

# Progress Report on Synchrotron SOLEIL

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On behalf of the Accelerator  
and Source Division



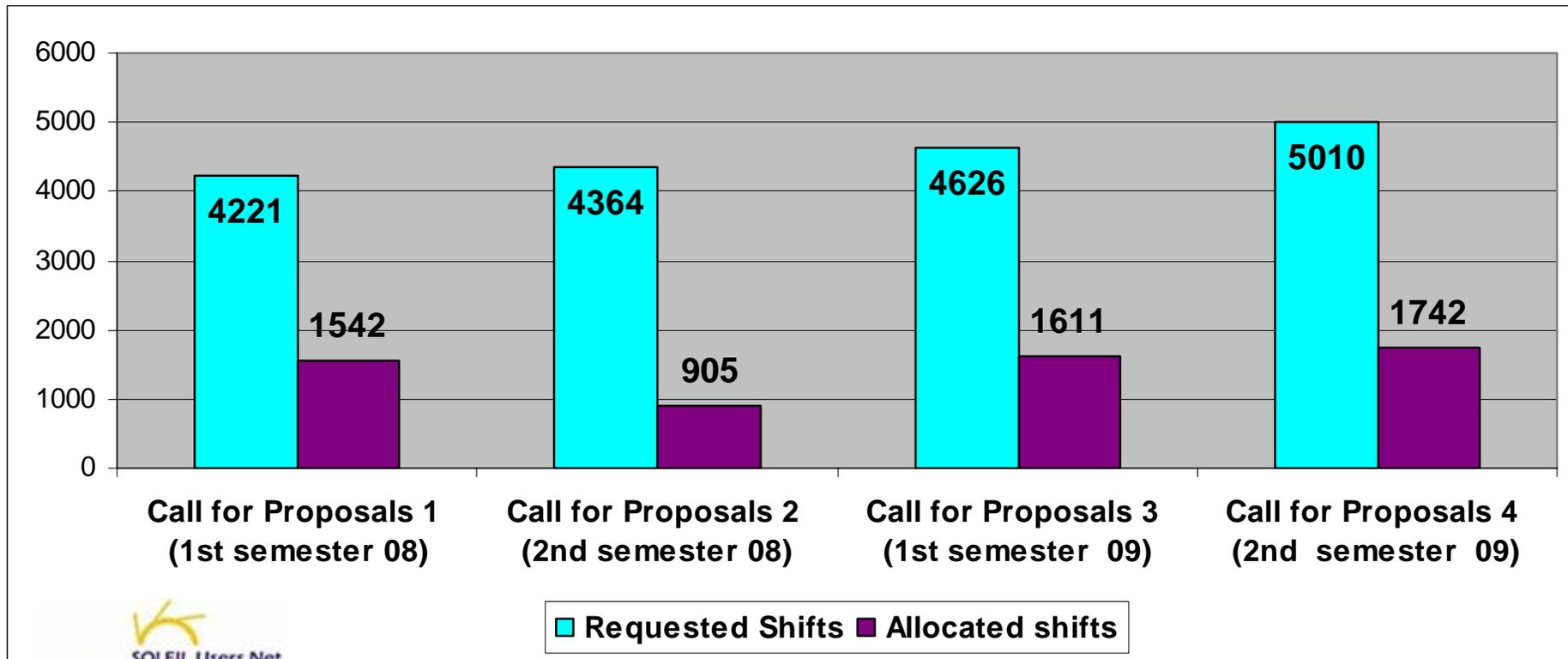
## Contents

- Beamlines
- Operation
- Top-up operation
- Towards 500 mA
- Orbit stability
- Insertion devices and RF systems



# Beam-time requests and allocation since the beginning of operation of SOLEIL

All phase 1 beam-lines are now welcoming external users. The pressure is high on all beamlines (2.9 on average for 4th call for proposals, 29% of the applications from outside France).



Jan-Nov. 2009

- Top-up mode since March 2009
- With various filling patterns (Beam lifetime depends on ID config.)
  - 20.5% : High flux mode all bunches (400/416) filled, 250 mA,  $\tau = 14-24$  h, 1% coupling
  - 72% : High flux mode all bunches (400) filled, 300 mA,  $\tau = 14-18$  h, 1% coupling
  - 3.5% : Hybrid mode (300 + 1 single @ 8 mA), 300 mA,  $\tau = 14-18$  h, 1% coupling
  - 3.5%: 8 bunch mode (total current of 60 mA),  $\tau = 3.5-4$  h, 1% coupling
  - 0.5%: 1 bunch, 10 mA,  $\tau = 4.5$ h, 1% coupling
- Feedback and feedforward loops
  - Slow Orbit Feedback loop
  - Fast Orbit Feedback loop (**new**: SOFB+FOFB since April 2009)
  - Fast Transverse Feedback loop (**improvement**)
  - Tune feedback loop (**new**)
  - Insertion device feedforward loops for closed orbit

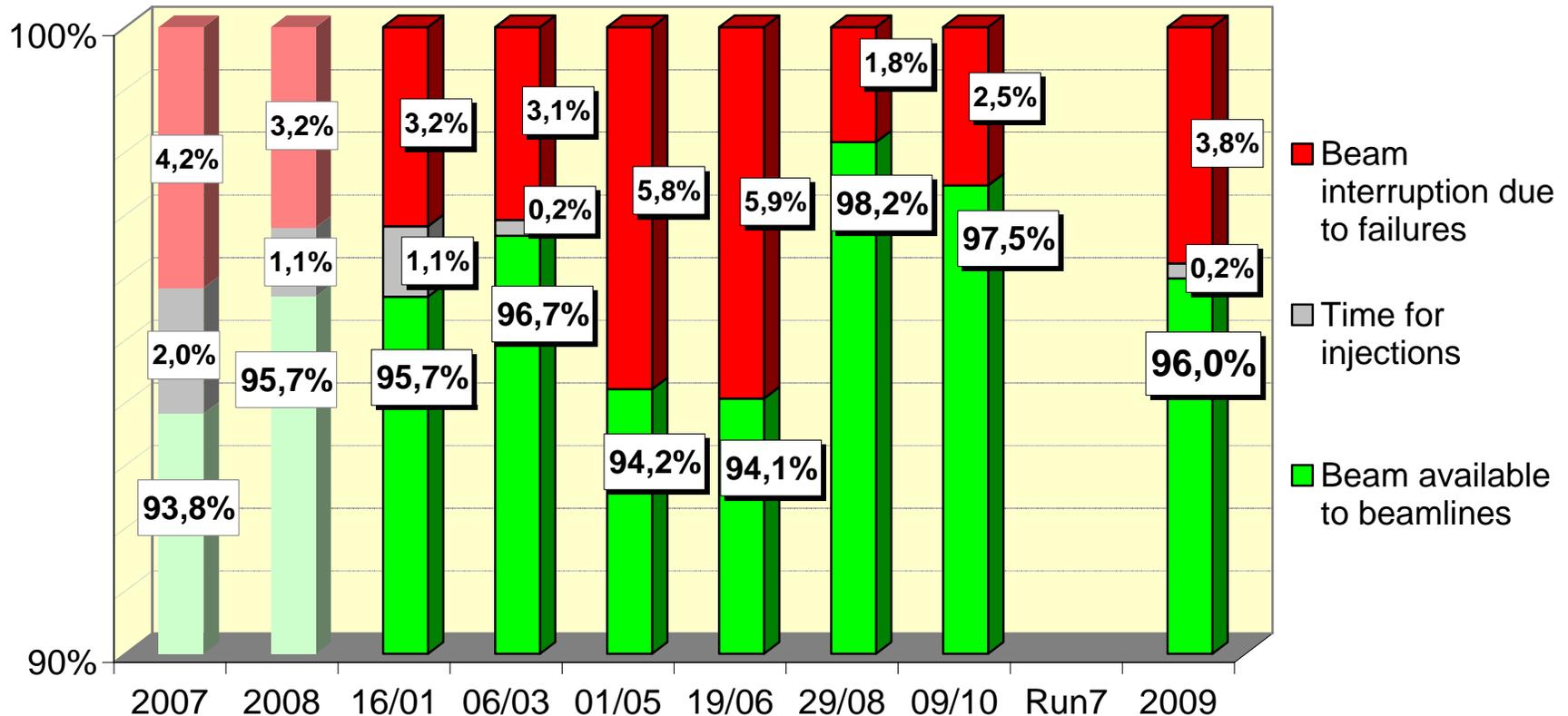
# Machine operation

## Availability of the beam :

93.8% in 2007 (2 640 hours delivered)

95.7% in 2008 (3 882 hours del. over 4 056 h scheduled)

96.0% in 2009 (3 967 hours del. as of November 15th)

