



Status of ANKA

E.Huttel for the Machine and THz Group

ANKA (Status) Report:

New e-gun

Single Bunch Measurements

Low- α Experiments

Bunch by Bunch Feedback

New Timing System

Coupling

Insertions

T-Bone-Project



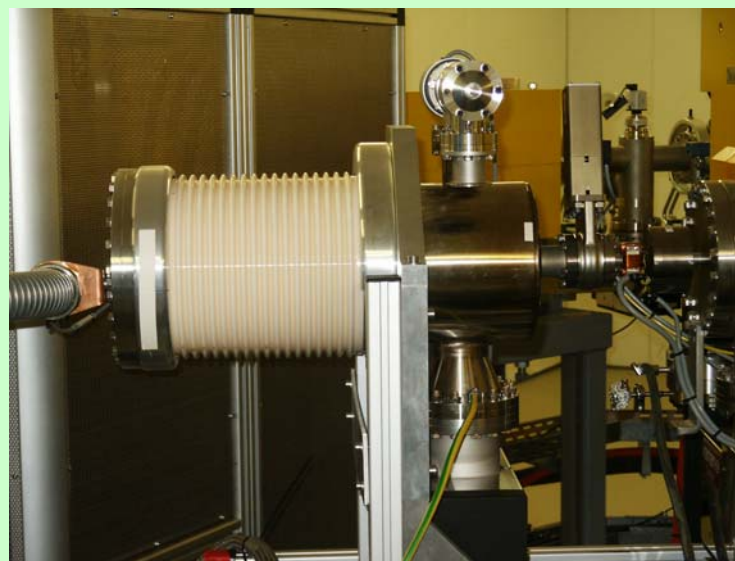
New Single Bunch e-Gun

Delivery + On-Site-Tests:	Januar 2009
Operation at Injector:	April 2009
Operation with Single Bunch:	June 2009

New HV-Pulse Transformer for Microtron-Linac necessary.

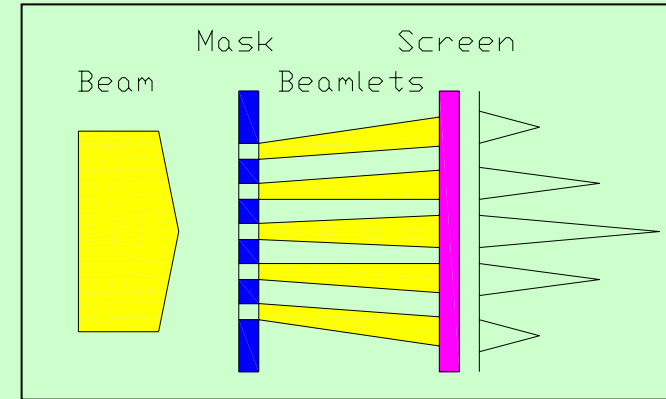
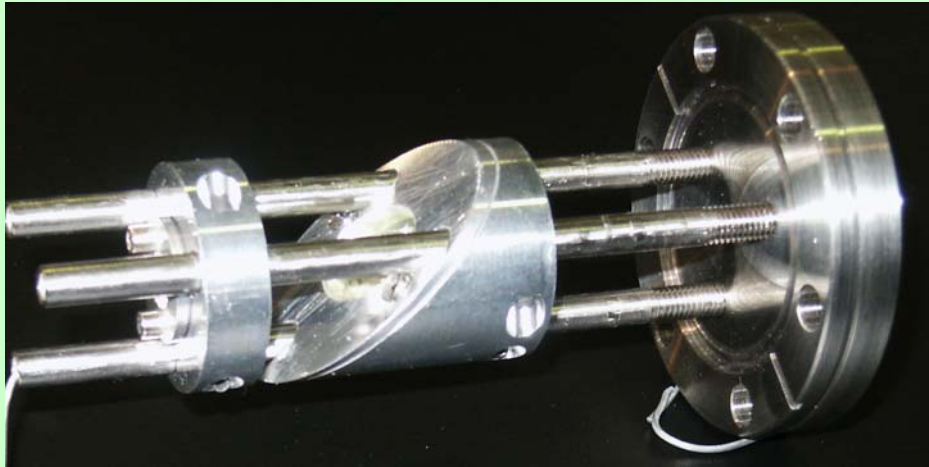
Specification:

Single Bunch Charge:	2 pC
Peak Width (FWHM):	1 ns
Long Bunch current:	0.2 A
Gun Voltage:	90 kV
Norm.Emittance (2σ):	20 μm
Repetition Rate:	1 Hz





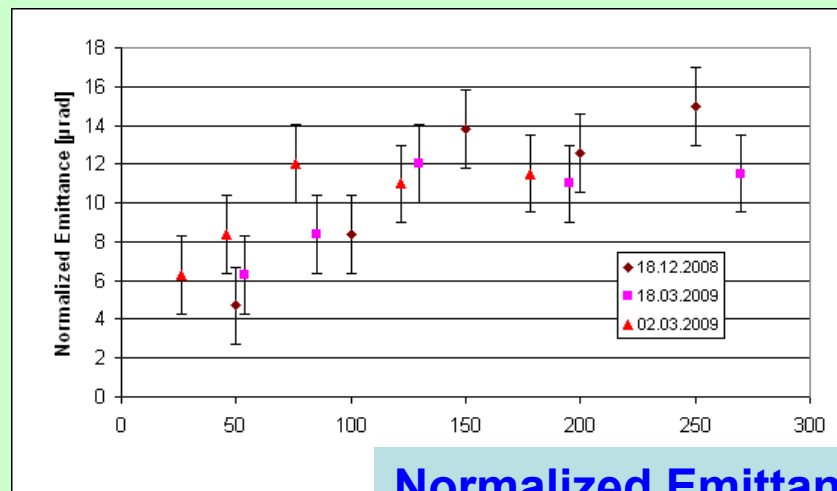
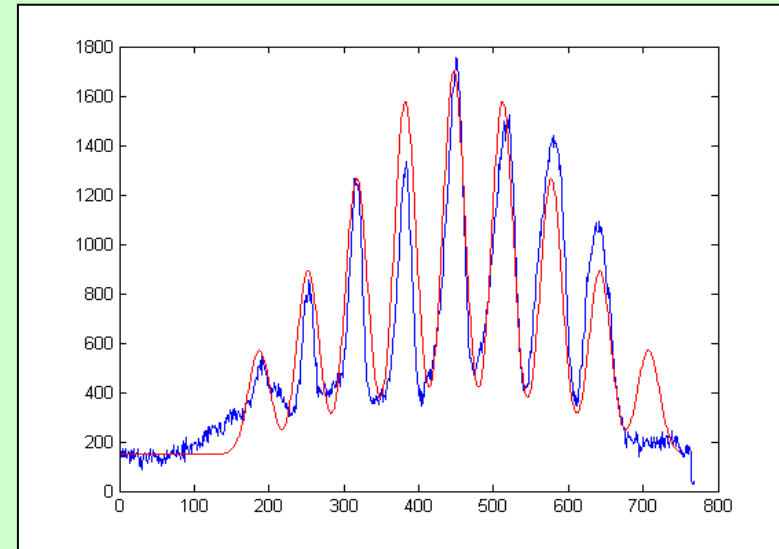
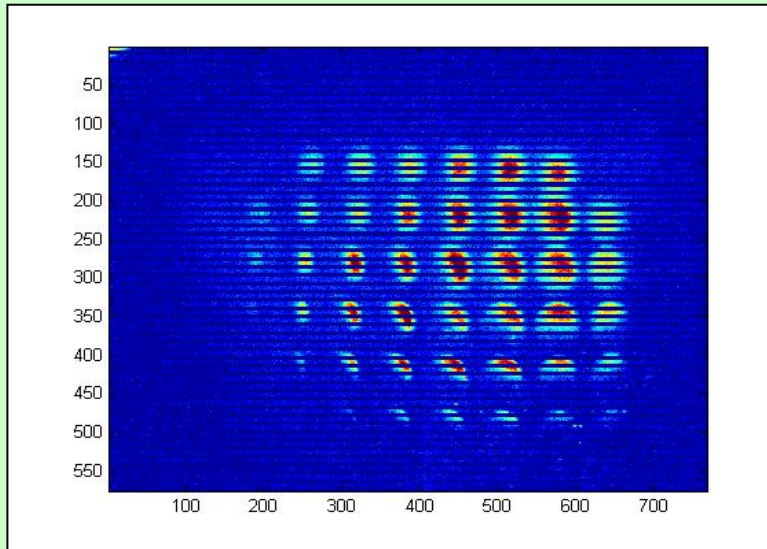
Emittance Measurement Set Up



Mask:	10 x 10 holes	
	Hole-hole-distance:	0.75 mm
	Hole-diameter:	0.05 mm
	Hole-screen distance:	35 mm
Screen:	YAG-Ce (Crytur)	
	Diameter:	20 mm
	Thickness:	0.05 mm



