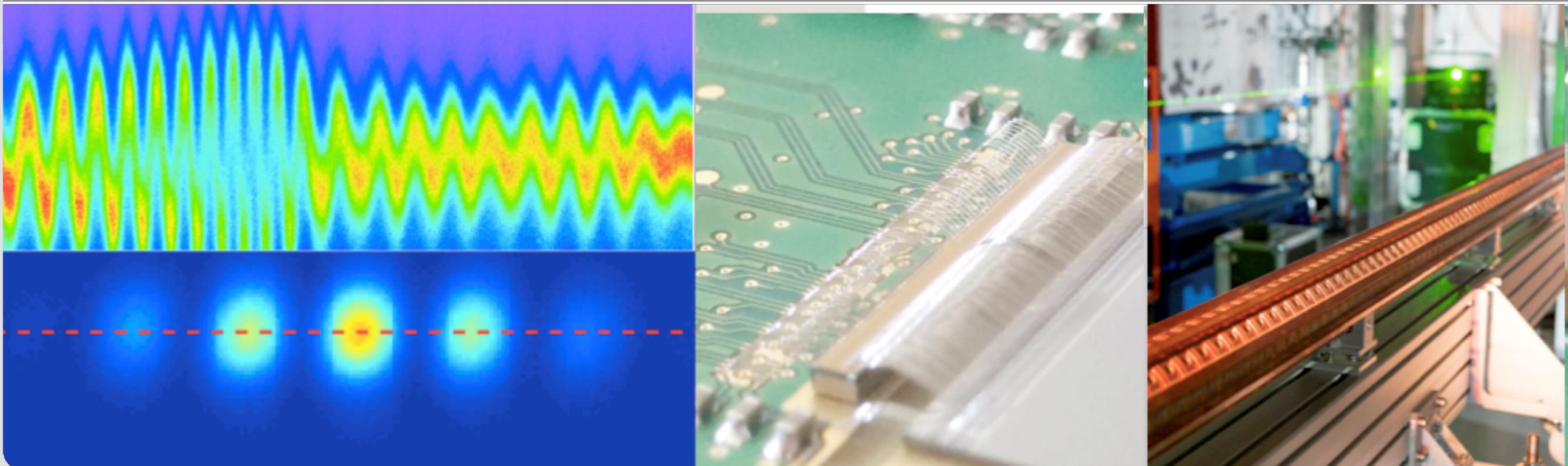


# KIT Status report

7th ARD-ST3 Workshop, Darmstadt, Germany 16-17.10.2019

M. Schuh for the accelerator team

Institute for Beam Physics and Technology (IBPT)



# FLUTE: Accelerator test facility at KIT

## ■ FLUTE (Ferninfrarot Linac- Und Test-Experiment)

- Test facility for **accelerator physics within ARD**
- **Experiments** with THz radiation

## ■ R&D topics

- Serve as a test bench for new beam diagnostic methods and tools
- Systematic bunch compression and THz generation studies
- Develop single shot fs diagnostics
- Synchronization on a femtosecond level

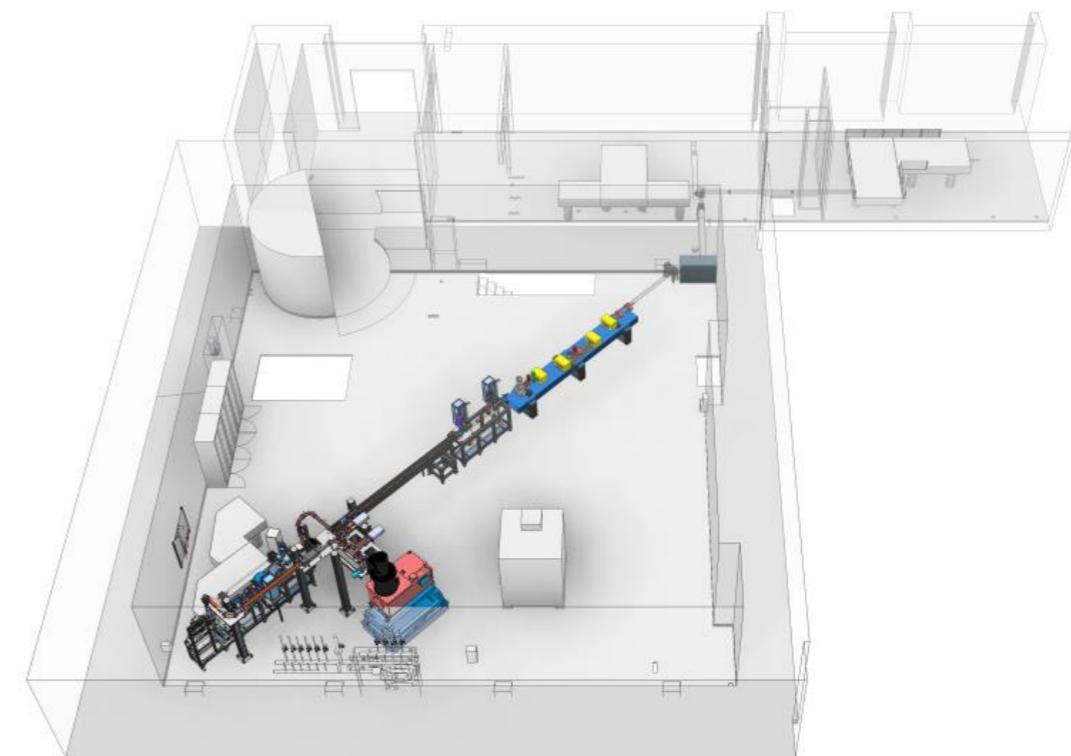
Final electron energy ~ 41 MeV

Electron bunch charge 0.001 - 3 nC

Electron bunch length 1 - 300 fs

Pulse repetition rate 10 Hz

THz E-Field strength up to 1.2 GV/m



[www.ibpt.kit.edu/flute](http://www.ibpt.kit.edu/flute)

# FLUTE status

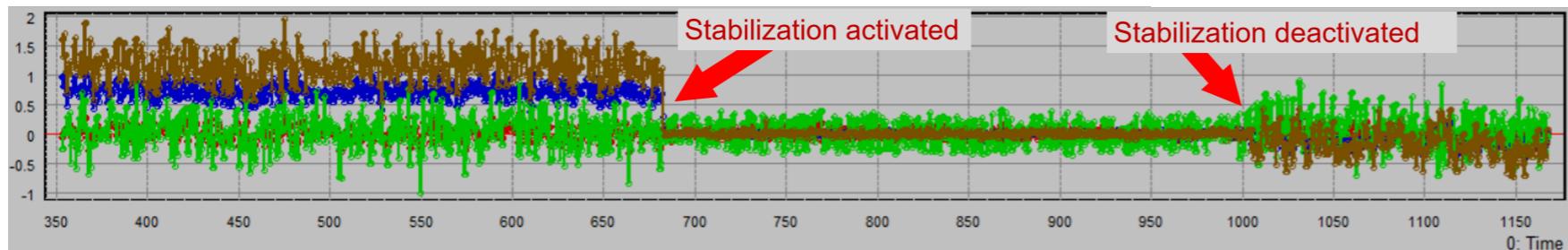
Poster T. Schmelzer

## ■ Commissioning progress:

- New circulator in operation  
→ commissioned gun up to 13 MW
- First energy spectrometer measurements  
→ electron beam up to 5.8 MeV
- New laser transport stabilization system  
in operation

## ■ Work in progress

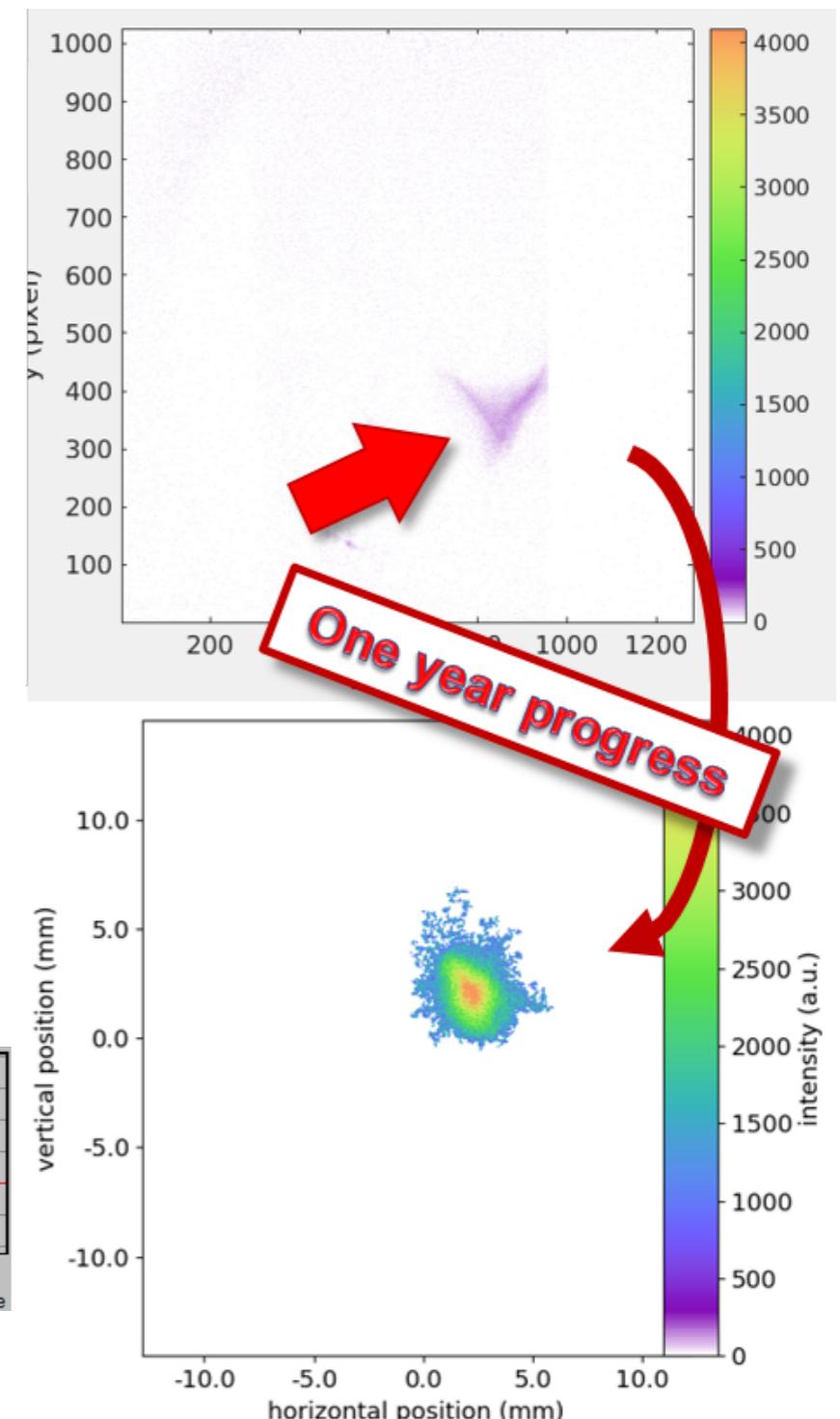
- Optimizing optics on table next to gun
- Systematic beam characterization
- Start of first user experiment: SRR