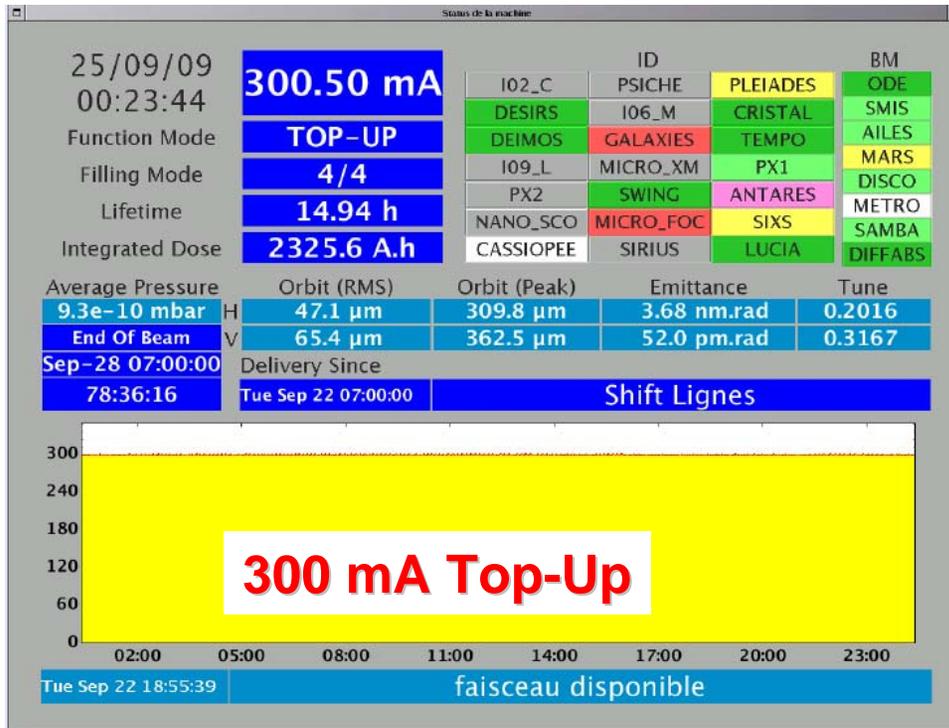


Mean Time between Failures was **32 hours in 2008**.  
The average duration of failure was 31 minutes.

# Operation planning in 2009

janv 2009	fevr 2009	mars 2009	avr 2009	mai 2009	juin 2009	juil 2009	août 2009	sept 2009	oct 2009	nov 2009	déc 2009
jeu 01	dim 01	dim 01	mer 01	ven 01	lun 01	mer 01	sam 01	mar 01	jeu 01	dim 01	mar 01
ven 02	lun 02	lun 02	jeu 02	sam 02	mar 02	jeu 02	dim 02	mer 02	ven 02	lun 02	mer 02
sam 03	mar 03	mar 03	ven 03	dim 03	mer 03	ven 03	lun 03	jeu 03	sam 03	mar 03	jeu 03
dim 04	mer 04	mer 04								mer 04	ven 04
lun 05	jeu 05	jeu 05								jeu 05	sam 05
mar 06	ven 06	ven 06								ven 06	dim 06
mer 07	sam 07	sam 07								sam 07	lun 07
jeu 08	dim 08	dim 08								dim 08	mar 08
ven 09	lun 09	lun 09								lun 09	mer 09
sam 10	mar 10	mar 10								mar 10	jeu 10
dim 11	mer 11	mer 11								mer 11	ven 11
lun 12	jeu 12	jeu 12								jeu 12	sam 12
mar 13	ven 13	ven 13								ven 13	dim 13
mer 14	sam 14	sam 14								sam 14	lun 14
jeu 15	dim 15	dim 15								dim 15	mar 15
ven 16	lun 16	lun 16								lun 16	mer 16
sam 17	mar 17	mar 17								mar 17	jeu 17
dim 18	mer 18	mer 18								mer 18	ven 18
lun 19	jeu 19	jeu 19								jeu 19	sam 19
mar 20	ven 20	ven 20								ven 20	dim 20
mer 21	sam 21	sam 21								sam 21	lun 21
jeu 22	dim 22	dim 22								dim 22	mar 22
ven 23	lun 23	lun 23								lun 23	mer 23
sam 24	mar 24	mar 24								mar 24	jeu 24
dim 25	mer 25	mer 25	sam 25	lun 25	jeu 25	sam 25	mar 25	ven 25	dim 25	mer 25	ven 25
lun 26	jeu 26	jeu 26	dim 26	mar 26	ven 26	dim 26	mer 26	sam 26	lun 26	jeu 26	sam 26
mar 27	ven 27	ven 27	lun 27	mer 27	sam 27	lun 27	jeu 27	dim 27	mar 27	ven 27	dim 27
mer 28	sam 28	sam 28	mar 28	jeu 28	dim 28	mar 28	ven 28	lun 28	mer 28	sam 28	lun 28
jeu 29		dim 29	mer 29	ven 29	lun 29	mer 29	sam 29	mar 29	jeu 29	dim 29	mar 29
ven 30		lun 30	jeu 30	sam 30	mar 30	jeu 30	dim 30	mer 30	ven 30	lun 30	mer 30
sam 31		mar 31		dim 31		ven 31	lun 31		sam 31		jeu 31

4 416 hours for beam-lines  
 + 168 hours for radiation safety measurements  
 +1 440 hours for machine shifts  
 = 36 weeks of electron beam  
 Progression foreseen for users: 4900 h in 2010, 5200 h in 2011, and 5500 h in 2012



- o Sending injected electrons through the open shutter would only be possible for very high energy: ~ 5 times the nominal energy of the ring

→ Top-up: injection interlocked on 2% mismatch between transfer line and ring dipole power supplies (*hard wired*)

- o Safe injection is insured if there is already a stored beam

→ Top-up: injection interlocked on a minimum stored beam current (*hard wired*)

- o Shutter closed if accumulated dose exceed 0.8μSv in less than 4 hours on radiation monitors installed along side wall of each beam-line optics hutch (*It never happens so far*)

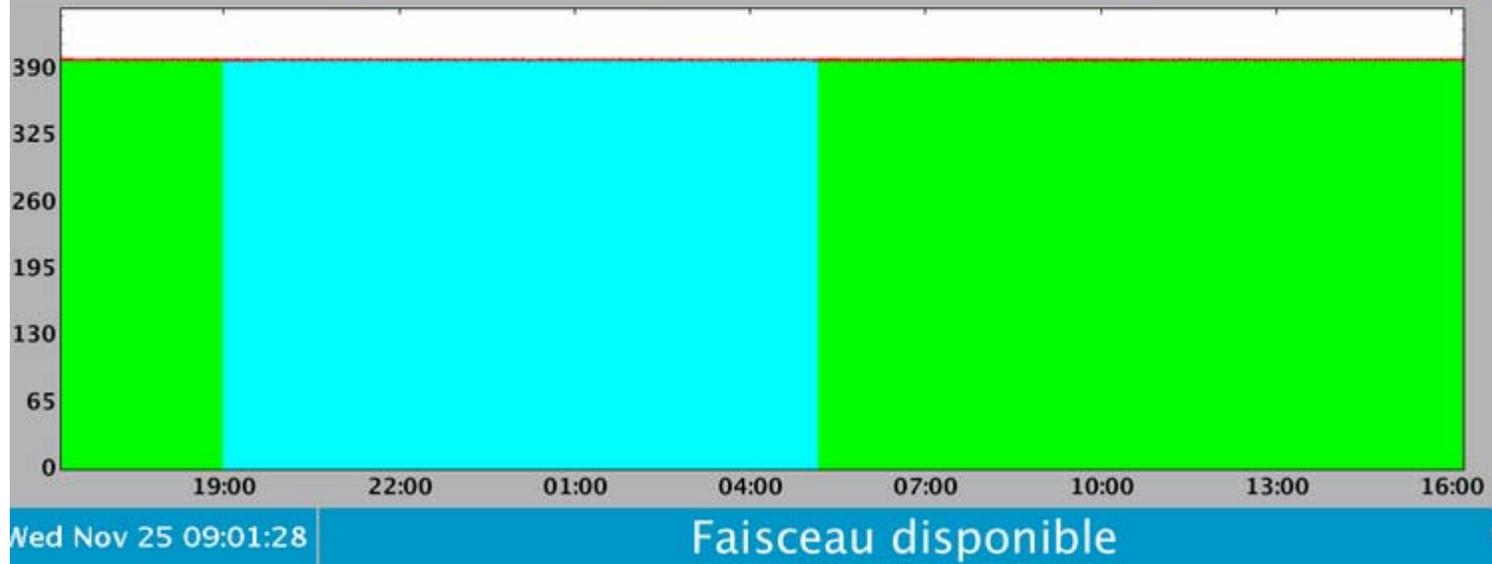
User demand:  $\Delta I/I < 1\%$

Injection every 5 to 8 min

Injection by 1/4 of ring (100 bunches)