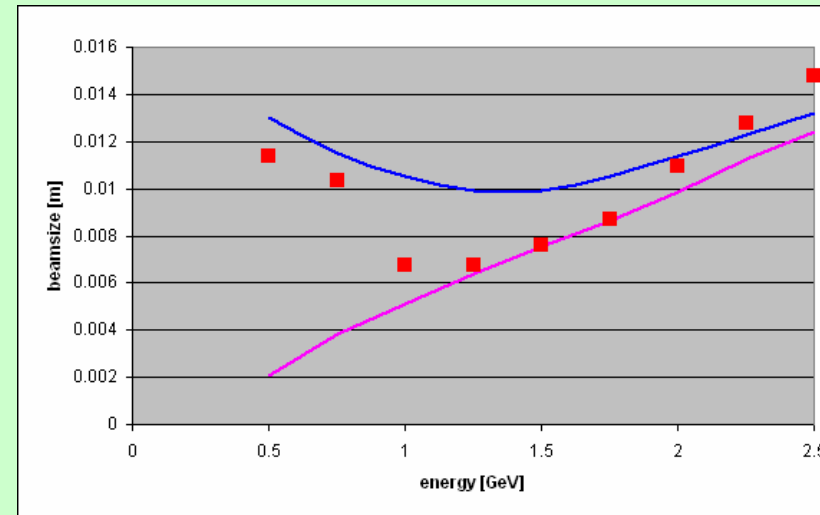
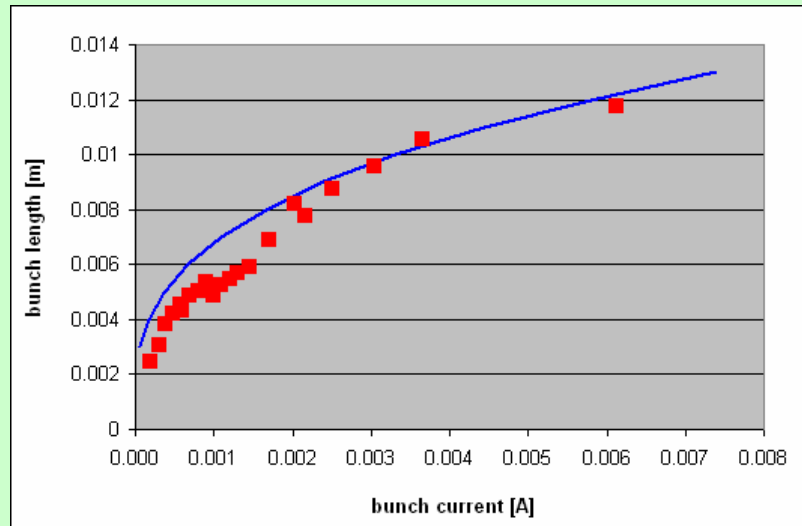
Emittance Measurement Results



Normalized Emittance (σ) $\sim 10 \mu\text{ rad}$



Longitudinal Impedance



Potential Well Distortion

$$\left(\frac{\sigma}{\sigma_0}\right)^3 - \left(\frac{\sigma}{\sigma_0}\right) = \frac{\alpha I}{\sqrt{2\pi} q_s^2 E} \left(\frac{r}{\sigma_0}\right)^3 \left(\frac{Z}{n}\right)$$

$$\sigma_0 = \frac{\alpha \sigma_E}{2\pi f_s}$$

$$Z/n = 0.3 \, \Omega$$

$$\sigma_0 = 0.002 \, \text{m}$$

$$\alpha = 0.009$$

$$r = 29 \, \text{m}$$

$$I$$

$$\sigma$$

$$f_s = 37 \, \text{kHz}$$

$$\sigma_E = 1.8 \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$q_s = f_s / f_r$$

$$f_r = 2.715$$

Zero current bunch length

Momentum compaction

Average radius

Bunch current

Bunch length

Synchrotron frequency

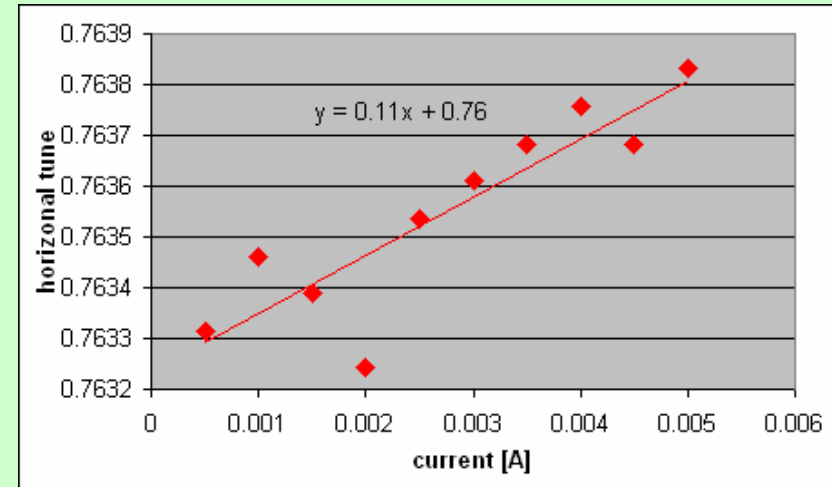
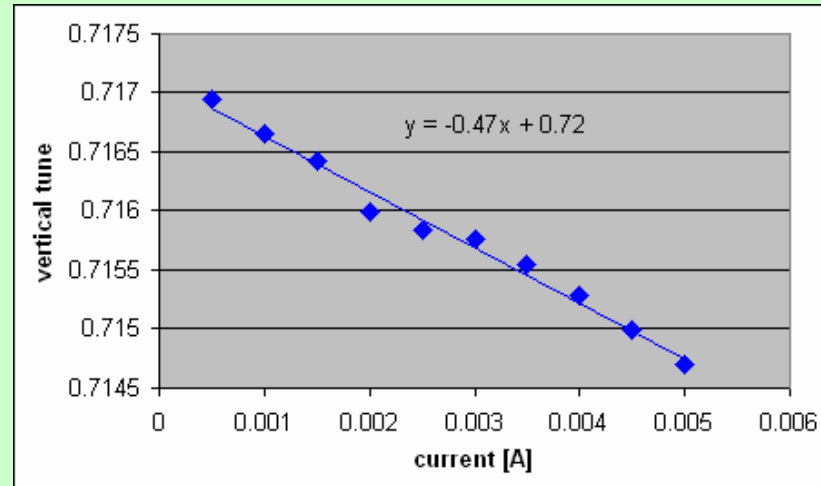
Energy spread at 0.5 GeV

Synchrotron tune

Revolution frequency



Transverse Impedance



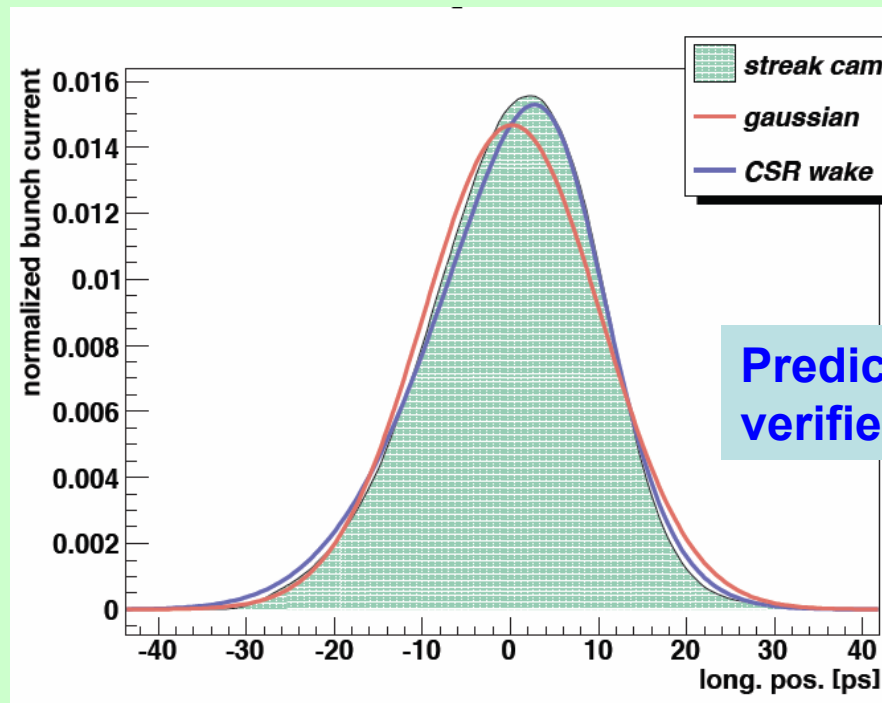
$$\frac{dq_y}{dI} = \frac{I\beta_{av}r_{av}}{4\sqrt{\pi}E\sigma_0} \text{Im}(Z_y)$$

