

Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare Sezione di PISA

Seismic noise filtering: the Advanced VIRGO Superattenuator

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Gravitational Waves

- Gravitational Waves (GW) detection represents the most important achievement in scientific research of the last years (GW170814 & GW170817): this has been possible thanks to the technological progress available in many fields and implemented into interferometric detectors developed to observe a so weak signal;
- The aim of modern detectors (2nd generation ground based interferometric detectors ITF – Advanced VIRGO, aLIGO, KAGRA) is the direct observation of GW together with the possibility to localize their source in the sky (detectors Network);
- According to the Einstein's theory (General Relativity), GW are perturbations of the "space-time" metric traveling in the Universe at the speed of light due to the acceleration of large masses.

Filtering Seismic Noise

- Gravitational Waves (GW) detection with ground based interferometers depends on the capability to include into the experimental apparatus free falling masses, the test masses, well isolated from different noise sources the influence of which has great relevance on the detector sensitivity all over the detection bandwidth;
- Seismic noise gives the most important contribution in the low frequency range where GW emitted by Black Holes, Pulsars and Coalescing Binaries are expected:

- VIRGO and AdV have been equipped with a mirror suspension system conceived to reduce seismic noise transmission at the optical level extending the detection band below 100 Hz.

The broad band GW Interferometers

- The detector is sensitive to **h** the Gravitational Wave strain amplitude (a GW impinging on the plane of a suspended interferometer **stretches** one arm **compressing** the other one alternatively);
- The detector sensitivity is expressed in terms of the amplitude spectral density of the detector noise referred to its input
 - **H(f)** [(Hz)^{-1/2}]



The Advanced VIRGO ITF @ EGO Site



GW impinging on a suspended ITF



The Advanced VIRGO optical layout



Mirror Suspensions

- The The Super-Attenuator (SA) is the mechanical system adopted to isolate the optical components from seismic noise and local disturbances. It is based on the working principle of a multistage pendulum and consists of:
 - a three legs Inverted Pendulum (IP)
 - 6 or 3 mechanical Seismic Filters (SF) with magnetic anti-spring (MAS)
 - a Monolithic Payload or Last Stage (LS)



Multistage Pendulum

- Seismic noise limits the sensitivity of ground based detectors at low frequencies – "seismic wall";
- Typical seismic noise at EGO/VIRGO site (a) 10 Hz is ~ few x $10^{-10} m/\sqrt{Hz}$

- many orders of magnitude above target noise level

 Solution: isolation system with a multistage pendulum;

$$TF \equiv \left| \frac{\tilde{x}_{out}}{\tilde{x}_{in}} \right| = \frac{1}{\omega^{2n}} \prod_{i=1}^{n} \omega_i^2$$

 Isolation required in vertical direction as well as horizontal due to cross-coupling (triangular cantilever blades).



Advantages of a **double** over **single** pendulum, same overall length 8

Main features of SA

- Two types of **SA**:
 - 3 Short Chains (4.5 m high) for Benches
 - 7 Long Chains (9.5 m high) for Mirrors
- Hybrid system:
 - active control below 3 Hz
 - **passive** attenuation starting from 3 Hz;
- Measured attenuation upper limit ("stage by stage" method): 10¹⁵ at 10 Hz (detection band extended in the low frequency region)

[see: G. Ballardin et al., Rev. Sci. Instrum., vol. 72, n. 9, Sep. 2001]



Mechanical Filters

- A Seismic Filter (SF) is a drum shaped mechanical structure designed to reduce the vibrations transmission in all d. o. f.;
- The SF of the AdV Super-Attenuators are equipped with a set of triangular cantilever blades and magnetic antisprings (acting as a vertical harmonic oscillator).



Magnetic Anti-Spring (MAS)

- Each mechanical filter is equipped with a MAS system consisting of two permanent magnets matrices mounted in repulsive configuration;
- The MAS acts on the crossbar, the moving part of the filter connected to the next stage, in parallel with the blade springs;
- In this way all the frequencies of the chain vertical modes are confined below the highest frequency of the horizontal one.



Geometric Anti-Spring effect

- Geometric Anti-Spring (GAS) effect is obtained applying a pushing force on the base of the triangular cantilever blade (not bent) installed into the mechanical structure of a filter;
- Solution adopted in the Seismic Attenuation System (SAS) of the KAGRA underground interferometer: thanks to the NIKHEF Group.



Technological Transfer

- Galli e Morelli (Lucca Italy) as technological partner in the final construction of Super-Attenuator systems for VIRGO and Advanced VIRGO interferometers;
- Precision mechanical workshop, with fundamental expertize in machining and assembling of complex structures to be operated in high vacuum environment;



 Consolidated collaboration with Research Institutes, Universities and Centers of Excellence.



Technological Transfer /2

Advanced VIRGO SA

Involvement in many scientific experiments:



Why do we need active controls?

- The Super-Attenuator has been conceived confining all the resonance modes in a low frequency region (below 3 Hz);
- Passive attenuation is enough but in the frequency range 0.04 Hz<
 f < 2 Hz the chain resonance modes induces tens of micron mirror swings

Active Mode Damping (AMD) & Hierarchical Controls

Mirror Suspension Control

Suspension wire

Filter 7

Filter 0

16

A **hierarchical feedback control** is implemented in 3 different points along the chain;

1. Inertial Damping on IP:

- tidal control of the suspension point and its drift of any origin

- AMD of the SA normal mode for seismic noise depression

Local Control on F7-Marionette:

 Active Pre-Damping on F7 as back-action effect when feedback control engaged on Payload
 z displacement and angular displacements reduced down to fraction of μrad;

Local Damping on Mirror (MIR):
 viscous damping and locking acquisition

SA top stage: ID and Tidal Control

- New high performance feedback electronics for AdV based on DSP technology;
- Analog and digital part embedded in a single board developed by INFN VIRGO Pisa Group.



The Inverted Pendulum top stage



Mechanical Transfer Functions



Final Considerations

- Following the VIRGO experience (1st generation ITF) a big effort has been done implementing complex systems for seismic noise isolation (2nd generation detectors):
 - detector bandwidth extended in the low frequency region, below 100 Hz
 - improved sensitivity of a factor 10 with the possibility to observe a larger volume of the Universe
 - a Network of 2nd generation detectors played (and will play) a crucial role in the sky localization of GW sources: **multi-messenger astronomy just started**;
- R&D on new vibration isolation systems (**New SA**) to be designed extending the detection bandwidth in the low frequency region represents an hot spot also for the future ITFs (**Einstein Telescope** as 3rd generation underground detector for GW observation).



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