# 400 mA top-up since November, 24th 2009

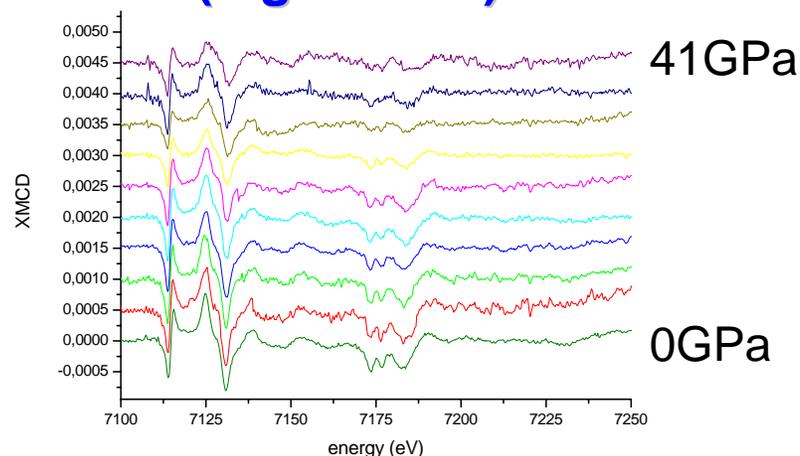
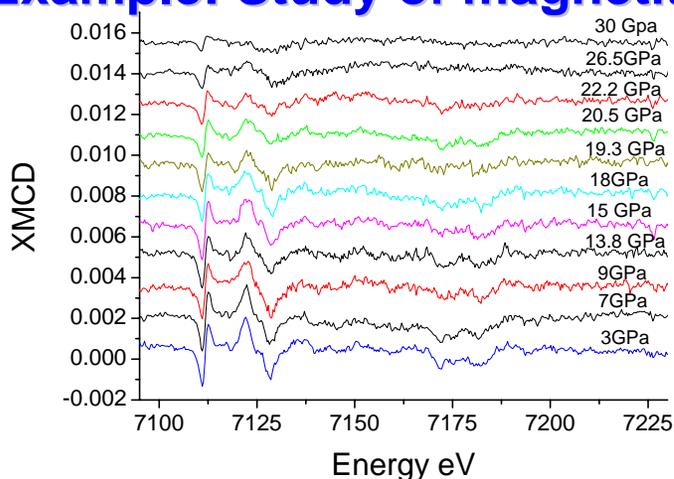
25/11/09 16:12:37	<b>401.16 mA</b>		ID		BM	
Function Mode	<b>TOP-UP</b>		I02_C	PSICHE	PLEIADES	ODE
Filling Mode	<b>4/4</b>		DESIRS	I06_M	CRISTAL	SMIS
Lifetime	<b>9.66 h</b>		DEIMOS		TEMPO	AILES
Integrated Dose	<b>2556.3 A.h</b>		I09_L	MICRO_XM	PX1	MARS
Average Pressure	Orbit (RMS)	Orbit (Peak)	PX2	SWING	ANTARES	DISCO
<b>1.4e-09 mbar</b>	H <b>46.1 μm</b>	<b>287.8 μm</b>	NANO_SCO	MICRO_FOC	SIXS	METRO
<b>End Of Beam</b>	V <b>65.8 μm</b>	<b>366.7 μm</b>	CASSIOPEE	SIRIUS	LUCIA	SAMBA
<b>Nov-30 07:00:00</b>	Delivery Since		Shift Lignes			
<b>110:47:24</b>	Nov-25 05:11:00					



- ✓ Gain in photon flux (ex. ~30%, DESIRS BL)
- ✓ Better thermal stability for optics and monochromators
- ✓ No more beam current normalization
- ✓ Better stability → better resolution

## Example: Study of magnetite under pressure (Ligne ODE)

Data F. Baudalet



July 2008: 250mA ⇒ 150mA  
Slow orbit feedback system  
Signal  $\approx 10^{-3}$   
Signal disappears  $\approx 30$  GPa

March 2009: 300 mA running top-up  
Fast Orbit feedback

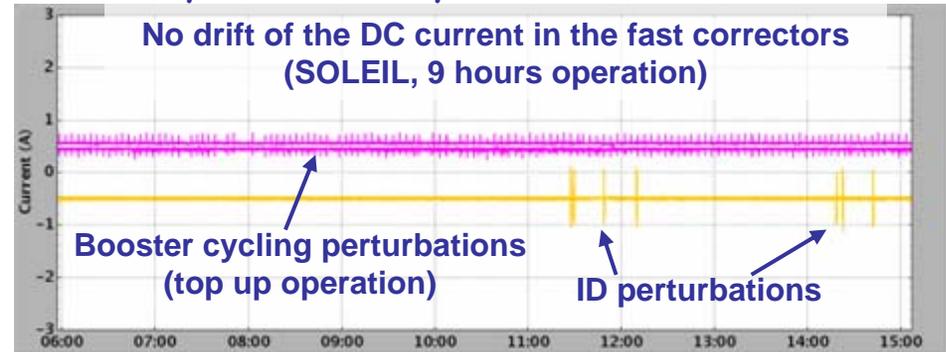
Signal  $\approx 10^{-4}$  (resolution enough up to 40 GPa), Noise  $\approx$  few  $10^{-5}$

# Correction Down to DC

## FOFB/SOFB interaction since April 2009

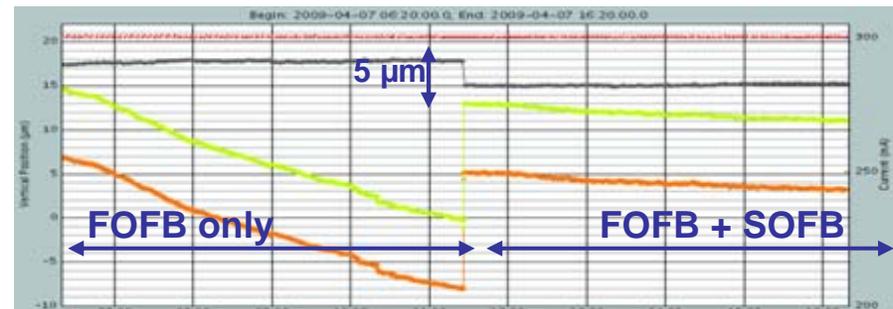
- FOFB and SOFB work together in a very stable way:

No visible orbit drift on the current in the corrector magnets over one week of operation



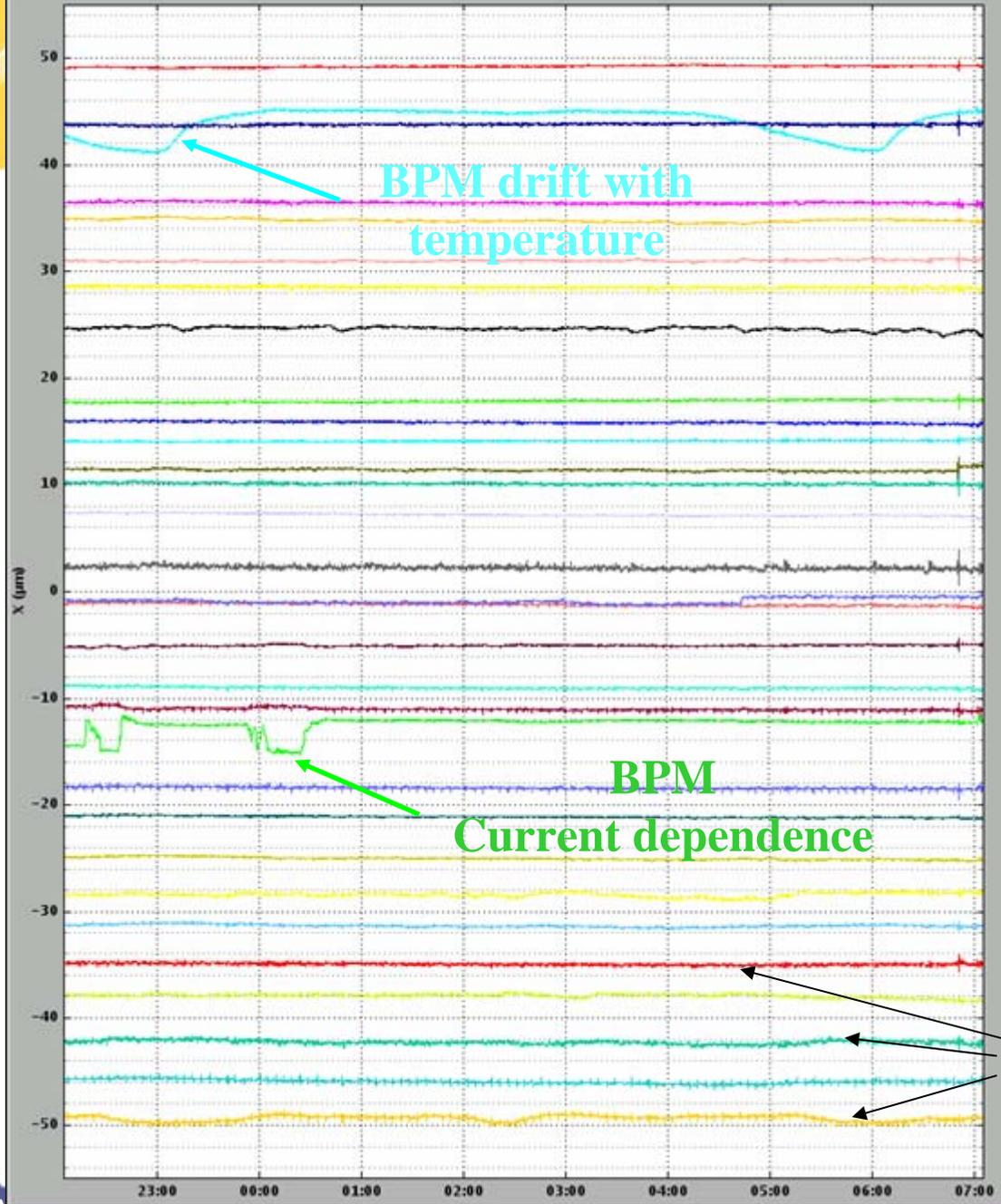
- Cumulates the benefits of both the feedback systems:

Orbit is well stabilized **even far from fast correctors in the arcs**



Vertical beam position at one SOLEIL bending magnet source point (BPMs: grey and X-BPMs: orange and green)