$$\begin{aligned} r_{av} &= 29 \text{ m} \\ \beta_{av} &= 8 \text{ m} \\ E &= 0.5 \cdot 10^9 \text{ V} \\ dq_y / dI &= 0.5 \text{ 1/A} \\ \sigma_0 &= 0.01 \text{ m} \quad ??? \end{aligned}$$

$$Z_y = 0.1 \text{ M}\Omega/\text{m}$$



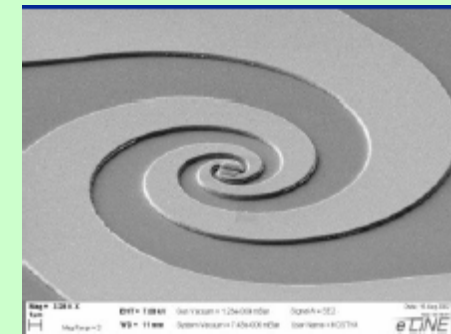
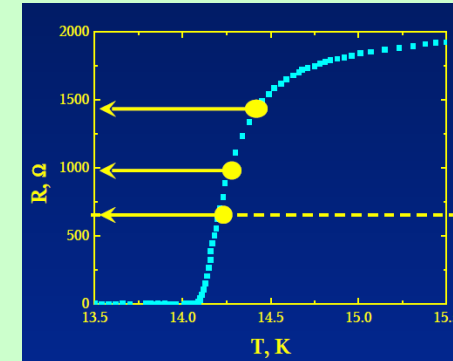
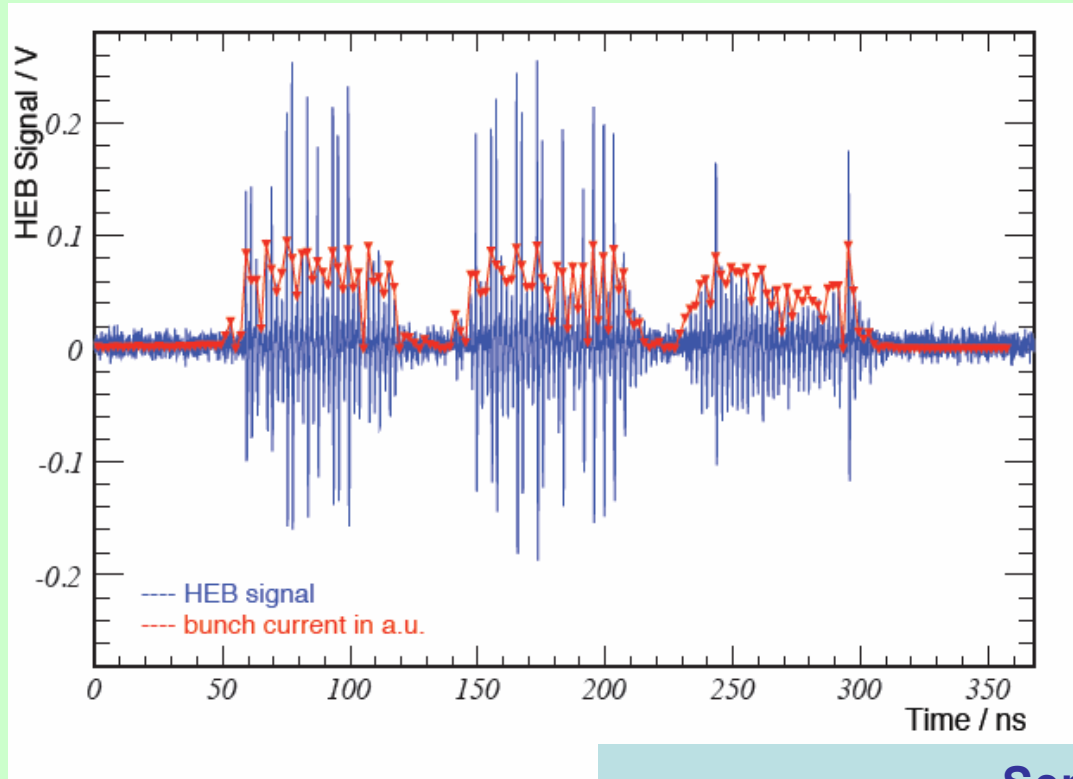
Low Alpha Mode Bunch Size



M.Klein: Work Shop Non Linear
Beam Dynamic, Diamond 2009

**Predicted Bunch deformation (CSR wake)
verified by Streak camera measurement**

THz Detection by Hot Electron Bolometer (NbN)



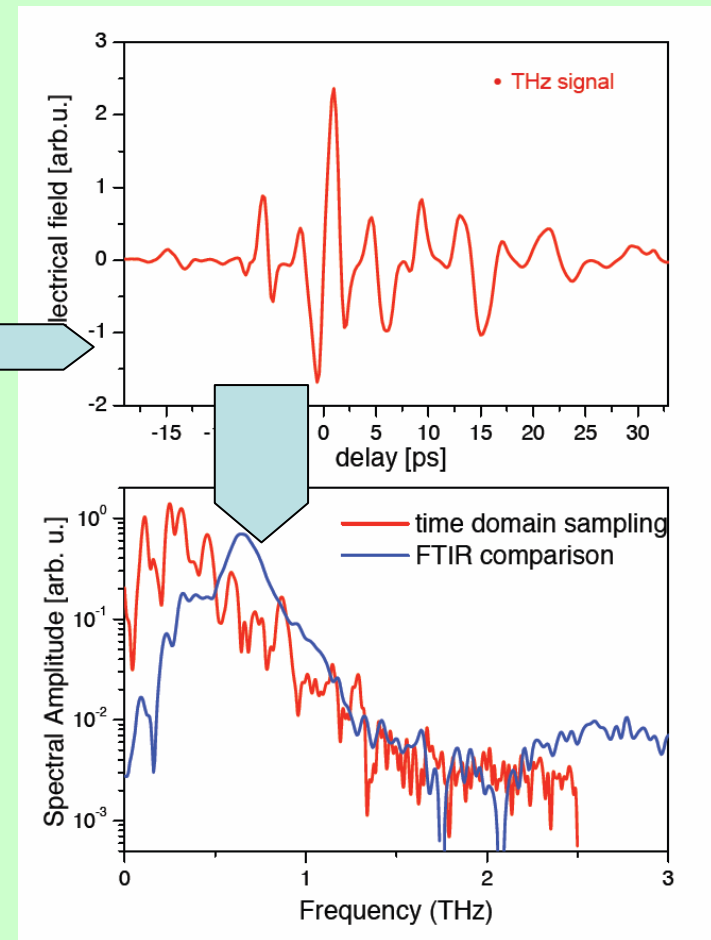
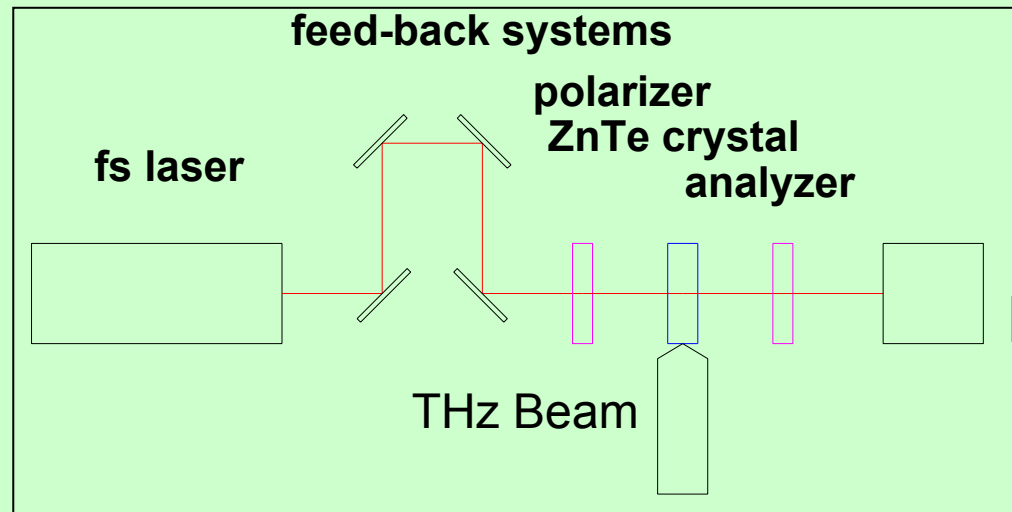
	Sensitivity	Response time
Si Bolometer:	10^{-14} W/Hz	15 μ s
NbN Bolometer:	10^{-12} W /Hz	0.1 ns

