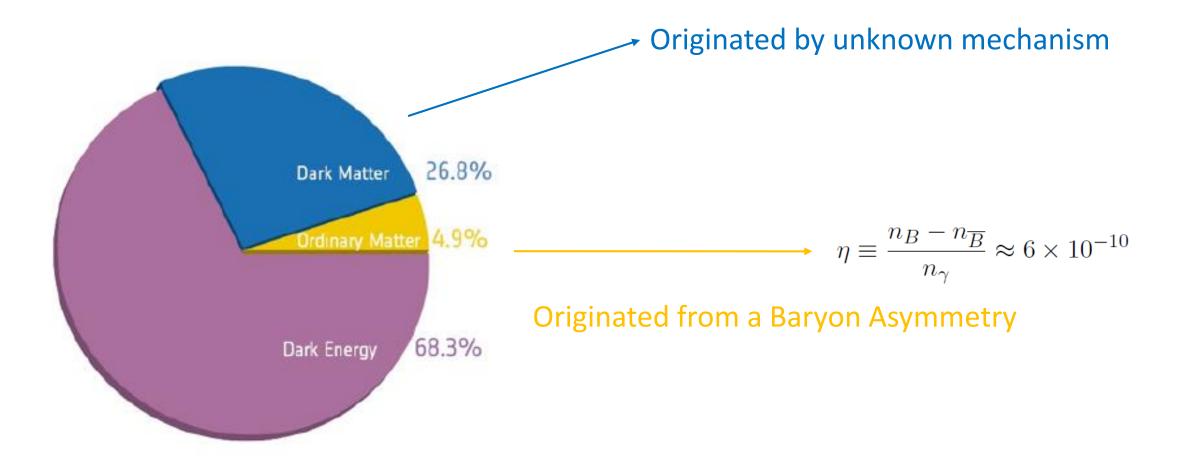
Leptogenesis from Small Lepton Number Violation

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Based (mostly) on A. Abada, G. A., V. Domcke, M. Lucente JCAP 1712, 024







Extension of the SM with RH/sterile neutrinos

Baryogenesis through Leptogenesis:

Production of the lepton asymmetry through decay or oscillation processes, converted into baryon asymmetry by Sphaleron processes.

DM as sterile neutrinos (typically KeV scale): Different production mechanisms possible.

Mechanism for SM neutrino mass generation

ARS Leptogenesis

Hernandez, Kekic, Lopze-Pavon, Racker, Salvado 1606.06719 Canetti, Drewes, Fossard, Shaposhnikov 1208.4607 Asaka, Eijima, Ishida, 1112.5565 Asaka, Shaposhinokov, 0505013 Akhmedov, Rubakov, Smirnov 9803255

Converted into baryon asymmetry by Sphalerons

Right-handed neutrinos thermally produced in Early Universe with CP-violating oscillations.

Asymmetry converted into asymmetry between active flavors

Asymmetry in the active sector acts as background potential and enhances the asymmetry in the RH sector

The total lepton asymmetry in the active and new neutrino sector is null.

Degeneracy removed for leptogenesis from 3 (or more) neutrinos
* Drewes and Garbrecht 1206.5537

Minimal version of ARS leptogenesis requires a pair of nearly mass degenerate neutrinos.

