

First Results on a New 1.3 GHz Coupler Component Test Stand*

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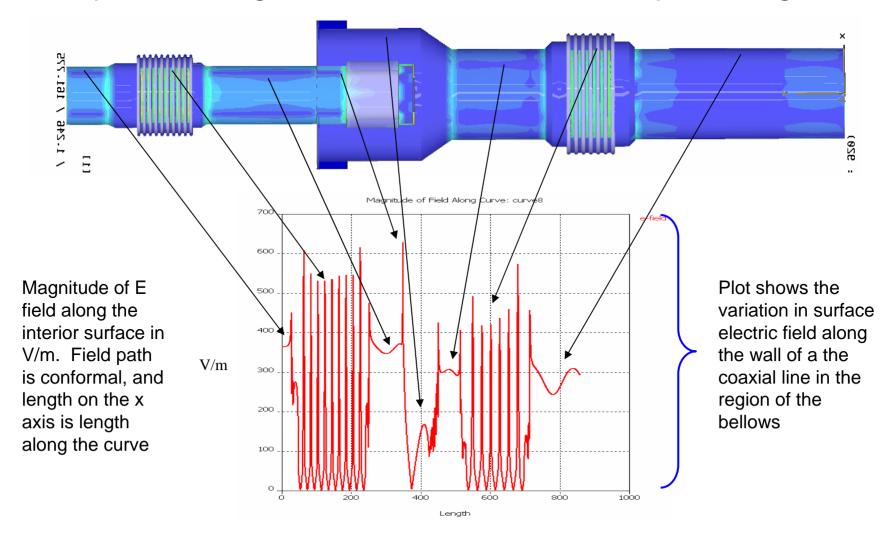


Outline

- Objectives and approach
- Experimental apparatus and set up
- Initial measurement data and modeling



Objective is to understand conditioning impact from specific design features of the TTFIII coupler design





Approach is to test part types at power to evaluate the conditioning response and calculate gas load

Plot shows the system vacuum response (green) as a function of power (blue)

Qualitatively, vacuum response indicates processing activity which shows which components contribute

Quantitatively, by numerically integrating the pressure curve, we hope to calculate the total gas load evolved to allow comparisons



$$P(t) = \left\{ P_i - \left[1 + \frac{S_p}{C} \right] P_0 - \left[1 + \frac{S_p}{C} \right] \frac{Q_G}{S_t} \right\} e^{\left[\frac{-S_f}{V_1 + \frac{S_p}{C}} \right]} + \left[1 + \frac{S_p}{C} \right] P_0 + \left[1 + \frac{S_p}{C} \right] \frac{Q_G}{S_t} \right] \\ Q_{DUT} = S_t \left[\frac{P_i}{1 + \frac{S_p}{C}} - P_0 \right] + V \frac{dP}{dt} - Q_{sys} \left[V \frac{dP}{dt} - Q_{sys} \right] \left[V \frac{P_i}{1 + \frac{S_p}{C}} - P_0 \right] S_{t_i} \Delta t + \frac{V}{kT} \sum \left(\frac{dP_i}{dt} \right) \Delta t - T_{SYS-RF}$$

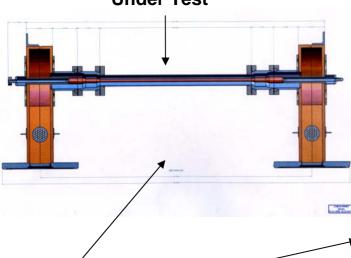
$$Q_{DUT} = S_t \left(\frac{P_i}{1 + \frac{S_p}{C}} - P_0 \right) + V \frac{dP}{dt} - Q_{sys}$$

$$\left| T_{DUT-RF} = \frac{1}{kT} \sum \left(\frac{P_i}{1 + \frac{S_p}{C}} - P_0 \right) S_{t_i} \Delta t + \frac{V}{kT} \sum \left(\frac{dP_i}{dt} \right) \Delta t - T_{SYS-RF} \right|$$