New transverse laser stabilization, pointing stability

M.J. Nasse et al., DOI: [10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2019-MOPTS018](https://doi.org/10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2019-MOPTS018)

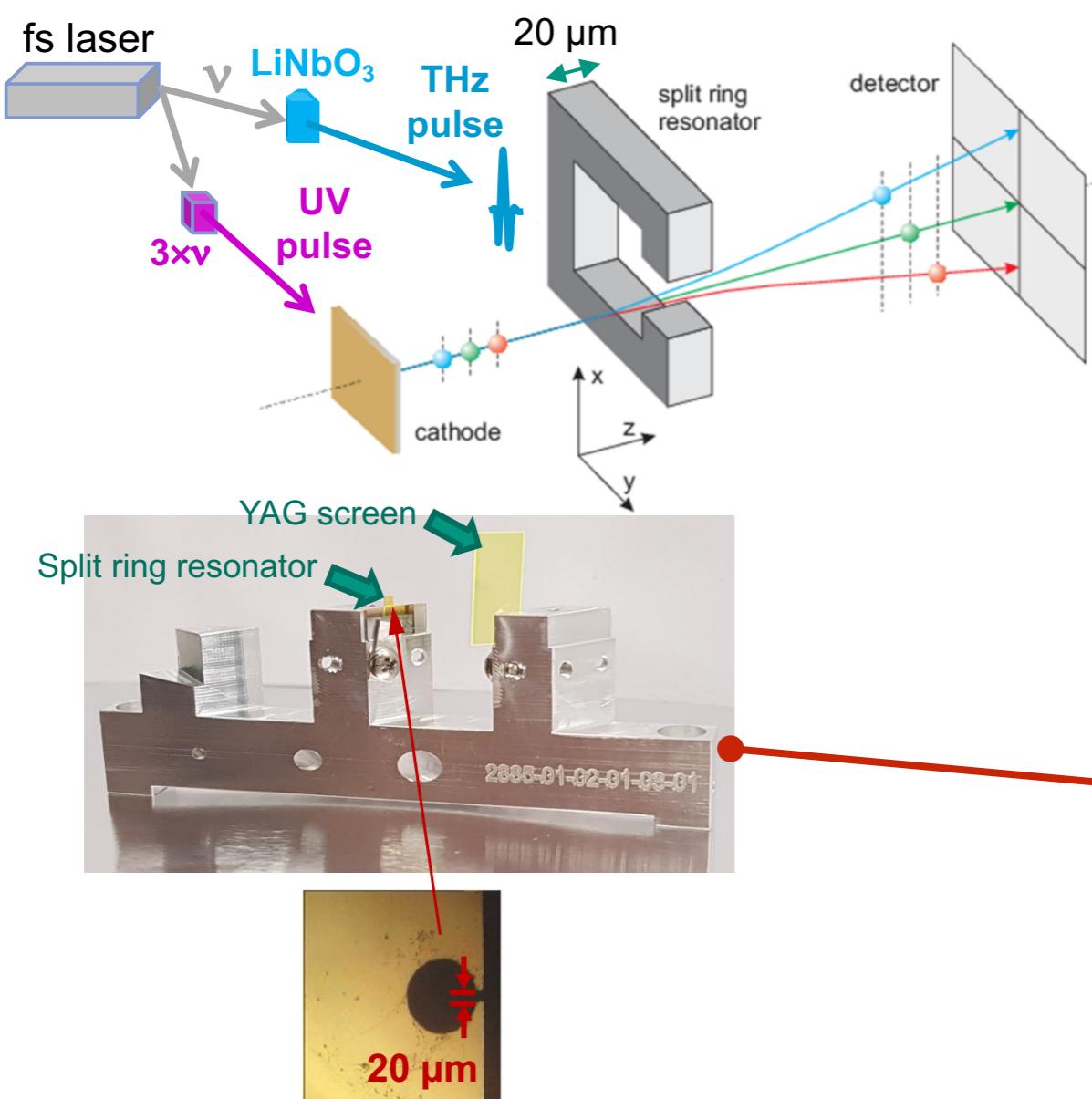
T. Schmelzer et al., DOI: [10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2019-WEPGW010](https://doi.org/10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2019-WEPGW010)



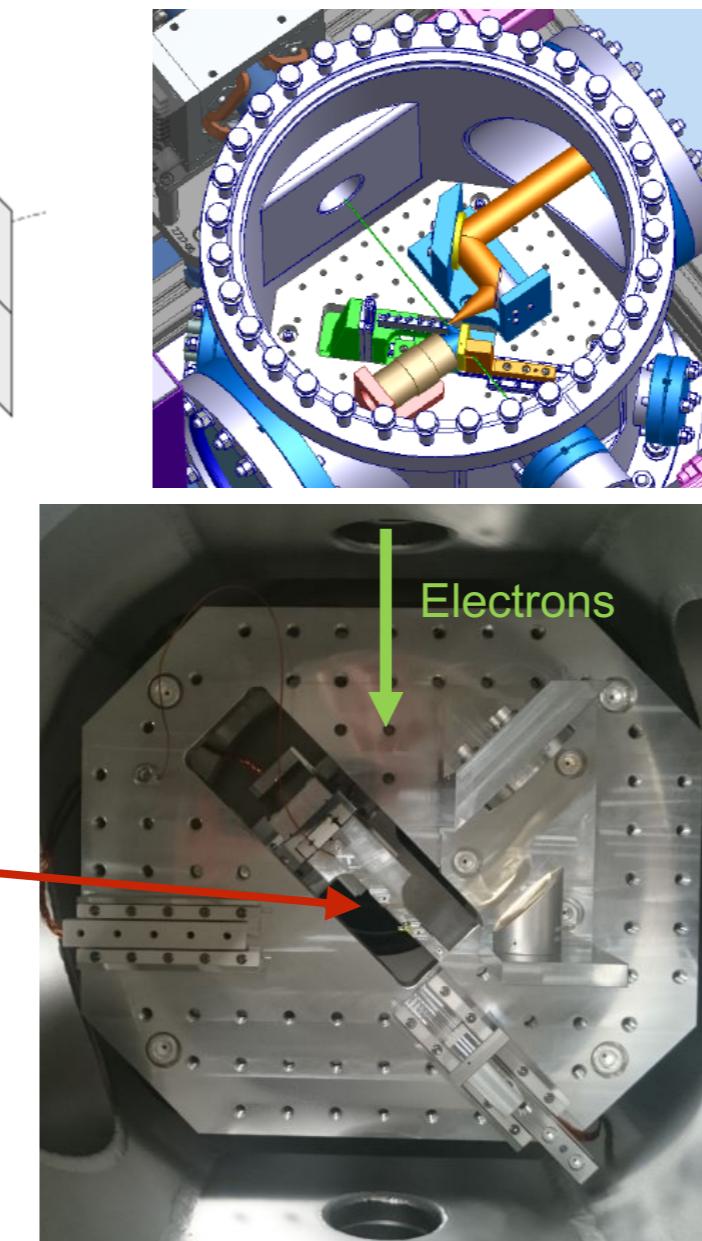
Beam profile improvement

# THz streaking using a split ring resonator

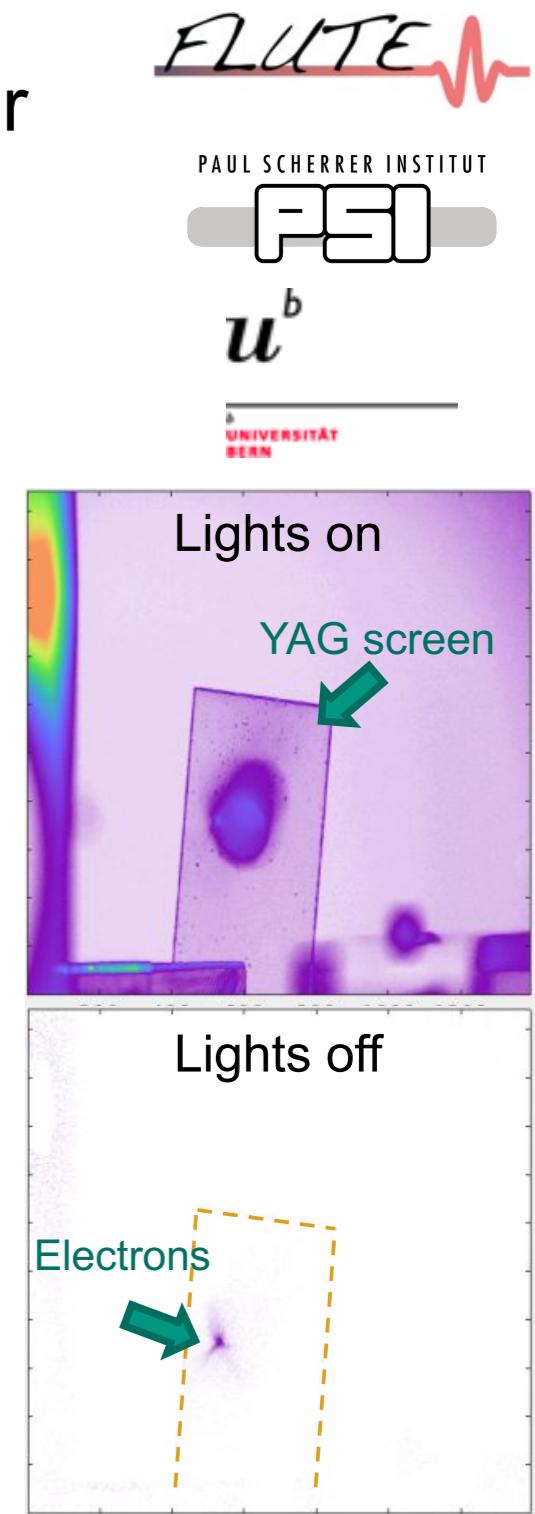
- Split ring resonator and YAG screen mounted in chamber
- First electrons on screen



