



Minimum bias physics results at LHCb

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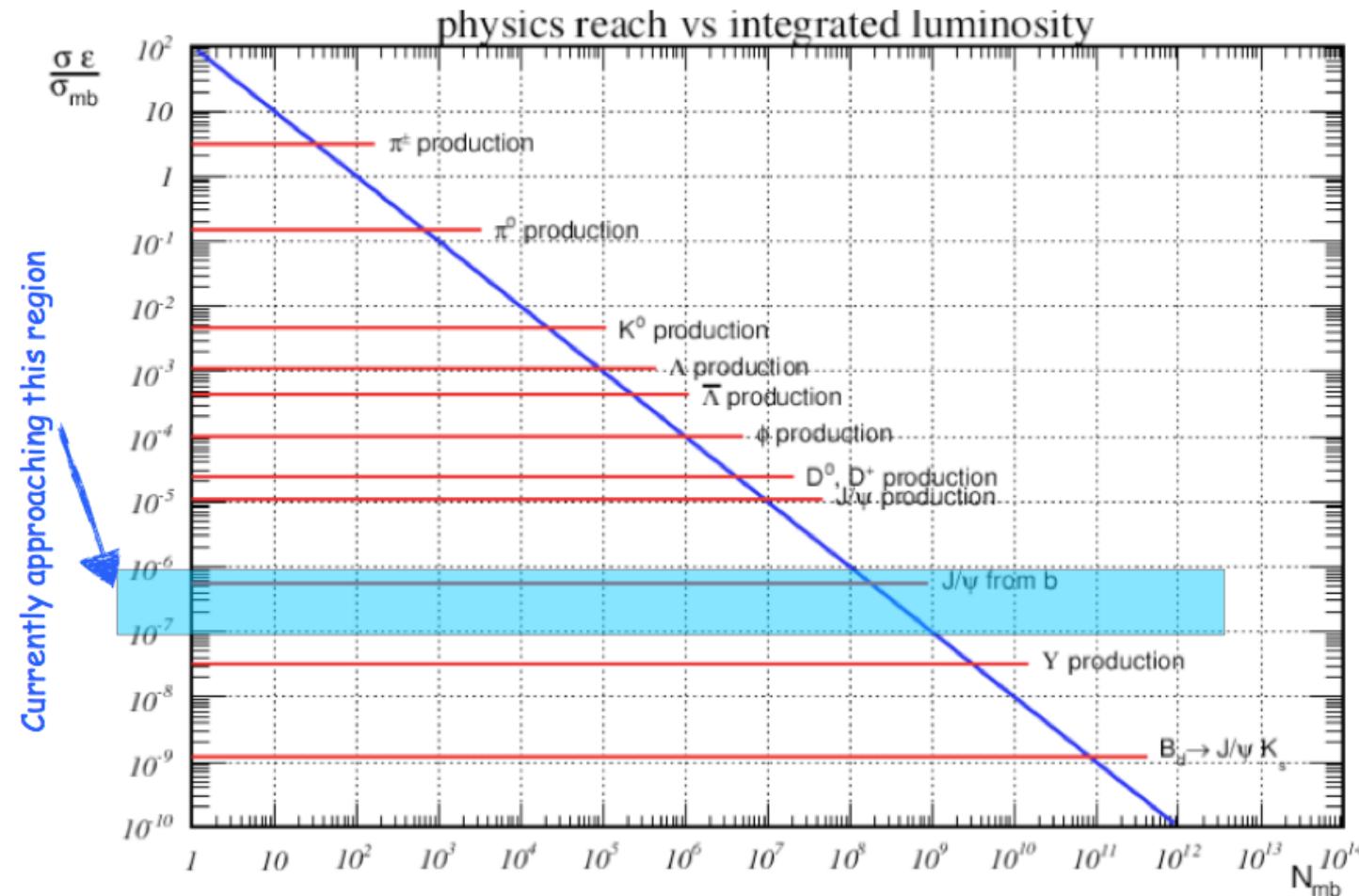
INFN – Sezione di Cagliari - Italy

On behalf of the LHCb Collaboration

Outline

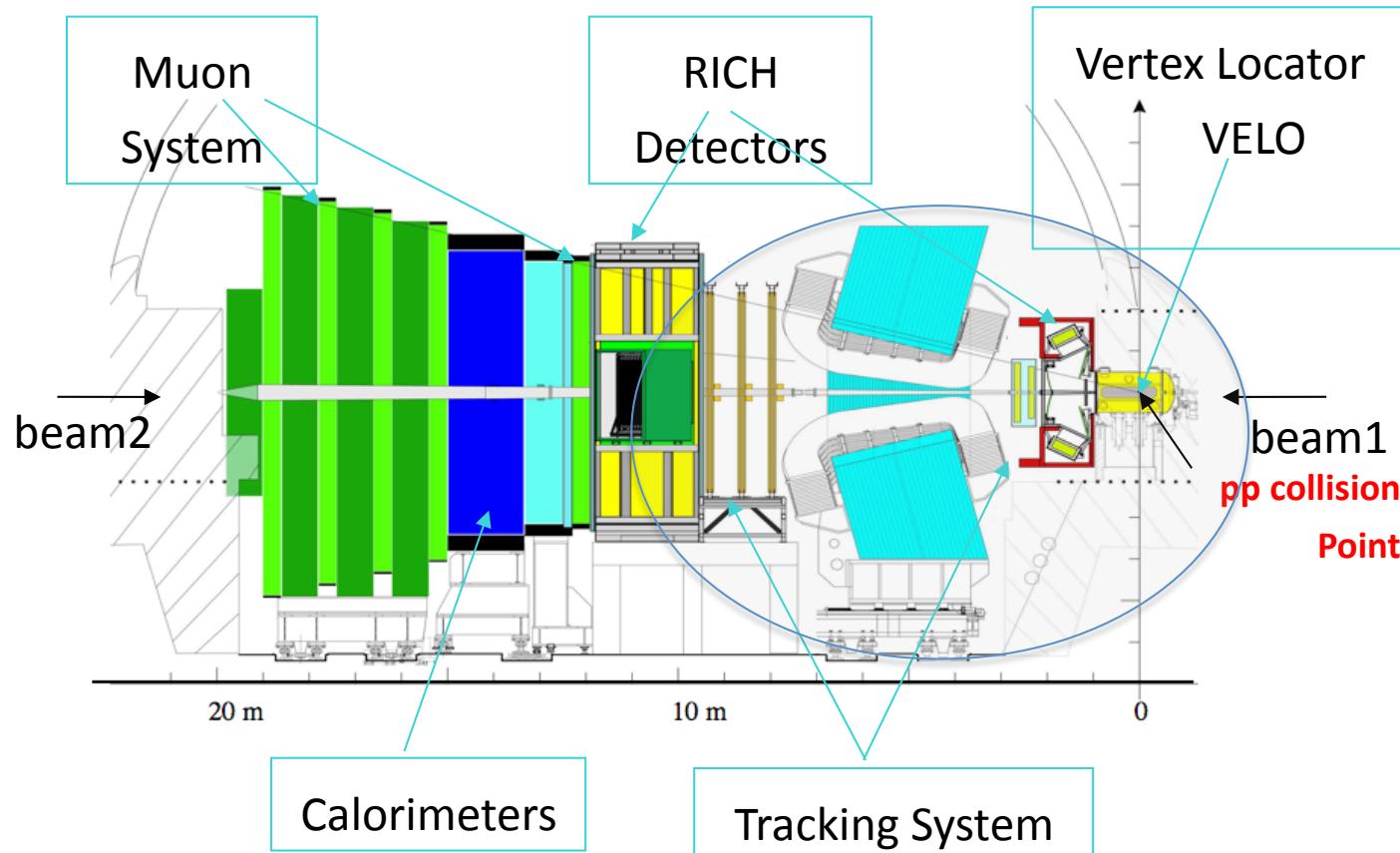
- Some “re-discovery” plots of resonances
- Prompt K_S^0 production cross-section in 2009 data @ $\sqrt{s}=0.9\text{TeV}$
 - $\int \mathcal{L} = 6.8\mu\text{b}^{-1}$
 - very advanced, close to finalize for publication
- Prompt anti Λ/Λ production ratio in 2010 data:
 - $\sqrt{s}=0.9\text{ TeV}$
 - $\int \mathcal{L} \approx 0.3\text{nb}^{-1}$
 - $\sqrt{s}=7\text{ TeV}$
 - $\int \mathcal{L} \lesssim 1\text{nb}^{-1}$
 - preliminary results

