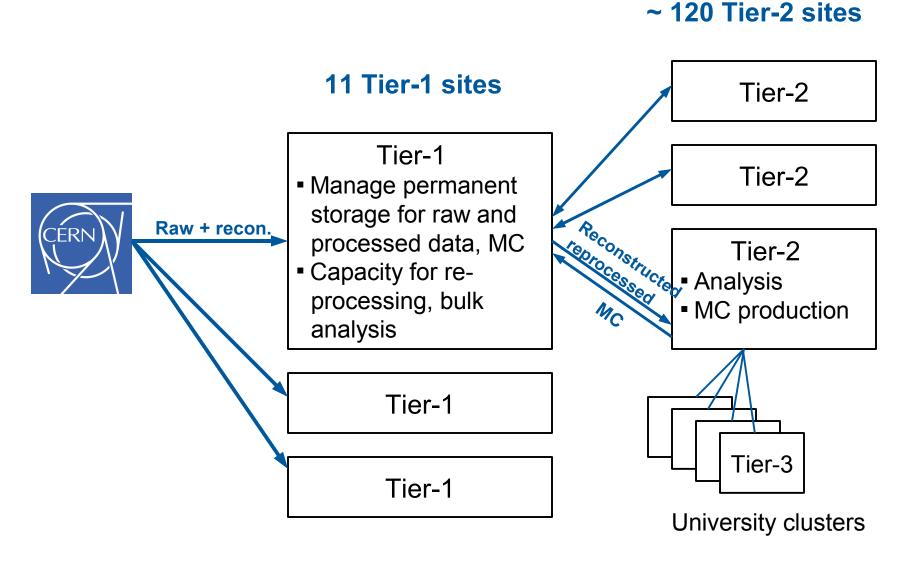
Challenges

- Immense increase of computing resources necessary during the coming years to fulfil the requirement of LHC data processing.
- Providing services with high level of quality and reliability.
- Support universities in grid computing for particle physics.
 - application / middleware support
 - education and training
- Support new communities in the Grid.
- Continue dCache / GGUS development, international support.
- Long term data preservation.
 - Keep data for 10 25 years

