



Status and Prospects

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On behalf of PandaX Collaboration

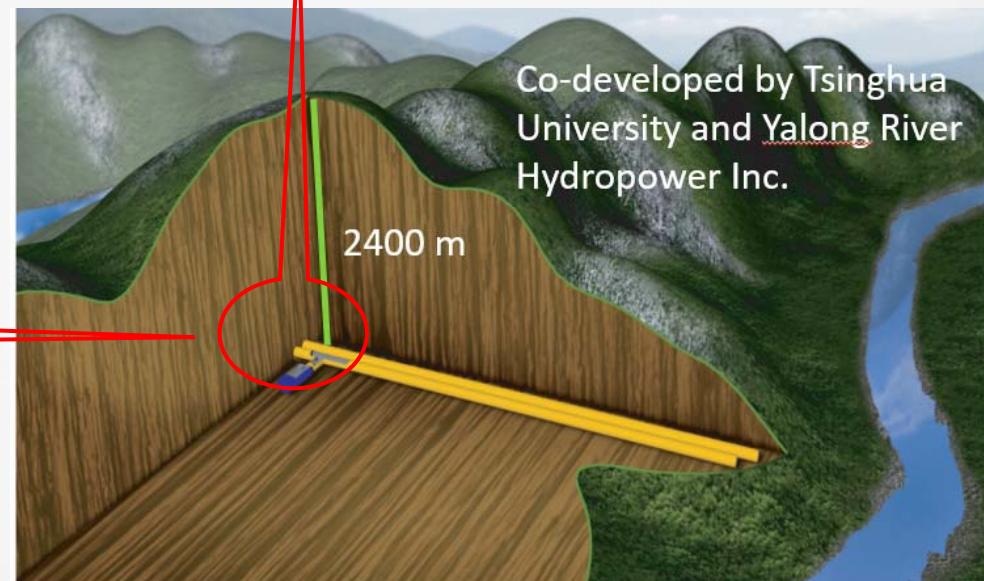
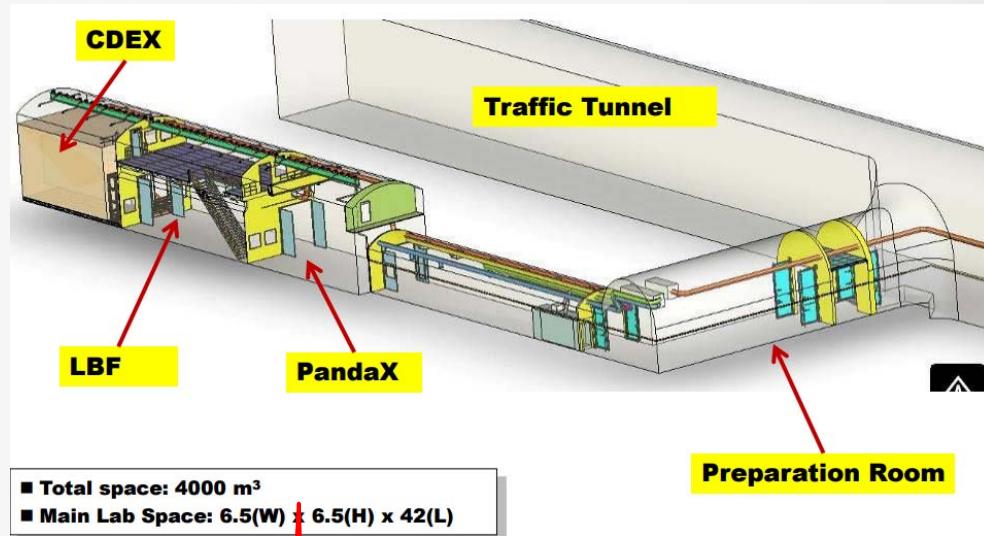
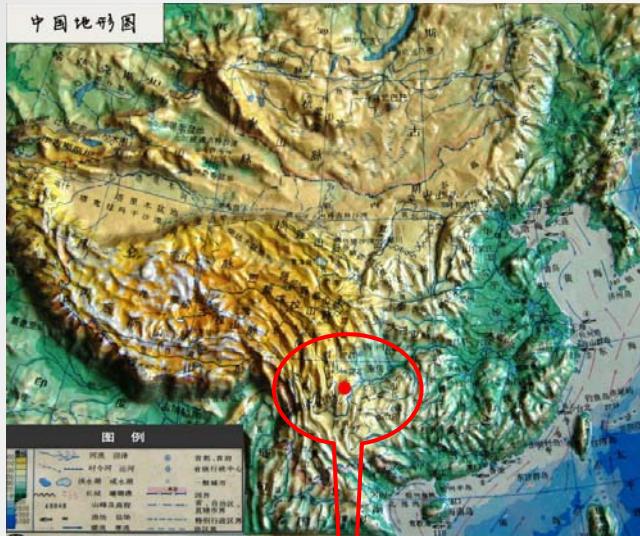


Outline

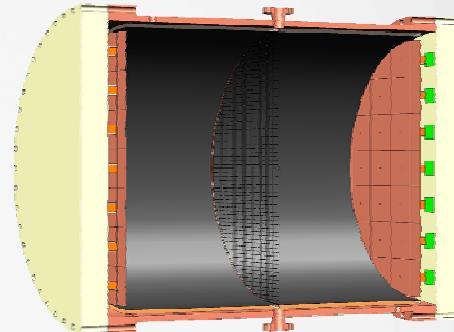
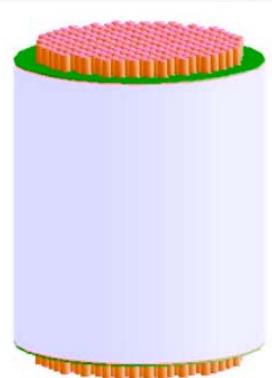
- ① Introduction to PandaX
- ② Results from PandaX-II experiment
- ③ PandaX-xT

① Introduction to PandaX

China Jin-Ping Underground Lab



PandaX Experiments



PandaX-I: 120 kg
DM experiment
2009-2014

PandaX-II: 580
kg DM
experiment
2014-2018

PandaX-xT:
multi-ton DM
experiment
Future

PandaX-III: 200 kg
to 1 ton HP gas
 ^{136}Xe 0vDBD
experiment
Future

Particle and Astrophysical Xenon Experiments

PandaX Collaboration

Started in 2009, ~50 people



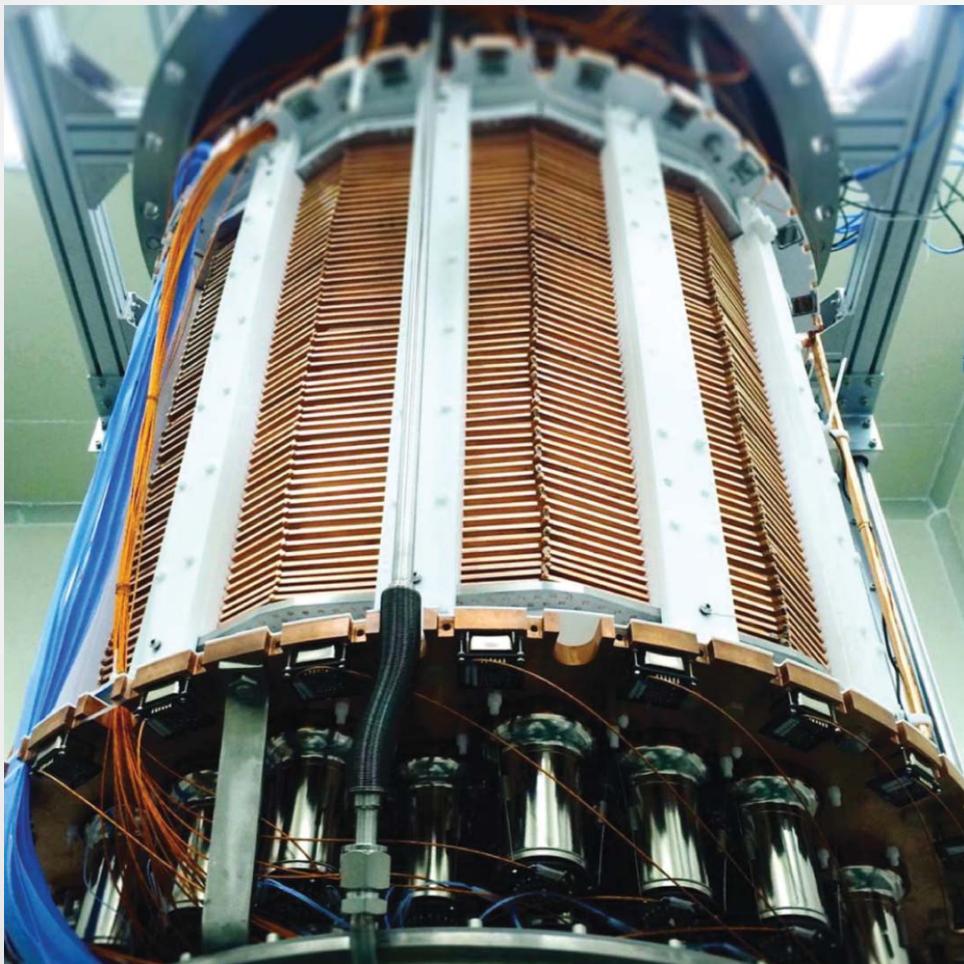
- Shanghai Jiao Tong University
- Peking University
- Shandong University
- Shanghai Institute of Applied Physics
- Yalong Hydropower Company
- University of Maryland
- University of Science & Technology of China
- China Institute of Atomic Energy
- Sun Yat-Sen University
- Lawrence Berkeley National Lab
- Alternative Energies & Atomic Energy Commission
- University of Zaragoza
- Suranaree University of Technology