High Charge (wake) of leading bunch increases (bursting) Radiation



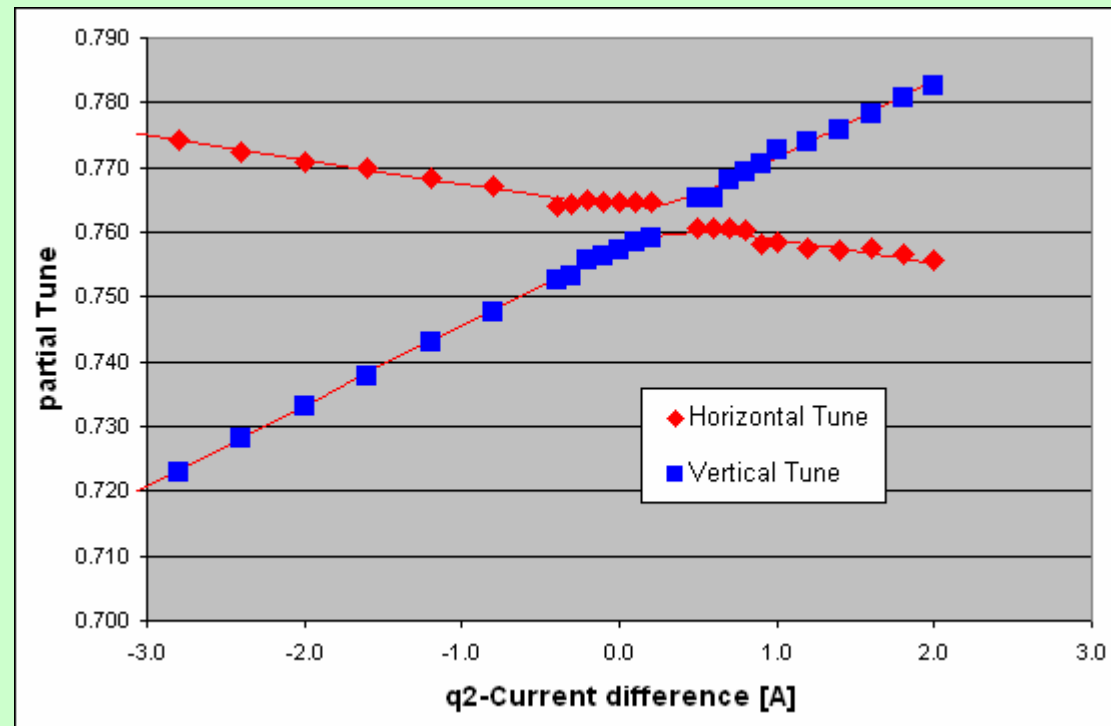
Electro Optical Sampling

Anton Plech et al., PAC09
(Prepare pump probe experiments)





Coupling



$$|q_y - q_x| = \frac{\Delta + \sqrt{\Delta^2 + c^2}}{2}$$

$$\frac{\varepsilon_y}{\varepsilon_x} = \frac{c^2}{2\Delta^2 + c^2}$$

Δ : linear tune approach difference
 c : closed tune approach

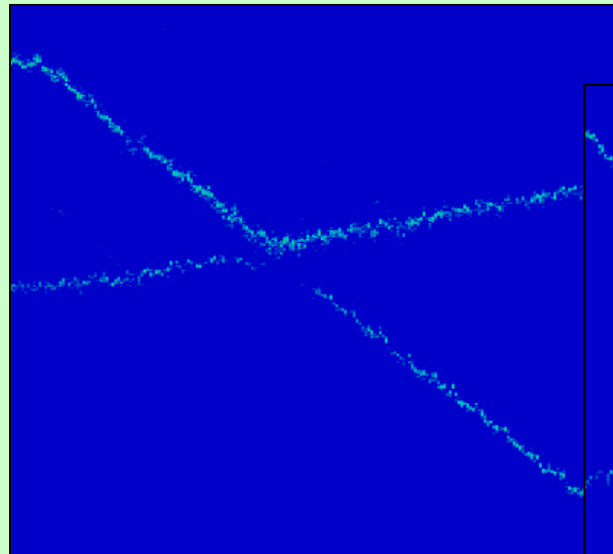
No scew quads

Tune approach: 0.005

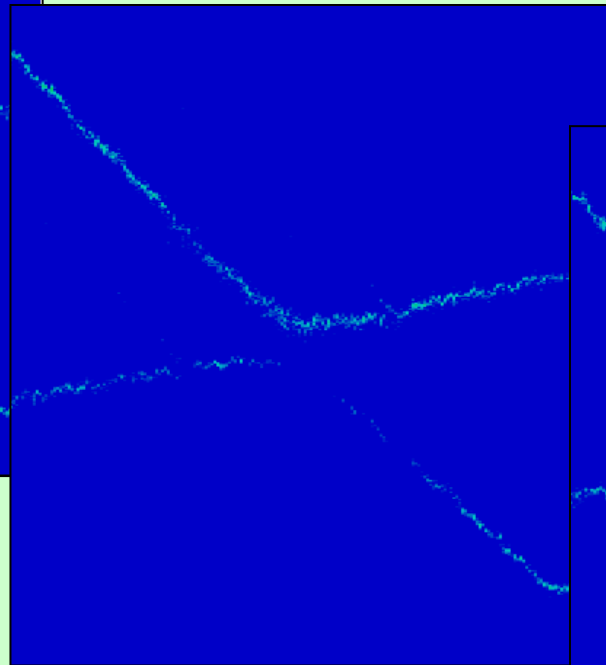
Emittance Coupling: 0.010



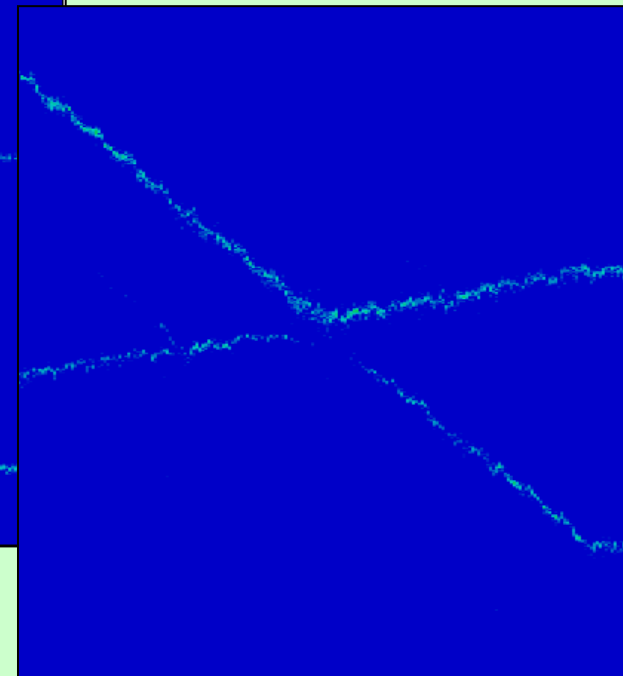
Coupling and Wiggler Gap



16 mm



24 mm



100 mm



Bunch by Bunch Feedback

Dimitry Teytelman (DINTEL-INC)

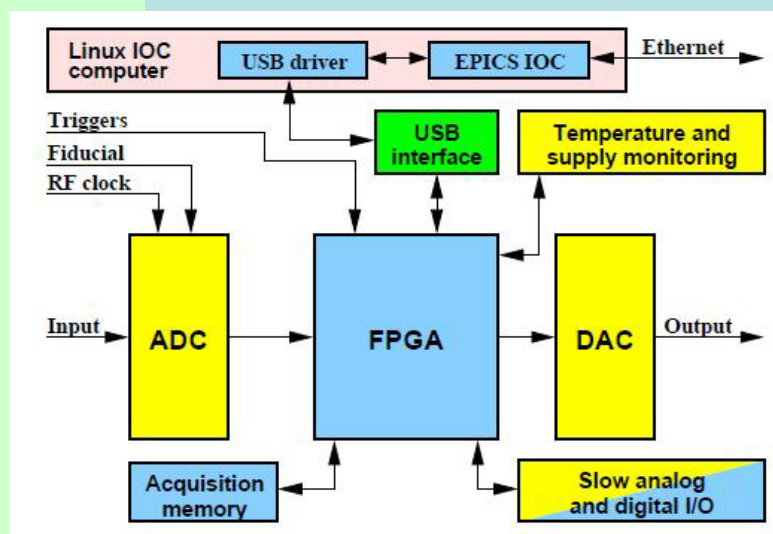
Bunch by Bunch Feedback

Complete Package: RF Frontend

Bunch by Bunch Feedback

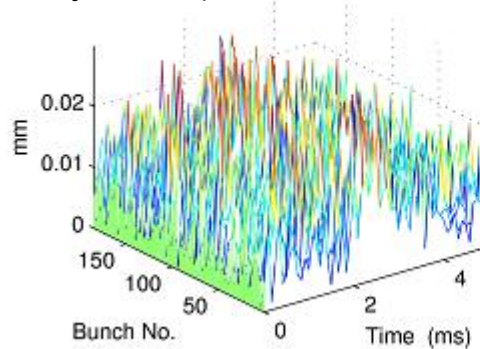
Diagnostics

Commisioning

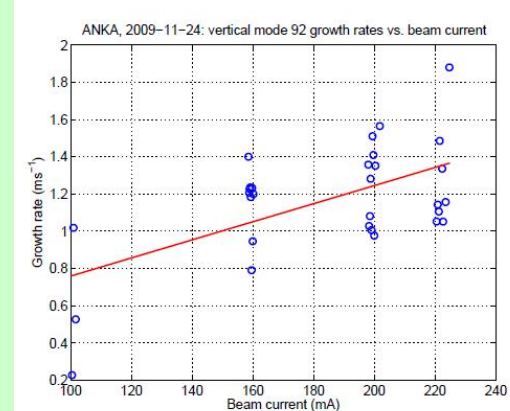
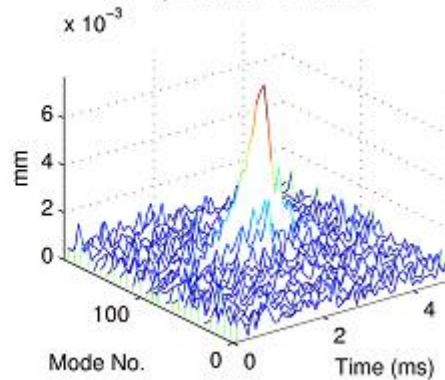