Setting the scale



the # of recorded minimum bias events needed to observe 100 events of the process X

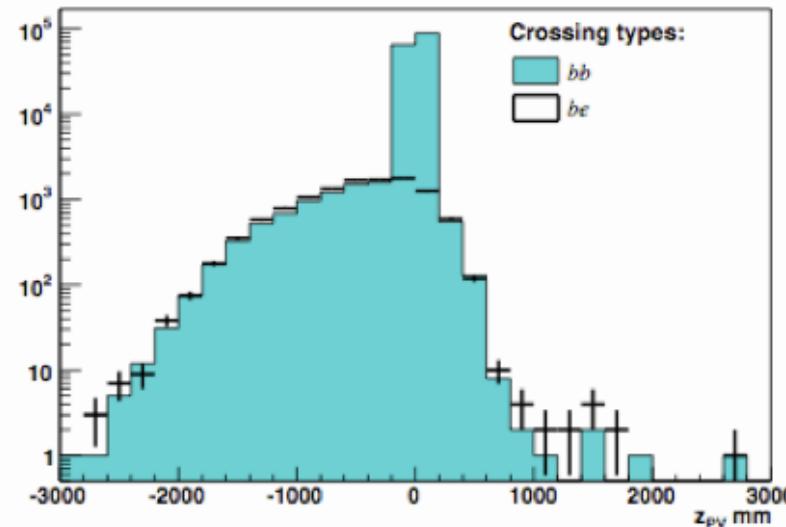
The LHCb detector



- pseudo-rapidity coverage 1.9-4.9
- possibility to reverse field polarity to check for detector asymmetries
- so far we have $\int \mathcal{L} \approx 14 \text{ nb}^{-1}$ on tape

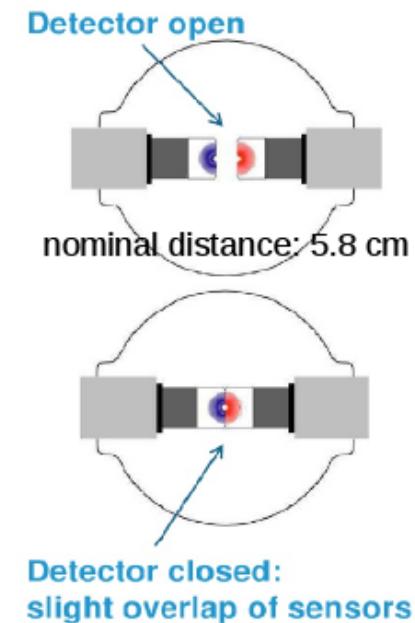
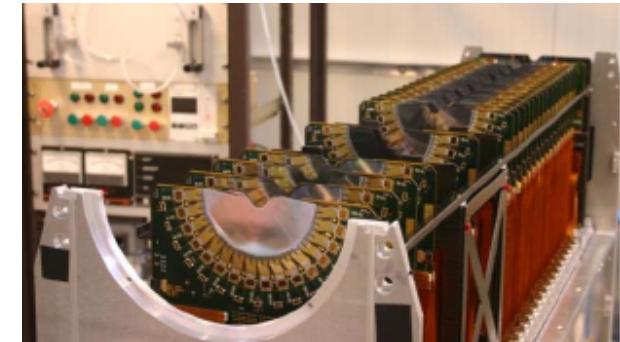
LHCb detector and trigger

- Only first level hardware trigger used for this analysis
- trigger used for the analyses discussed in this talk:
 - minimum bias trigger based on CALO
- Beam-gas interactions were a substantial background in 2009
 - reduced by vertex region cuts (to $\approx 1\%$) and statistically subtracted

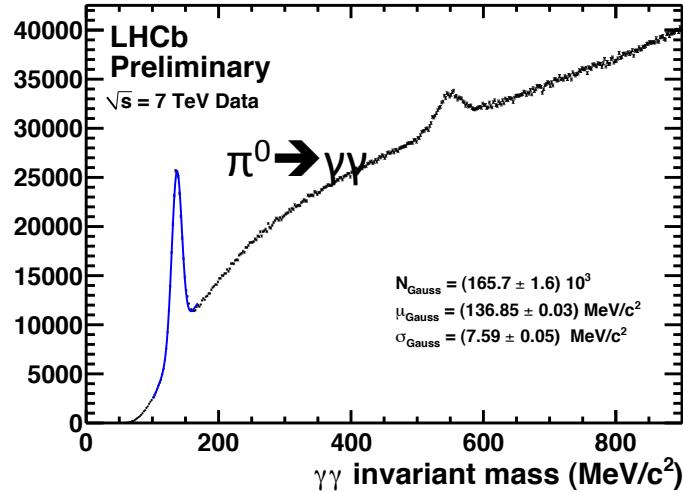


VELO position

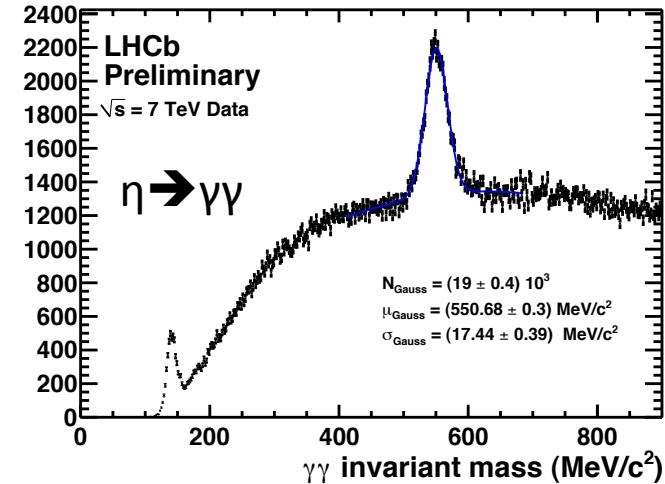
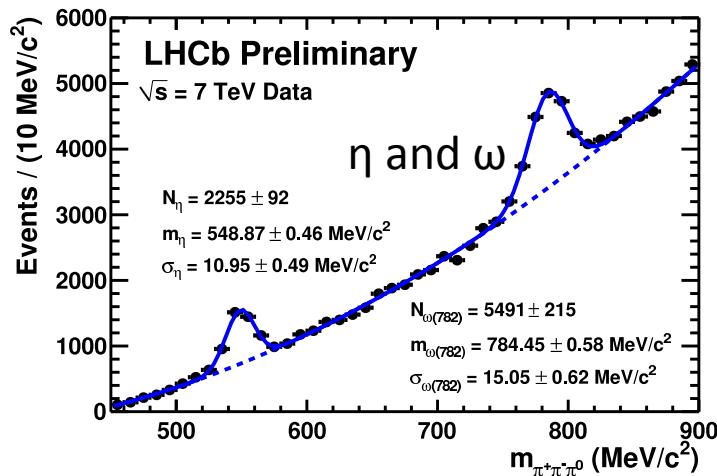
- Our vertex detector could not be closed at 0.9 TeV due to internal beam crossing angle (due to our magnet)
 - In 2009 was kept at 15mm from nominal position
 - In 2010 it was kept at 10mm
- For the 7 TeV runs the VELO was closed



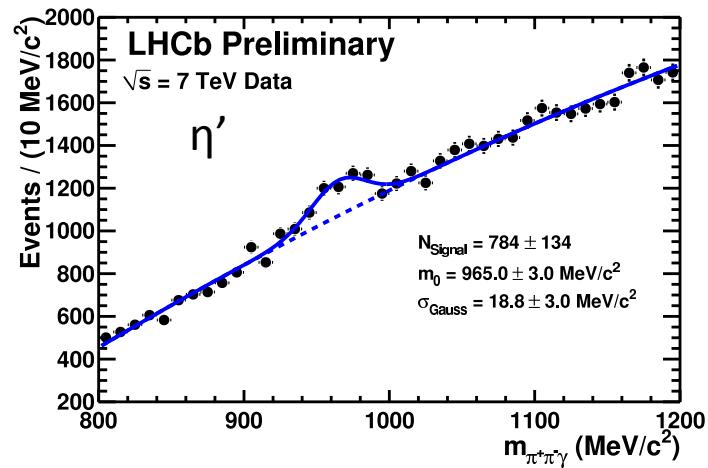
Non strange mesons



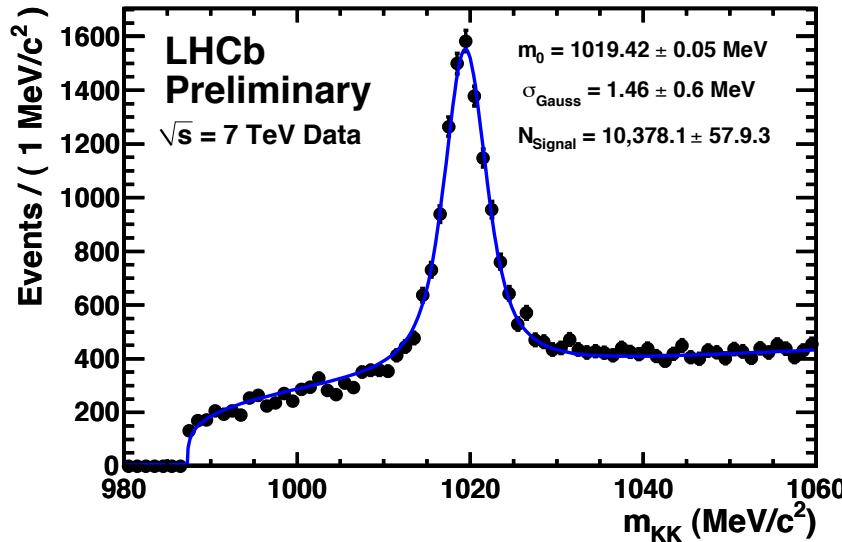
mild $p_T(\gamma)$ cuts



hard $p_T(\gamma)$ cuts

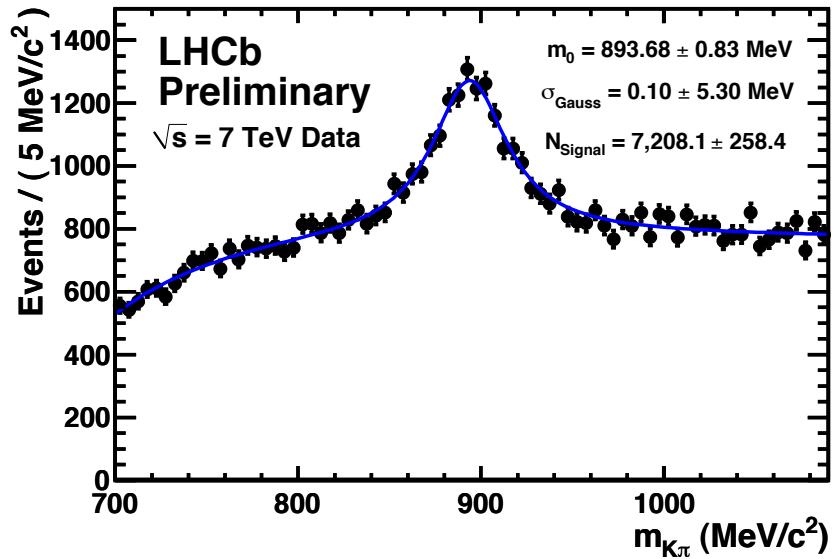


Strange mesons

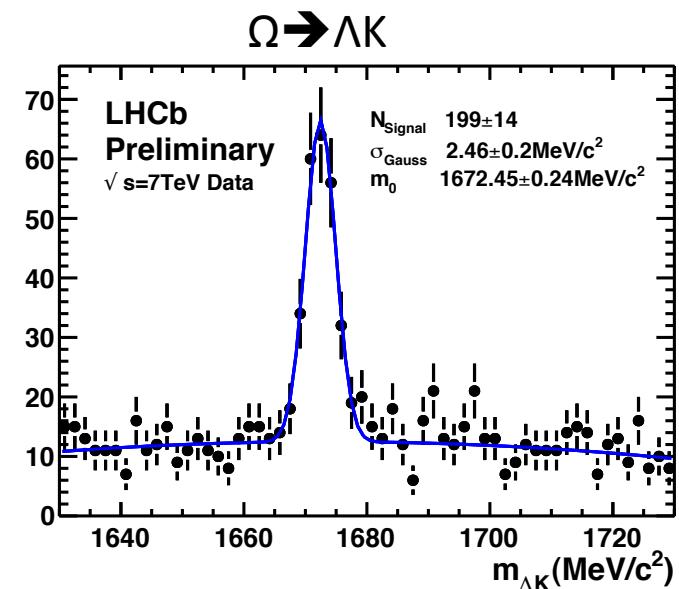
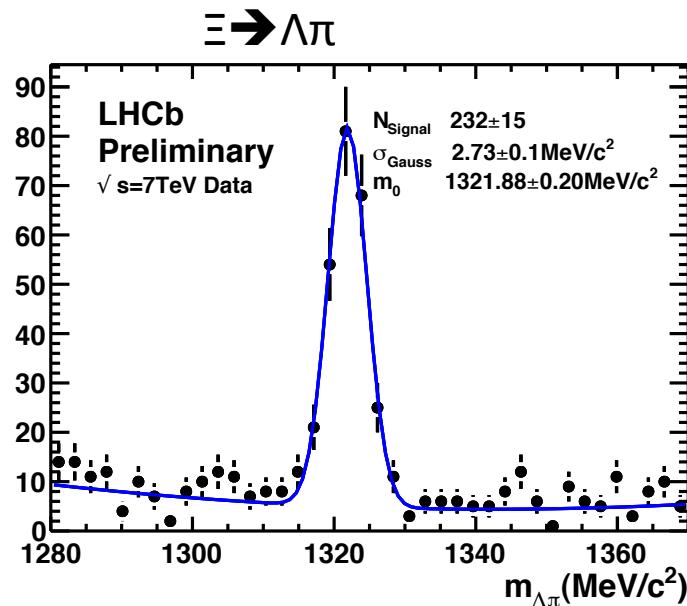


$\Phi \rightarrow KK$

$K^* \rightarrow K\pi$



Strange hyperons



Physics motivation of K_S^0 analysis

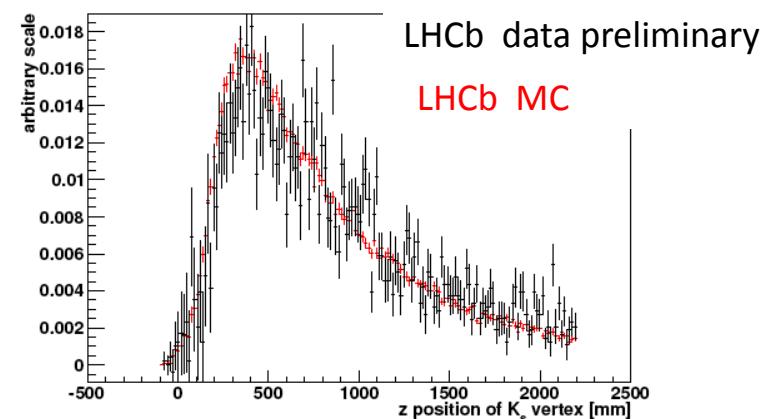
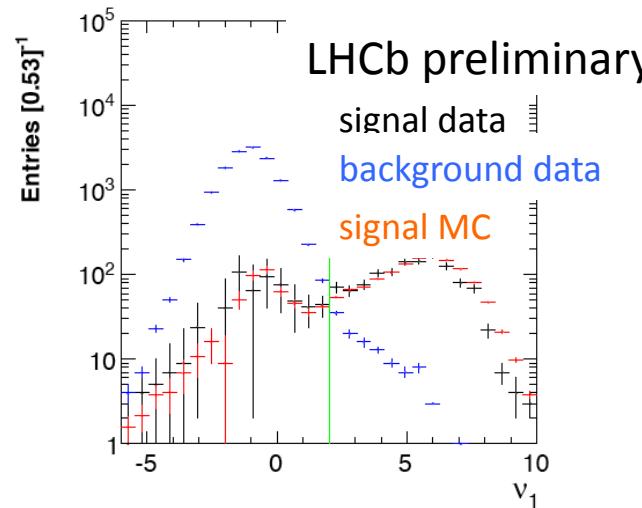
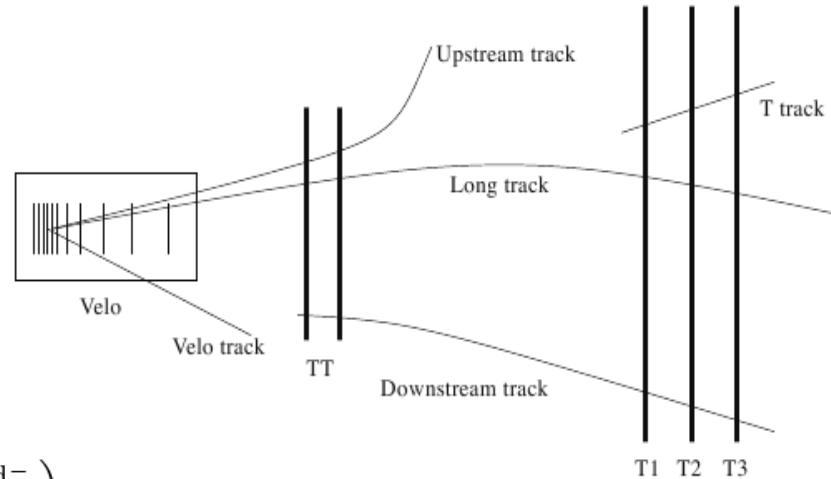
- Strangeness production very good to test fragmentation models since valence quarks are not strange
- Highest CM energy so far 1.96 TeV (but for ppbar) at Tevatron and 200 GeV at RHIC
- Models tuned for central rapidity and $p_T > 0.4\text{-}0.5 \text{ GeV}/c$
- LHCb covers the forward rapidity and can provide a measurement down to $p_T = 0$

Event selection

We have performed two independent analyses

1) with LONG TRACKS

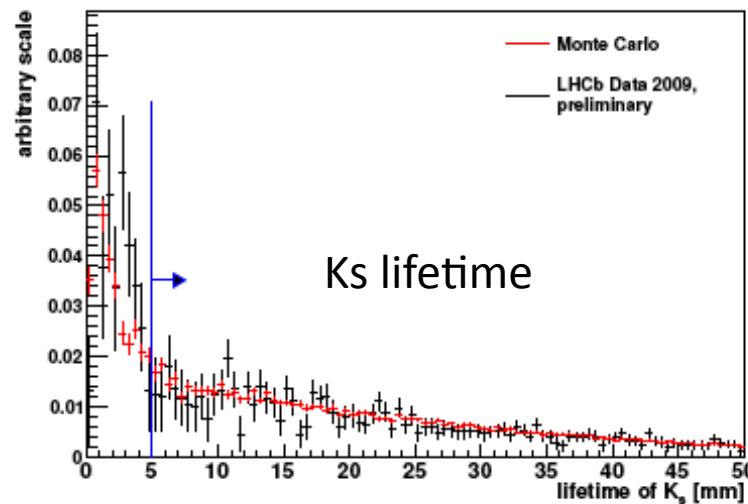
- Make long tracks with VELO hits if possible
- low statistics due to VELO open but good background rejection
- Separation from combinatorial background based on $\nu_1 = \ln\left(\frac{IP_{d+} \cdot IP_{d-}}{IP_{V0} \cdot 1mm}\right)$



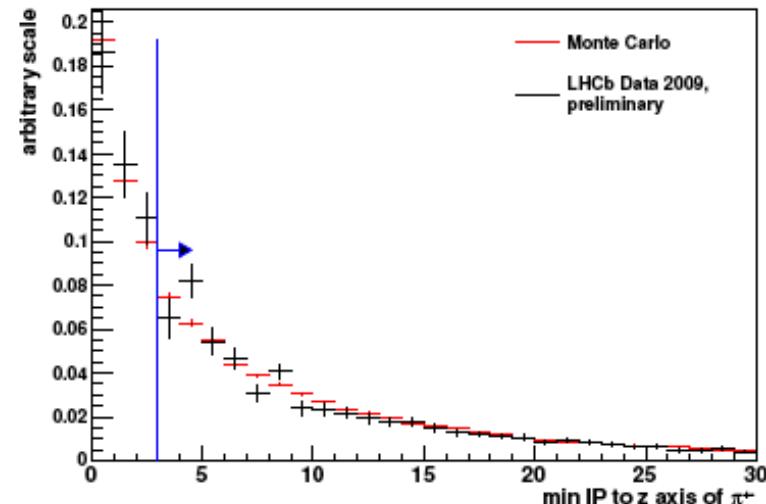
reconstructed z position of the decay vertex

Event selection

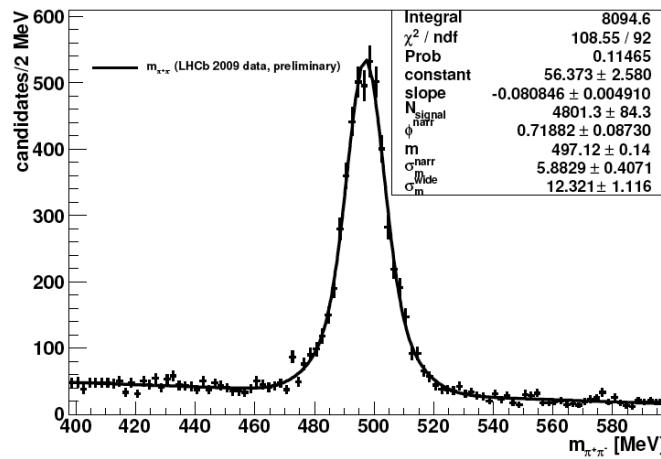
- 2) with DOWNSTREAM tracks
 - no VELO hits used in the reconstruction
 - large statistics
 - K_s required to point to the z axis



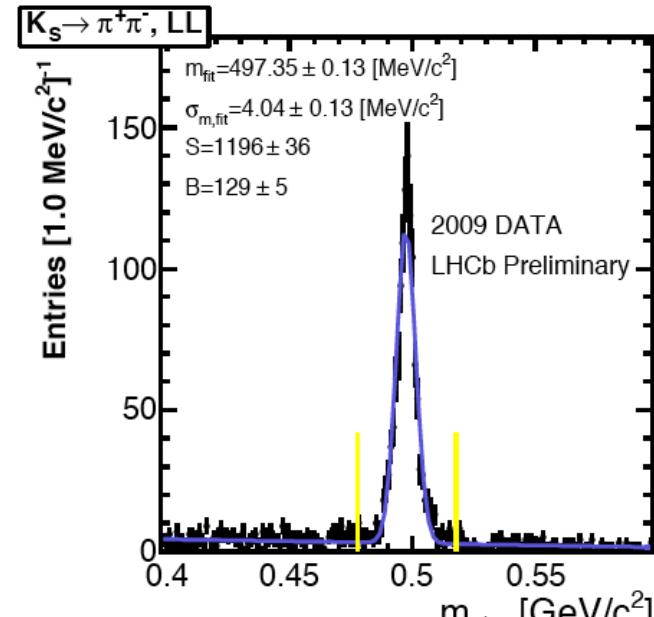
impact parameter cut of the daughters



Event selection (2)



invariant mass with downstream tracks



invariant mass with long tracks

signal extraction used both sideband subtraction and double Gaussian fit

	# events in beam-beam interactions
K _S ⁰ long	1196
K _S ⁰ downstream	4864

Efficiency corrections

Strategy: determine efficiencies in p_T, y bins from Monte Carlo

Use data to cross check in certain areas of phase space

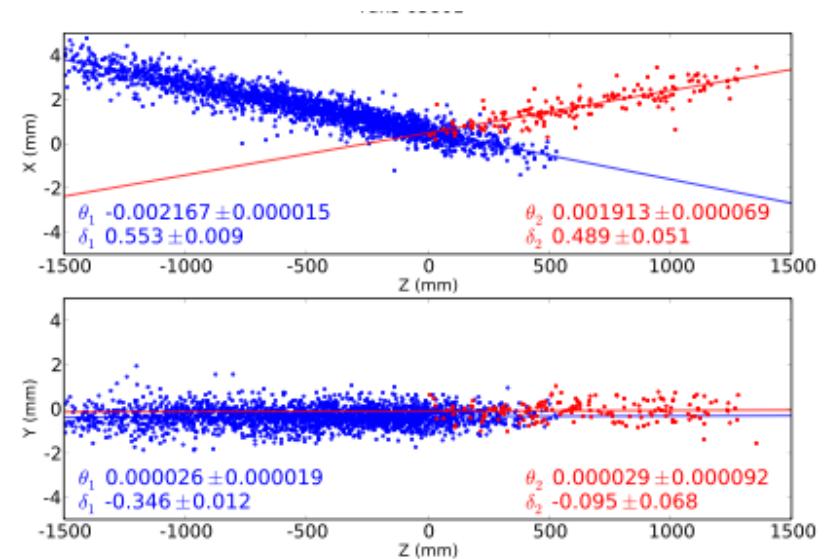
- Selection efficiency: determine ratio data/MC after a loose pre-selection
 - systematic uncertainty $\approx 4\%$
- Tracking efficiency:
 - MC corrected for hit finding inefficiency due to residual misalignment in data (10% effect)
 - Track efficiency measured on data splitting the track in segments: about 5% difference found in data w.r.t. MC, p_T dependent
 - systematic uncertainty $\approx 10\%$ (dominant contribution after luminosity)
- Trigger efficiencies between 96.5% and 99%
 - systematic difference data-MC $< 1\%$

Luminosity measurement

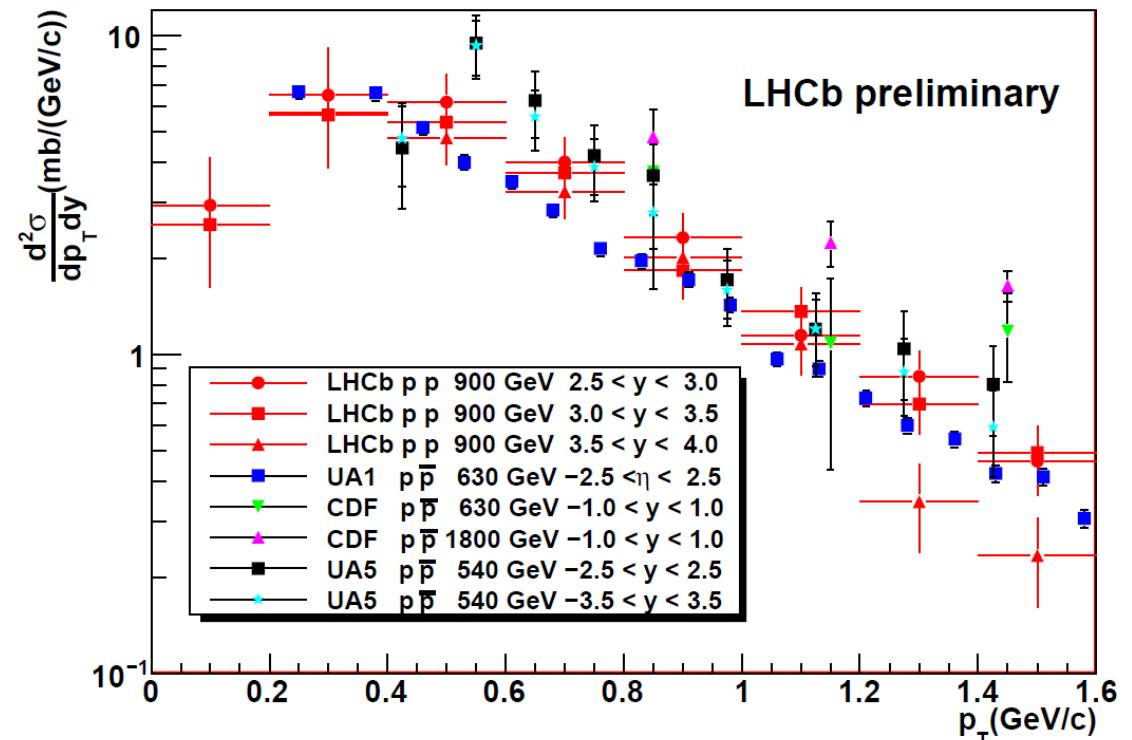
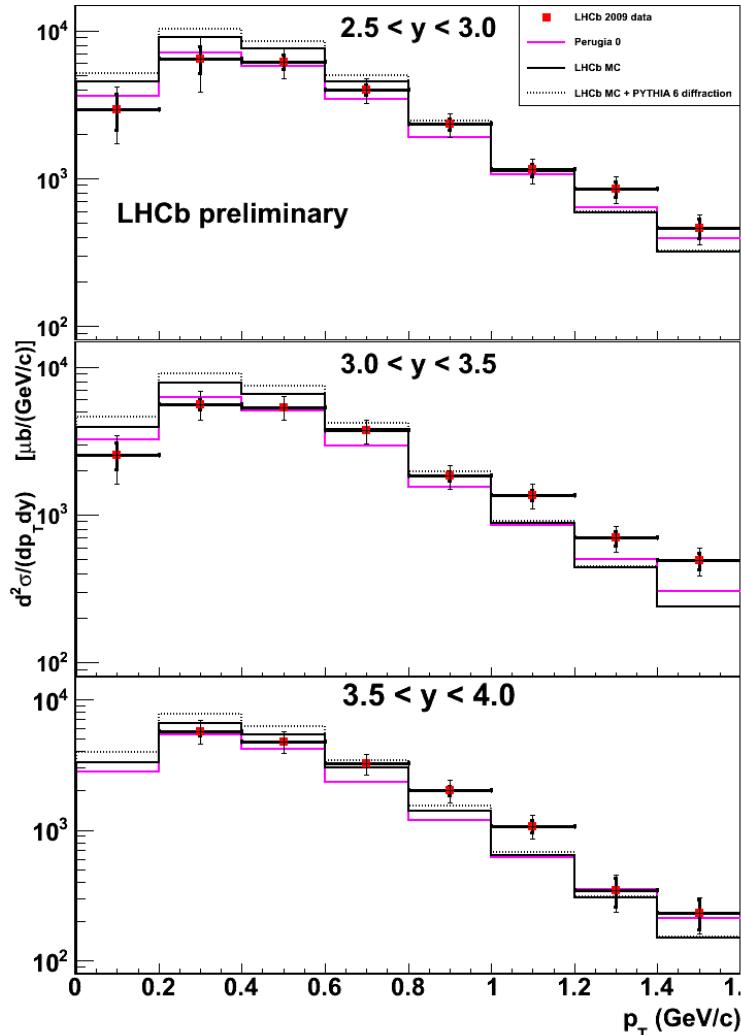
- Used a direct method based on beam currents from BeamCurrentTransformers bunch-by-bunch and reconstruction of beam transverse size (in b1-gas and b2-gas events) by the VELO

$$\mathcal{L} = f \sum_i^N \frac{n_{1i} n_{2i}}{4\pi \sigma_x^i \sigma_y^i}$$

- Need to take into account the crossing angle (2mrad) in xz plane due to LHCb B field
- Systematic on beam sizes evaluated comparing b1-gas, b2-gas and b1-b2 events
- Total systematic error $\approx 15\%$ dominated by BCT current measurements



prompt $\sigma(K^0_S)$ results



Comparison with other experiments
→ extended measurement range

Comparison to different PYTHIA tunings -> data tend to be slightly harder

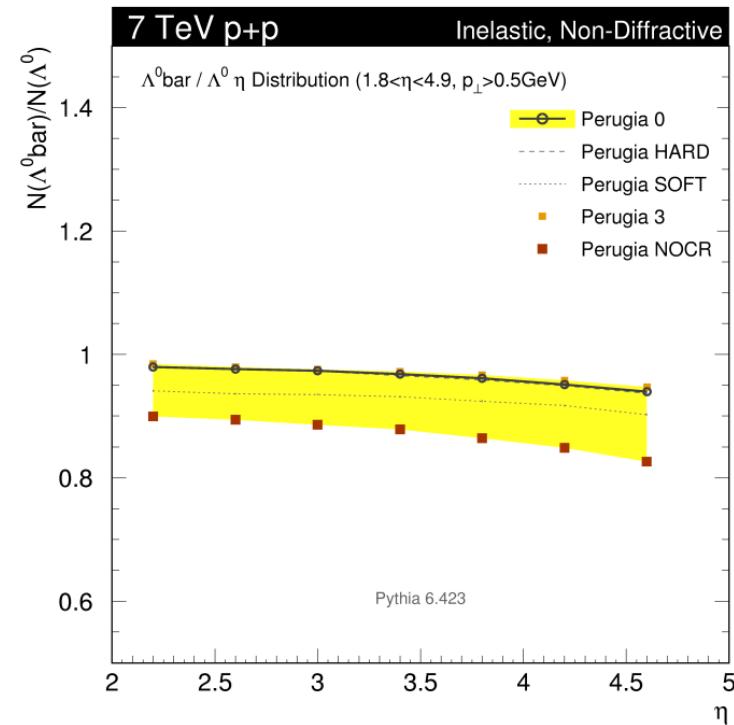
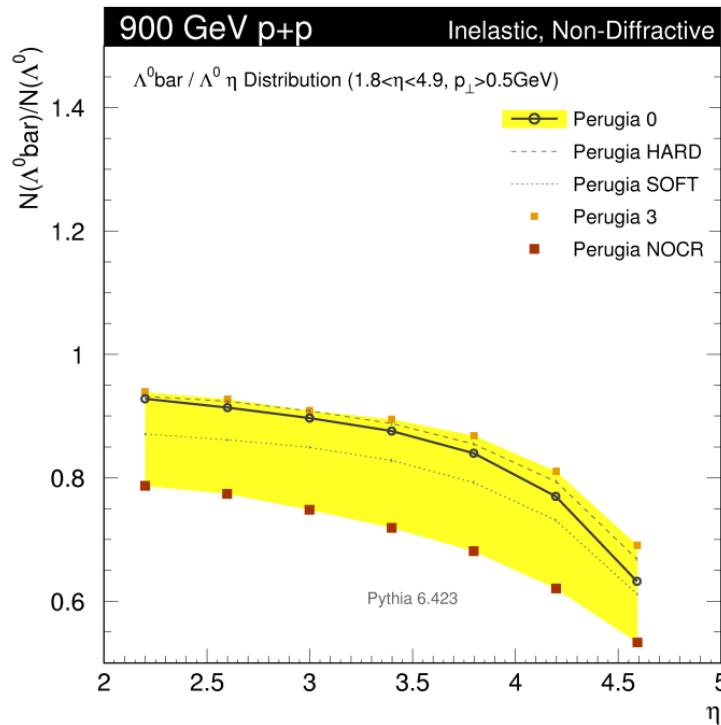
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Physics motivation of $\Lambda\bar{\Lambda}$ analysis

- Study of baryon number transport
- Models tuned to lower energies; they diverge at LHC energies



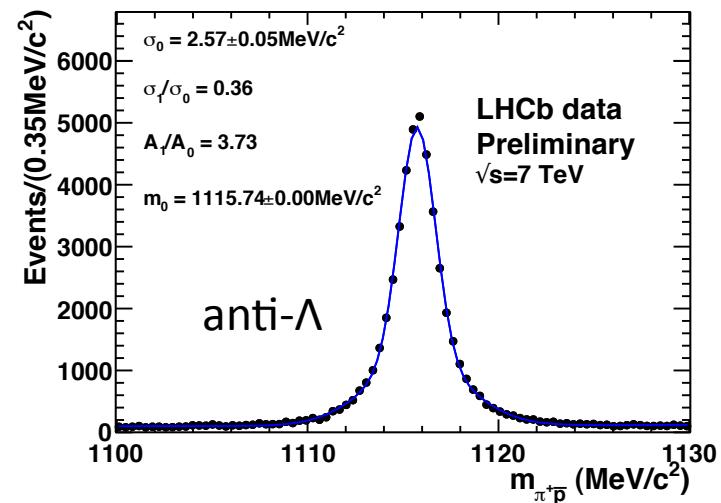
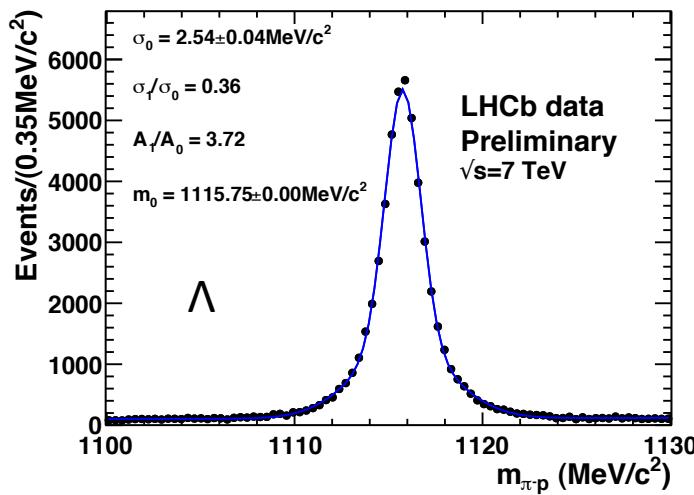
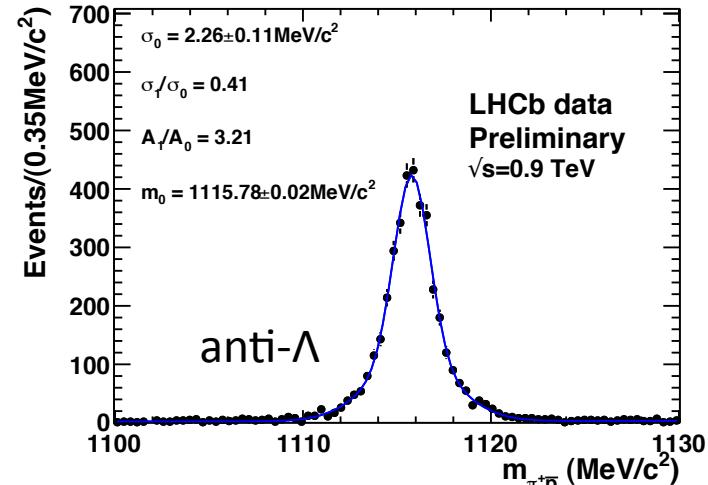
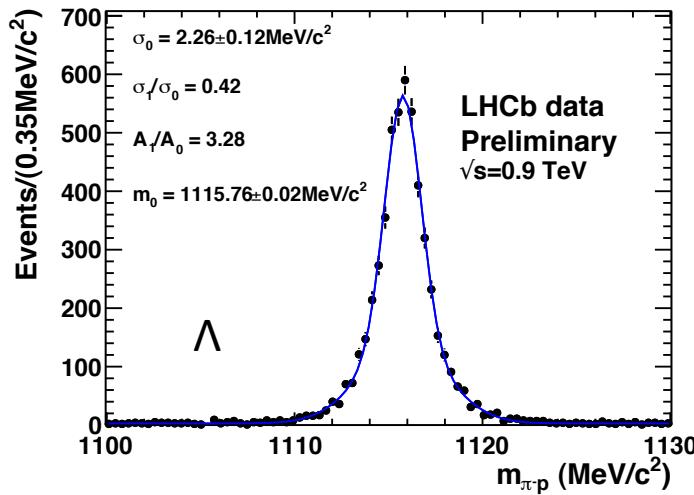
<http://home.fnal.gov/~skands/leshouches-plots/>