PandaX apparatus



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PandaX-II Detector

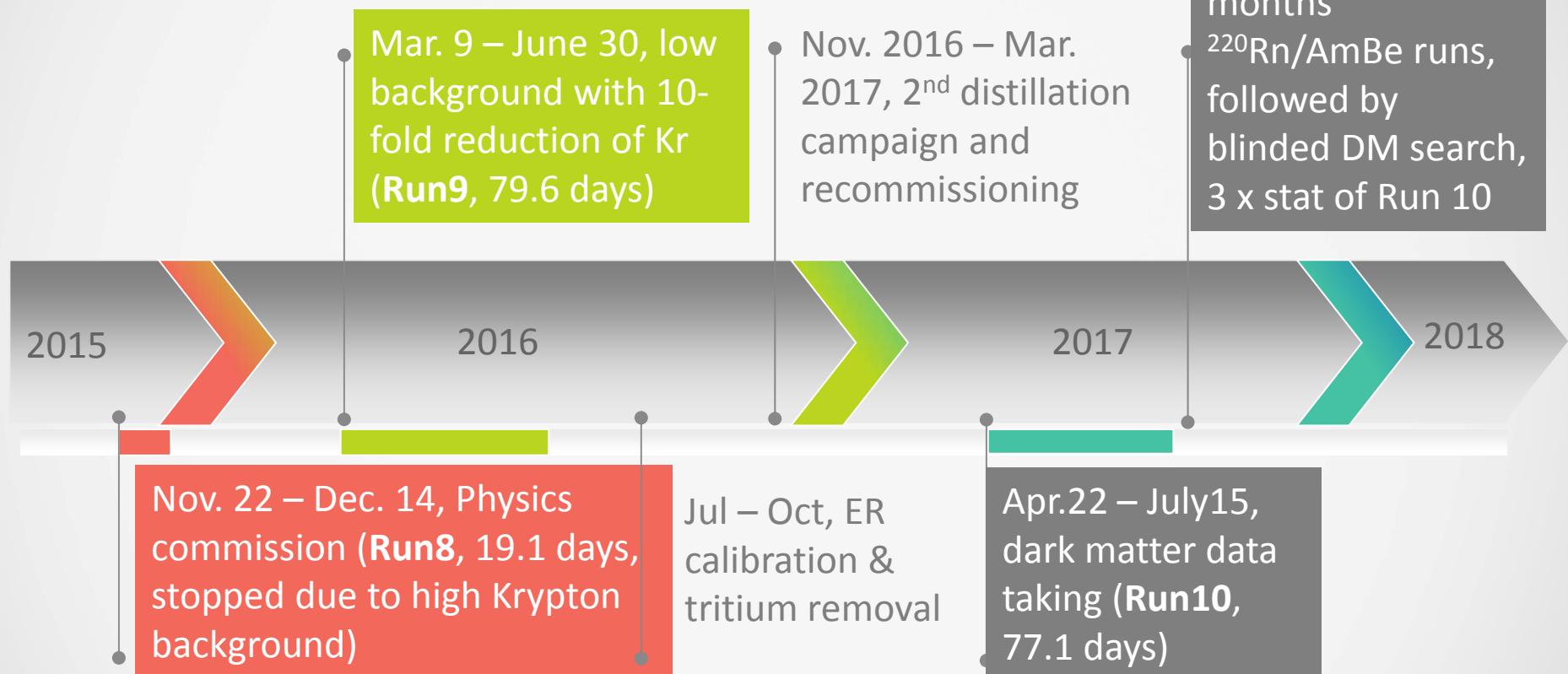


- 60 cm x 60 cm cylindrical TPC
- 580-kg of LXe in sensitive region, 1.2-ton LXe in total
- 55 top + 55 bottom R11410 3" target PMTs
- 24 top + 24 bottom R8520 1" VETO PMTs

②

Results from PandaX-II experiments

PandaX-II history

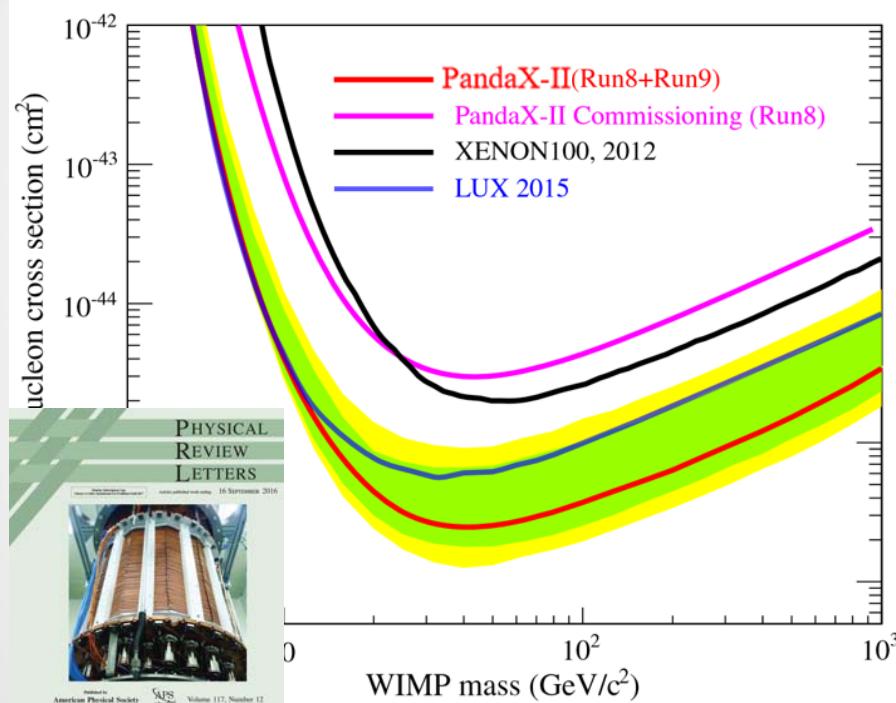


- Run9 =79.6 days, exposure: 26.2 ton-day
- Run10 =77.1 days, exposure: 27.9 ton-day

Run8+9 SI and SD results

33,000 kg-day exposure

PRL 117, 121303 (2016)

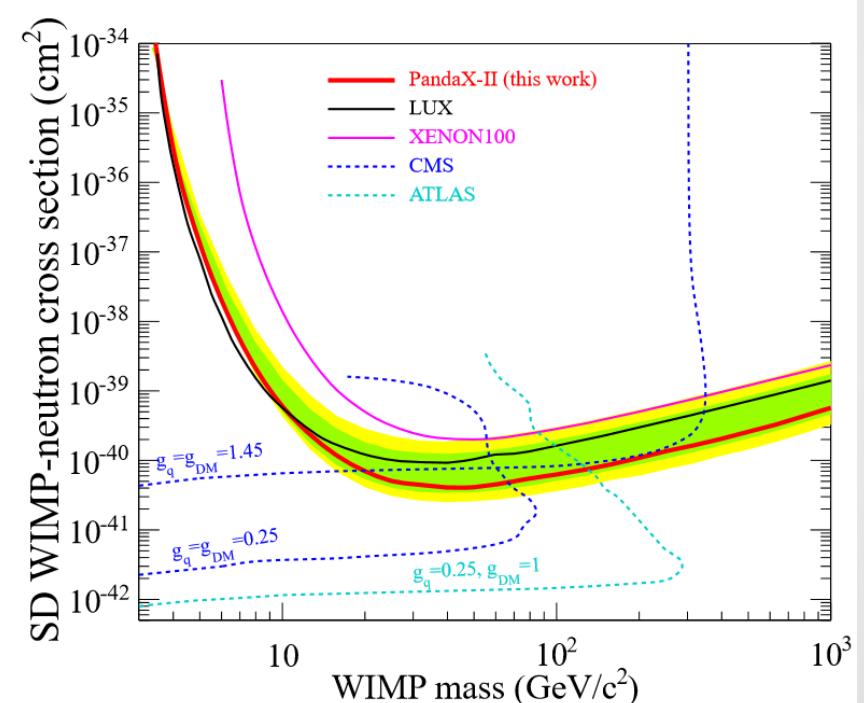


Minimum elastic SI exclusion:

2.5x10⁻⁴⁶ cm² @ 40 GeV/c²

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PRL 118, 071301 (2017)



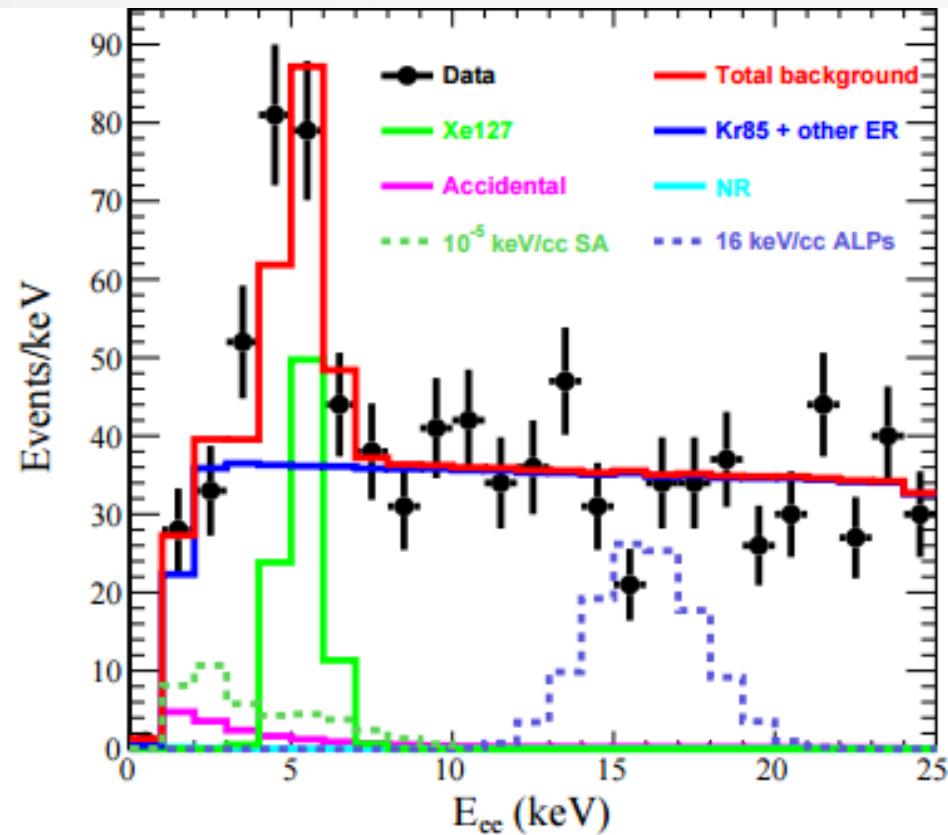
Minimum χ -n SD cross section limit:

4.1x10⁻⁴¹ cm² at 40 GeV/c²

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Run9 axion limits

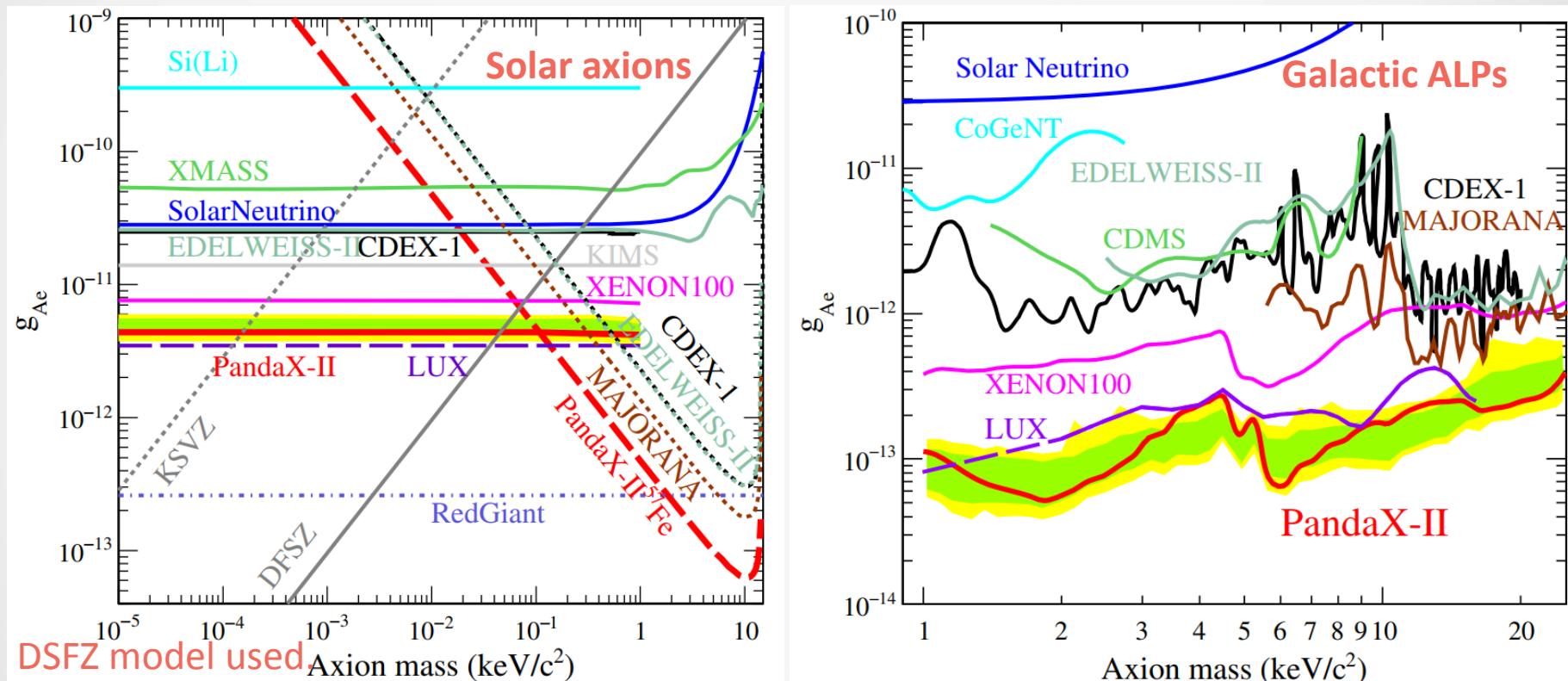
PRL 119, 181806 (2017)



Electron recoil spectrum
Assuming coupling constant:
5e-12, 5e-13

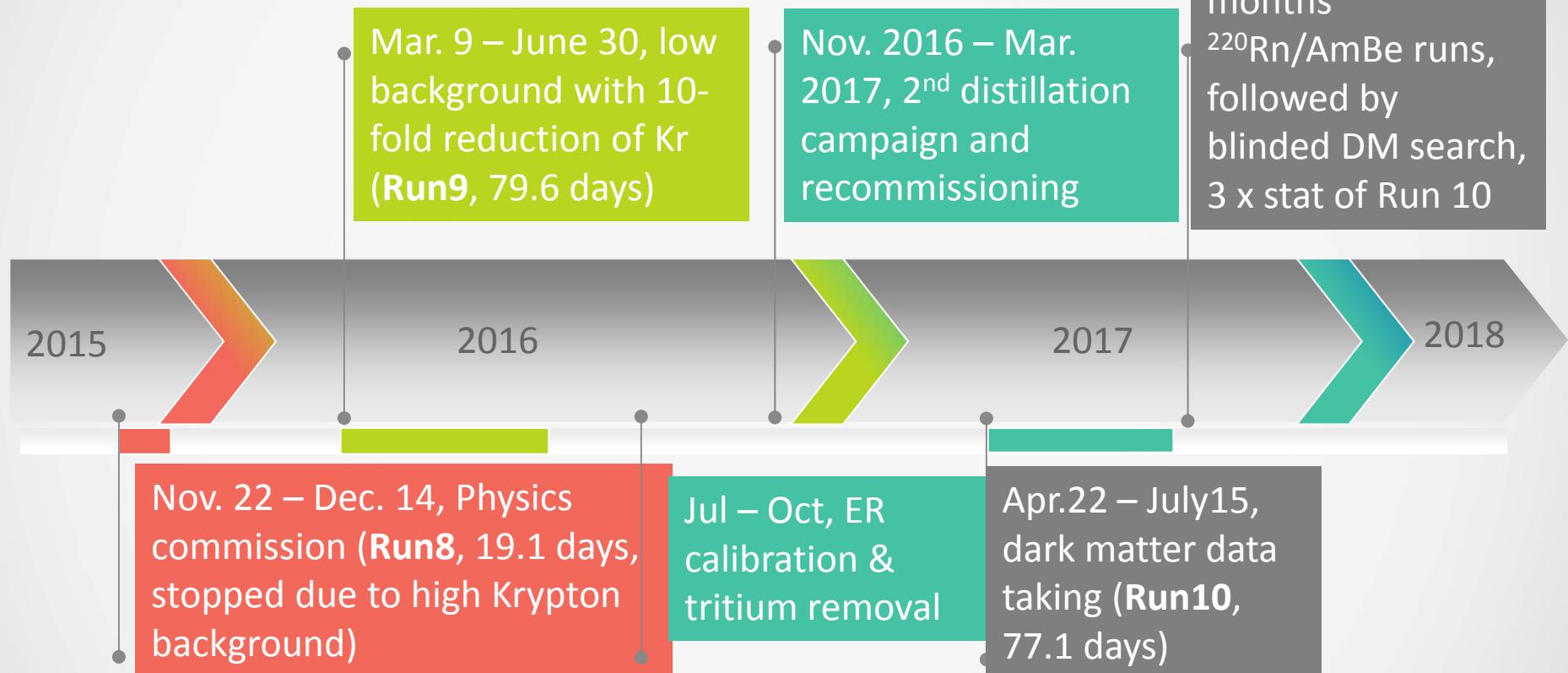
Run9 axion limits

PRL 119, 181806 (2017)



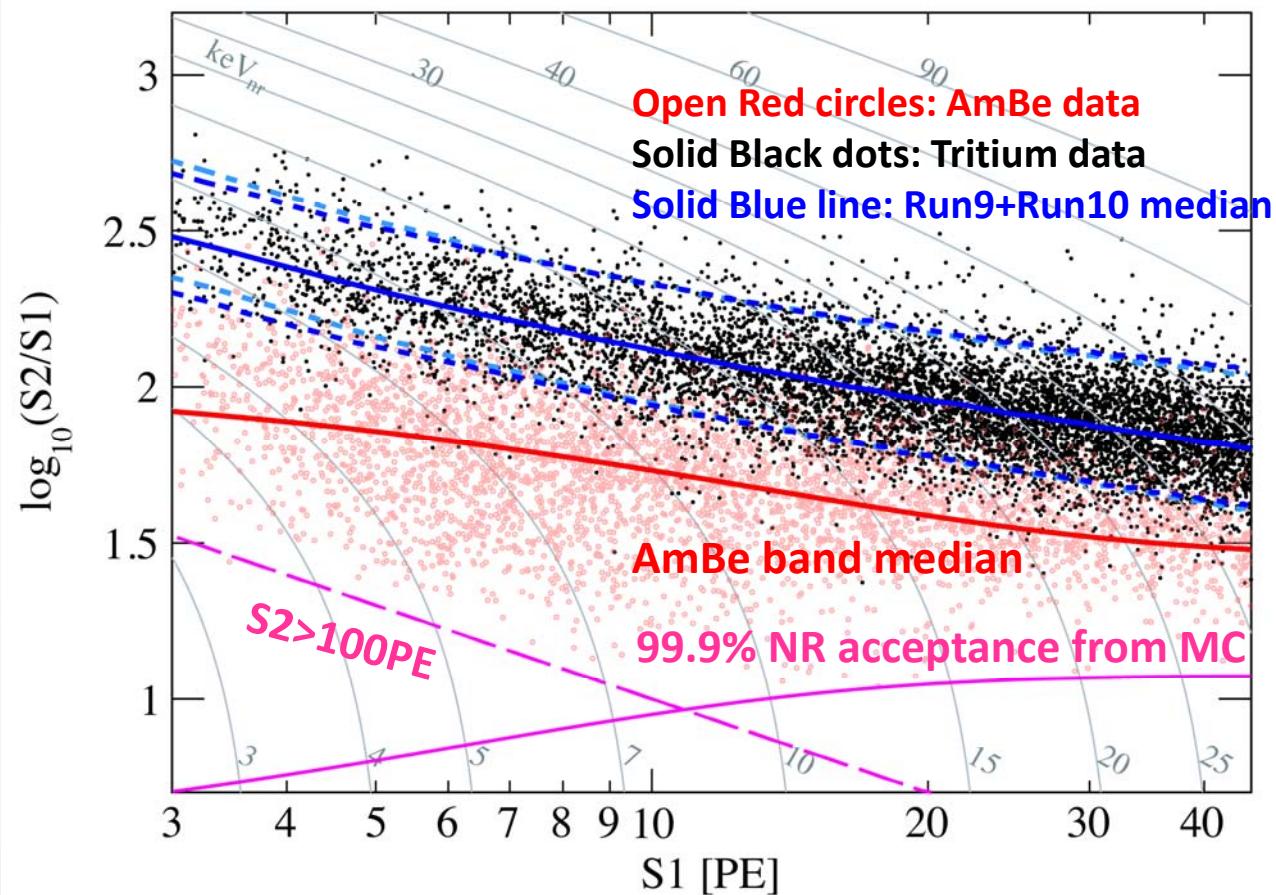
- Among the leading axion search on axion-electron coupling using DD experiments

