

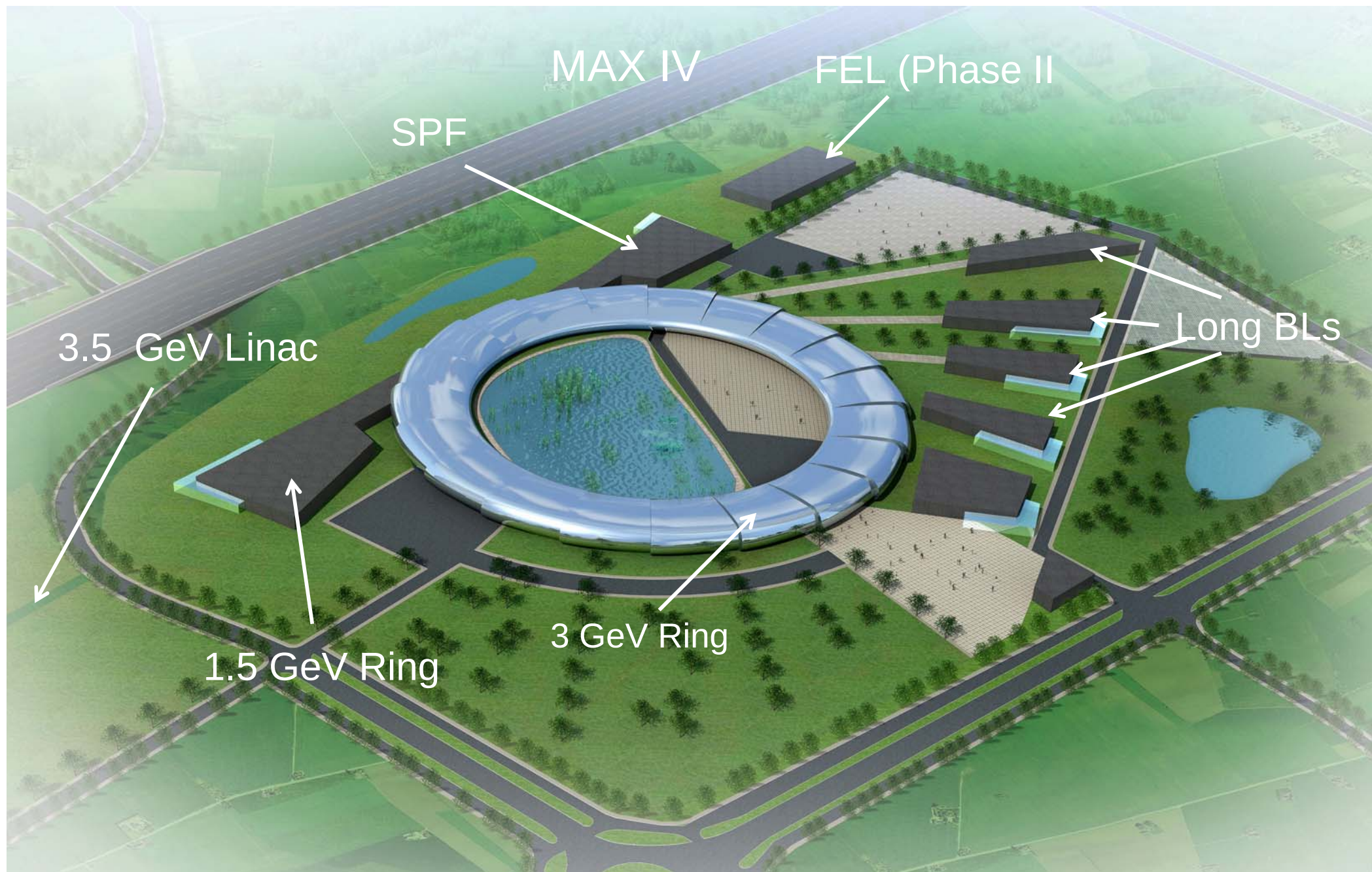
The MAX IV Facility

XVII ESLS Meeting in Hamburg 2009



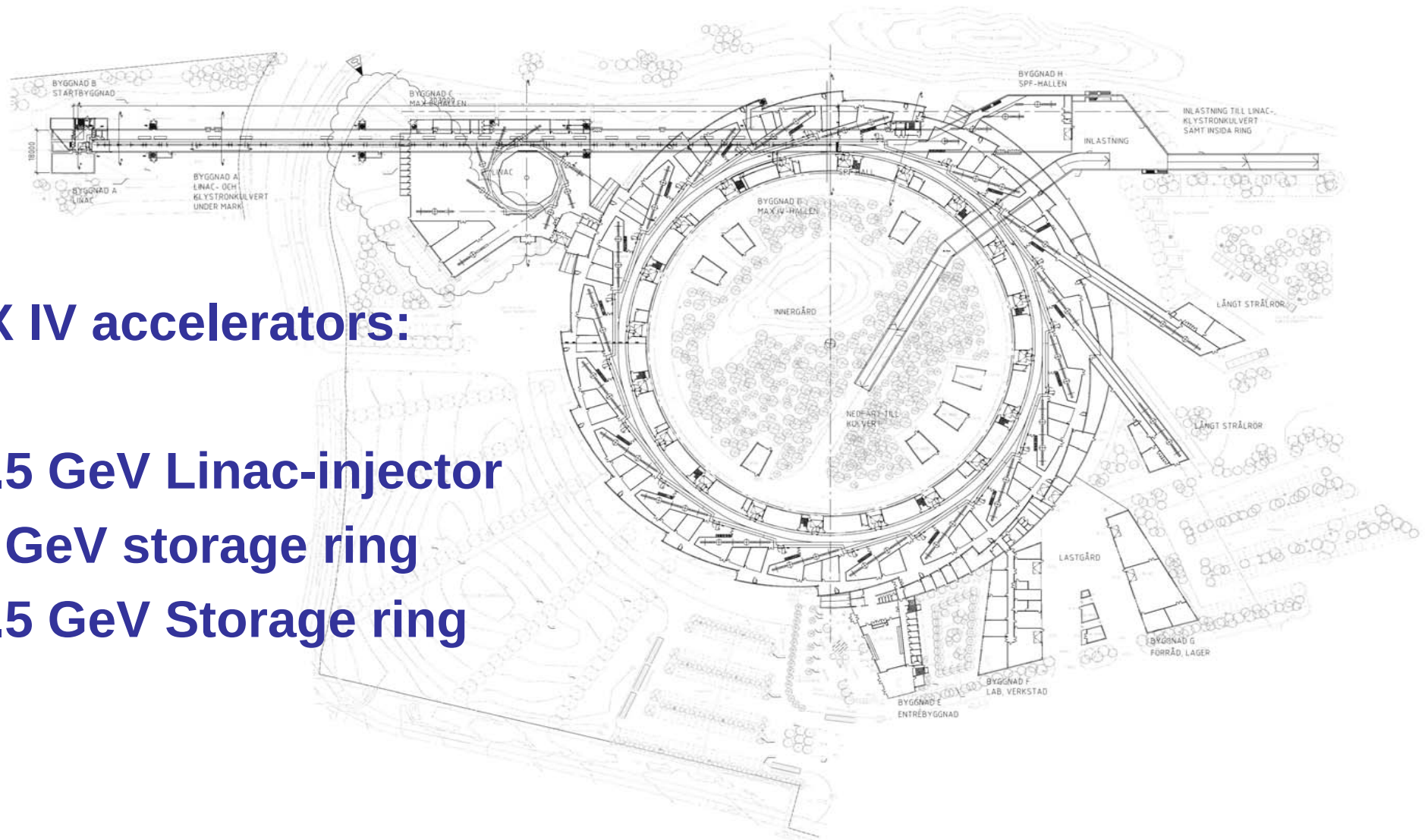
MAX IV

ESS

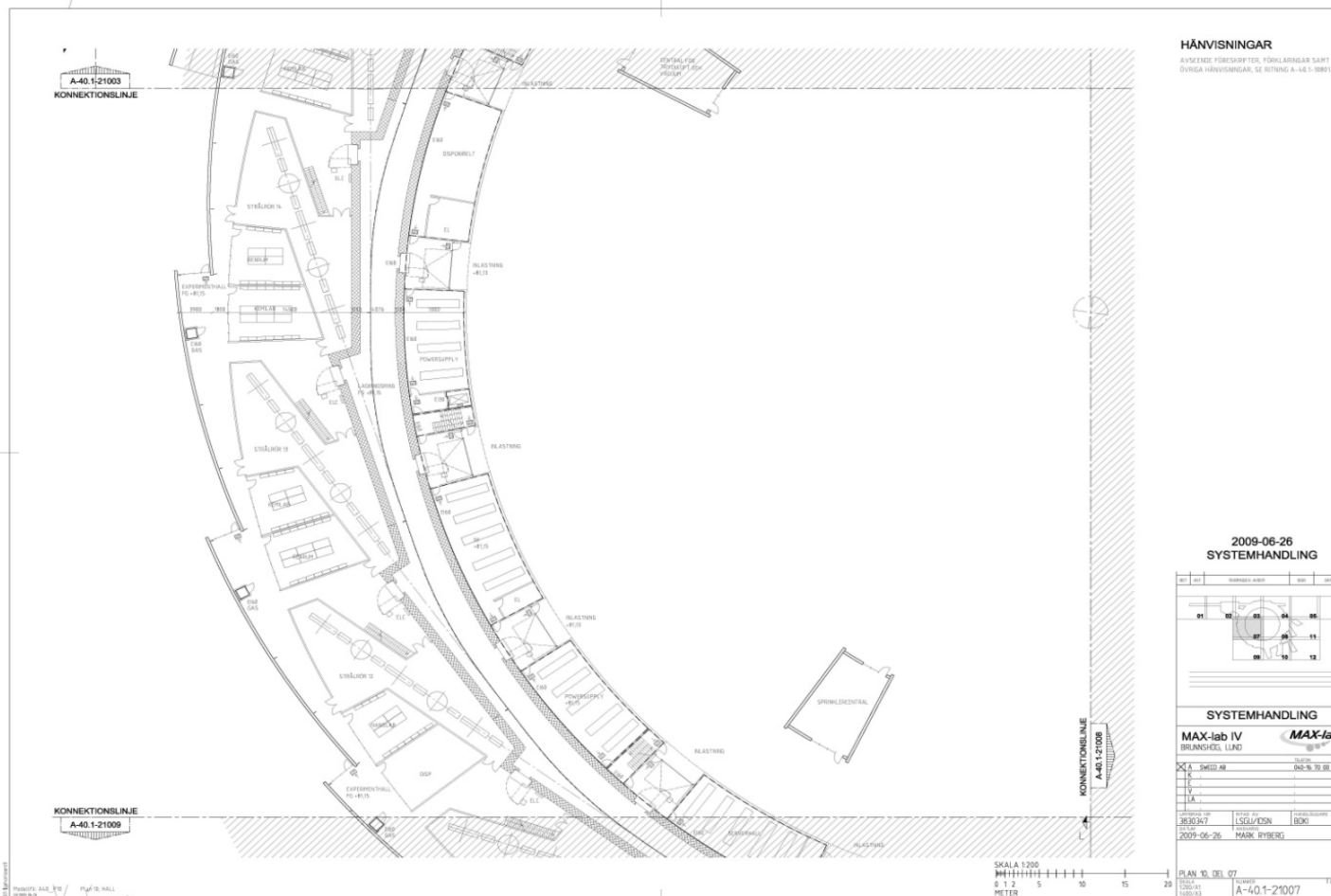


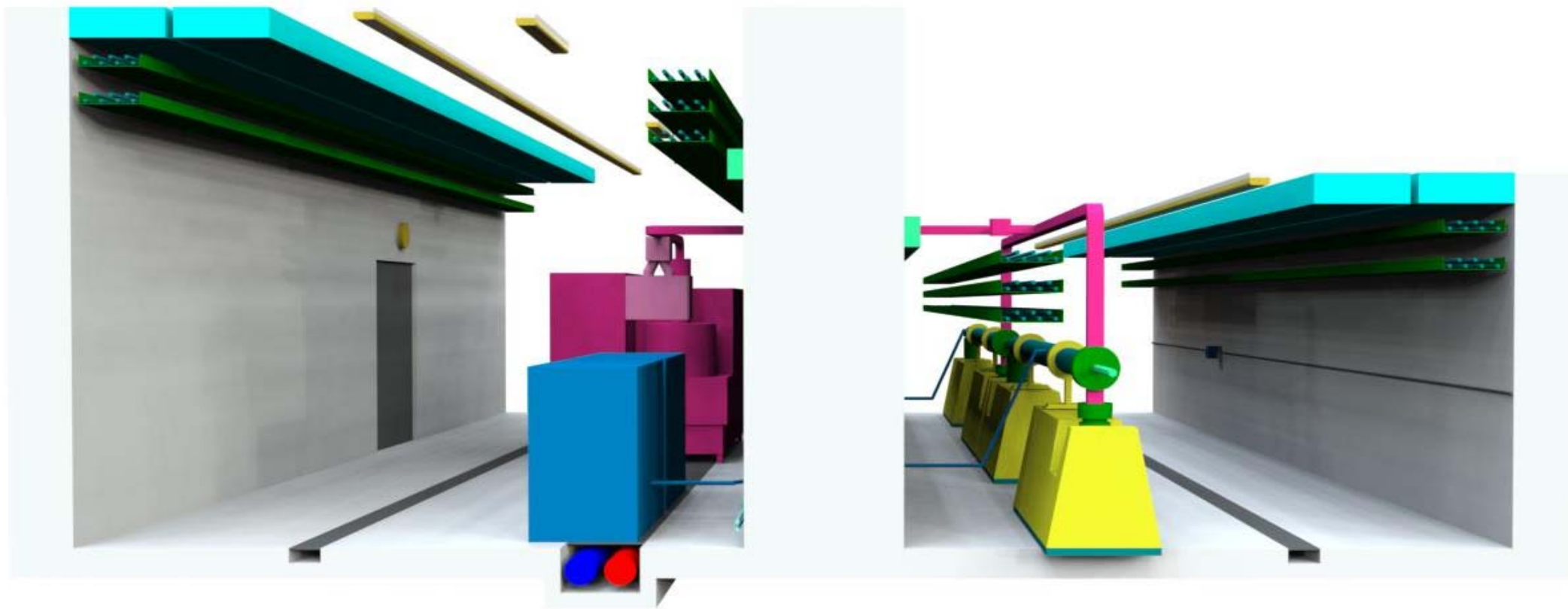
MAX IV accelerators:

- 3.5 GeV Linac-injector
- 3 GeV storage ring
- 1.5 GeV Storage ring

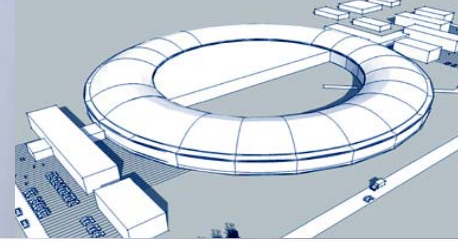


A Circle Section





Klystron gallery & LINAC



Specifications Linac

Linac

Frequency (GHz)	3
Temperature	Warm
End Energy (GeV)	3.5
Charge/pulse (nC)	0.1, 15*0.1 as injector
Bunch length (ps)	0.1
Rep Rate (Hz)	0-100
Emittance (mm mrad)	0.4
Energy spread	$2 \cdot 10^{-3}$