To do these measurements, a novel L-band test stand was developed and installed at SLAC



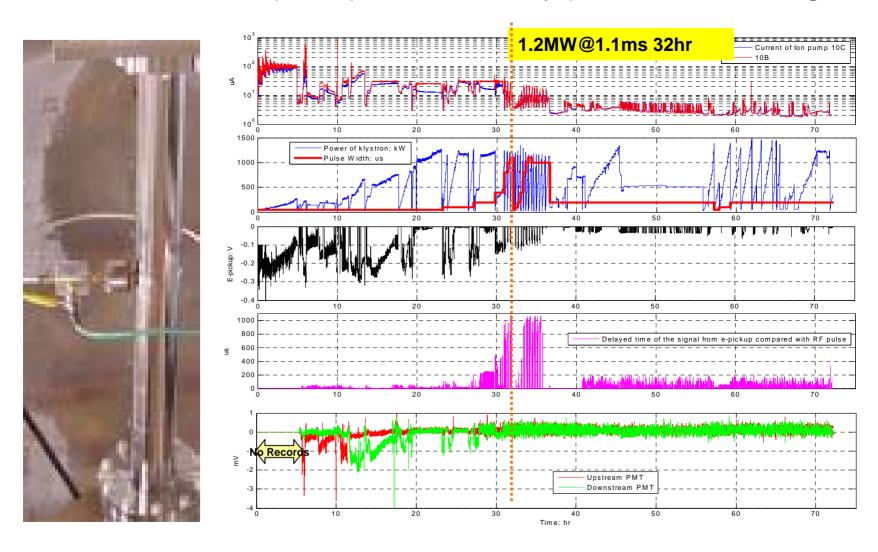


Concept and hardware of test set up for measuring components – first test component is a 40 mm straight tube





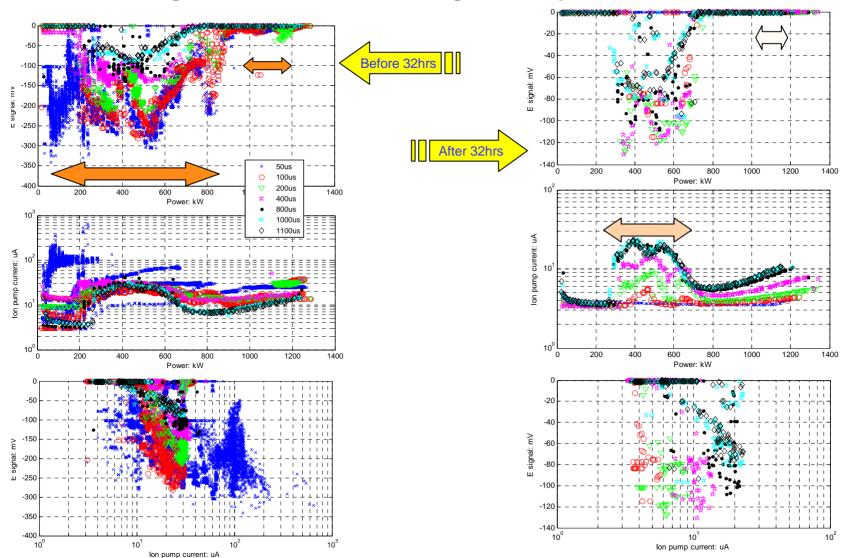
Initial results on a 40 mm diam 70 Ohm straight tube coax with an electron pickup have already proved interesting





