Studies for the Single Top Quark t-channel measurement with the ATLAS experiment

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- Sensitive to new physics (4th generation, couplings, production modes, loop effects)
- Background for physics searches beyond the standard model



confirmation of the Tevatron discovery





Single Top Quark Production





t-channel production is the most promising channel for first data (<1/fb)

Event Topology





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t-channel Event Selection

Trigger

15 GeV Muon or Electron

Lepton selection (electron / muon):

- p_T > 20 GeV/c
- $|\eta| < 2.5$, electron not in crack region
- isolated in $\Delta R < 0.2$

Jets

- ATLAS Cone 0.4 jet finder
- p_T > 30 GeV/c²
- |η| < 5

•b-tagging

• JetProb $e_b = 45\%$, rej. = 93

Overlap removal

- 1. select electrons
- 2. remove overlapping jets $\Delta R < 0.2$
- 3. remove muons overlapping with jets $\Delta R < 0.3$







Analysis Strategy





Neuronal Network Techniques for the background estimation





- Feed forward NN (NeuroBayes) with variable preprocessing
- Events with 3 jets, no b-tag information
- Trainingsample W+jets and tt (50% / 50%)
- 10 input variables, 15 hidden nodes



Determination of tt and W+Jet fractions in the 3 jet dataset



| Process | |
|----------------------|-----|
| W + jets | 68% |
| Z + jets, diboson | 5% |
| tt | 24% |
| Wt/t-channel | 3% |



- Binned Log Likelihood Fit of NN output to (pseudo)-data
- Determination of tt and W+jet fraction

 $\beta = \sigma_{Fit} / \sigma_{SM}$

- Fix Wt & t-channel
- Z + jets: Gaussian constrain of 20%



Sensitivity and Systematic Uncertainty on the Background Estimation



- Determine fit sensitivity with pseudo experiments
- Statistical uncertainty is given by the RMS of the β distribution
- Systematic uncertainties by the shift of the β -mean
 - Shape of the NN output distribution
 - Rate of the Number of expected events



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Uncertainties e.g. JES

- JES uncertainty: ~O(±10%)
- Shape uncertainty: ~ O(±2%)
- Acceptance change: ~ O(±10%)
- Shape of NN robust against shape effects of the JES









Linearity of the Method





- Check if fit returns the assumed cross section in the pseudo-data
- Vary input cross section σ_{SM} and repeat fit
- Expect linear response

Crosssection Measurement





Use events with 2 jets and one b-tagged jet

- 2 Jets with 1 b-tagged jet
- Train neural network to separate single top from background
- Training with angular varaibles, invariant masses
- Binned likelihood fit to NN distribution to determine event rate

Validation of the NN techniques





Aim for the first LHC data:

- Develop data driven techniques to measure the W+Jets and tt background form the sidebands
- Data driven estimate of the QCD contribution
- Explore NN techniques for the analysis develop methods to validate the MVA methods with data
- Study of systematic uncertainties
- With enough integrated luminosity measurement of the single-top t-channel cross section

