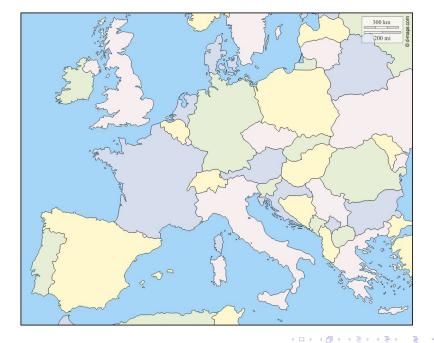
# Gaudin models and integrable field theories

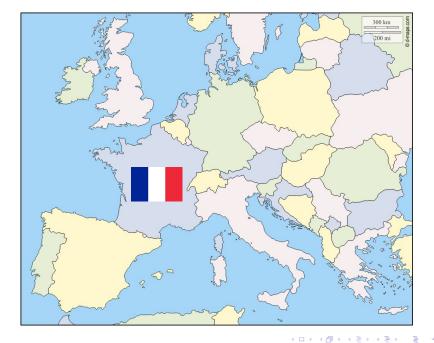
Sylvain Lacroix

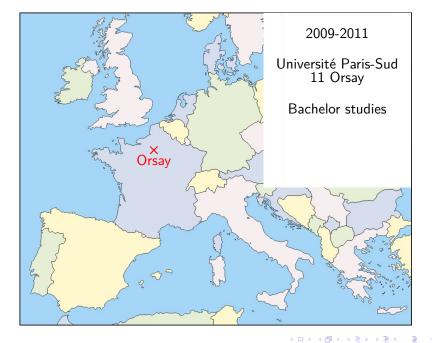
DESY Theory Fellows Meeting November 20th, 2018

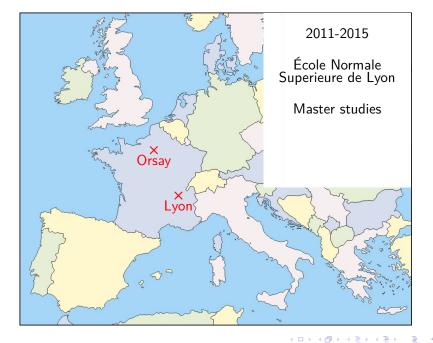
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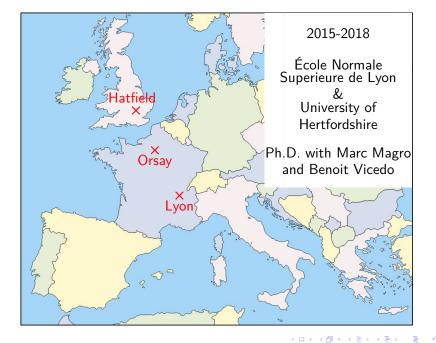
- Nationality: French and Swiss
- Born in 1991
- Hobbies: table tennis, movies, series, music, concerts ...

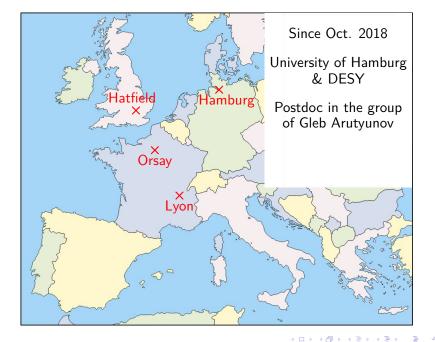












# And now physics

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... and maths

Sylvain Lacroix

Gaudin models and integrable field theories

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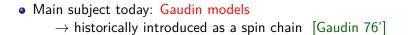
#### ... but hopefully not too much !

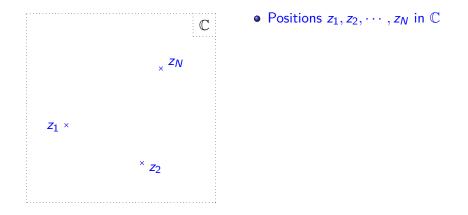
- Quantum system: Hamiltonian  $\mathcal{H}$  (operator on a Hilbert space)
- Integrability: a lot of conserved commuting quantities

$$rac{\mathsf{d}\mathcal{Q}_i}{\mathsf{d}t} = [\mathcal{H},\mathcal{Q}_i] = 0$$
 and  $[\mathcal{Q}_i,\mathcal{Q}_j] = 0$ 

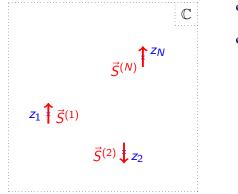
 $\rightarrow$  systems with a lot of symmetries

• Exactly solvable: computation of spectrum, eigenvectors, correlation functions, ...