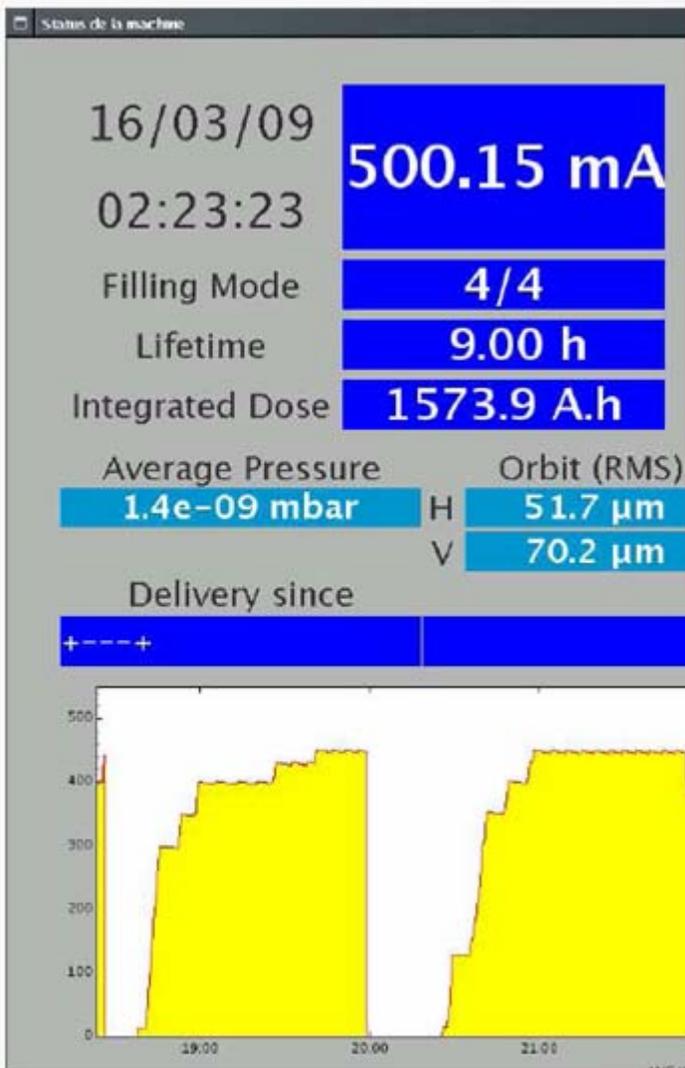
- The interaction** (slow correction, unload process and change of FOFB reference) does not generate visible parasitic orbit steps. The transient have small enough amplitude and are removed after very few FOFB iteration (10 kHz)



**1-2  $\mu\text{m}$  Horizontal orbit stability**

- ANS-C01/DG/CALC-D2-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-27.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C01/DG/CALC-SDL-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [5.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C02/DG/CALC-D1-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [56.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C02/DG/CALC-SDC-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [98.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C02/DG/CALC-SDM-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [10.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C03/DG/CALC-D1-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [26.5 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C03/DG/CALC-SDC-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [29.5 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C03/DG/CALC-SDM-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [71.5 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C04/DG/CALC-D2-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-36.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C04/DG/CALC-SDM-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [17.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C05/DG/CALC-D2-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-27.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C05/DG/CALC-SDL-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [8.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C06/DG/CALC-SDC-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [25.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C06/DG/CALC-SDM-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [35.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C07/DG/CALC-SDC-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [101.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C07/DG/CALC-SDM-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [27.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C08/DG/CALC-SDM-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-18.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C09/DG/CALC-D2-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-44.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C09/DG/CALC-SDL-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-47.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C10/DG/CALC-SDC-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-60.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C10/DG/CALC-SDM-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-25.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C11/DG/CALC-SDC-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-31.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C11/DG/CALC-SDM-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-74.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C12/DG/CALC-SDM-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-10.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C13/DG/CALC-D2-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [8.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C13/DG/CALC-SDL-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-67.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C14/DG/CALC-SDC-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-34.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C14/DG/CALC-SDM-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-52.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C15/DG/CALC-SDC-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-77.0 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C15/DG/CALC-SDM-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-76.5 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)
- ANS-C16/DG/CALC-SDM-POSITION-ANGLE/positionX [-26.5 + 1.0 $\mu\text{y}$ ] (Y1)

**Saw tooth behavior**  
**Top-up injection**



Radiation control => **Ok at 450 mA**

500 mA reached with good beam characteristics

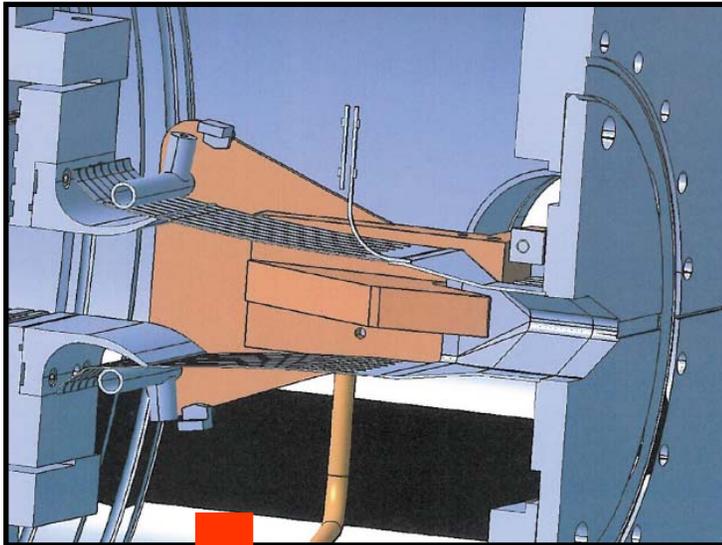
**Overheating of In-vacuum Undulators**

→ **Tapers had to be replaced (solved)**

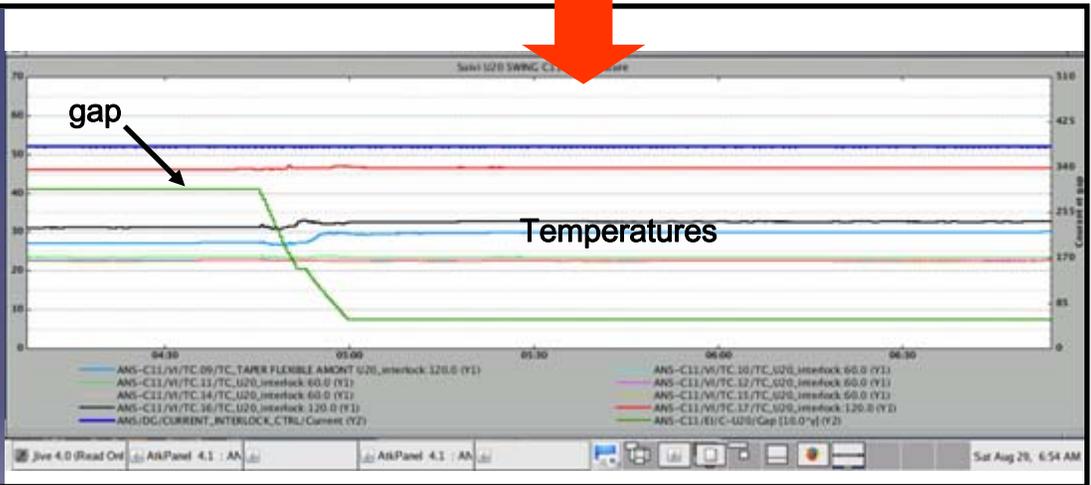
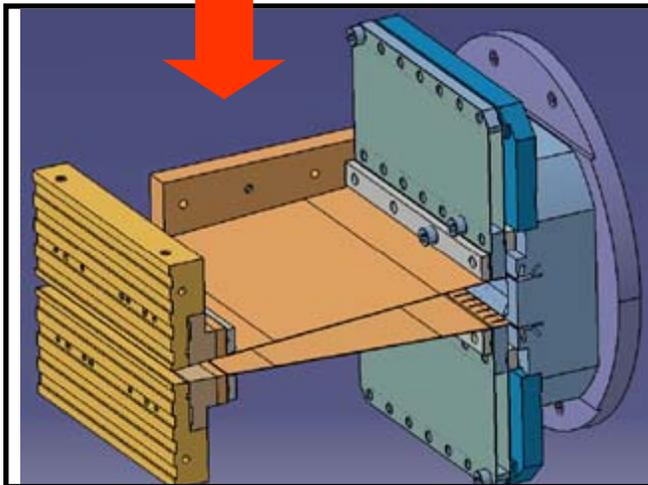
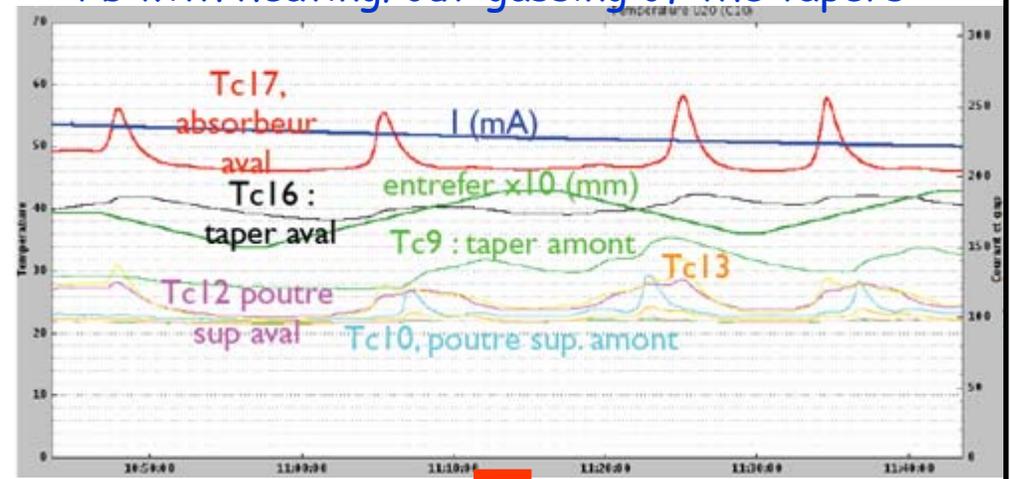
**FBT needed to be improved (solved)**

