

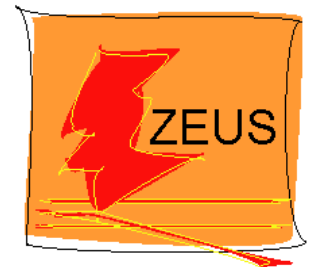
# Search for Contact Interactions (Status report)

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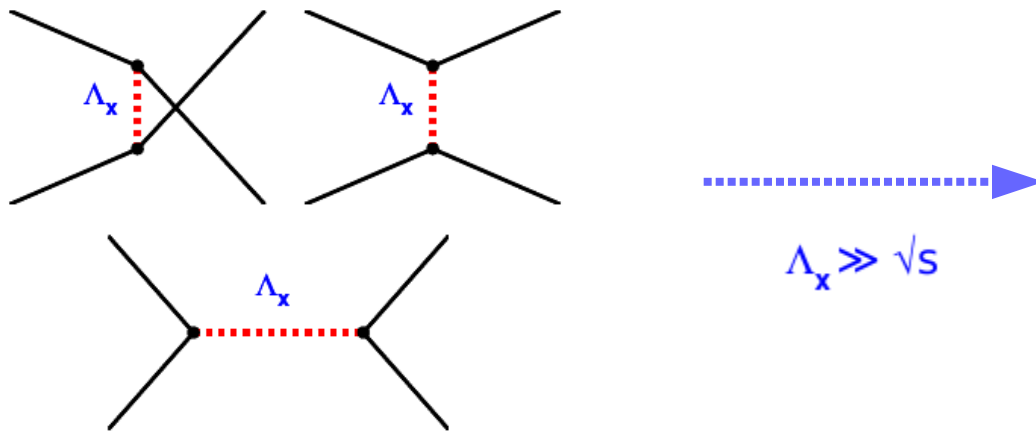
## Content:

- Contact Interactions
- Migration from HERAFitter to xFitter
- Results for General CI models
- Comparison of results
- Cls approach
- Further steps



# Contact Interaction

An investigation of possible effects due to the virtual exchange allows to search for evidence of new particles with mass much higher than the center of mass energy.



$$\mathcal{L}_{CI} = \sum_{\substack{k,j=L,R \\ q=u,d,s,c,b}} \eta_{kj}^{eq} (\bar{e}_k \gamma^\mu e_k) (\bar{q}_j \gamma_\mu q_j)$$

NC cross section:

$$M_{ij}^{eq}(t) = -\frac{4\pi\alpha_{em}e_q}{t} + \frac{4\pi\alpha_{em}}{\sin^2\Theta_W \cdot \cos^2\Theta_W} \cdot \frac{g_i^e g_j^q}{t - M_Z^2} \boxed{+\eta_{ij}^{eq}}$$

CC cross section:

$$\frac{d^2\sigma_{CC}^{e^-p}}{dx dQ^2} = (1-P) \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{i=1}^2 [u_i(x, Q^2) + (1-y)^2 \bar{d}_i(x, Q^2)] \times \left[ \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{M_W^2}{M_W^2 + Q^2} \boxed{\frac{\eta_i^{evud}}{4}} \right]^2$$

Combined QCD + CI Fit (PDF fit together with CI parameters fit):

In HERAPDF2.0 approach:

$$xg(x) = A_g x^{B_g} (1-x)^{C_g} - A'_g x^{B'_g} (1-x)^{C'_g}$$

$$xu_v(x) = A_{u_v} x^{B_{u_v}} (1-x)^{C_{u_v}} (1 + E_{u_v} x^2)$$

$$xd_v(x) = A_{d_v} x^{B_{d_v}} (1-x)^{C_{d_v}}$$

$$x\bar{U}(x) = A_{\bar{U}} x^{B_{\bar{U}}} (1-x)^{C_{\bar{U}}} (1 + D_{\bar{U}} x)$$

$$x\bar{D}(x) = A_{\bar{D}} x^{B_{\bar{D}}} (1-x)^{C_{\bar{D}}}$$

$$\sigma_{NLO}^{SM+CI} = \sigma_{NLO}^{SM} \frac{\sigma_{LOEW}^{SM+CI}}{\sigma_{LOEW}^{SM}}$$

Reason for the simultaneous fit procedure:

- BSM signal in the data could affect the PDF fit and result in biased PDFs
- This cannot be avoided for the analysis of HERA data by using another available PDF set
- Use of the biased PDFs in the BSM analysis would result in overestimated limits.

