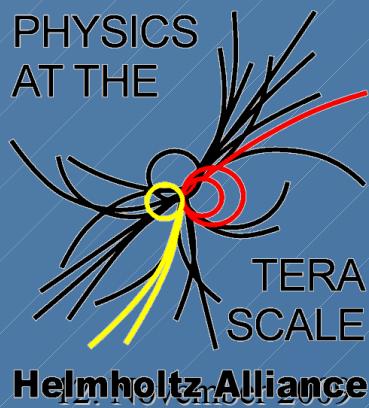




A single bunch injector for ELSA

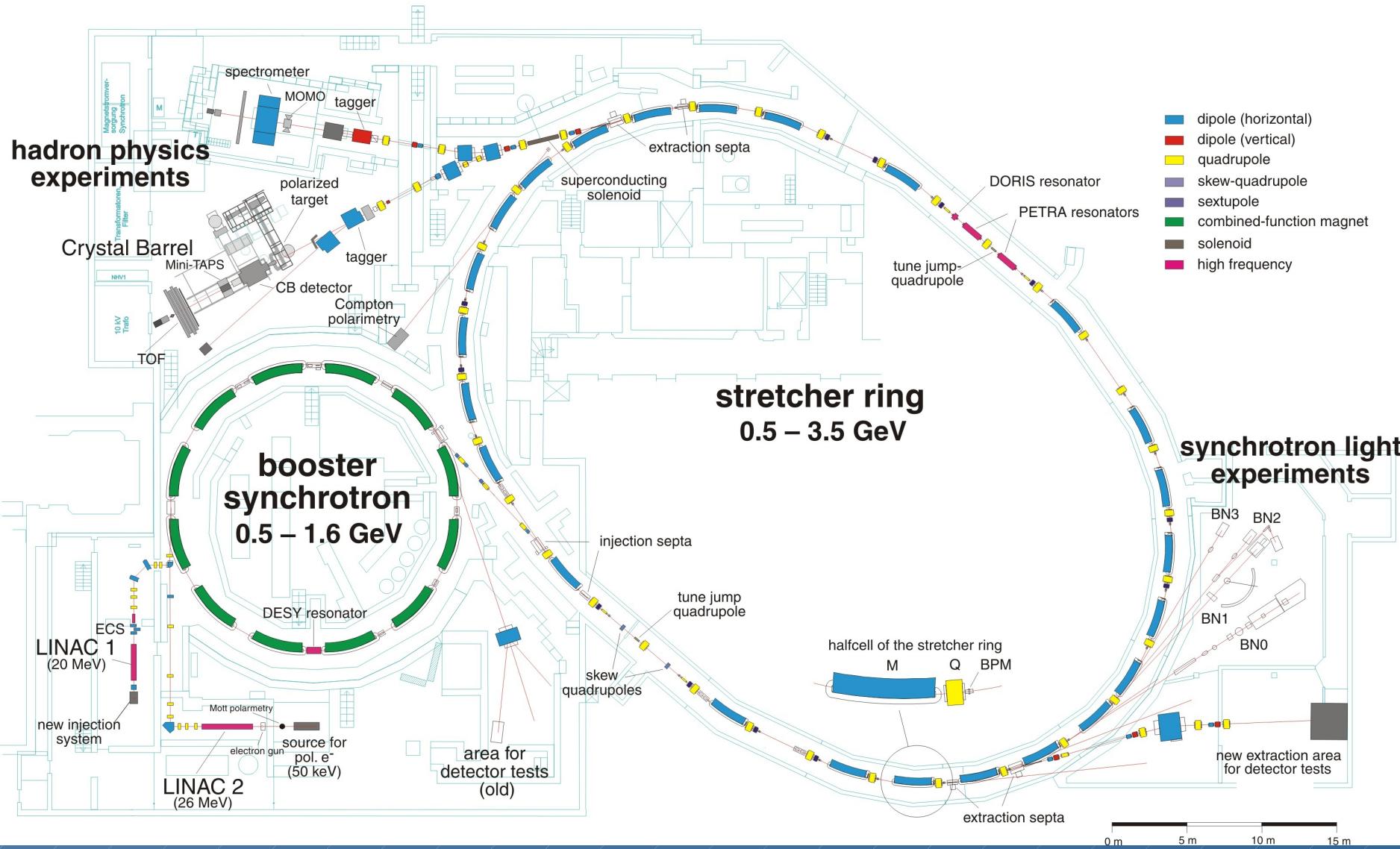
Fabian Klärner



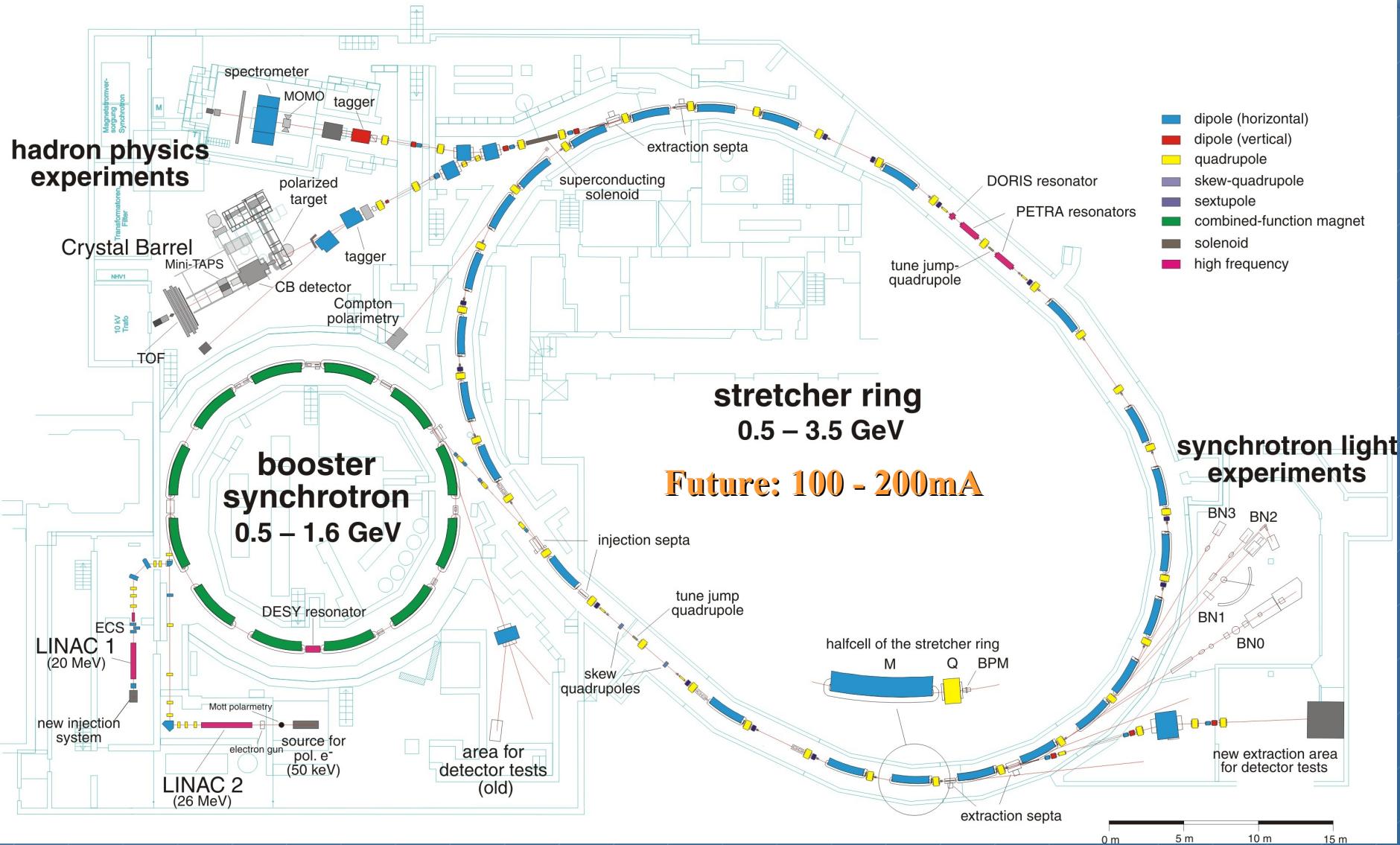