MAX IV – Swedish / Nordic / Baltic SR facility

Specifications Storage Rings

Electron energy (GeV)	3	1.5
RF (MHz)	100	100
Circ current (mA)	500	500
Circumference (m)	528	96
Nr of long straights	20	12
Length (m)	5	3.5
Hor emittance (nm rad)	0.24	5.6
Hor RMS beam size (μm)	45	200
Vert RMS beam size (μm)	2.6	10
Beam life-time (h)	10	5

Top-up injection in both rings

MAX IV – 3 GeV Ring

Receipt for designing a low emittance ring:

Remember: $Brilliance \propto \frac{1}{\varepsilon^2}$ $\varepsilon = C_q \frac{Energy^2}{(N_{magnets})^3}$

1. Try to minimize C_q (Theoretical Minimum Emittance)
But: Doesn't work, the ring gets unstable.

2. Increase the number of magnets.
But: The ring will get a 2 km or so circumference.
(PETRA, PEP)

So: We make the components small but keep a large number of magnets

Some FAQs:

Q1: Why don't everyone increase the number of cells (magnets) to get ultra-small emittance?

A: The Chromaticity Brick Wall for Double Bend Achromats (DBA), so we use 7-bend achromats. Then we can minimize the destructive Hamiltonian resonance driving terms within the cells. Moreover: Conventional magnets are too bulky, need MAX III type magnets.

Q2: Why are we not using damping wigglers (DW) extensively?

A: The DWs have an eigenemittance, which you can't go below. Undulators work fine, however.