Grow-Damping Vertical

(D.Teytelman)
a) Osc. Envelopes in Time Domain



b) Evolution of Modes



Normal filling:	30% gap,	up to 200 mA	vertical stable
Bunch by Bunch:	15% gap	up to 240 mA	vertical stable
		lost on ramp	

Assumed we need large gap to clear lons. Should be visible at low mode.

But critical mode is 92 (250 MHz)! Cavity mode?

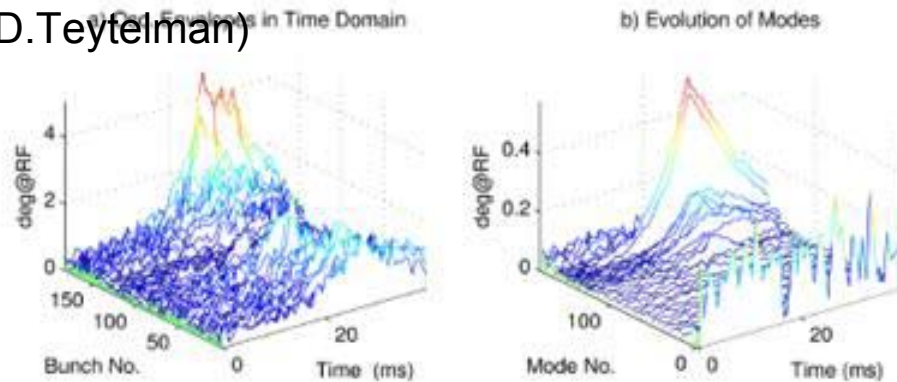
Does the gap also damp vertical instabilities,
as longitudinal instability damp vertical instabilities,
as positive chromaticity (+4) damp vertical instabilities.



Grow/Damping Longitudinal

Vertical kicker used for longitudinal kick

(D.Teytelman)



Mode 134
Mode 156

Cavity L5/L9
L3

At Injection:

Normal operation:

Longitudinal unstable at any current

With Feedback:

Longitudinal stable up to 10 mA

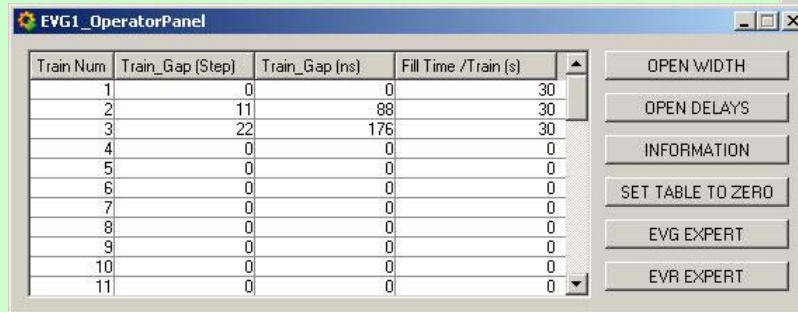
But then vertical unstable

New Timing System

Micro Research (Finland) Firm ware: 1 Generator, 1 Receiver
Replacing 4 Stanford Delay Generator plus homemade Electronics

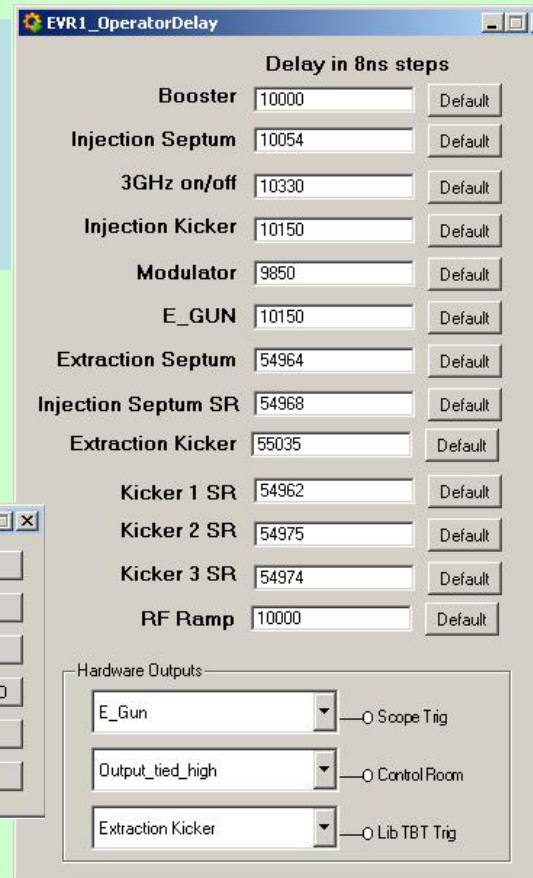
Advantage:
More reliable,
More flexible,
Better for time depending Exp.

Visualization with PVSS



Train Num	Train_Gap (Step)	Train_Gap (ns)	Fill Time /Train (s)
1	0	0	30
2	11	88	30
3	22	176	30
4	0	0	0
5	0	0	0
6	0	0	0
7	0	0	0
8	0	0	0
9	0	0	0
10	0	0	0
11	0	0	0

Buttons: OPEN WIDTH, OPEN DELAYS, INFORMATION, SET TABLE TO ZERO, EVG EXPERT, EVR EXPERT

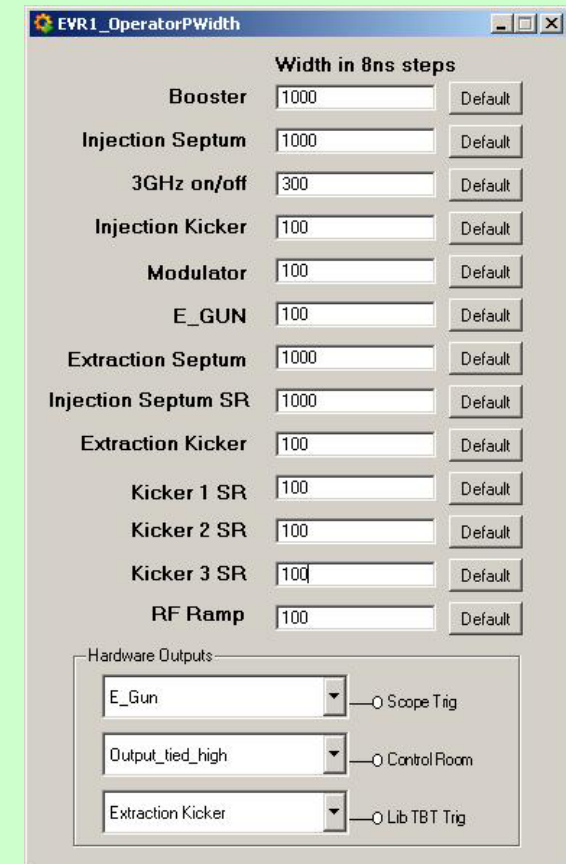


Delay in 8ns steps

Booster	10000	Default
Injection Septum	10054	Default
3GHz on/off	10330	Default
Injection Kicker	10150	Default
Modulator	9850	Default
E_GUN	10150	Default
Extraction Septum	54964	Default
Injection Septum SR	54968	Default
Extraction Kicker	55035	Default
Kicker 1 SR	54962	Default
Kicker 2 SR	54975	Default
Kicker 3 SR	54974	Default
RF Ramp	10000	Default

Hardware Outputs:

- E_Gun —O Scope Trig
- Output_tied_high —O Control Room
- Extraction Kicker —O Lib TBT Trig



Width in 8ns steps

Booster	1000	Default
Injection Septum	1000	Default
3GHz on/off	300	Default
Injection Kicker	100	Default
Modulator	100	Default
E_GUN	100	Default
Extraction Septum	1000	Default
Injection Septum SR	1000	Default
Extraction Kicker	100	Default
Kicker 1 SR	100	Default
Kicker 2 SR	100	Default
Kicker 3 SR	100	Default
RF Ramp	100	Default