QCD + CI fit



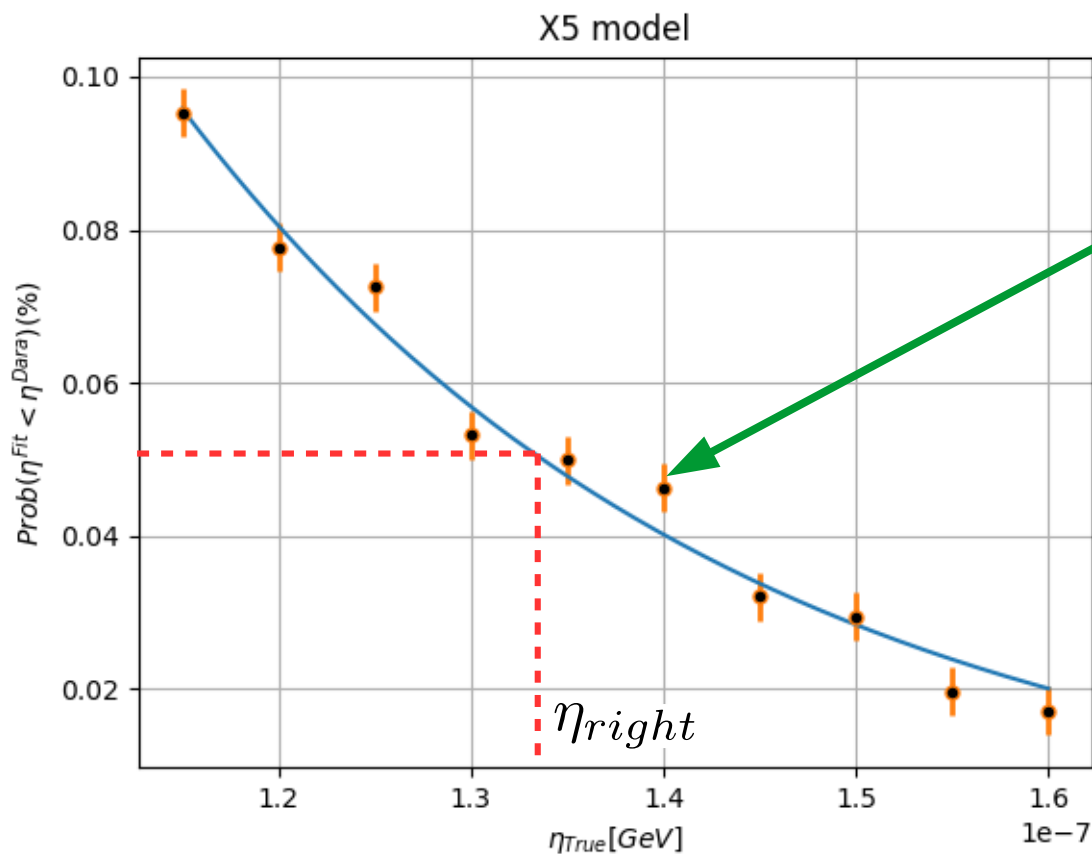
$$\eta = \pm \frac{g_{CI}^2}{\Lambda^2}$$

# Fitting procedure

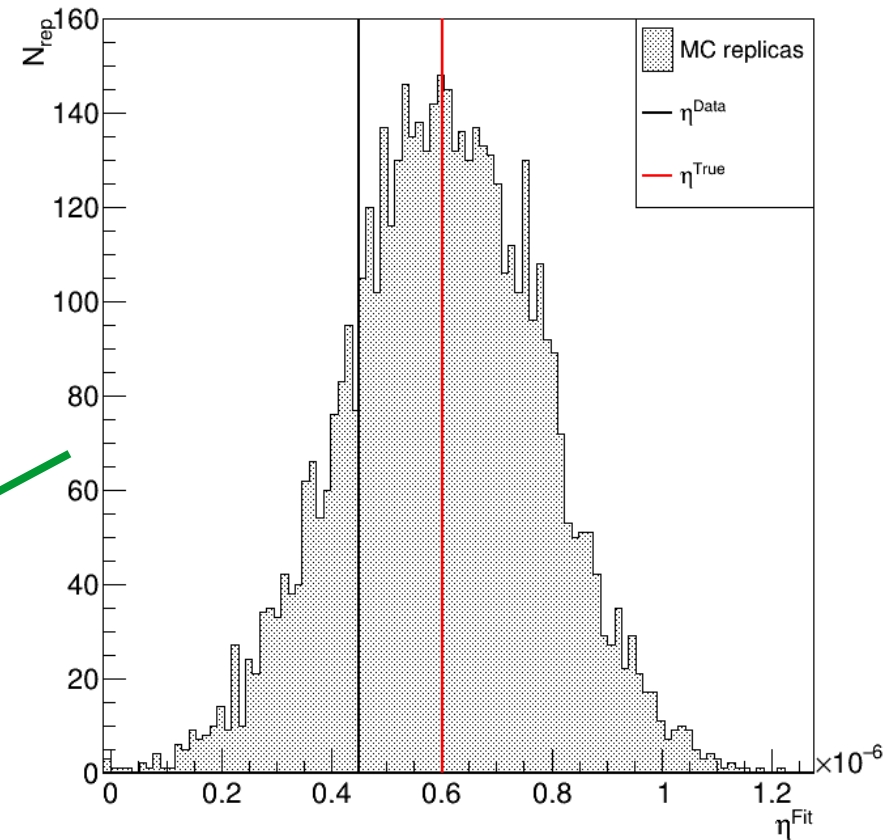
Data  $\rightarrow$  Fit ( free  $\eta$  + PDFs )  $\rightarrow \eta^{\text{Data}}$

Replicas ( $\eta = \eta^{\text{true}}$ ):

Replica  $\rightarrow$  Fit ( free  $\eta$  + PDFs )  $\rightarrow \eta^{\text{Fit}}$



## Frequentist approach



$$\eta = \pm \frac{g_{CI}^2}{\Lambda^2}$$

# Migration from HERAFitter to xFitter

## To migrate to xFitter framework:

- Simplified fit algorithm were implemented
- C.I. models were implemented
- MC replicas was fixed
- Errors treatment in  $\chi^2$  for MC replicas was corrected

$$\chi_{MC}^2 = \frac{\sum_i \left[ m^i + \sum_j \gamma_j^i m^i s_j - \mu_{0, \text{MC}}^i \right]^2}{(\delta_{i, \text{stat}}^2 + \delta_{i, \text{uncor}}^2) \left( \mu_{0, \text{data}}^i \right)^2} + \sum_j s_j^2$$