The Helmholtz Alliance
'Physics at the Terascale'
3rd Annual Workshop



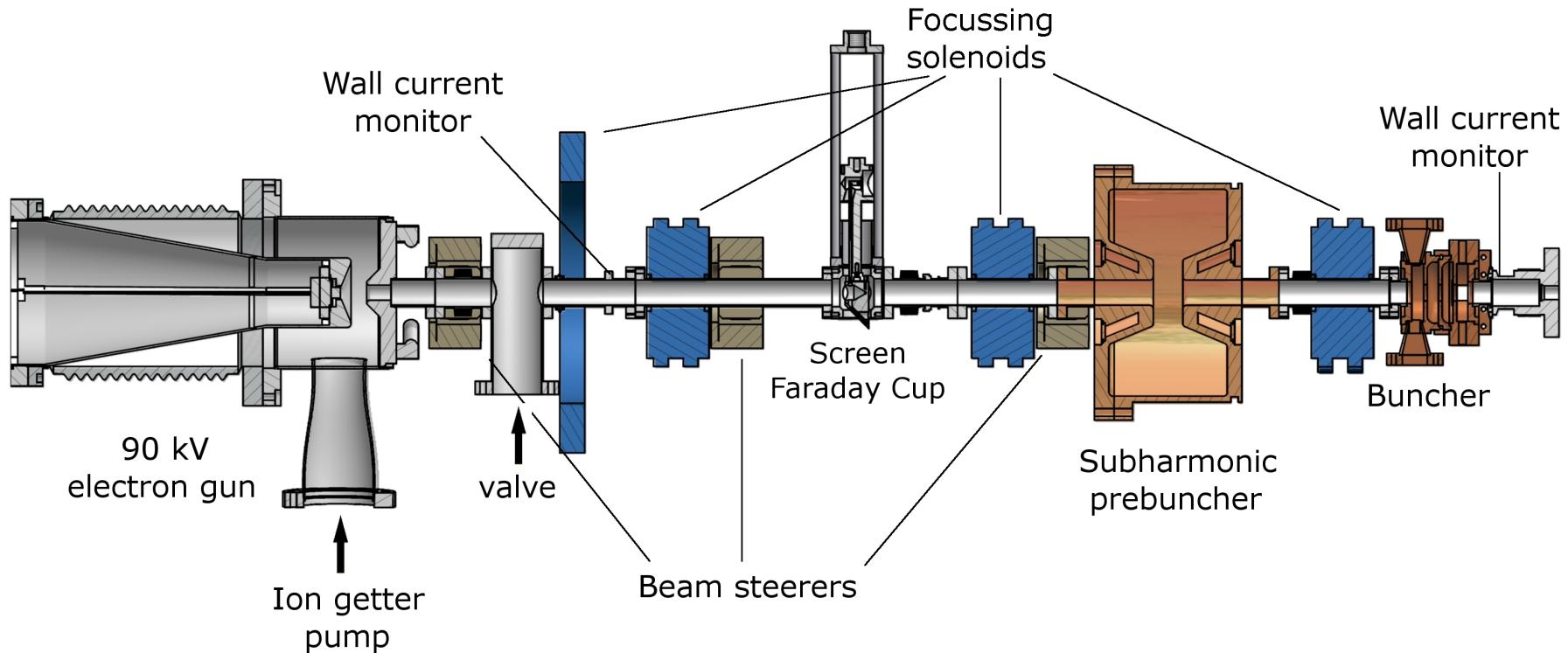
Elektronen-Stretcher-Anlage (ELSA)



