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# New jet tagging techniques at CMS

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on behalf of the CMS Collaboration

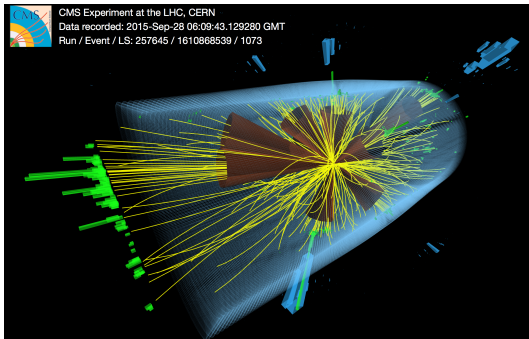
ICHEP 2020

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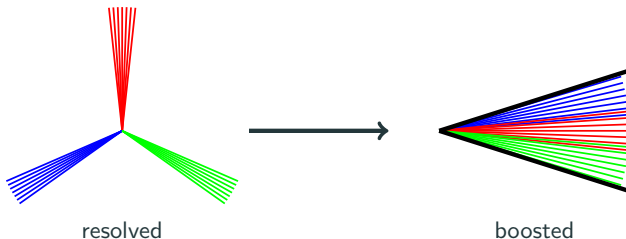
Bundesministerium  
für Bildung  
und Forschung



- Abundant jet production at the LHC with manifold origins:
  - Gluons
  - Light quark flavors
  - Boosted heavy objects (Top, W, Z, Higgs)
  - Pile up
- Many LHC analyses rely on efficient and stable identification

- Search for new heavy particles
- Decays into high- $p_T$  Top/W/Z/Higgs
- Boosted decays
- Reconstruction of hadronic decays in a single jet

Example: top quark

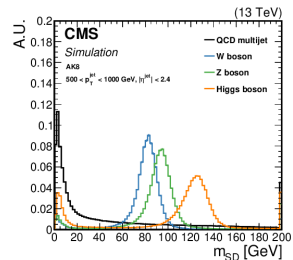
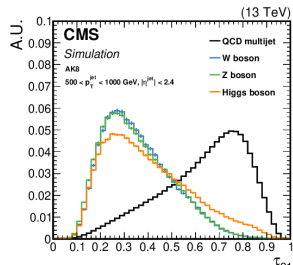


- Identification of jet origin using jet substructure

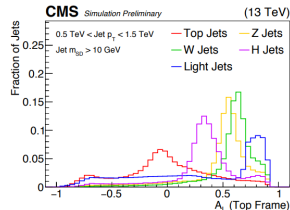
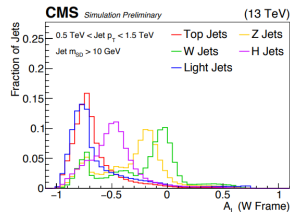
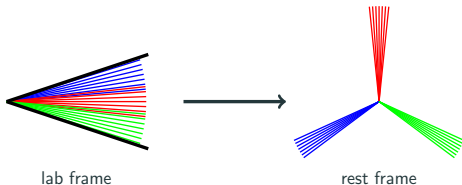
- N-prong structure of the jet  
→ Energy distribution functions  
(e.g N-subjettiness ratio  $\tau_{21}$  or  $\tau_{32}$ )

- Sensitivity to origin particle mass  
→ Jet mass  $m_{\text{jet}}$  or  $m_{\text{SD}}$

→ Can we do better?

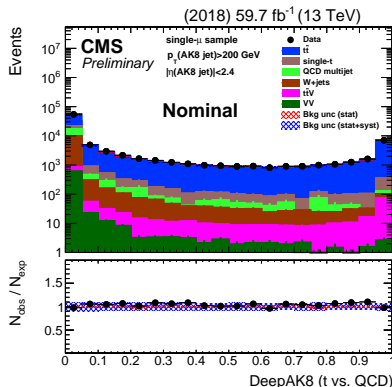
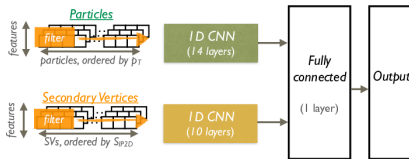


- Boost jet into rest frame assuming top/W/Z/H mass
- If boost is correct
  - Isotropic angular distribution
  - Momentum symmetry in rest frame
- Fully connected neural network with additional jet properties (N-subjettiness, mass, ...)



$$A_L = \frac{\sum_{\text{jet}} p_z^{\text{jet}}}{\sum_{\text{jet}} p^{\text{jet}}}$$

- Multi-class classifier
- Machine learning approach using particle candidates
- Properties of up to 100 jet constituents and 7 secondary vertices
- Two separate networks, later combined with fully connected layer

