LUXE: a new experiment using a laser and XFEL electrons to investigate QED in the strong-field regime

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- Introduction
- Strong field QED
- E144 experiment at SLAC
- LUXE experiment and XFEL
- Sensitivity of LUXE
- Conclusions and outlook

Introduction

- Quantum mechanics and quantum electrodynamics has been investigated and measured with amazing precision in many experiments and high-precision predictions describe this well.
 - However the strong field regime, where QED becomes non-perturbative, has still not been measured.
- The strong field regime was already considered by Heisenberg, Euler et al. in the 1930s.
- Characterised by the Schwinger critical field (1951):

$$E_{\text{crit}} = \frac{mc^2}{e\chi_C} = \frac{m^2c^3}{e\hbar} = 1.3 \times 10^{16} \text{ V/cm}$$

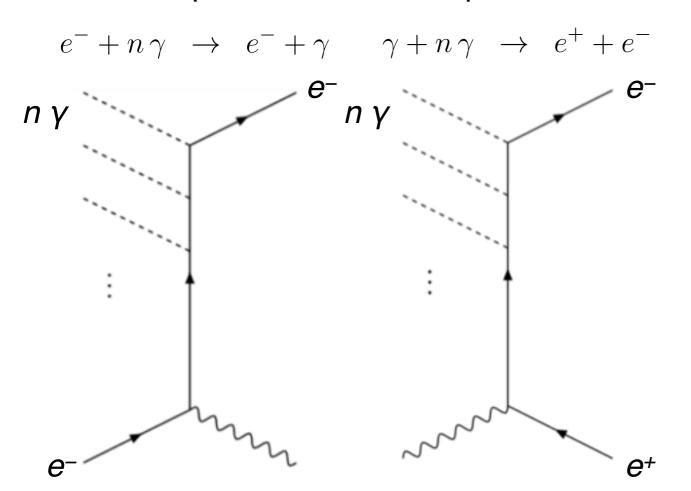
- This has not been reached experimentally in the lab, although they are expected to exist:
 - On the surface of neutron stars.
 - In bunches of future linear *e+e-* colliders.
- Can be reached by colliding photons with a high-energy electron beam
 - First experiment to try this E144 @ SLAC in 1990s.
 - Propose to do this using XFEL beam: LUXE.
- Explore QED in an unexplored region.

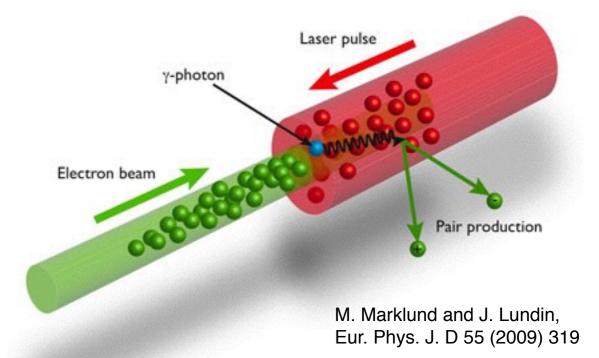
Non-linear QED processes

- Initial interest in two strong-field processes in the interaction of electron beam with high-power laser pulse.
 - Non-linear Compton scattering where multiple laser photons are absorbed and a single photon radiated.
 - One or more such Compton scatters happen.
 - Produced photon interacts with laser field to produce electron-positron pair (Breit-Wheeler)



Pair production





$$\eta = \frac{eE}{m_e \omega c}$$

$$\kappa = \frac{2E_{\gamma}}{m_e c^2} \frac{E}{E_{\text{crit}}}$$

$$\Upsilon = \frac{E_{\text{beam}}(1 - \cos \alpha)}{m_e c^2} \frac{E}{E_{\text{crit}}}$$

Compton and pair-creation processes

Pair creation predictions:

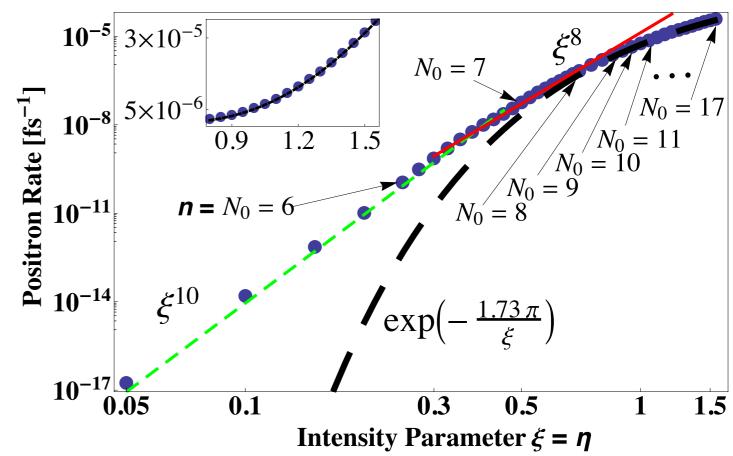
Perturbative

$$\eta \ll 1 \quad : \quad R_{e^+} \propto \eta^{2n} \propto I^n$$

Non-perturbative

$$\eta \gg 1$$
 : $R_{e^+} \propto \exp(-4/(3\kappa))$

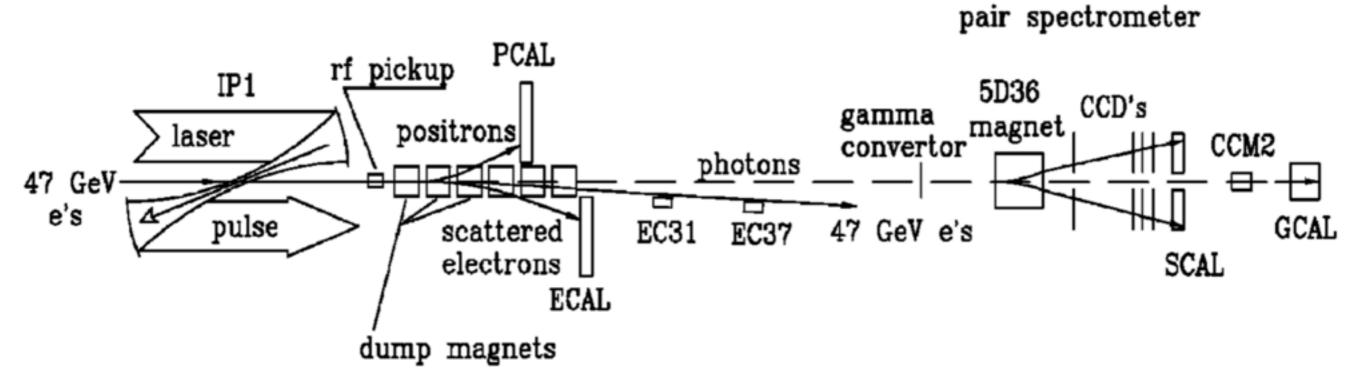
H. Hu, C. Müller and C. Keitel, Phys. Rev. Lett. **105** (2010) 080401



