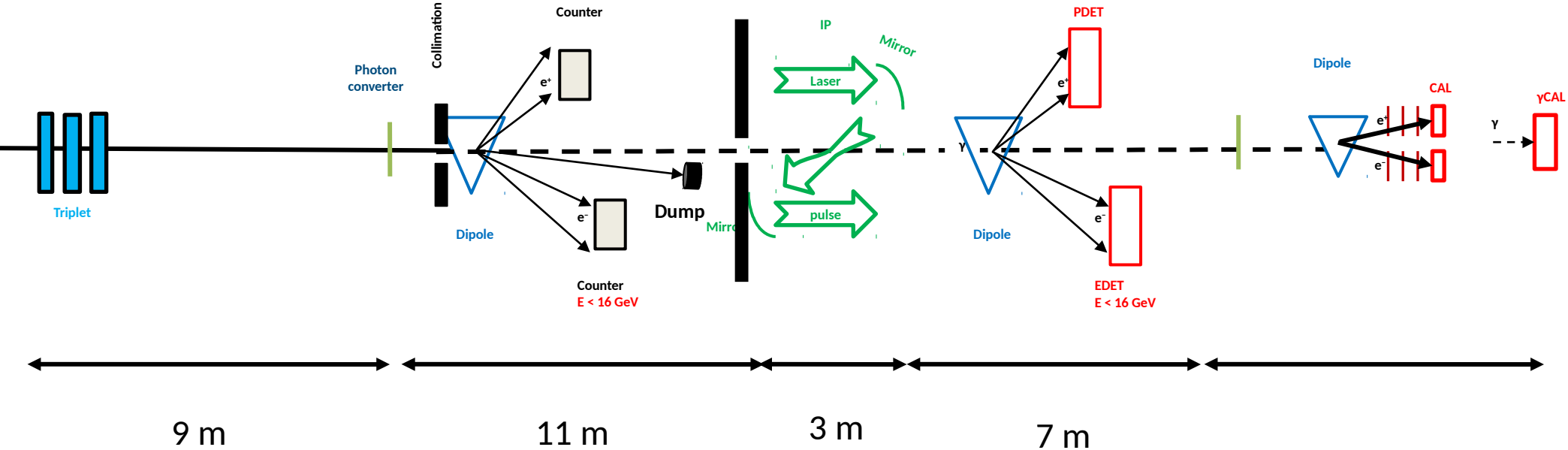


Bremsstrahlung Photon Production for BPPP Study

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LUXE Meeting
January 31, 2019