Elektronen-Stretcher-Anlage (ELSA)



The new injector for Linac 1



electron source:

- short pulse: 2 A, 1 - 1,5 ns
- long pulse: 500 mA, 2 μ s

bunching:

- 500 MHz prebuncher
- 3 GHz 4-cell TWB:

focussing and steering:

- monitoring
- solenoids
- beam steerers



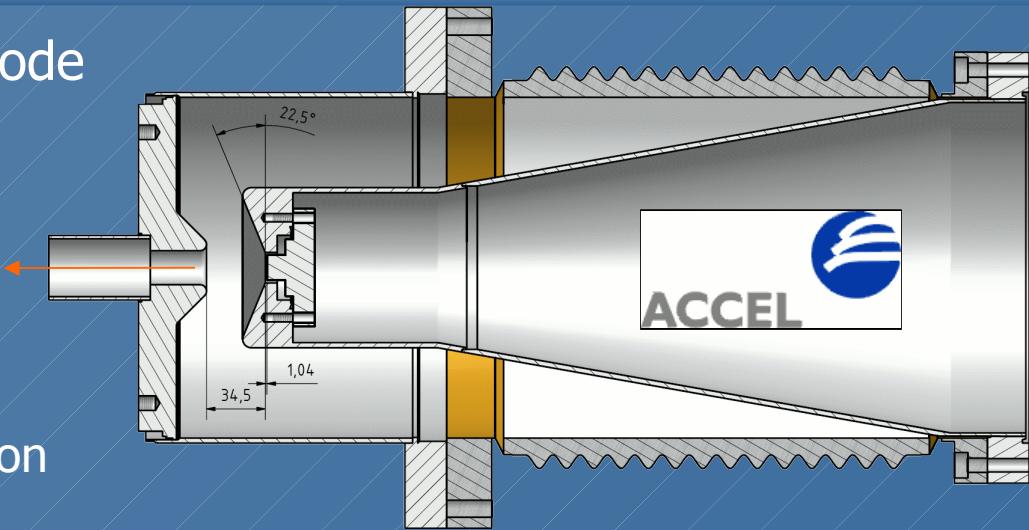
Electron source

SBTF : 6A SB and multi bunch mode

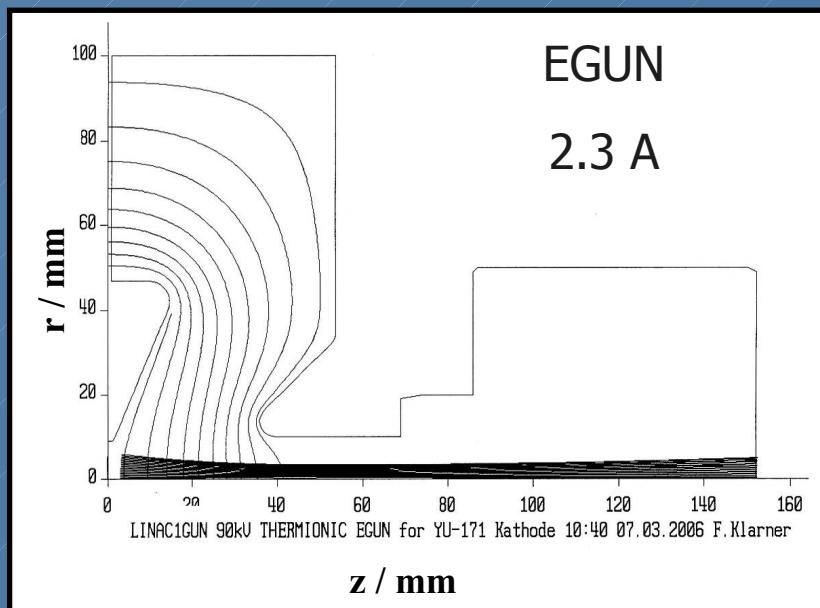
ELSA : 2A SB and long pulse



Adaption necessary



Startvalues required for beam simulation



Avoid space charge limited operation

$$\Rightarrow I_{\text{space charge}} = 4.3 \text{ A}$$
$$\& I_{\text{grid limited}} = 2.3 \text{ A}$$
$$\Rightarrow d_{\text{anode-cathode}} = 34.5 \text{ mm}$$