Variation of laser intensity, and hence η , is important

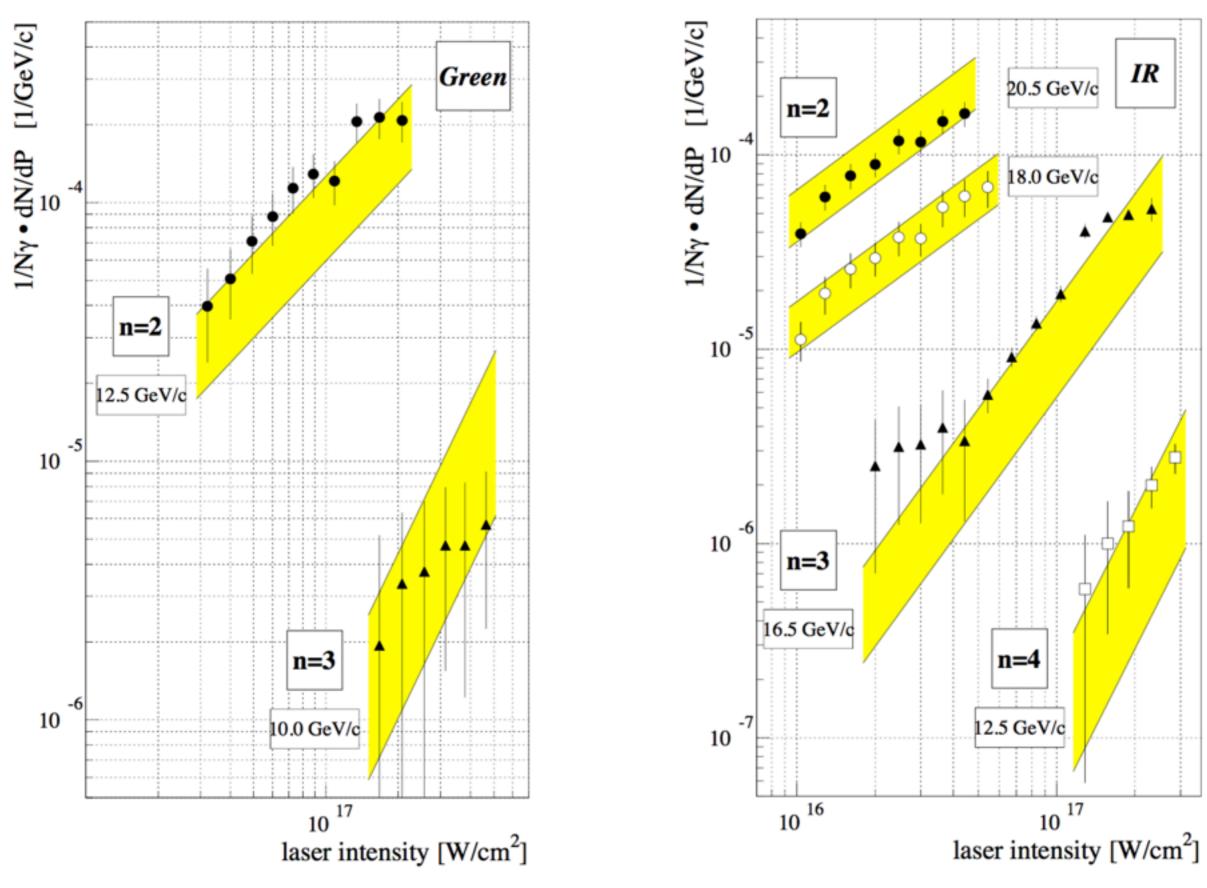
E144 experiment at SLAC

Schematic of SLAC E144 experiment



- Used 46.6 GeV electron beam (Final Focus Test Beam) with 5 x 10⁹ electrons per bunch up to 30 Hz.
- Terawatt laser pulses with intensities of $\sim 0.5 \times 10^{18}$ W/cm² and frequency of 0.5 Hz for wavelengths 1053 nm and 527 nm.
- Electron bunch and laser collided with 17° crossing angle.