**Cryogenics limitation (solved)**

# In-vacuum undulator: New taper design successfully tested

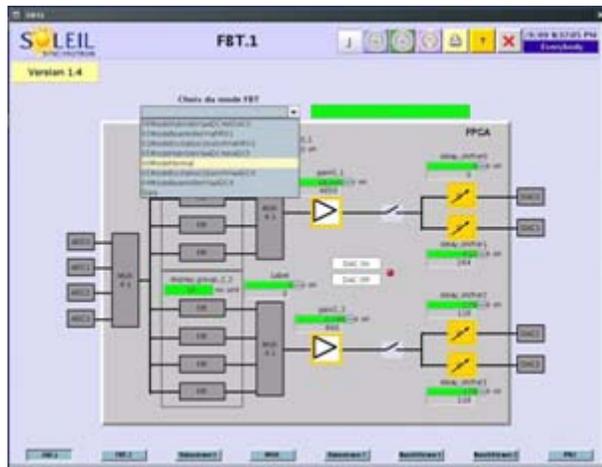


Pb with heating/out-gassing of the tapers

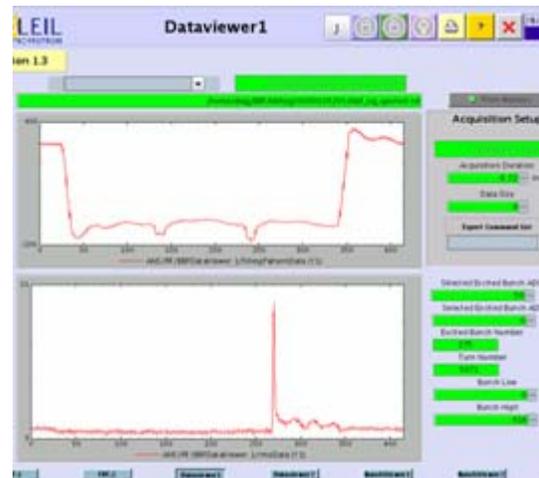


All In-Vac. IDs are now upgraded

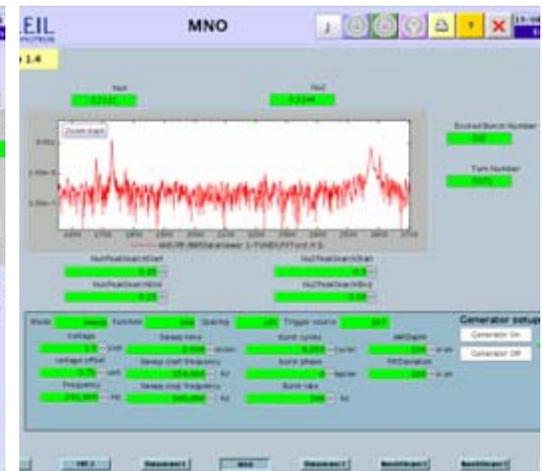
- Routinely running in almost all modes of operation: Multi-bunch, single bunch and hybrid (292 mA + 8 mA).
- 2 feedback chains are applied: Chain-1 in the diagonal mode (H and V), and Chain-2 in the pure vertical mode.
- Chain-3 to has just been commissioned in pure horizontal mode
- A bunch is selectively excited to measure the tunes → tune feedback system
- The 2 chains manage to keep the beam stable up to 450 mA, but more efforts required to reach our final goal of 500 mA, due to ions effects.



Feedback completely integrated into the SOLEIL control system



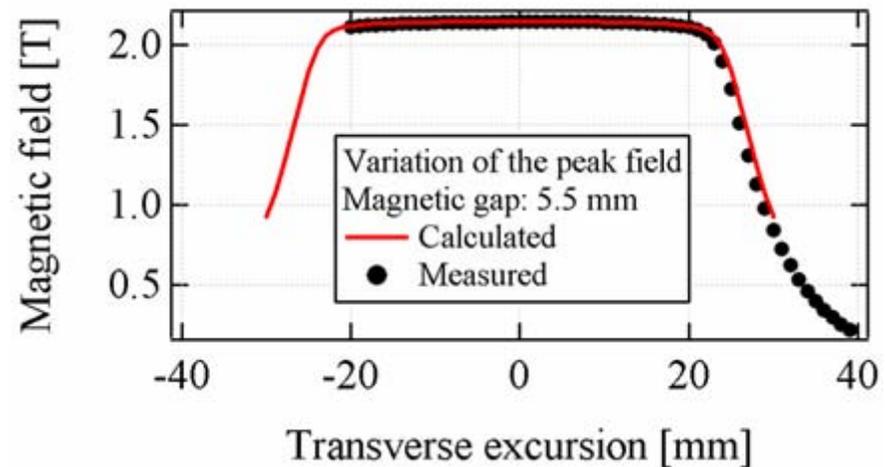
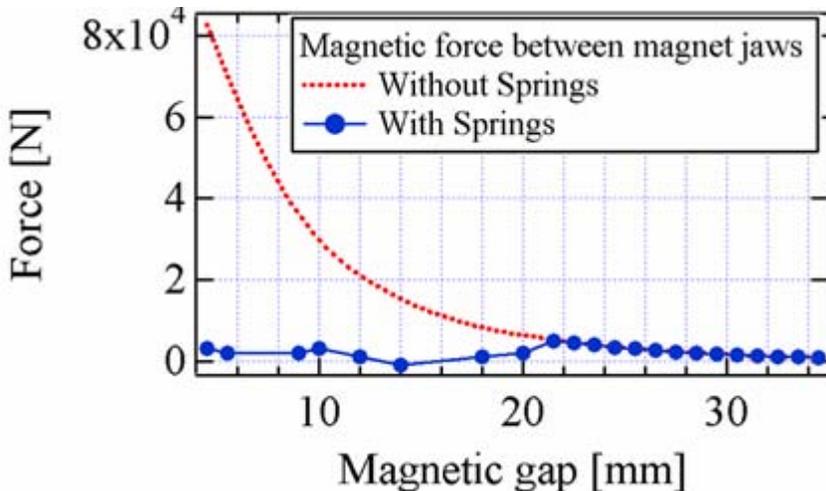
Excitation of a bunch in  $\frac{3}{4}$  filling and its tune spectrum



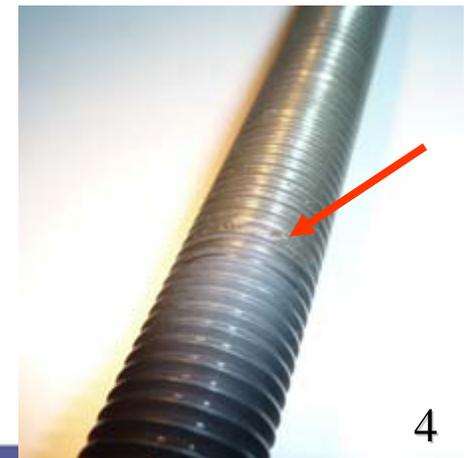
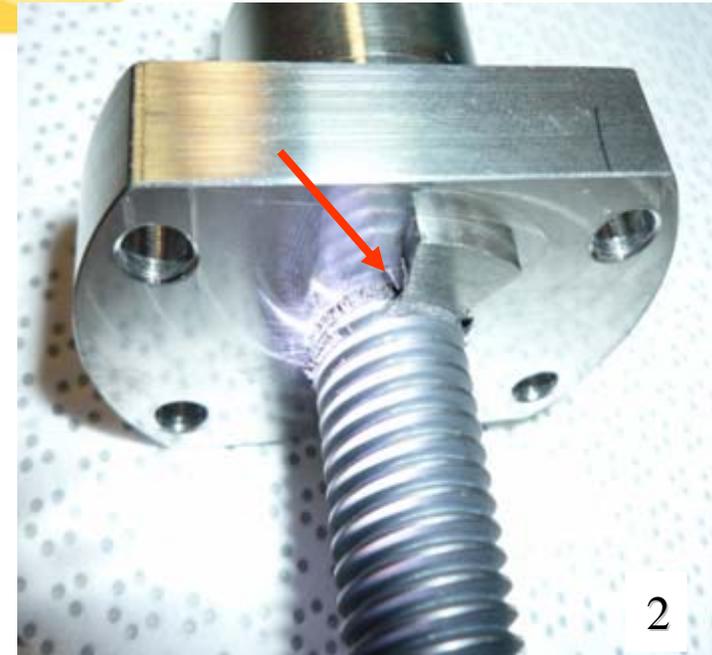
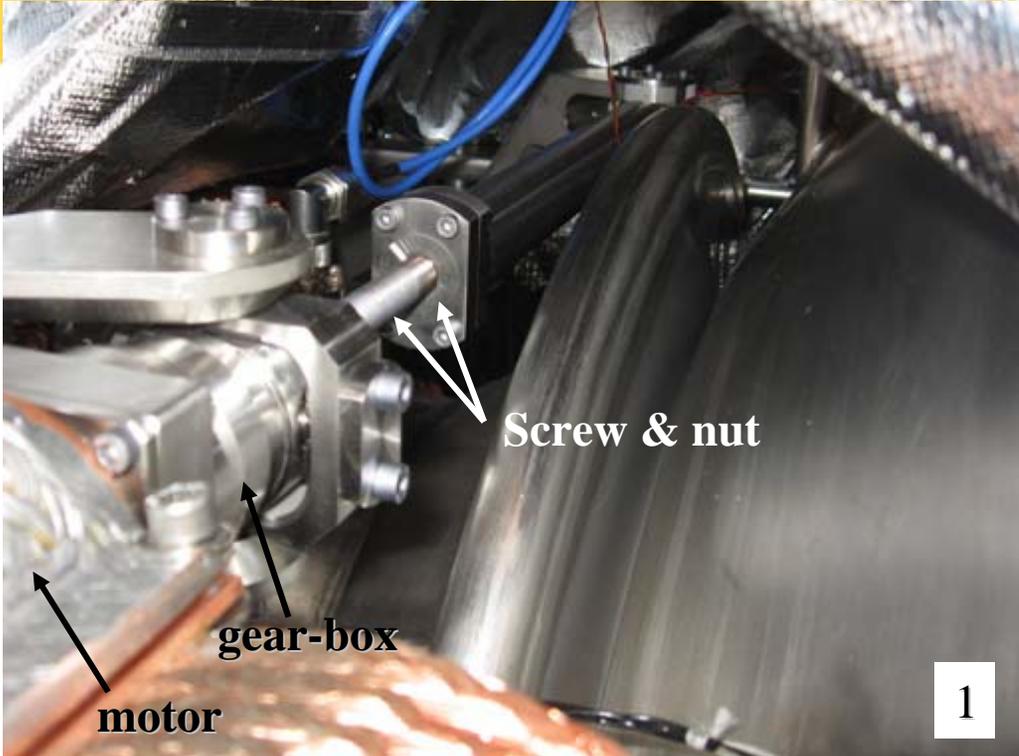
# In-vacuum hybrid wiggler

$\lambda = 50\text{mm}$ ,  $N = 38$ ,  $B = 2.1\text{ T}$   
Photon energy 20-50 keV  
gap 5.5 mm

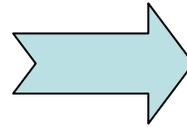
In house development  
Innovative magnetic force  
compensation by springs  
(8 down to 1 tons)



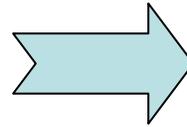
# RF system: CM cold tuning system screw damages



**1) Standard screw-nut assembly replaced by *planetary roller screw***



**2) Stepper motor + harmonic drive gear box**



**Stepper motor with planetary gear box**

→ Less friction }  
→ More robust } → Longer lifetime

**Prototype successfully tested on a test bench @ cold in CryHolab at CEA**  
↔ **20 years of SOLEIL operation**

- **Cryogenics**: - losses of utilities (electr., water) → few hours restart
- Spare compressor station with separate utilities (beg. 2010)

- In 2008, transfer of technology agreement concluded with ELTA-AREVA  
 → ESRF contract for 7 amplifiers of 150 kW (2 towers of 75 kW)  
 First tower to be delivered by the end of 2010

*Other projects:*

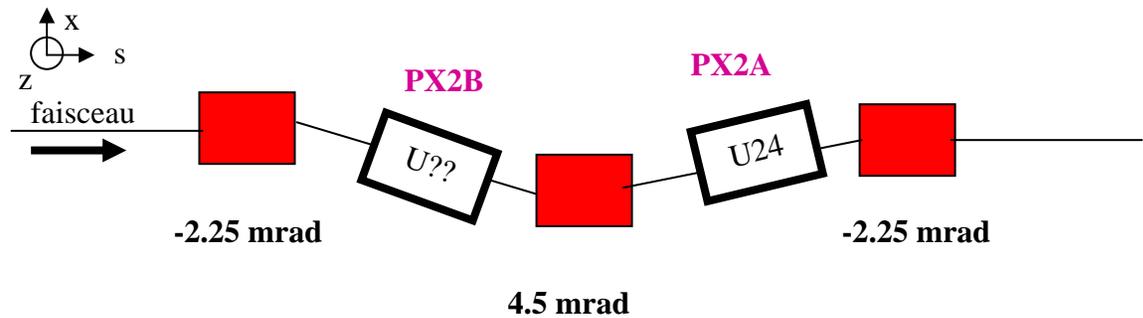
- ESRF upgrade (replacement of the 352 MHz klystron amplifiers of BO & SR)
- Module 400 W - 476 MHz ( $V_{dc} : 50V$ ) → collab. with LNLS: 2 x 40 kW (end 2009)  
 $f: 350 - 500 \text{ MHz}, P \sim 400 \text{ W}, G \sim 20 \text{ dB}, \eta \sim 70\%$
- Higher power modules ( $V_{dc} = 50V$ ) →  $P = 700 \text{ W}, G > 20 \text{ dB}, \eta > 70\% @ 350 \text{ MHz}$   
 Module validated → run test of a 350 MHz - 10 kW unit (16 mod.), beg. 2010
- [ SOLEIL modules ( $V_{dc} = 28V$ ) →  $P = 315 \text{ W}, G = 13 \text{ dB}, \eta = 62 \% @ 350 \text{ MHz}$  ]
- ↳ Huge improvement (better performance and  $T_{max}: 130 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} \rightarrow \sim 70 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ )

# New developments (1): 2 distinct BLs in a single medium straight section

↪ canted in-vacuum undulators

## Proxima-2

**Chicane:**  
3 permanent magnets



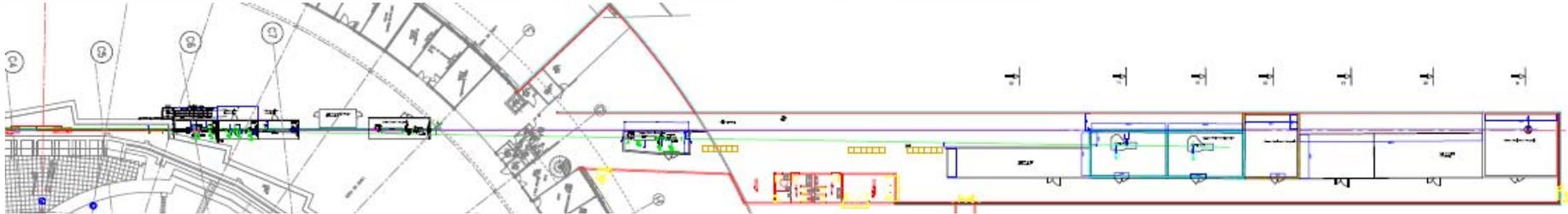
✓ Chicane commissioned

- In vac. U24 Jan'10



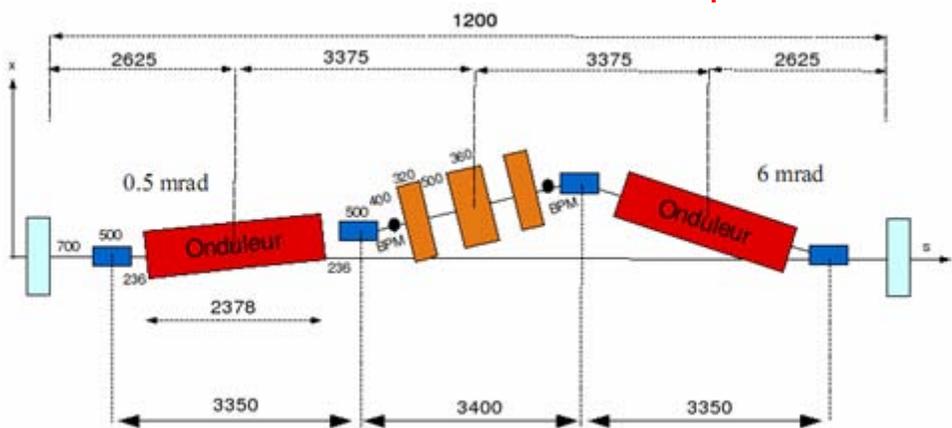
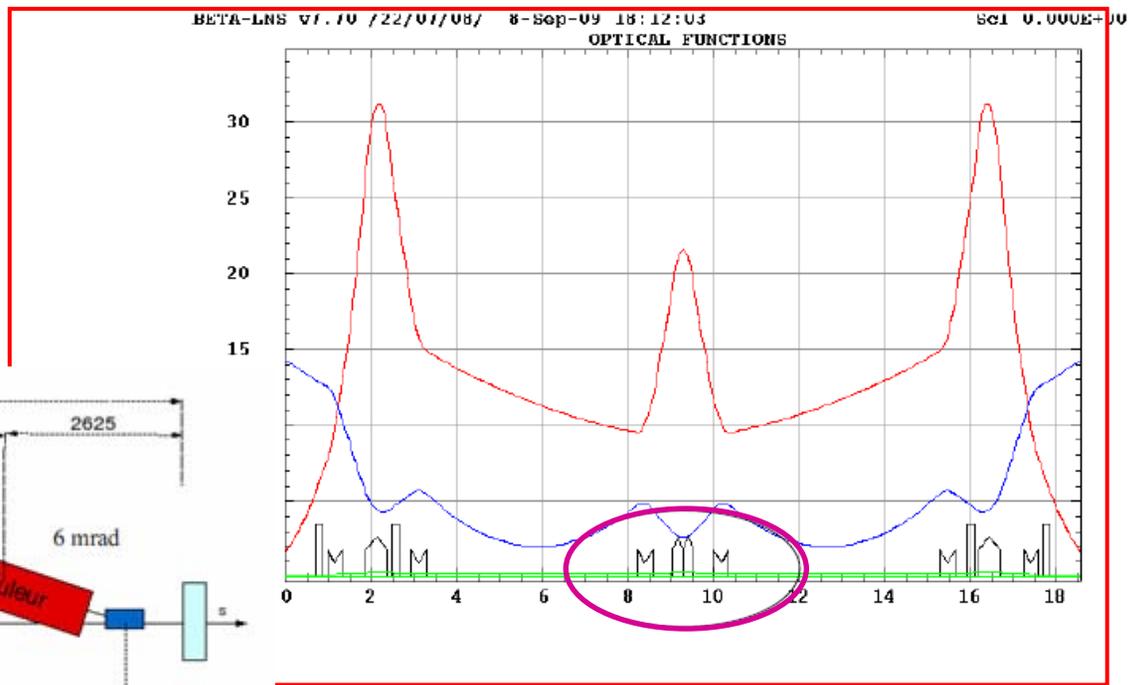
# New developments (2): 2 distinct BLs + Double mini- $\beta_z$ in a single long straight section

