

FLASH2020+ im Detail.

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DESY Betriebsseminar 2020

Outline

Overview of the upcoming actions
Injector reconstruction works in detail
FLASH 1 plans
FLASH 2 plans

Reconstruction Work

Injector:

- Exchange of ACC2,3 in 2021
- Laser Heater in front of BC2.
- DBC2: shorter to get space for LH.
- UBC2: shorter
- BC3 will be a c-chicane
- DBC3: longer to get a better diagnostic station

FLASH 1

- HGHG/EEHG Seeded FEL down to 4nm at 1 MHz
- THz source
- DUMP will be kept as it is!

FLASH 2

- Undulator scheme for advanced lasing schemes.
- Two color lasing and atto second pulse generation
- Wavelength tuning range : SASE: 2.3-60 nm, HL: 1-2nm

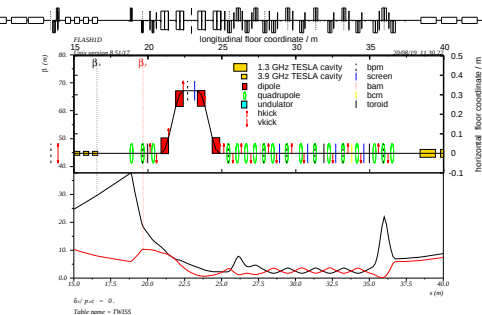
Laser Heater Implementation in BC2.

Required Lattice Modifications.

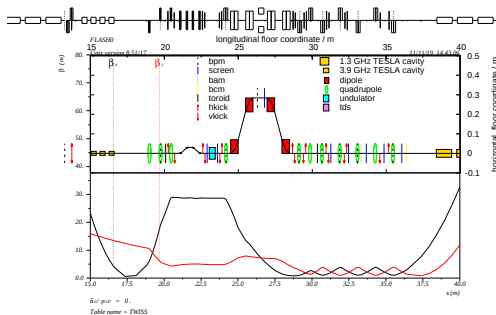
⇒ Free space for the laser heater:

The matching section in DBC2 shortened
BC2 will be moved downstream.

Actual FLASH Lattice



New FLASH2020+ Lattice



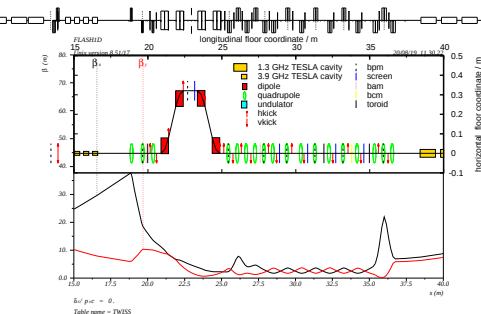
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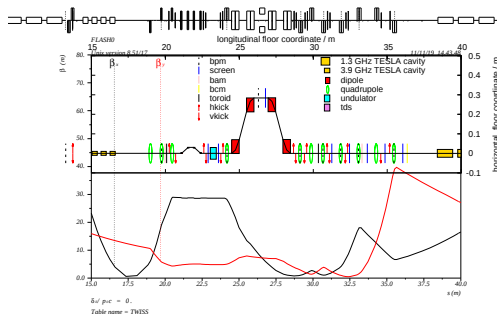
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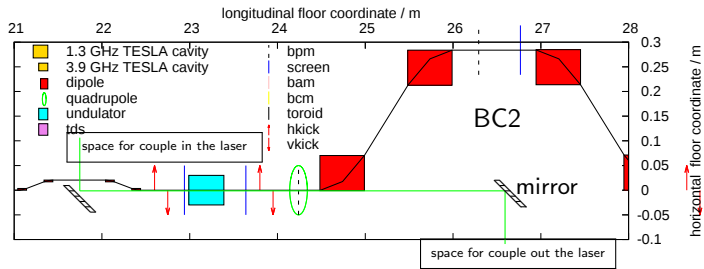
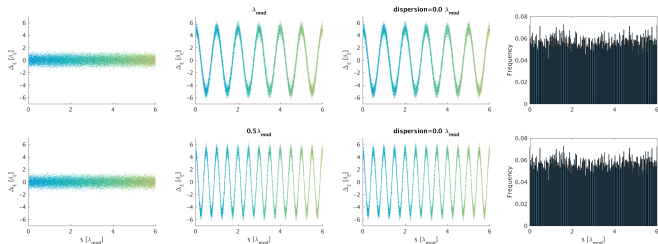
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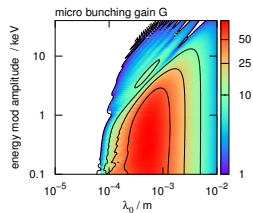
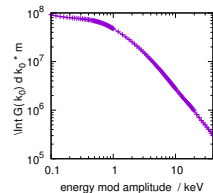
Laser Heater Details



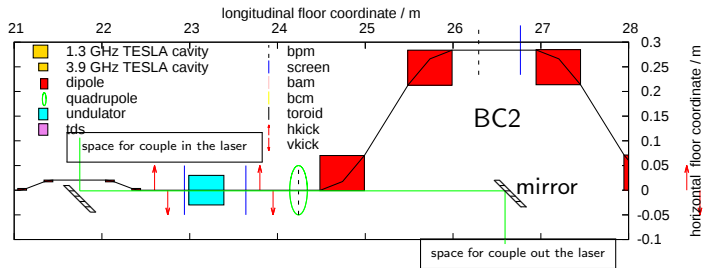
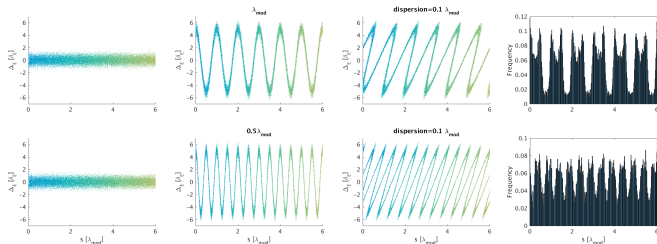
MBI gain suppression:

$$\sim e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sigma_\gamma}{\gamma} \frac{2\pi R_{56}}{\lambda_{mod}} \right)^2}$$