Photon-Photon collisions at LUXE



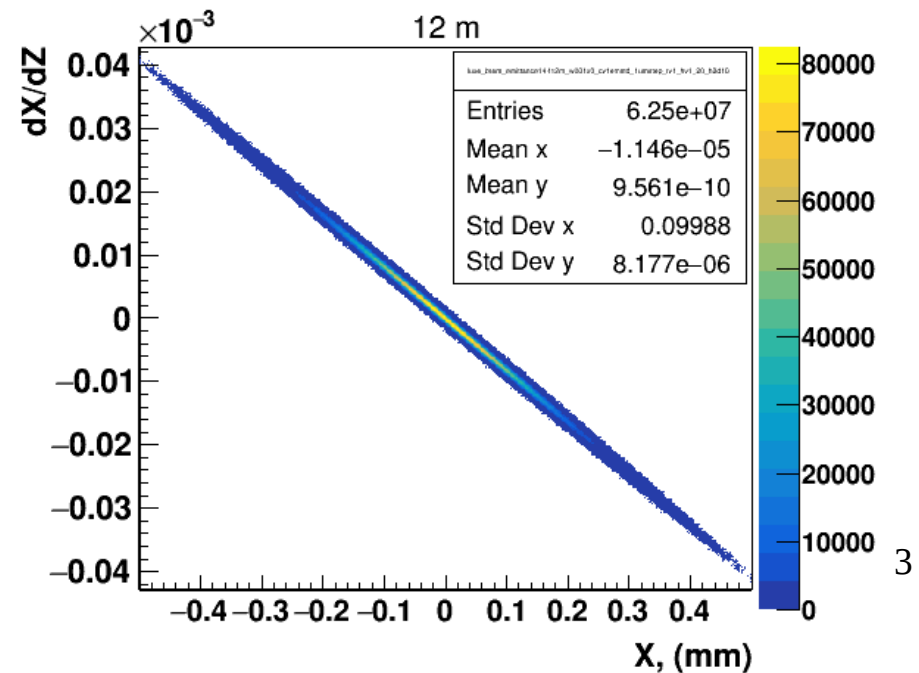
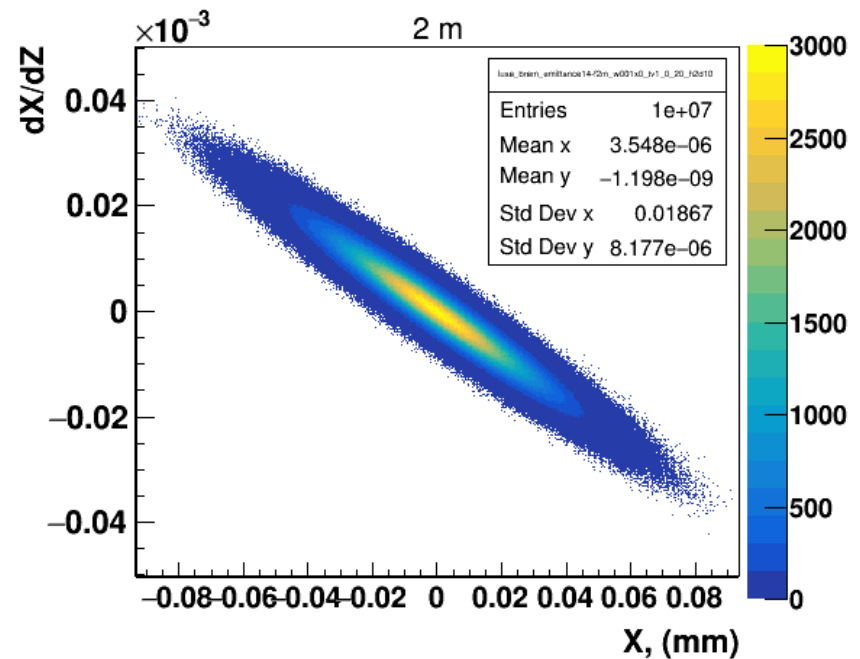
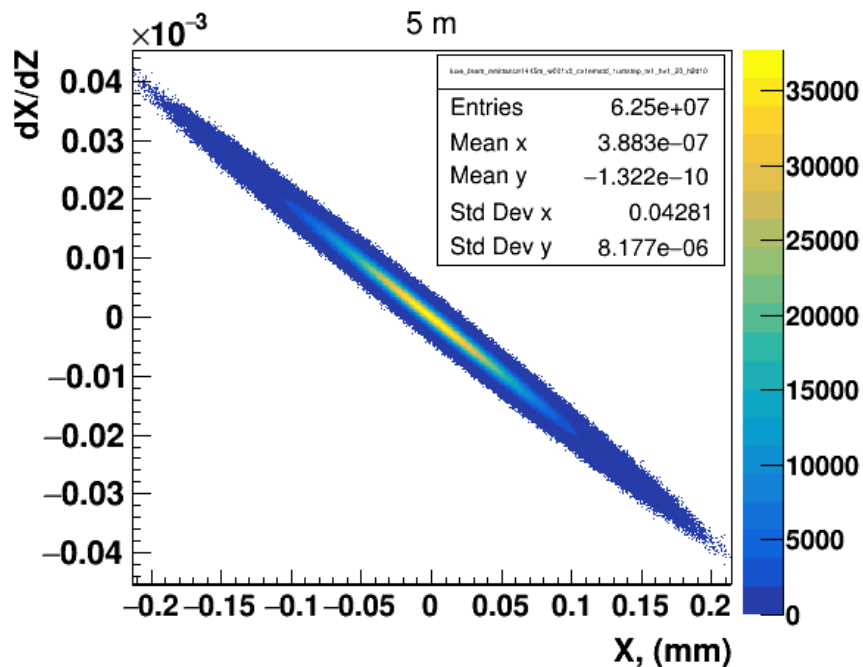
Preliminary estimates!

Target 2 m, 5 m and 12 m upstream of IP

Initial electrons distribution in phase space for Gaussian beam with $\sigma_{x,y} = 5\mu\text{m}$ at IP.