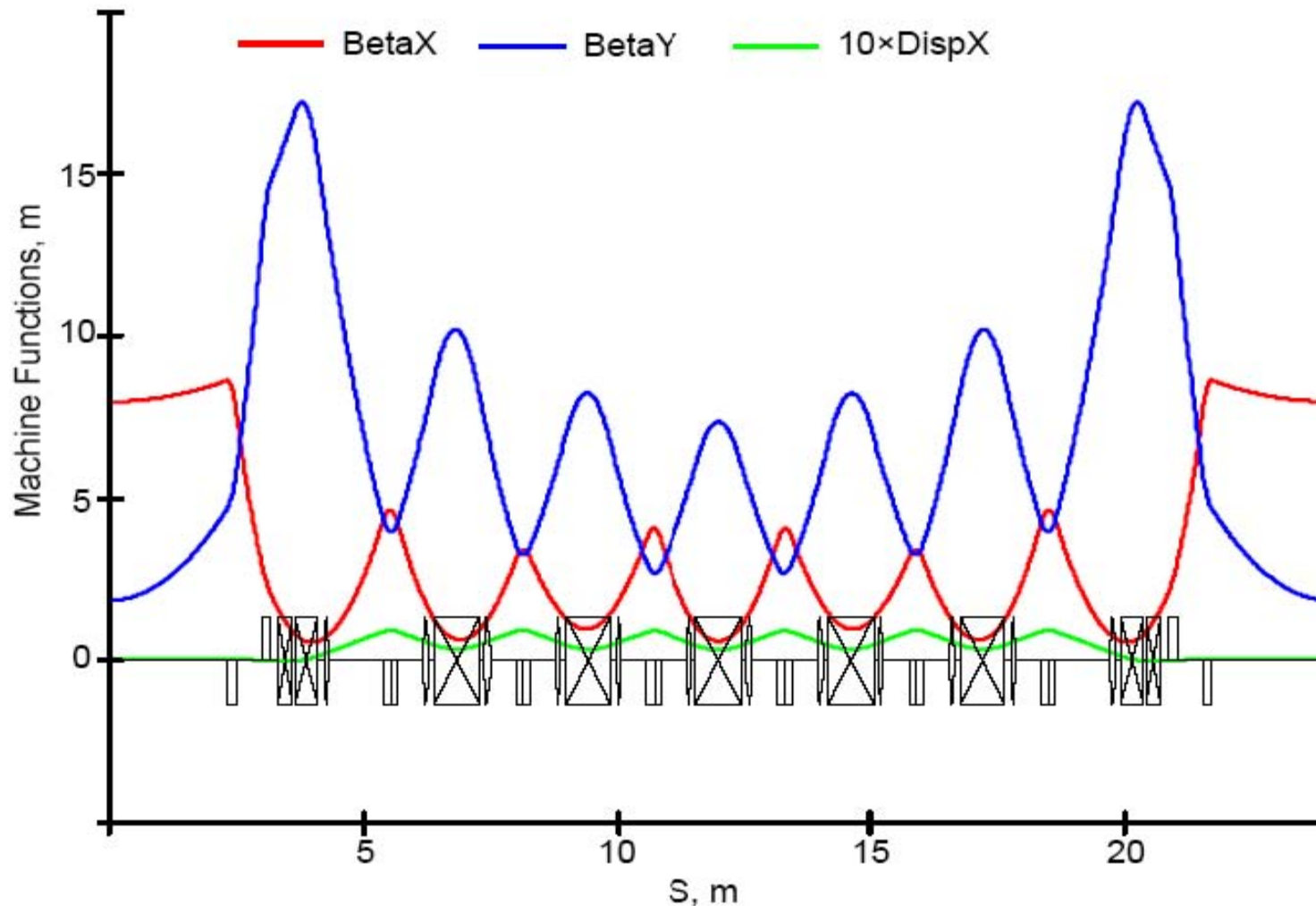
Q3: How about Touschek life-time? Will it kill small emittance rings?

A: Particle momenta are Coulomb-scattered from the transverse direction to the longitudinal one and could be lost when the scattered momenta exceeds the bucket height. As you decrease the emittance, the collision rate increases, but the transverse momenta decreases. MAX IV 3 GeV ring is on the right slope, as emittance decreases, life-time grows.

Q4: What is the hook?

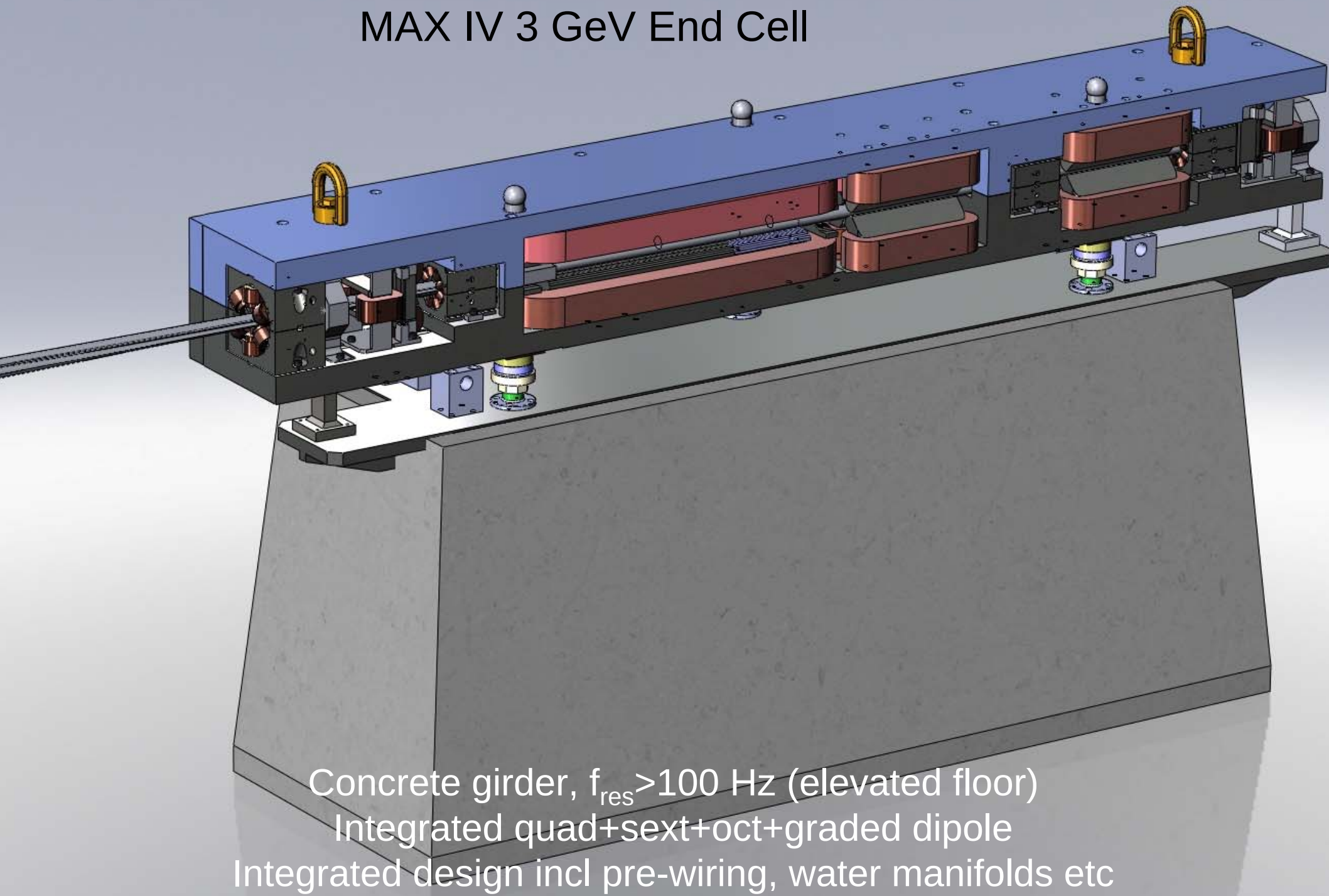
A: A 7-bend achromat takes space. However, Sweden is empty to first approximation, so we have lots of space.