$m^i$  - theory predictions,

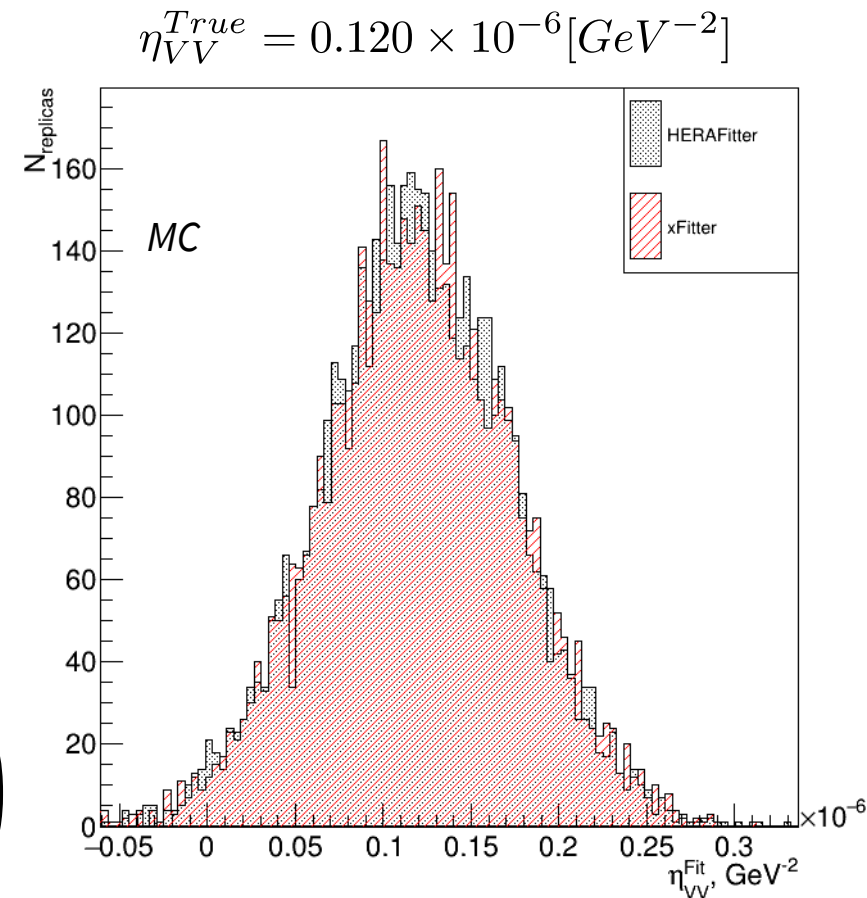
$\mu^i$  - cross section from data or MC replicas

Default xFitter:

$$\mu^i = m_0^i + \sqrt{\delta_{i, \text{stat}}^2 + \delta_{i, \text{uncor}}^2} \cdot \mu_0^i \cdot r_i + \sum_j \gamma_j^i \cdot \mu_0^i \cdot b_j$$

Our analysis:

$$\mu^i = \left[ m_0^i + \sqrt{\delta_{i, \text{stat}}^2 + \delta_{i, \text{uncor}}^2} \cdot \mu_0^i \cdot r_i \right] \cdot \left( 1 + \sum_j \gamma_j^i \cdot r_j \right)$$

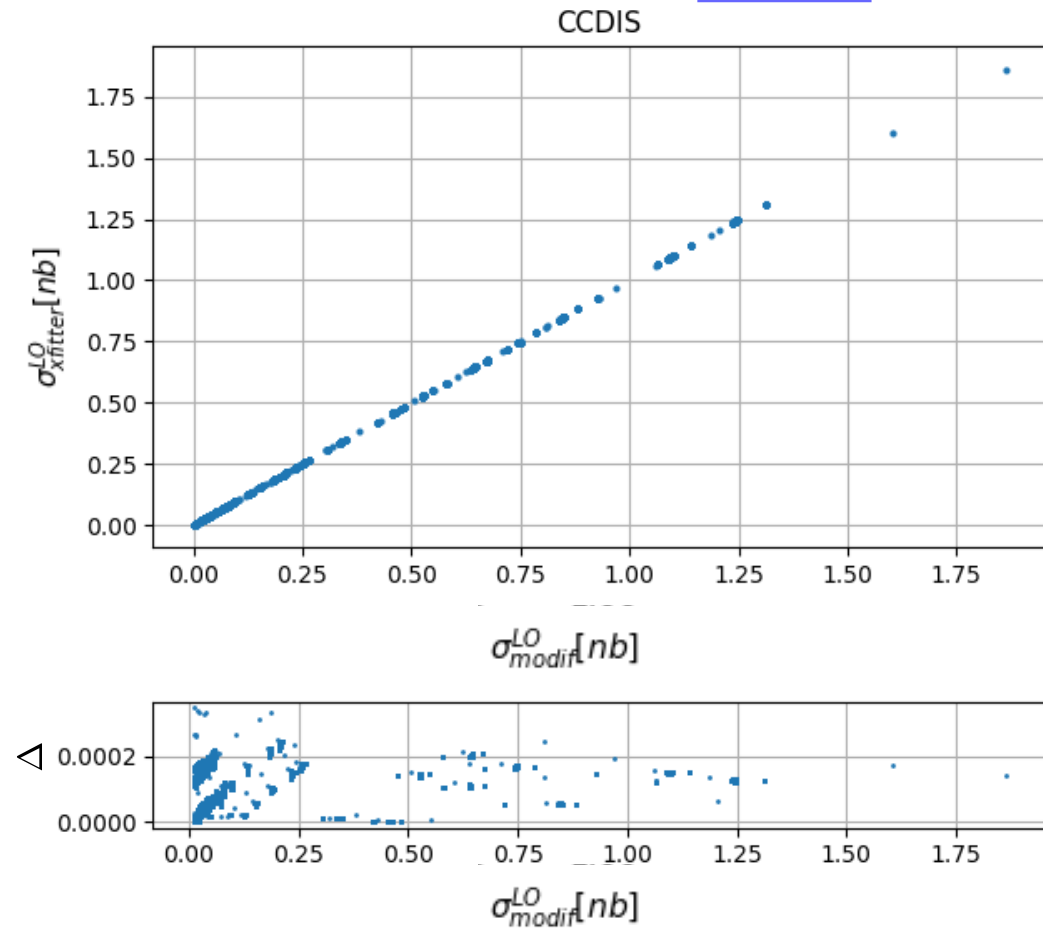
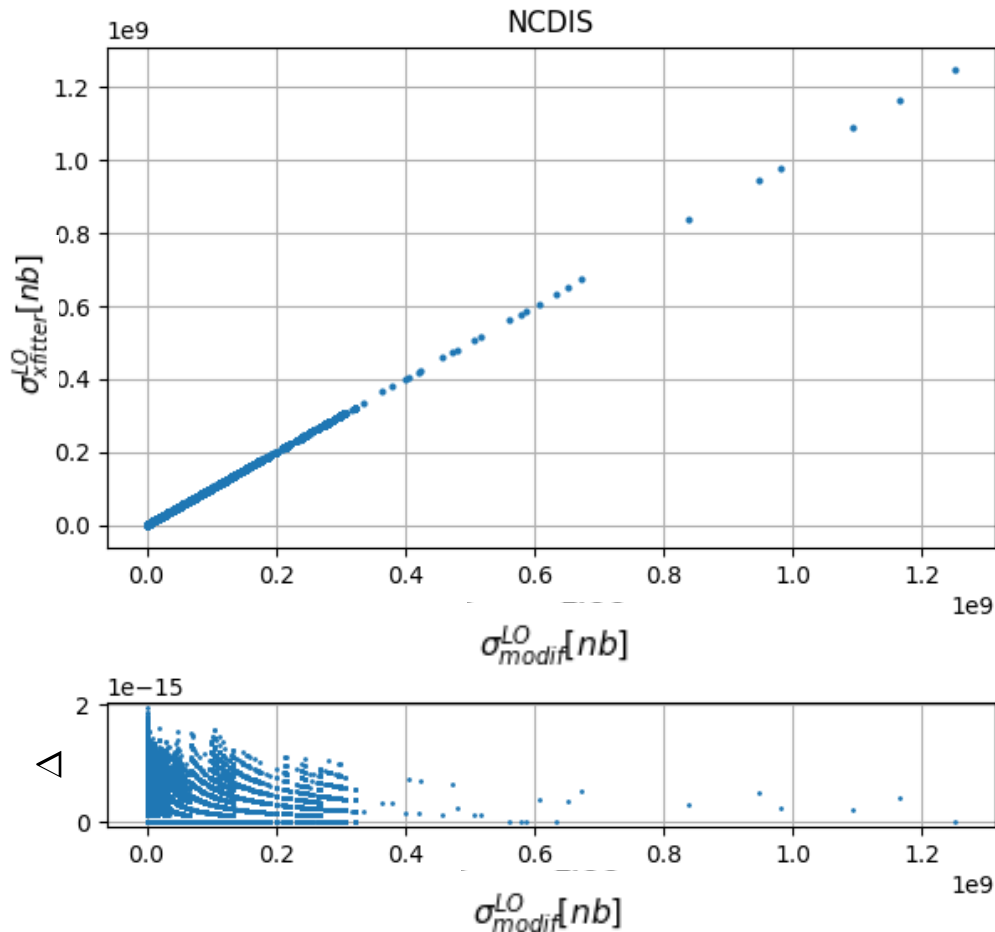


