

Cross section of $pp \rightarrow Zb\bar{b}$, $Z \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-$ at LHC with CMS detector

I. Physikalisches Institut B, RWTH Aachen
Natalie Heracleous, Adrian Perieanu

- Motivation
- Events selection
- Efficiencies of different cuts
- Cross section
- Conclusions and Outlook

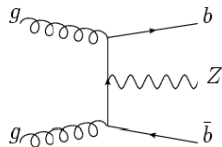
Motivation

Standard Model process:

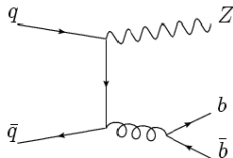
- $Z + 1$ bjet first observed and measured at CDF and D0 (hep-ex/0605099)
- $Z + 2$ -bjet may be observed for the 1st time
- Potential help to new physics

Background process to:

- SUSY (MSSM) Higgs discovery channels $b\bar{b}\Phi$ where Φ is h^0, H^0, A^0
- Standard Model Higgs discovery channel $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$



Dominant at LHC



~ 15% of bbZ total

Background processes

Cross section measurement \implies Identification of signal events and background processes

- **Signal:**

- $Z^0 b \bar{b}$

- **Backgrounds:**

- Drell-Yan $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \mu\mu$ in association with:
 - $Z^0 q \bar{q}$ ($q = u, d, s$)
 - $Z^0 c \bar{c}$
- $t \bar{t}$
- $b \bar{b}$, tW , WW , WZ and ZZ
 \implies negligible contribution
(CMS Note 2006/099)

Process	$\sigma(\text{pb})$
$Z^0 q \bar{q}$	714
$Z^0 c \bar{c}$	13.3
$t \bar{t}$	840

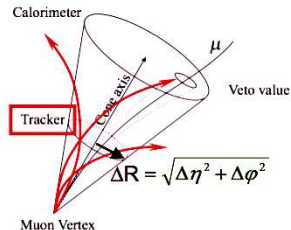
Physics Objects

- **Muons:**

- Reconstructed from Tracker and Muon Chamber information
- Muon Isolation against jets and clean muon identification

- **Isolation in Tracker:**

Σp_T of the tracks within a cone around muon
(Veto value: Muon deposit is extracted)



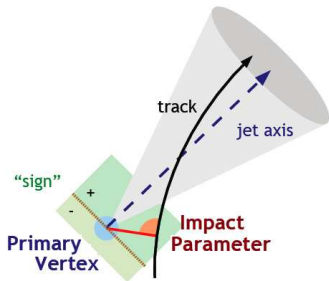
- **Jets:**

Based on iterative cone jet algorithm with a cone size of
 $\Delta R = \sqrt{\Delta\eta^2 + \Delta\phi^2} = 0.5$

b-jet Identification

b-jets:

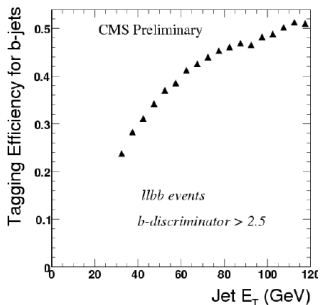
- part of many final states
- different properties from those of lighter flavour quarks (large lifetime & mass, high decay multiplicity etc)



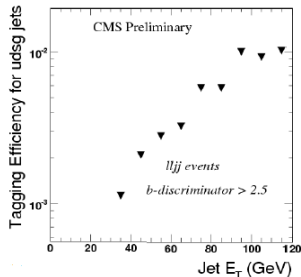
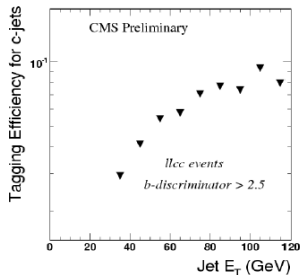
”TrackCounting” algorithm:

- Sort tracks in jet by descending Significance of the Signed Impact Parameter (SIP)
- Select n^{th} track:
 - 3^{rd} track \rightarrow ”high purity” tag
- Discriminator = SIP Significance of 3^{rd} track

b-tag Efficiency



- b, c and light jets after the discriminator selection > 2.5 (CMS PAS EWK-08-001)



Event selection

- **Trigger Selection:**

- at least one High-Level Trigger on

- **Muon Selection:**

- two muons with highest p_T
- $Q_{\mu_1} \cdot Q_{\mu_2} < 0$
- $p_{T\mu} > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta_{\mu}| < 2.0$
- muon Isolation