MAX IV – Swedish / Nordic / Baltic SR facility



- Chromaticity brick wall:
- Sextupole magnets necessary for chromaticity correction, but they decrease the dynamic aperture.
- Conventional (DBA) lattices have few sextupoles=>can't minimize driving terms within cell
- 7-bend achromats have several sextupoles so we can.

MAX IV 3 GeV End Cell

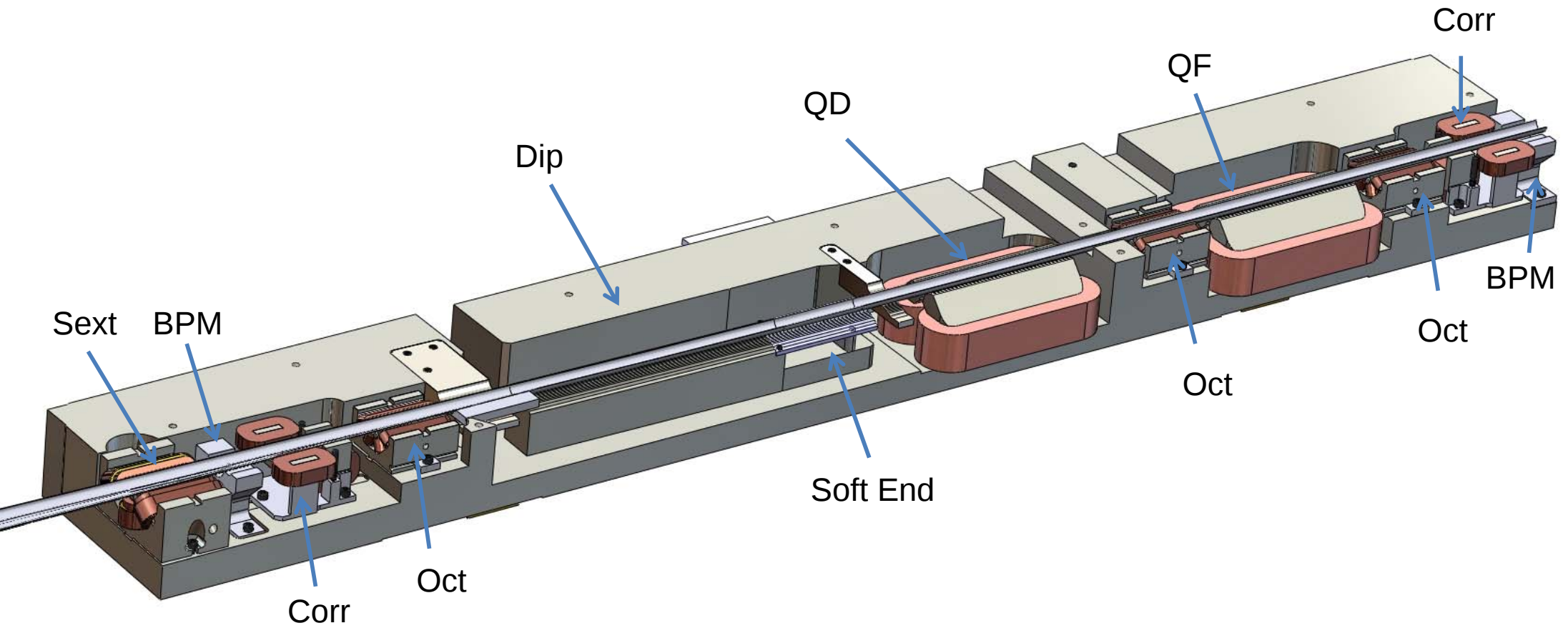


Concrete girder, $f_{\text{res}} > 100$ Hz (elevated floor)