Hardware Outputs:

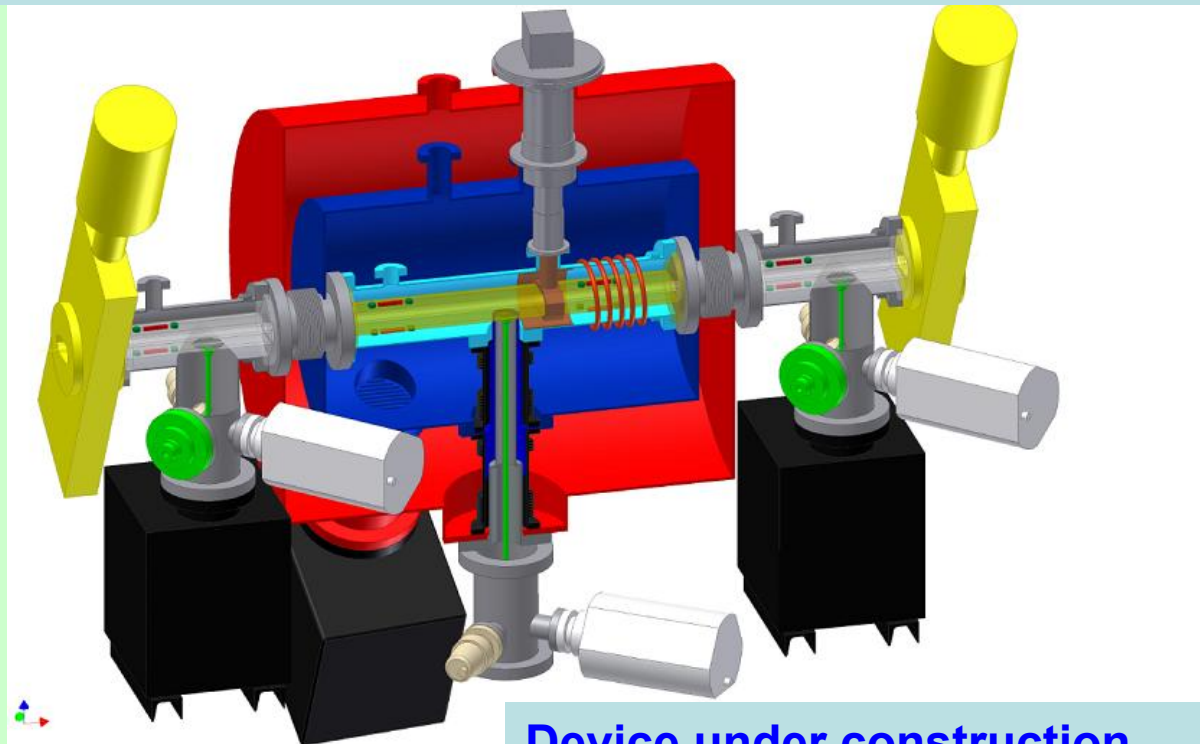
- E_Gun —O Scope Trig
- Output_tied_high —O Control Room
- Extraction Kicker —O Lib TBT Trig



COLD-DIAG

S.Casualboni, et al

Heat load in super conducting Insertions not fully understand.
Caused by electron clouds?



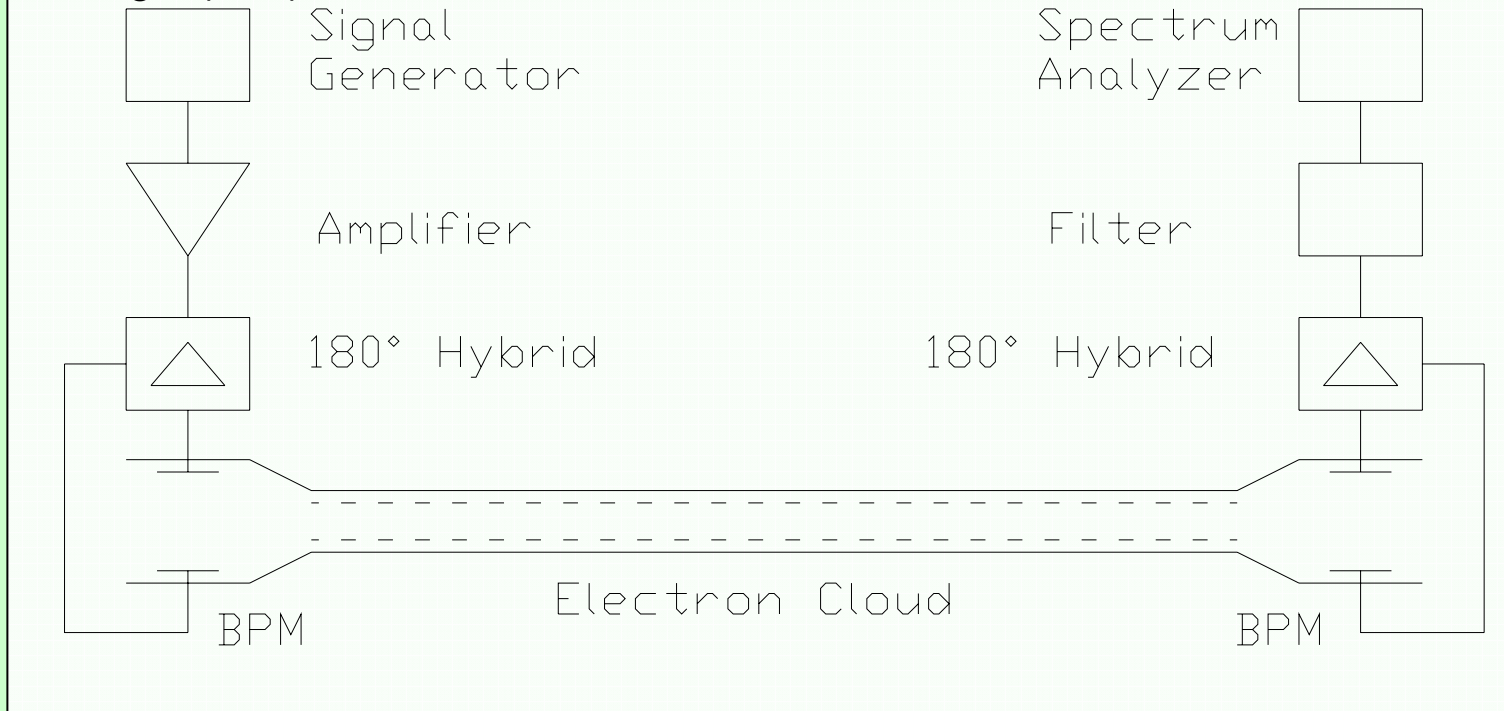
Device under construction
Equipment rented from SRS Daresbury.
Installation at DIAMOND under discussion.



Electron Clouds

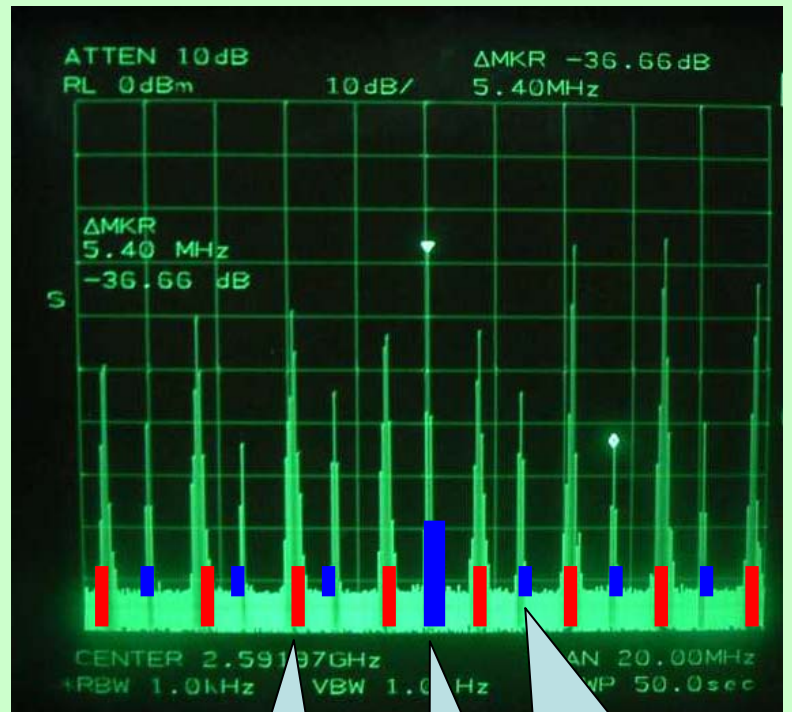
Initiated by F.Caspers (CERN)

R.Weigel (MPI)



**Microwave transmission through beam tube.
Presents of e-clouds cause change in phase.
Gap in beam will cause phase modulation (side bands).**