PandaX-II history



- Run9 =79.6 days, exposure: 26.2 ton-day
- Run10 =77.1 days, exposure: 27.9 ton-day

NR and ER calibration data



- ER events: tritium decay with $>700 \mu\text{s}$ electron lifetime
- Fraction leaked below the NR median: 0.53(8)%

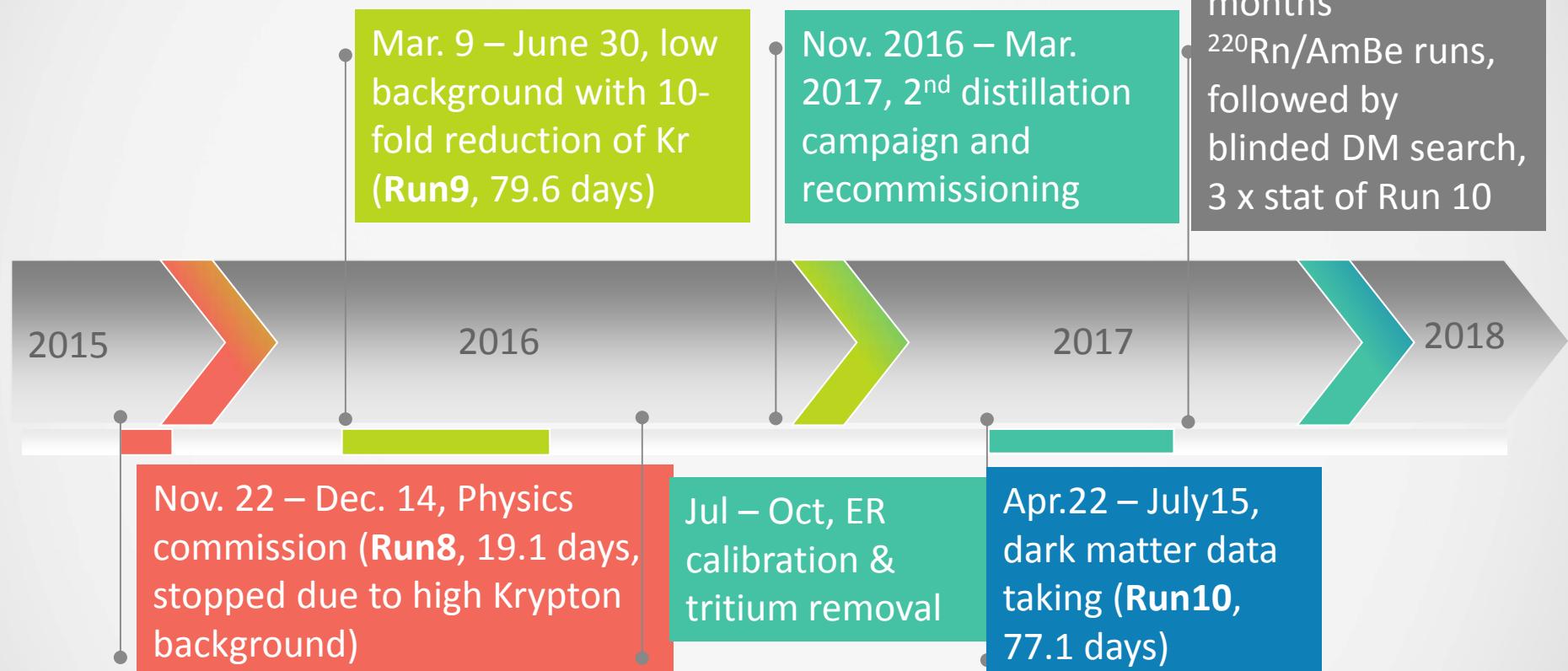
2nd distillation campaign

- After ER calibration, realized that the getter could not remove tritium background effectively
- Suspected tritium attached to wall, emanation rate balance with removal rate
⇒ 2nd distillation campaign (for Kr and tritium)
- Nov. 2016– Mar 2017:
recuperate → distillation → refill, flush (closed) detector with warm xenon

First beneficial occupancy of CJPL-II!



PandaX-II history



- Run9 =79.6 days, exposure: 26.2 ton-day
- Run10 =77.1 days, exposure: 27.9 ton-day

ER budget

	Run9	Run10
^{127}Xe	0.42	0.021
Tritium	0	0.27
^{85}Kr	1.19	0.20
^{222}Rn	0.13	0.12
^{220}Rn	0.01	0.02
Detector ER	0.20	0.20
Solar neutrino	0.01	0.01
^{136}Xe	0.0022	0.0022
Total	1.96	0.79

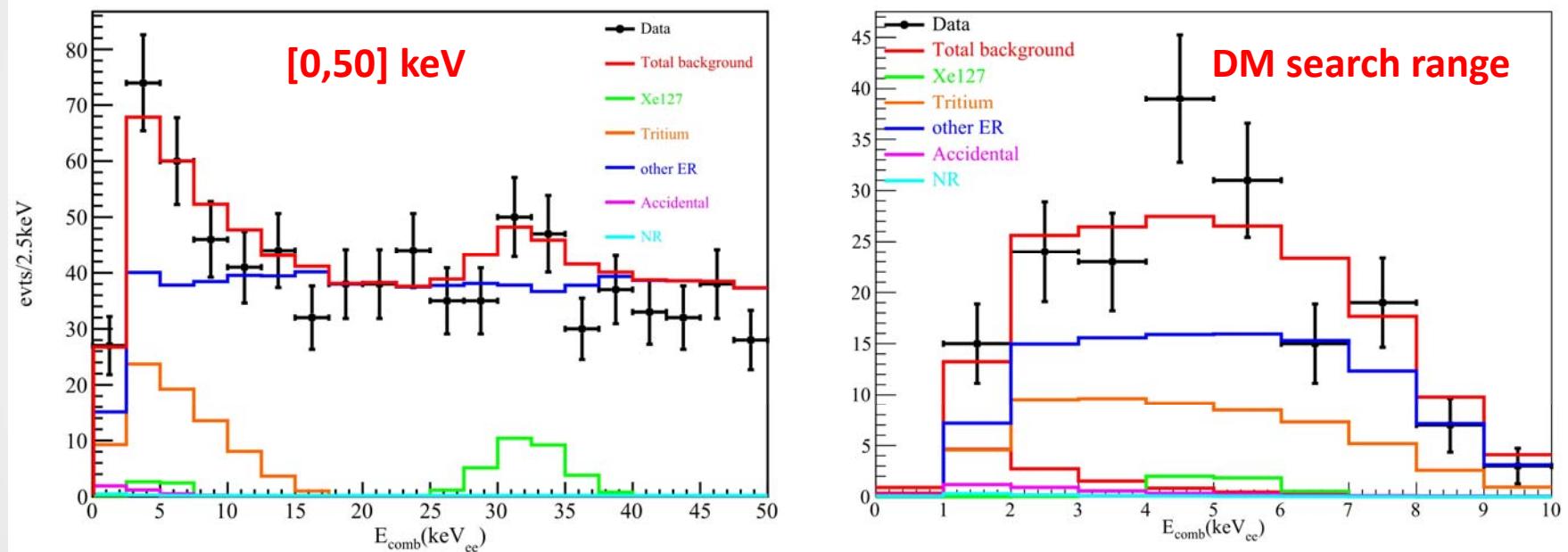
Original ^{127}Xe gone, additional introduced by a bottle of surface xenon during distillation

Based on best fit to data (later)

Rest are consistent between Run 9 and Run 10

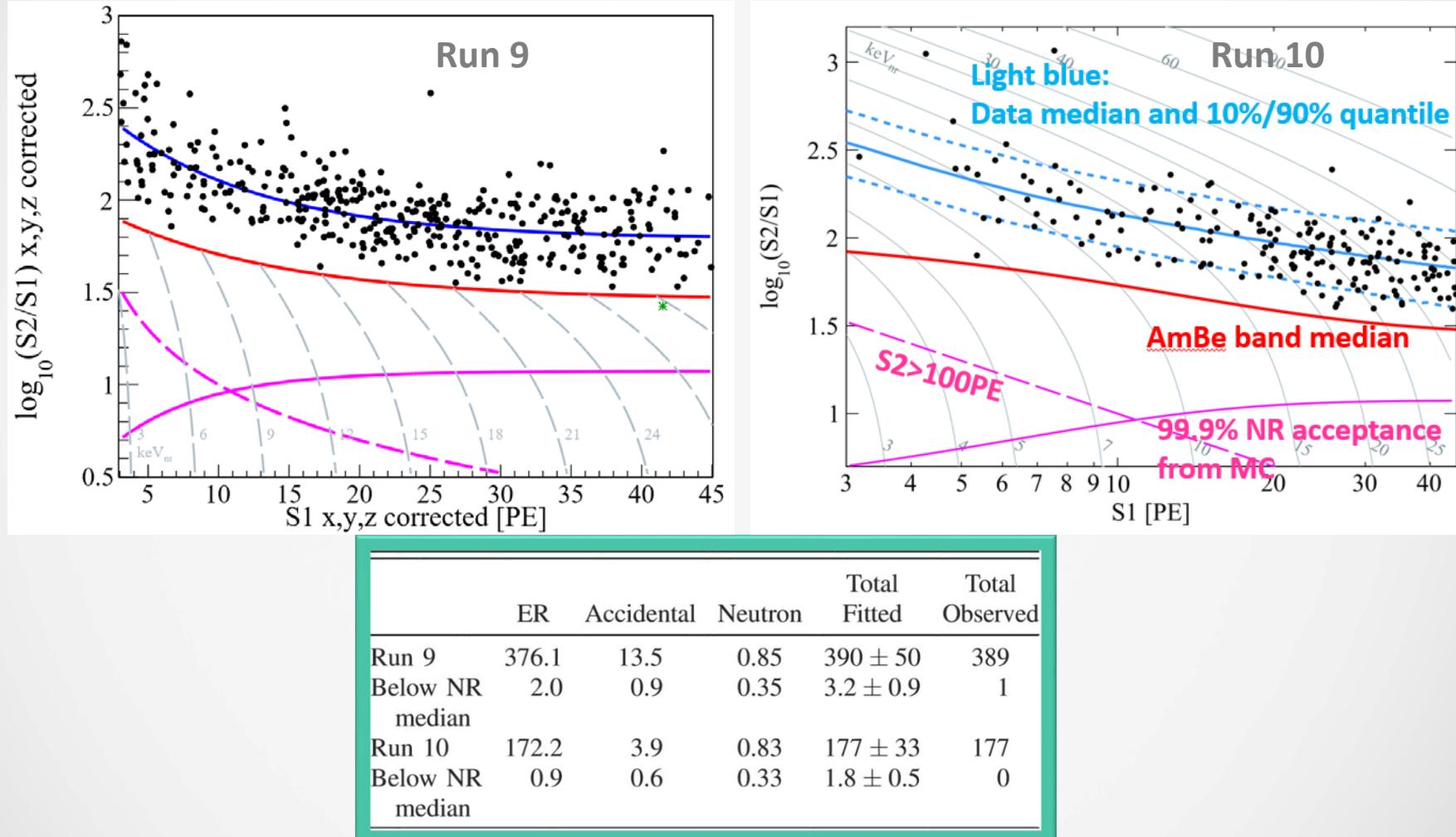
Unit: mDRU = $10^{-3}/\text{keV/day/kg}$
0.8 mDRU ~ 2 events a day!