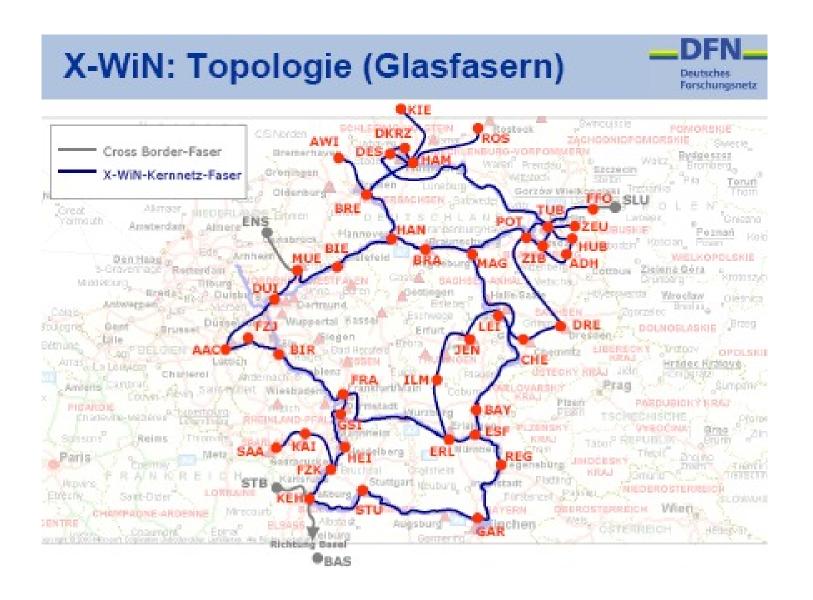


Backup Slides Alternative slides

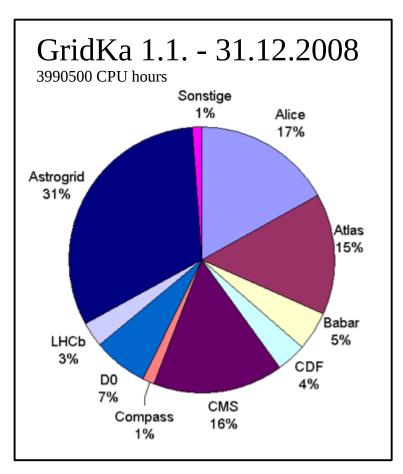
The LHC computing model

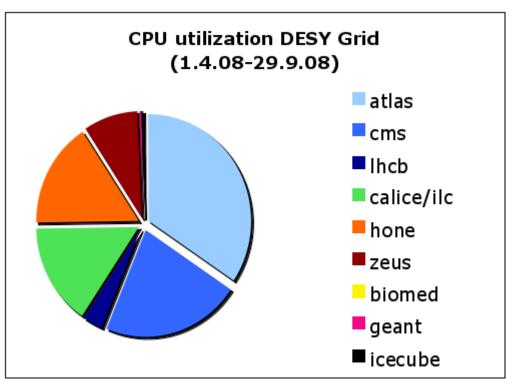


German Science Network XWIN

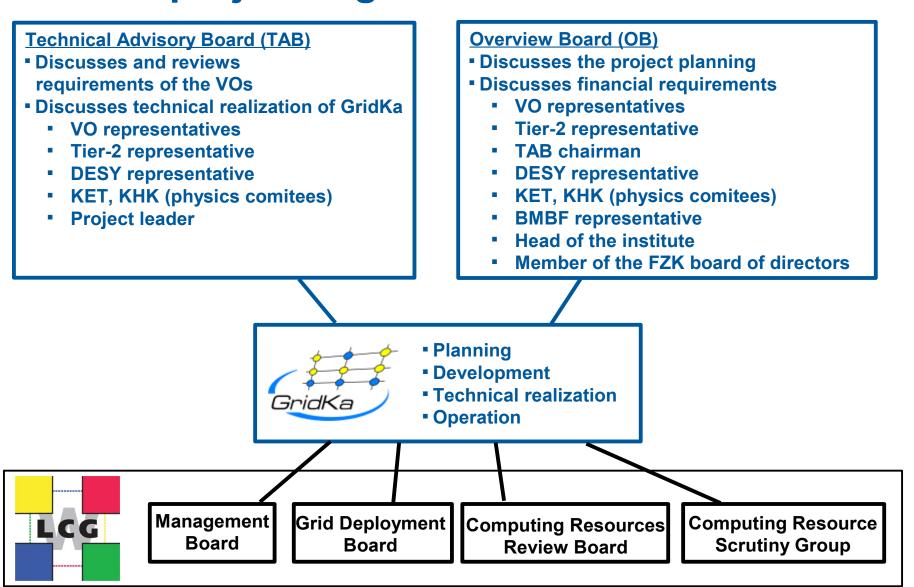


CPU utilization of GridKa and DESY Grid





GridKa project organization



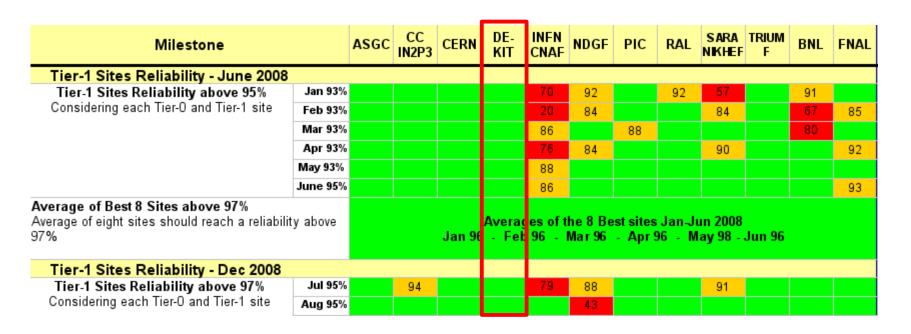
Fundamental Grid services provided by FZK and DESY for the whole HEP community

Service	FZK/GridKa	DESY
Compute elements (CE)	X	X
Information systems (BDII)	X	X
Workload management systems (WMS)	X	X
File catalogs (LFC)	X	X
File transfer service (FTS)	X	
Storage elements (SE)	X	X
VO management (VOMS)	X	X
VO specific services (VOBox)	X	X