Good agreement of Monte Carlo replicas for HERAFitter and xFitter

# Migration from HERAfitter to xFitter

To test our CI implementation we compared xFitter default  $\sigma^{LO}$  and our subroutine  $\sigma^{LO}$

$$\sigma_{NLO}^{SM+CI} = \sigma_{NLO}^{SM} \frac{\sigma_{LOEW}^{SM+CI}}{\sigma_{LOEW}^{SM}}$$



- NC  $\Delta < 1e-13$  %
- CC  $\Delta < 3e-2$  %

Good agreement for NC and CC

$$\Delta = (\sigma_{xfitter}^{LO} - \sigma_{modif}^{LO}) / \sigma_{modif}^{LO}$$

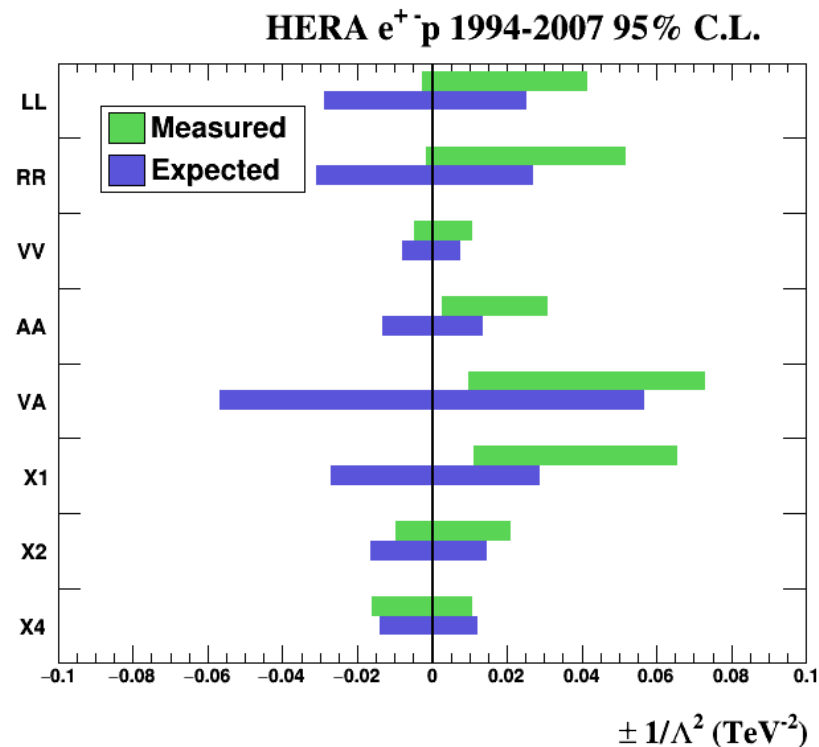
# Results for General CI models ( after the migration to the xFitter)

