

Light stops, heavy gluinos, and a novel solution to the little hierarchy problem

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Radiative corrections with new heavy particles coupling to Higgs doublets destabilize the electroweak scale and require an ad-hoc counterterm cancelling the large loop contribution. If the mass scale m_1 of these new particles is in the TeV range, this feature constitutes the "little fine-tuning problem". We consider the case that the new-physics spectrum has a little hierarchy with two particle mass scales m_1 , m_2 and $m_2 = \mathcal{O}(10\, m_1)$ and no tree-level couplings of the heavier particles to Higgs doublets. As a concrete example we study the (next-to-)minimal supersymmetric standard model ((N)MSSM) for the case that the gluino mass M_3 is significantly larger than the stop mass parameters $m_{\{L,R\}}$ and show that the usual one-loop fine-tuning analysis breaks down. If $m_{\{L,R\}}$ is defined in the dimensional-reduction (DR-bar) or any other fundamental scheme, corrections enhanced by powers of $M_3^2/m_{\{L,R\}}^2$ occur in all higher loop orders. After resumming these terms we find the fine-tuning measure substantially improved compared to the usual analyses with $M_3 \ll m_{\{L,R\}}$. In our hierarchical scenario the stop self-energies grow like M_3^2 , so that the stop masses $m_{\{L,R\}}^{\text{OS}}$ in the on-shell (OS) scheme are naturally much larger than their DR-bar counterparts $m_{\{L,R\}}^{\text{DR-bar}}$. This feature permits a novel solution to the little fine-tuning problem: DR-bar stop masses are close to the electroweak scale, but radiative corrections involving the heavy gluino push the OS masses, which are probed in collider searches, above their experimental lower limits. As a byproduct, we clarify which renormalization scheme must be used for squark masses in loop corrections to low-energy quantities such as the B-B-bar mixing amplitude.

Primary author: Prof. NIERSTE, Ulrich (Karlsruhe Institute of Technology)

Presenter: Prof. NIERSTE, Ulrich (Karlsruhe Institute of Technology)

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