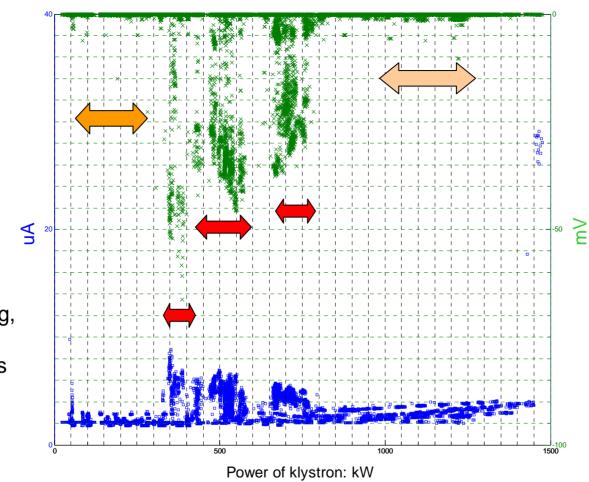


Significant conditioning activity was observed





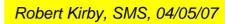
Multipacting bands were observed that agreed with simulations (next slides)



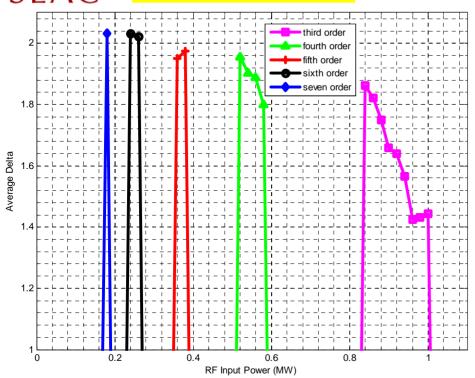
After proceeding, ramp power, step 10kW-300s

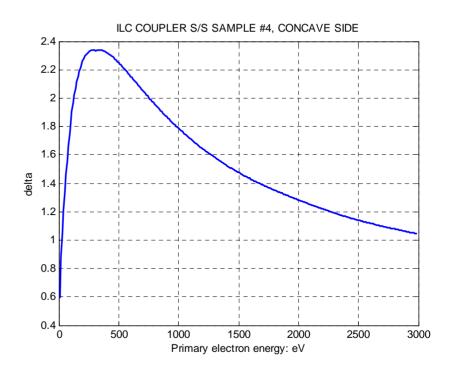


L. Ge, ACD, SLAC, 04/20/07







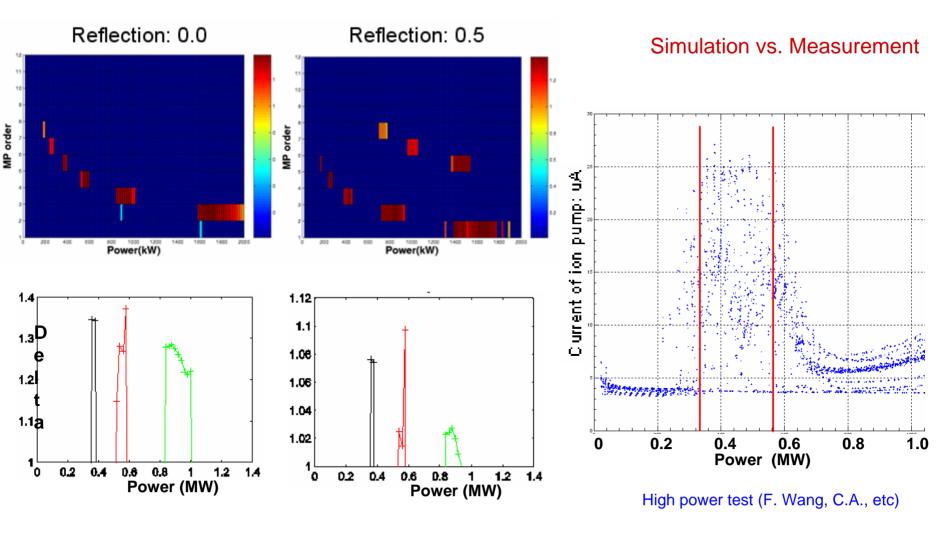


| Simulation | 170~190 | 230~270 | 350~390 | 510 ~590 | 830~1000 |
|------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------|-----------|
| Power in Coupler | 43~170 | 280~340 | 340~490 | 530~ 660 | 850~1020 |
| klystron power | 50~200 | 330~400 | 400~580 | 620~780 | 1000~1200 |