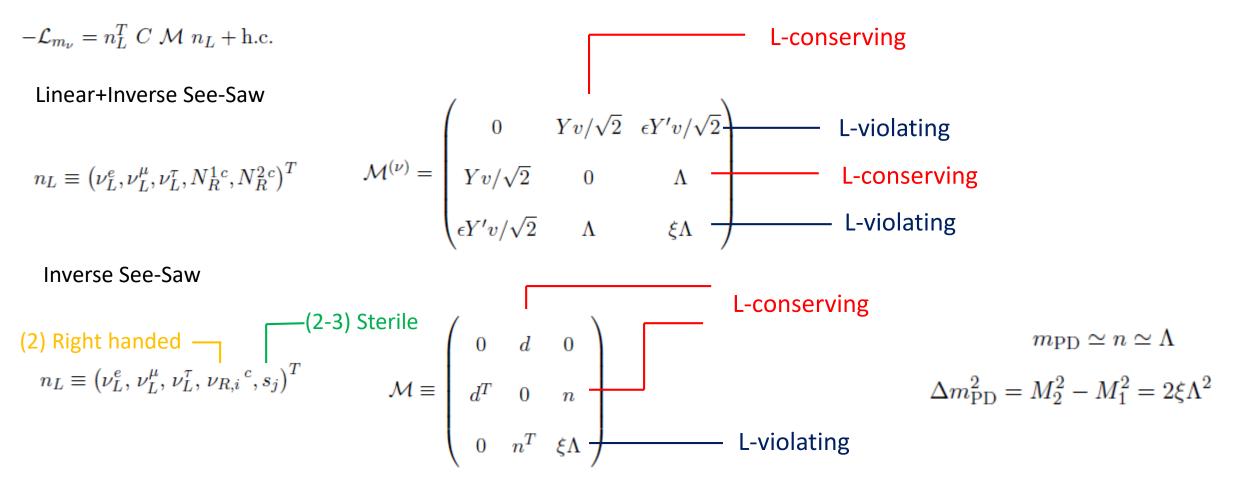
Additional LNV processes might be relevant Eijima, Shaposhnikov 1703.06085 Hambye, Teresi 1606.00017

ARS requires GeV (O(10) at most) scale neutrinos. Low energy neutrino mass mechanism required.

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Model Setup



If $\#s > \#\nu_R$ DM candidate present

 $m_{\rm DM}\simeq\xi\Lambda$

Boltzmann Equations

$$\frac{dR_N}{dt} = -i\left[\langle H \rangle, R_N\right] - \frac{1}{2} \langle \gamma^{(0)} \rangle \left\{ F^{\dagger}F, R_N - I \right\} - \frac{1}{2} \langle \gamma^{(1b)} \rangle \left\{ F^{\dagger}\mu_L F, R_N \right\} + \langle \gamma^{(1a)} \rangle F^{\dagger}\mu_L F$$

$$\frac{d\mu_{\Delta\alpha}}{dt} = -\frac{9\zeta(3)}{2N_D\pi^2} \left\{ \langle \gamma^{(0)} \rangle \left(FR_N F^{\dagger} - F^* R_{\bar{N}} F^T \right) - 2 \langle \gamma^{(1a)} \rangle \mu_L FF^{\dagger} + \langle \gamma^{(1b)} \rangle \mu_L \left(FR_N F^{\dagger} + F^* R_{\bar{N}} F^T \right) \right\}_{\alpha\alpha}$$

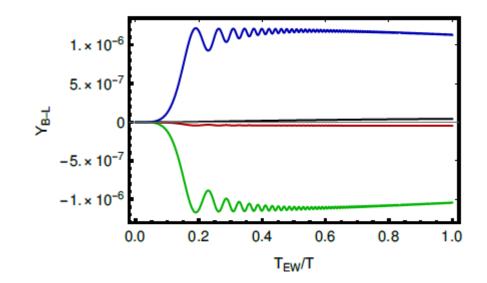
$$\mu_{L\alpha} = A_{\alpha\beta}\mu_{\Delta\beta} \qquad A = \frac{1}{711} \begin{pmatrix} -221 & 16 & 16 \\ 16 & -221 & 16 \\ 16 & 16 & -221 \end{pmatrix}$$

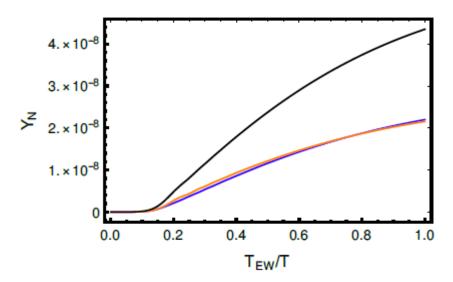
$$\langle \gamma^{(i)} \rangle = A_i \left[c_{\rm LPM}^{(i)} + y_t^2 c_Q^{(i)} + (3g^2 + g'^2) \left(c_V^{(i)} - \ln(3g^2 + g'^2) \right) \right] \qquad \quad \langle \gamma(T) \rangle = \frac{\int d^3p \, \gamma(p, T) f_F^0(p/T)}{\int d^3p \, f_F^0(p/T)}$$