HERA  $e^\pm p$  1994-2007 data

Coupling structure Model $[\epsilon_{LL}, \epsilon_{LR}, \epsilon_{RL}, \epsilon_{RR}]$		95% C.L. limits (TeV)				$\eta_{CI+PDF}^{\text{Data}}$ ( $TeV^{-2}$ )
		Measured		Expected		
		$\Lambda^-$	$\Lambda^+$	$\Lambda^-$	$\Lambda^+$	
LL	$[+1, \ 0, \ 0, \ 0]$	19.0	4.9	5.9	6.3	0.302
RR	$[ \ 0, \ 0, \ 0, \ 0]$	26.1	4.4	5.7	6.1	0.334
VV	$[+1, +1, +1, +1]$	14.5	9.7	11.2	11.6	0.040
AA	$[+1, -1, -1, +1]$	-	5.7 - 19.1	8.7	8.6	0.213
VA	$[+1, -1, +1, -1]$	-	3.7 - 10.2	4.2	4.2	0.664
X1	$[+1, -1, \ 0, \ 0]$	-	3.9 - 9.5	6.1	5.9	0.493
X2	$[+1, \ 0, +1, \ 0]$	10.1	6.9	7.8	8.3	0.086
X4	$[ \ 0, +1, +1, \ 0]$	7.9	9.6	8.5	9.0	-0.023
X5	$[ \ 0, +1, \ 0, +1]$	10.1	7.0	-	-	0.077
X6	$[ \ 0, \ 0, +1, -1]$	3.7 - 8.2	-	-	-	-0.565

$$\eta = \pm \frac{g_{CI}^2}{\Lambda^2}$$

95% C.L. measured and expected limits on the compositeness scale,  $\Lambda$  for the considered general contact-interactions models.



# Comparison of the expected limits

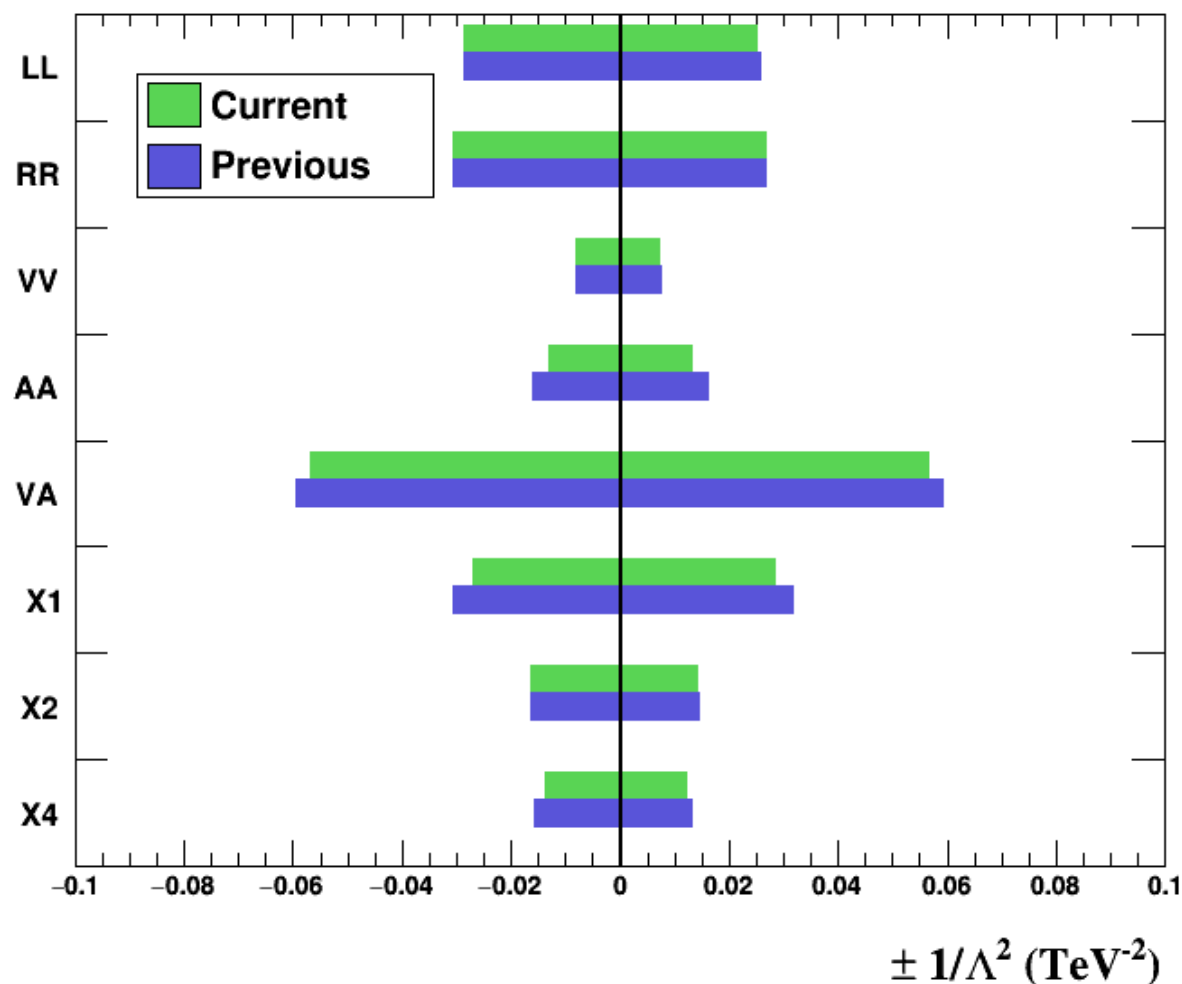
## Frequentist approach previous research

95% C.L. limits (TeV)			$\eta_{CI_{PDF}}^{Data} (TeV^{-2})$
Model	$\Lambda^-$	$\Lambda^+$	
LL	5.9	6.2	0.308
RR	5.7	6.1	0.341
VV	11.0	11.4	0.043
AA	7.9	7.8	0.324
VA	4.1	4.1	0.679
X1	5.7	5.6	0.680
X2	7.8	8.2	0.091
X4	8.0	8.6	-0.026

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## HERA $e^+p$ 1994-2007 95% C.L.



Good agreement of the expected limits.



