# **LLRF Operator Training for XFEL**

#### **Introduction and Guide Lines**

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- > Introduction
- What an operator should know
- Expert only features
- > Exceptional cases and how to react
- > Summary



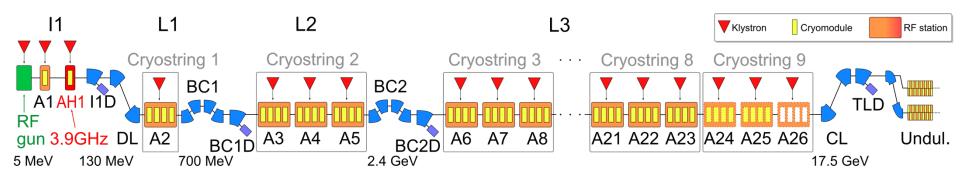
#### Introduction

- What does LLRF stand for? What is it about?
  - Low Level Radio Frequency
  - Our task: digital LLRF control of accelerating fields within cavities
  - RF frequency in gun cavity and superconducting cavities: 1.3 GHz (3.9 GHz at AH1)
  - Frequencies too fast for ADCs → Mixing with 1.354 GHz and by this downconversion to 54 MHz → Sampling with 81 MHz
  - Low level of frequency and amplitude, BUT original amplitude and phase information is preserved
  - Digital signal processing and control
  - Generation of drive signal (DAC + upconversion to 1.3 GHz or 3.9 GHz)

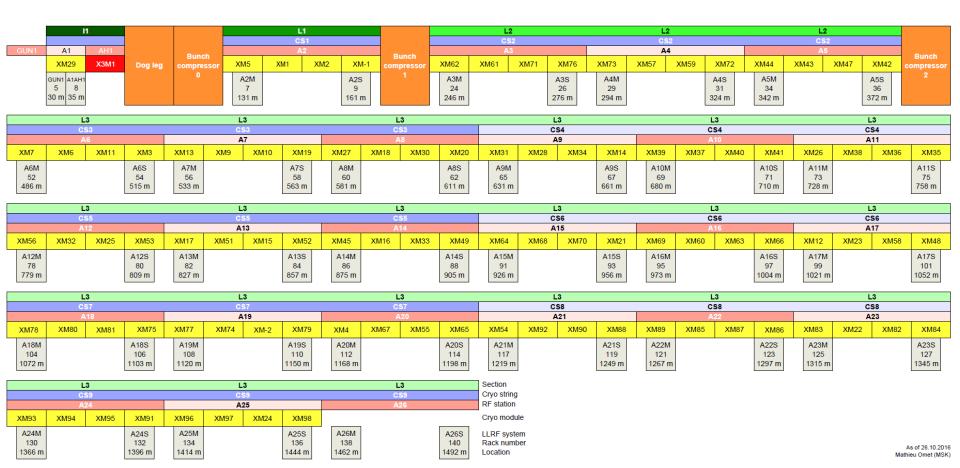


#### Introduction

- Where are we involved?
  - In every RF station
  - For now 28 LLRF systems
  - More to come with injector 2