- **Jet Selection:**

- at least two jets
- $p_{T_{jet}} > 30 \text{ GeV}$
- $|\eta_{jet}| < 2.4$

- **b-jet Selection:**

- Discriminator > 2.5

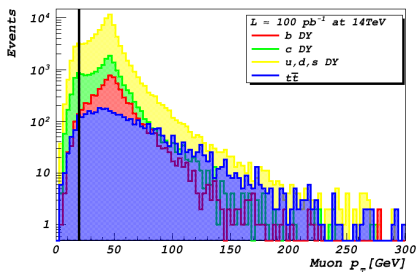
- **MET Selection:**

- $E_T^{\text{miss}} < 50 \text{ GeV}$

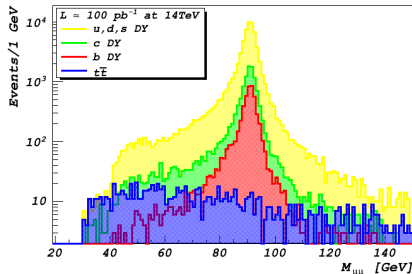
Muon Momentum p_T

- p_T cut: Reduce backgrounds with fake muon (e.g. QCD)

$p_{T\mu} > 20$ GeV



Invariant Mass

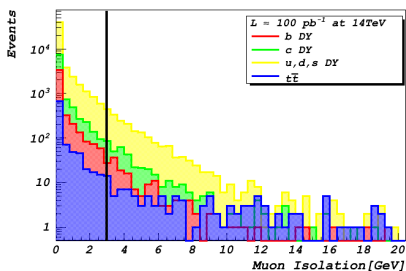


Efficiency ($Q_{\mu_1} \cdot Q_{\mu_2} < 0$ and p_T):

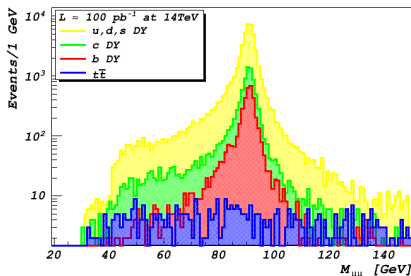
$b\bar{b}\text{DY}$: 75%, $c\bar{c}\text{DY}$: 70%, $q\bar{q}\text{DY}$: 78%, $t\bar{t}$: 45%

Muon Isolation

- $\Sigma p_{T_{\text{tracks}}} < 3 \text{ GeV}$ around μ within $\Delta R(\eta, \phi) = 0.3$



Invariant Mass



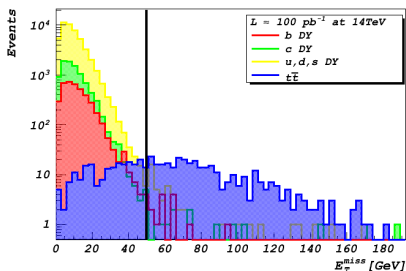
- Should look for better Isolation

Efficiency ($Q_{\mu_1} \cdot Q_{\mu_2} < 0$, p_T , η and Isolation):

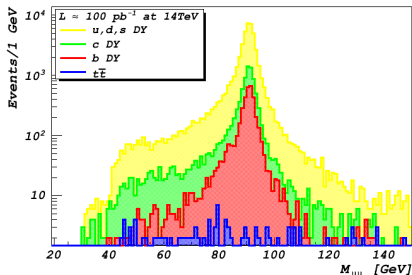
$b\bar{b}\text{DY}$: 56%, $c\bar{c}\text{DY}$: 51%, $q\bar{q}\text{DY}$: 56%, $t\bar{t}$: 17%

Missing E_T

- Reduce $t\bar{t}$ background



Invariant Mass

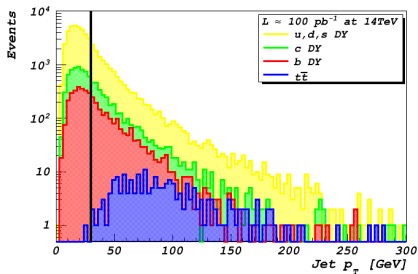


Efficiency (Muon Selection and MET):

$b\bar{b}\text{DY}$: **56%**, $c\bar{c}\text{DY}$: **51%**, $q\bar{q}\text{DY}$: **56%**, $t\bar{t}$: **5,9%**

Jet Selection

$$p_{T_{\text{jet}}} > 30 \text{ GeV}$$

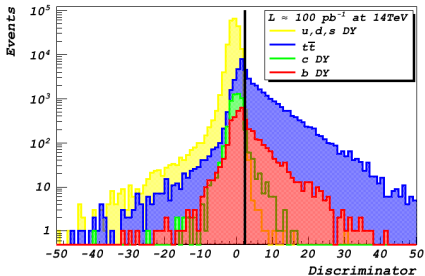


After:

- Muon Selection
- MET Selection

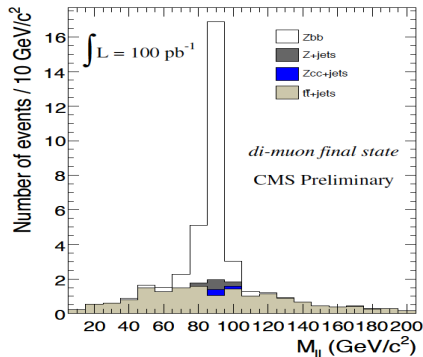
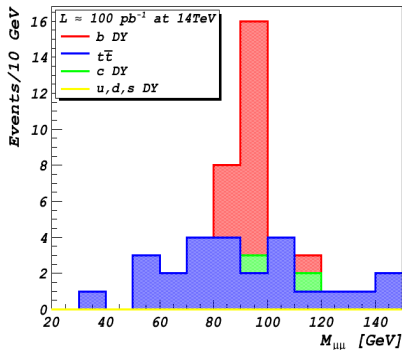
Discriminator before any cuts