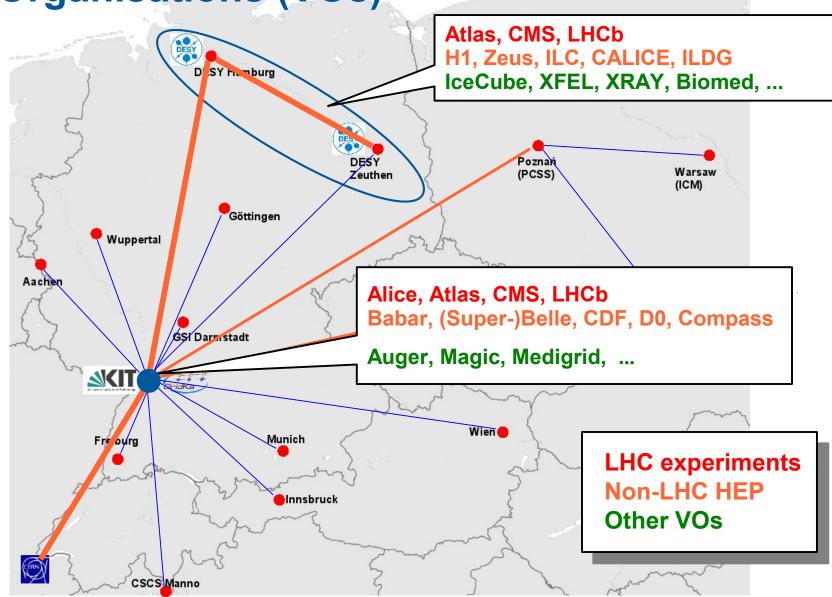
Very high reliability required for central (regional) services!

Service reliability measured by WLCG / EGEE

GridKa Tier-1

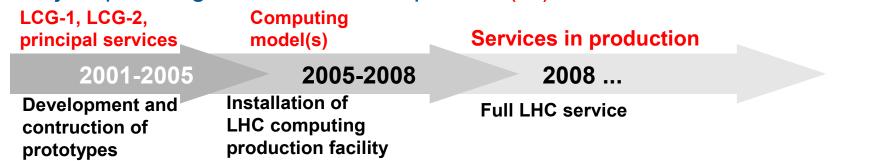


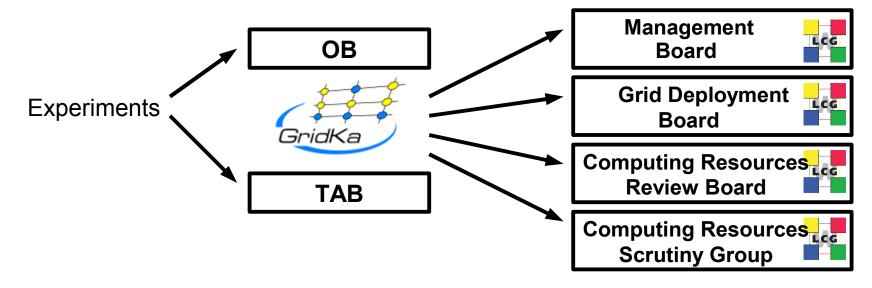
Supported experiments through Virtual Organisations (VOs)



GridKa

- Requirement by LHC and other international particle physics experiments
- Project proposed and started 2001
- Project planning oriented at the 3 phases (W)LCG timeline





Example: Grid for ILC

Monte Carlo production for ILC detector design

- development of grid tools (job submission scripts, web based production database)
- >50 M events fully simulated (geant4) and reconstructed
 Standard Model 'background' and new physics (Higgs/SUSY)
- ~70 TByte of storage at DESY Grid ('T0')
- ~200 CPU-years DESY and other EU Grid sites (UK, F, ...)

Summary

- The Helmholtz-Centres KIT and DESY build-up and operate large scale computing facilities which are crucial for elementary particle physics research.
- KIT and DESY strongly support the universities with Grid services.
- The NAF is a key element for the data analysis at the universities.
- Important contributions to Grid development and training activities.