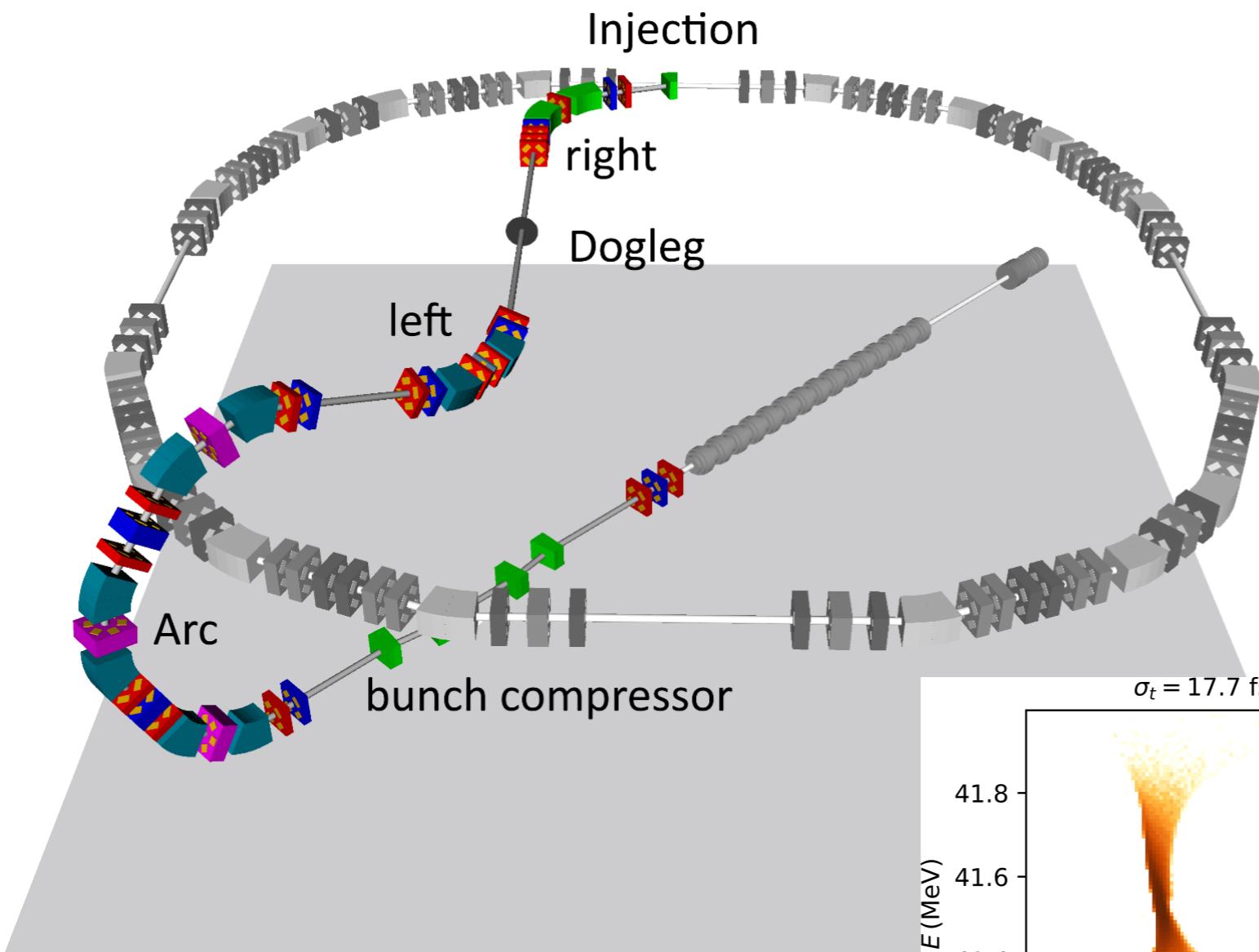
J. Fabiańska et. al., Sci. Rep. 4, 5645 (2014)



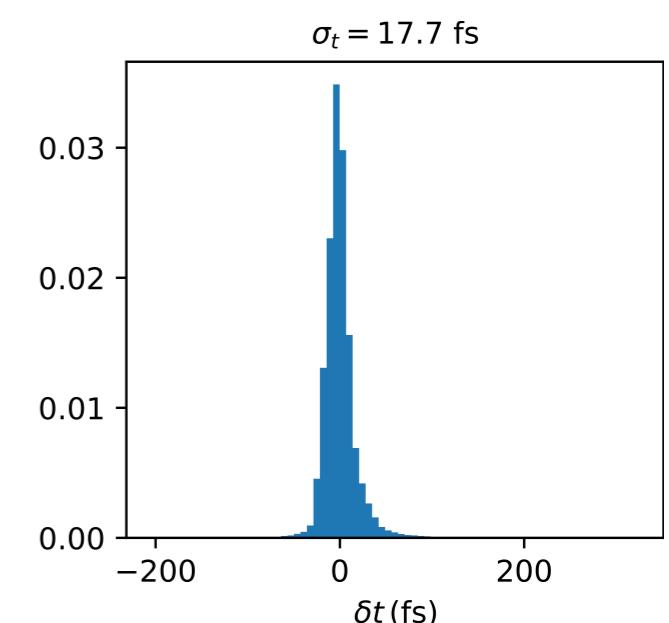
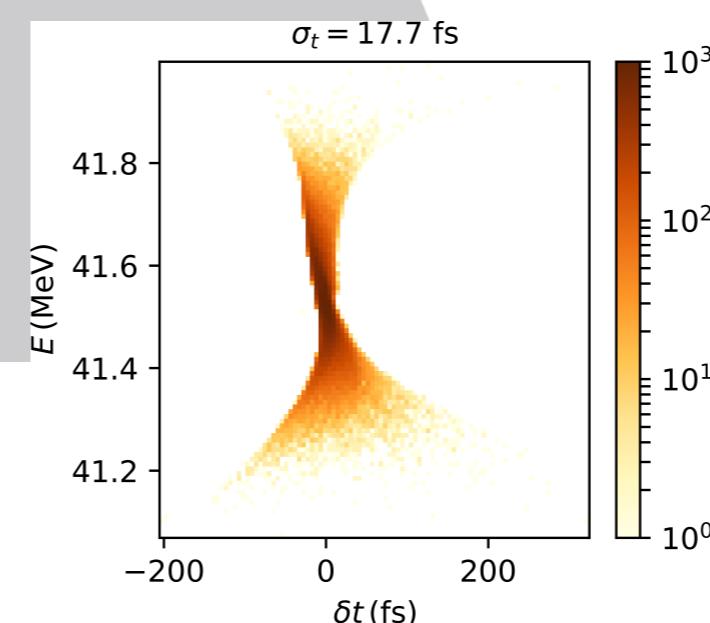
M. Yan et. al., IPAC'16, TUPG56 (2016)



# Transfer line FLUTE - cSTART



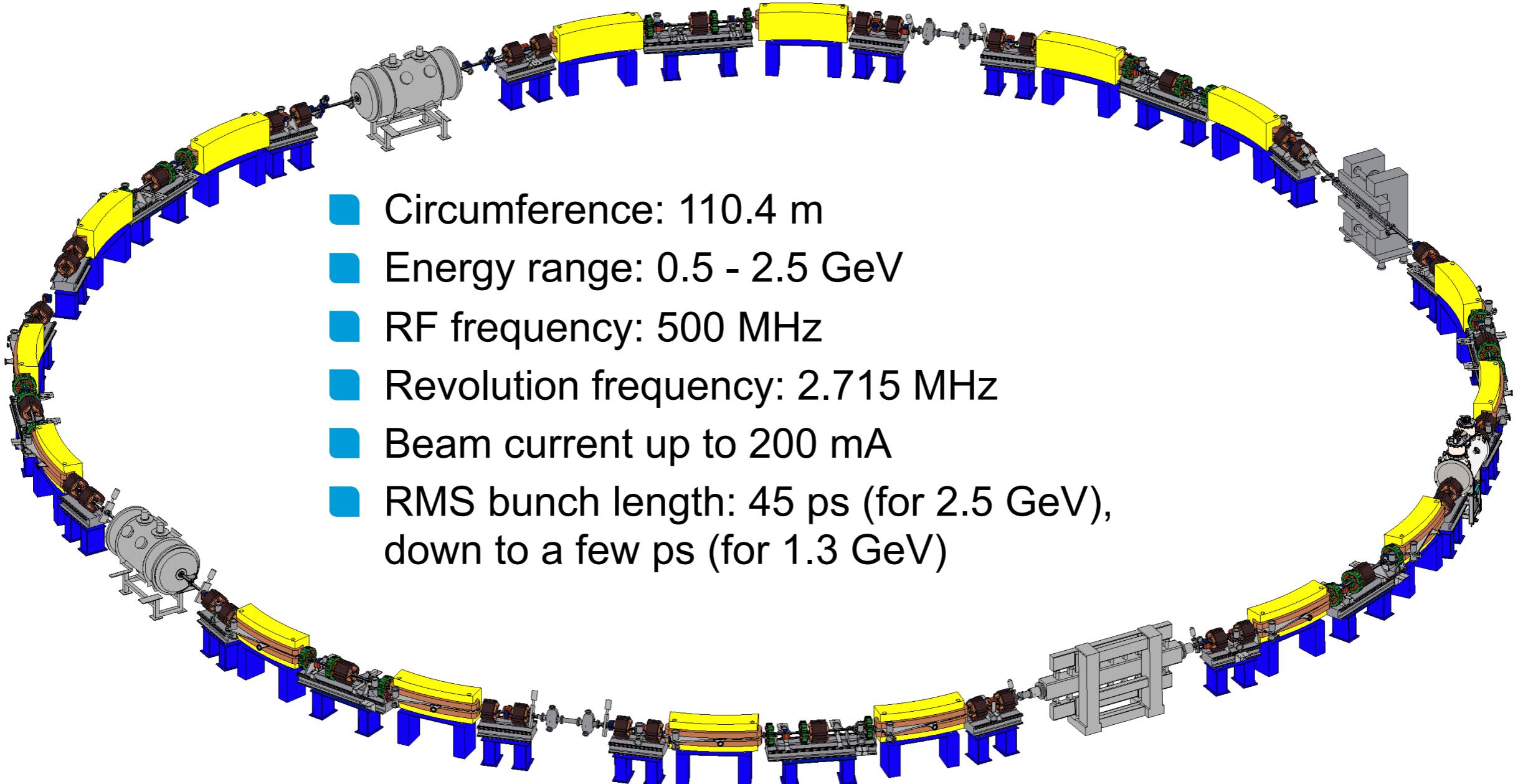
- Guidance without particle loss
- Arc with „negative dispersion optics“
- Bunch length compressed to 18 fs