Beam spot size on the target

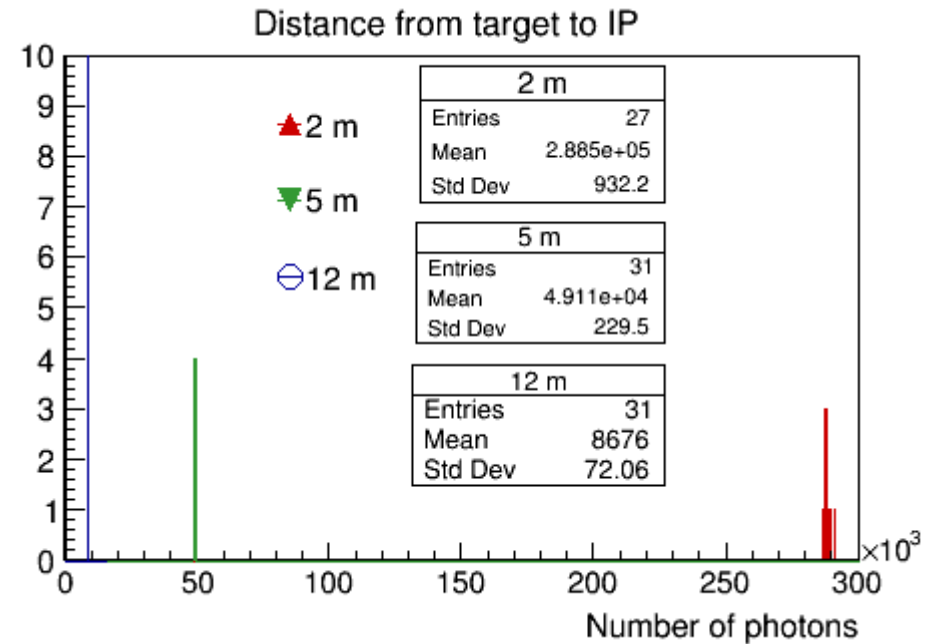
- 2 m: $\sigma_x = 19\ \mu\text{m}$;
- 5 m: $\sigma_x = 43\ \mu\text{m}$;
- 12 m: $\sigma_x = 100\ \mu\text{m}$;



Number of photons

- Geant4 simulation;
- Tungsten target 1%X0 (35um) at different distance to IP;
- Gaussian beam focused on IP;
- 6.25e7 electrons;

Number of photons inside
 $|x| < 25\mu\text{m}$ and
 $|y| < 25\mu\text{m}$
 around IP.



Within 10% scales as $N \sim \frac{1}{l^2}$

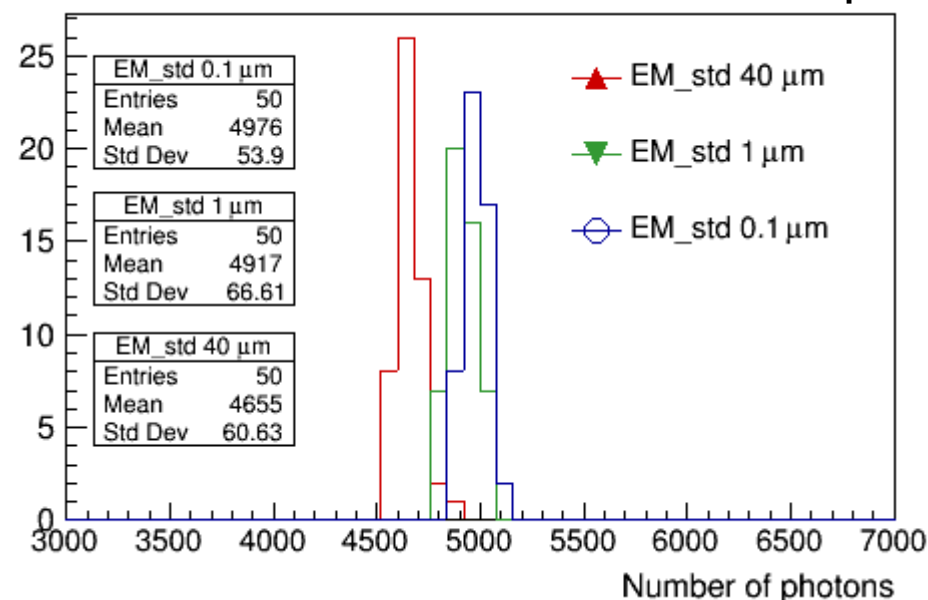
Z, (m)	Z^2	N_Gamma	Z1^2 / Z2^2	N2 / N1		Z1^2 / Z2^2	N2 / N1	
2	4	2.89E+05	6.25	5.87	0.94	36	33.2565	0.924
5	25	4.91E+04	5.76	5.66	0.98			
12	144	8675						