Linear Gain Model for 250 pC



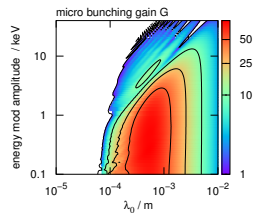
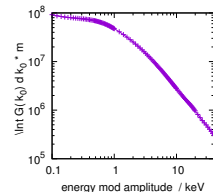
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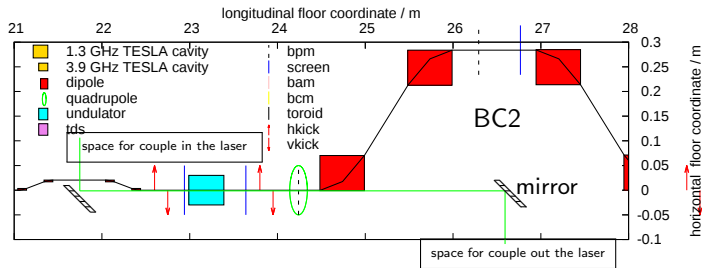
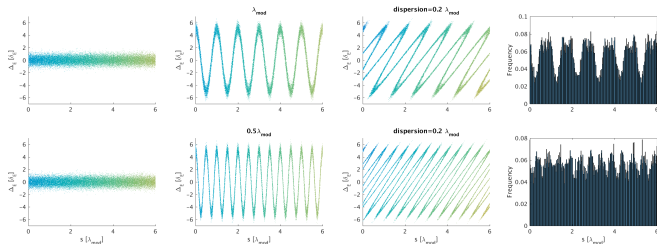
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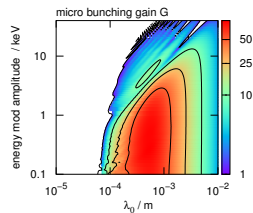
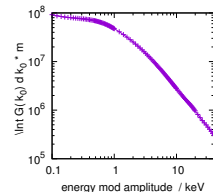
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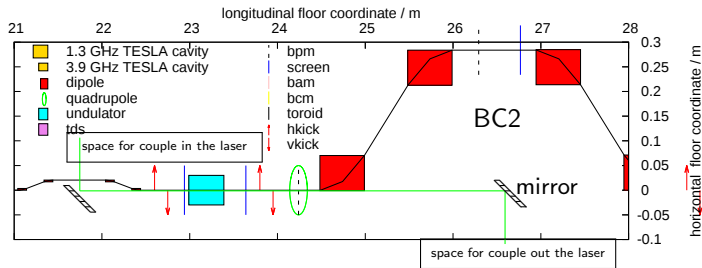
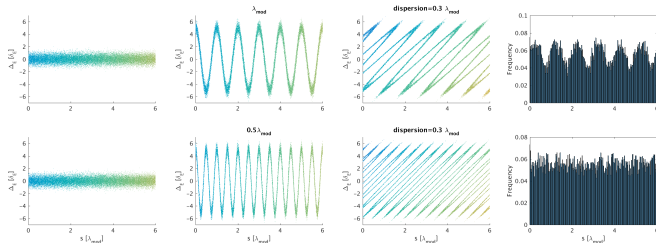
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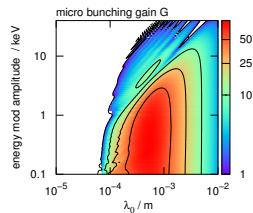
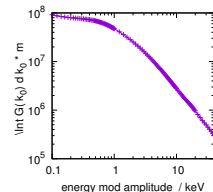
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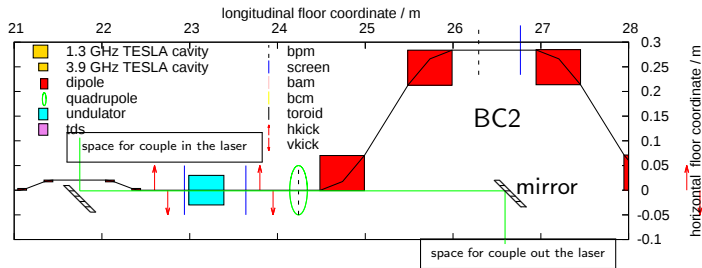
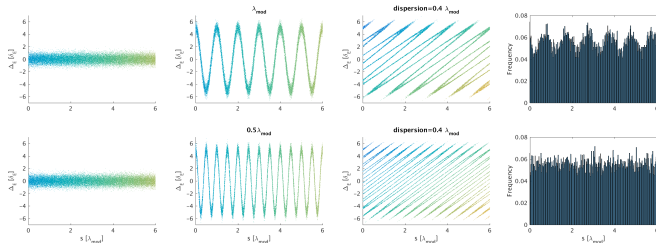
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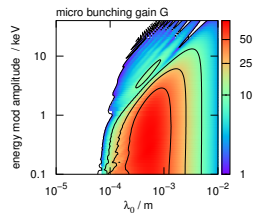
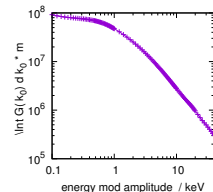
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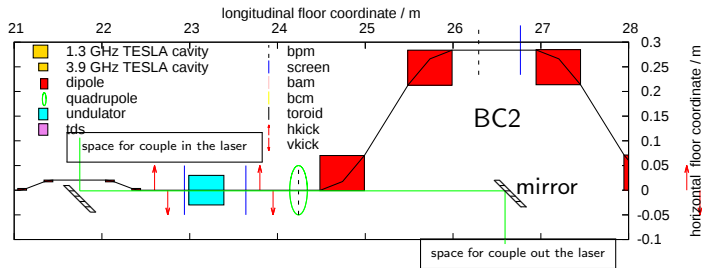
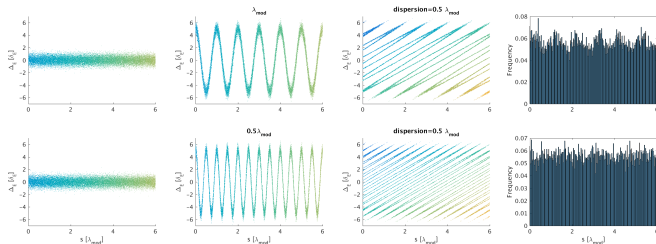
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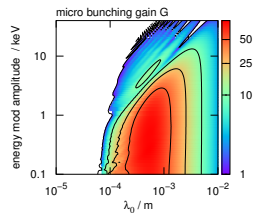
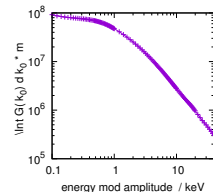
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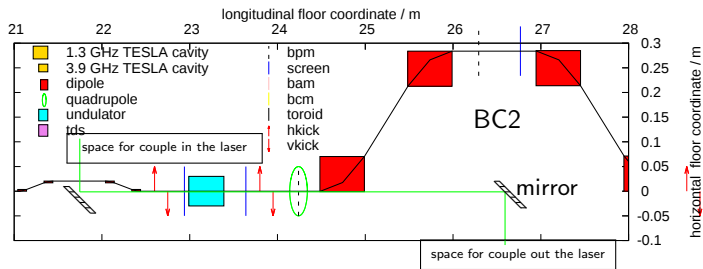
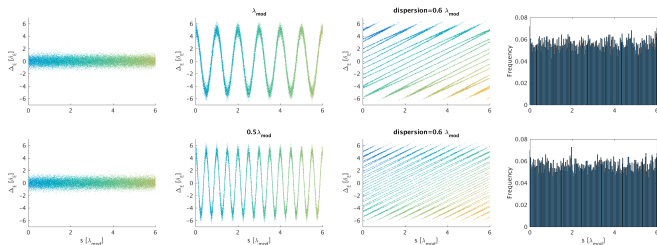