# Comparison of the measured limits

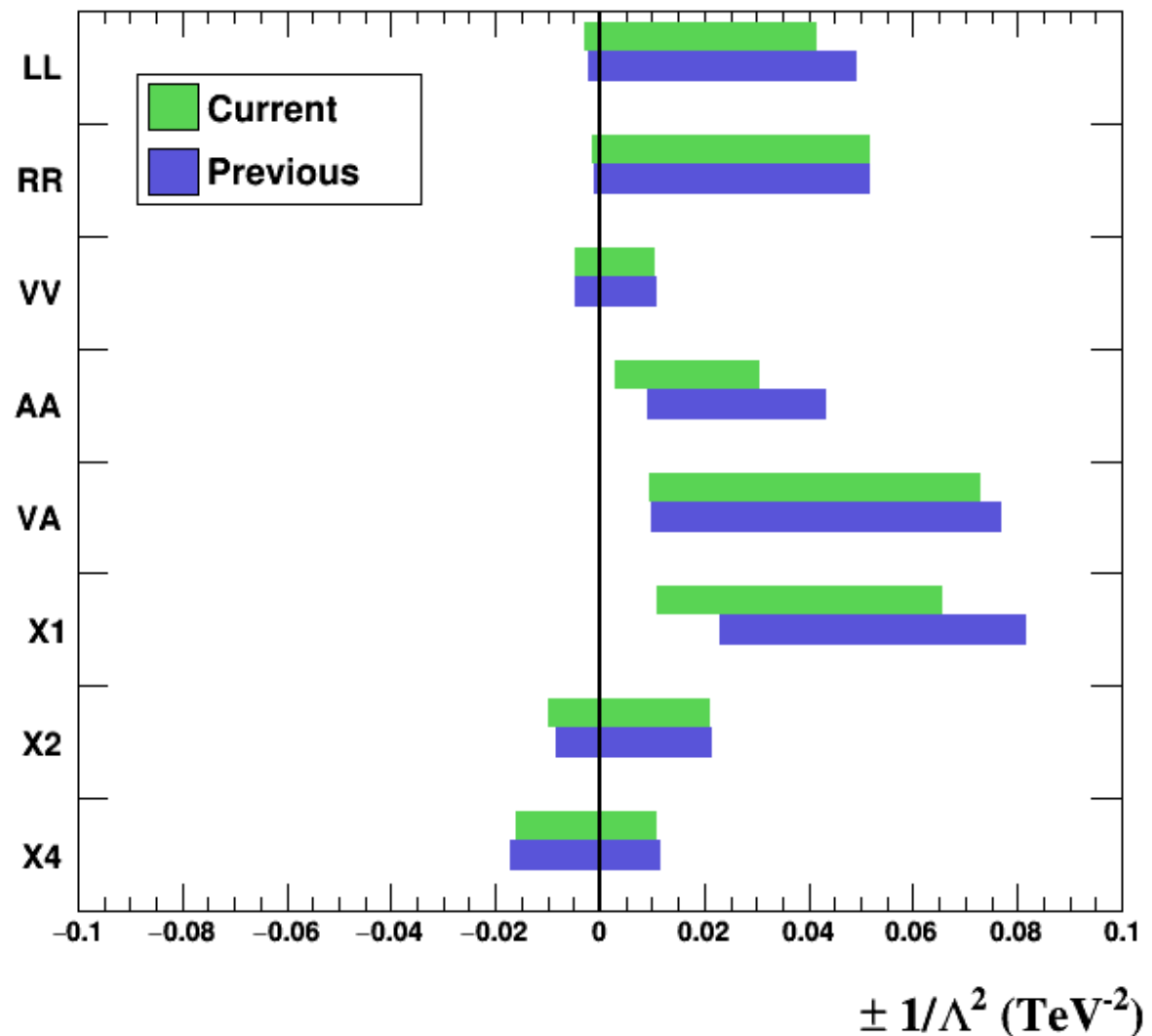
## Frequentist approach (previous research):

95% C.L. limits (TeV)			$\eta_{CI_{PDF}}^{Data} (TeV^{-2})$
Model	$\Lambda^-$	$\Lambda^+$	
LL	22.0	4.5	0.308
RR	32.9	4.4	0.341
VV	14.7	9.5	0.043
AA	-	4.8-10.4	0.324
VA	-	3.6-10.1	0.679
X1	-	3.5-6.6	0.680
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## HERA $e^+p$ 1994-2007 95% C.L.



Difference between new and previous measured limits are mostly due to the difference in  $\eta^{data}$

# Cls approach for cross check

Data  $\rightarrow$  Fit ( $\eta=0, \Delta\eta=0$ )  $\rightarrow L_b^{\text{data}}$

Replicas ( $\eta = \eta^{\text{true}}$ ):

Data  $\rightarrow$  Fit ( $\eta = \eta^{\text{true}}, \Delta\eta=0$ )  $\rightarrow L_{s+b}^{\text{data}}$

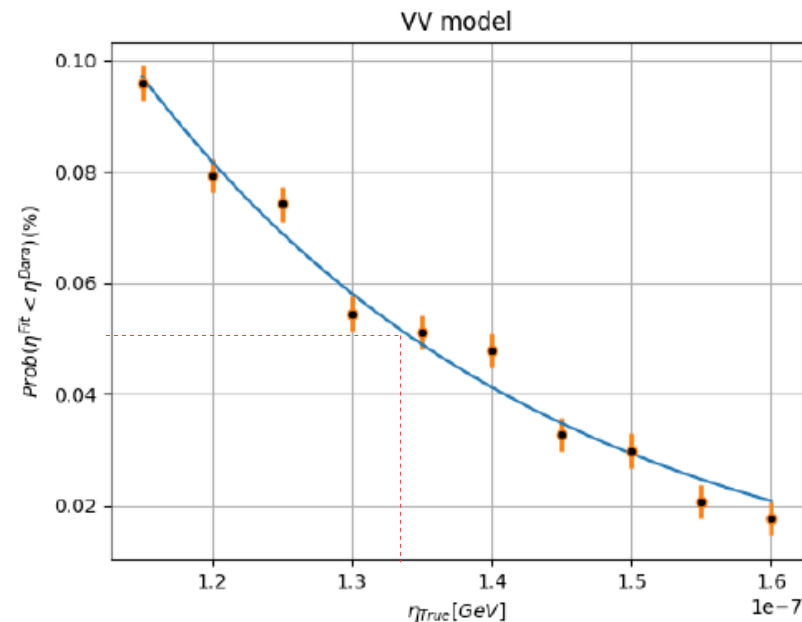
Replica ( $\eta = \eta^{\text{true}}$ )  $\rightarrow$  Fit ( $\eta=0, \Delta\eta=0$ )  $\rightarrow L_b$