Geant4 simulation with different step, different physics lists, different beam

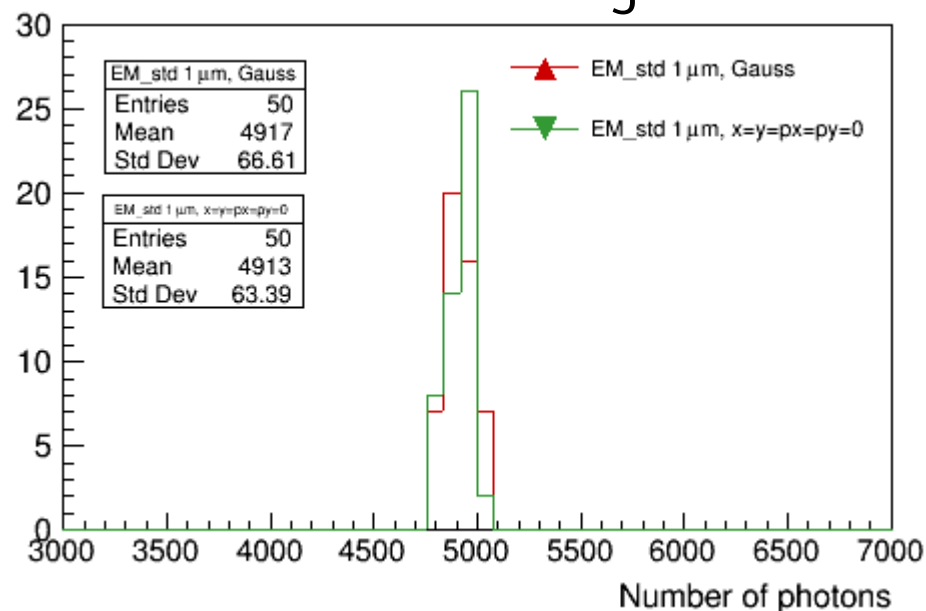
- Gaussian beam, focused on IP;
- Tungsten target 1%X0 (35 μ m) thickness
- 5 m from IP;
- 6.25 M electrons (BX/1000);
- Production cut: 1 μ m.

Number of photons inside
 $|x| < 25 \mu\text{m}$ and
 $|y| < 25 \mu\text{m}$ around IP;

