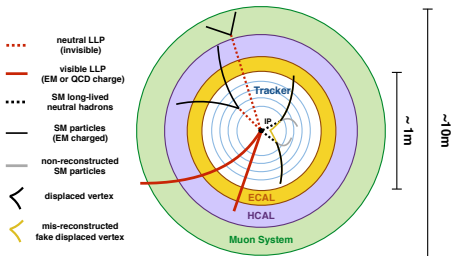


Search for long lived particles

$$H \rightarrow \pi_\nu \pi_\nu \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$$

First touchbase



HIG-EXO Meeting, 09 april 2018

Lisa Benato, Melanie Eich, Gregor Kasieczka, Karla Peña (Hamburg University)

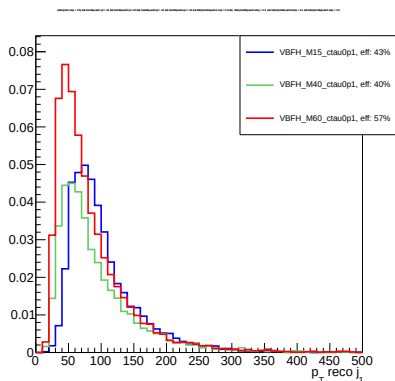
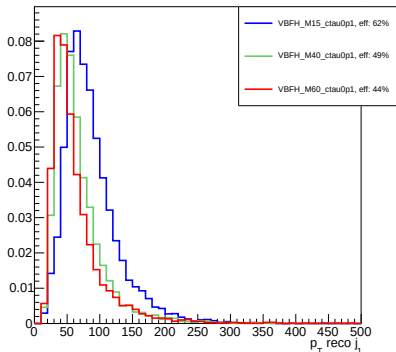
Question 1: why trigger efficiency larger for
lighter m_π ?

Investigation on trigger efficiency I

VBF samples, $m_\pi = 15, 40, 60$ GeV, $c\tau = 0.1$ mm

- Reco AK4 jets, $p_T > 15$ GeV, $|\eta| < 2.5$
- Events normalized to number of gen events
- Left: leading jet p_T , matched to at least 1 gen b quark, legend: efficiency
- Right: leading jet p_T , basecut applied but no matching, legend: efficiency

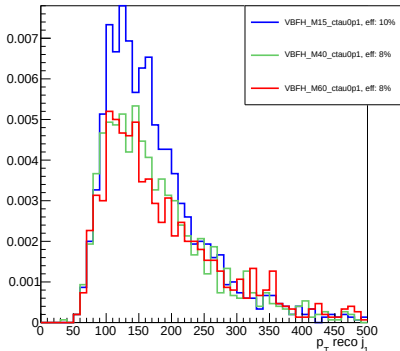
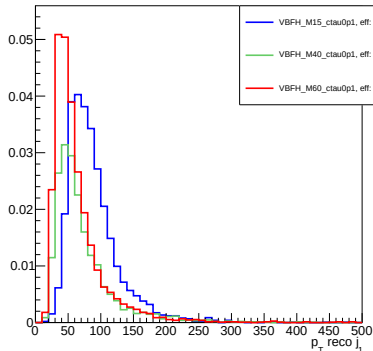
fabs(Jet1.eta) < 2.5 && (Jet1.m_q1 || Jet1.m_q2 || Jet1.m_q3 || Jet1.m_q4)



Investigation on trigger efficiency II

VBF samples, $m_\pi = 15, 40, 60$ GeV, $c\tau = 0.1$ mm

- Left: leading jet p_T , matched to at least 1 gen b quark and basecut applied
- Right: leading jet p_T , VBF triggers applied only



Answer to question 1

- At smaller m_π , the leading jet has harder p_T spectrum (due to the boost)
- To do: check if the leading jet is actually reconstructing the full π and not the single b-quark

Question 2: drop on efficiency fiducial cut at
intermediate mass of π ?