Event selection

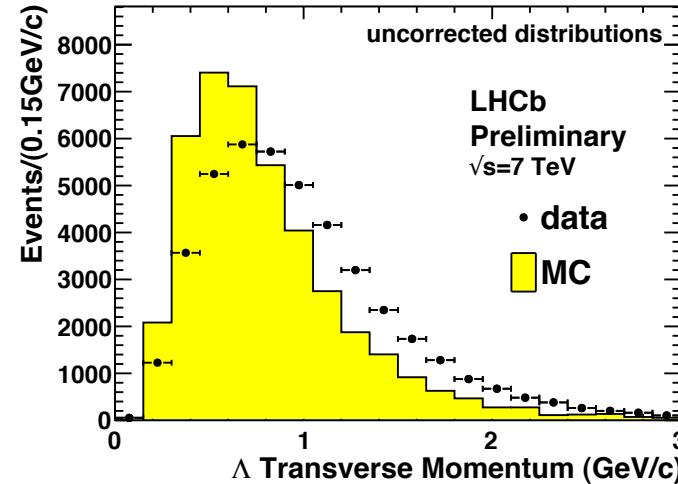
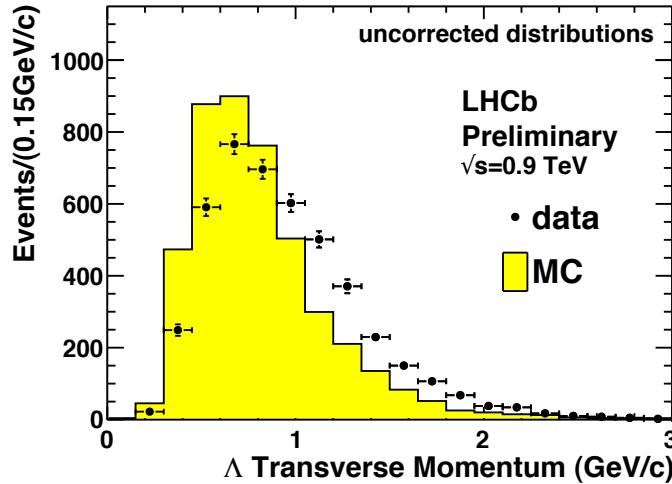
- analysis made with long tracks only
- no particle id. used: Λ and anti Λ selected by the Armenteros-Podolansky variable
- combinatorial background reduced using the same variable v_1 as in the K^0_S analysis
- pointing of the Λ to the primary vertex required
- selected events:

	0.9 TeV field up data	0.9 TeV field down data	7 TeV field up data	7 TeV field down data
Λ	4803	4421	20790	24815
anti Λ	3629	3173	19115	22077

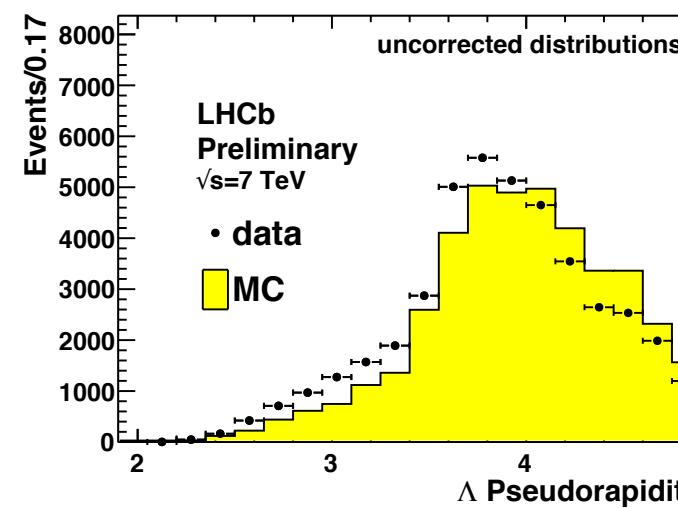
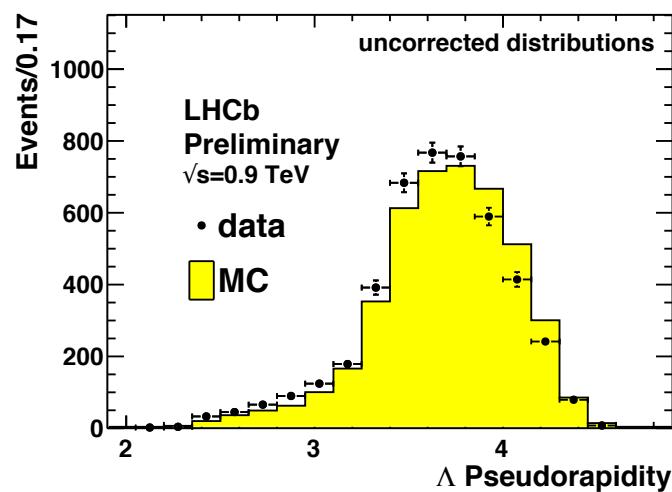
Invariant mass