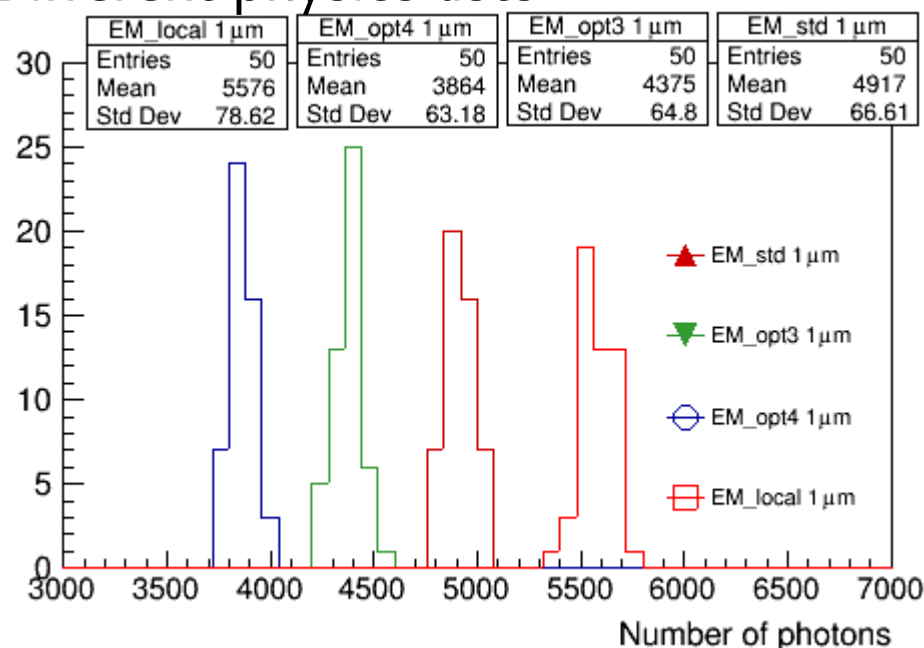
Different step



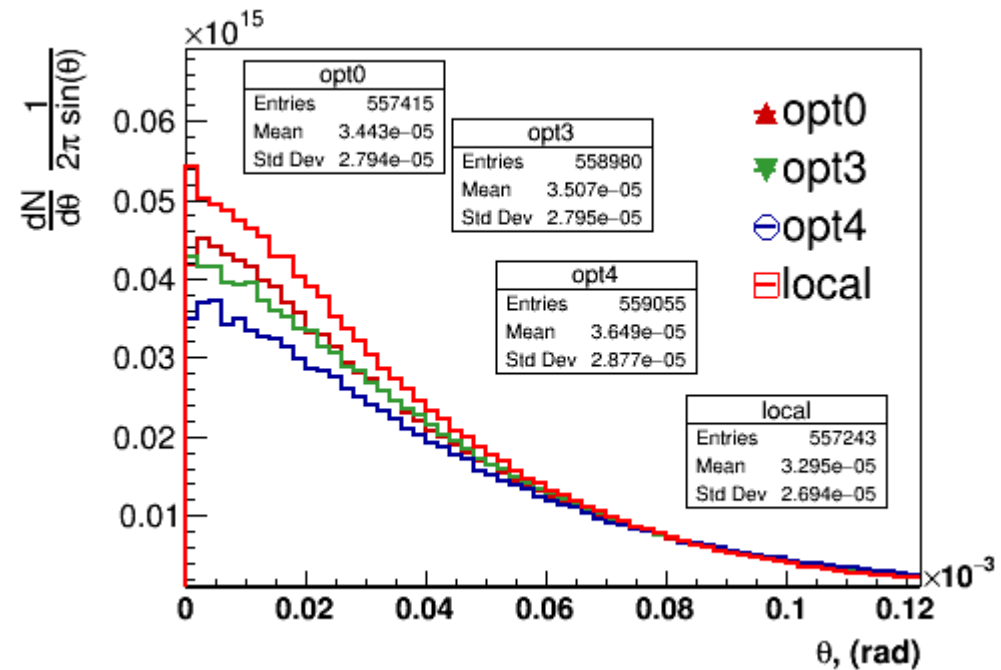
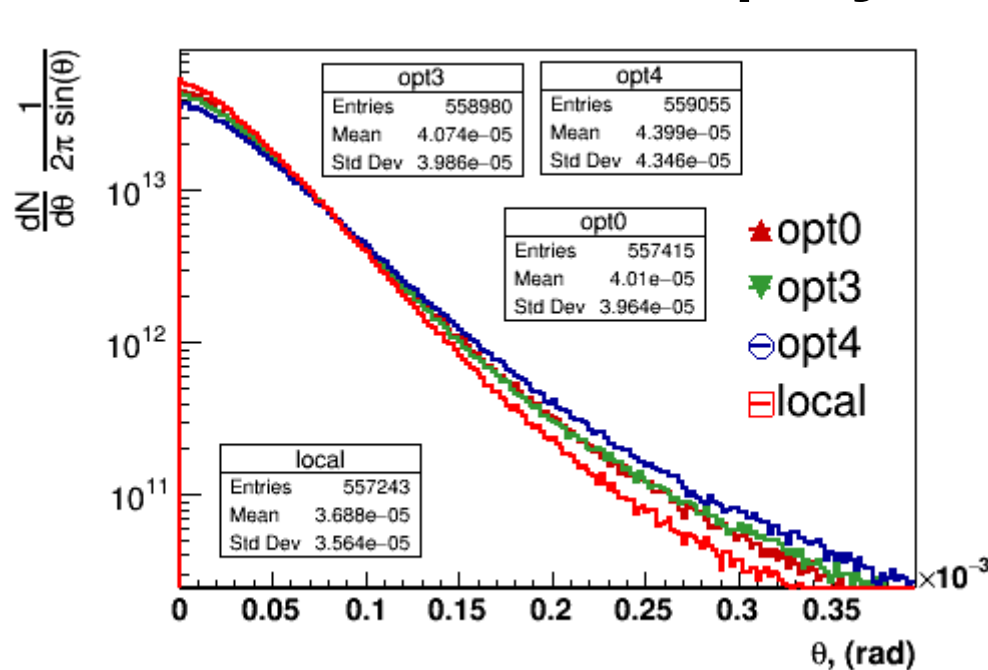
Different beam settings