E144 experiment results

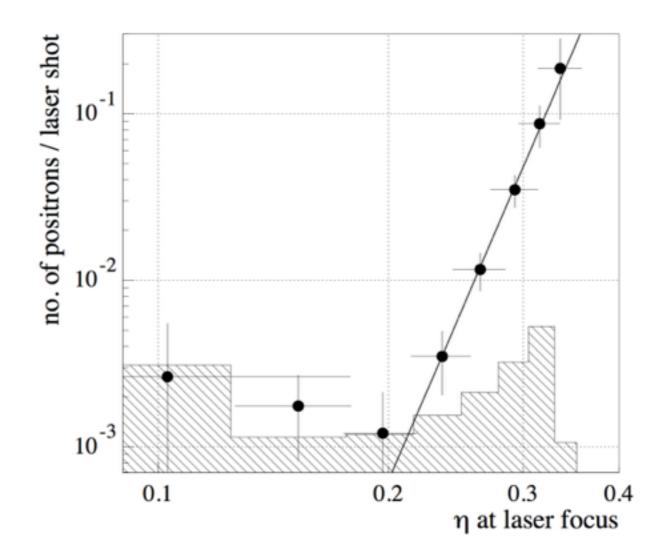


Data on non-linear Compton scattering compared to simulation

E144 experiment results

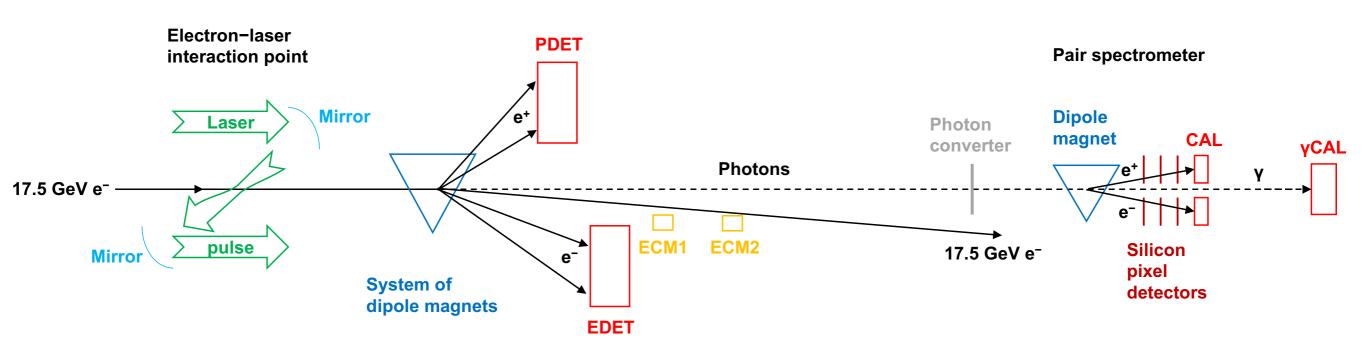
E144 achieved η < 0.4 and κ < 0.25

- Measured non-linear Compton scattering with n = 4 photons absorbed and pair production with n = 5 photons absorbed
- Observed strong rise $\sim \eta^{2n}$ but not asymptotic limit
- Measurements well described by theory
- Large uncertainty on the laser intensity
- Did not achieve the critical field



LUXE (Laser Und XFEL Experiment)

Goal: setup experiment with electrons from the XFEL beam with real photons from a high-power laser and measure physics at the critical field



- Experimental schematic follows ideas of E144
- To be defined in detail and optimised
- Would run parasitically, i.e. XFEL beam can still be used afterwards

Location in XFEL tunnel



Electron beams

Photon beams

- LUXE could fit in a currently unassigned tunnel of the XFEL complex.
- Expect experiment to be ~1–2 m wide and ~50 m long.
- Final possible location depends on:
 - optimisation of experimental setup
 - infrastructure, layout requirements, e.g. position of laser

• ...



XFEL electron beam parameters

- XFEL electron beam parameters similar to those at SLAC.
- May have possibility to change some parameters?
- Want to match electron and laser beam sizes.

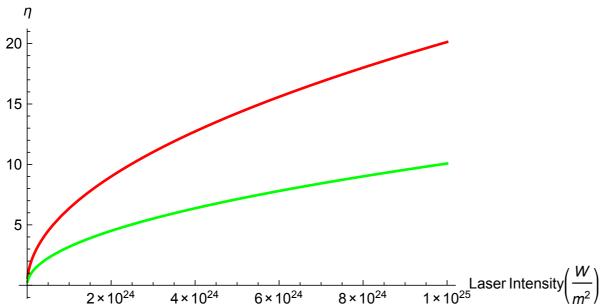
Other XFEL electron beam parameters

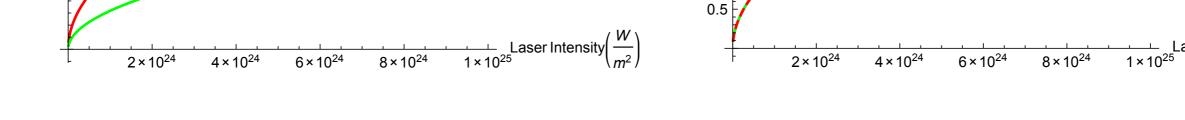
- Bunch trains of 3250 bunches with a bunch spacing of 200 ns.
- Repetition rate of 10 Hz.
- Emittance at undulator is 1.4 mm · mrad.
- Energy spread is 1 MeV.

