The spin chain for the AdS₃ WZW model

Andrea Dei

ETH Zurich

Based on

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Strings on AdS₃

- ► Low-dimensional holographic dual AdS₃/CFT₂
- ▶ Maximally supersymmetric AdS₃ background AdS₃ \times S³ \times T⁴
- Supported by a mixture of RR and NSNS three-form fluxes
- ▶ The theory is characterized by a large moduli space
- Very rich dynamics: different techniques apply at different points of the moduli space

Different perspectives: Integrable non linear sigma model

- ▶ Integrable 2D QFT in lightcone gauge
- ► S-matrix for infinite worldsheet size limit
- Spectrum described by Bethe equations and dispersion relation

$$e^{ip_iR}\prod_{j\neq i}S(p_i,p_j)=1 \qquad H=\sum_i\left|rac{k}{2\pi}p_i+\mu_i
ight|$$

[Borsato, O.Sax, Sfondrini 12][Hoare, Tseytlin 13] [Borsato, O.Sax, Sfondrini, Stefanski, Torrielli 13-15]

Different perspectives: Worldsheet CFT

- ▶ RNS formulation of superstrings in AdS₃
- Exactly solvable model for pure NSNS flux
- Worldsheet energy of a state

$$H = \sqrt{J^2 + 4k\mathcal{N}} - J + \hat{\mu}$$

[Maldacena, Ooguri 00, ...]

Comparison of the two descriptions

Worldsheet CFT

- Exactly solvable model!
- ▶ **BUT** it's difficult to describe RR flux...

Integrability

- ▶ Applies for any mixture of RR and NSNS flux!
- ▶ **BUT** finite size corrections are difficult to compute...
- Surprisingly the usual integrability approach fails for pure NSNS flux ...precisely where CFT gives exact treatment...

Relating the two descriptions can teach us a lot!

Integrability: classical worldsheet Hamiltonian for T⁴

Uniform light-cone gauge: free gauge parameter a

$$x^{+} = (1 - a)t + a\phi = \tau,$$
 $x^{-} = \phi - t,$ $p_{-} = 1,$

$$R(a) = J + aH,$$
 $H = \int_0^{R(a)} d\sigma \mathcal{H}(a),$ $\frac{d}{da}H = 0.$

At classical level we obtain two equivalent descriptions

- ▶ $a = \frac{1}{2}$ ⇒ Free theory in volume $R = J + \frac{H}{2}$
- ▶ $a = 0 \implies$ Non-linear theory in volume R = J

[Arutyunov, Frolov 05] [Cavagliá et al. 16] [Smirnov, Zamolodchikov 16] [Baggio, Sfondrini 18]

From classical to quantum

Conjecture: free theory also at quantum level

$$S(p_i, p_j) = 1 \implies e^{ip_i(J+H/2)} = 1 \implies p_i = \frac{2\pi n_i}{R+H/2}$$

From the dispersion relation

$$H = \sum_{i} \frac{k}{2\pi} |p_i| = \frac{2k\mathcal{N}}{J + H/2}, \qquad \mathcal{N} = \sum_{i} n_i.$$

We have a quadratic equation for H! The solution

$$H = \sqrt{J^2 + 4k\mathcal{N}} - J$$

matches the WZW worldsheet energy for T⁴ modes!

How to extend to AdS_3 and S^3 excitations?

Conjecture for the S-matrix

What about the non-linear theory in volume R = J?

$$e^{ip_i(J+H/2)}=1\iff e^{ip_iJ}\prod_j S(p_i,p_j)=1,$$
 $S(p_i,p_j)=e^{rac{i}{2}\Phi}, \qquad \Phi=p_iH_j-p_jH_i$

Extending to arbitrary excitations, conjecture [Baggio, Sfondrini 18]

$$\Phi = p_i(H_j - \hat{\mu}_j) - p_j(H_i - \hat{\mu}_i), \qquad \hat{\mu} = \mu \operatorname{sgn}\left[\frac{k}{2\pi}p + \mu\right]$$

Proceeding as before, one can solve for H

$$H = \sqrt{J^2 + 4k\mathcal{N}} - J + \hat{\mu}$$

and again find agreement with the WZW worldsheet energy!

[Baggio, Sfondrini 18] [AD, Sfondrini 18]

Spin-chain interpretation

All this strongly suggests that

The WZW model can be described as a simple, integrable spin chain

This is a rather strong claim since

- ▶ A spin chain is a QM system while worldsheet theory is a QFT
- ► Even for integrable systems, the spin chain is only approximate: finite-volume corrections spoil it
- ► The WZW model gives a closed formula for the spectrum, while Bethe equations are usually very difficult to solve

Spin-chain interpretation

All this strongly suggests that

The WZW model can be described as a simple, integrable spin chain

However,

- ▶ We have shown that finite-volume corrections cancel exactly
- ▶ Bethe equations can be solved and give a closed formula for the worldsheet energy
- We obtain intriguing matching with the WZW worldsheet energy

[AD, Sfondrini 18]

Future directions

But much more remains to be done

- ► Extend the correspondence to fully describe the spectrum, including degeneracies
- ► Explore other backgrounds, like $AdS_3 \times S^3 \times S^3 \times S^1$
- ► Study integrable deformations of these backgrounds
- ▶ Go beyond the spectrum: three- and higher- point functions
- ▶ Build on the spin-chain to better understand the integrable nature of the dual CFT₂