Different physics lists

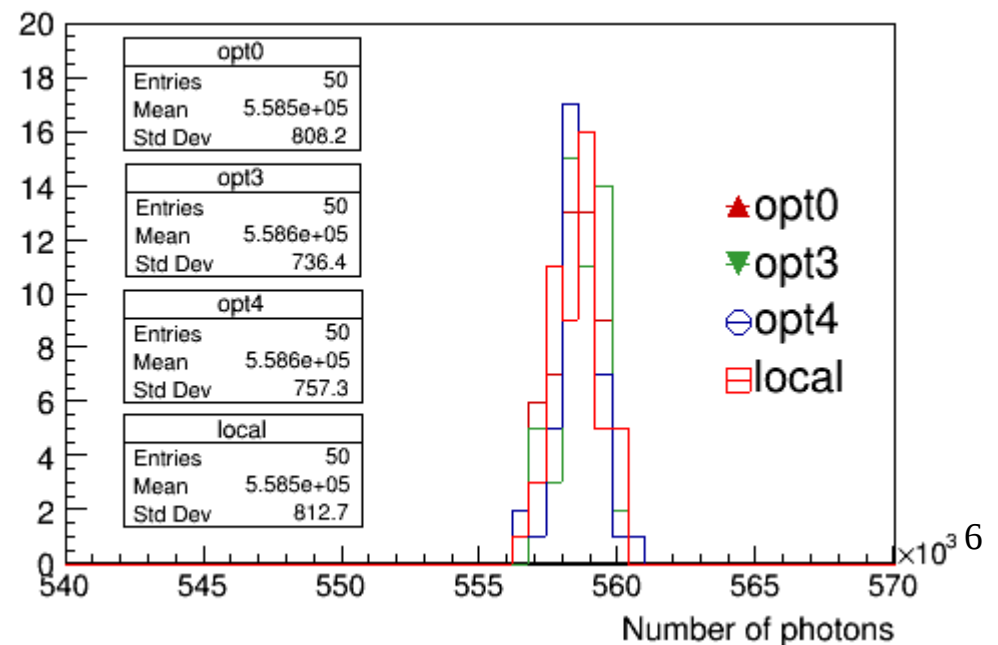


γ angular distribution for different physics lists



- Angular distribution is the widest for option_4 physics list and the narrowest for the local one.
- Angular distribution explains bottom right plot on previous slide.
- Total number of photons in forward region is identical for all physics lists.

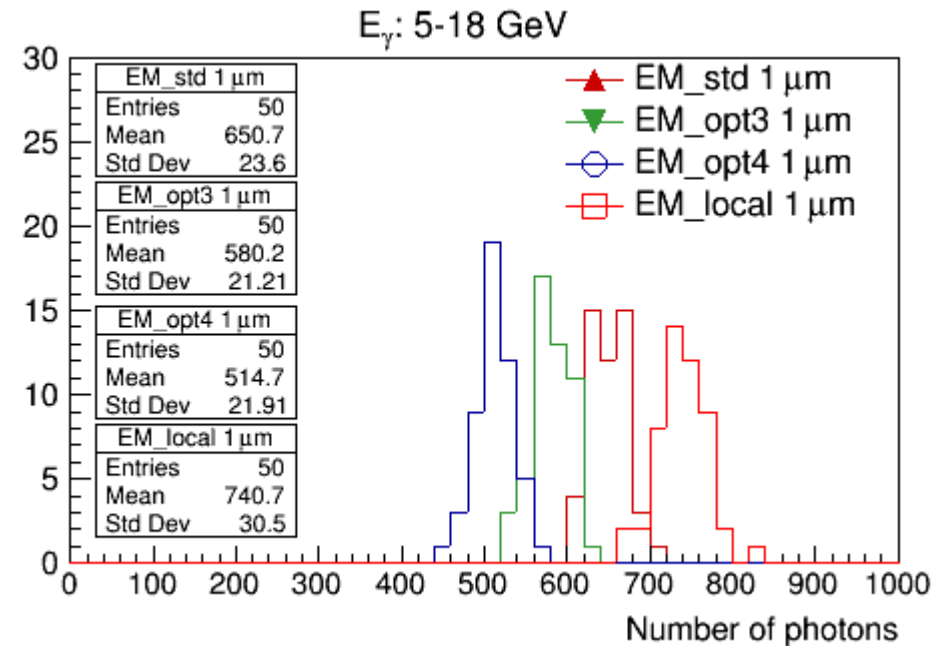
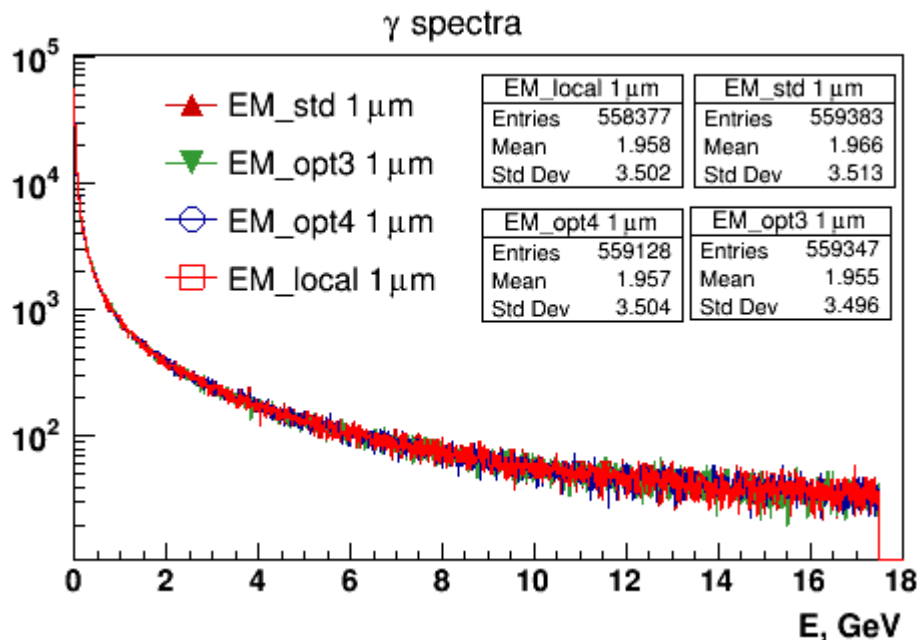
Number of photons inside
 $|x| < 1.5$ m and
 $|y| < 1.5$ m