emittance: $\mathcal{E}_n = 19.8 \pi \text{ mm mrad}$



Prebuncher

- lowest prebunching frequency due to ELSA RF Frequency

$$\Rightarrow 499.67 \text{ Mhz}$$

Max. bunching length to reduce longitudinal effects : $\sim 30 \text{ cm}$

SBTF Prebuncher: Stainless Steel

$$\rightarrow Q_0 = 2616 \pm 71, R_s = (252 \pm 52) \text{ kW} \rightarrow$$

$$P_G = 5 \text{ kW}$$

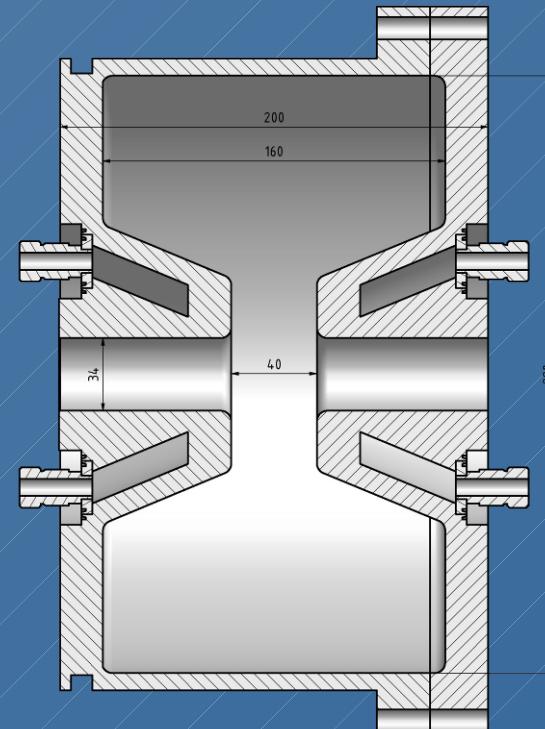
ELSA Prebuncher from Accel: Copper

$$Q_0 = 15220 \pm 196$$

$$R_s = (1.53 \pm 0.05) \text{ M}\Omega$$