Replica ( $\eta = \eta^{\text{true}}$ )  $\rightarrow$  Fit ( $\eta = \eta^{\text{true}}, \Delta\eta=0$ )  $\rightarrow L_{s+b}$

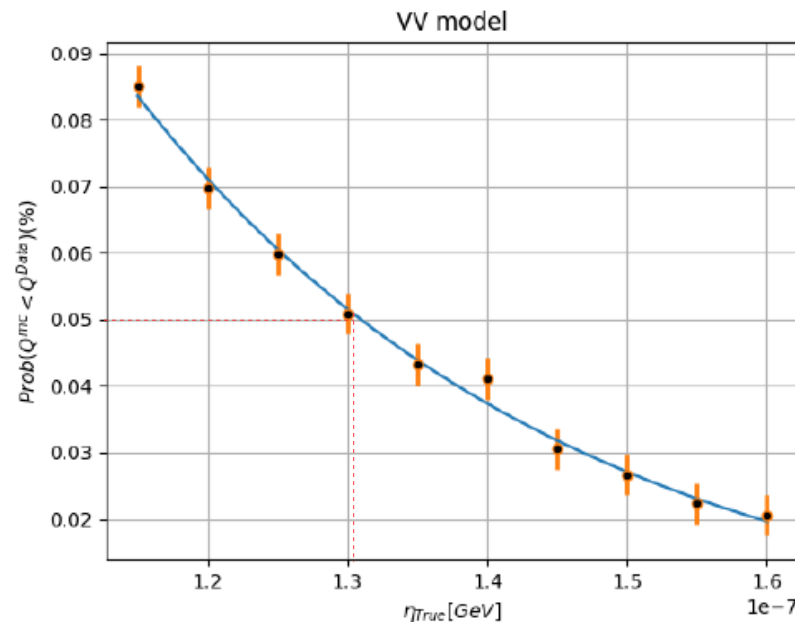
$$Q = L_{s+b}/L_b$$

$$P(Q < Q_{\text{data}})$$

$$\eta = \eta_{\text{true}}$$



95% : 1.34 TeV<sup>-2</sup>  
 $\sqrt{\Lambda} : 9.7 \text{ TeV}$   
 Old approach



95% : 1.31 TeV<sup>-2</sup>  
 $\sqrt{\Lambda} : 9.8 \text{ TeV}$   
 Cls approach

- Good agreement
- Can be used for cross check of measured limits


# Futher steps

- Calculate all general contact interaction models

Model	$\eta_{LL}^{ed}$	$\eta_{LR}^{ed}$	$\eta_{RL}^{ed}$	$\eta_{RR}^{ed}$	$\eta_{LL}^{eu}$	$\eta_{LR}^{eu}$	$\eta_{RL}^{eu}$	$\eta_{RR}^{eu}$
VV	$+\eta$	$+\eta$	$+\eta$	$+\eta$	$+\eta$	$+\eta$	$+\eta$	$+\eta$
AA	$+\eta$	$-\eta$	$-\eta$	$+\eta$	$+\eta$	$-\eta$	$-\eta$	$+\eta$
VA	$+\eta$	$-\eta$	$+\eta$	$-\eta$	$+\eta$	$-\eta$	$+\eta$	$-\eta$
X1	$+\eta$	$-\eta$			$+\eta$	$-\eta$		
X2	$+\eta$		$+\eta$		$+\eta$		$+\eta$	
X3	$+\eta$			$+\eta$	$+\eta$			$+\eta$
X4		$+\eta$	$+\eta$			$+\eta$	$+\eta$	
X5		$+\eta$		$+\eta$		$+\eta$		$+\eta$
X6			$+\eta$	$-\eta$			$+\eta$	$-\eta$
U1					$+\eta$	$-\eta$		
U2					$+\eta$		$+\eta$	
U3					$+\eta$			$+\eta$
U4						$+\eta$	$+\eta$	
U5						$+\eta$		$+\eta$
U6							$+\eta$	$-\eta$
LL	$+\eta$				$+\eta$			
LR		$+\eta$				$+\eta$		
RL			$+\eta$				$+\eta$	
RR				$+\eta$				$+\eta$

- Calculate LQ models

Model	$a_{LL}^{ed}$	$a_{LR}^{ed}$	$a_{RL}^{ed}$	$a_{RR}^{ed}$	$a_{LL}^{eu}$	$a_{LR}^{eu}$	$a_{RL}^{eu}$	$a_{RR}^{eu}$
$S_{\circ}^L$					$+\frac{1}{2}$			
$S_{\circ}^R$								$+\frac{1}{2}$
$\tilde{S}_{\circ}$				$+\frac{1}{2}$				
$S_{1/2}^L$						$-\frac{1}{2}$		
$S_{1/2}^R$			$-\frac{1}{2}$				$-\frac{1}{2}$	
$\tilde{S}_{1/2}$		$-\frac{1}{2}$						
$S_1$	$+1$				$+\frac{1}{2}$			
$V_{\circ}^L$	$-1$							
$V_{\circ}^R$				$-1$				
$\tilde{V}_{\circ}$								$-1$
$V_{1/2}^L$		$+1$						
$V_{1/2}^R$			$+1$				$+1$	
$\tilde{V}_{1/2}$						$+1$		
$V_1$	$-1$				$-2$			