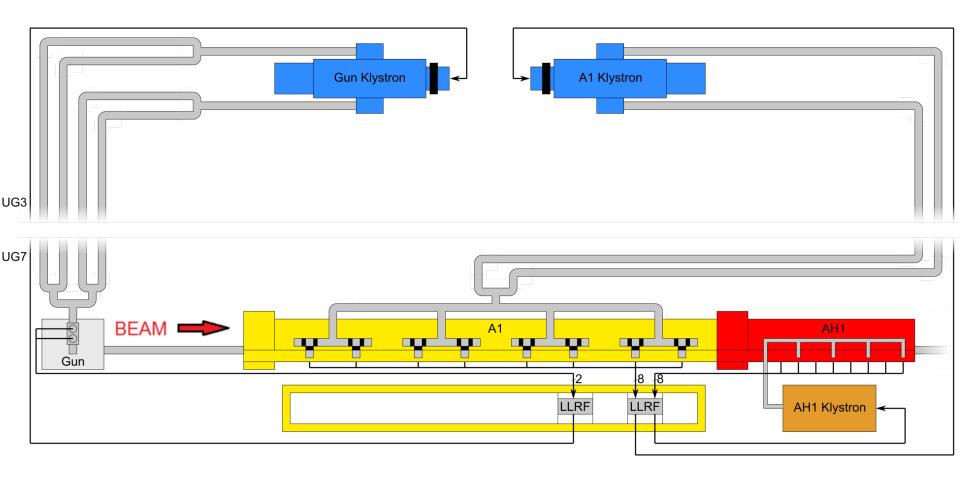
#### **LLRF Station Overview**





#### Introduction

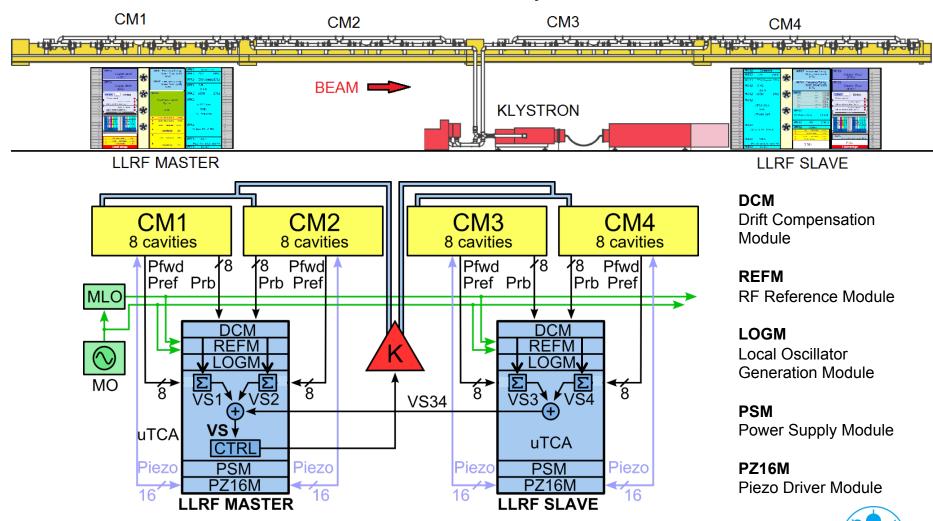
> RF Stations of the Injector 1





# **LLRF System Description**

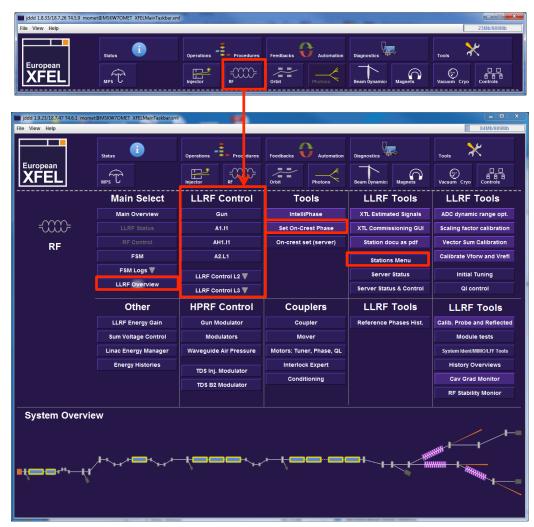
> XTL RF station: semi-distributed LLRF system



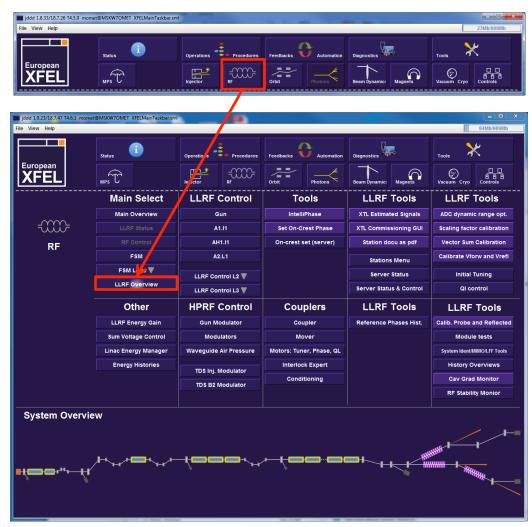
- For now let's focus on the injector
- Tasks of the XFEL operator:
  - Turn on an RF station
  - Adjust the vector-sum voltage
  - Adjust the vector-sum phase
  - Tune cavities, if necessary
  - Adjust output vector correction and ratio, if necessary
  - Set a certain phase as on-crest phase
  - Turn off an RF station