$$\Rightarrow$$

$$P_G = 400 \text{ W}$$

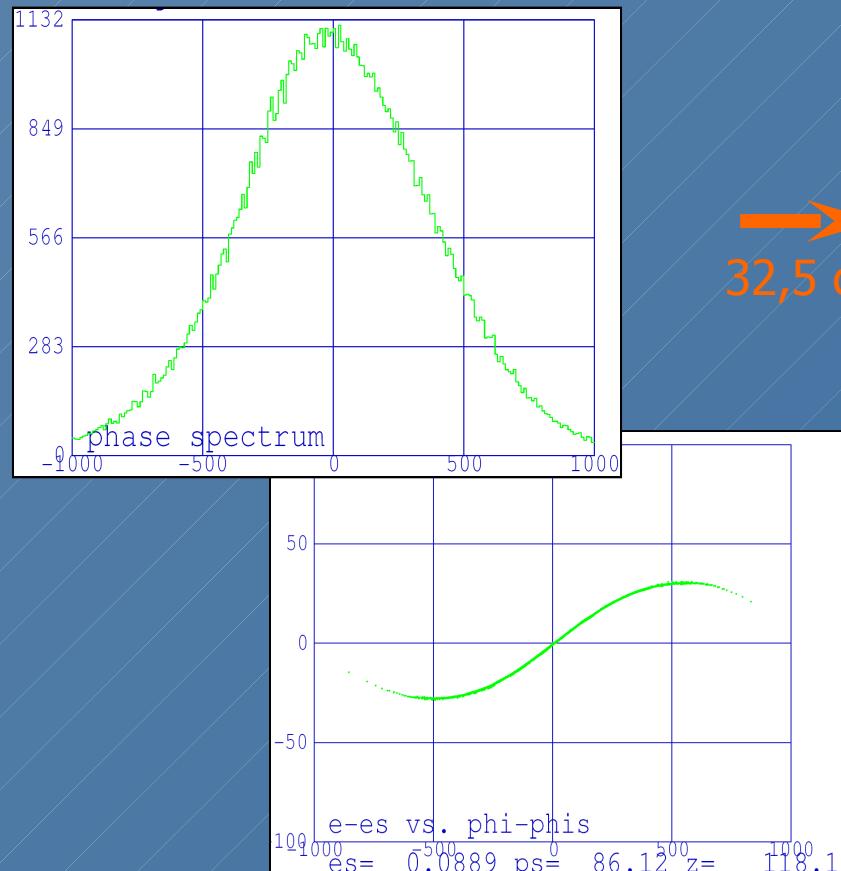




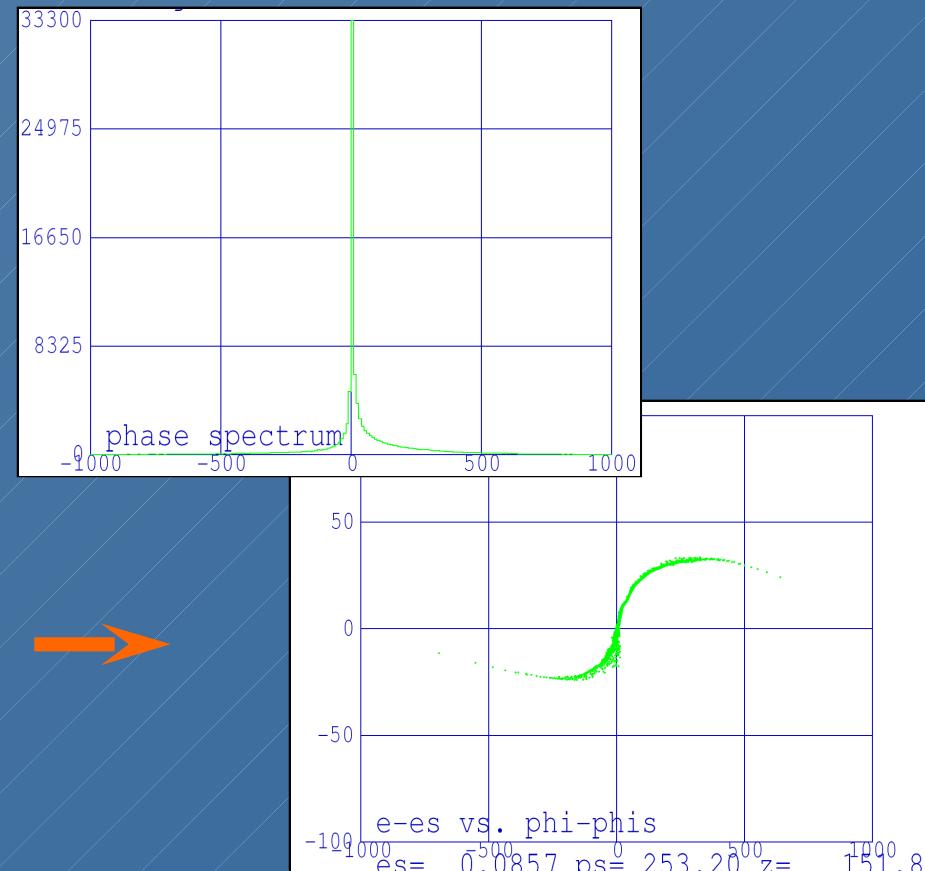
Prebuncher

PARMELA: „Phase and Radial Motion in Electron Linear Accelerators“

- Particle tracking code
- longitudinal and transversal 2-D/3-D Space Charge Calculations



32,5 cm



→

Four cell travelling wave buncher

- 90 kV $\Rightarrow \beta_e = 0,526$

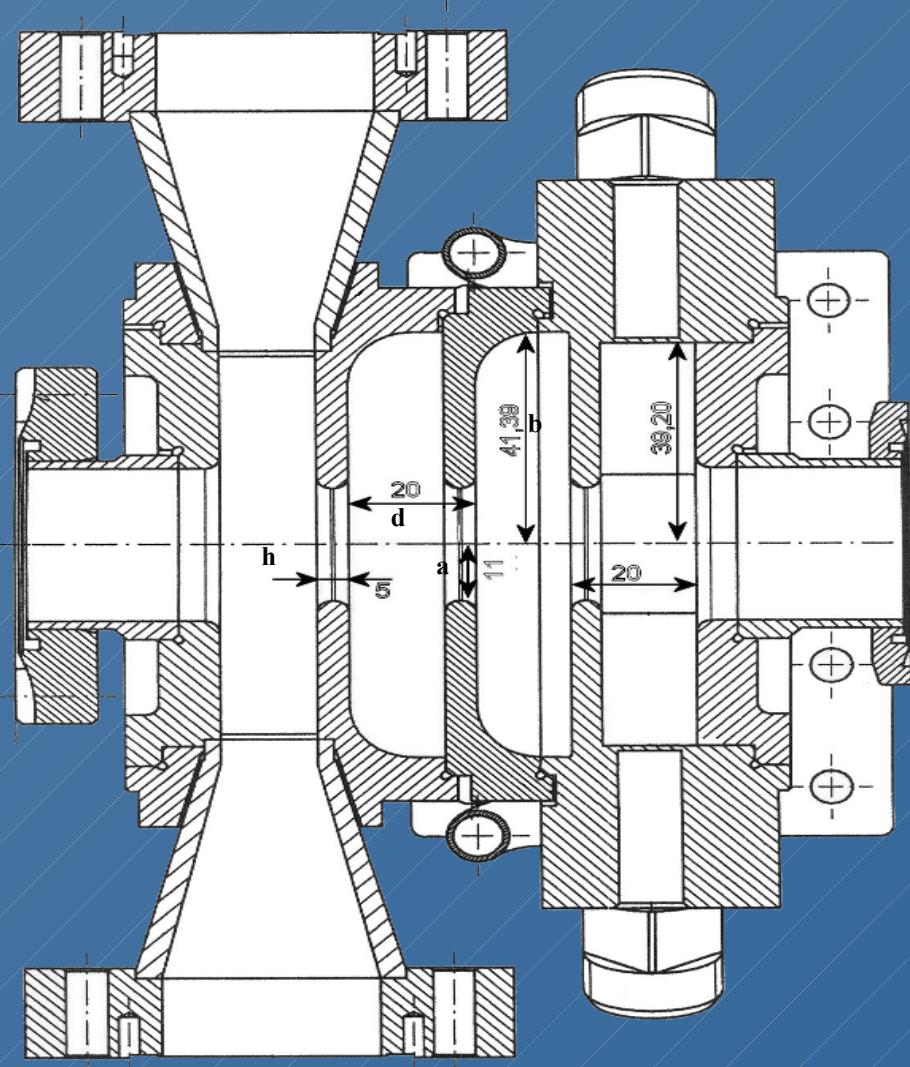
TWB:

$$\Psi = 2\pi/3, \quad U_0 = 7 \text{ MV/m}$$

Phase velocity:

$$v_{\varphi}^{\text{couple}} = 0,6091 c$$

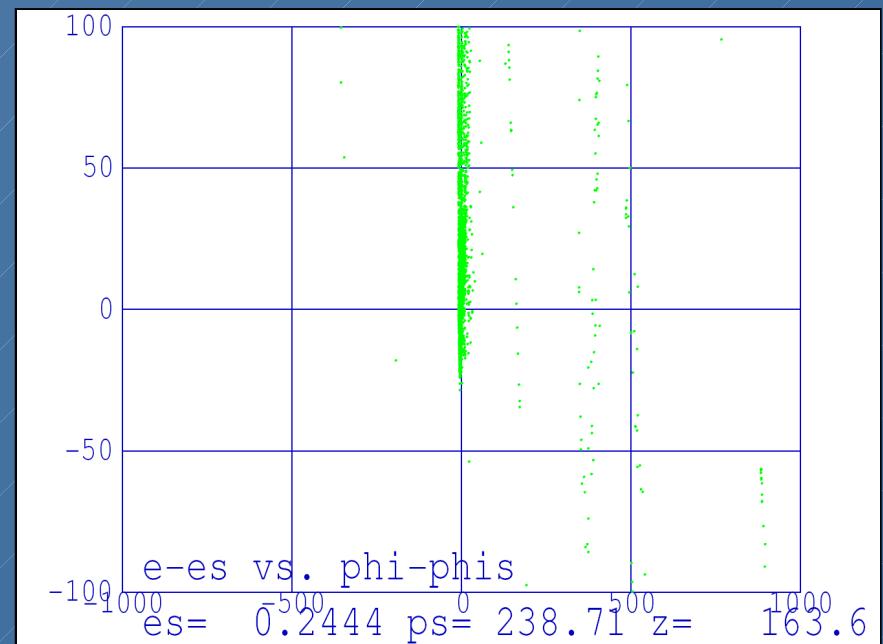
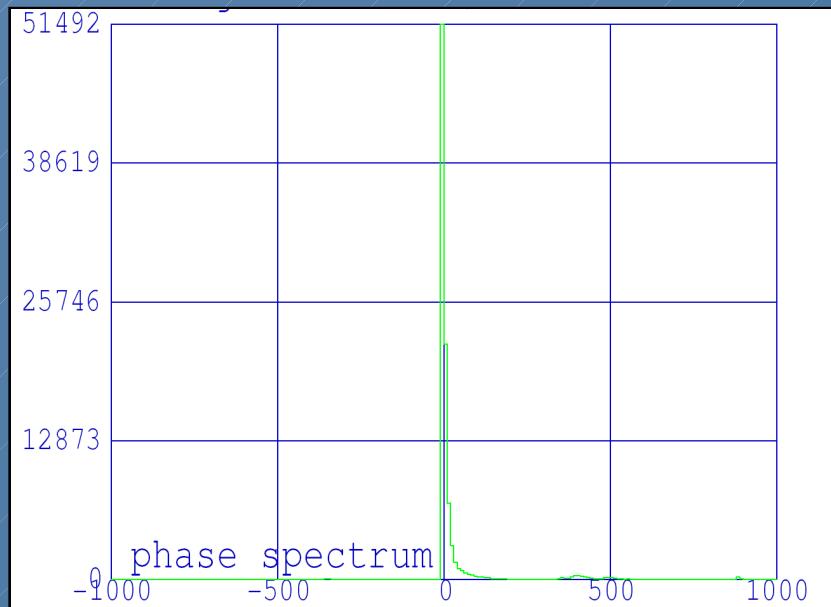
$$E_{\text{kin}} = 615 \text{ keV} \Rightarrow \beta_e = 0,891$$





Bunching im TWB

- Bunch $< 100^\circ$ of 3Ghz
- Nearly only one bucket is filled



Considering transverse beam dynamics

Simple assumption:

- cylindrical constant beam
- homogenic charge distribution

space charge-term (repellent coulomb forces)

+ emittance-term (distribution of particles in phase space)

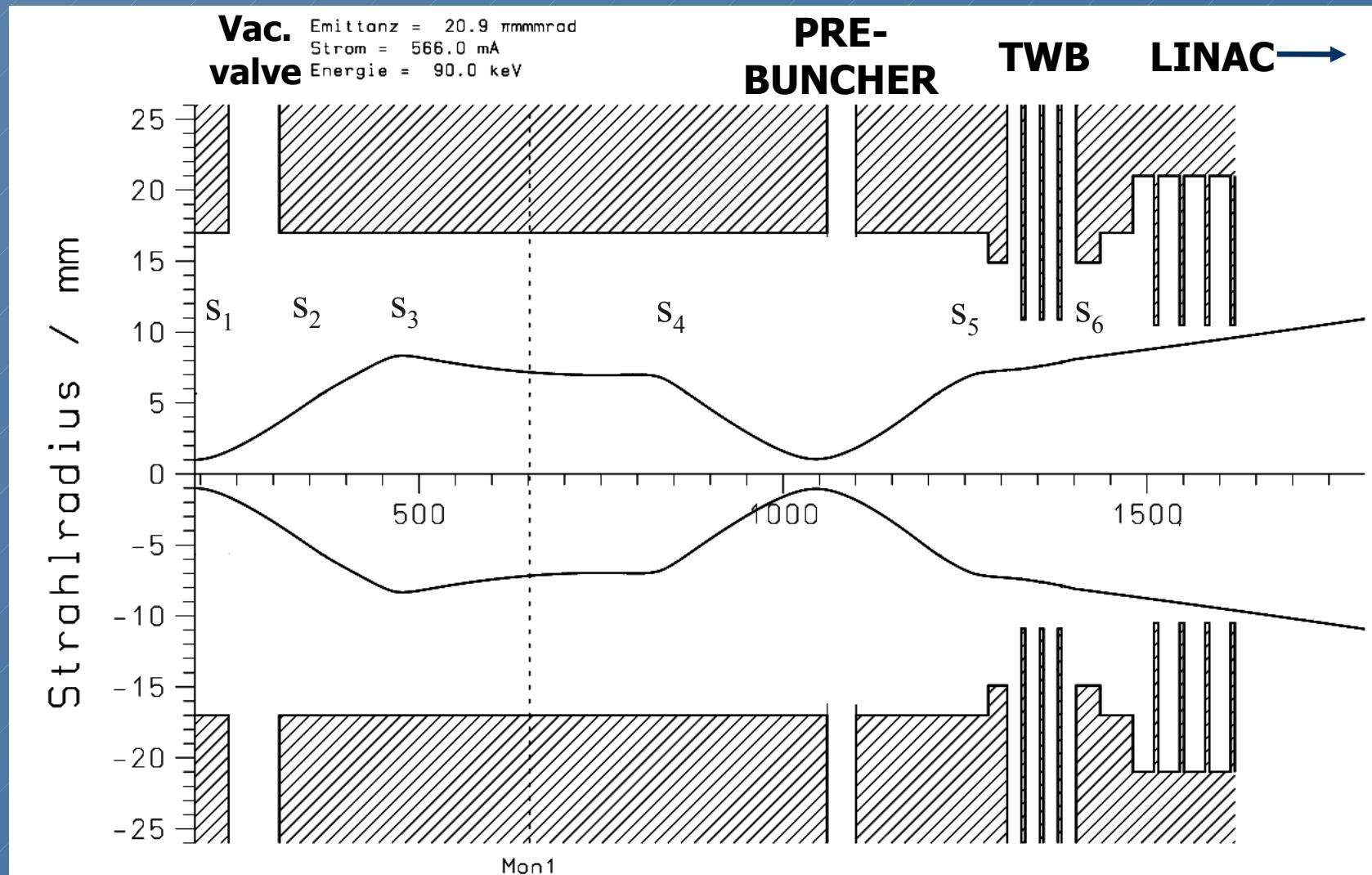
+ solenoid-term (force compensating fieldstrength)