Cold Coax Multipacting Modeling (Work by Lixin Ge)





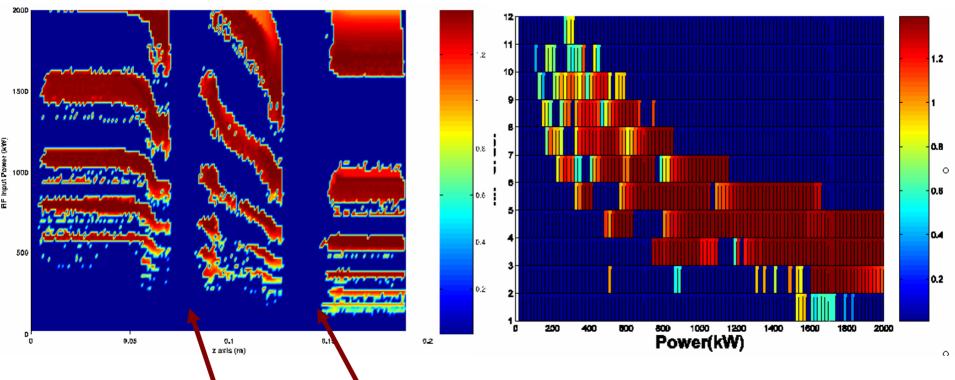
More components are being studied and will be compared with measurements.

Taper Region Multipacting Modeling (Work by Lixin Ge)



Delta as a function of RF input power and z axis locations

Delta as a function of RF input power and MP order.

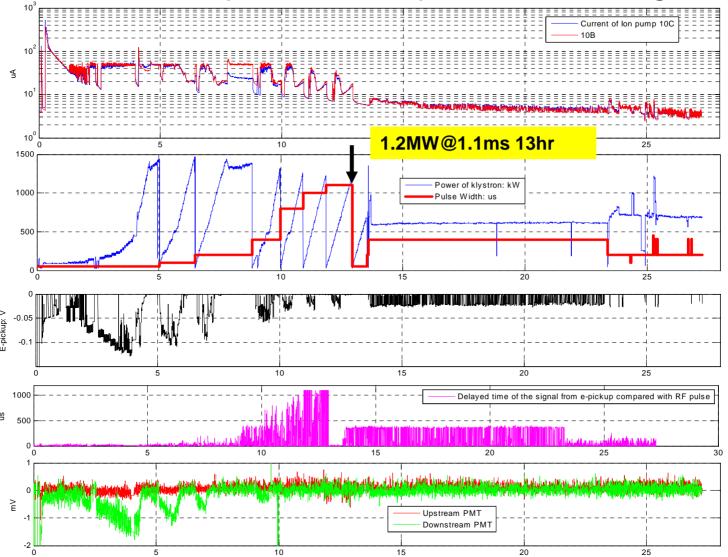


No Multipacting activities between coax pipe





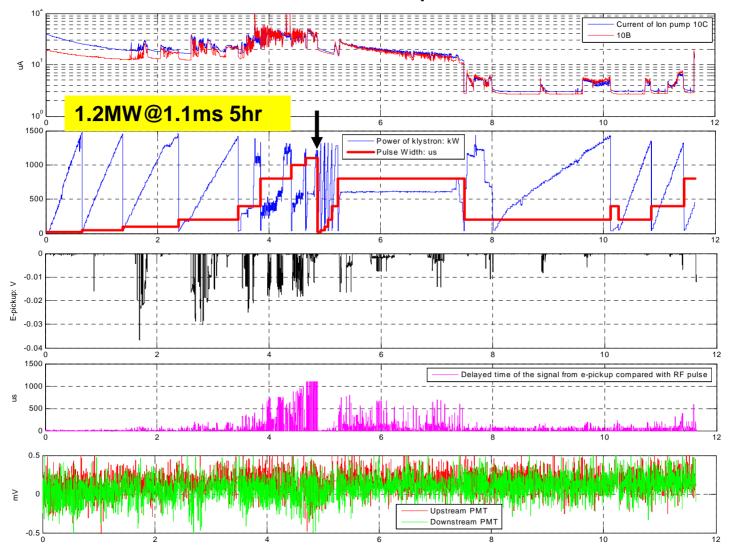
The 2nd processing run after venting to N₂ then air conditioned up in 13 h compared to 32 h originally