J. Schäfer Master thesis:  
 Lattice design of a transfer line for ultra-short bunches from FLUTE to cSTART

# Karlsruhe Research Accelerator (KARA)

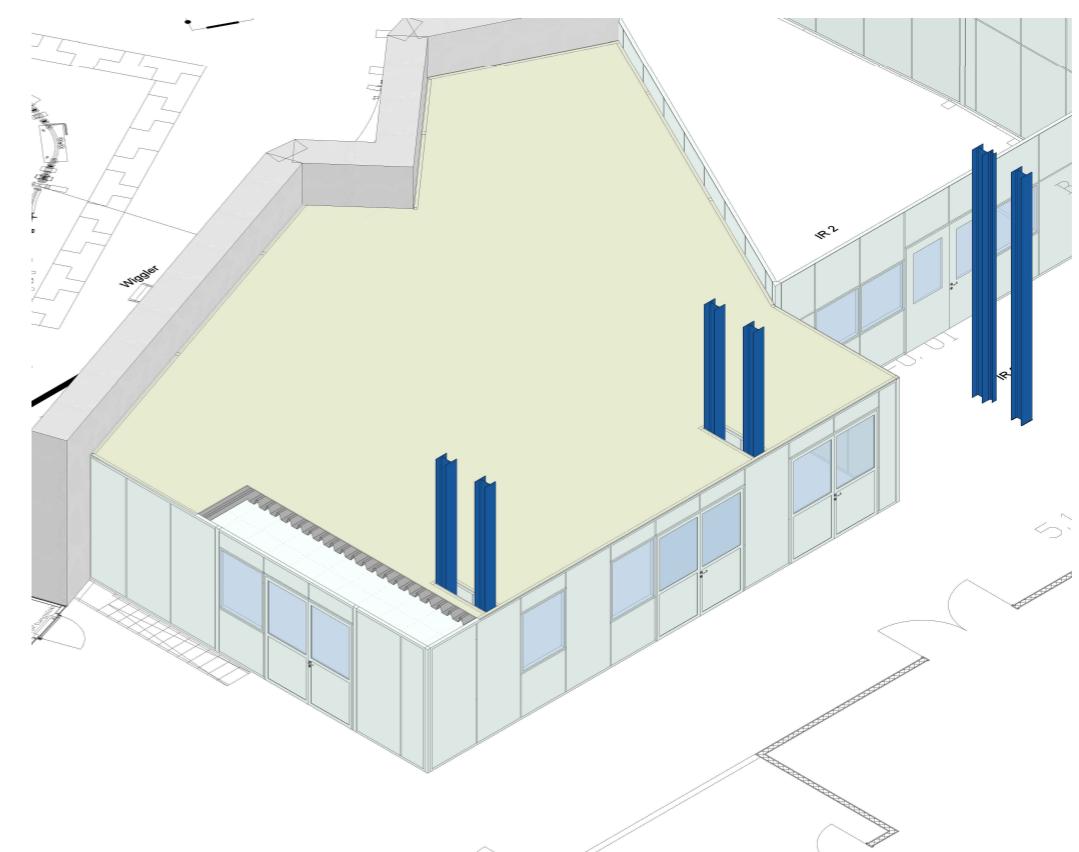
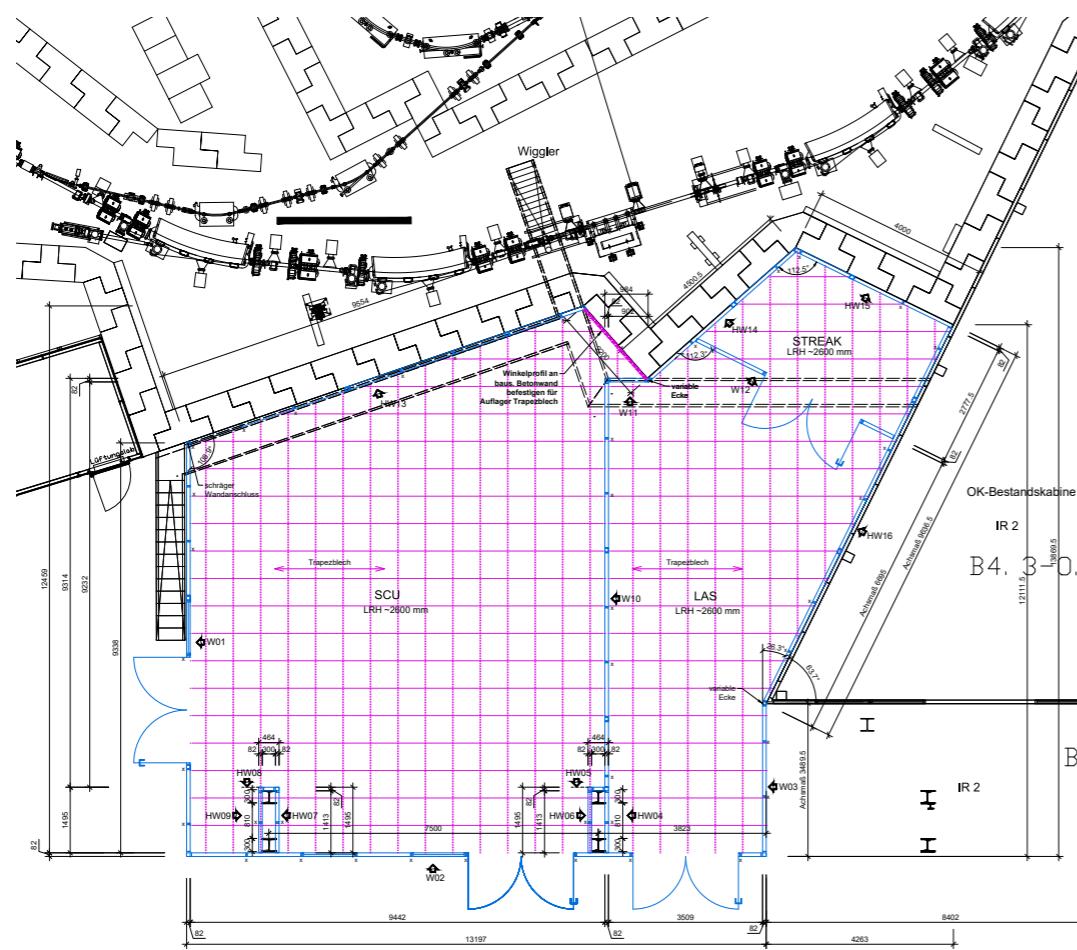
## User applications & accelerator test facility



[www.ibpt.kit.edu/kara](http://www.ibpt.kit.edu/kara)

# KARA refurbishment

- Replaced the Storage ring corrector power supplies
- New controllers for the Quadrupole and Sextupole power supplies
- New hutch for the VLD Port and lab space
- Installation of new Master Oszillator and fiber based reference clock distribution system in progress

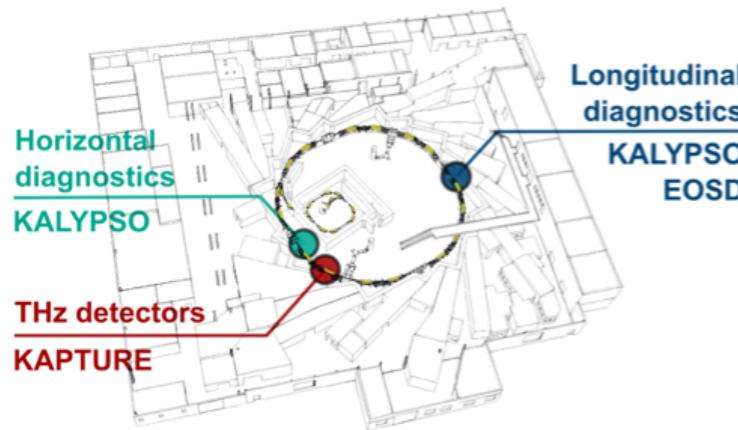


# KARA distributed sensor network

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05K16VKA  
05K19PEC



## Analyze Longitudinal Phase Space

**Emitted CSR**

THz Detector

KAPTURE

**Energy Spread**

Horizontal bunch profile in dispersive section

KALYPSO

**Bunch Profile**

Electro-optical spectral decoding

KALYPSO

Talk M. Brosi

M. Brosi et al., DOI: [10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2019-WEPTS015](https://doi.org/10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2019-WEPTS015)

B. Kehrer et al., DOI: [10.1103/PhysRevAccelBeams.21.102803](https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevAccelBeams.21.102803)

S. Funkner et al., DOI: [10.1103/PhysRevAccelBeams.22.022801](https://doi.org/10.1103/PhysRevAccelBeams.22.022801)

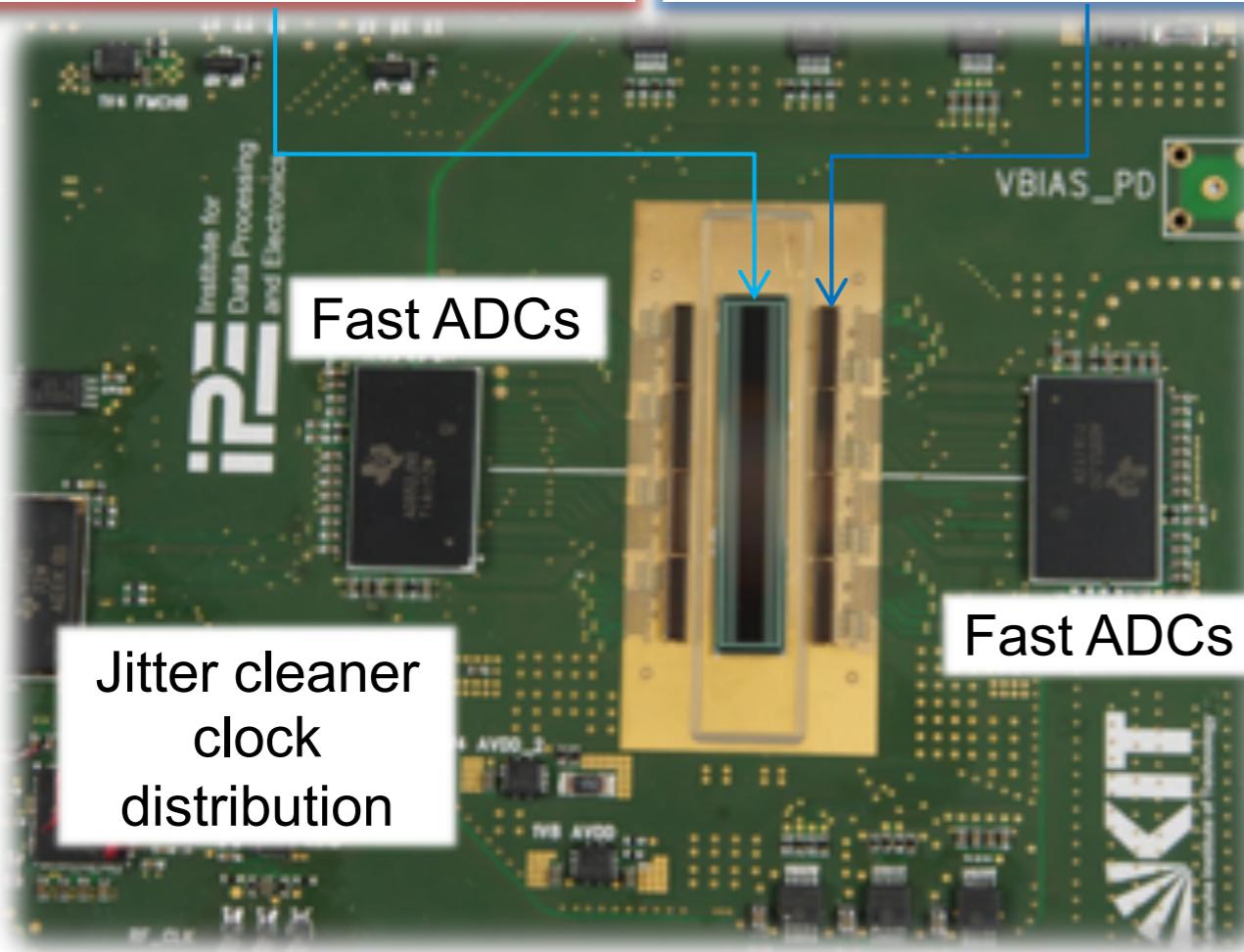
# KALYPSO V2.5 detector board

Poster M. Patil

Towards single-pulse spectral analysis of MHz-repetition rate with wide line array