↳ funding for Nanoscopium 150 m long BL (2012), ground breaking in 2010, stability studies under way

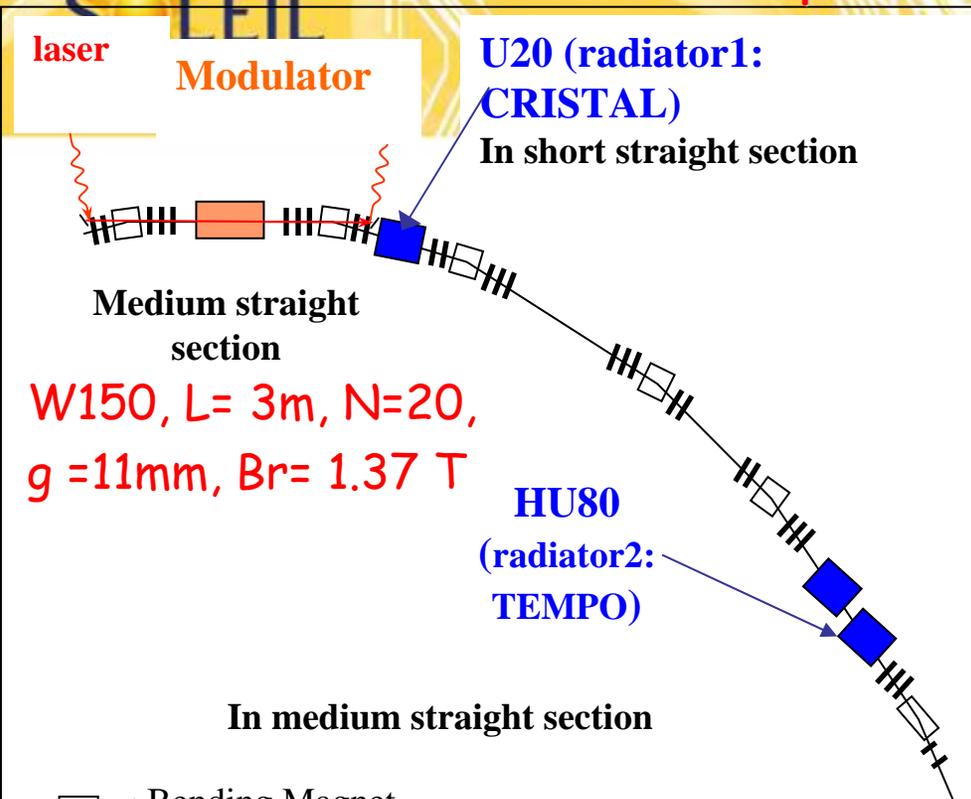


2 mini- $\beta_z$  (8 m  $\rightarrow$  2 m) to host two low-gap IDs and a chicane

(quadrupole triplet tested. Further Commissioned + breaking of the 4-fold symmetry)



# New development (3) : Femto-slicing project (end 2010) horizontal separation w/o modifying the SR optics

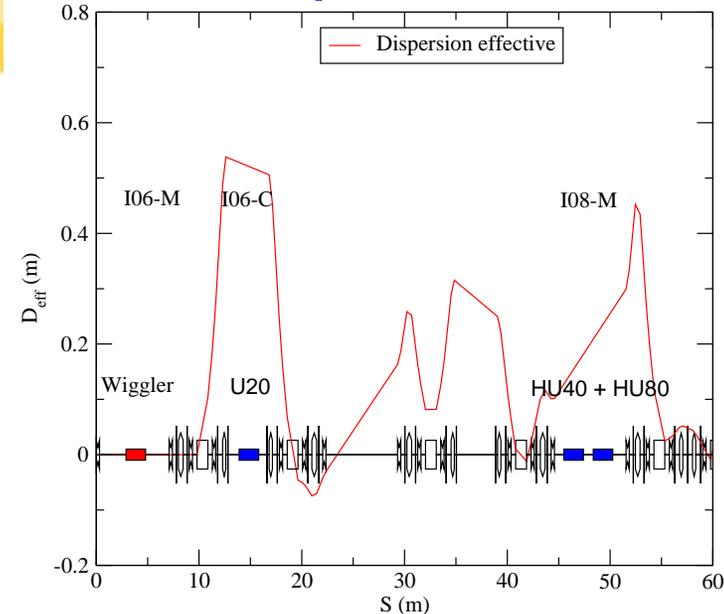


W150, L= 3m, N=20,  
g =11mm, Br= 1.37 T

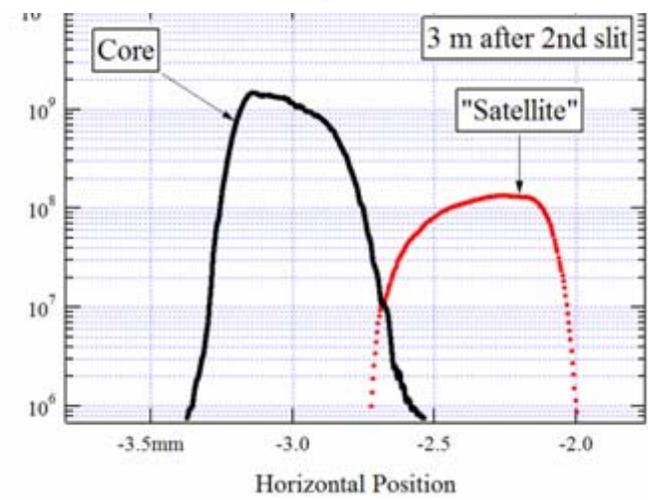
Laser specification (5 mJ,  
800 nm, 30 fs FWHM,  
10 kHz)  
→  $\Delta E = \pm 14$  MeV viz.  $\Delta E/E \approx \pm 0.5\% \approx \pm 5 \sigma_E$  at 2.75 GeV