Spectra for different physics lists

- Gaussian beam, focused on IP;
- Tungsten target 1%X0 (35 μ m) thickness
- 5 m from IP;
- 6.25 M electrons (BX/1000);
- Production cut: 1 μ m.

Number of photons inside
 $|x| < 25\mu\text{m}$ and
 $|y| < 25\mu\text{m}$ and
 $5\text{GeV} < E_\gamma < 18\text{GeV}$;



- The ratio between numbers with and without energy cut is identical:
- For option_0 and option_4 physics sit it is 26%-27% .

```
root [1] 4917.0/3864.0
(double) 1.27252
root [2] 650.0/514.0
(double) 1.26459
```

Physics list comparison

Option 3

```
msc:   for e-   SubType= 10
        RangeFactor= 0.04, stepLimitType: 3, latDisplacement: 1, skin= 1, geomFactor= 2.5
        ===== EM models for the G4Region DefaultRegionForTheWorld =====
        UrbanMsc : Emin=      0 eV   Emax=     10 TeV Table with 220 bins Emin=    100 eV   Emax=     10 TeV
```

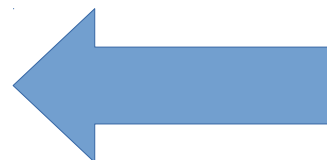
```
eIoni:   for e-   SubType= 2
        dE/dx and range tables from 10 eV to 10 TeV in 240 bins
        Lambda tables from threshold to 10 TeV, 20 bins per decade, spline: 1
        finalRange(mm)= 0.1, dRoverRange= 0.2, integral: 1, fluct: 1, linLossLimit= 0.01
        ===== EM models for the G4Region DefaultRegionForTheWorld =====
        MollerBhabha : Emin=      0 eV   Emax=     10 TeV
```

Option 4

```
msc:   for e-   SubType= 10
        RangeFactor= 0.02, stepLimitType: 3, latDisplacement: 1, skin= 1, geomFactor= 2.5
        ===== EM models for the G4Region DefaultRegionForTheWorld =====
        UrbanMsc : Emin=      0 eV   Emax=    100 MeV Table with 120 bins Emin=    100 eV   Emax=    100 MeV
        WentzelVIUni : Emin=    100 MeV Emax=     10 TeV Table with 100 bins Emin=    100 MeV Emax=     10 TeV
```

```
eIoni:   for e-   SubType= 2
        dE/dx and range tables from 100 eV to 10 TeV in 220 bins
        Lambda tables from threshold to 10 TeV, 20 bins per decade, spline: 1
        finalRange(mm)= 0.1, dRoverRange= 0.2, integral: 1, fluct: 1, linLossLimit= 0.01
        ===== EM models for the G4Region DefaultRegionForTheWorld =====
        PenIoni : Emin=      0 eV   Emax=      1 MeV
        MollerBhabha : Emin=      1 MeV Emax=     10 TeV deltaVI
```