Line array sensor: 1024 channels

Up to 8 parallel front-end readout ASICs



- Line array sensor up to 2048 channels (near-UV, VIS, near-IR)
- Up to 8 parallel low-noise front-end Gotthard-HR (KIT, PSI)
- Fast ADCs, 10/12 and 14 bit

ADC Conversion Rate	1024 channels	512 channels
100 MSPS (10 bit)	up to 3.1 Mfps	up to 6.25 Mfps
80 MSPS (12 bit)	up to 2.5 Mfps	up to 5 Mfps
<b>65 MSPS (14 bit)</b>	up to 2 Mfps	<b>up to 3 Mfps</b>

- External clocks and trigger synchronizations (option.)

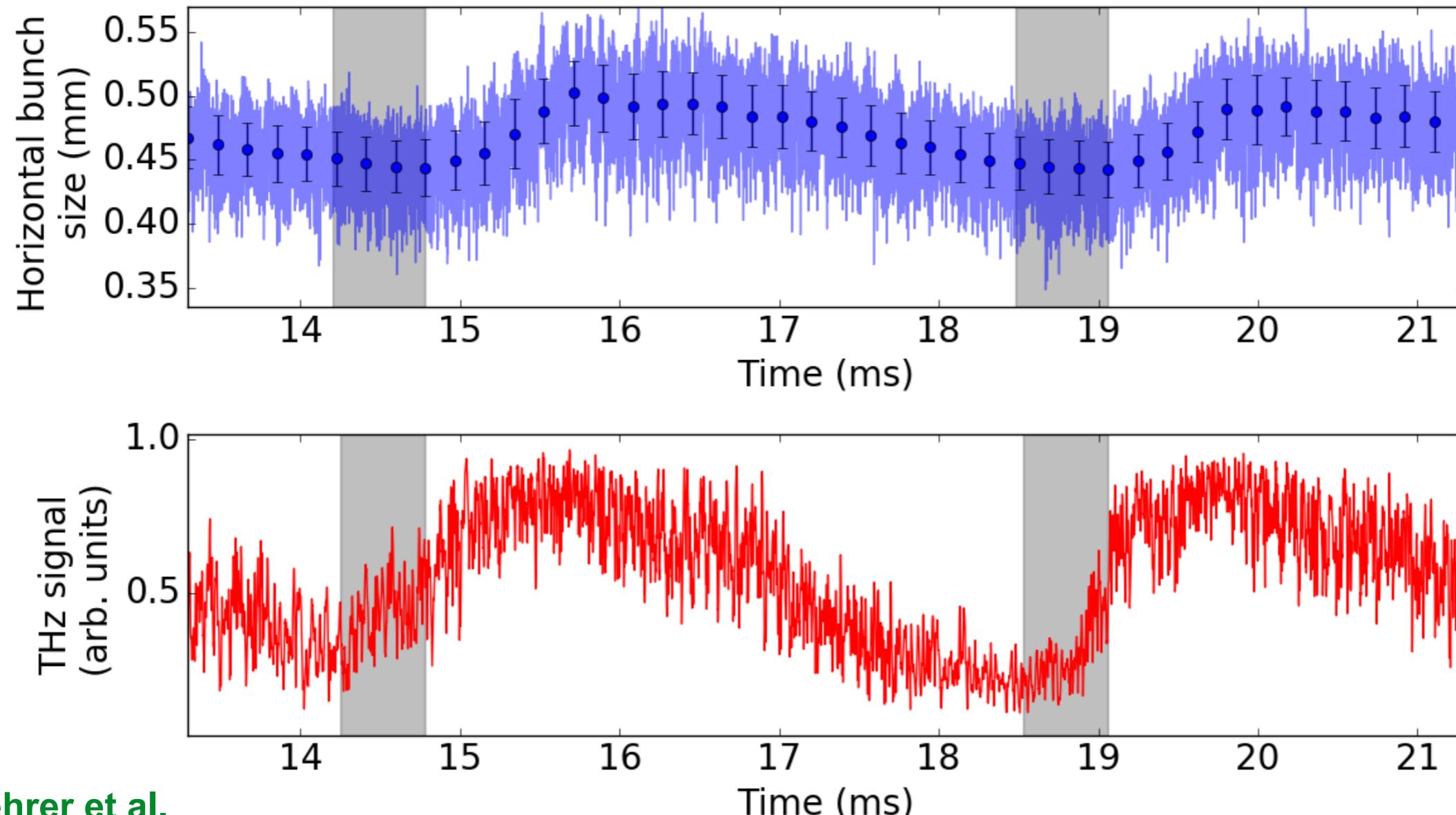
L. Rota, M. Caselle et al., DOI: [10.1016/j.nima.2018.10.093](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nima.2018.10.093)

M. Patil et al., DOI: [10.22323/1.343.0045](https://doi.org/10.22323/1.343.0045)

# Synchronous measurements

- KALYPSO for horizontal bunch size
- KAPTURE with schottky diode for CSR

Poster B. Kehrer



B. Kehrer et al.

DOI: [10.5445/IR/1000098584](https://doi.org/10.5445/IR/1000098584) DOI: [10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2019-WEPGW016](https://doi.org/10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2019-WEPGW016)

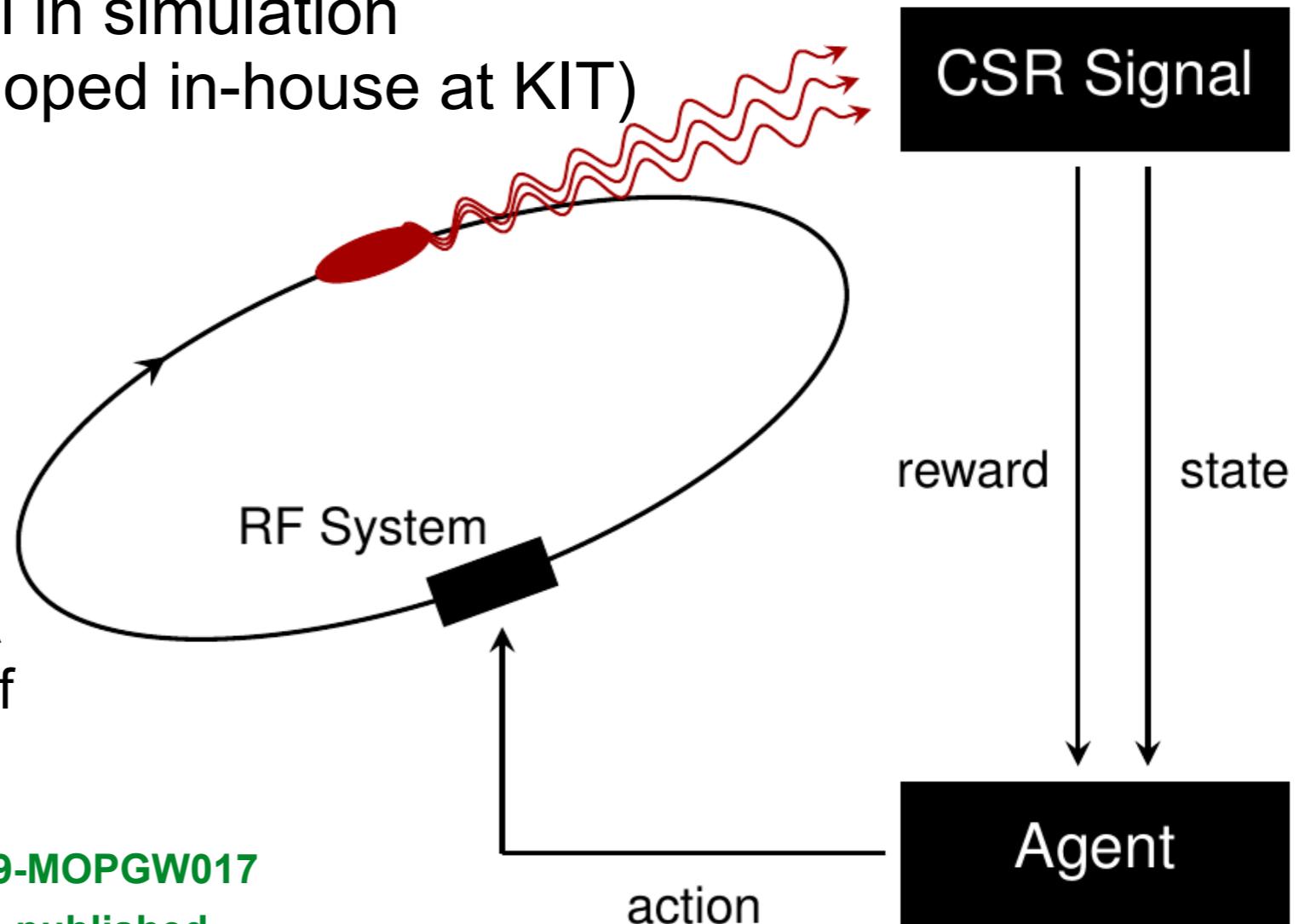
# Micro-Bunching Control with Reinforcement Learning

- **Goal:** Longitudinal feedback to control micro-bunching dynamics  
→ optimize emitted CSR (high average, low variance)

- **Proof of principle:** Control in simulation  
(VFP solver Inovesa, developed in-house at KIT)  
– ongoing work

- **Implementation:**

- Connection of THz diagnostics (KAPTURE) with KARA RF system
- Machine learning on FPGA to match time constraints of kHz repetition rate