- b&t-jets have larger tail towards higher values
- Discriminator > 2.5 cuts off light quark background



Final Invariant Mass

- done with sample expected for 100 pb^{-1} [scale factor = 1]
- FastSim was used



- b-tagging reduces most of u, d, s, c background

Conclusions and Outlook

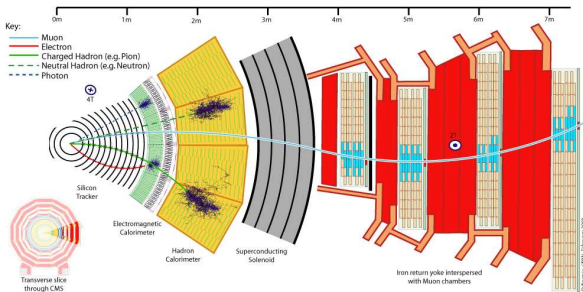
- A first attempt to reproduce the results published by CMS Collaboration (CMS PAS EWK-08-001) was made
- Cross section can be measured with first 100 pb^{-1} of data

Process Name	σ NLO (pb)	Final σ (fb) (muon)
Zbb	46	212
$t\bar{t}$ +jets	840	178
Z +jets	714	5.5
Zcc +jets	13.3	5.1

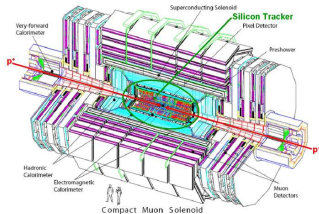
- Proceed with analysis
- Full scale simulation
- Estimation of systematic error for the cross section

Back-up

The CMS Detector



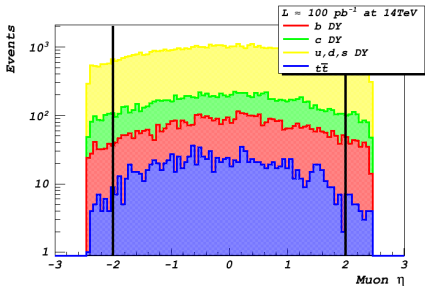
- Tracker:
 $\delta p_T/p_T \sim 4\%$ for $p_T=100$ GeV
- Muon Detection System
- Calorimeter: jets and missing transverse energy (MET)



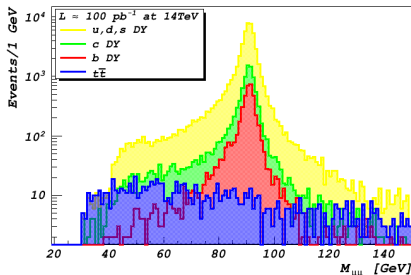
Muon η

- η cut: Best Tracker acceptance

$|\eta_{\mu}| < 2.0$ GeV



Invariant Mass



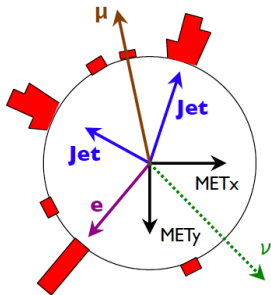
Efficiency ($Q_{\mu_1} \cdot Q_{\mu_2} < 0$, p_T and η):

$b\bar{b}DY$: 62%, $c\bar{c}DY$: 56%, $q\bar{q}DY$: 61%, $t\bar{t}$: 39%

Missing Transverse Energy

Calculated from uncorrected energy deposits in Calorimeter Towers

$$\cancel{E}_T = \sqrt{\cancel{E}_{Tx} + \cancel{E}_{Ty}}, \quad \cancel{E}_{T x,y} = \sum_{i=1}^{\text{tower}} E_{T x,y}^i$$



- Unbalanced transverse energy in the event
- only non-interacting particles, e.g. neutrino

Corrections on MET:

- Jet Energy Scale Correction
- μ & τ Corrections

Cross section measurement

$$\sigma_{Z^0 b\bar{b}} = \frac{n_T - \sum_B n_B}{\mathcal{L}_{int} \epsilon_{Z^0 b\bar{b}}}$$

where,

- n_T is the total number of selected events
- $\sum_B n_B$ is the sum of the background events
- $\epsilon_{b\bar{b}Z^0}$ is the selection efficiency of the signal
- and \mathcal{L}_{int} is the integrated luminosity

Jets

IterativeCone Jet Properties:

- Input: CaloTowers with $E_T > 1$ GeV
- Search for stable cones of radius ΔR
- Goal: Jet Energy and Direction (CMS PAS JME-07-003)