Expected bunch length ~ 100 fs

## Electron separation scheme



## Photon separation

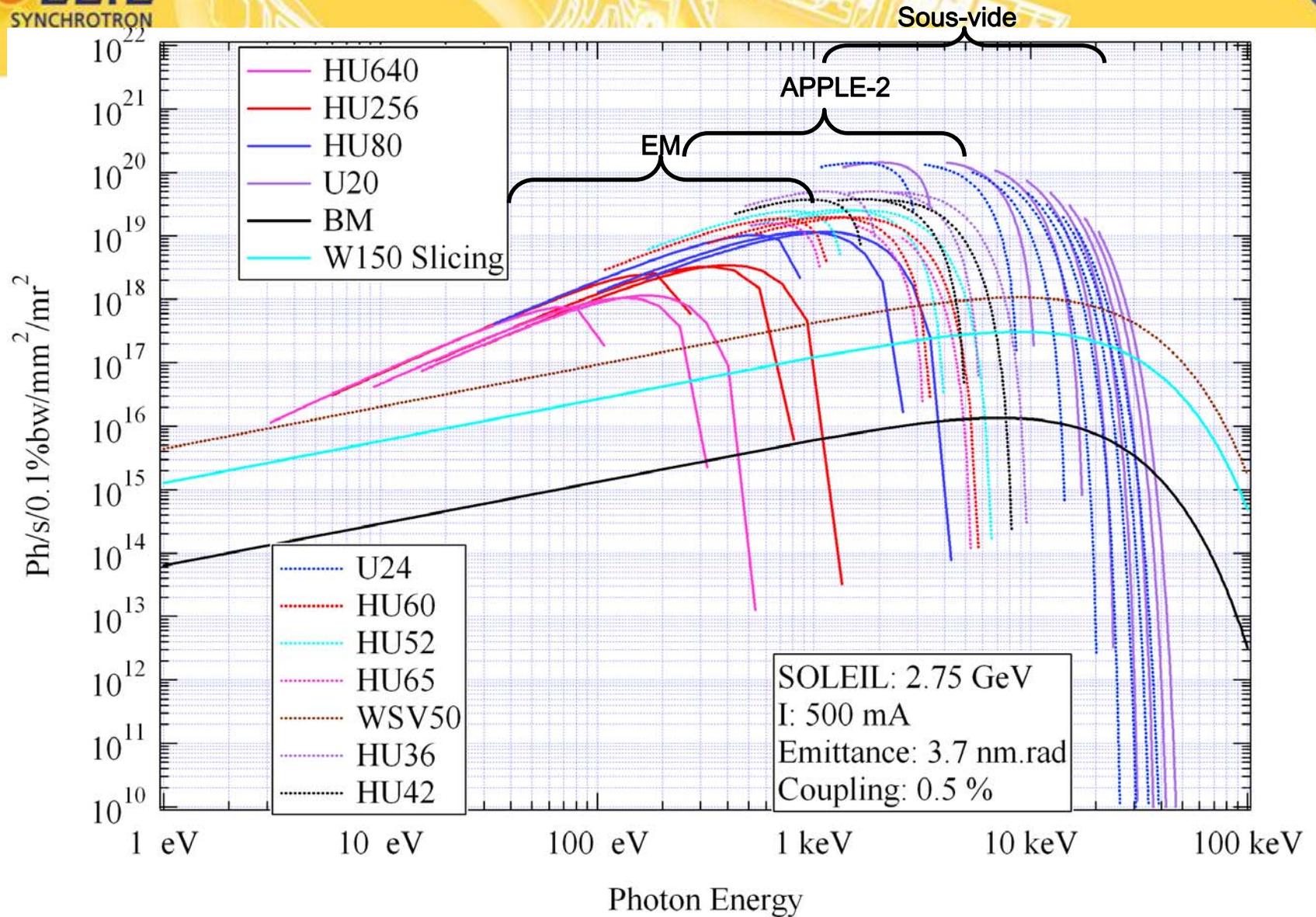


- **Extension of the Guest House (2,3 M€, 2009-2010)**  
→ Double the hosting capacity (40 → 80 rooms)
- **New Technical building (1.9 M€, 2010-2011)**
- **IPANEMA (1812 m<sup>2</sup>, 2x4.5 M€) Building 2010**  
(Institut Photonique d'Analyse Non-destructive Européen des Matériaux Anciens)
  - A beam line for ancient material
  - one dedicated to **hard X-ray micro-tomography**, the other to **μm scale hard X-ray spectro-microscopy**.
  - The platform aims at supporting users from the fields of **archaeology, palaeontology, conservation and past environments sciences** and at contributing to the development of new analytical methodologies for these fields. **A new synchrotron beam-line will be set up and operated** in the framework of the platform. IPANEMA will consist of a core team of 15 technicians, engineers and scientists and will host up to 25 external researchers primarily in the framework of short- to mid-term research projects.

# Extra slides

Energy	2.739	GeV
Circumference	354.097	m
RF frequency	352.196	MHz
Harmonic number	416	
Betatron tunes (H/V)	18.202 / 10.317	
Natural chromaticities (H/V)	-53 / -23	
Chromaticities (H/V)	2/4	
Momentum compaction $\alpha_1$ / $\alpha_2$	$4.5 \times 10^{-4}$ / $4.6 \times 10^{-3}$	
Radiation loss per turn (with IDs)	1200	keV
Damping times	7, 7, 3.5	ms
Emittance	3.7	nm.rad
Relative energy spread	$1.016 \times 10^{-3}$	
Natural bunch length (@ 3.4 MV)	4.3	mm
Coupling (w/o IDs)	0.8	%
Multi-bunch mode	300	mA
Beam Lifetime (w/o IDs)	16	h

# BRILLIANCE



# Built Insertion Devices

**4 (+1) in-vacuum, 9 Apple 2, 4 EM IDs**

(1) ID ready to be installed

	HU640	HU256	HU80	HU60	HU52	HU44	U24	U20
Beam Line	DESIRS	CASSIOPEE PLEIADES ANTARES	TEMPO PLEIADES MICROFOC	ANTARES CASSIOPEE	DEIMOS LUCIA	TEMPO MICROFOC	PROXIMA2 (1)	PROXIMA1 SWING CRISTAL SIXS GALAXIES (1)
Quantity	1	3	3	2	2	2	1	4
Period [mm]	640	256	80	60	52	44	24	20
Period #	14	12	19	26	30	36	81	98
Type	EM	EM	Apple-II	Apple-II	Apple-II	Apple-II	Hybrid in-.vac	Hybrid in-.vac.
gap [mm]	19	50 (H) 15 (V)	15.5 - 250	15.5 - 250	15.5 - 250	15.5 - 250	5.5 - 30	5.5 - 30
Polarization	Lin. (0- 90°) / E	LH / LV / E	Lin. (0-90°) / E	Lin. (0-90°) / E	Lin. (0- 90°) / E	Lin. (0- 90°) / E	LH	LH
Peak field [T]	0.09 (H) 0.11 (V)	0.33 (H) 0.44 (V)	0.72 (H) 0.94 (V)	0.82 (H) 0.57 (V)	0.74 (H) 0.50 (V)	0.64 (H) 0.41 (V)	0.84	0.95
Quasi- Periodic	N	Y/ N	Y	N	N	N	N	N
Energy (keV)	0.005 - 0.04	0.01 - 1	0.04 - 1.6	0.1 - 4	0.5 - 6	1 - 8	3 - 18	3 - 18

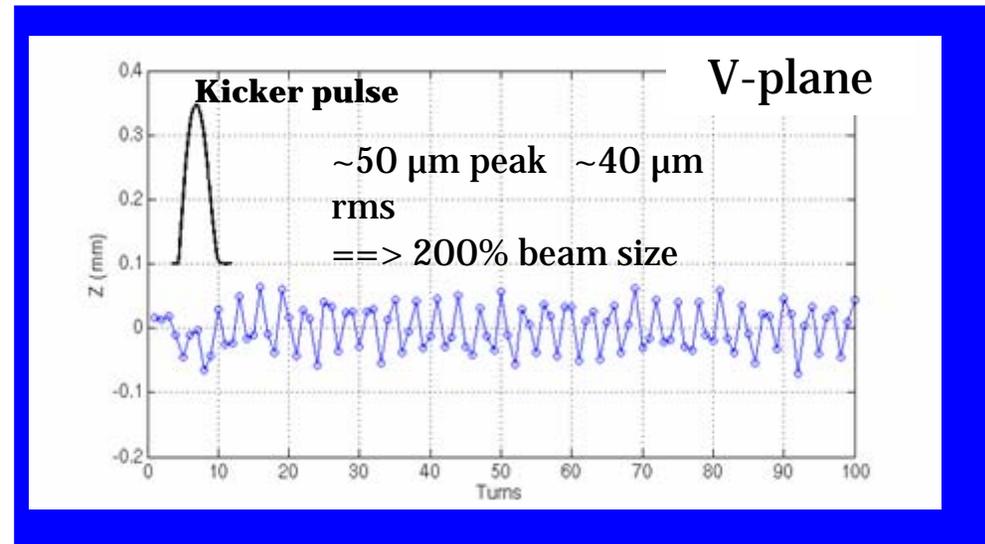
# Insertion Devices to be build

	HU36	HU42	HU64	U20	U??	EMPHU65	WSV50	W150?
Beam Line	SIRIUS	MICRO-XMOUS	MICRO-XMOUS	NANO-SCOPIUM	PROXIMA2	DEIMOS	PSICHE	PUMA + SLICING
Quantity	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1
Period [mm]	36	42	64	20	26?	65	50	150?
Period #	44	38	24	98	73?	26	38	13
Type	Apple-II	Apple-II	Apple-II	Hybrid In-vac.	Hybrid In-vac.	Electro Aim. Perm	Hybride sous vide	Hybride hors vide?
gap [mm]	11 - 250	15.5 - 250	15.5 - 250	5.5 - 30	5.5 - 30	15.5	5.5 - 30	11 - 30?
Polarization	Lin. (0-90°) / E	Lin. (0-90°) / E	Lin. (0-180°) / E	LH	LH	LV / E	LH	LH
Peak field [T]	0.75 (H) 0.53 (V)	0.64 (H) 0.41 (V)	0.82 (H) 0.57 (V)	0.95	0.78?	0.24 (H) 0.24 (V)	2.1	2.1?
Quasi-Periodic	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	N
Energy (keV)	2 - 1	1 - 8	0.1 - 4	3 - 18		5 - 17	20 - 50	1.3 - 1.5

# « Top-Up »: injection distortion

Closed orbit distortion induced by pulsed magnets during injection:  
In 2006: 1 mm in H-plane and 0.2 mm in V-plane peak to peak (damped down after 5 ms).

- ❖ Fringe field of thin septum reduced down to  $<2\mu\text{T.m}$  ( $10^{-5}$  main field).
- ❖ Thick septum shielding
  - 3%  $\sigma_x$  and 50%  $\sigma_z$and identity of the 4 kicker pulsed magnets
  - 20%  $\sigma_x$  et 200% de  $\sigma_z$



- ❖ 10% stability seem reachable in H-plane. A feedforward in V-plane using a pulse magnet is likely to happen.
- ❖ BLs can use a trigger signal to gate their detectors during injection process