Microwave Transmission Results

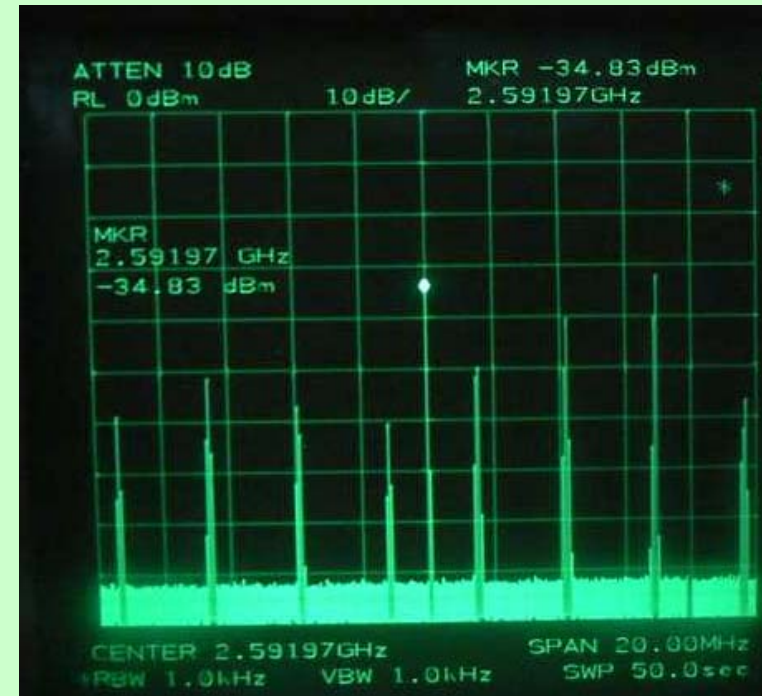


Rev.Band |

Carrier |

Sidebands |

**Symmetric Sidebands indicate
amplitude modulation, not
phase modulation**



With Band pass filter no sidebands

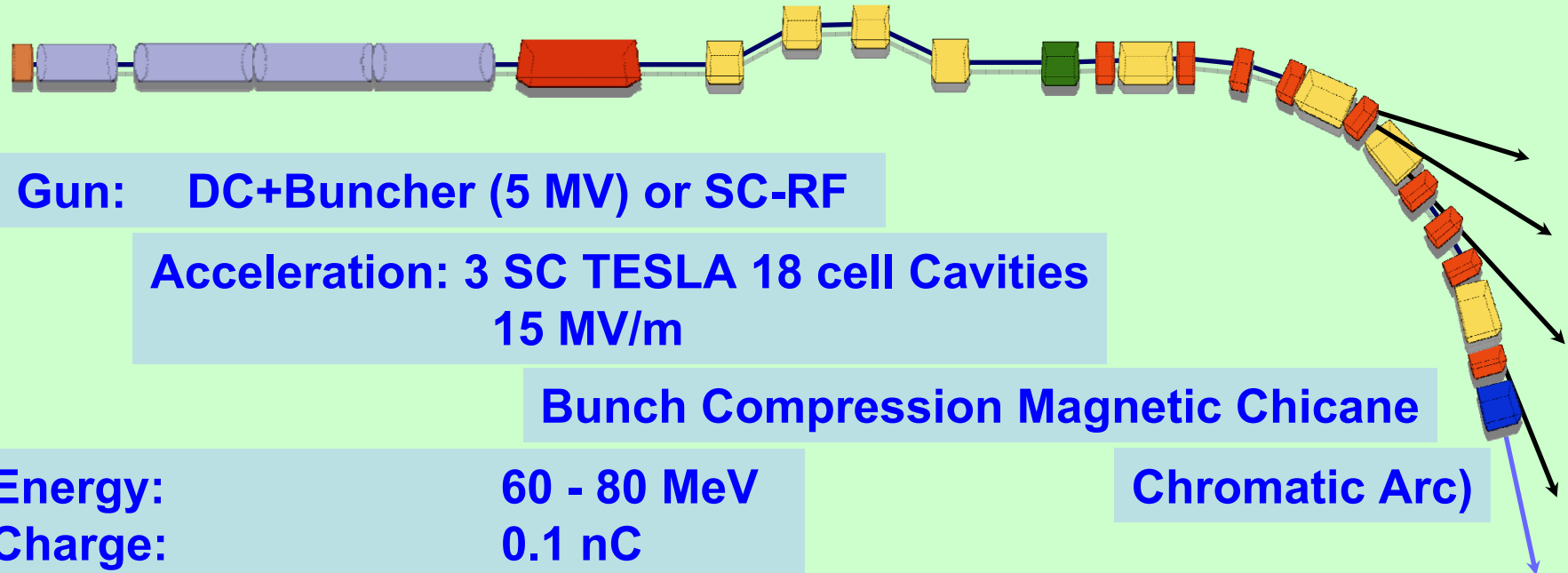
**No Indication of Electron clouds!
Upper limit for e-clouds?**



Beyond ANKA: TBONE

TBONE THz Beam Optics New Experiments

Superconducting Linac for short bunches as THz Source



Gun: DC+Buncher (5 MV) or SC-RF

Acceleration: 3 SC TESLA 18 cell Cavities
15 MV/m

Bunch Compression Magnetic Chicane

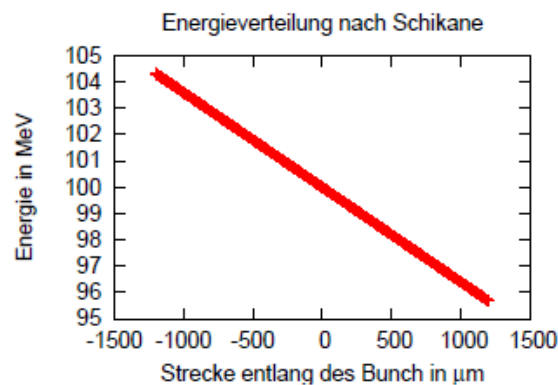
Chromatic Arc)

Energy:	60 - 80 MeV
Charge:	0.1 nC
Repetition Rate:	10 MHz
Average Current:	1 mA
Pulse Width:	5 fs
Emittance (nor.):	2 μ rad

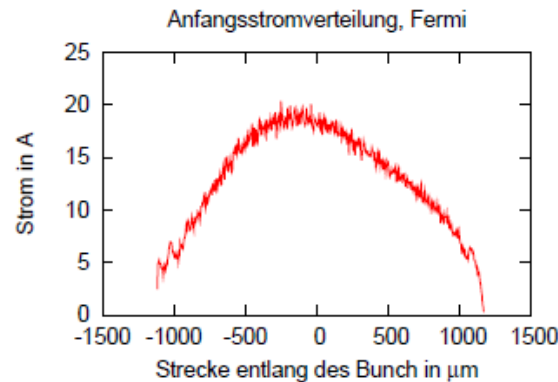
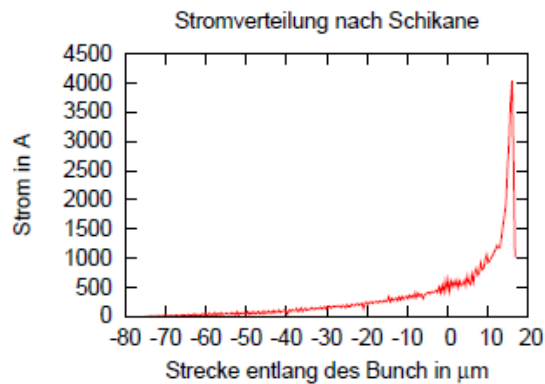


Bunch Compressor

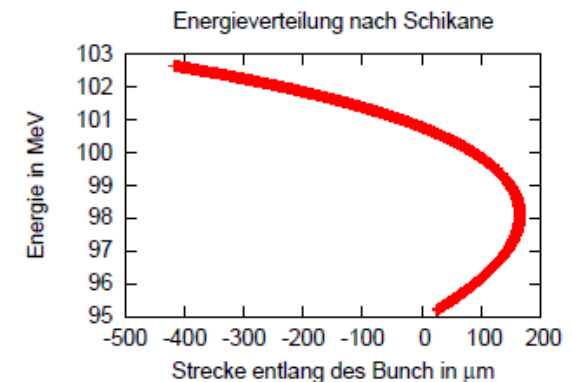
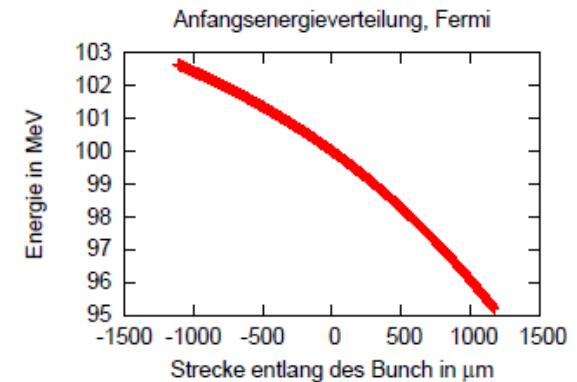
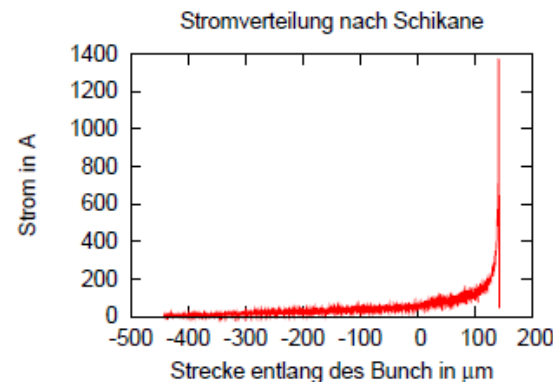
Diploma-thesen S.Hillenbrand: Simulation of bunch compressor (CSR, AT)