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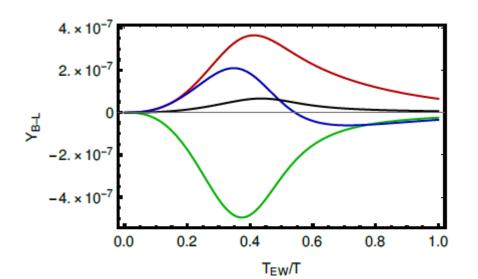
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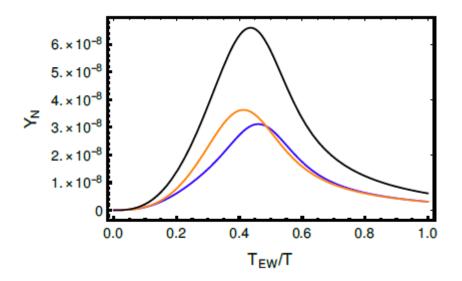
Weak wash out solution



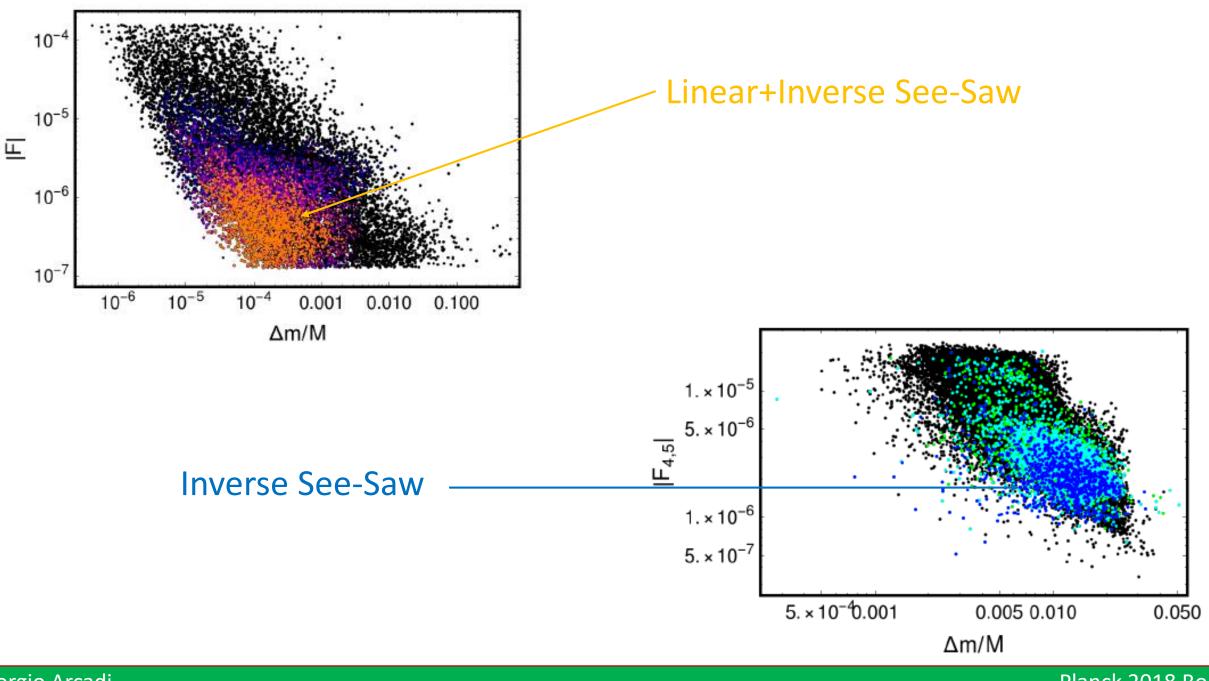