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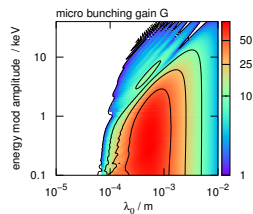
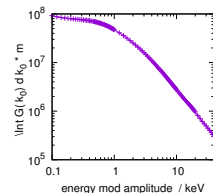
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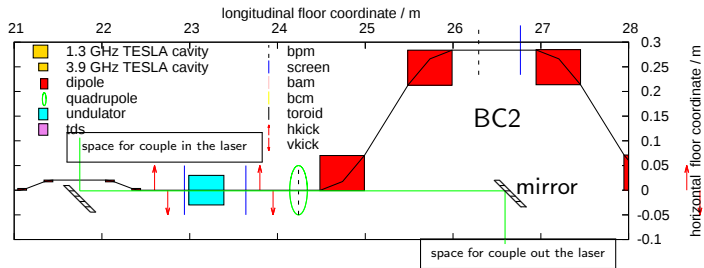
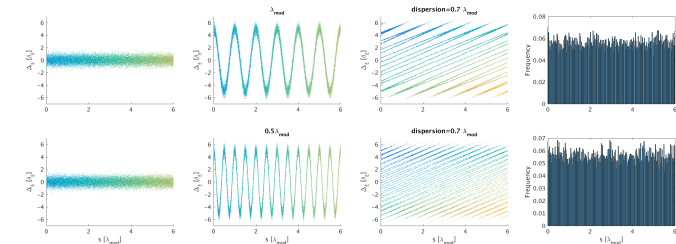
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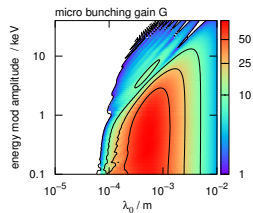
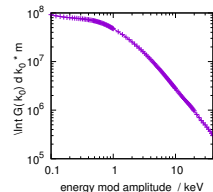
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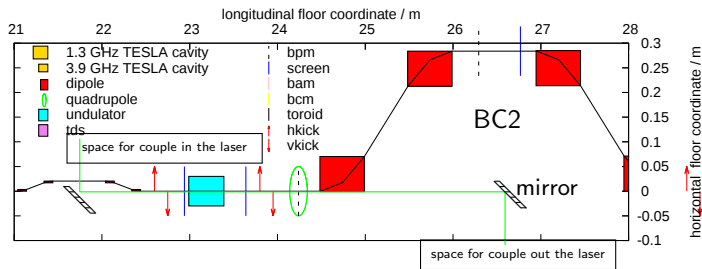
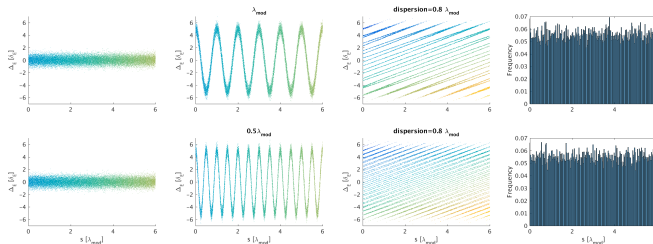
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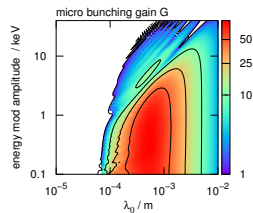
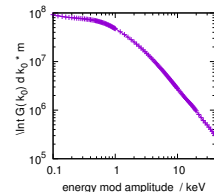
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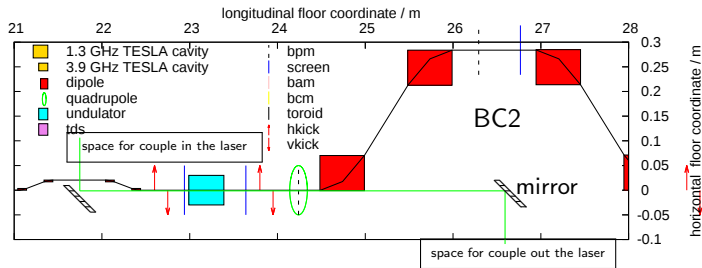
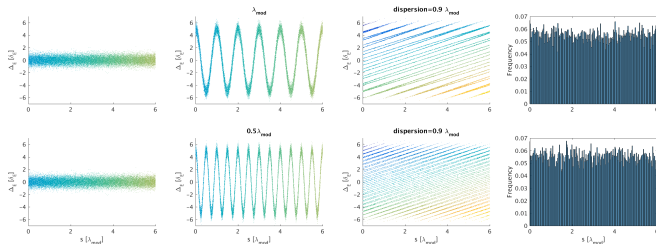
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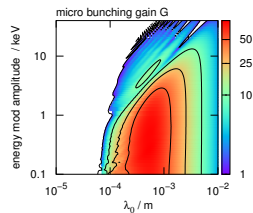
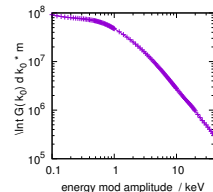
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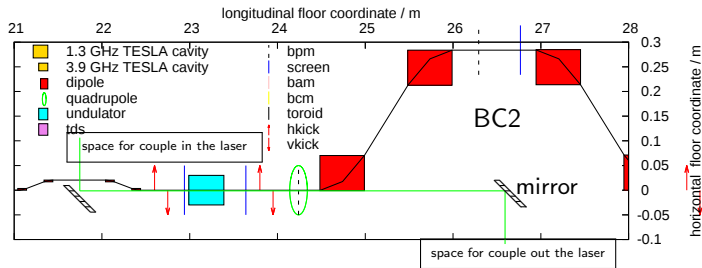
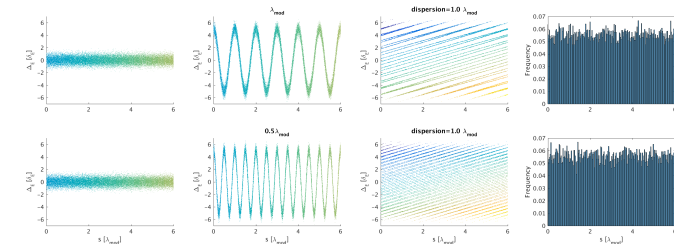
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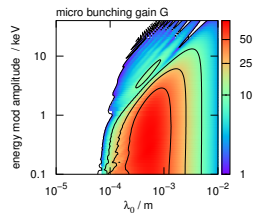
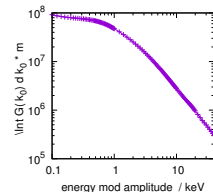
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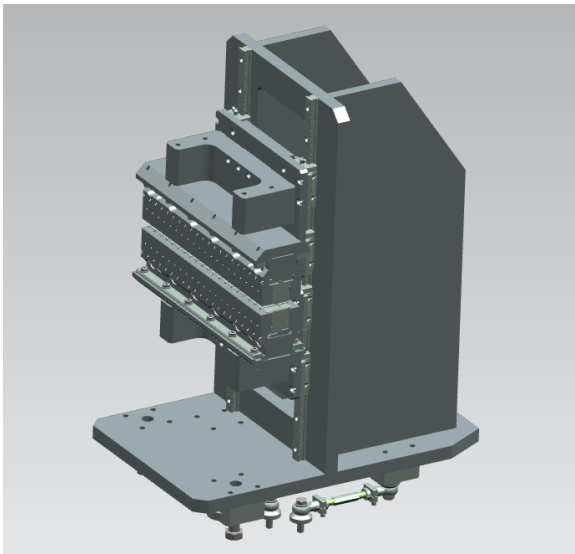
Linear Gain Model for 250 pC