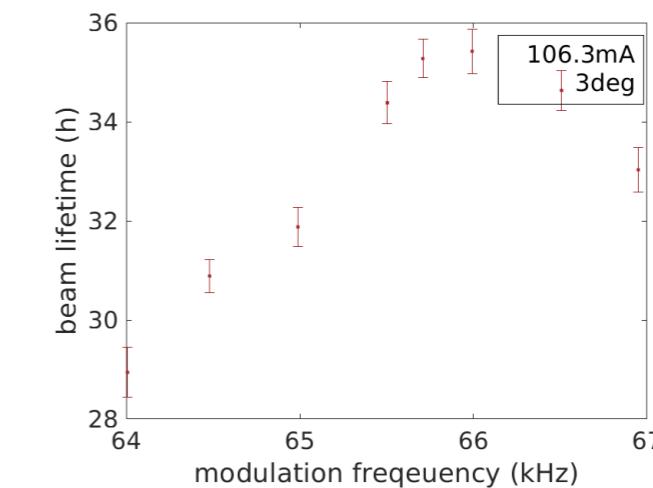
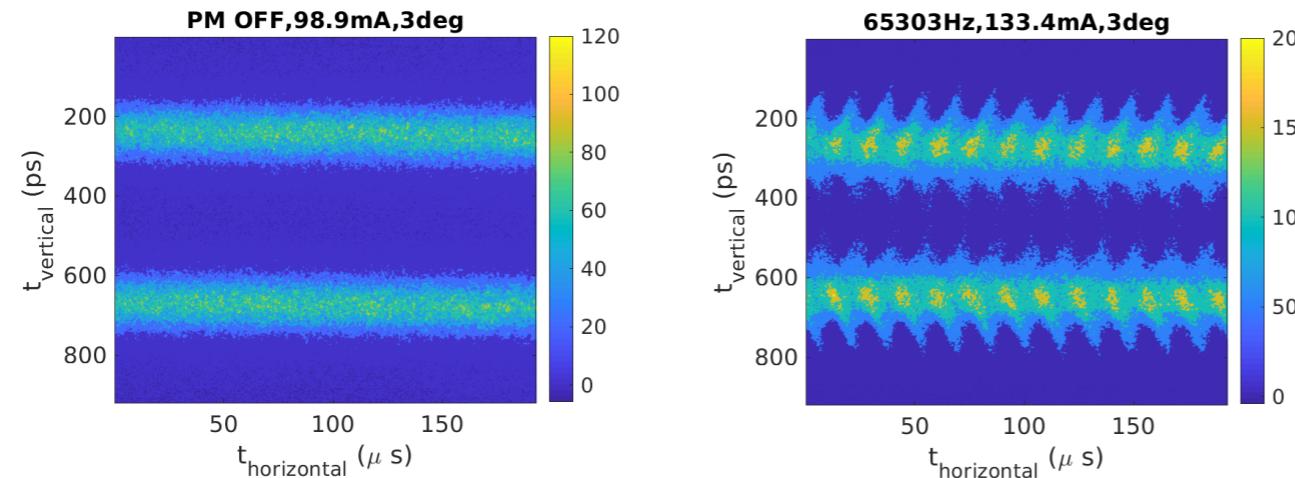
T. Boltz et al., DOI: 10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2019-MOPGW017

W. Wang et al., ICALEPCS'19, TUCPL06, to be published

Inovesa (<https://github.com/Inovesa/Inovesa>), P. Schönfeldt et al., DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevAccelBeams.20.030704

# RF phase modulation

- Increase the bunch length to increase the beam life time
- Excite the beam using phase modulation in the LLRF system

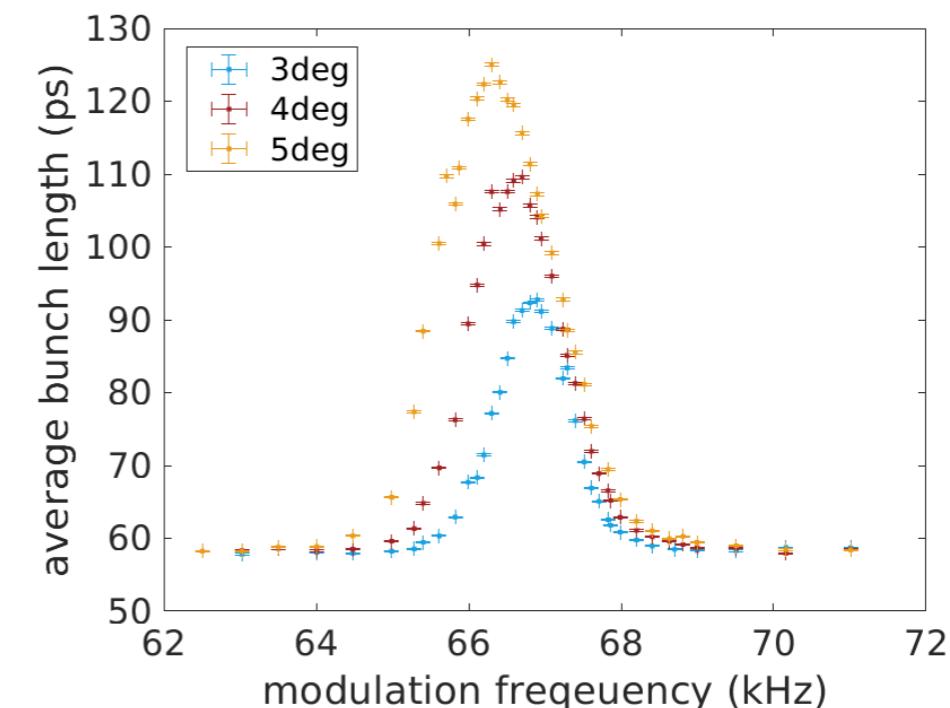


## ■ Systematic studies

- Analyze the bunch lengthening using a Streak camera
- Scan the excitation frequency
- Phase modulation amplitude

**S. Maier and A. Mochihashi**

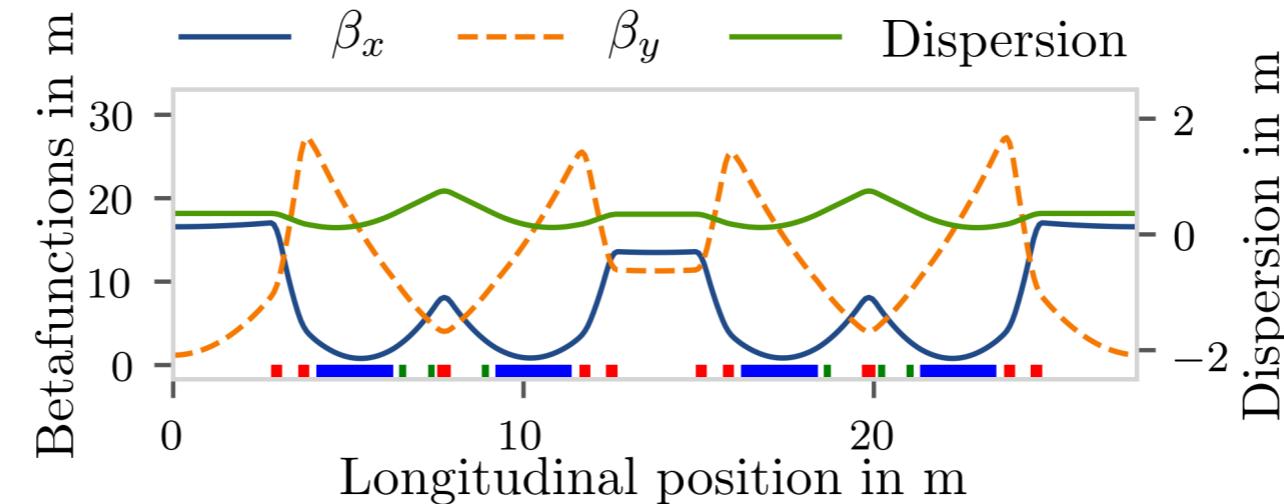
**DOI: 10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2019-WEPTS016**



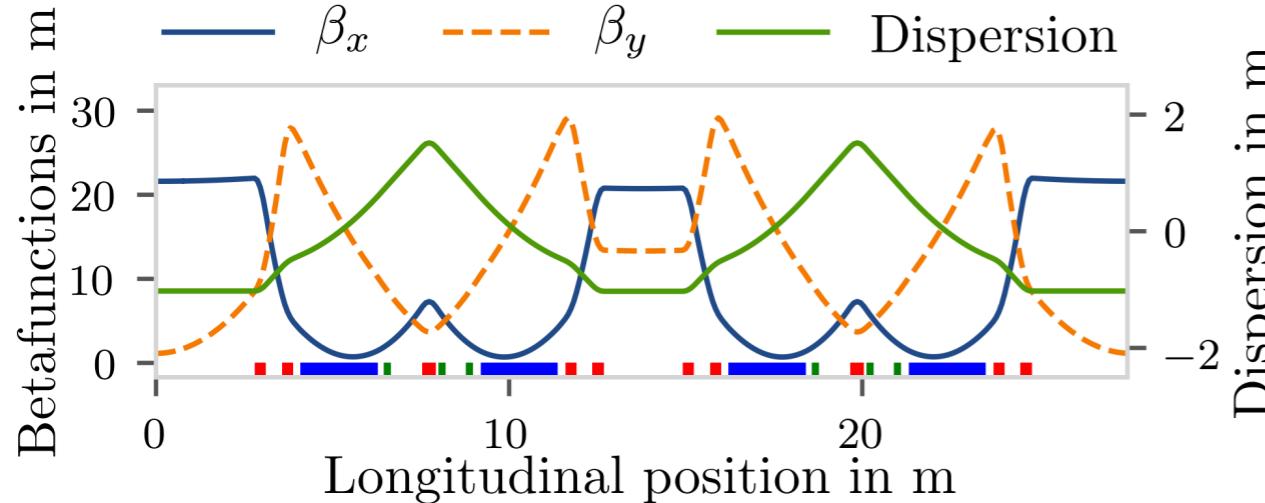
# Low and negative $\alpha_c$ optics at 500 MeV