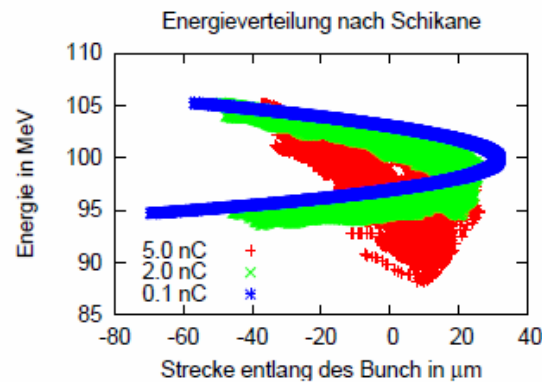
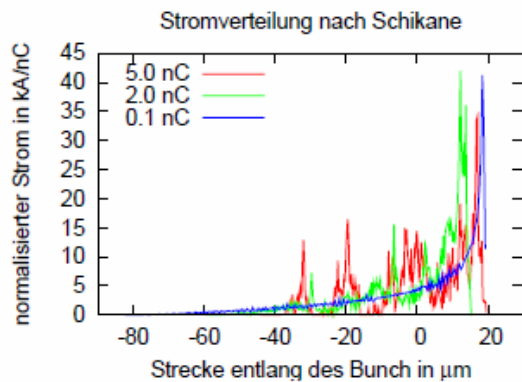
Ideal starting conditions



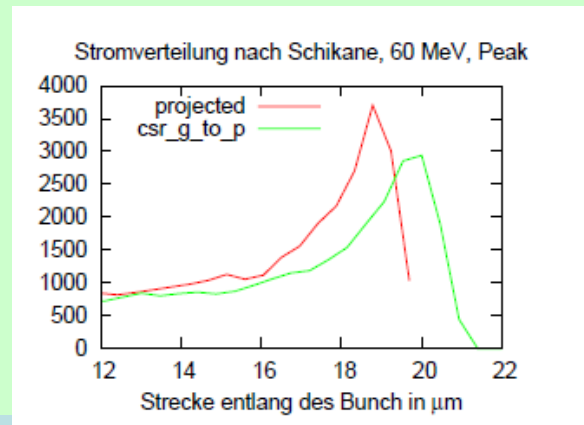
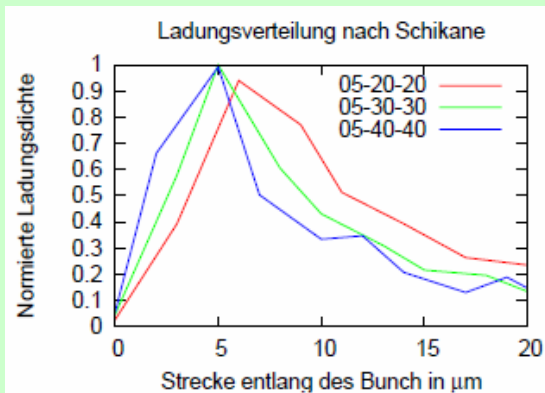
More realistic conditions: reduced current



Bunch Compressor



Max Current limited to 0.1 nA before CSR is effecting the bunch



Dependence on linac phase and energy (66,70,74 GeV)

Dependence on space charge: uncritical up to 5 m



Next Steps for TBONE

Conceptional Design Report to be done.

Cooperation with Research Centre Dresden (THz Diagnostics, Simulation).



Thank You For Your Attention

Machine group:

E.Huttel, I.Birkel, N.Smale

Young Investigators group (THz):

A.S.Müller, M.Fitterer, S.Hillenbrand, N.Hiller, A.Hofmann,
V.Judin, M.Klein, S.Marsching, K.Sonnad

Undulate group:

S.Casibuoni, A.Grau, S.Gerstl, E.Mashkina, D.Saez de Jaargui,

Sabbatical:

P.Tavares (LNLS)

Guest:

F.Caspers (CERN)
D.Teytelman (DIMITEL)

Beamlines:

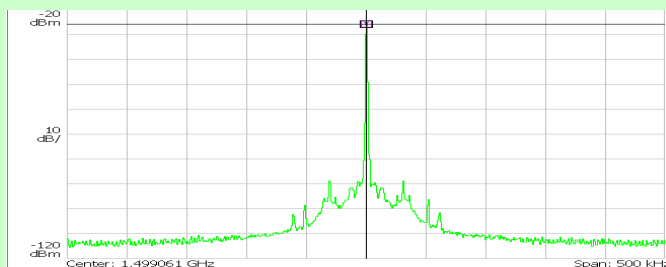
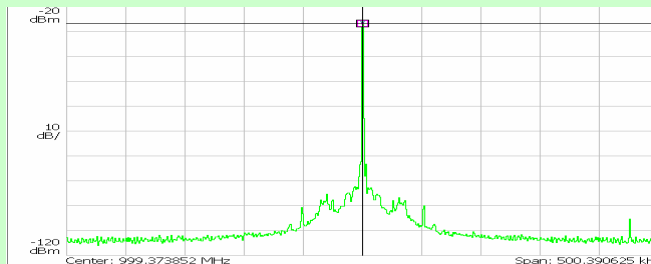
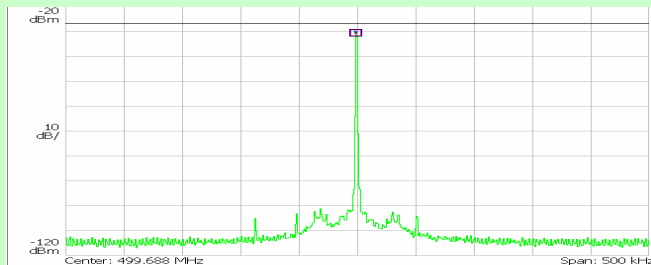
Y.L.Mathis (IR)
R.Weigel (MPI)
A.Plech (EOS)



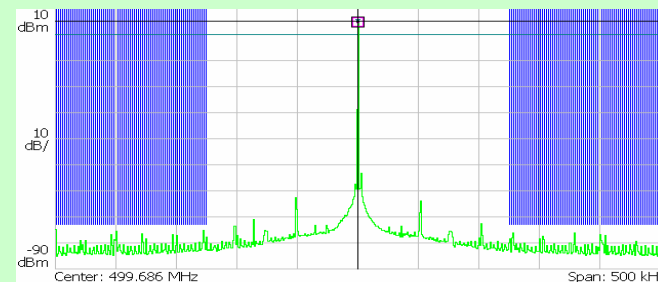
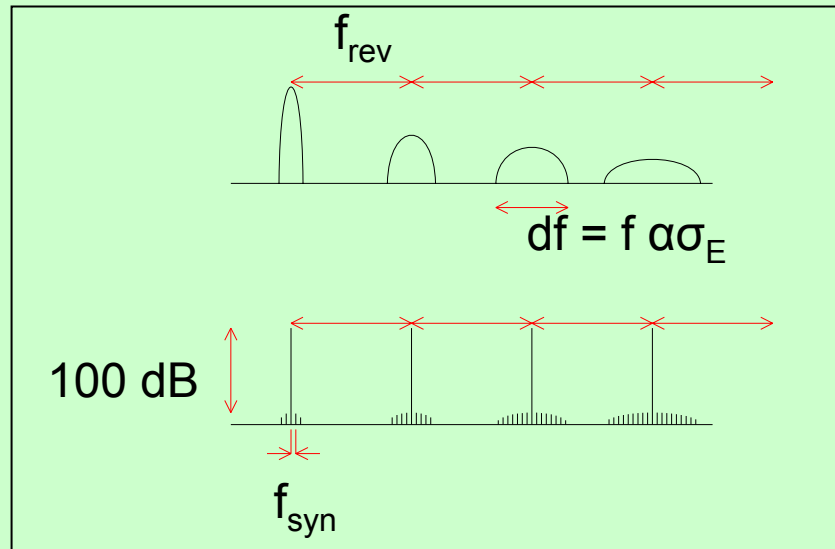
Schottky-Noise

Initiated by F.Caspers (CERN)

Diagnostics tool for unbunched beam
Difficult for bunched beam



Stripline-pick-up, Schottky?



RF pick-up, Phase noise?