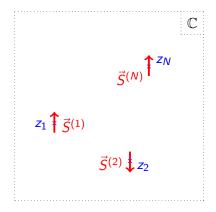


Main subject today: Gaudin models
 → historically introduced as a spin chain [Gaudin 76']



- Positions  $z_1, z_2, \cdots, z_N$  in  $\mathbb C$
- Spins  $\vec{S}^{(1)}, \vec{S}^{(2)}, \cdots, \vec{S}^{(N)}$

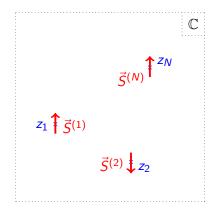
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• Total energy:

$$\mathcal{H} = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \mathsf{a}_i \mathcal{H}_i$$

• Spin operators: 
$$\vec{S} = (S_x , S_y , S_z )$$
  
 $\begin{bmatrix} S_{\mu} , S_{\nu} \end{bmatrix} = \epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho} S_{\rho}$ 

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• Commuting conserved charges:

$$[\mathcal{H}_i,\mathcal{H}_j]=0$$

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 $\rightarrow \text{integrability}$ 

Sylvain Lacroix

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 $\rightarrow$  integrability

• Exact spectrum and common eigenvectors: Bethe ansatz

• Spin operators:  $\mathfrak{su}(2)$  algebra

Sylvain Lacroix

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$$\left[I_{a}^{(i)},I_{b}^{(j)}\right] = \delta_{ij} f_{ab}^{\ c} I_{a}^{(i)}$$

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with  $\cdot$  scalar product on  $\mathfrak{su}(2)$ 

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- Integrability:  $[\mathcal{H}_i, \mathcal{H}_j] = 0$ ?
- Invariant scalar product

$$\kappa\bigl([\textit{I}_{\textit{a}},\textit{I}_{\textit{b}}],\textit{I}_{\textit{c}}\bigr) = \kappa\bigl(\textit{I}_{\textit{a}},[\textit{I}_{\textit{b}},\textit{I}_{\textit{c}}]\bigr)$$

- Finite Gaudin models: finite dimensional semi-simple algebras
- Invariant scalar-product: Killing form
- Includes su(2)
- Higher degree Hamiltonians:  $\mathcal{H}_i^d$  (degree d)

$$\left[\mathcal{H}_{i}^{p},\mathcal{H}_{j}^{q}\right]=0,\qquad\qquad\mathcal{H}_{i}^{2}=\mathcal{H}_{i}$$

- Example: for  $\mathfrak{su}(N)$ , degrees  $2, 3, \cdots, N$
- Diagonalisation of  $\mathcal{H}_i^d$ : Bethe ansatz

# Quantum fields and affine algebras

- Quantum field theory on the circle: field operators  $\phi(x)$ 's ( $x \in [0, 2\pi[)$
- Kac-Moody currents:  $J(x) = J_a(x)I^a$  (g-valued, g finite algebra)

$$[J_a(x), J_b(y)] = f_{ab}^{\ c} J_c(x) \,\delta(x-y)$$

Fourier decomposition:

$$J_a(x) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{N}} I_{a,n} e^{inx}$$

• Commutation relations of Fourier modes:

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 $[I_{a,n}, I_{b,m}] = f_{ab}{}^c I_{c,n+m} + n k \kappa_{ab} \delta_{n+m,0}$ 

 $\rightarrow$  affine Kac-Moody algebra  $\widetilde{\mathfrak{g}}$  (infinite-dimensional)

• Operators  $I_{a,n}$  of algebra  $\tilde{\mathfrak{g}} \Leftrightarrow \mathsf{Kac}\operatorname{-Moddy} \mathsf{current}$  (quantum field)

#### [Feigin Frenkel '11, Vicedo '18]

- Affine gaudin model: associated with affine Kac-Moody algebra g̃
   "Spin" g̃-operators I<sup>(i)</sup><sub>a,n</sub> at each sites ⇔ Kac-Moody currents J<sup>(i)</sup>(x) → quantum field theory on the circle
- Quadratic commuting Hamiltonians:  $[\mathcal{H}_i, \mathcal{H}_j] = 0$
- Diagonalisation through the Bethe ansatz (from [Schechtman Varchenko '91])
- Integrable QFT: infinite number of commuting conserved charges
- Commuting higher-degree charges ?

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  - $\rightarrow$  relation with the ODE/IM correspondence

# Thank you for your attention !

Gaudin models and integrable field theories

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