Where to find the LLRF panels



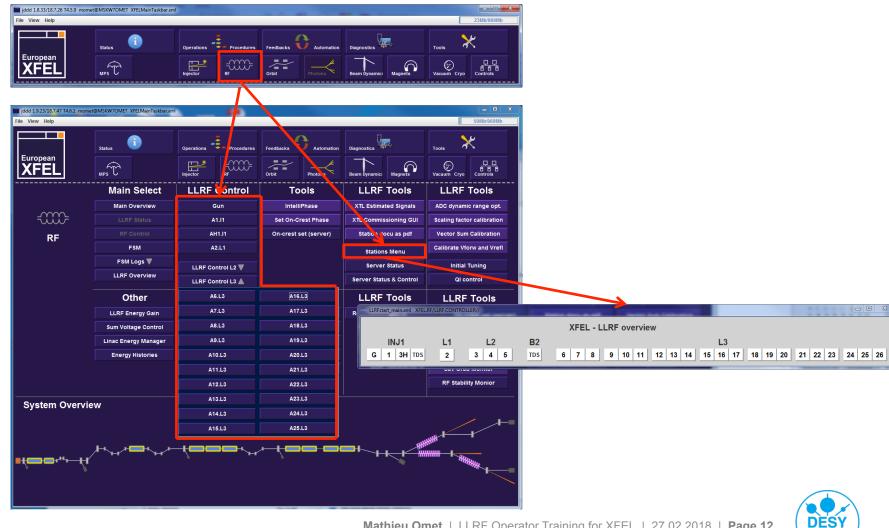
#### LLRF overview panel



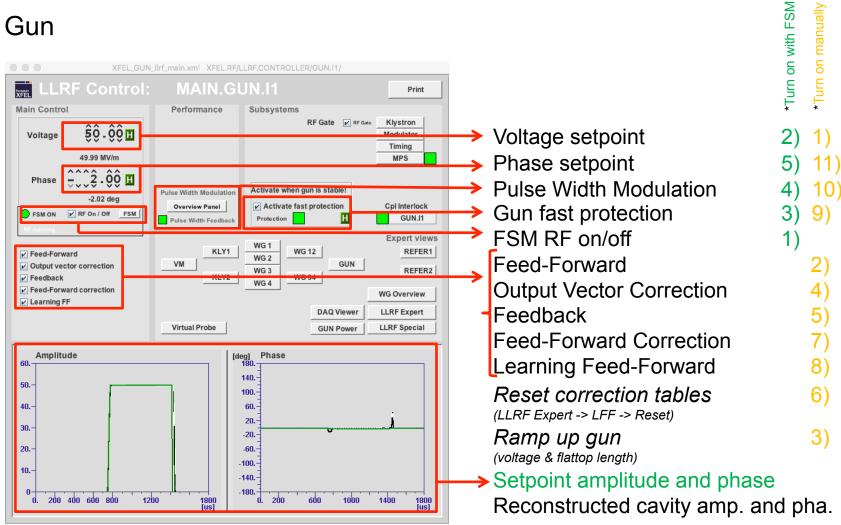
LLRF overview panel



Opening LLRF station panel



Gun





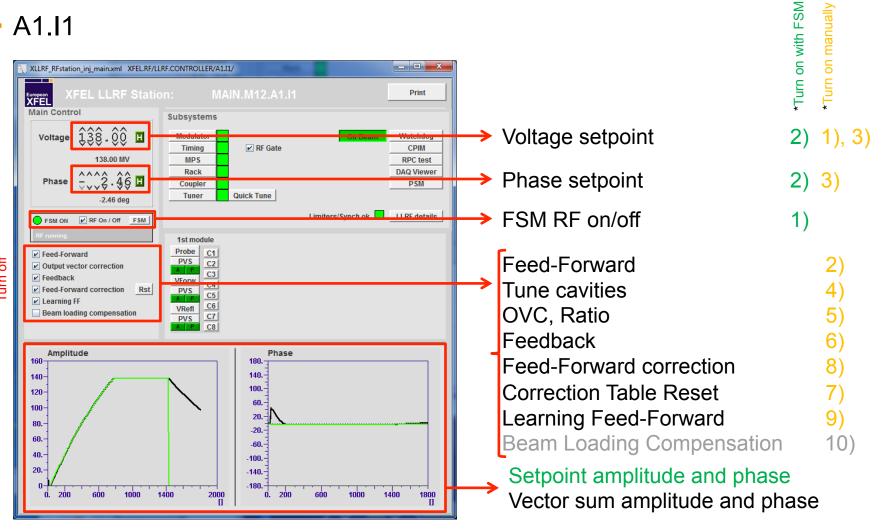
- Gun Pulse Width Modulation
  - Use only after stable gun operation is achieved
  - Use only during stable valve situation