Undulator for the LH

With variable gap using permanent magnets

Length	400	mm
Period length	40	mm
# periods	10	
Minimum gap	15	mm
Undulator K	1.3	
Resonant wavelength	~ 500	nm



CAD Lattice Model

Has started in November 2019:

- Design of vacuum system

- Design of the substructure

- Plan: finalize work in mid 2020

Design of new OTR stations:

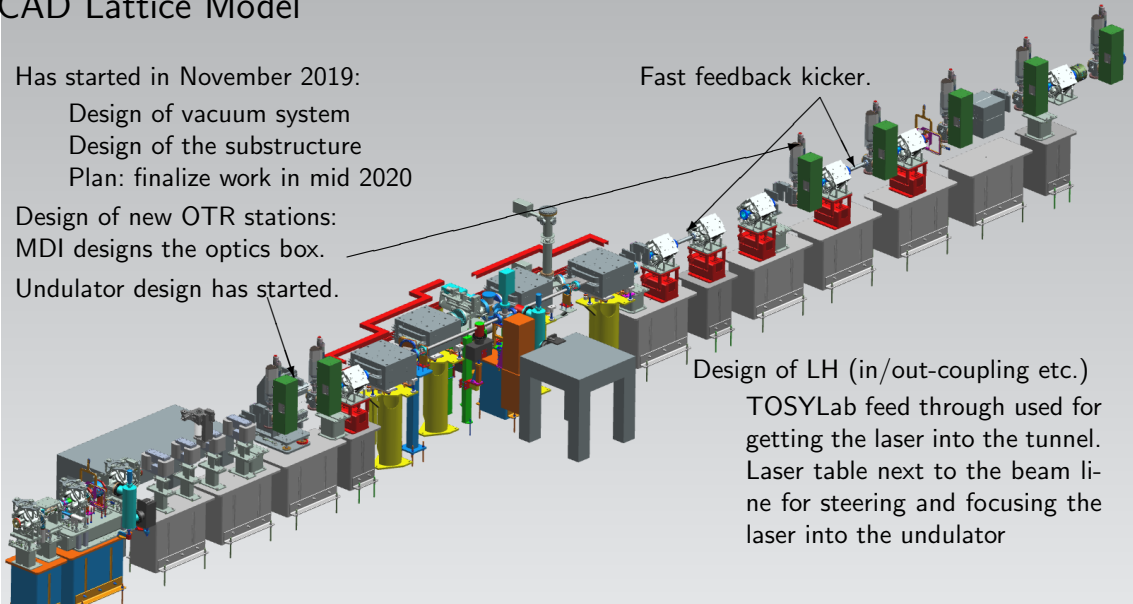
- MDI designs the optics box.

Undulator design has started.

Fast feedback kicker.

Design of LH (in/out-coupling etc.)

TOSYLab feed through used for getting the laser into the tunnel.
Laser table next to the beam line for steering and focusing the laser into the undulator



Matching in DBC2

The FODO channel is now single powered, because a matching optics and transport optics is needed.

For the FODO optics: Phase advance between the 5 screens:

OTR	1 $\rightarrow$ 2	2 $\rightarrow$ 3	3 $\rightarrow$ 4	4 $\rightarrow$ 5	1 $\rightarrow$ 5
plane	phase advance/ deg				
x:	23.5	50	23.5	50	147
y:	50	23.5	50	23.5	147

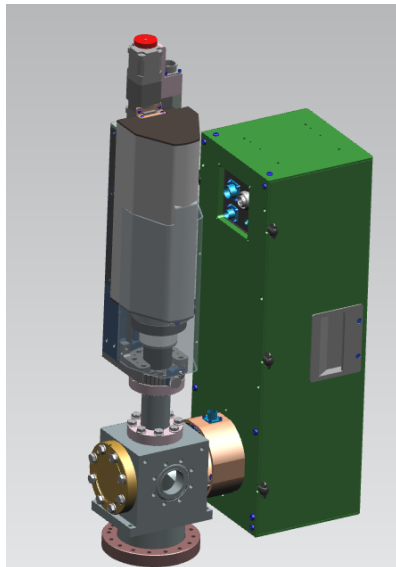
The OTR station will be a new design (similar to XFEL OTR-L).

No scintillator used to avoid charge saturation effects.

Beam size at screens: $\sim 50 \mu\text{m}$ (beta function $\sim 2 \text{ m}$)

OTR resolution: $< 10 \mu\text{m}$

The configuration allows also single and multi quadrupole scans.



BC3 Lattice changes

Shorten UBC3, remove OTR, add BAM.

Shorten BC3 from 14.5 m to 12 m.

Change from s- to c-chicane:

R56 then same for 5 deg (now 4.7 deg).

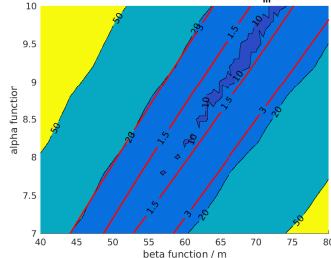
Quads and skew quads in the BC:

- Correction of transverse-longitudinal correlations.
- Deflecting angle is fixed and no straight passage possible.

Saved space in UBC3 and BC3 added to DBC3.

→ Building an electron optics diagnostic station at DBC3.

BC3, emittance growth in percent, $\text{emit}_{in} = 0.44 \text{ um}$

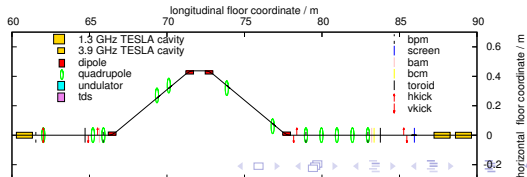
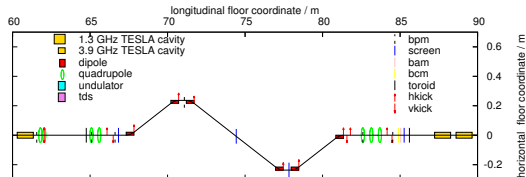