Σ = paraxial differential equation in cylinder symmetry

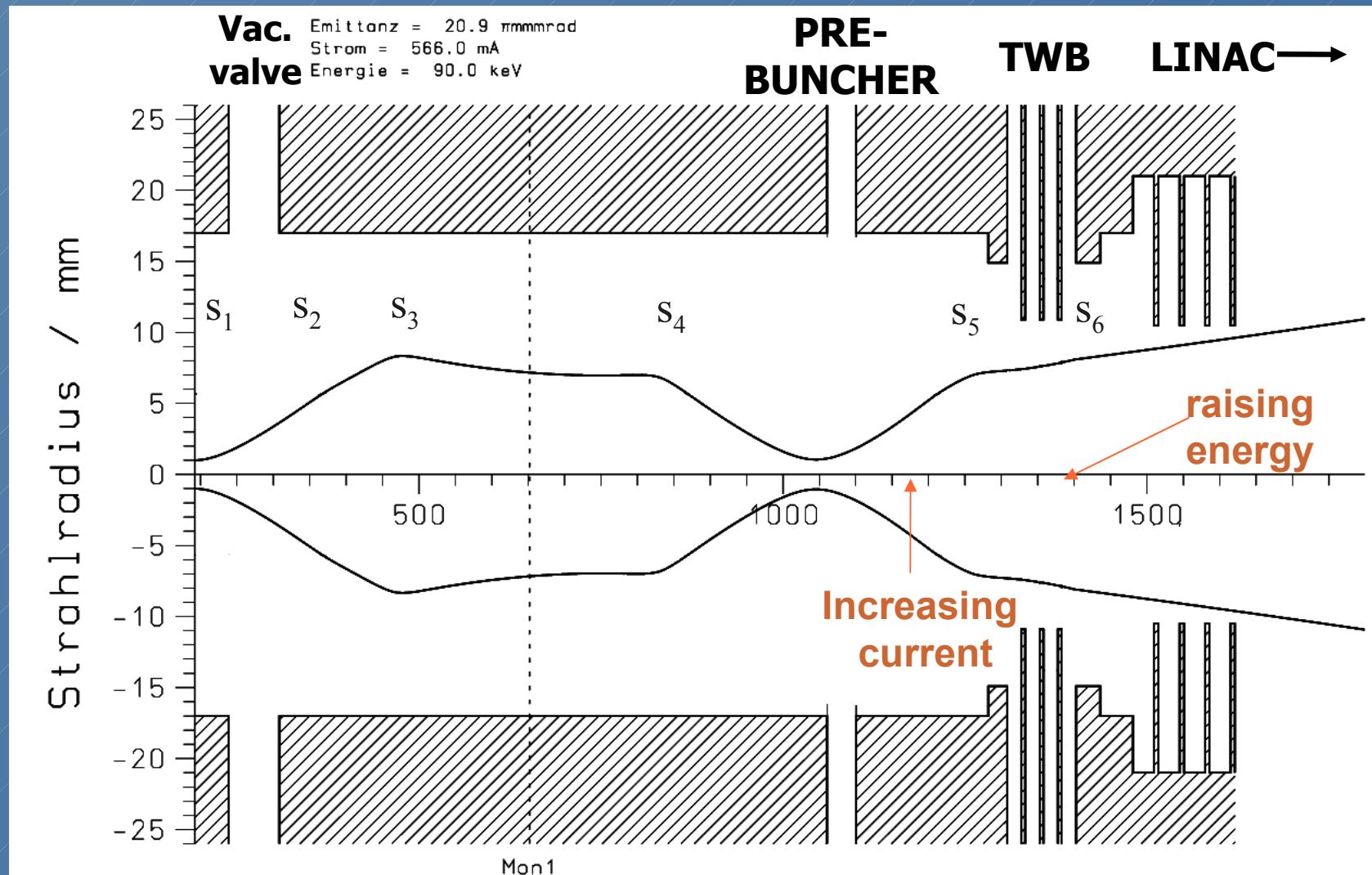
$$R'' - \frac{eI}{2\pi\varepsilon_0 m_0 (\beta\gamma c)^3} \cdot \frac{1}{R} - \frac{\varepsilon_r^2}{R^3} + \left(\frac{eB_s}{2\gamma m_0 \beta c} \right)^2 \cdot R = 0$$