 - limits already evaluated

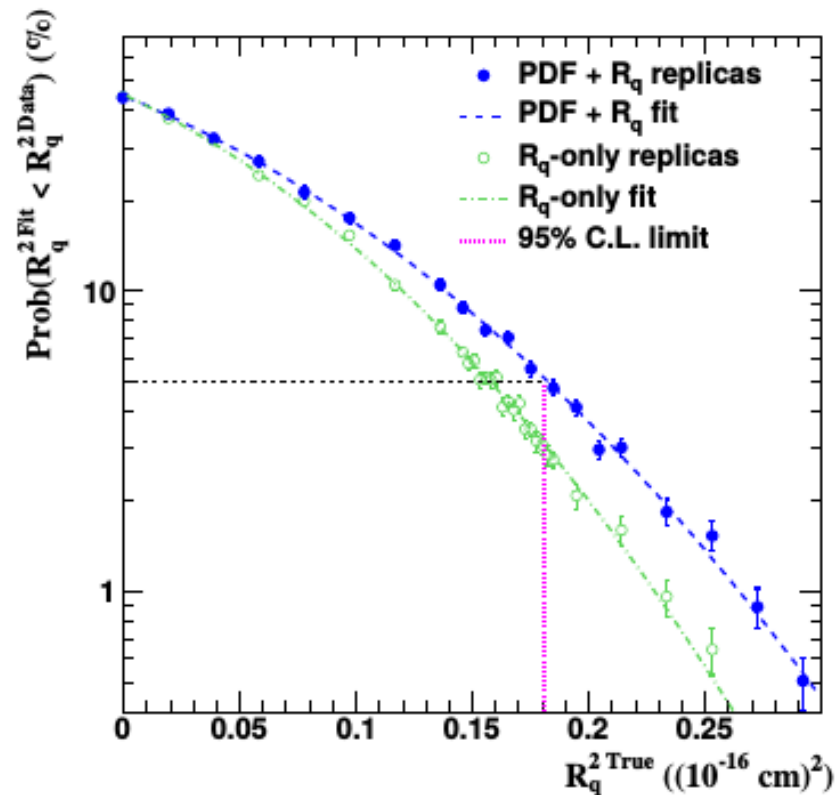
 - work in progress

Time constraints ~ 4 weeks

# Possible set of preliminary plots

(Plots from ICHEP 2016)

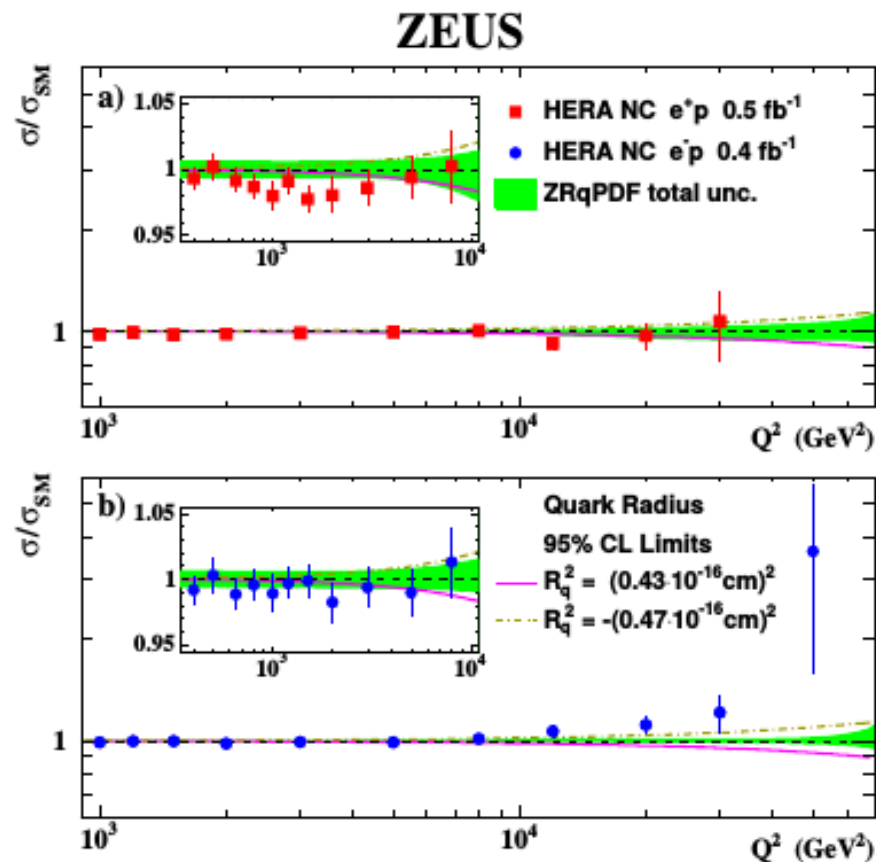
ZEUS



The probability of obtaining  $\eta^{\text{Fit}}$  values smaller than that obtained for the actual data,  $\eta^{\text{DATA}}$  calculated from Monte Carlo replicas, as a function of the assumed value for the eta parameter  $\eta^{\text{True}}$ .

# Possible set of preliminary plots

(Plots from ICHEP 2016)



Cross section deviations from the SM predictions allowed at 95% C.L. for electron-proton and positron NC DIS, as resulting from the analysis of HERA combined data in the Quark Radius Formfactor scenario

## **Already done:**

- Comparison with old results (presented at ICHEP 2016) is completed
- Implemented all modifications to xFitter framework
  - 1) Simplified fit algorithm was implemented
  - 2) C.I. models was implemented
  - 3) CLs approach modifications
- Tested CLs approach (through the calculation of likelihood)

## **Futher steps:**

- Switch calculations to the HTCondor
- Find 95% C.L. for 6 U-models
- Find 95% C.L. for 14 Leptoquarks models