Energy spectrum in Run 10



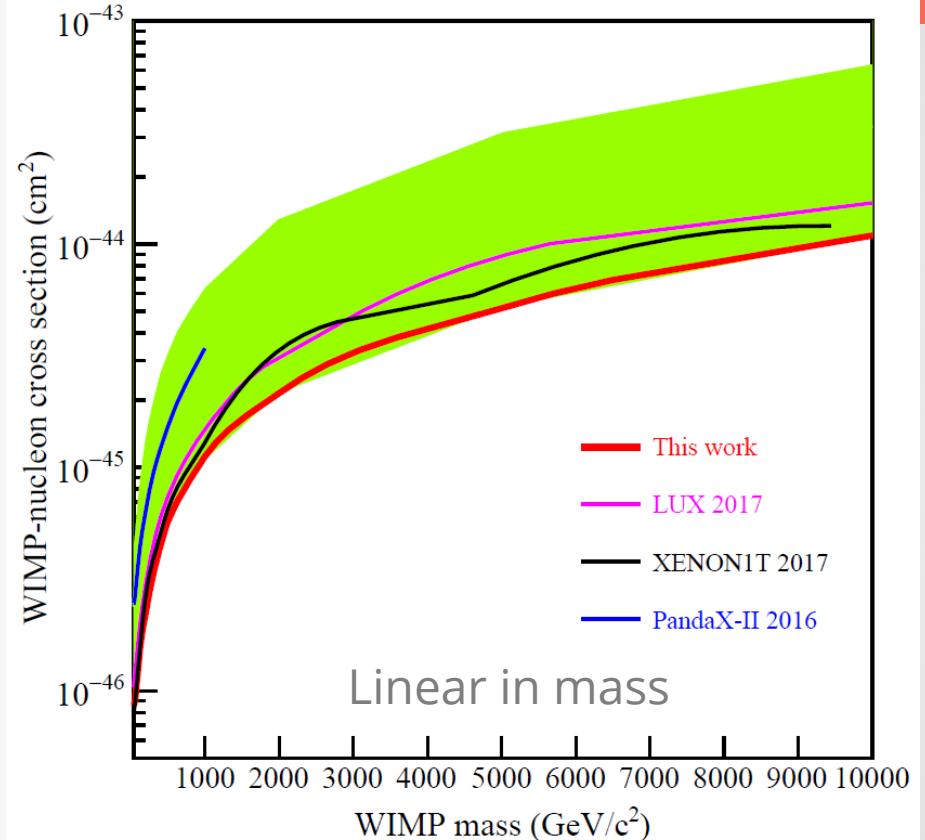
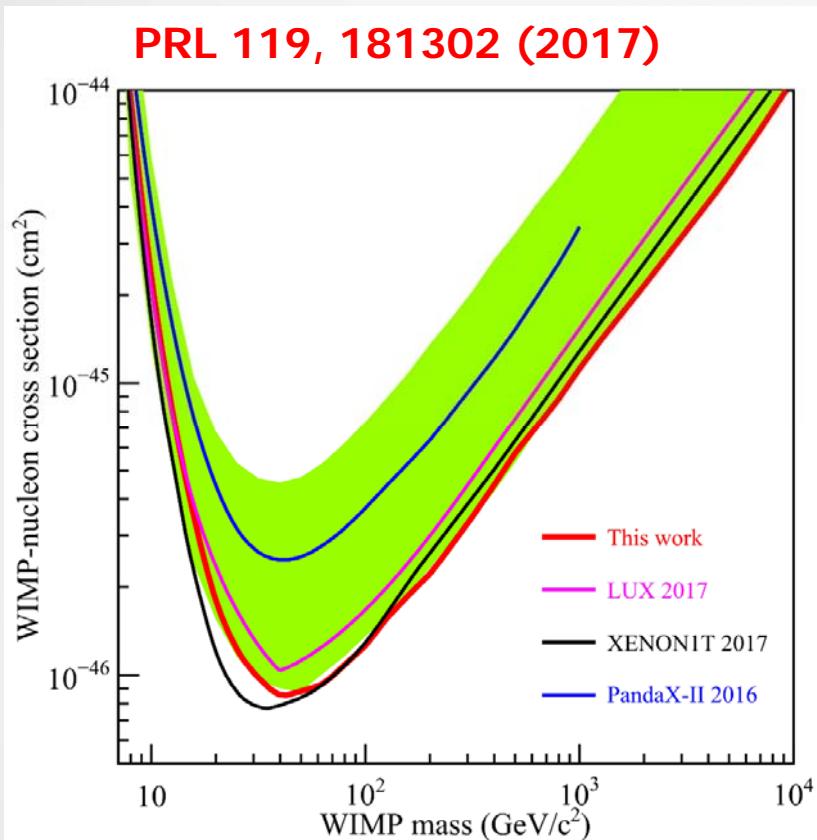
Data and expected background in good agreement

Distribution of events



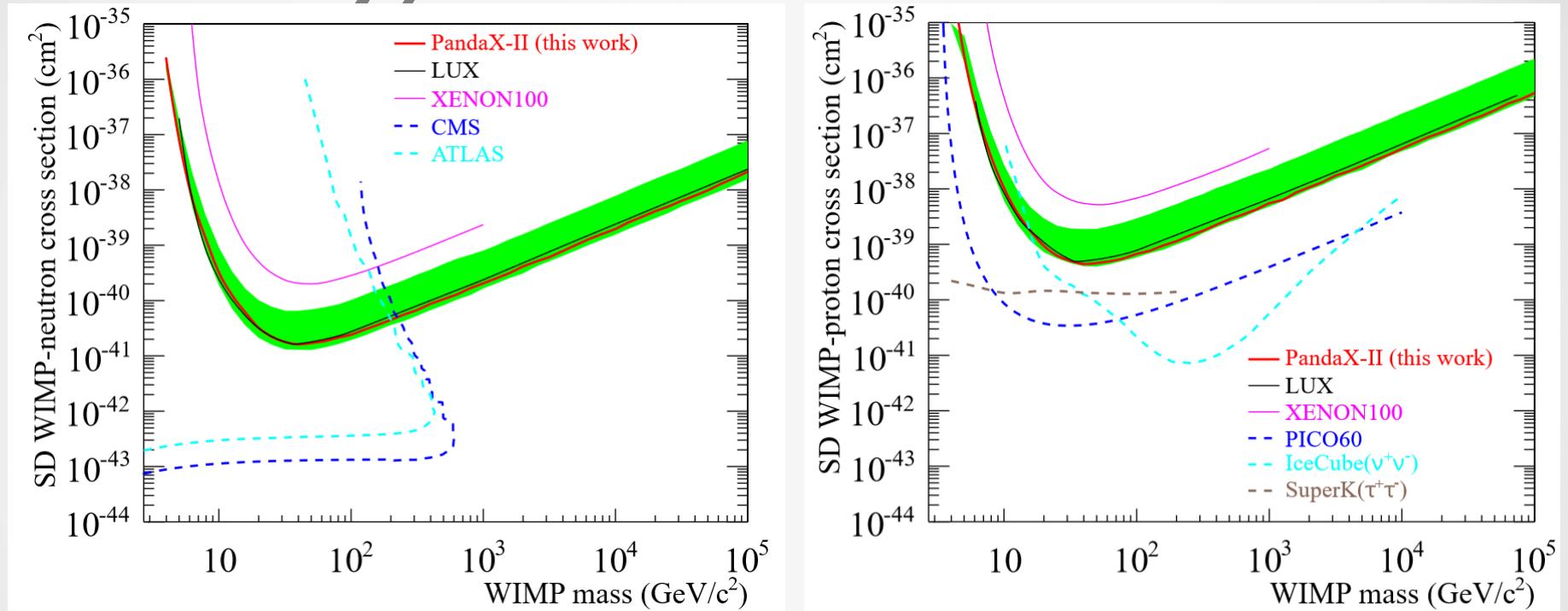
Appears to have a downward fluctuation of background (p value 7% for Run 9+10)

WIMP-nucleon SI results



- Improved from PandaX-II 2016 limit about 2.5 time for >30GeV/c²
- Lowest exclusion at $8.6 \times 10^{-47} \text{ cm}^2$ at 40GeV/c²

WIMP-nucleon SD results (54 ton-day)



Minimum χ -n SD cross section limit:

$1.6 \times 10^{-41} \text{ cm}^2 \text{ at } 40 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

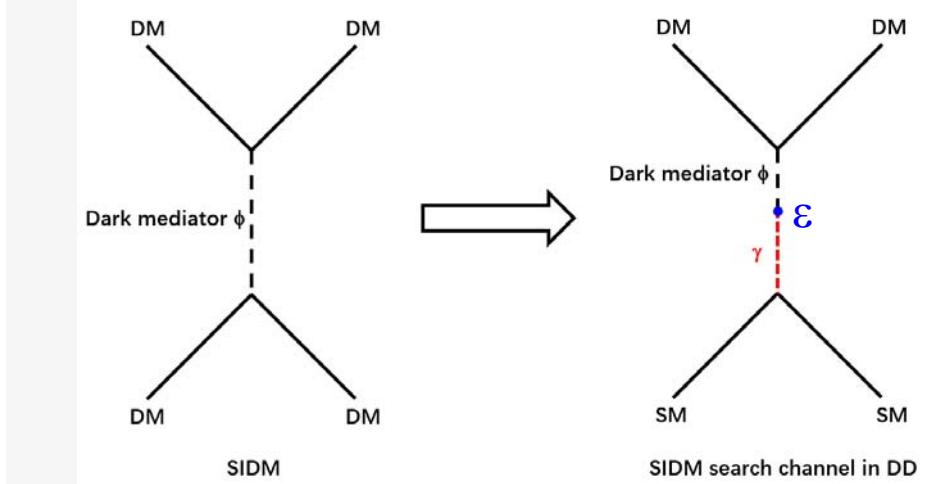
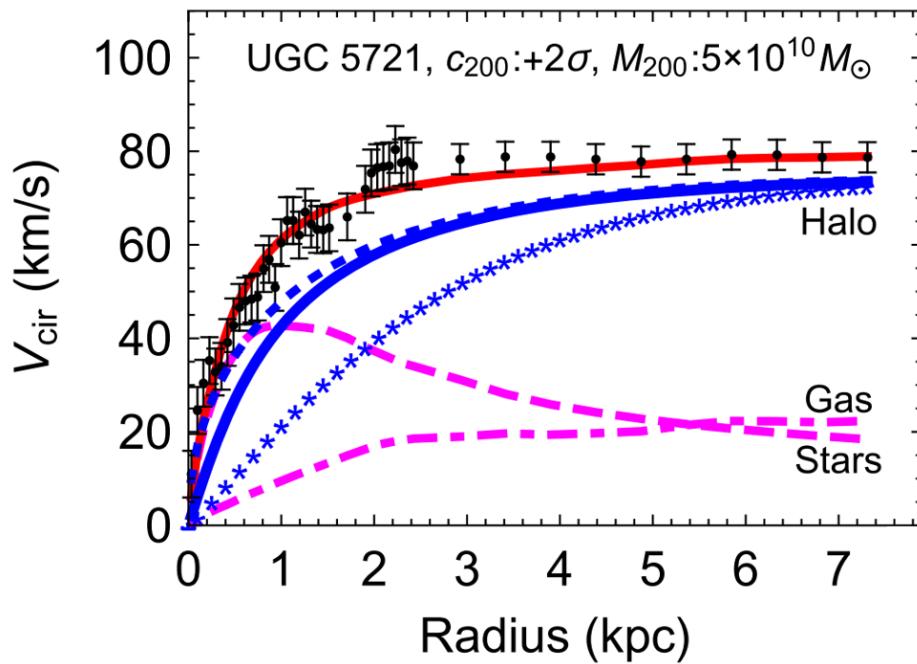
- More general EFT analysis completed
- Soon to be appeared on arXiv

Minimum χ -p SD cross section limit:

$4.4 \times 10^{-40} \text{ cm}^2 \text{ at } 40 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

Self-interacting DM search

PRL 119, 111102



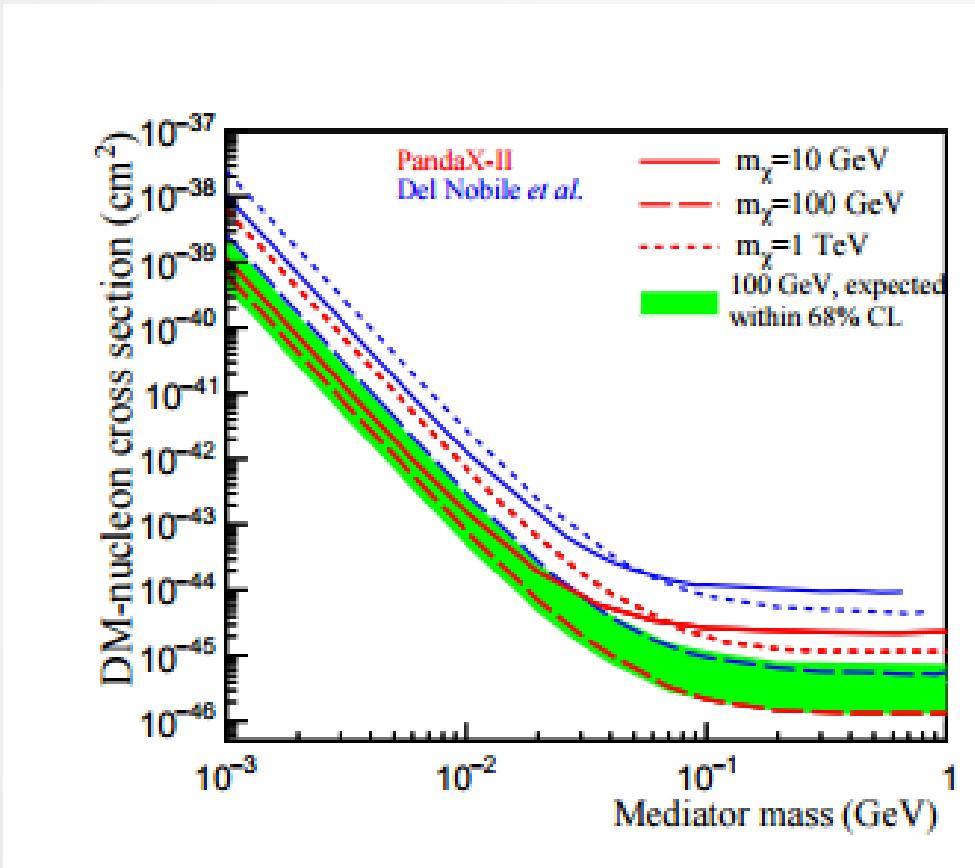
Astrophysical observations: SIDM could solve long standing “small-scale puzzle”

PATRAS 2018

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- DD constraint: **upper limit** of interaction strength of dark mediator with SM: $\sigma \sim \varepsilon^2/m_\phi^4$
- BBN constraint: **lower limit** of decay strength of dark mediator into SM: $\tau \sim (\varepsilon^2 m_\phi)^{-1}$

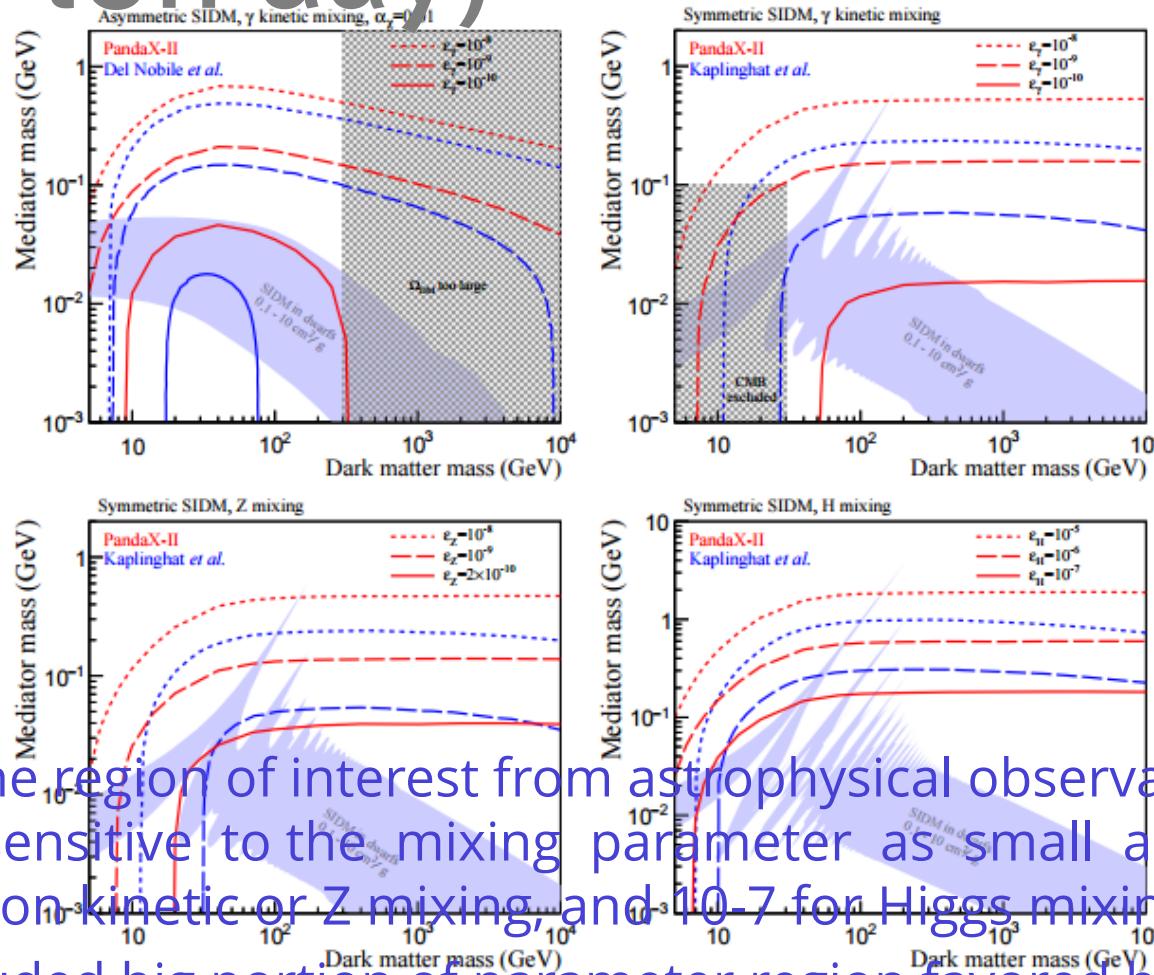
Self-interacting DM search



the detection sensitivity can be worsen by orders of magnitude if mediator mass goes from GeV to MeV.

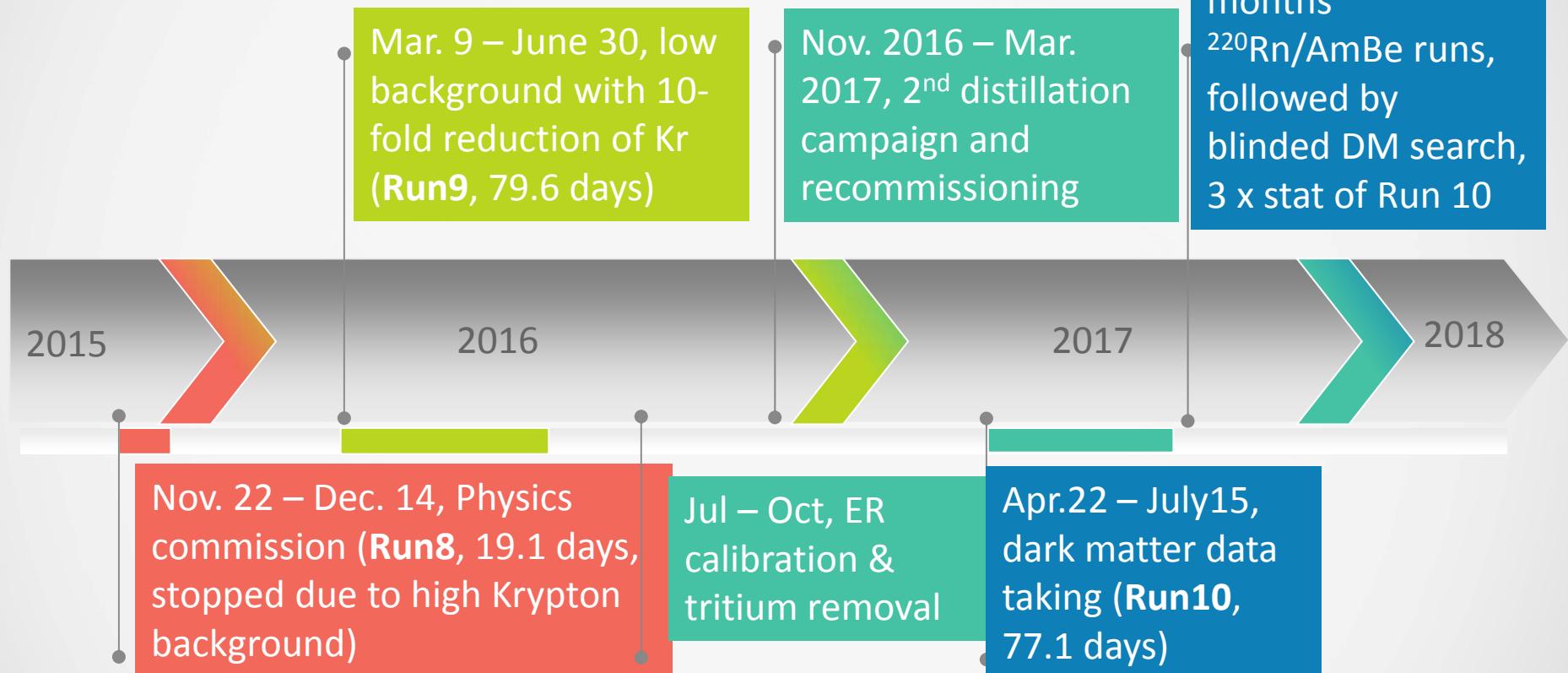
Self-interacting DM search (54-ton day)

arXiv:1802.06912



- in the region of interest from astrophysical observation, our results are sensitive to the mixing parameter as small as $1E-10$, for photon kinetic or Z mixing, and $10-7$ for Higgs mixing.
- Excluded big portion of parameter region favored by dwarf galaxies observations

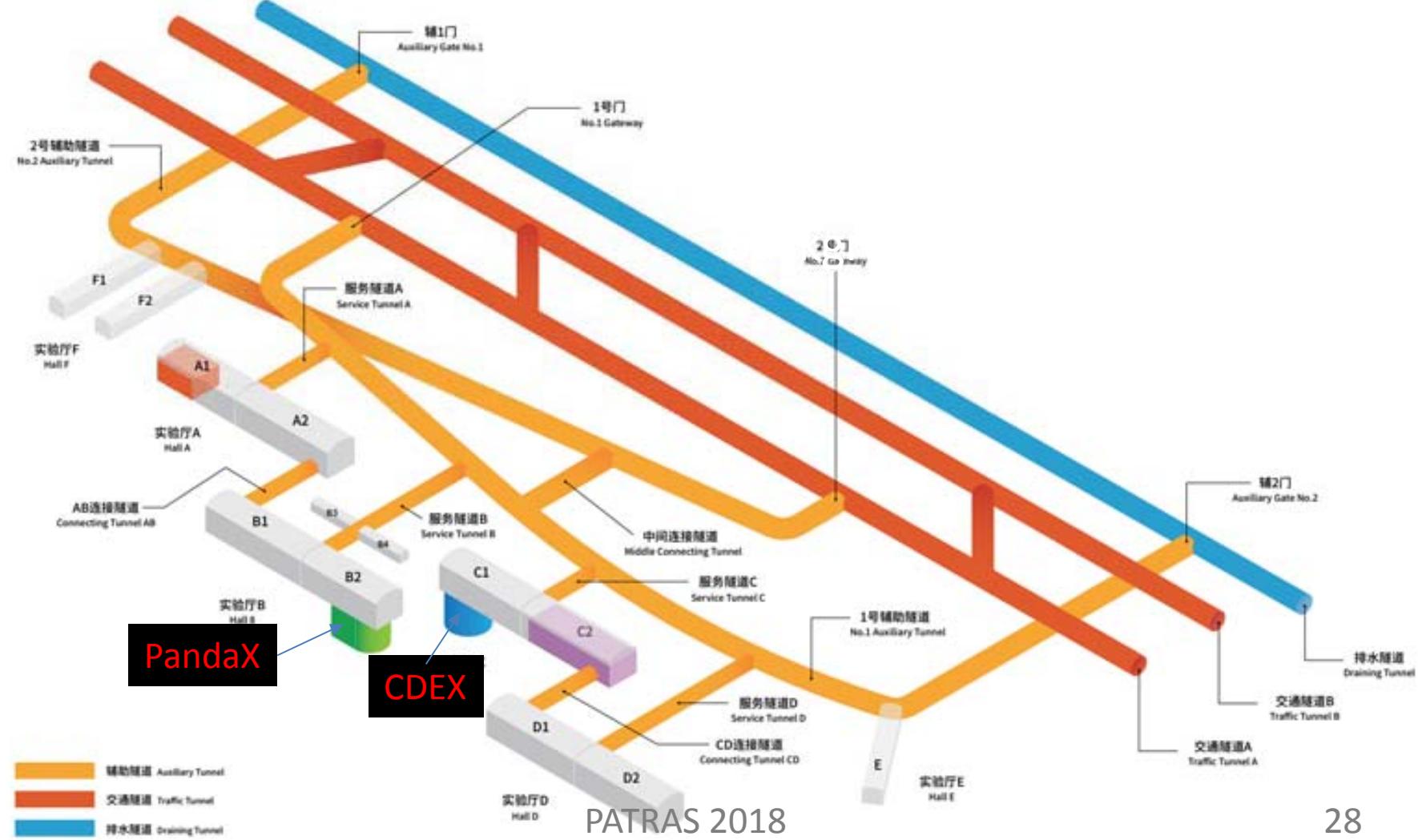
PandaX-II history



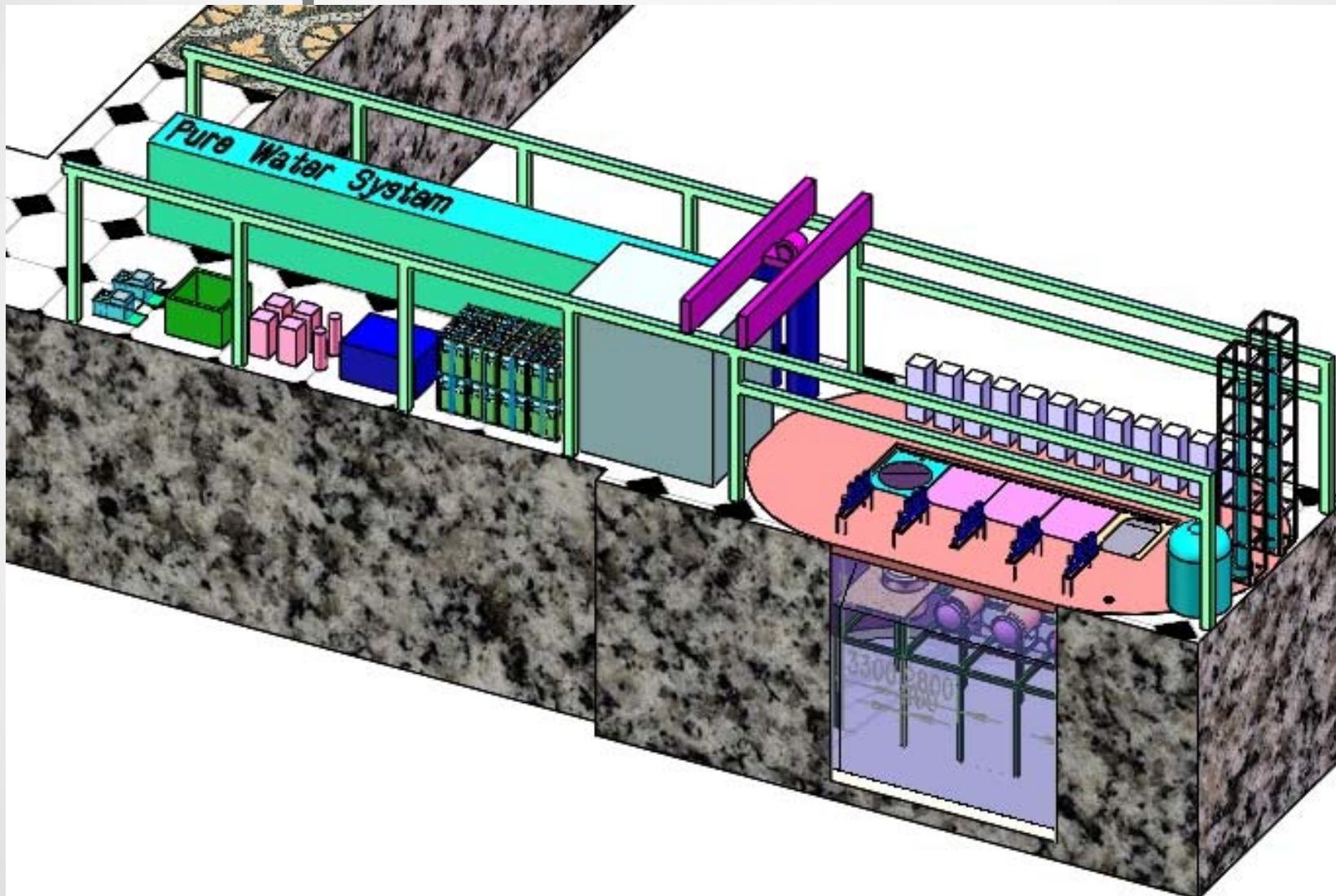
- Run9 =79.6 days, exposure: 26.2 ton-day
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③ PandaX-xT