Simulation of the beam propagation to determine the position and field strength of the solenoids

beam transport



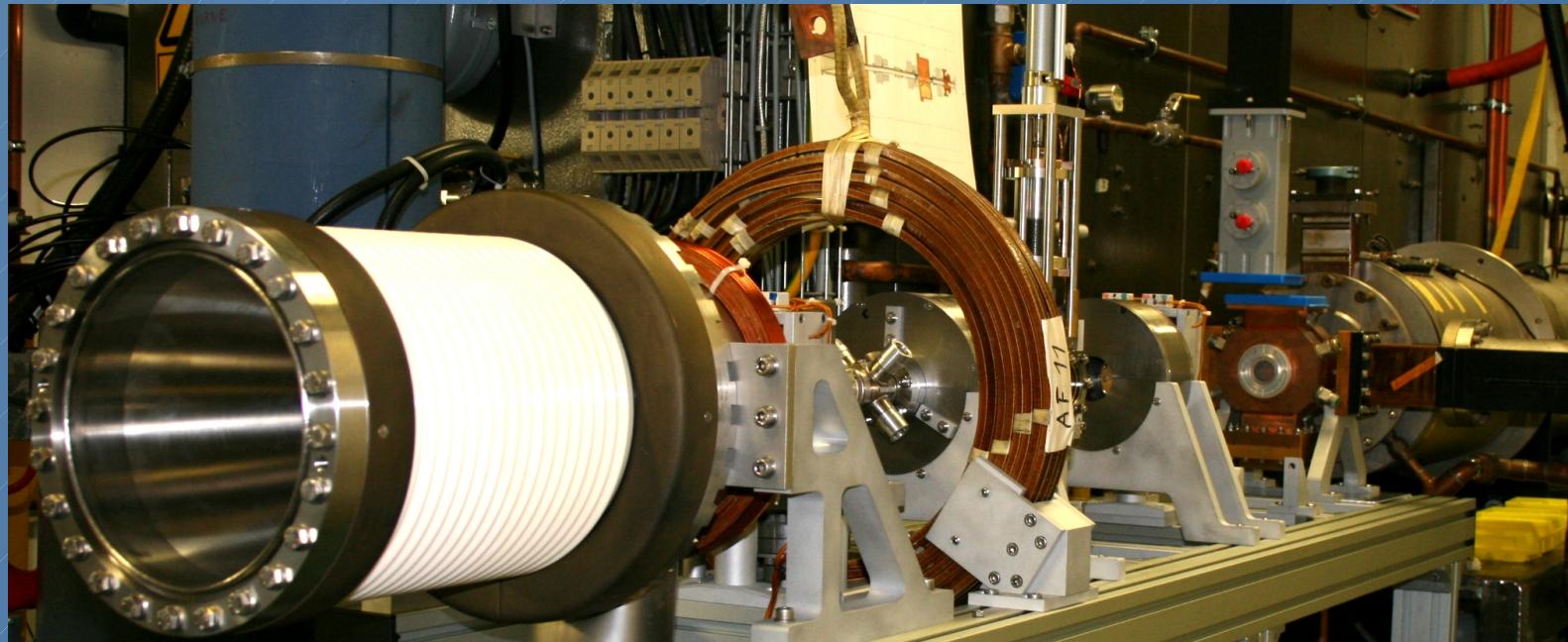
beam transport



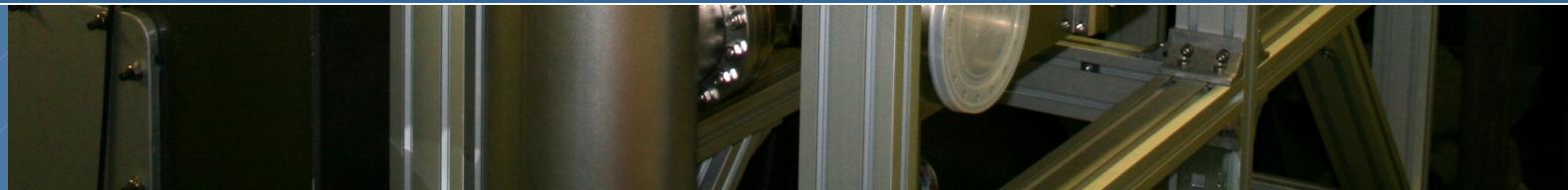


Summary

- Single bunch mode: determination of single bunch instabilities, etc.
- Electron source:
 - beam production and focussing
 - 2 A, 1 ns short pulse; 500 mA, 2 μ s long pulse
 - 90 kV , $\beta_e = 0,526$
- Prebuncher:
 - Bunching length $L = 32,5$ cm
 - copper
 - $P_G = 400$ W
- Buncher:
 - $\beta_e = 0,526 \longrightarrow \beta_e = 0,891$
- Linac :
 - 800 mA @ 20 MeV
 - 17 MV/m > 7,71 MV/m
- beam propagation :
 - transverse beam dynamics via paraxial differential equation
 - \longrightarrow Solenoid position and fieldstrength



Thank you for your attention





outlook

- All components are present and tested with the exception of the TWB
- At the moment we are in the testing phase of the PFN for the TWB and linac RF and mounting the vacuumcomponents of the Injector
- Conditioning of linac and TWB when PFN tests finished
- The monitoring is tested and calibrated
- Beam Spring 2010 ?