Strong wash out solution

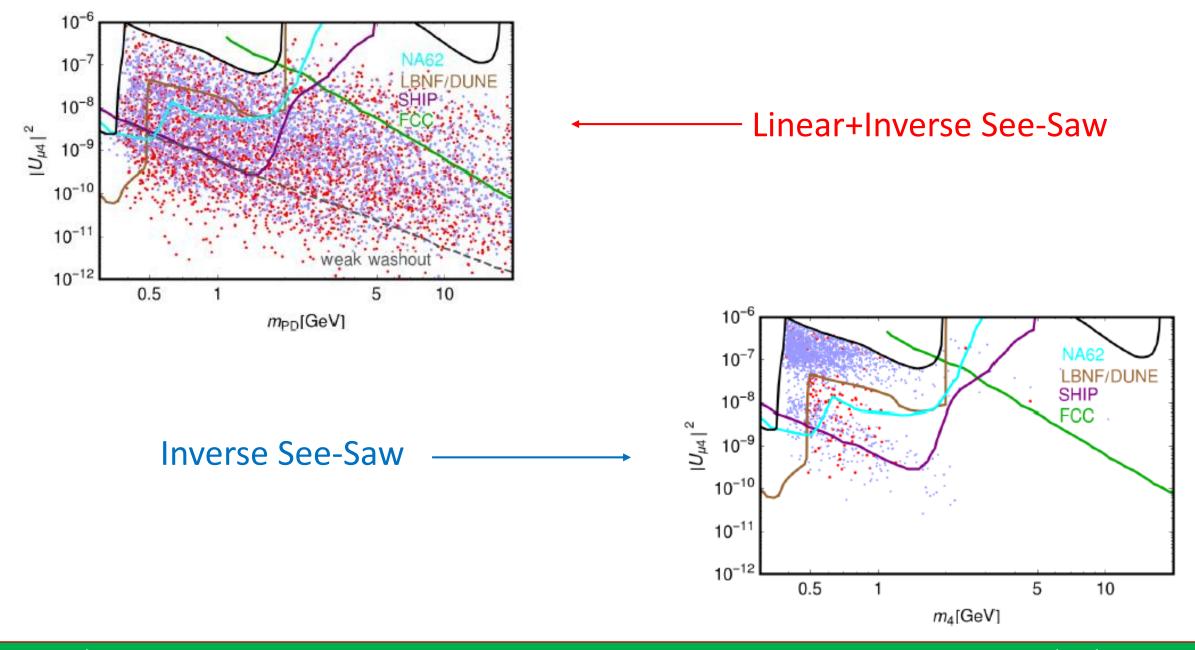




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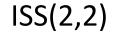
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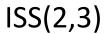