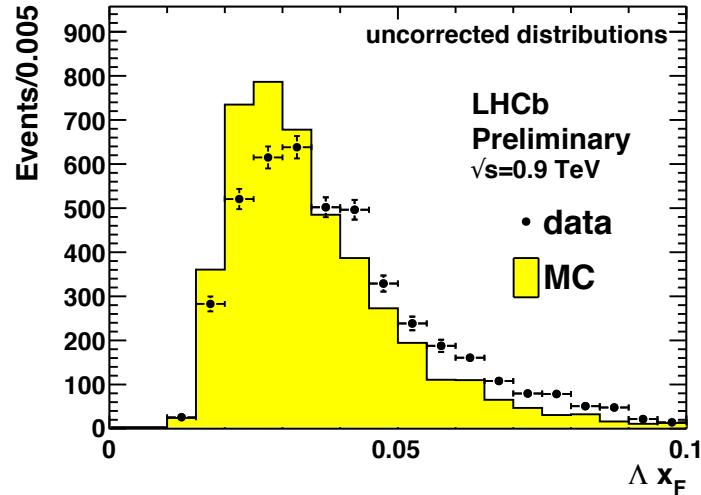
Kinematic distributions of Λ 's



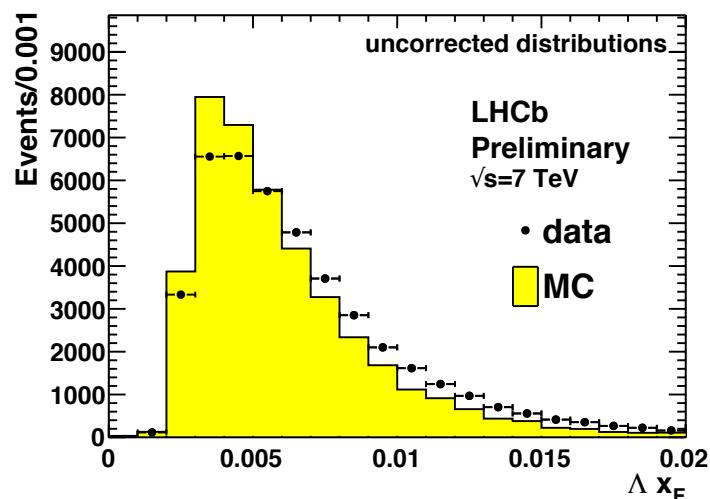
Data distributions
“harder” than MC



Feynman x of Λ 's



0.9 TeV $\rightarrow x_F < 0.1$



7 TeV $\rightarrow x_F < 0.02$

very small x_F values

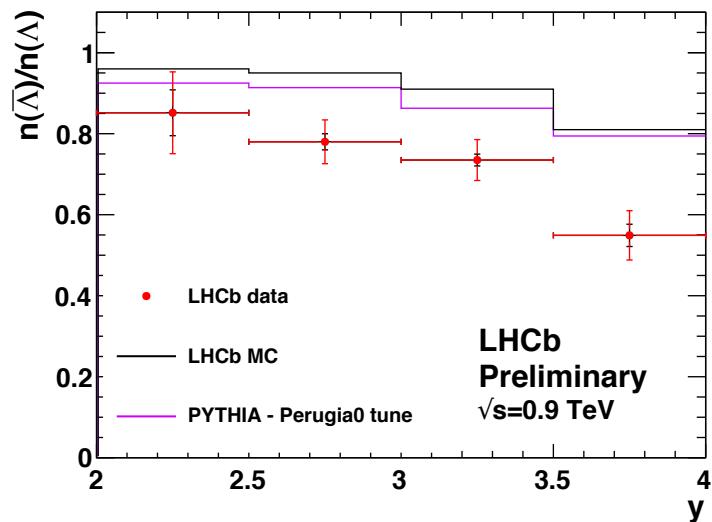
Systematic uncertainties

- In general all systematic contributions are at second order
 - e.g. variation of selection cuts
- p_T distributions were re-weighted to match the data distributions
 - systematic error contribution from this procedure ≈ 0.02
- Material interactions:
 - difference between p and anti-p cross section with material $\approx 10\%$ below 10GeV; reproduced also in our MC (but effect reduced by kinematic selection of Λ)
 - Material description accurate to $\approx 10\%$
 - cross section knowledge accurate to $\approx 10\%$
 - dominant systematic uncertainty $\approx 2\%$

Results for anti- Λ/Λ

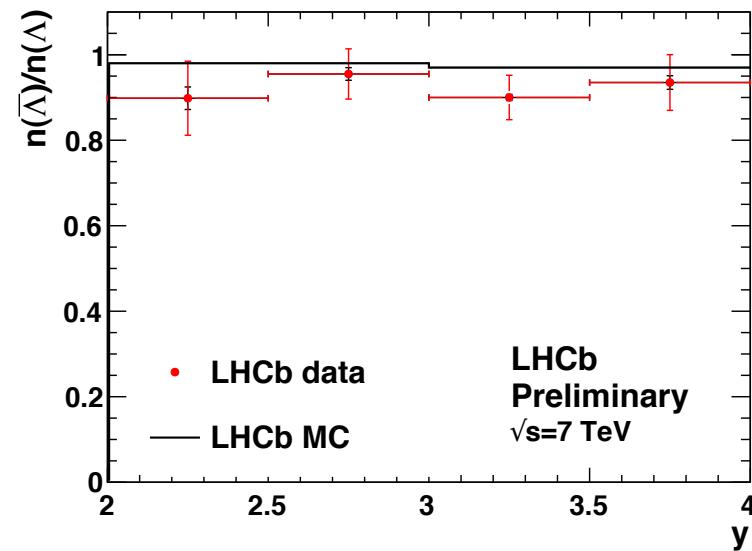
Efficiency corrected ratios for “prompt” Λ

(=production vertex <10 μm from PV->after cut still about 30% of the events come from $\Sigma^{(*)}$)

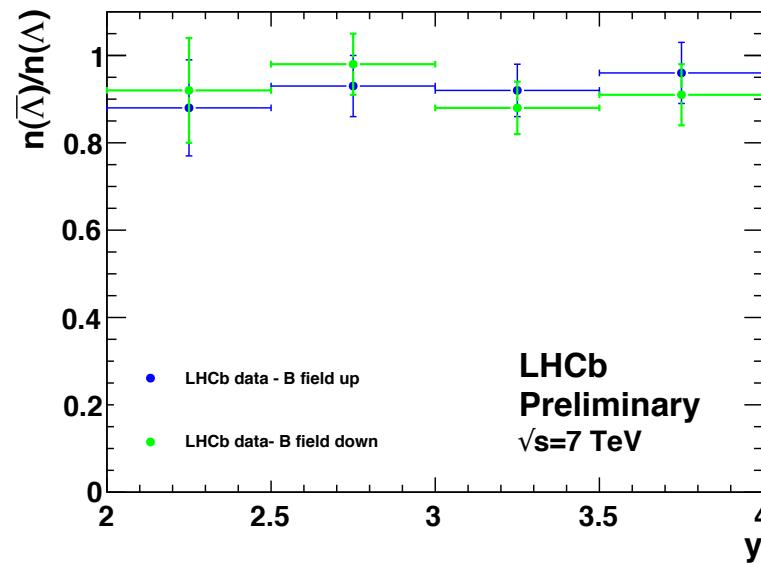
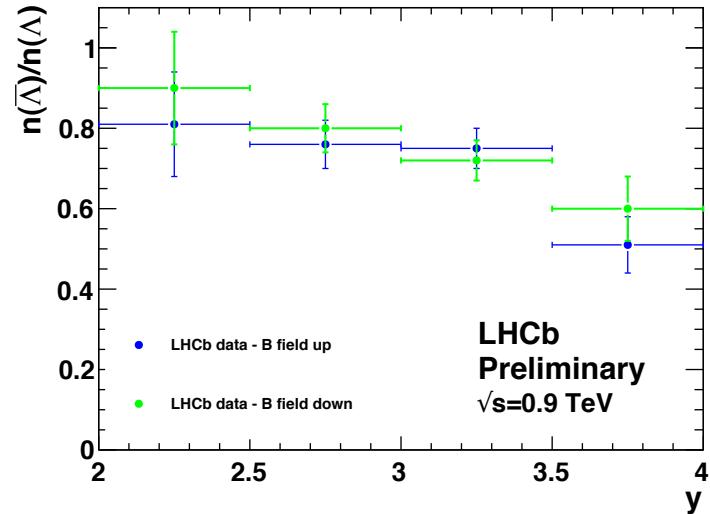


Perugia tunes do not include diffraction
LHCb tune include diffraction
(<% after selection cuts)

Plots include both statistical and systematic error
Field up and down results were averaged being consistent with each other



Comparison field up-down



Conclusion

- prompt K^0_S absolute production cross section at $\sqrt{s}=0.9$ TeV
 - p_T spectra tend to be “harder” than PYTHIA predictions
 - extended measurement range to low p_T and new y range
- prompt anti Λ/Λ ratio at $\sqrt{s}=0.9$ TeV
 - tends to be lower than PYTHIA Perugia 0 tune and LHCb tune, lower with larger y
- prompt anti Λ/Λ ratio at $\sqrt{s}=7$ TeV
 - in fair agreement with PYTHIA LHCb tune and quite flat vs. y
- study in progress of anti-baryon/baryon ratio for other baryons (anti-p/p) and of meson/baryon ratio (K^0_S/Λ)

Backup slides

Efficiency corrections

- Trigger efficiency
 - Use TriggerIndependentofSignal (TIS) and TriggerOnSignal (TOS) events to extract efficiencies from the data and compare with MC

$$N_{BeforeTrigger} = \frac{N_{TIS} \times N_{TOS}}{N_{TIS \& TOS}} \text{ and } \epsilon_{Trig} = \frac{N_{sel}}{N_{BeforeTrigger}}$$