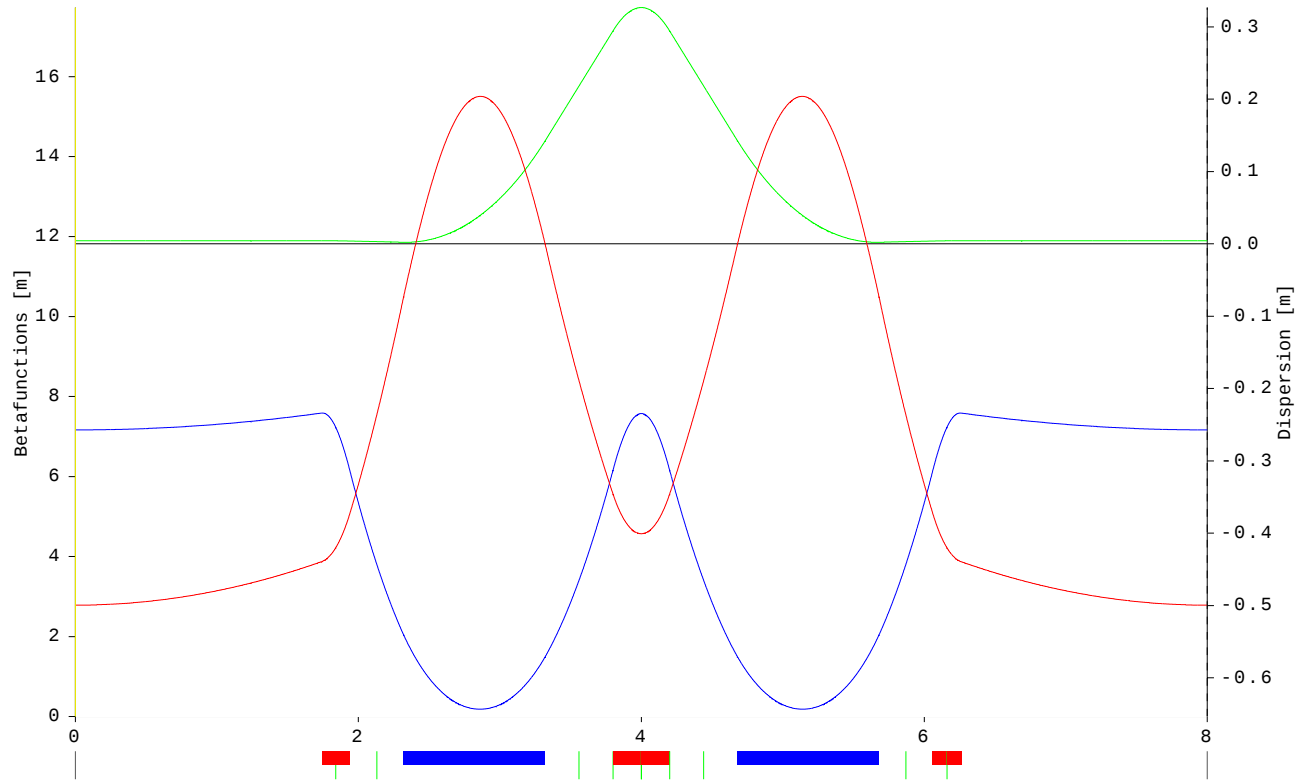
Integrated quad+sext+oct+graded dipole

Integrated design incl pre-wiring, water manifolds etc

MAX IV 3 GeV End Cell

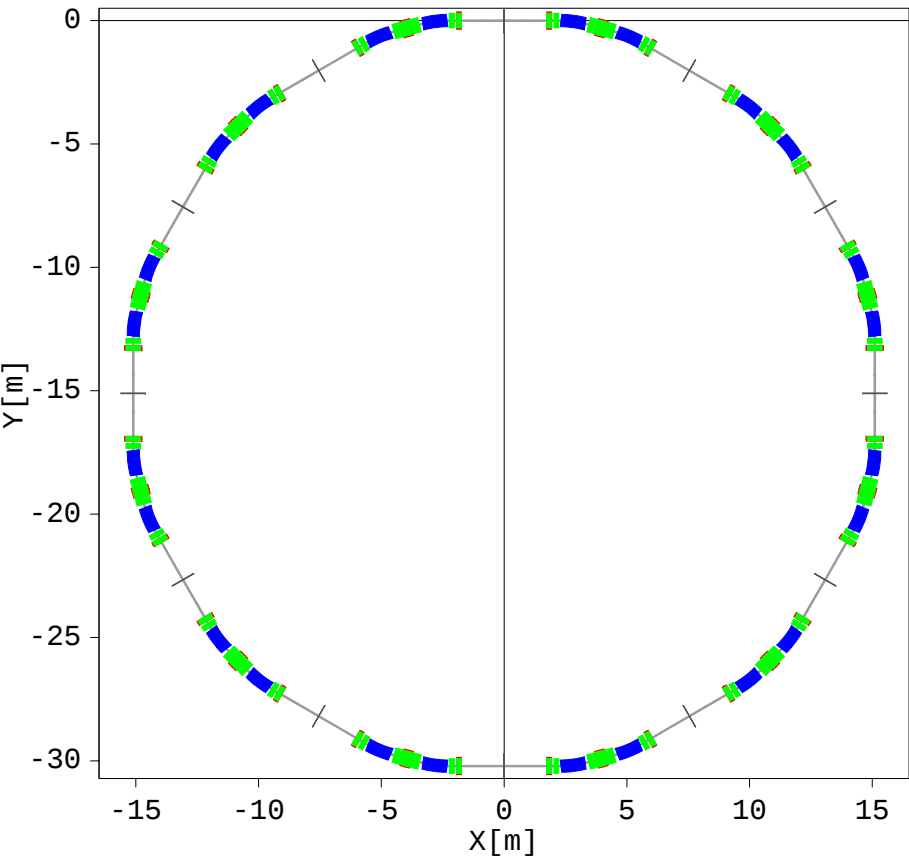


MAX IV 1.5 GeV



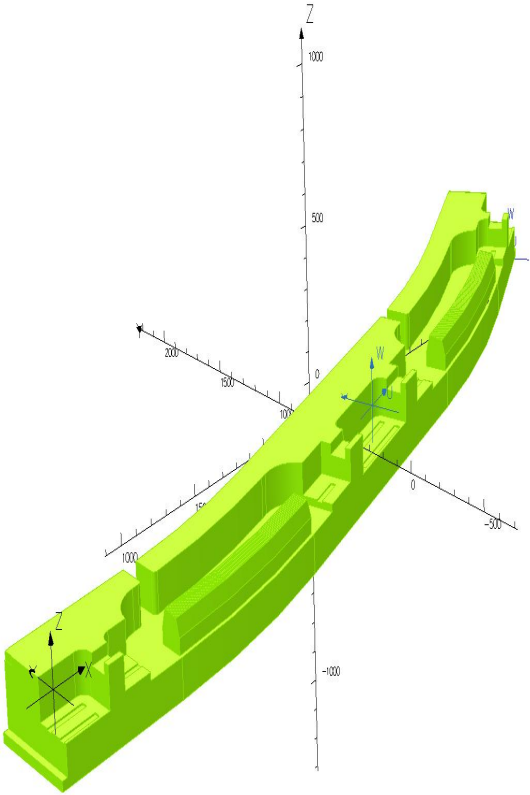
Energy	1.5 GeV
Circ current	0.5 A
Circumference	96 m
Hor emittance	5.6 nm rad
Achromat nr	12
Straight section	3.5 m
Hor RMS beam size	0.200 mm

MAX IV 1.5 GeV lattice



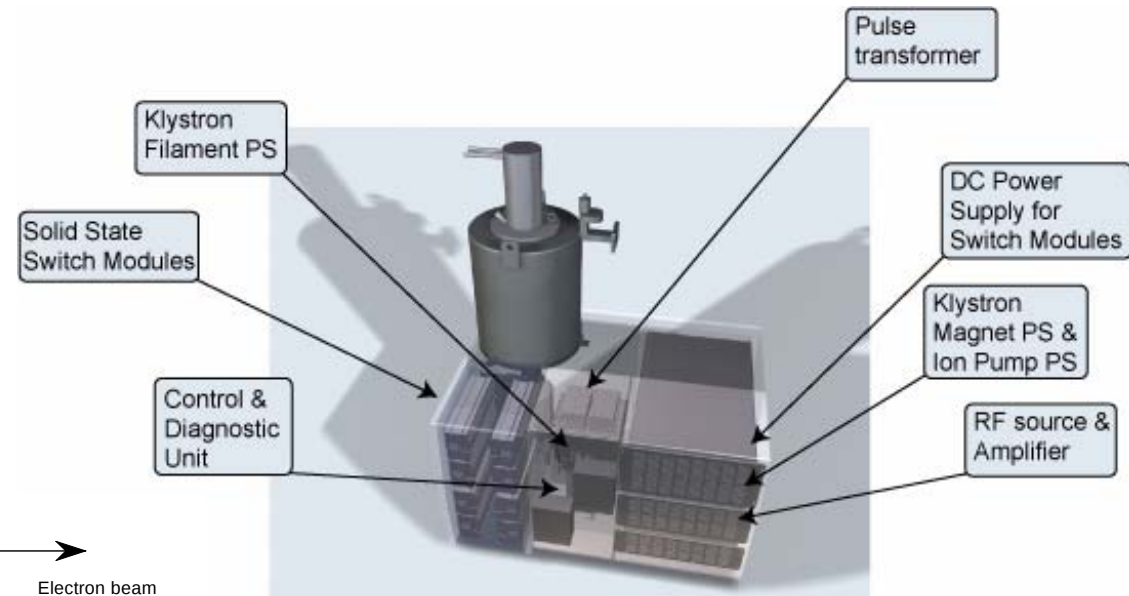
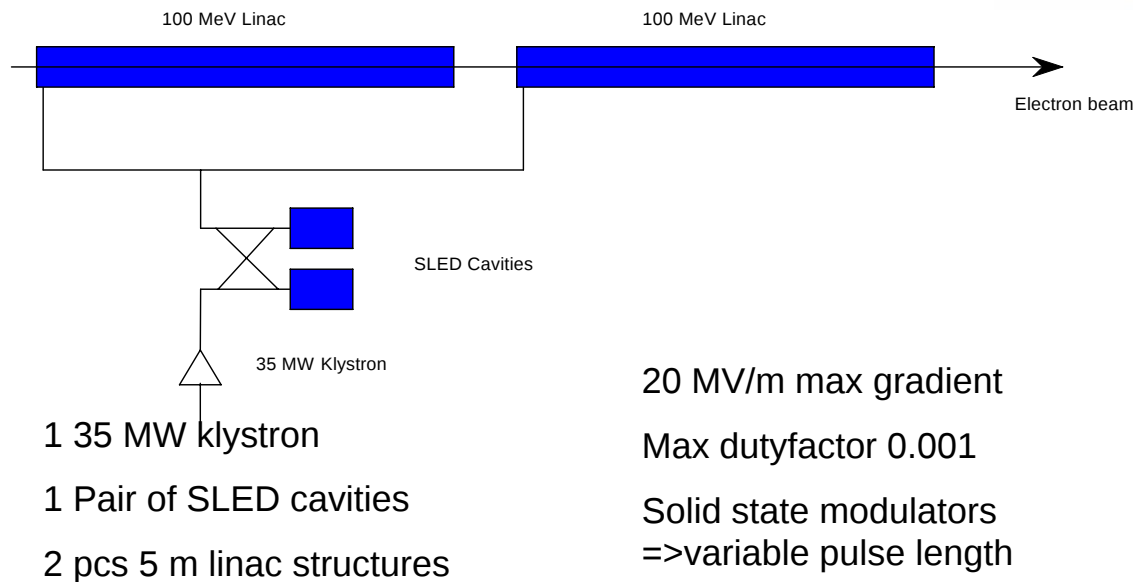
Achromat

23/sep/2009 09:25:42



MAX IV – linac

Linac Module (18 of them)



MAX IV Linac

- SPF-operation gun

Charge/bunch decreased from 1 nC to 0.1 nC

One bunch/RF pulse

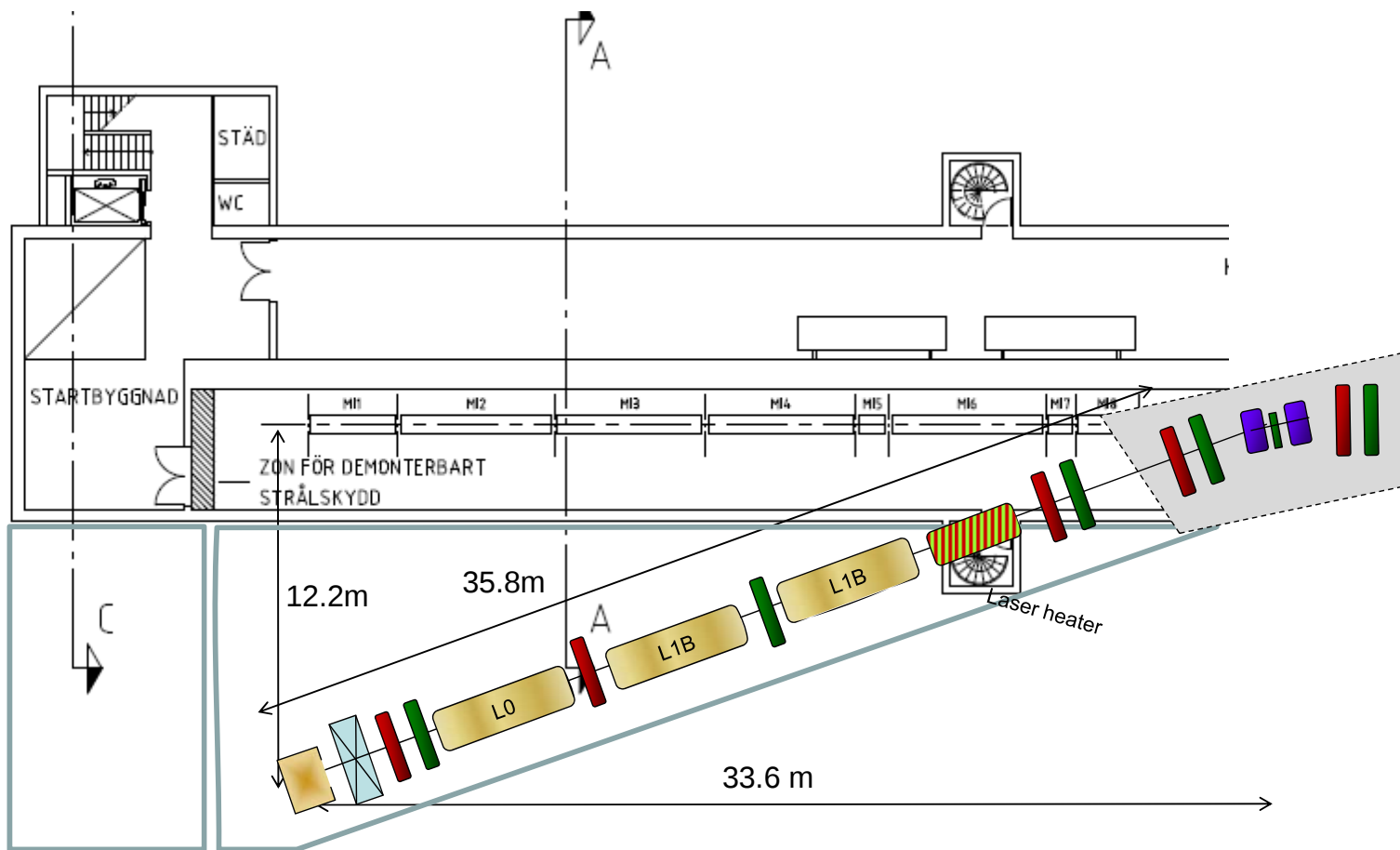
Low emittance operation eventually permits longer undulators for SASE gain (not fully explored yet).

- Injection gun

15 bunch train, 0.1 nC/bunch (1.5 nC)

750 shots to fill 3 GeV ring to 0.5 A (75 s at 10 Hz)

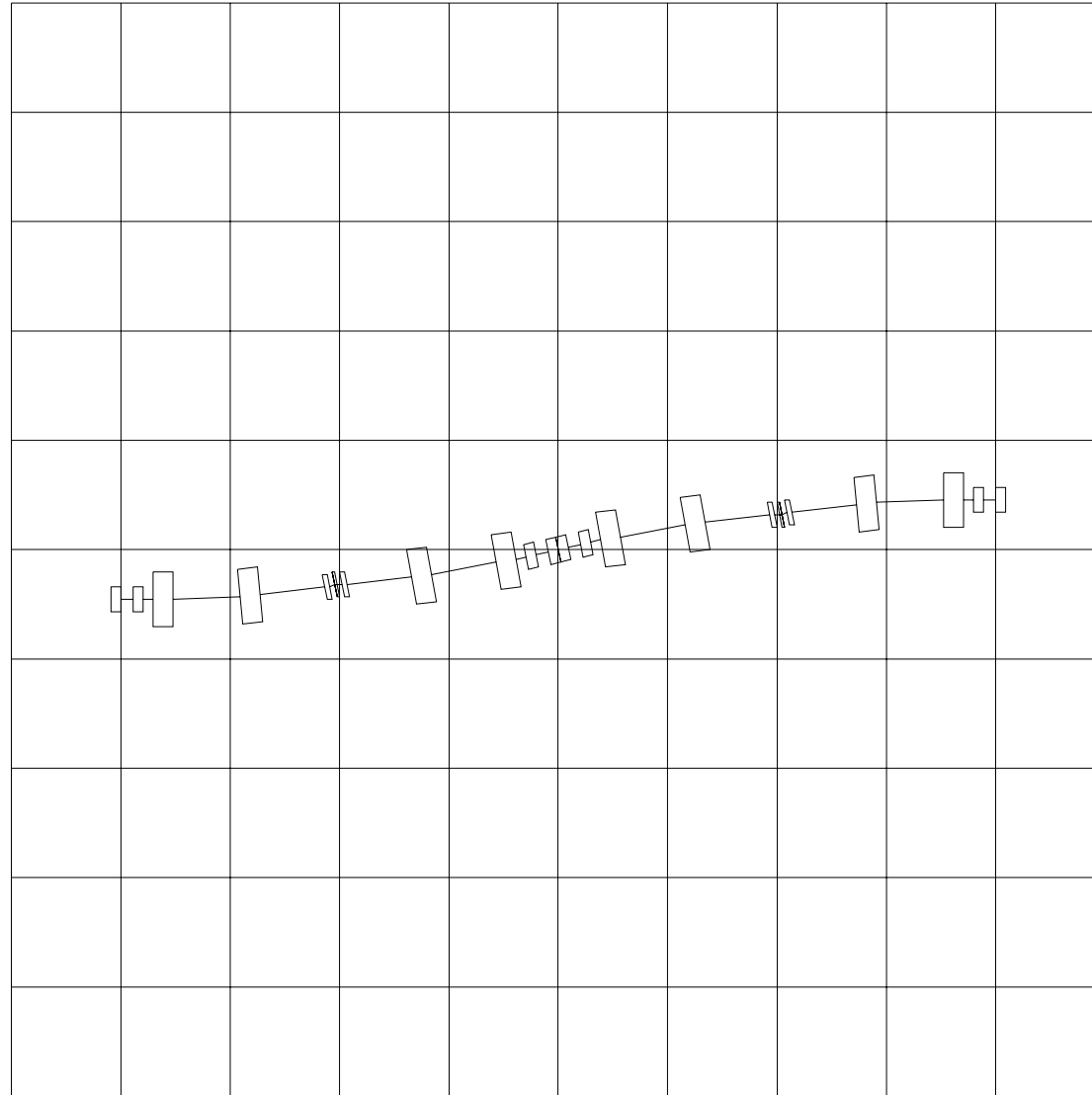
The MAX IV injector – layout v 0.3 - 091106



Linearizing 1st bunch compressor

First achromat compressor at 0.25 GeV

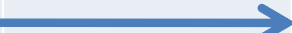
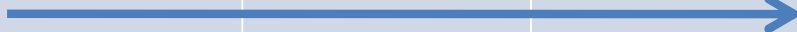
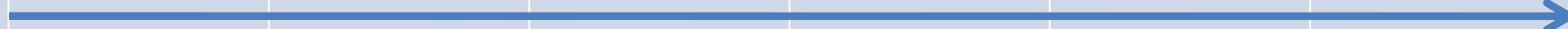
Horizontal plan view [X-Y plane]



Grid size 2.0000 [m]

2nd compressor at 3 GeV

Time schedule MAX IV

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Linac building						
Linac installation						
Linac commissioning						
Linac operation						
Ring buildings						
Ring installations						
Ring commissioning						
Ring operation						
MAX I, II, III						

Acknowledgement

MAX-lab staff

END