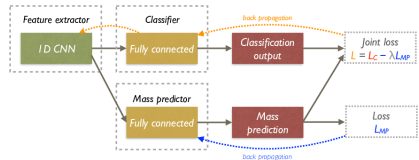
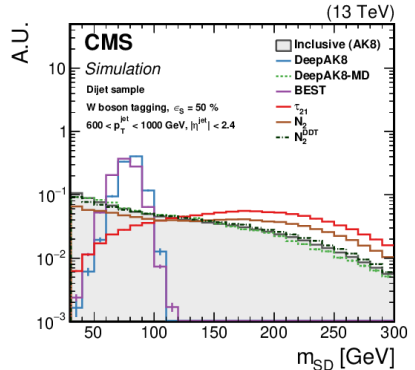


# Stability against $m_{\text{jet}}$

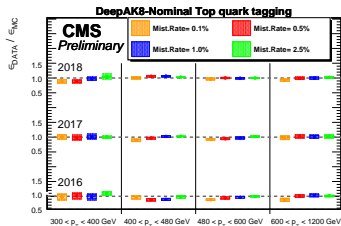
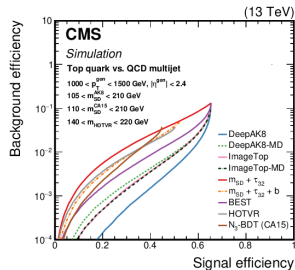
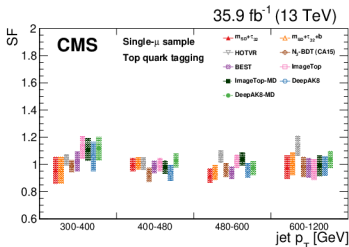
JINST 15 (2020) P06005



- DeepAK8 learns jet mass as feature
  - Sculpts  $m_{\text{jet}}$  distribution
  - Complicates background estimation
- De-correlation with mass predictor network
  - Penalty if outputs largely correlated with mass
- Efficiency stable against jet mass after de-correlation

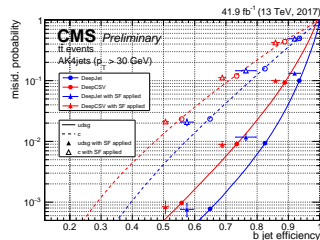
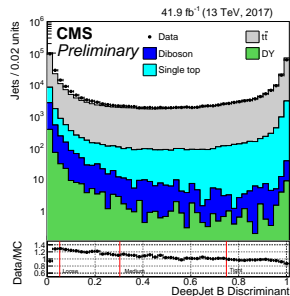
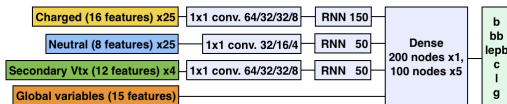


- Large machinery validates tagger performance in CMS
- Machine learning approaches already outperform classical taggers
- Correction factors are derived via tag and probe method





- Identification of small radius jets (AK4)
- Distinguish quark flavors and gluons
- Deep neural network approach
- Inputs: Charged, neutrals, secondary vertices, global jet variables

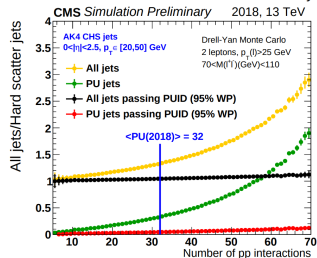
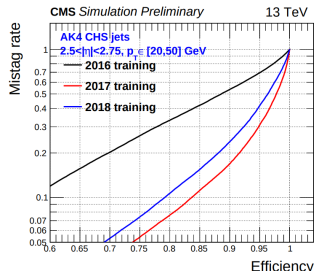


# Pile up mitigation

CMS DP-2020-020



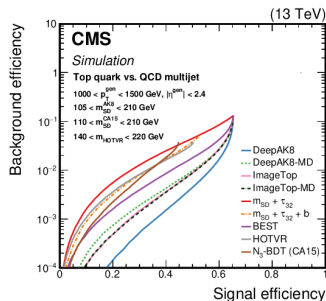
- Pile up jet identification (PU ID)
- Boosted decision tree
- Jet and event variables
- Huge improvement in  $2.5 < |\eta| < 2.75$  region with new pixel layer!



# Summary



- Jet identification crucial for LHC analyses
- Large machinery within CMS validates performance
- Categorization of jets profits from machine learning techniques and lots of new taggers are developed



And there is more:

- ImageTop [JINST 15 (2020) P06005]
- Particle Net [Phys. Rev. D 101, 056019 (2020), CMS DP-2020-002]
- ...