Poster P. Schreiber

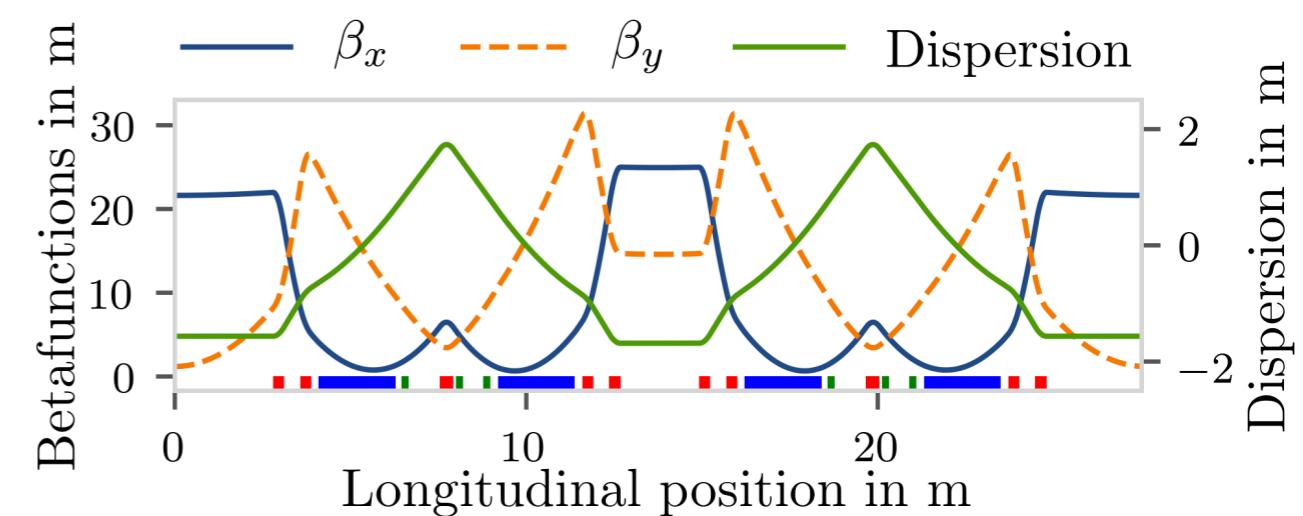
$$\alpha_c = 9 \times 10^{-3}$$



$$\alpha_c = 1 \times 10^{-4}$$



$$\alpha_c = -8 \times 10^{-3}$$

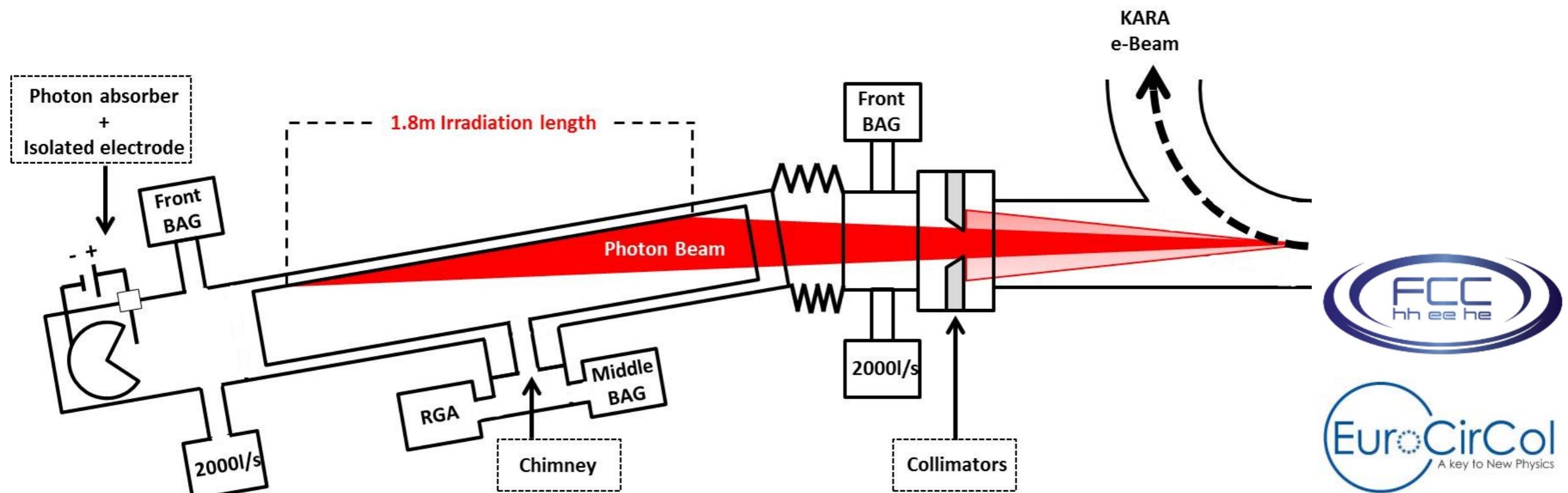


P. Schreiber et al.

DOI: [10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2019-MOPTS017](https://doi.org/10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2019-MOPTS017)

# BESTEX

- Three FCC-hh Beam Screen prototypes including the baseline design have been tested so far at BESTEX
- Upgrade: Implement liquid Nitrogen cooling to test under cryogenic conditions in the future



L. A. González et al,

DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevAccelBeams.22.083201

# SCID: superconducting undulator with switchable period length

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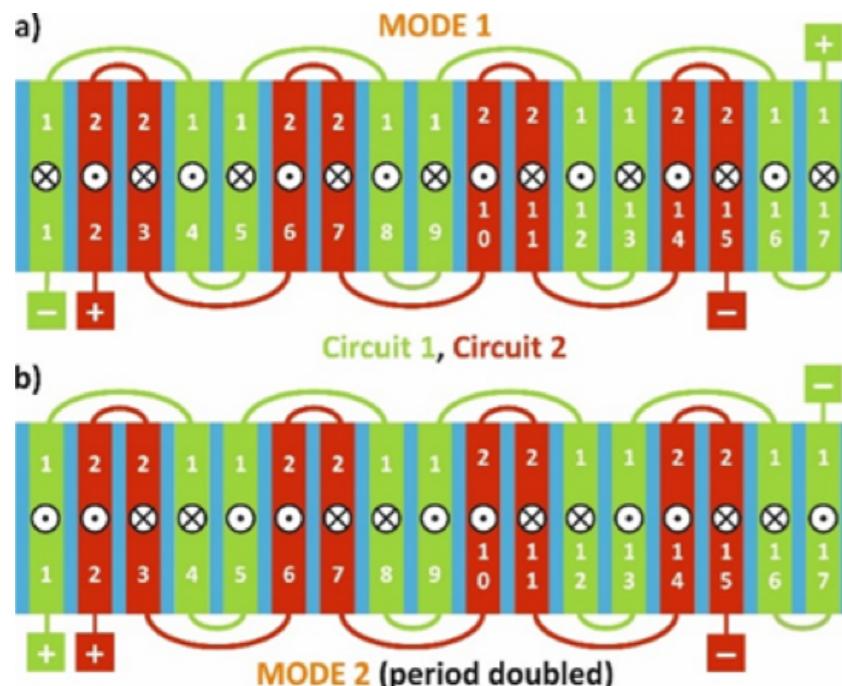
05K12CK1

Idea: switchable period length → increase of photon energy range

Concept: changing the current in one circuit

Fabrication of a SCID with 17 mm and 34 mm period at IBPT

- reach full tunability with 17 mm
- high brilliance in the soft X-ray regime with the 1<sup>st</sup> harmonic of 34 mm:
  - to measure M-absorption edges of metals like V, Cr, Mn and Fe
  - going as low as few tens of eV (low emittance light source with 3 GeV)



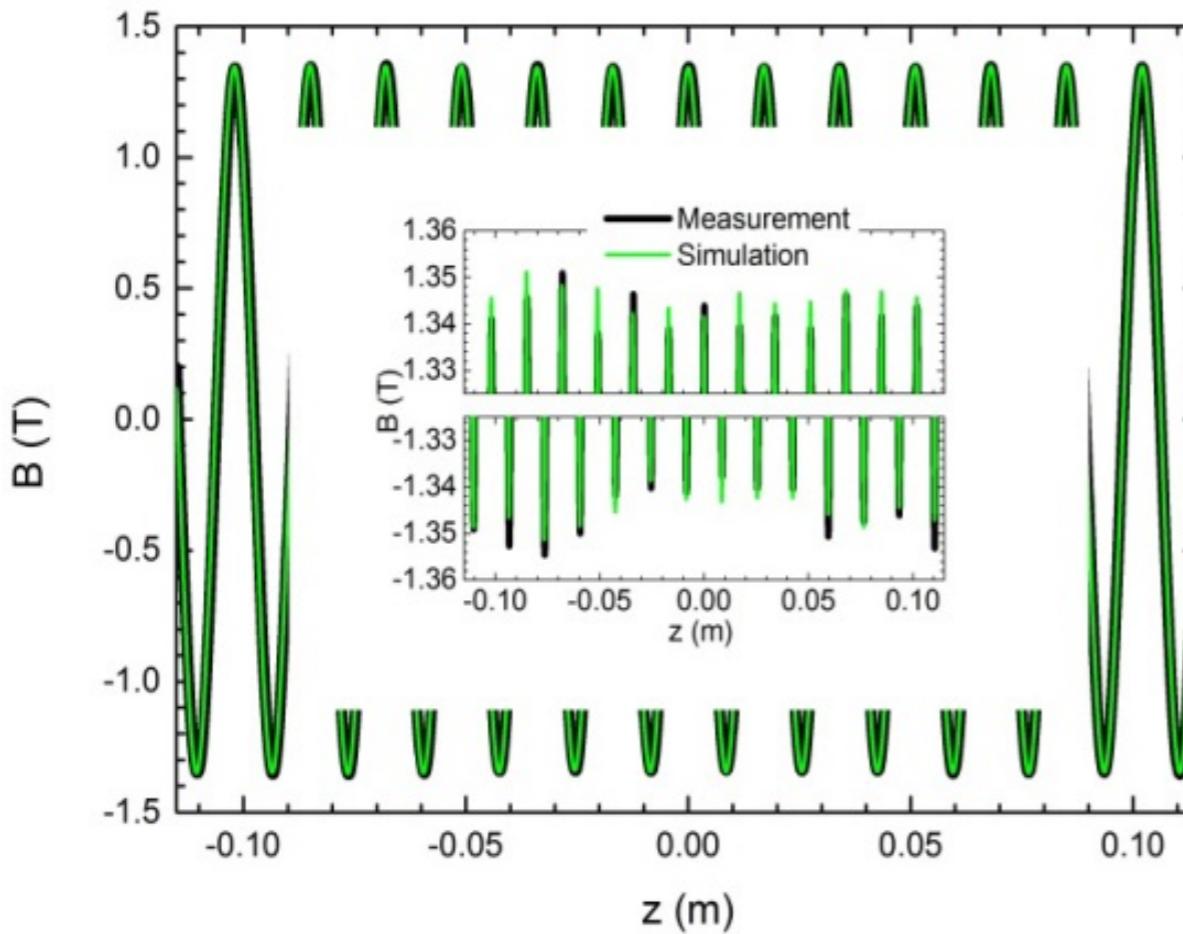
S. Casalbuoni, N. Glamann, A.W. Grau, T. Holubek, D. Saez de Jauregui