	XFEL	SLAC
Beam energy (GeV)	17.5	46.6
Charge (N _e -/bunch)	6 × 10 ⁹	5 × 10 ⁹
$\sigma_{x,y}$ (µm)	30 – 60	60
σ_z (µm)	20	500 – 1000



LUXE sensitivity





3.0

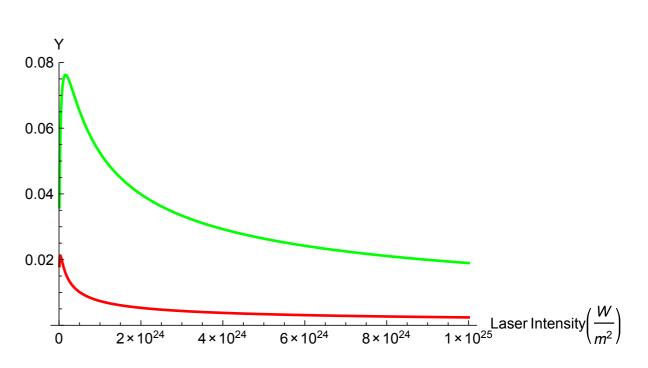
2.5

2.0

1.5

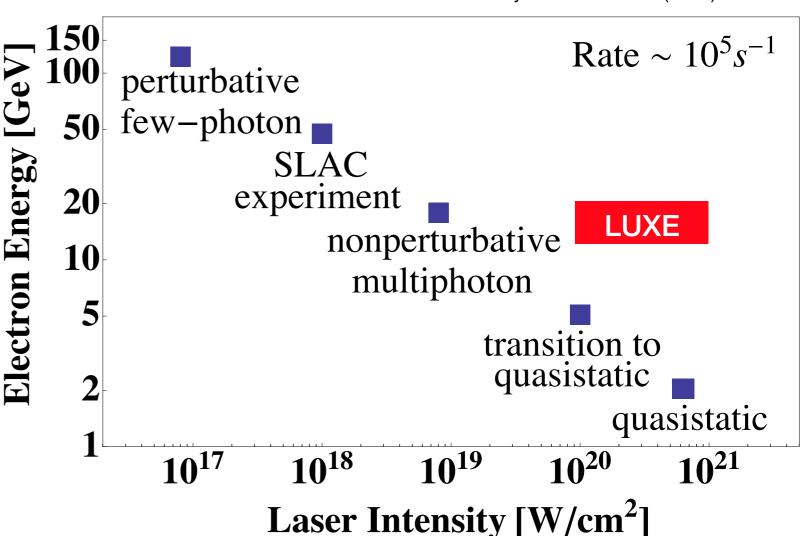
1.0

- $E_e = 17.5 \text{ GeV}$
- $\theta(e, \gamma) = 17^{\circ}$
- Laser intensity varied 10²⁰ 10²¹ W/cm²
- $\lambda = 1053$ nm, 527 nm
 - LUXE: $\eta \sim 3$, $\kappa \sim 1$ at 10^{20} W/cm²
 - LUXE: $\eta \sim 10$, $\kappa \sim 3$ at 10^{21} W/cm² for a green laser
 - Recall, E144: $\eta \sim 0.3$, $\kappa \sim 0.2$



H. Hu, C. Müller and C. Keitel, Phys. Rev. Lett. **105** (2010) 080401

- LUXE should be able to extend significantly into new regions
- Fields at or above the critical field (for the first time!)
- Want to run at lower last intensities to see perturbative transition
- Consider variation of other parameters, e.g. laser wavelength
- Interesting optimisation study to do



Conclusions and outlook

- Strong-field QED is a new physical regime which needs to be investigated.
 - We may see something new and unexpected or
 - Confirm and understand predictions which go back ~ 80 years
 - Understand and apply knowledge to systems where this occurs, e.g. neutron stars, high energy colliders
- Propose to set up an experiment using XFEL electron beam and measure physics above the Schwinger critical field.
- Initial investigations and consideration of pioneering E144 experiment suggest we will be able to be well above the Schwinger field.
- Embarking on feasibility/design study of machine, laser, experimental setup
 - Simulation of experimental setup, optimisation, parameters, e.g. laser, beam size.
 - Spectrometer detector designs.
 - Theoretical calculations and physics simulations.
 - Evaluate that experiment is parasitic to XFEL.
- Plan to host a workshop next spring/summer to gather interest and develop further.
- People welcome to join.

Additional info for FLC strategy

- LUXE funding situation
 - DSF application currently under evaluation (strong support also from XFEL director)
 - 1.1.2018-21.12.2019
 - 175 kEUR (1 PD + 2PhDs + travel + equipment for prototypes)
- Design study for next two years
 - simulations of beamline + sfQED + detectors
 - prototype detectors
 - prepare "TDR" for full experiment
- A lot of similarities with ILC Compton polarimeters
- Real-life test of ILC beamstrahlung physics!