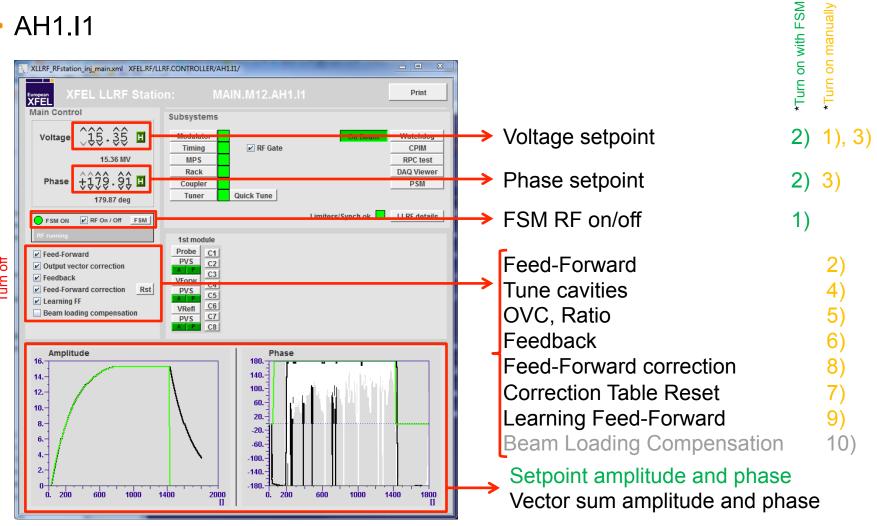
> A1.I1

Turn on\*

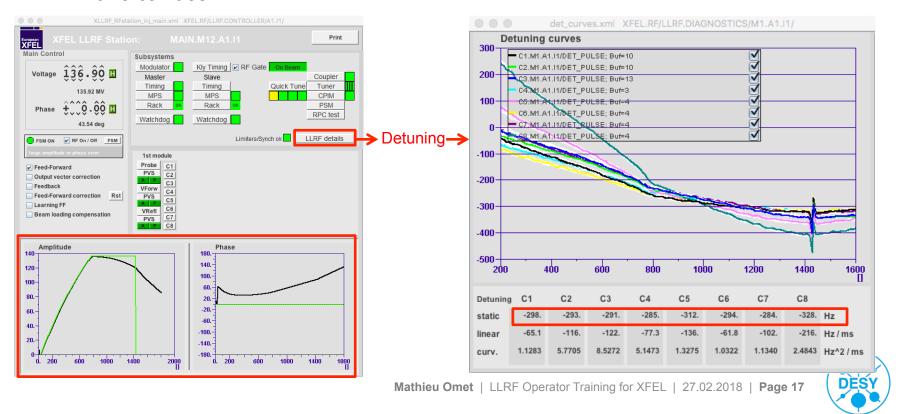




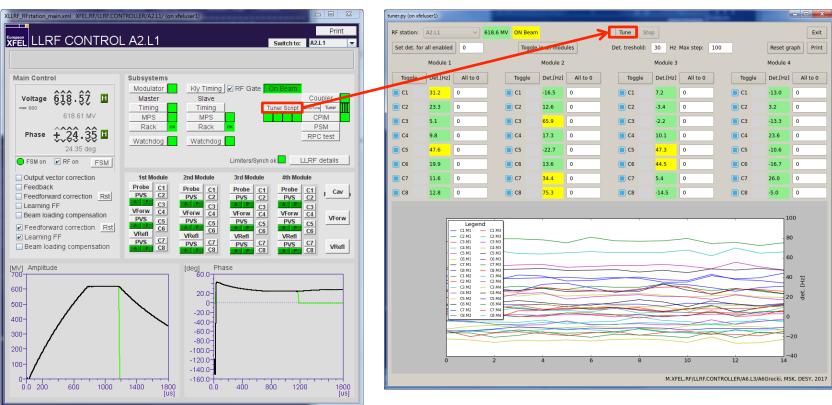
> AH1.I1



- In Feed-Forward operation vector sum gradient does not reach SP after filling and/or curved flattop (not possible to close FB)
- Huge phase roll off (several ten degrees)
  - Cavities are detuned → Document event with screen shots
  - Tune cavities