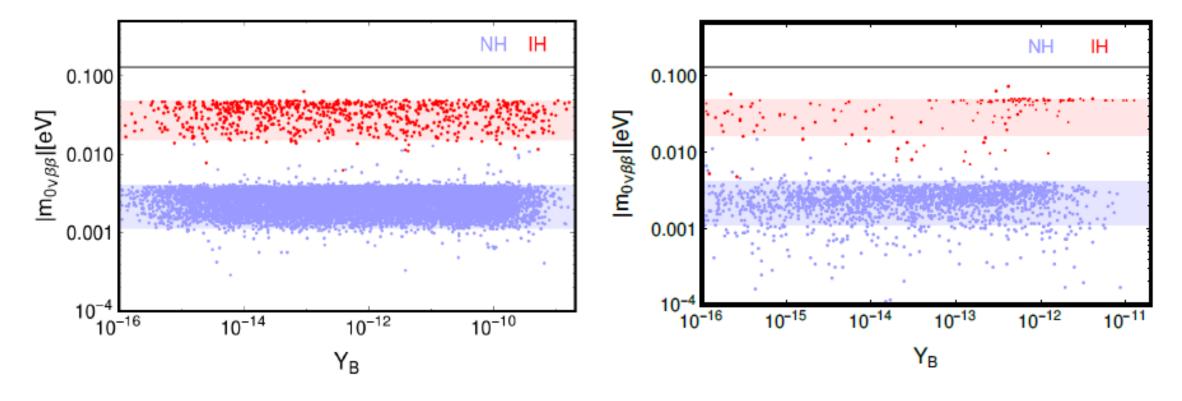
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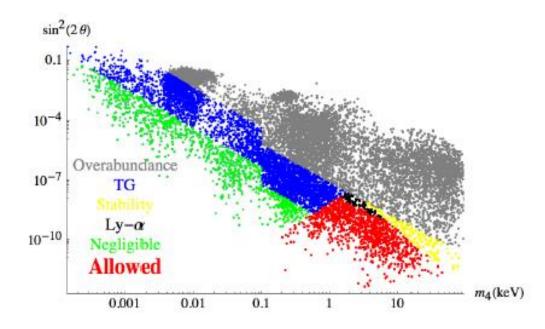
Double beta decay





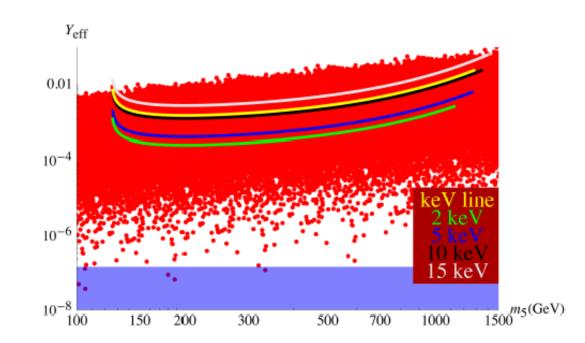


Connection with DM

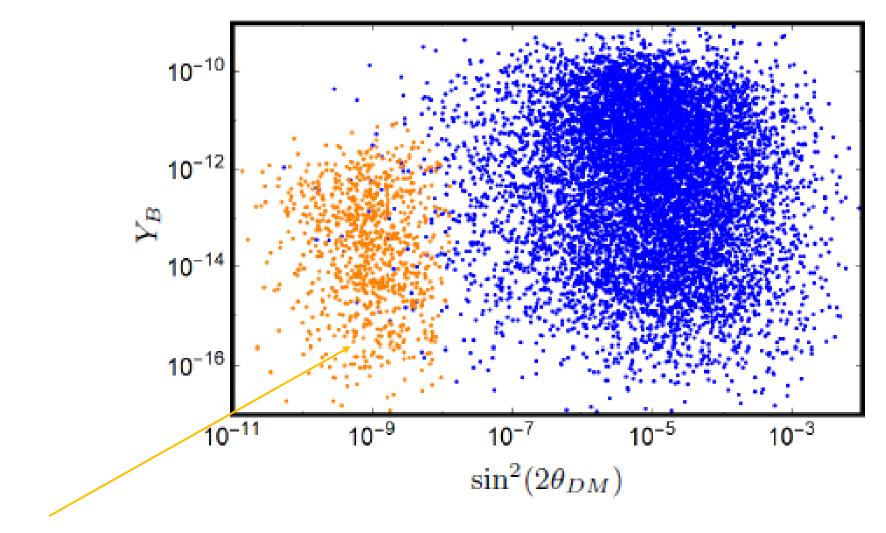


DM might be produced from freeze-in decay of a heavy neutrino

A. Abada, G. A., M. Lucente 1406.6556



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Points with potentially viable DM

Conclusions

- Leptogenesis from sterile-active neutrino oscillation is a viable mechanism for the generation of the baryon asymmetry of the Universe.
- It can be naturally embedded in See-Saw models with tiny violation of the Lepton Number.
- Parameter space of viable leptogenesis can be tested by next future facilities.