Investigation on 2D fiducial efficiency

VBF samples, $m_\pi = 15, 40, 60$ GeV

- Left: applying η cut one by one on each b quark
- Right: applying p_T cut one by one on each b quark, and final effect

	M 15	m40	m60		M 15	m40	m60
Eta 1	87	87	87	Pt 1	86	86	<u>94</u>
Eta 2	87	87	87	Pt 2	86	86	<u>94</u>
Eta 3	87	88	87	Pt 3	87	87	<u>94</u>
Eta 4	87	88	88	Pt 4	87	86	<u>94</u>
Eta 12	<u>84</u>	79	77	Pt 12	74	73	<u>88</u>
Eta 13	<u>77</u>	79	<u>80</u>	Pt 13	74	75	<u>88</u>
Eta 14	<u>77</u>	79	<u>80</u>	Pt 14	74	74	<u>88</u>
Eta 23	<u>77</u>	79	<u>80</u>	Pt 23	74	75	<u>88</u>
Eta 24	<u>77</u>	79	<u>80</u>	Pt 24	74	74	<u>88</u>
Eta 34	<u>84</u>	80	78	Pt 34	75	73	<u>88</u>
Eta 123	<u>75</u>	73	73	Pt 123	64	63	<u>82</u>
Eta 124	<u>74</u>	73	73	Pt 124	63	62	<u>82</u>
Eta 134	<u>75</u>	73	73	Pt 134	64	63	<u>82</u>
Eta 234	<u>75</u>	73	73	Pt 234	64	63	<u>82</u>
Eta 1234	<u>72</u>	68	69	Pt 1234	54	53	77
				All	43	40	57

Answer to question 2

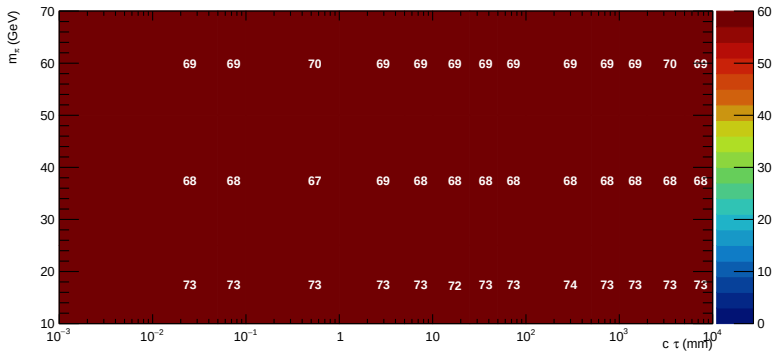
- A tradeoff between the effect of η cut (higher efficiency at $m_\pi = 15$ GeV) and of the p_T cut (higher efficiency at $m_\pi = 60$ GeV)

Additional plot

Investigation on 2D fiducial efficiency maps: cut b-quarks

VBF samples, $m_\pi = 15, 40, 60$ GeV

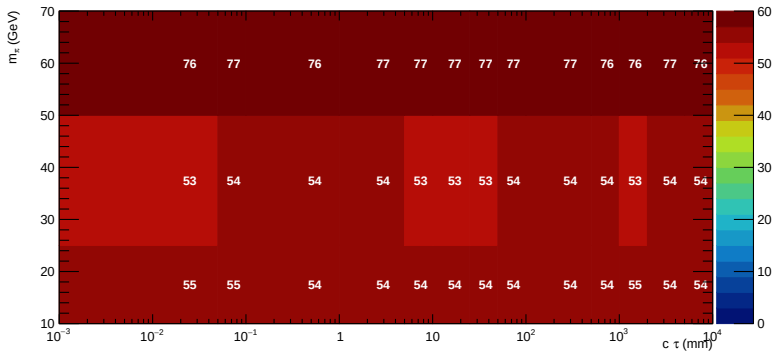
VBFH fiducial cut efficiency in 2016:



Investigation on 2D fiducial efficiency maps: cut b-quarks

VBF samples, $m_\pi = 15, 40, 60$ GeV

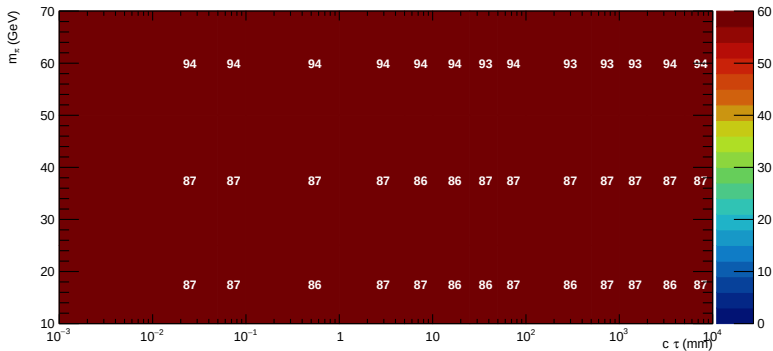
VBFH fiducial cut efficiency in 2016:



Investigation on 2D fiducial efficiency maps: cut $p_T(b_1)$

VBF samples, $m_\pi = 15, 40, 60$ GeV

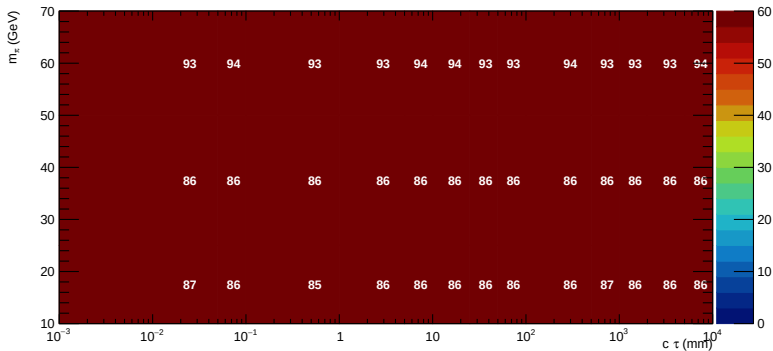
VBFH fiducial cut efficiency in 2016:



Investigation on 2D fiducial efficiency maps: cut $p_T(b_2)$

VBF samples, $m_\pi = 15, 40, 60$ GeV

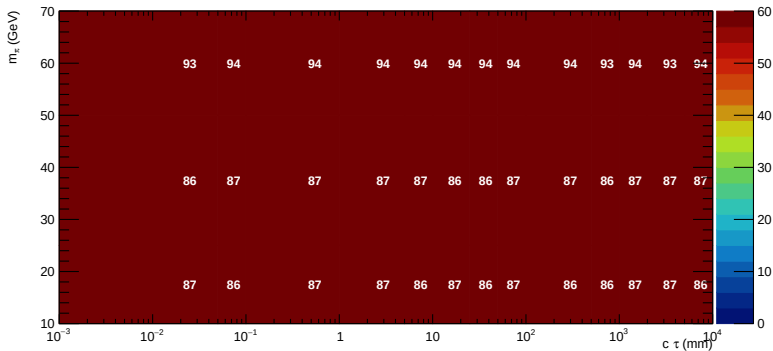
VBFH fiducial cut efficiency in 2016:



Investigation on 2D fiducial efficiency maps: cut $p_T(b_4)$

VBF samples, $m_\pi = 15, 40, 60$ GeV

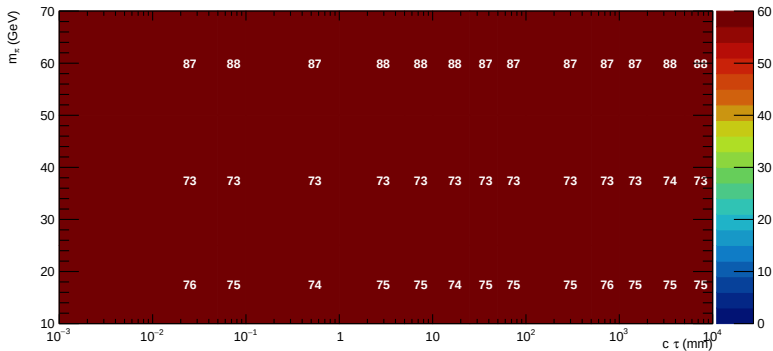
VBFH fiducial cut efficiency in 2016:



Investigation on 2D fiducial efficiency maps: cut $p_T(b_1, b_2)$

VBF samples, $m_\pi = 15, 40, 60$ GeV

VBFH fiducial cut efficiency in 2016:



Investigation on 2D fiducial efficiency maps: cut $p_T(b_1, b_4)$

VBF samples, $m_\pi = 15, 40, 60$ GeV

VBFH fiducial cut efficiency in 2016:

