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Probing beyond the Standard Model with Flavor Physics

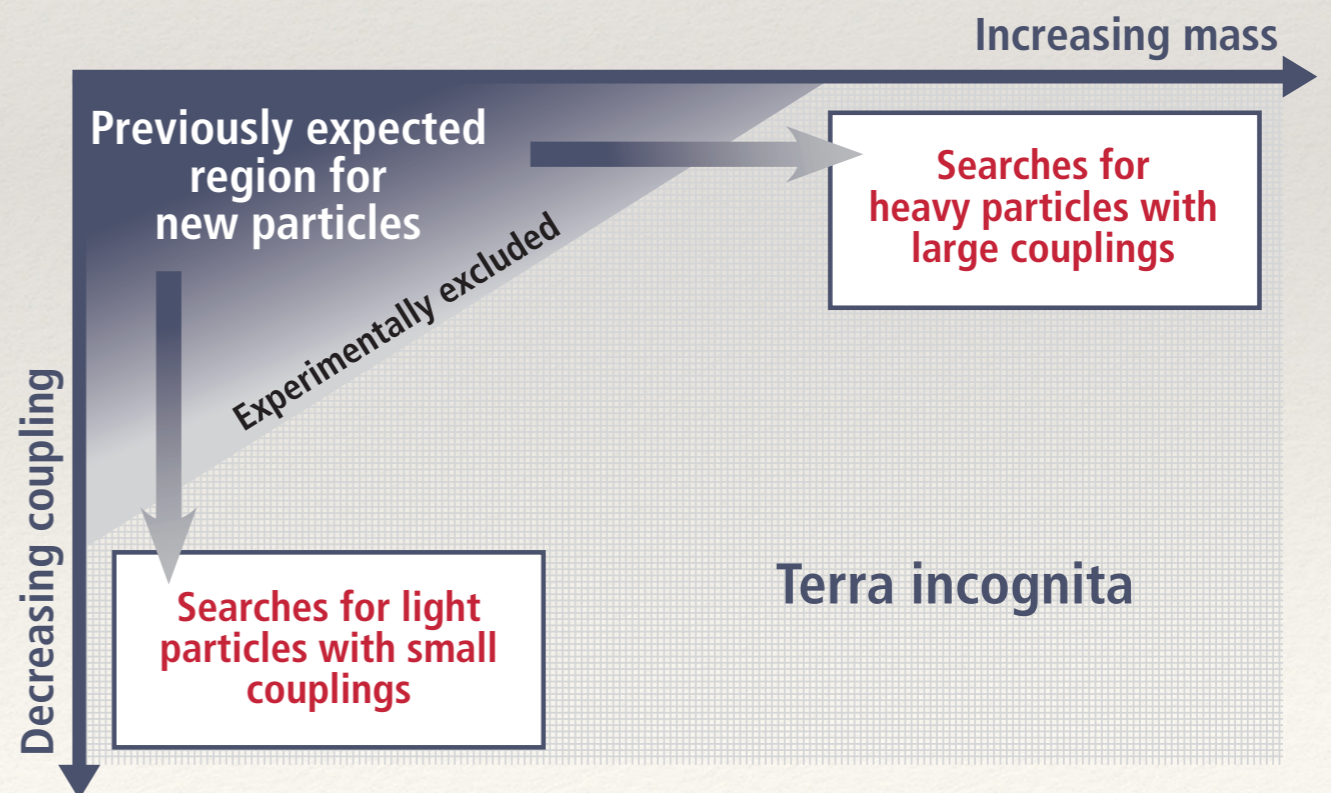
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Beyond the SM

- ❖ Direct searches for new heavy particles at LHC have so far not led to a discovery
- ❖ While naturalness remains main motivation for thinking about future energy-frontier machines, one observes a shift of focus on indirect NP searches and searches for light, exotic particles (dark photons, axions, ALPs, ...)



Beyond the SM

- ❖ No solution yet to hierarchy problem (SUSY ???)
- ❖ No answers yet to other big questions:
 - ▶ Nature of Dark Matter?
 - ▶ Origin of matter-antimatter asymmetry?
 - ▶ Explanation of flavor puzzle?
 - ▶ Dark energy / cosmological constant and strong CP problems
- ❖ While the field waits for clues, remarkable things are happening in the flavor sector!

B-meson flavor anomalies: Violations of lepton universality ?

	Leptons		
mass →	$<2.2 \text{ eV}/c^2$	$<0.17 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$<15.5 \text{ MeV}/c^2$
charge →	0	0	0
spin →	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
name →	ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino
	$0.511 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$105.7 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$1.777 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
	-1	-1	-1
	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
	e electron	μ muon	τ tau
	I	II	III

B-meson flavor anomalies

- ❖ Intriguing hints of anomalies in B decays entered stage starting in 2012 ($R_D, R_{D^*}; R_K, R_{K^*}; P_5', \dots$)

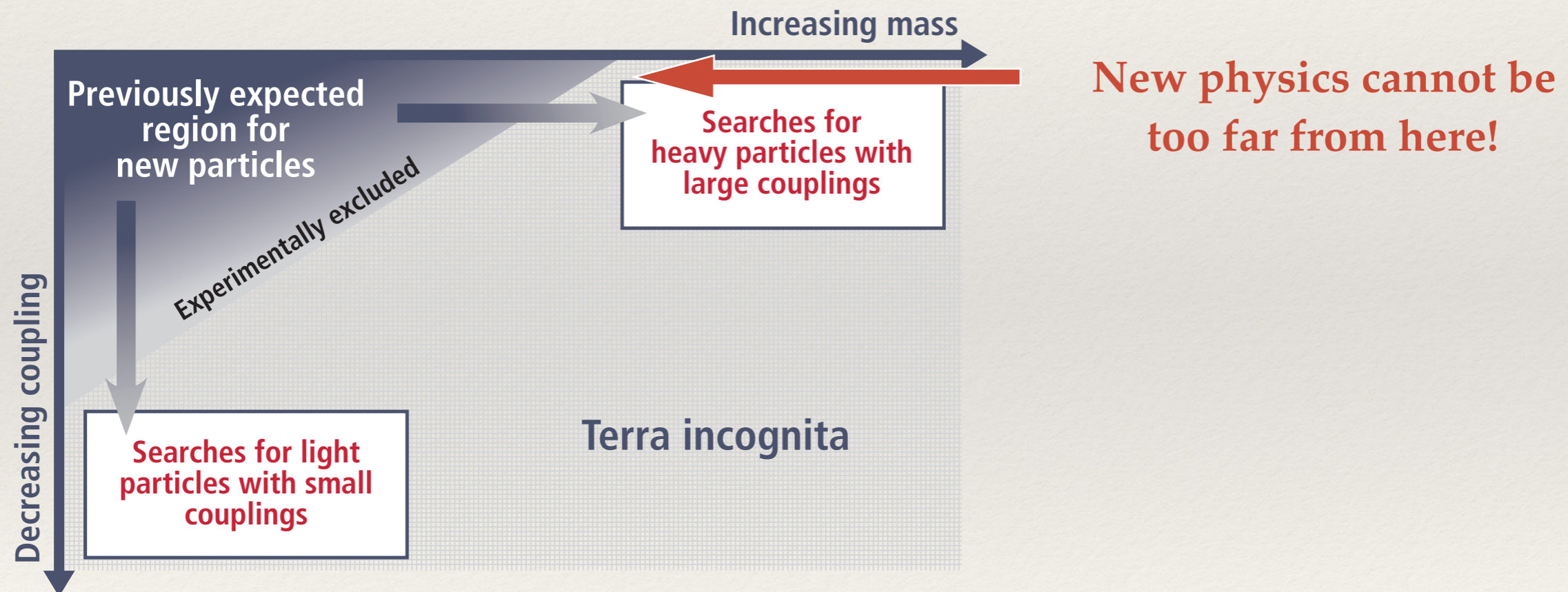
$$R_{D^{(*)}} = \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \bar{\nu})}{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \ell \bar{\nu})}; \quad \ell = e, \mu$$

$$R_{K^{(*)}} = \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{K}^{(*)} \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{K}^{(*)} e^+ e^-)}$$

- ❖ If true, they would be hugely important for the future development of high-energy particle physics at large!
- ❖ In fact, their importance cannot be overstated ...

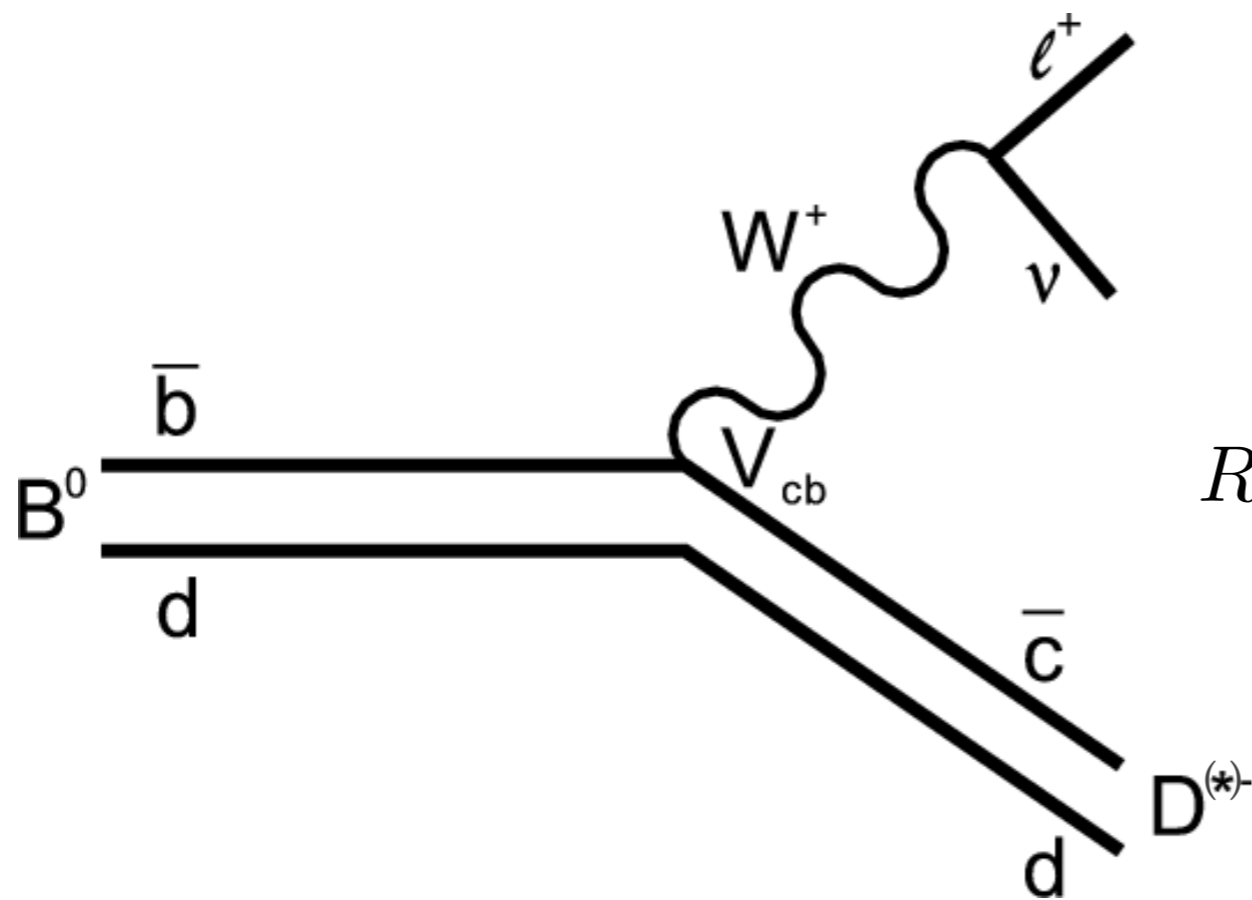
B-meson flavor anomalies

- ❖ ... as they would give a clear target for future searches at energy frontier!



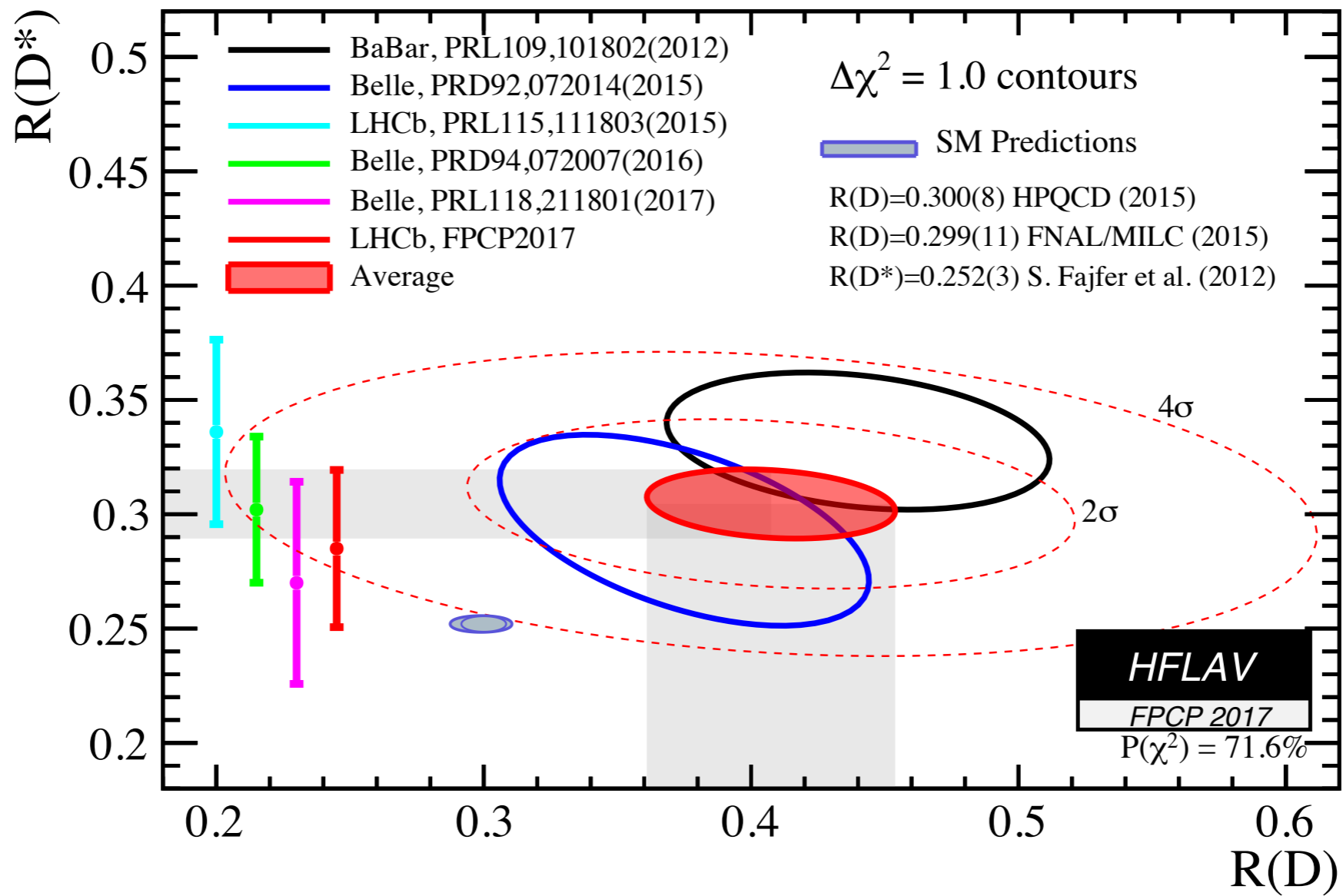
Flavor anomalies: R_D & R_{D^*}

- ❖ A totally unexpected signal of new physics in tree-level, CKM-favored, semileptonic decays of B mesons:



$$R_{D^{(*)}} = \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \tau \bar{\nu})}{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow D^{(*)} \ell \bar{\nu})}; \quad \ell = e, \mu$$

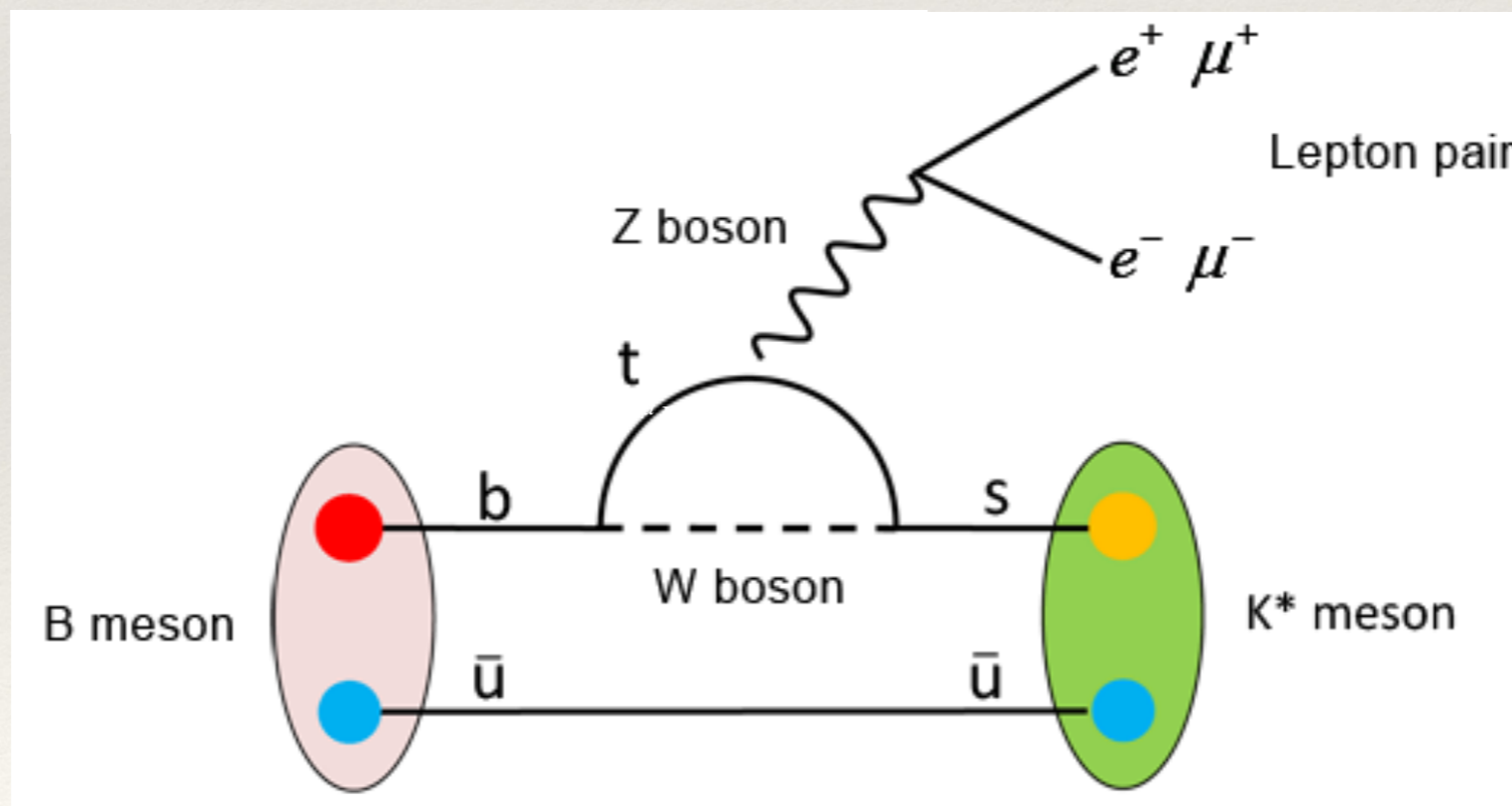
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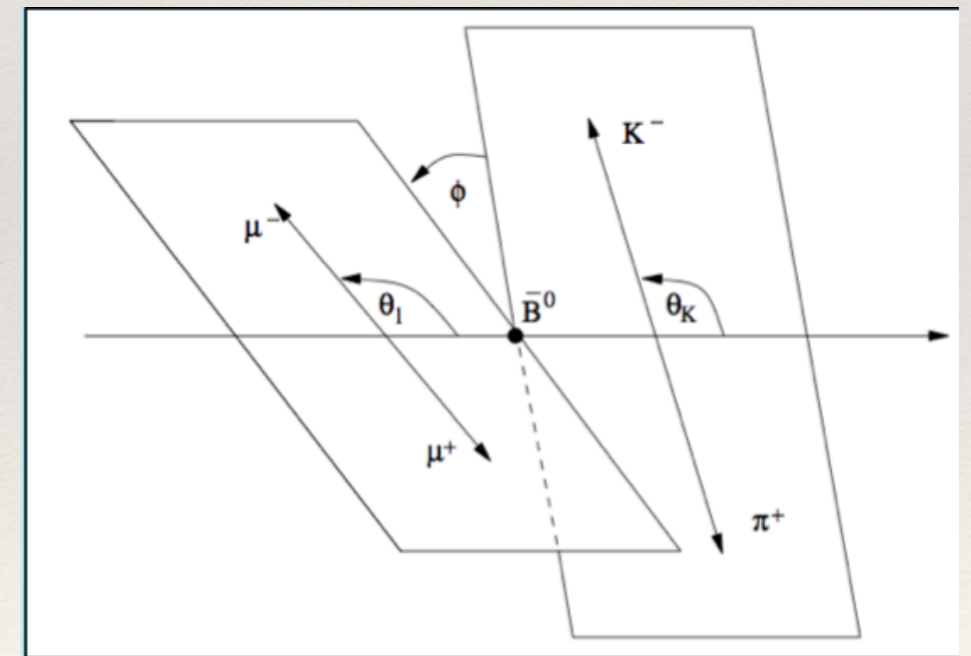
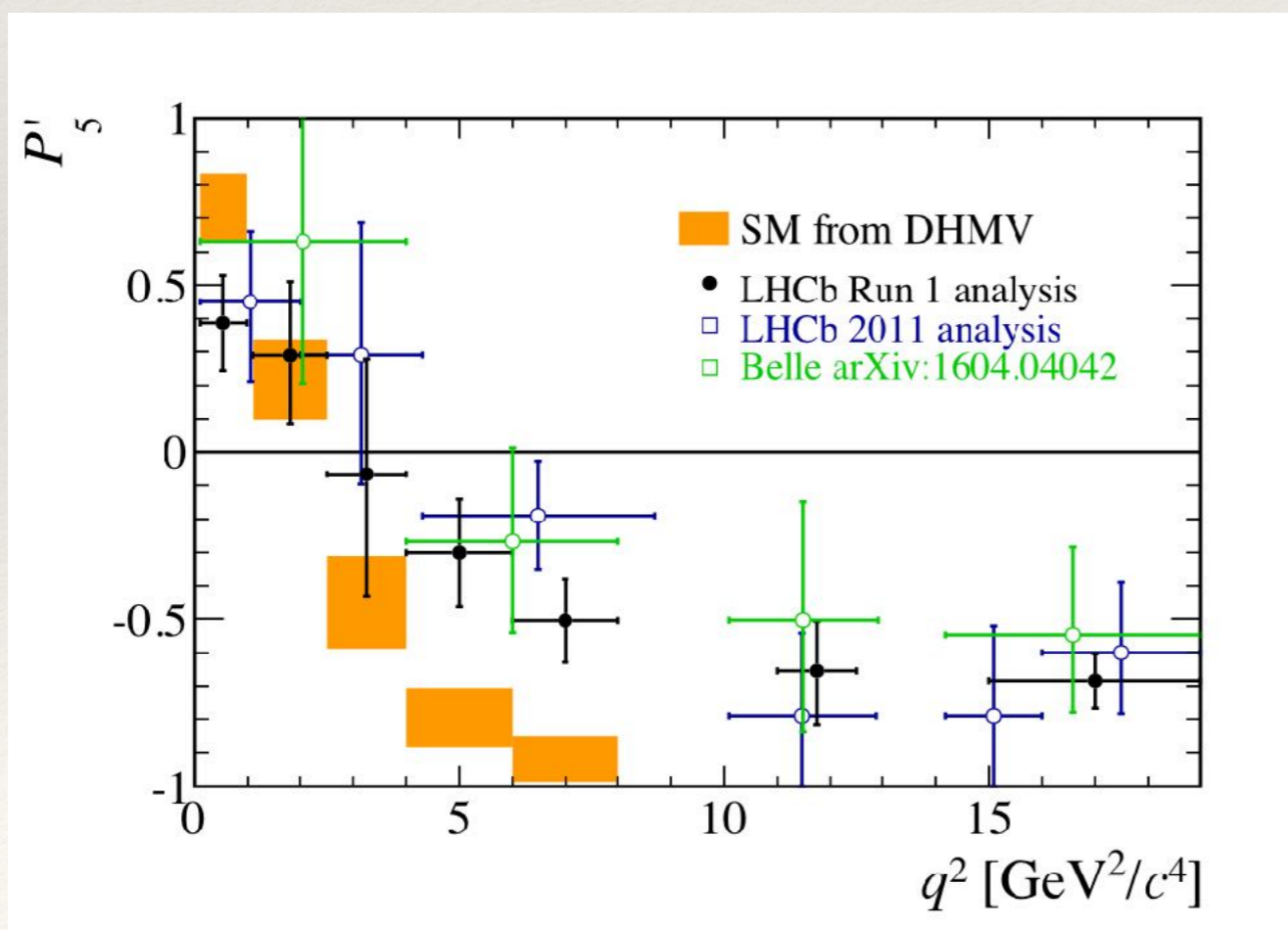
Flavor anomalies: P_5' etc.

- ❖ Various hints of new physics in decays $\bar{B} \rightarrow K^* \ell^+ \ell^-$
- ❖ Being rare, loop-mediated FCNC processes, these are prime observables to probe BSM effects



Flavor anomalies: P_5' etc.

- ❖ Several angular observables measured as functions of q^2
- ❖ Some, like P_5' , are optimized to be insensitive to hadronic uncertainties: [\[Descotes-Genon, Matias, Ramon, Virto 2012\]](#)



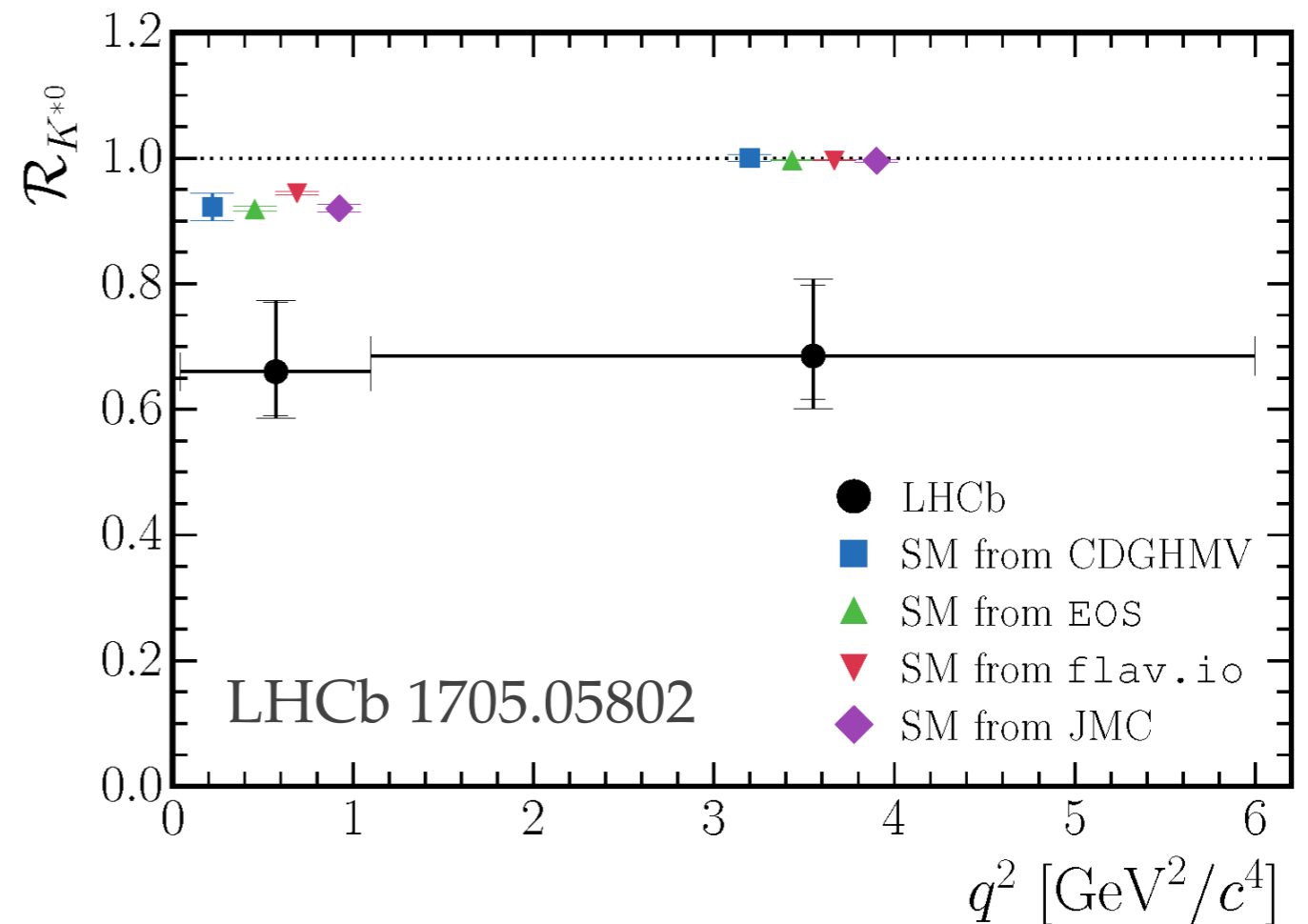
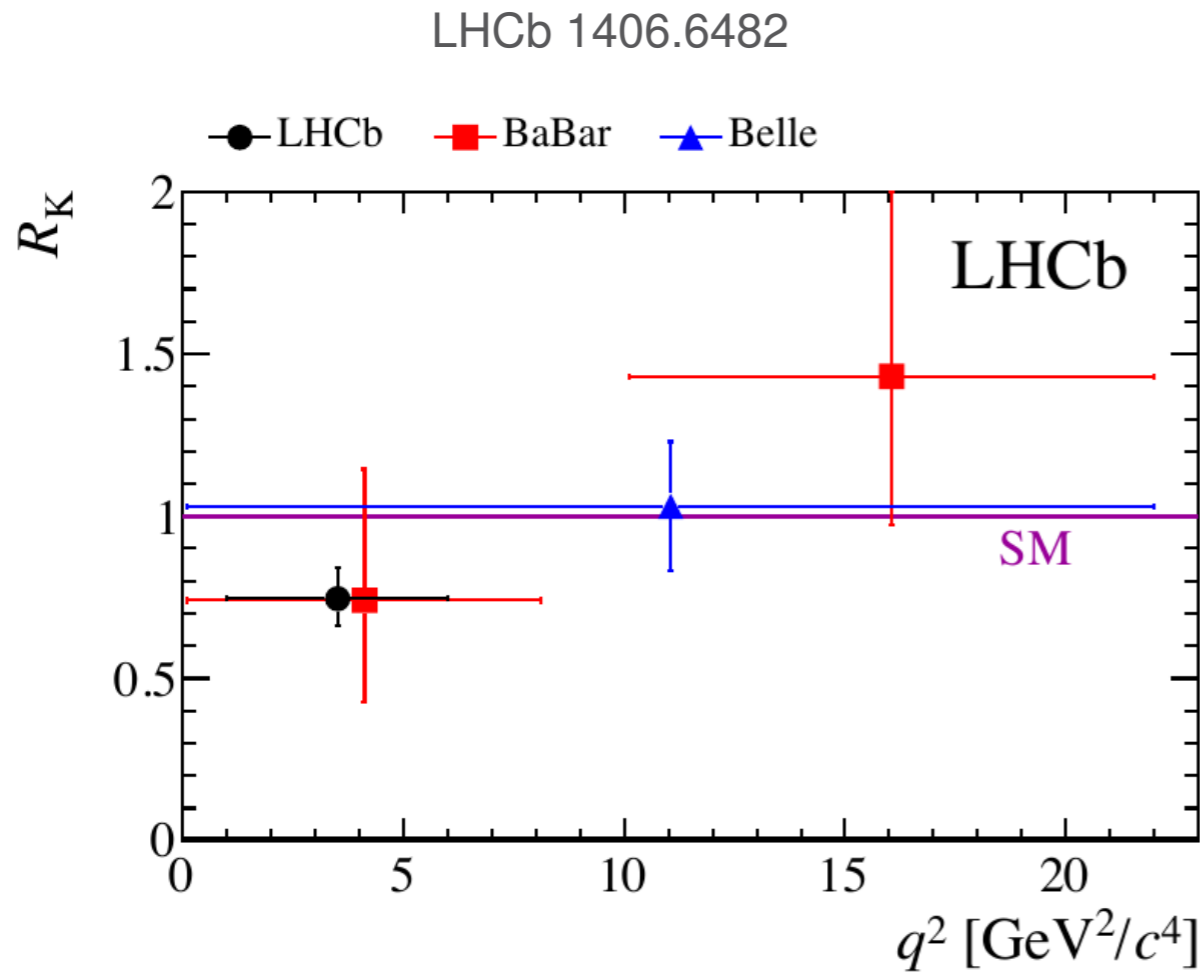
Flavor anomalies: R_K & R_{K^*}

- ❖ Some scenarios explaining the anomalies in angular observables predicted a departure from unity in the ratios:
[Altmannshofer, Gori, Pospelov, Yavin 2014]

$$R_{K^{(*)}} = \frac{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{K}^{(*)} \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\Gamma(\bar{B} \rightarrow \bar{K}^{(*)} e^+ e^-)}$$

- ❖ Quite spectacularly, such deviations were later observed at LHCb!

Flavor anomalies: R_K & R_{K^*}



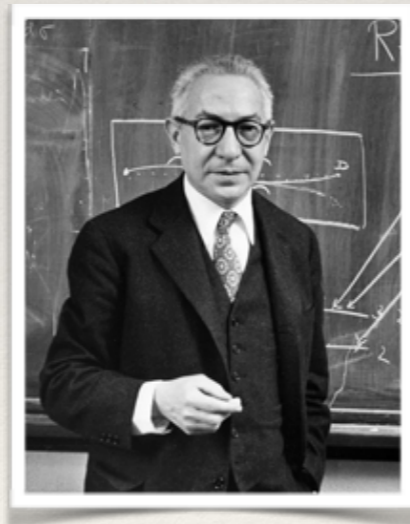
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B-flavor anomalies: Analysis

- ❖ Lots of reasons to be excited!
 - ▶ Two different sets of anomalies of very different taste
 - ▶ Several seen by more than one experiment
 - ▶ In case of $b \rightarrow s\ell^+\ell^-$ several observables deviate from SM predictions, and deviations appear to fit a simple pattern
- ❖ All combined, the most compelling hints for physics beyond the SM we have seen so far

Who ordered that?

- ❖ Unexpectedly large new-physics effect!
- ❖ No apparent connection to big questions of our field!
- ❖ Is it good for something else?



(I.I. Rabi)



Model-independent analyses

- ❖ Effective weak Hamiltonian for $b \rightarrow s\ell^+\ell^-$ transitions, including both SM and NP effects:

$$\mathcal{H}_{\text{eff}}^{\text{NP}} = -\frac{4G_F}{\sqrt{2}}V_{tb}V_{ts}^*\frac{e^2}{16\pi^2}\sum_{i,\ell}(C_i^\ell O_i^\ell + C_i^{\prime\ell} O_i^{\prime\ell}) + \text{h.c.}$$

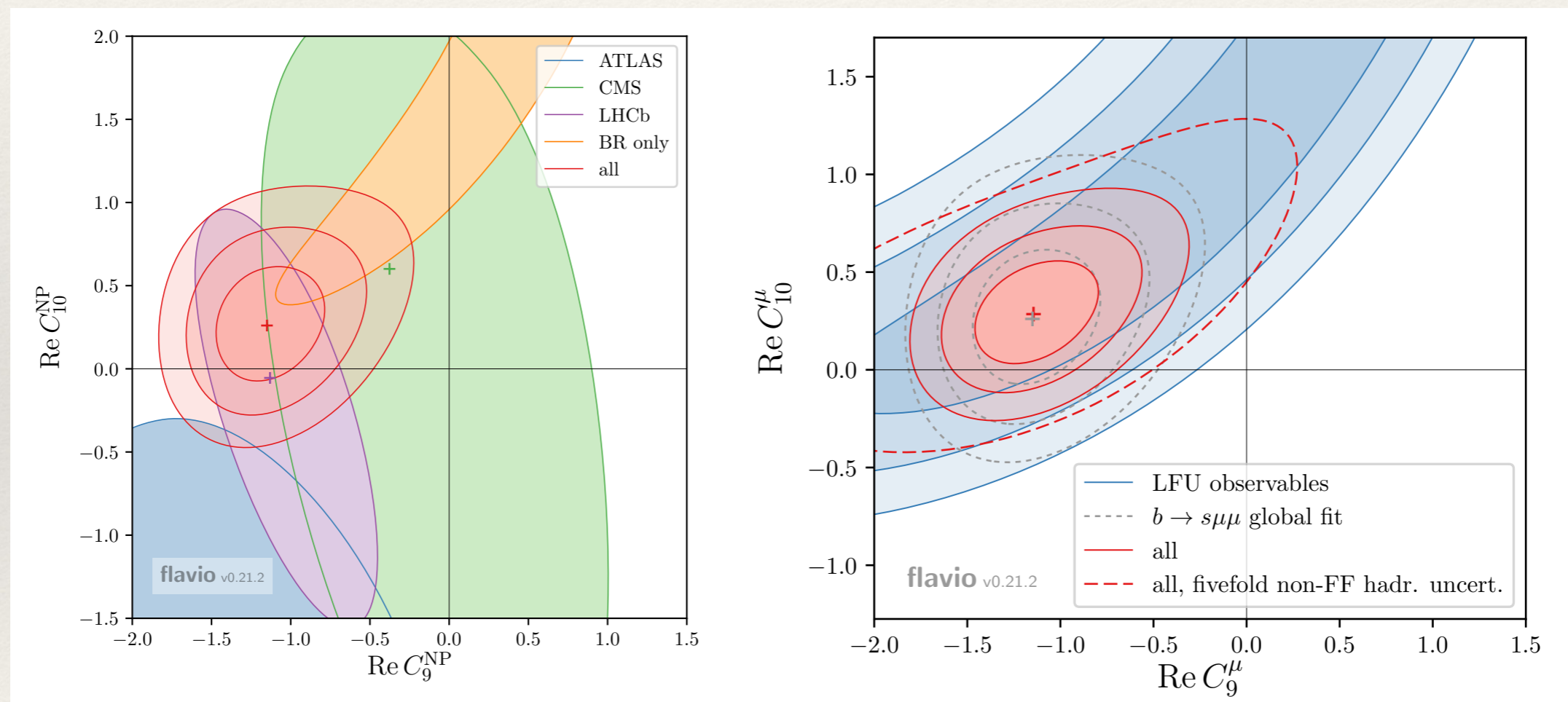
with:

$$\begin{aligned} O_9^\ell &= (\bar{s}\gamma_\mu P_L b)(\bar{\ell}\gamma^\mu \ell), & O_9^{\prime\ell} &= (\bar{s}\gamma_\mu P_R b)(\bar{\ell}\gamma^\mu \ell) \\ O_{10}^\ell &= (\bar{s}\gamma_\mu P_L b)(\bar{\ell}\gamma^\mu \gamma_5 \ell), & O_{10}^{\prime\ell} &= (\bar{s}\gamma_\mu P_R b)(\bar{\ell}\gamma^\mu \gamma_5 \ell) \end{aligned}$$

- ❖ Excellent fits obtained with only two NP contributions!
- ❖ Analogous Hamiltonian can be written for $b \rightarrow c\ell^-\bar{\nu}$

Model-independent analyses

- ❖ Global fits to data assuming NP for muons only, e.g.:

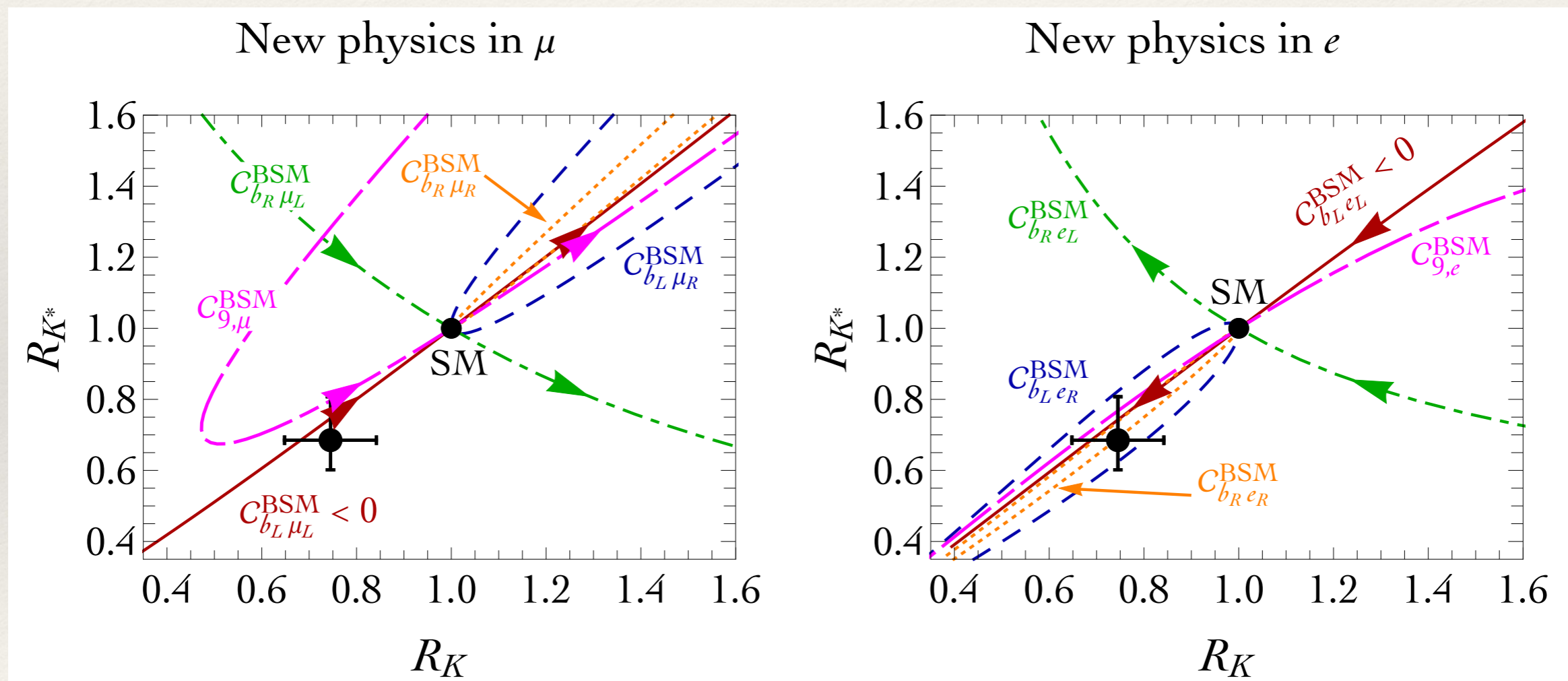


[Altmannshofer, Nies, Stangl, Straub 2017]

[see also: Capdevila, Crivelin, Descotes-Genon, Matias, Virto 2017; Hurth, Mahmoudi, Neshatpour 2016; Ciuchini, Coutinho, Fedele, Franco, Paul, Silvestrini, Valli 2017; ...]

Model-independent analyses

- ❖ Discriminating power of R_K and R_{K^*} :



[D'Amico, Nardecchia, Panci, Sannino, Strumia, Torre, Urbano 2017;
Geng, Grinstein, Jäger, Martin Camalich, Ren, Shi 2017]

Model building

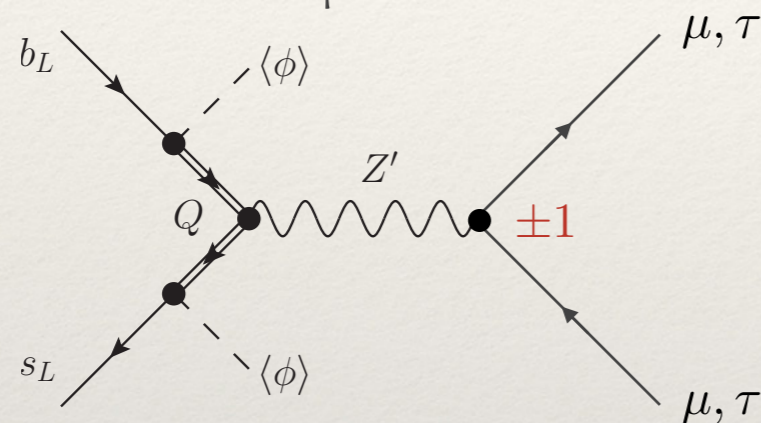
- ❖ Several (but not all) models aim at explaining all anomalies, sometimes along with $(g-2)_\mu$ (optimistic 😊)

[Bhattacharya, Datta, London, Shivashankara 2014; Alonso, Grinstein, Martin Camalich 2015; Greljo, Isidori, Marzocca 2015; Calibbi, Crivellin, Ota 2015; Bauer, MN 2015; Fajfer, Kosnik 2015; Barbieri, Isidori 2015; Das, Hati, Kumar, Mahajan 2016; Boucenna, Celis, Fuentes-Martin, Vicente, Virto 2016; Becirevic, Kosnik, Sumensari, Zukanovich Funchal 2016; Becirevic, Fajfer, Kosnic, Sumensari 2016; Hiller, Loose, Schoenwald 2016; Bhattacharya, Datta, Guevin, London, Watanabe 2016; Buttazzo, Greljo, Isidori, Marzocca 2016; Barbieri, Murphy, Senia 2016; Bordone, Isidori, Trifinopoulos 2017; Crivellin, Müller, Ota 2017; Megias, Quiros, Salas 2017; Cai, Gargalionis, Schmidt, Volkas 2017; ...]

- ❖ R_D and R_{D^*} require tree-level NP near TeV scale
- ❖ Rare decays $b \rightarrow s\ell^+\ell^-$ ($R_K, R_{K^*}, P_5', \dots$) require suppressed NP contributions
- ❖ If common origin: suppression either dynamically or by means of a symmetry

Model building

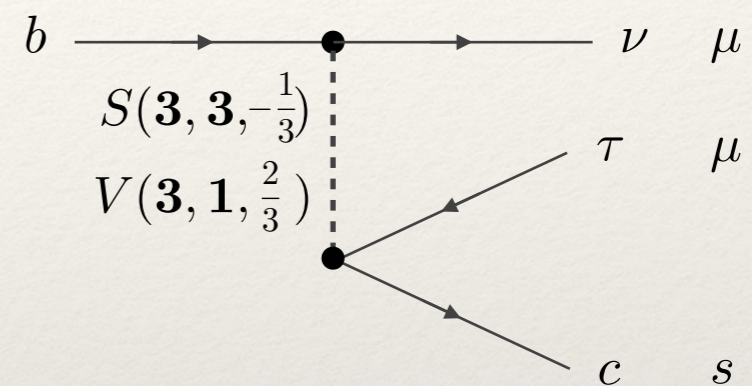
- ❖ New colorless bosons, e.g. Z' coupled to $(L_\mu - L_\tau)$:



[Altmannshofer, Gori, Pospelov, Yavin 2014]

- ▶ Z' mass in low TeV range, heavy vector-like quarks \sim tens of TeV
- ▶ Can explain P_5' and predicted LFU violation in R_K and R_{K^*}
- ▶ Tree-level contribution to B-meson mixing is problematic

- ❖ Scalar/vector leptoquarks, e.g.:

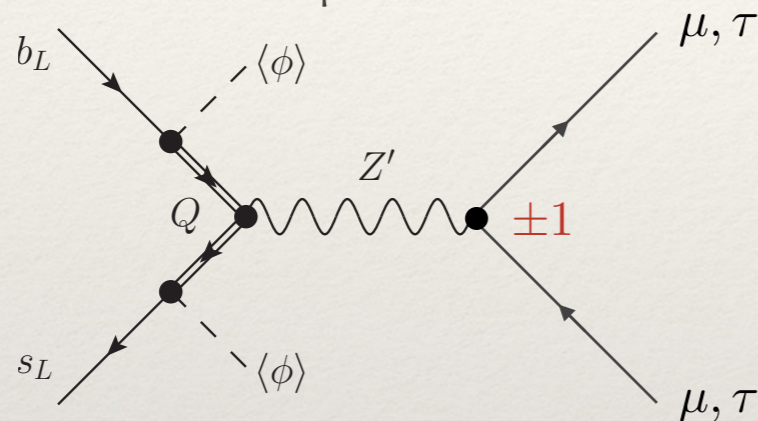


[Hiller, Schmaltz 2014; Alonso, Grinstein, Martin Camalich 2015; Freytsis, Ligeti, Ruderman 2015]

- ▶ Can explain both $R_{D^{(*)}}$ and $R_{K^{(*)}}$ at tree-level
- ▶ Very large hierarchy in coupling parameters (flavor symmetry?)
- ▶ Constraints from B mixing and $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \nu \nu$, $B \rightarrow K^{(*)} \tau^+ \tau^-$

Model building

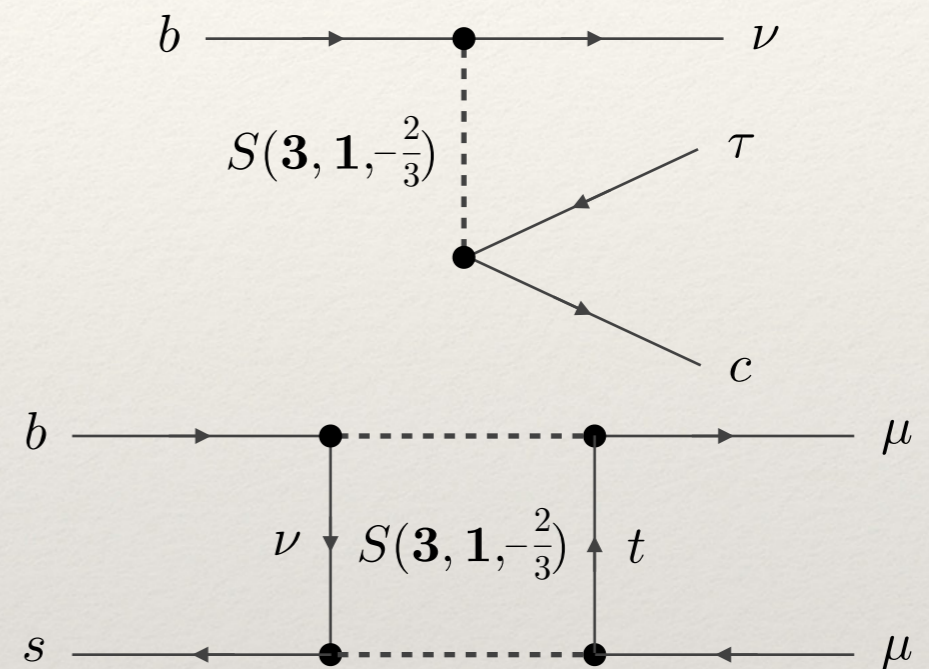
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- ❖ Scalar $SU(2)_L$ singlet LQ ($\hat{=} \tilde{b}_R$):



[Bauer, MN 2015; Cai, Gargalionis, Schmidt, Volkas 2017]

- ▶ Explains $R_{D^{(*)}}$ at tree-level but $R_{K^{(*)}}$ at one-loop level, like SM
- ▶ CKM-like hierarchy in coupling parameters

Emergence of a bigger picture?

- ❖ Required new particles in low TeV range, precisely where we (now) expect a solution to the hierarchy problem!
- ❖ Leptoquarks can arise from GUTs, neutrino mass models, SUSY models, or as pNGBs [Popov, White 2016]
- ❖ E.g.: Composite Higgs models with partial fermion compositeness: [Buttazzo, Greljo, Isidori, Marzocca 2016; Barbieri, Murphy, Senia 2016; ...]
 - ▶ Address hierarchy and flavor problems at ~ 10 TeV, light scalar leptoquarks (\sim TeV) as pNGBs
 - ▶ Interesting challenges for model building!

Emergence of a bigger picture?

- ❖ Data may teach us an important lesson:
 - ▶ Complementarity of different fields (flavor was sometimes considered irrelevant in the LHC era ...)!
 - ▶ Intimate connection between flavor and high- p_T physics!
- ❖ Imagine the LHC legacy:
 - ▶ Discovery of the Higgs boson (2012)
 - ▶ Discovery of lepton-flavor non-universality (2019)
 - ▶ Discovery of predicted leptoquarks / colorless bosons (202?)
 - ▶ Embedding in a consistent theory of flavor and EWSB (20??)

Conclusions

- ❖ If confirmed, the B-meson flavor anomalies are perhaps the most important discovery in particle physics since the discovery of the weak gauge bosons and the Higgs
 - ▶ Point to existence of new heavy particles in few-TeV range
 - ▶ Possibly, these might be connected to a fundamental theory of electroweak symmetry breaking and flavor
 - ▶ Strong physics case for future high-energy colliders
- ❖ Independent confirmation of the flavor anomalies by Belle II is as crucial as refining current LHCb analyses