Twiss Parameters upstream of BC3

$$\beta_{In} = 65 \text{ m}, \alpha_{In} = 9$$

actual

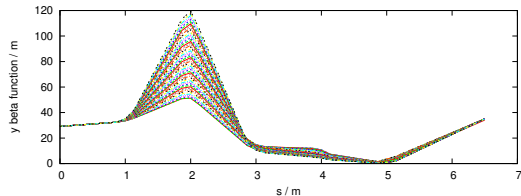
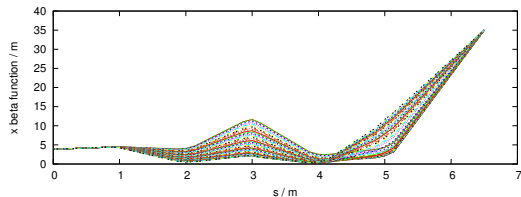
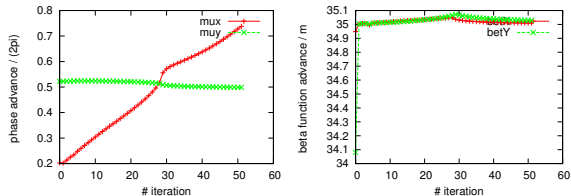
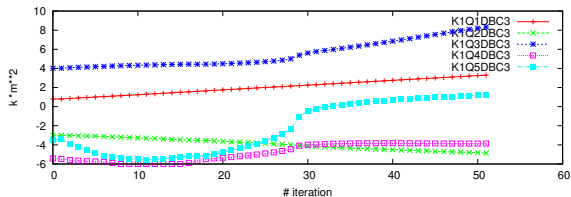
new



DBC3: Multi quadrupole scan

Design 1

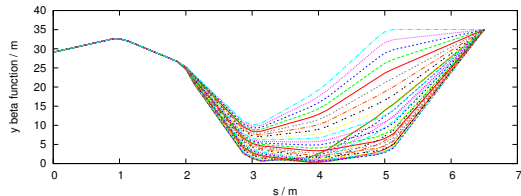
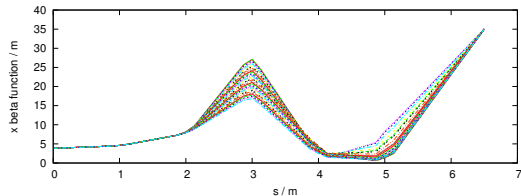
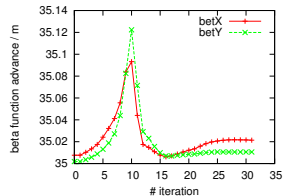
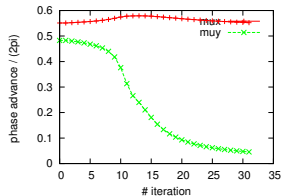
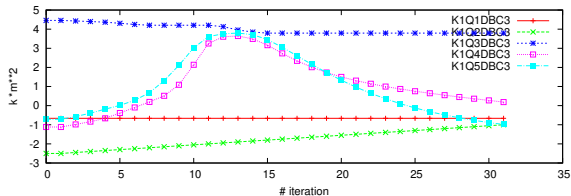
- Beta function on screen well above resolution limit
- Phase advance in horizontal plane 180 deg
- Quadrupole ramping smooth and few direction
- Phase advance in vertical plane 160 deg



DBC3: Multi quadrupole scan

Design 1

- Beta function on screen well above resolution limit
- Phase advance in horizontal plane 180 deg
- Quadrupole ramping smooth and few direction
- Phase advance in vertical plane 160 deg

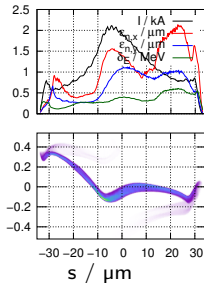
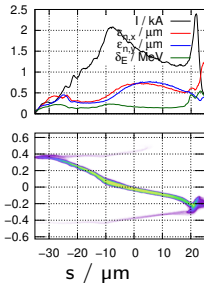
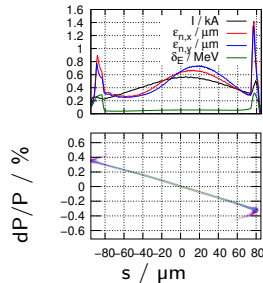


S2E for electrons

all FL1 seeding
250 pC

FL2 w/ 3rd BC

FL2 w/o 3rd BC



Charge Module	250 pC V / MV	ϕ / deg
ACC1	150.32	8.52
ACC39	18.724	175.2
ACC23	399.36	17.90
ACC45	400	0.0
ACC67	400	0.0

q/pC	I_p / A	$\epsilon_p / \mu\text{m}$	$\epsilon_s / \mu\text{m}$	E_s / eV	C_1	C_2	C_3	C_{tot}
500	2000	1.4	0.80	230	4	8	2.5	80
250	2000	1.1	0.60	230	4	9	3.5	250
100	2000	1.0	0.35	250	4.5	10	5.6	300
20	1500	0.9	0.35	270	10	10	6.0	300

Simulated with XTrack
including:

3D space charge
CSR

S2E for electrons

all for FLASH2: 500 pC

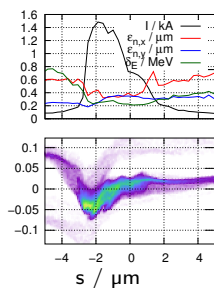
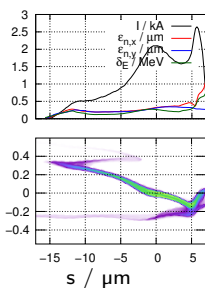
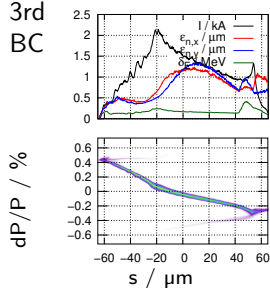
for FLASH2: 100 pC

for FLASH2: 20 pC

with

3rd

BC



Charge Module	500 pC V / MV	ϕ / deg
ACC1	160.16	3.60
ACC39	20.756	163.1
ACC23	428.96	19.22
ACC45	400	0.0
ACC67	400	0.0

q/pC	I_p /A	ε_p /μm	ε_s /μm	E_s /eV	C_1	C_2	C_3	C_{tot}
500	2000	1.4	0.80	230	4	8	2.5	80
250	2000	1.1	0.60	230	4	9	3.5	250
100	2000	1.0	0.35	250	4.5	10	5.6	300
20	1500	0.9	0.35	270	10	10	6.0	300

Simulated with XTrack
including:

3D space charge
CSR

S2E for electrons

all for FLASH2: 500 pC

for FLASH2: 100 pC

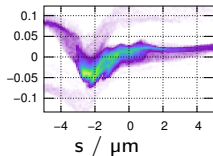
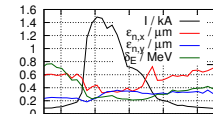
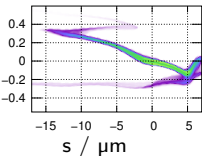
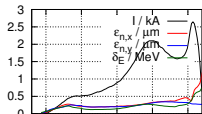
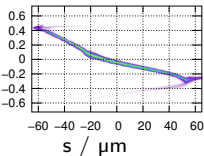
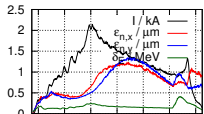
for FLASH2: 20 pC

with

3rd

BC

dP/P / %



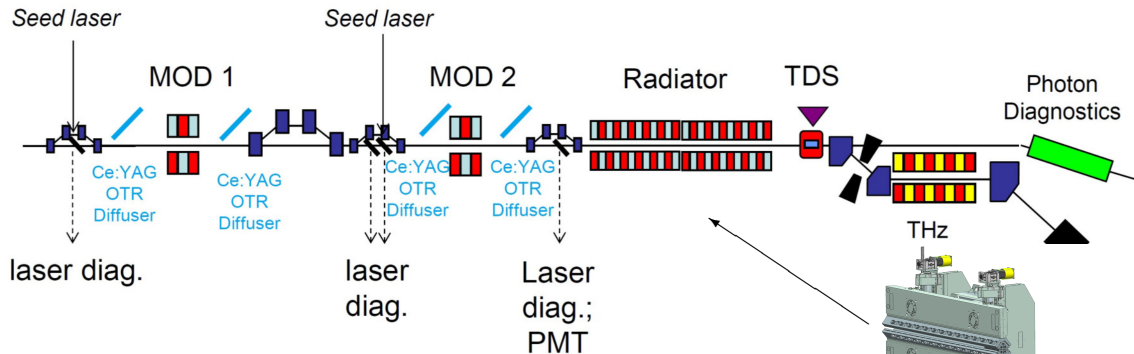
Charge Module	100 pC V / MV	ϕ / deg
ACC1	150.32	1.99
ACC39	19.616	157.8
ACC23	396.16	16.46
ACC45	400	0.0
ACC67	400	0.0

q/pC	I_p /A	ε_p /μm	ε_s /μm	E_s /eV	C_1	C_2	C_3	C_{tot}
500	2000	1.4	0.80	230	4	8	2.5	80
250	2000	1.1	0.60	230	4	9	3.5	250
100	2000	1.0	0.35	250	4.5	10	5.6	300
20	1500	0.9	0.35	270	10	10	6.0	300

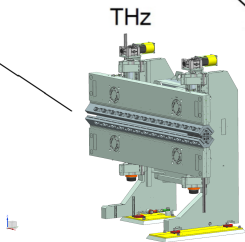
Simulated with XTrack
including:

3D space charge
CSR

FL1 scheme

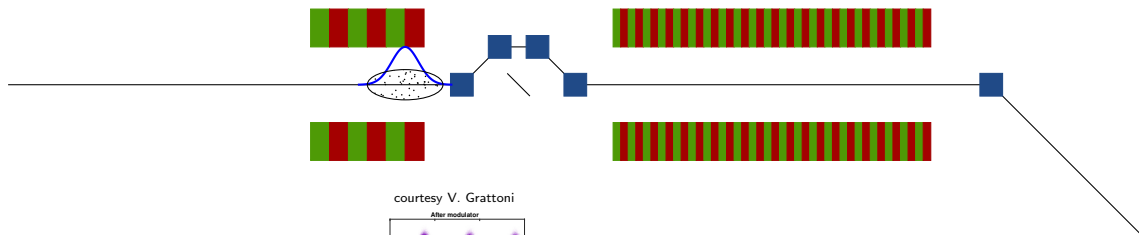


	FLASH1 (Seeded)	FLASH1 (SASE)	Unit
Wavelength range	4-60	4-60	nm
Pulse energy	<100	<1000	μJ
Pulse duration (FWHM)	30	5-200	fs
Spectral width	Fourier limited	0.5-2	%
# Pulses	10-5000	10-5000	s^{-1}

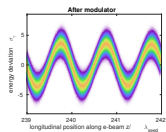


FL1 Schemes

HGHG

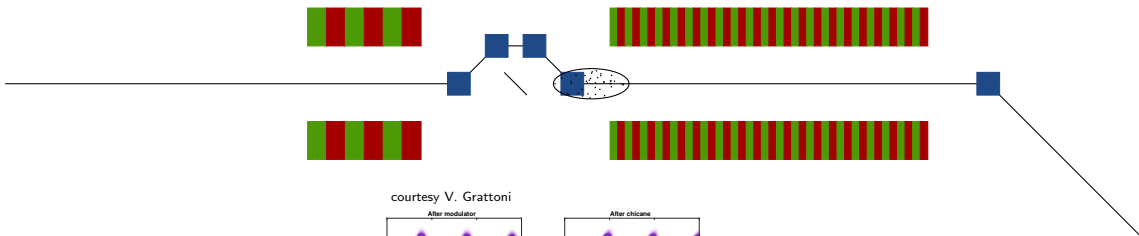


courtesy V. Grattoni

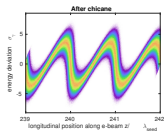
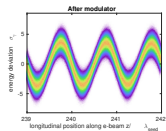


FL1 Schemes

HGHG

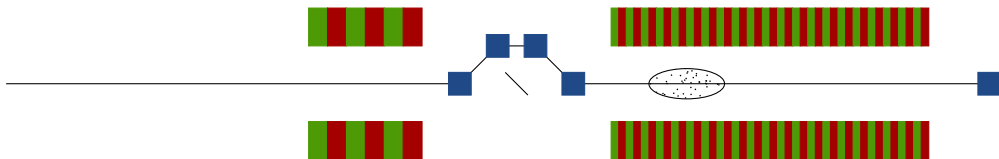


courtesy V. Grattoni

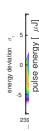
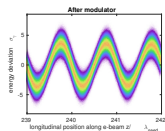