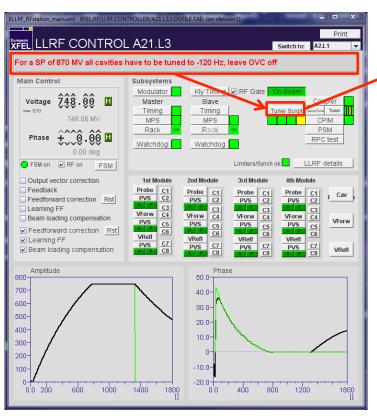


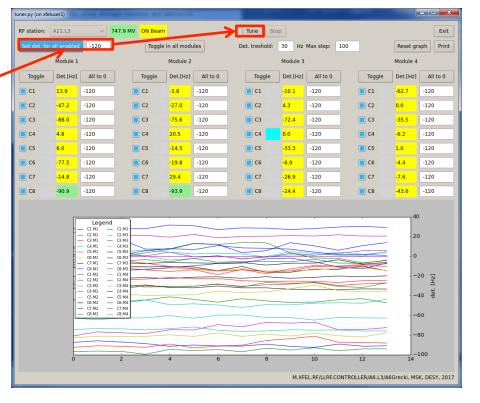
- > Tuner script
- Tune cavities only in open loop operation
- In case of problems hit stop





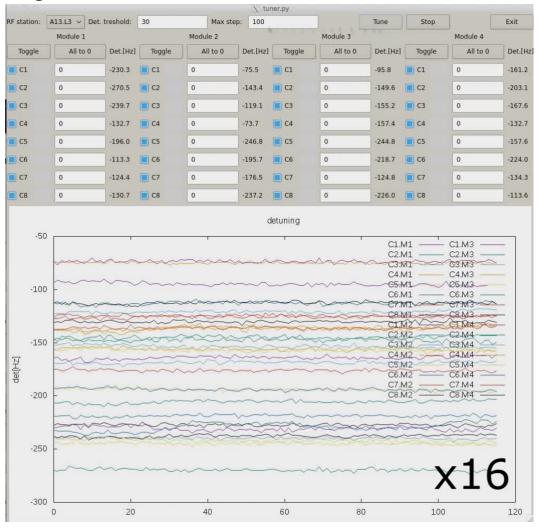
- Tuner script, don't forget to check panel comment!
- Never ever change panel comment!
- Tune cavities only in open loop operation





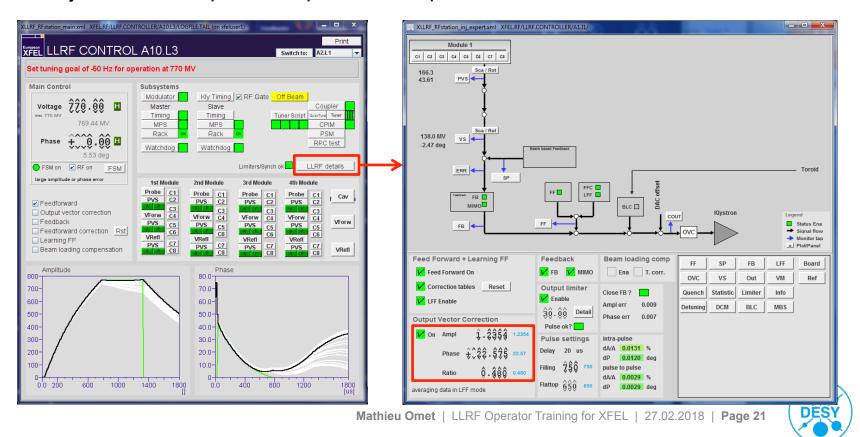


How the tuning should look like

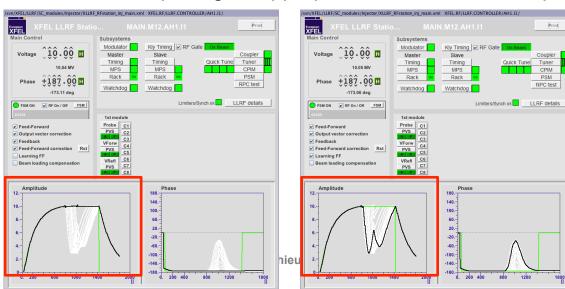




- OVC (Output Vector Rotation)
  - Adjustment of VS amplitude and phase in order to minimize the deviation from the SP
- Ratio
  - Adjustment of amplitude slope over flattop