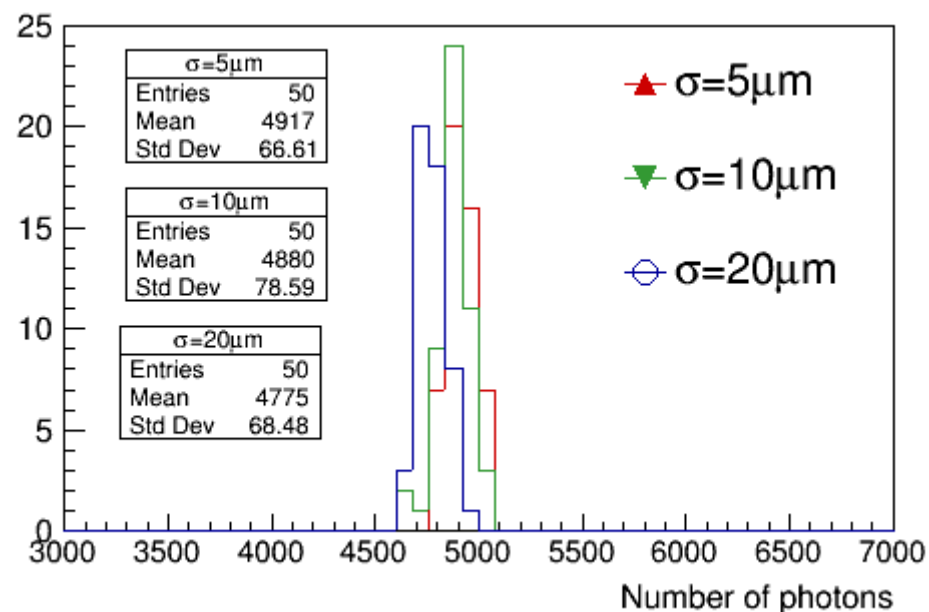
```
CoulombScat:   for e-, integral: 1   SubType= 1 BuildTable= 1
        Lambda table from 100 MeV to 10 TeV, 20 bins per decade, spline: 1
        180 < Theta(degree) < 180; pLimit(GeV^1)= 0.139531
        ===== EM models for the G4Region DefaultRegionForTheWorld =====
        eCoulombScattering : Emin=    100 MeV Emax=     10 TeV
```



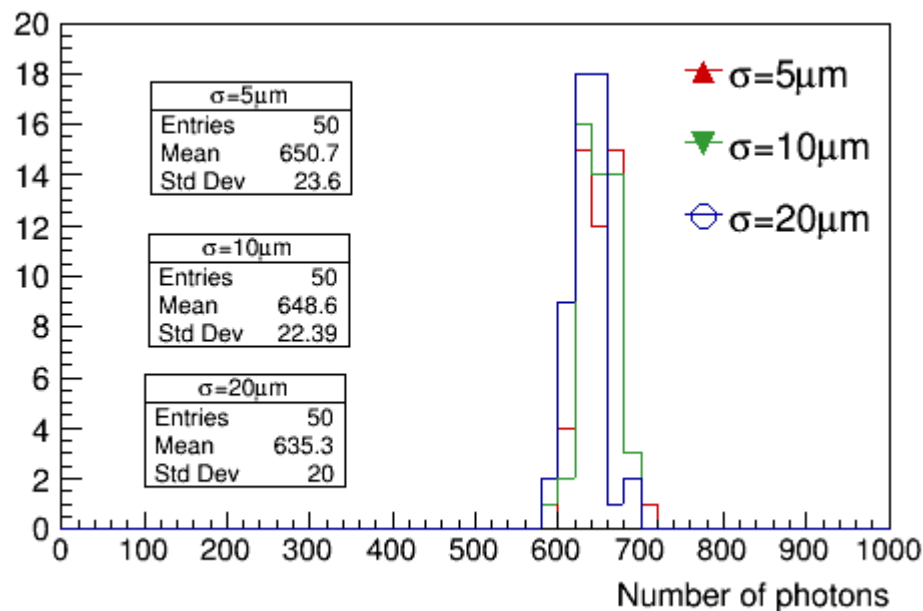
Different beam size in IP

- Gaussian beam, focused on IP;
- Tungsten target 1%X0 (35 μ m) thickness 5 m from IP;
- 6.25 M electrons (BX/1000);
- Production cut: 1 μ m;
- EM standard option_0 physics list.

Number of photons inside
 $|x| < 25\mu$ m and
 $|y| < 25\mu$ m around IP;



Number of photons inside
 $|x| < 25\mu$ m and
 $|y| < 25\mu$ m and
 $5\text{GeV} < E_y < 18\text{GeV}$;



Summary and plans

- Bremsstrahlung photons were generated in Geant4 simulation with 1%X0 tungsten target 5m and 12 m to IP and are used for BPPP simulation study.
- Number of Bremsstrahlung photons in IP area scales with the distance from the target as $1/L^2$ (within 10%).
- Number of Bremsstrahlung photons produced in Geant4 simulation was studied with different simulation parameters:
 - different step size (difference is 1% below 1um);
 - different physics lists (difference within 30%; significant contribution from multiple scattering processes);
 - different focusing (less than 1% for beam size below 20um).
- Consider a possibility of beam test study.

Electron and laser beam parameters

E_pulse, μJ	Crossing angle, rad	Laser σ_{xy} , μm	Laser σ_z , ps	N Electrons	Electron σ_x , mm	Electron σ_y , mm	Electron σ_z , ps
3.5×10^6	0.3	10	0.035	6.25×10^9	0.005	0.005	0.08

- Laser wavelength = 800.00 nm (1.5498 eV);
- Circular polarized.