DOI: 10.18429/JACoW-IPAC2019-TUPGW017

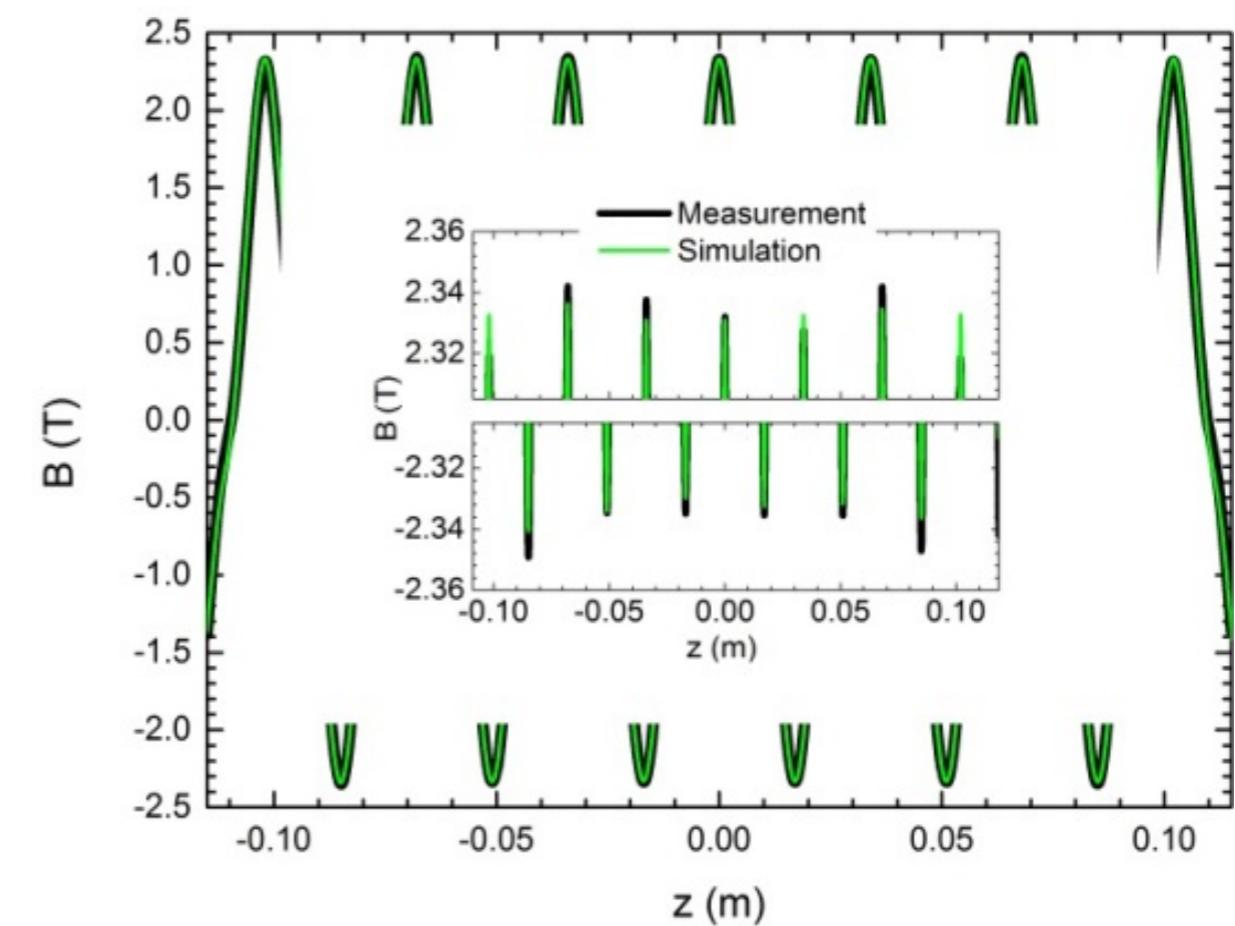
# SCID: superconducting undulator with switchable period length

## Field measurement results

@17 mm period length 500A



@34 mm period length 370A



# Acknowledgements

## ■ The accelerator team:

Axel Bernhard, Edmund Blomley, Tobias Boltz, Miriam Brosi, Erik Bründermann, Sara Casalbuoni, Kantaphon Damminsek, Stefan Funkner, Julian Gethmann, Andreas Grau, Bastian Härer, Erhard Huttel, Benjamin Kehrer, Sebastian Maier, Anton Malygin, Sebastian Marsching, Yves-Laurent Mathis, Wolfgang Mexner, Akira Mochihashi, Michael J. Nasse, Gudrun Niehues, Meghana Patil, Alexander Papash, Robert Ruprecht, David Saez de Jauregui, Jens Schäfer, Thiemo Schmelzer, Patrick Schreiber, Nigel J. Smale, Johannes L. Steinmann, Paweł Wesolowski, and Anke-Susanne Müller

## ■ KIT Institutes (ETP, IHM, IMS, IPE, IPS, LAS)

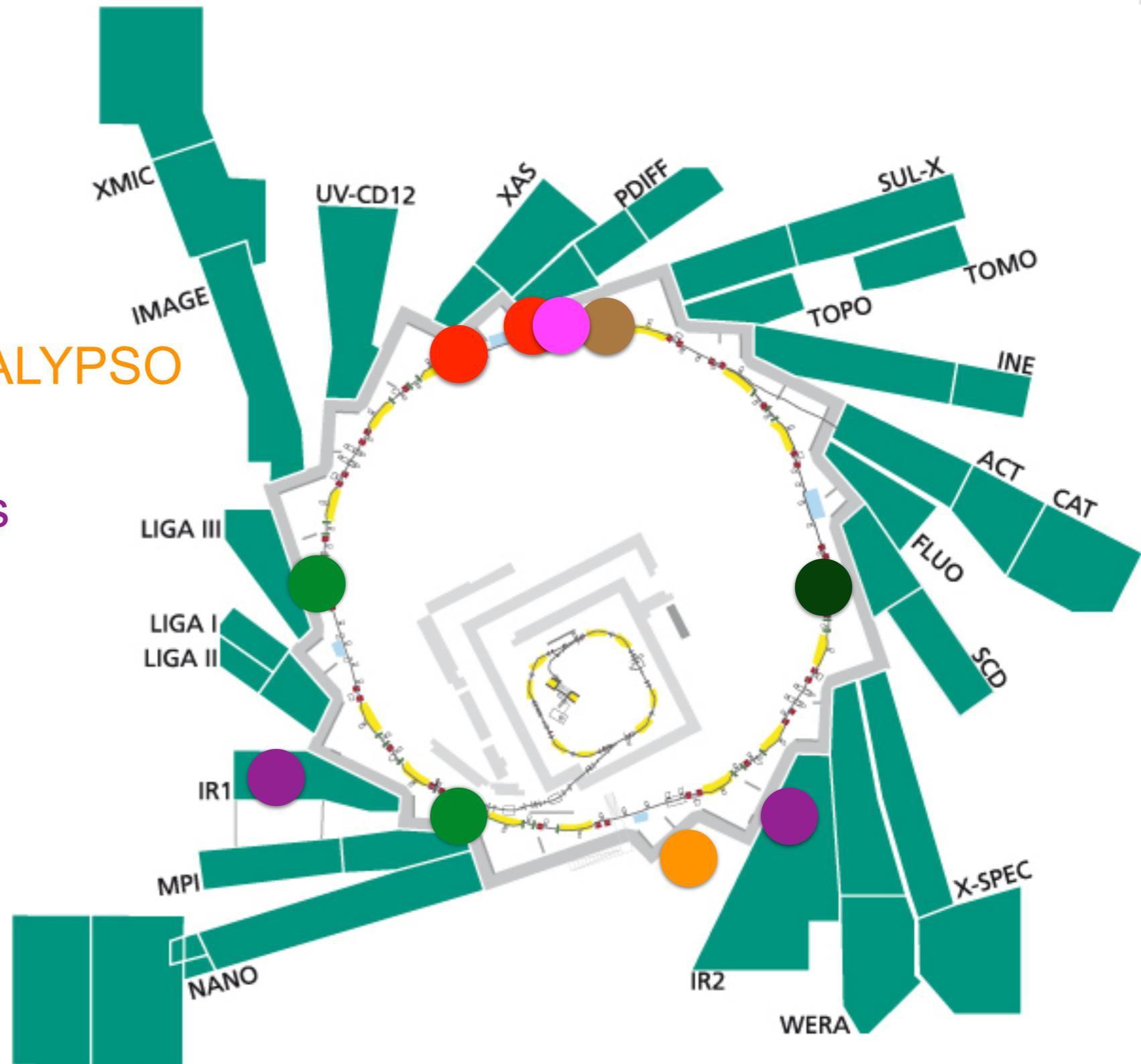
## ■ Collaboration partners



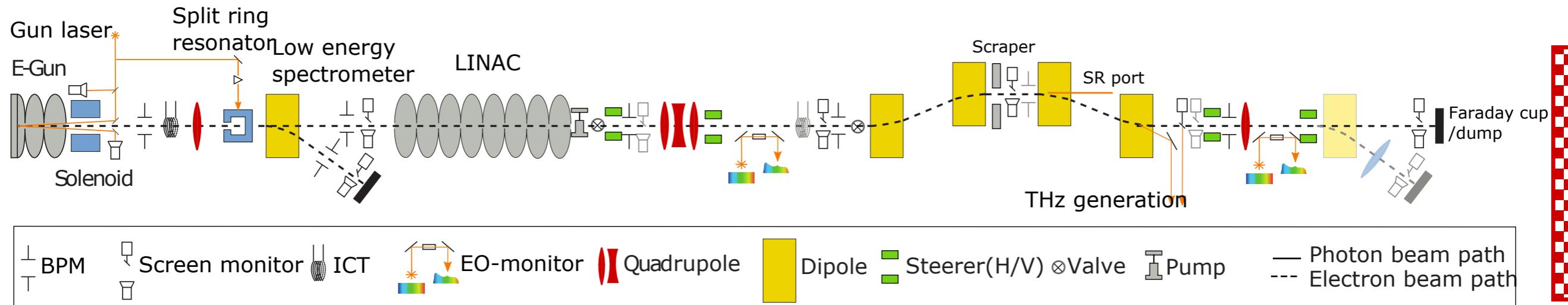
# Backup slides

# Diagnostics at KARA

- SR light monitor
- In-Air X-ray detector
- EO-Nearfield setup
- Streak camera
- Fast-gated camera / KALYPSO
- BBB feedback system
- Ultra fast THz detectors
- Lead glass detector
- BPMs
- BLMs
- ...



# FLUTE diagnostics



## ■ Large dynamic range:

- Charge: 1 pC - 3 nC
- Energy: 7 - 42 MeV
- Bunch length: 2-3 ps (after gun), few fs (after chicane)
- Transverse bunch size: 20  $\mu$ m - 4 mm

## ■ Laser-Diagnostic:

- Virtual cathode
- Cathode imaging
- Auto-Correlator / Grennouille

## ■ Charge, position, size:

- Integrating current transformer
- Faraday cup
- 7-8 cavity BPMs (XFEL, SwissFEL)
- 5-8 movable screens (PSI)

## ■ THz-Diagnostic:

- Fast THz-detectors (e.g. HEB, Schottky Diodes)
- Interferometer: Martin-Puplett, Michelson
- Electro-optical methods (far-field)

## ■ Energy:

- 2 spectrometers (7 & 42 MeV)

## ■ Bunch length:

- 2 electro-optical monitors (PSI / DESY)
- Split ring resonator