- LFF (Learning-Feed Forward)
  - Is modifying the Feed-Forward Correction tables in order to compensate for repetitive errors (differences between VS amplitude and phase and the corresponding SP)
- BLC (Beam Loading Compensation)
  - Compensates for beam loading depending on number of bunches and charge
  - Currently under commissioning → LFF takes over the job, but is slow (needs 1~2) minutes for learning)
  - When switching from long bunch trains to short bunch trains, resetting the Feed-Forward Correction helps to gain appropriate correction tables quicker



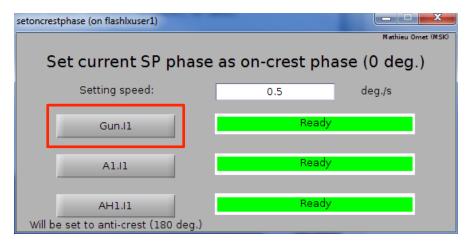


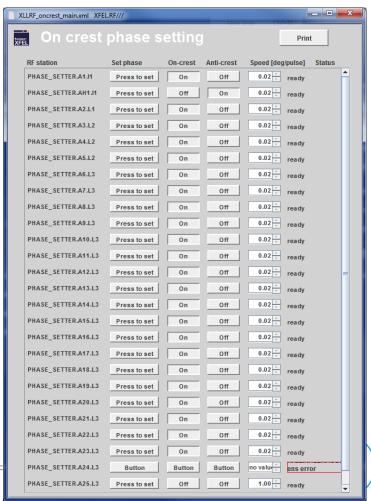
Print

- Changing the voltage more than 100 MV:
  - Open the loop (disable Learning FF, Feedforward correction, Feedback)
  - Change the voltage setpoint
  - Adjust output vector correction and ratio to match set point (under LLRF details)
  - Tune the cavities (note message in the LLRF panel in case a tuning goal different to 0 Hz is specified)
  - For large voltage changes the two above steps might have to be interated, since different gradient ⇔ different detuning
  - Close the loop (reset Feedforward correction, enable Learning FF, Feedforward correction and Feedback)
- Using the XFEL Energy Manager might lead to detuned cavities, which can lead to trips



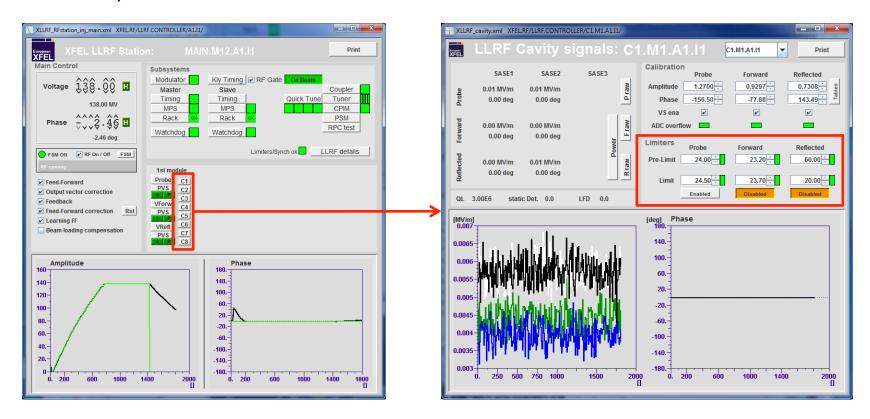
- Set current phase as on-crest phase
  - After the on-crest (anti-on-crest phase) was determined, set it as the SP phase and select the station in panel below for setting it to 0 deg.
  - For the gun ↓, for the rest →