FL1 Schemes

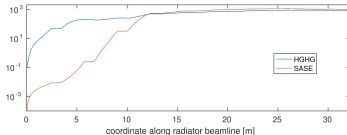
HGHG



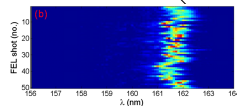
courtesy V. Grattoni



FLASH2020+ CDR

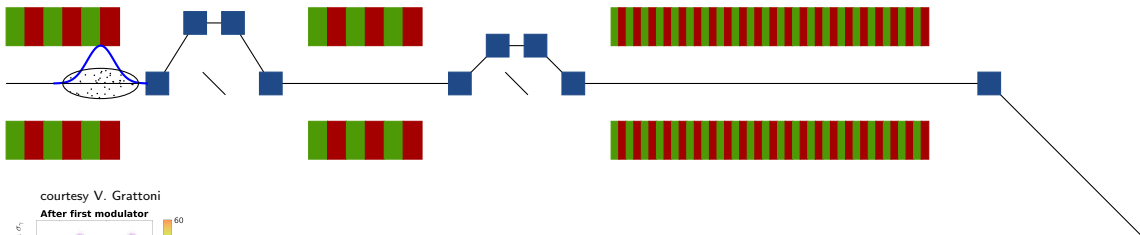


E. Hemsing, et al PRST-AB 17, 070702 (2014)



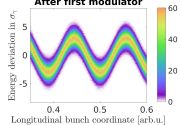
FL1 Schemes

EEHG



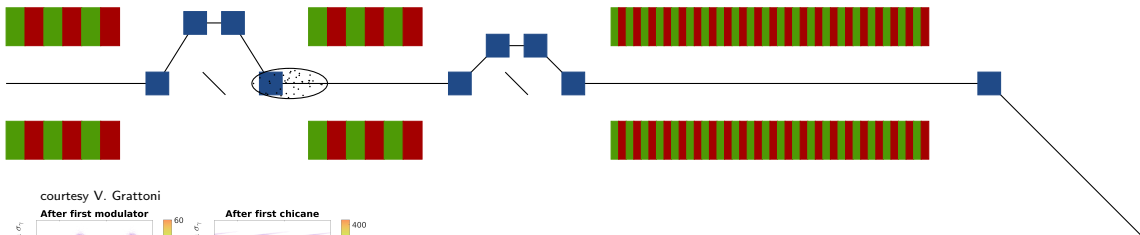
courtesy V. Grattoni

After first modulator



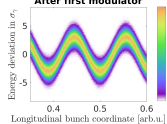
FL1 Schemes

EEHG

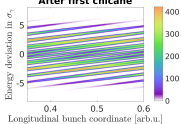


courtesy V. Grattoni

After first modulator

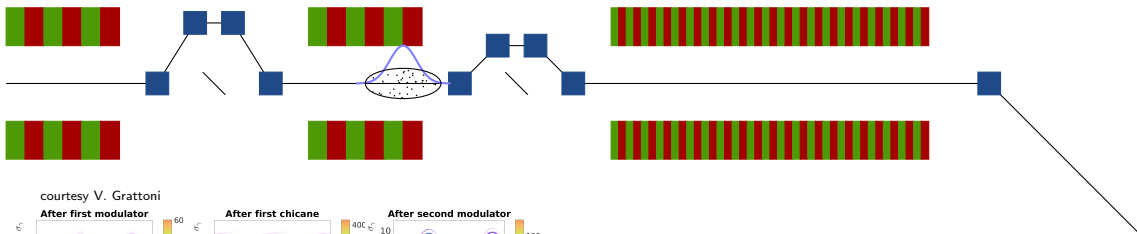


After first chicane

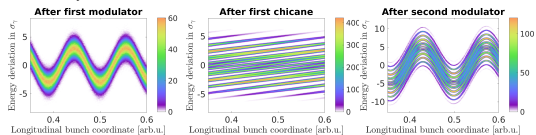


FL1 Schemes

EEHG

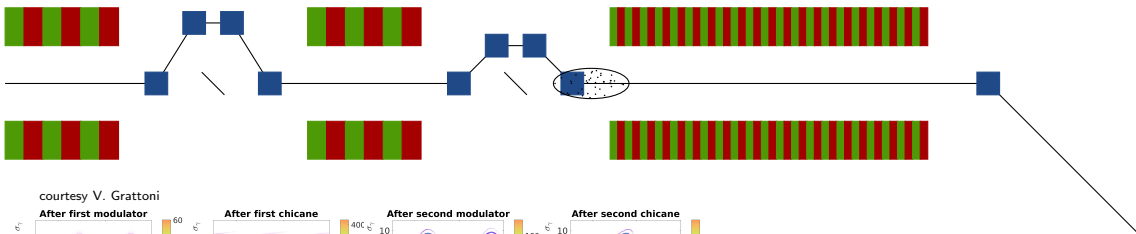


courtesy V. Grattoni

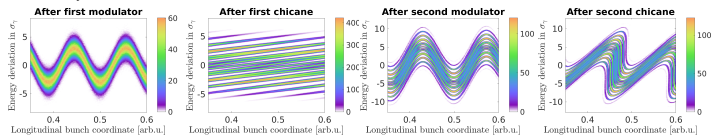


FL1 Schemes

EEHG

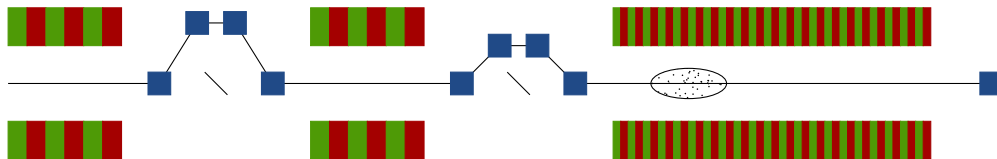


courtesy V. Grattoni



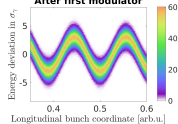
FL1 Schemes

EEHG

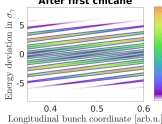


courtesy V. Grattoni

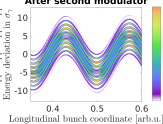
After first modulator



After first chicane



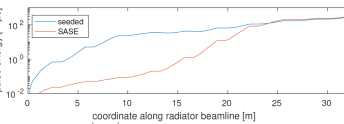
After second modulator



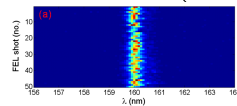
Long



FLASH2020+ CDR

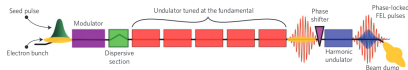
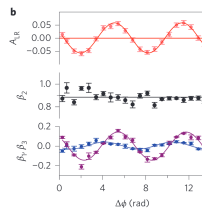
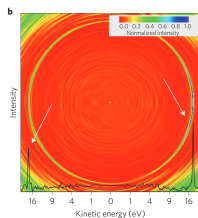


E. Hemsing, et al PRST-AB 17, 070702 (2014)

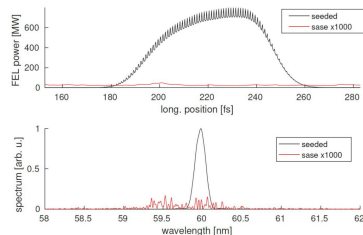


Benefits of the Schemes

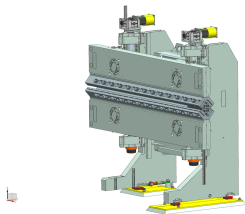
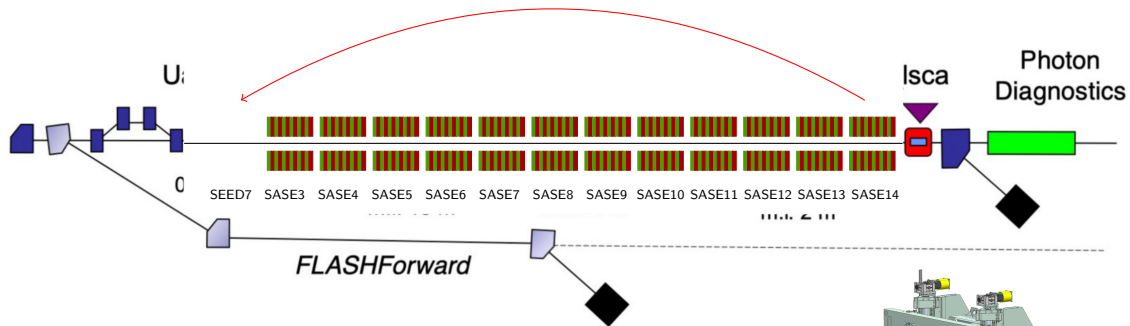
	SASE	HGHG	EEHG
Longitudinal coherence	o	+	++
Transversal coherence	+	+	+
Control of FEL-pulse phase	-	+	+
FEL peak power	+++	+	+
Wavelength range	++	o	+



Seeded-FEL vs. SASE-FEL for 60 nm

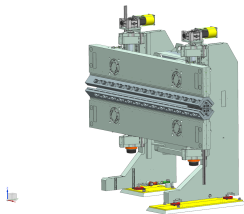
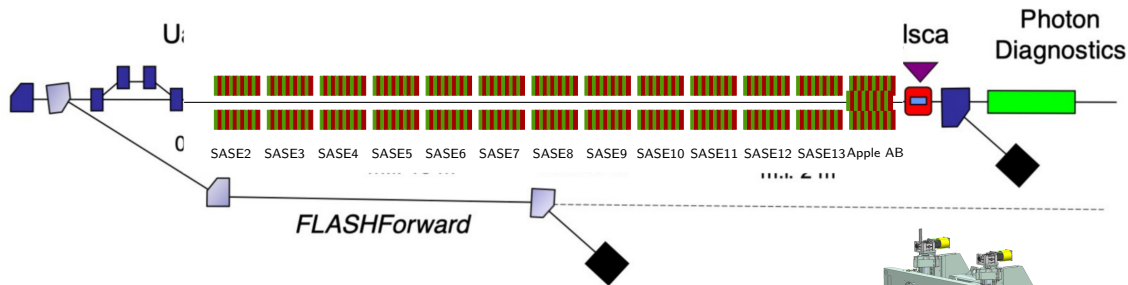


FL2 scheme



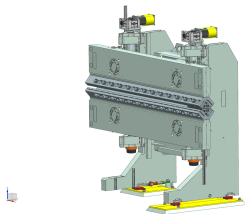
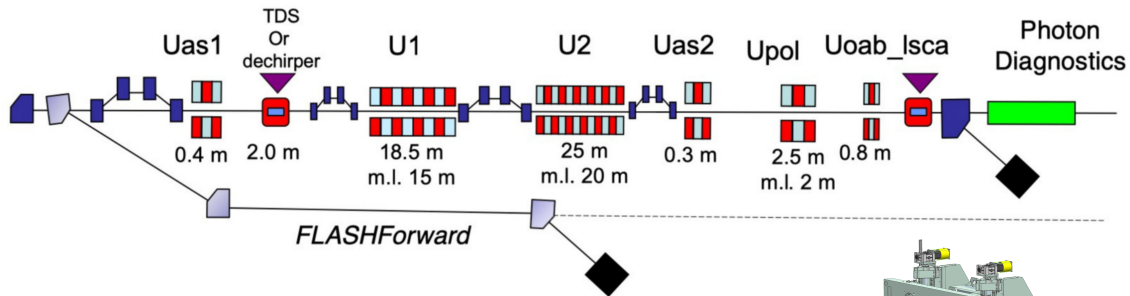
	FLASH2 (SASE)	Unit
Wavelength range	1.3-60	nm
Pulse energy	<1000	μJ
Pulse duration (FWHM)	0.1-200	fs
Spectral width	0.5-2	%
# Pulses	10-5000	s^{-1}

FL2 scheme



	FLASH2 (SASE)	Unit
Wavelength range	1.3-60	nm
Pulse energy	<1000	μJ
Pulse duration (FWHM)	0.1-200	fs
Spectral width	0.5-2	%
# Pulses	10-5000	s^{-1}

FL2 scheme



	FLASH2 (SASE)	Unit
Wavelength range	1.3-60	nm
Pulse energy	<1000	μJ
Pulse duration (FWHM)	0.1-200	fs
Spectral width	0.5-2	%
# Pulses	10-5000	s^{-1}

Schemes

Summary of CDR

lasing scheme	pulse energy / μJ	pulse duration / fs	wavelength / nm
SASE	< 1000	10 – 500	2.3 – 60.
harmonic lasing	< 1000	10 – 500	1.0 – 2.0
reverse taper with after burner	~ 10	10 – 500	1.2 – 2.3
frequency doubling	~ 1	10 – 500	1.2 – 2.3
two color lasing (1350 MeV)	~ 10	10 – 500	4.0 – 18.5 2.3 – 6.0
two color lasing (750 MeV)	~ 10	10 – 500	11. – 60.0 7.0 – 20.
optical after burner	~ 1	bunch duration	vis–NIR
longitudinal space charge amplifier	~ 0.1	possible < 1	VUV–X-ray
attosecond pulse generation	~ 0.1	> 0.2	> 3

A bunch of these values are estimates from experts!

Conclusion and Outlook

Injector:

- LH installation in BC2

- BC3 redesign to implement a diagnostic section

- Starting in 2021

FL1 FEL beam line:

- Conversion to a seeded FEL beam line.

- Generating more stable (in energy and spectrum) and phase locked FEL pulses.

- Starting in 2023.

FL2 FEL beam line:

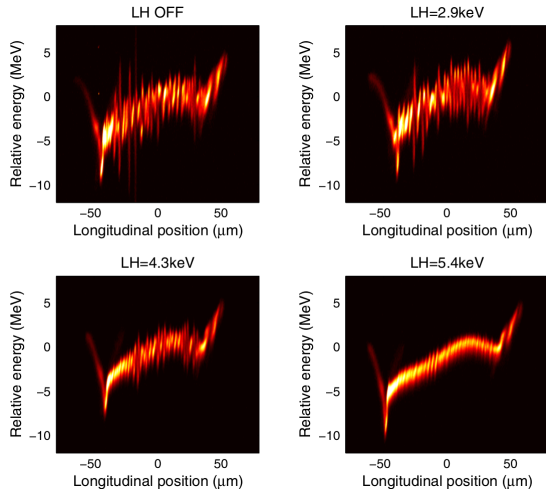
- Implementation of the after burner in 2021

- Undulator schemes more advanced to be able to generate ultra-short, two-color and high brightness pulses.

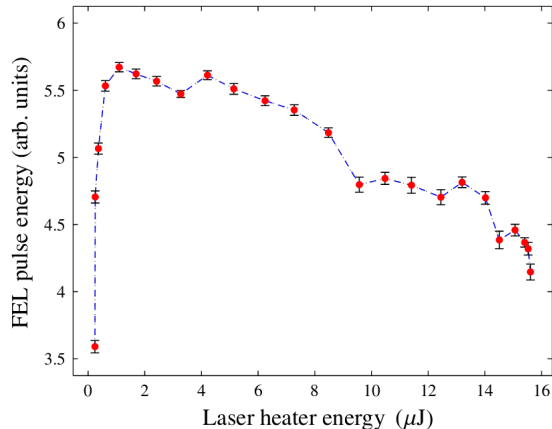
- Starting in 2023+x, $x < 10$.

Backup

LH-Backup



Z. Huang, et al., PRSTAB 13,020703 (2010)



Ratner, et al., PRSTAB 18,030704 (2015)