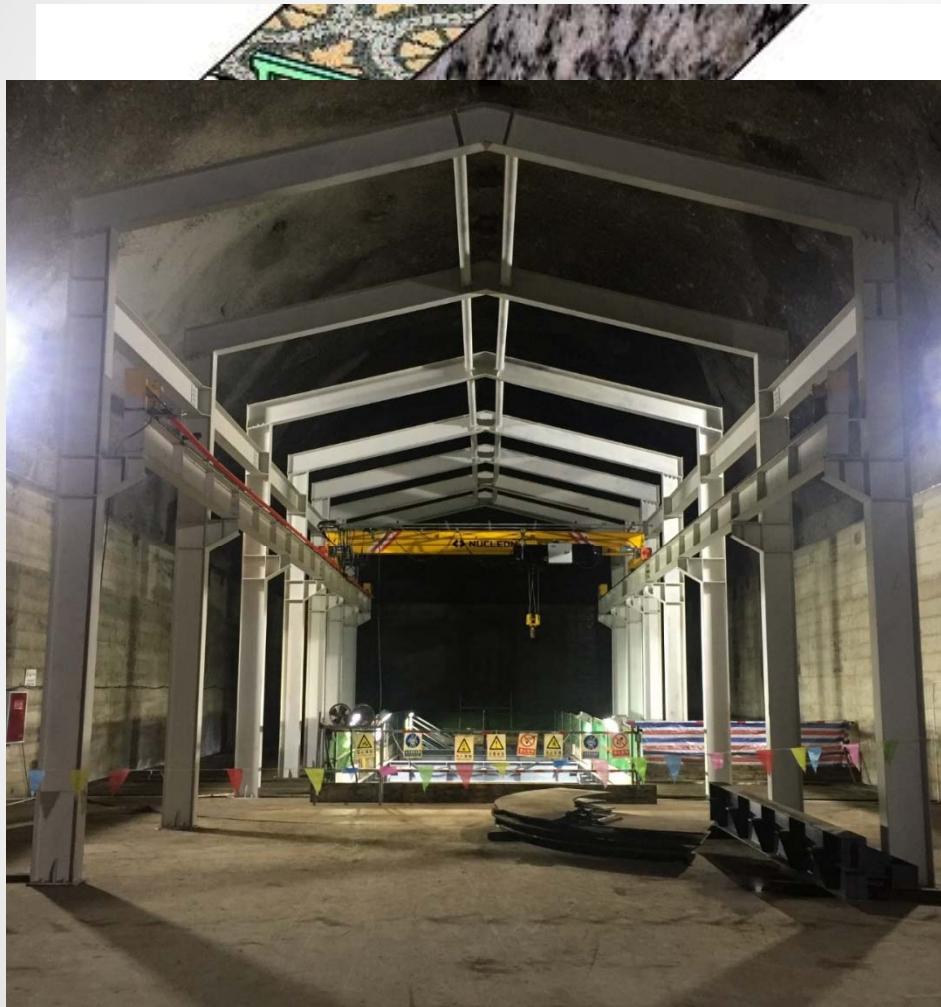
Future: CJPL-II



B2 experimental hall



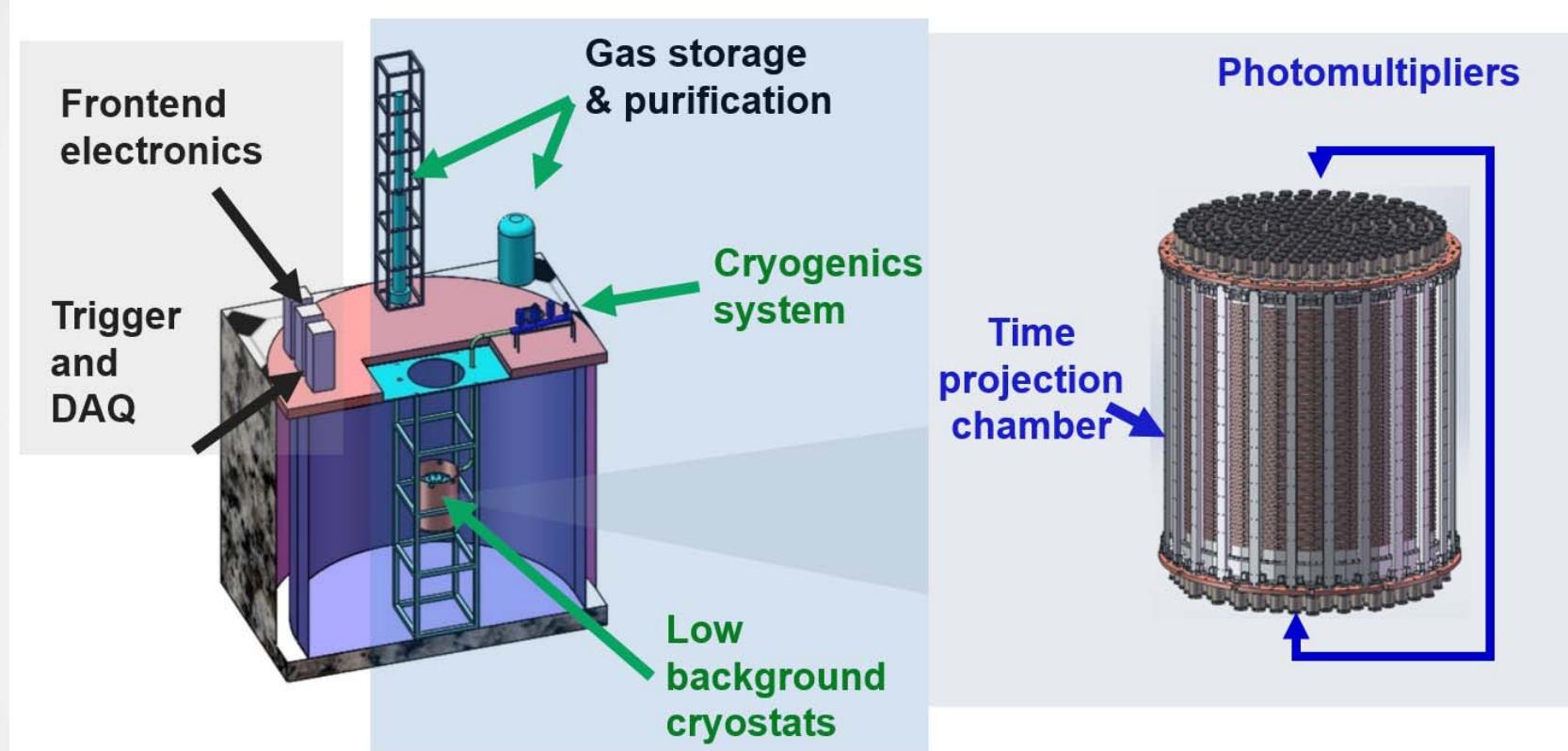
B2 experimental hall



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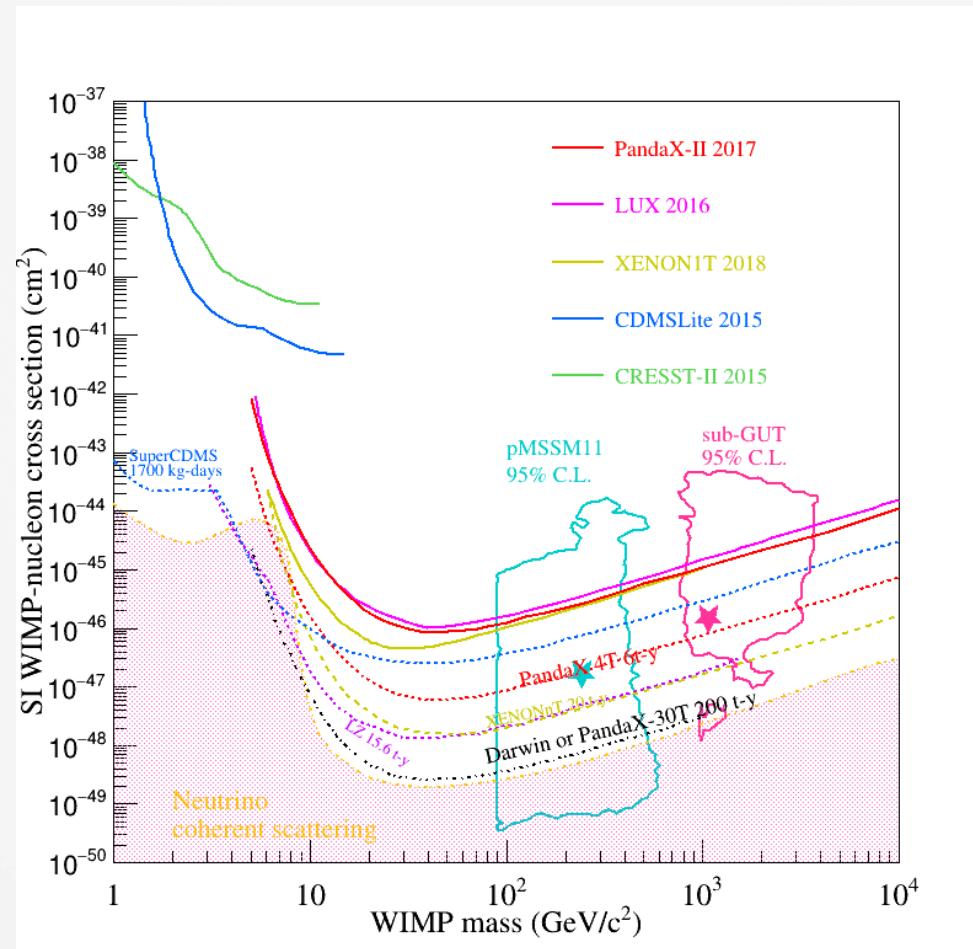
PandaX-xT

arXiv:1806.02229



- Intermediate stage:
 - **PandaX-4T** (4-ton target) with SI sensitivity $\sim 10^{-47} \text{ cm}^2$
 - On-site assembly and commissioning: 2019-2020

PandaX-xT sensitivity



Summary and outlook

- PandaX-II continues to probe the forefront of the dark matter particle models
- 2018 expected completion of PandaX-II
- Exciting upgrade plans and future opportunities at CJPL-II for PandaX

Thank you!