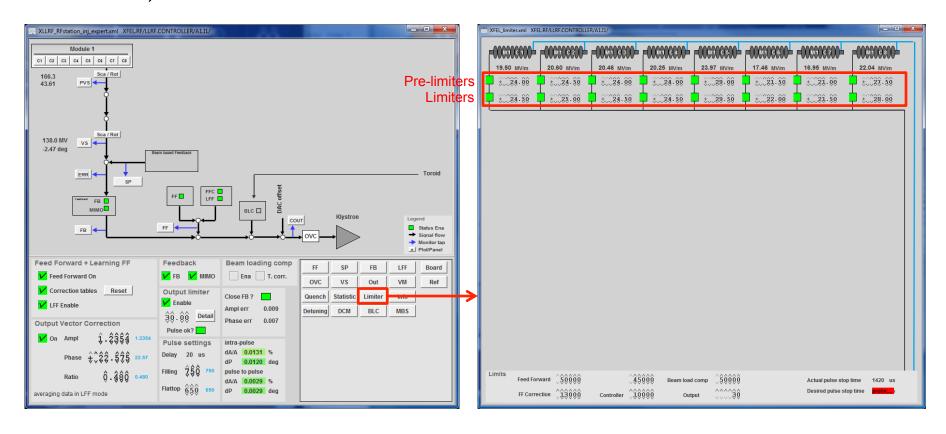
# **Expert Only Features**

Limiters, DON'T EVER TOUCH!

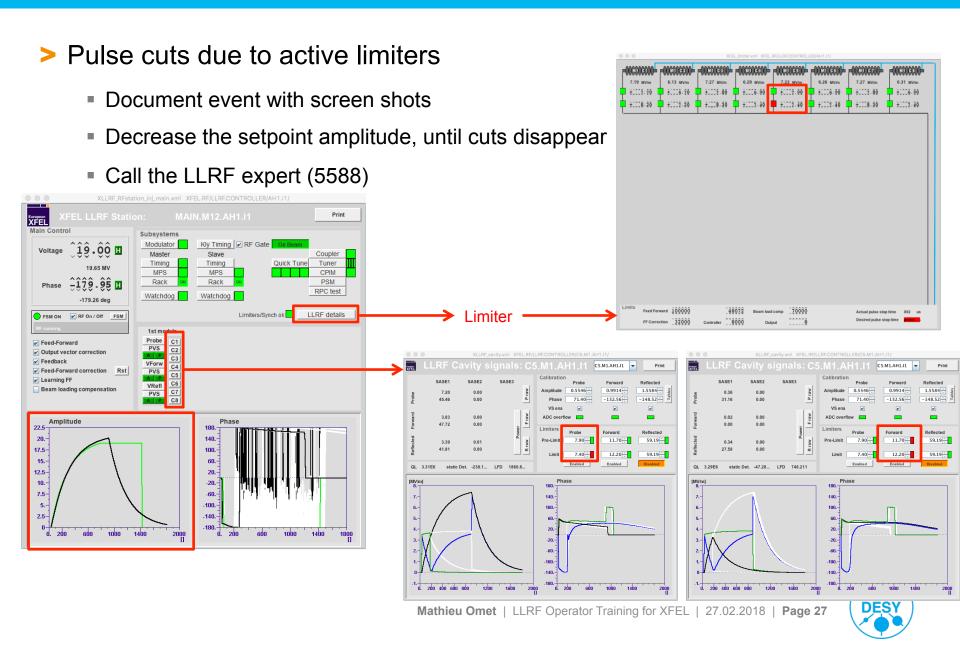


#### **Expert Only Features**

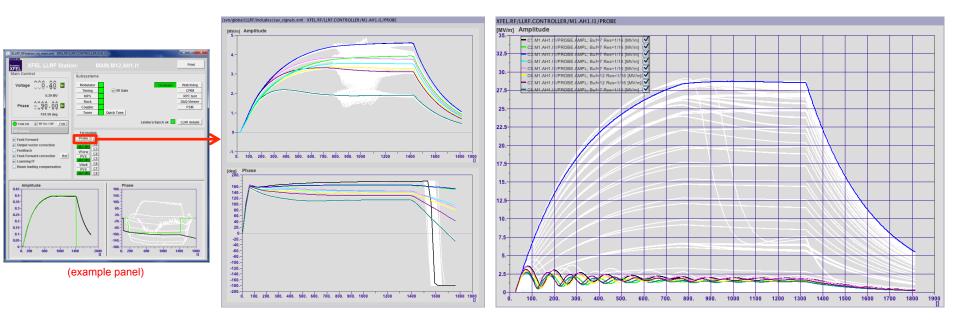
Limiters, DON'T EVER TOUCH!