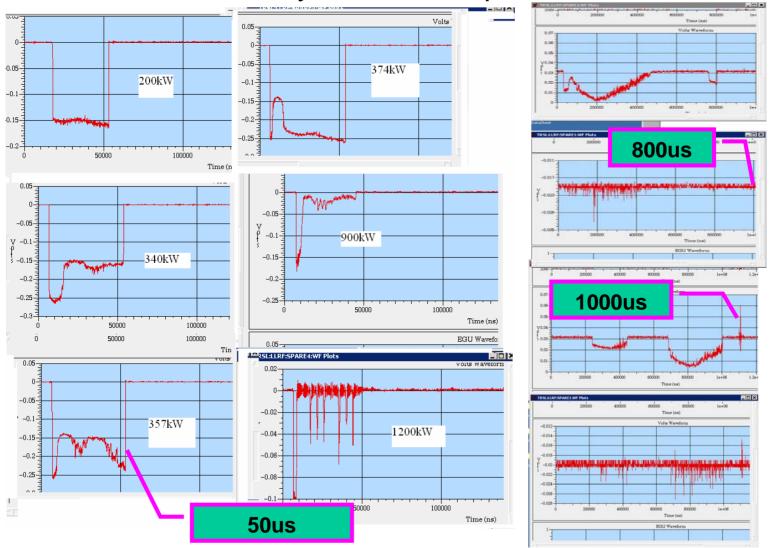
The 3rd run after N₂ vent and a shorter e-probe conditioned up in 5 h







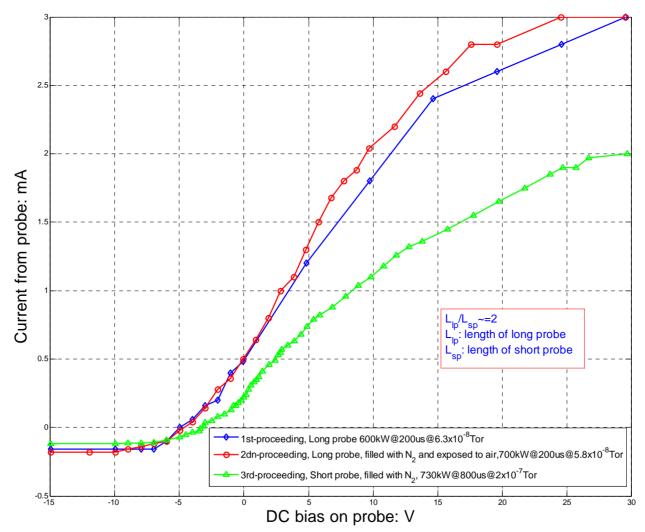
Electron probe signals indicated copious electronic activity around the probe







Plotting the electron signal at different DC biases suggests some plasma phenomena present





Summary

- The coupler component test stand at SLAC is now operational
- Initial runs on a simple SST coax show ample conditioning behavior
- The electron pickup probe is providing some interesting phenomena in terms of delayed turn-on times and half-wave time structure
- Component geometries to be tested in the coming months:
 - 40 mm straight coaxial line SST wall (includes taper transition to 60 mm)
 - 40 mm straight coaxial line with DESY/CPI-recipe Cu plating
 - 40 mm straight coaxial with cold bellows and Cu plating
 - TTFIII window assembly with and without ceramic window
- For those interested in further discussion and presenting additional information, an supplemental coupler meeting is scheduled for Wednesday 11:00-12:15 in <u>One East</u> covering coupler conditioning experiences and multipacting modeling