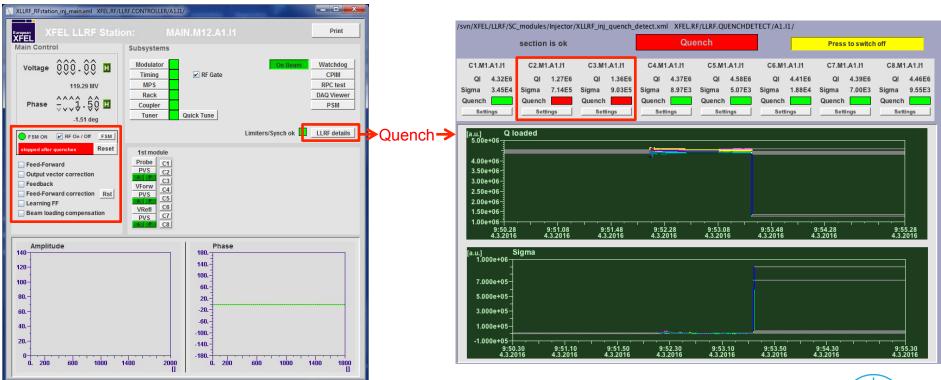




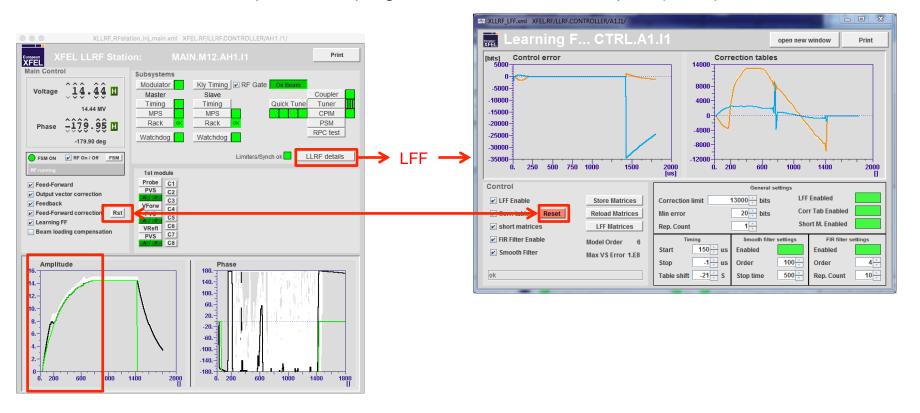
- Pulse cuts by forward limiter
- Cavity gradients are low and show damped sinusoidal shape
  - Document event with screen shots
  - Cavities are detuned → Call the LLRF expert (5588)



- > Quench event → Quench detection turns off RF
  - Document event with screen shots
  - Reset event, try to ramp up again
  - If cavities quench again → Call the LLRF expert (5588)

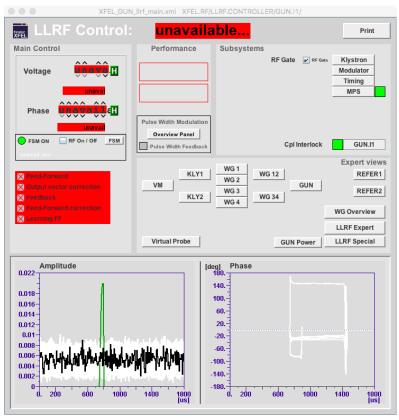


- Weird shape of amplitude (or phase)
  - Try to reset the Feed-forward correction tables and wait for a minute
  - If it does not help or acts up again → Call the LLRF expert (5588)





- LLRF controls not working
  - If this is the case only for a short period of time → Communication issue, LLRF can't do anything
  - If this state is persistent LLRF server might be down → Call the LLRF expert (5588)





# **Comments & Summary**

- Tasks of the XFEL operator:
  - Turn on an RF station
  - Adjust the vector-sum voltage
  - Adjust the vector-sum phase
  - Tune cavities, if necessary
  - Adjust output vector correction and ratio, if necessary
  - Set a certain phase as on-crest phase
  - Turn off an RF station
- Operation via the LLRF main panels
- Document anything you think is not normal
  - Add your name so that we can respond to you!!!
  - Set location of respective RF station in your logbook entry!!!
- If there are problems you need assitance with call the LLRF expert (5588)

# **Questions?**

> Thank you very much for your attention!



